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ACCOUNTS AND PAPERS:

THIRTY-EIGHT VOLUMES.

—*(19.)*—

LAW (UNITED KINGDOM);
LAW (IRELAND); LAW (SCOTLAND).

CRIME (ENGLAND AND WALES); CRIME (IRELAND);
CRIME (SCOTLAND).

POLICE (ENGLAND AND WALES); POLICE (IRELAND);

PRISONS AND REFORMATORIES.

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RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 28 May 1867;—*for*,

RETURNS "of the Number of CAUSES Entered, the Number Tried, and the Amount of FEES Received in the HIGH COURT of ADMIRALTY in each Year since 1840, with a STATEMENT of any Alterations made during that period in the Scale of Fees:"

"And, of the Number of SUBORDINATE OFFICERS of every kind connected with the HIGH COURT of ADMIRALTY, and their SALARIES or EMOLUMENTS."

Admiralty Registry, Doctors Commons, 3 June 1867.

H. C. ROTHERY, Registrar.

No. 1.

RETURN of the Number of CAUSES Entered in the HIGH COURT of ADMIRALTY in each Year from 1841 to 1866, both inclusive.

——	Salvage.	Damage.	Other Causes.	TOTAL.	——	Salvage.	Damage.	Other Causes.	TOTAL.
1841 -	108	49	71	228	1854 -	109	150	104	363
1842 -	64	44	114	222	1855 -	113	137	140	390
1843 -	99	49	123	271	1856 -	92	158	139	389
1844 -	71	49	68	188	1857 -	88	192	176	456
1845 -	105	61	84	250	1858 -	122	171	227	520
1846 -	75	83	76	234	1859 -	137	182	217	536
1847 -	84	62	99	245	1860 -	145	230	187	562
1848 -	75	83	104	262	1861 -	134	194	171	499
1849 -	100	82	77	259	1862 -	112	193	180	485
1850 -	113	82	138	333	1863 -	77	199	209	485
1851 -	85	88	133	306	1864 -	77	219	198	494
1852 -	141	134	106	381	1865 -	81	210	210	501
1853 -	127	143	108	378	1866 -	139	264	254	657

No. 2.

RETURN of the Number of FINAL DECREES given in the HIGH COURT of ADMIRALTY of *England* in each Year from 1841 to 1866, both inclusive.

1841 - - - - 82	1850 - - - - 134	1859 - - - - 213
1842 - - - - 89	1851 - - - - 109	1860 - - - - 172
1843 - - - - 81	1852 - - - - 95	1861 - - - - 199
1844 - - - - 65	1853 - - - - 132	1862 - - - - 171
1845 - - - - 81	1854 - - - - 133	1863 - - - - 193
1846 - - - - 79	1855 - - - - 145	1864 - - - - 145
1847 - - - - 71	1856 - - - - 144	1865 - - - - 158
1848 - - - - 91	1857 - - - - 184	1866 - - - - 216
1849 - - - - 99	1858 - - - - 198	

No. 3.

RETURN of the FEES received in the HIGH COURT of ADMIRALTY in each Year from 1841 to 1866, both inclusive.

	£.	s.	d.		£.	s.	d.
For the year ending 5 Jan. 1842	2,447	7	3	For the year ending 31 Dec. 1854	4,683	5	3
Ditto - ditto - 1843	2,799	9	9	Ditto - ditto - 1855	7,322	4	8
Ditto - ditto - 1844	2,876	15	7	Ditto - ditto - 1856	5,718	18	–
Ditto - ditto - 1845	2,432	18	–	Ditto - ditto - 1857	5,106	1	–
Ditto - ditto - 1846	2,214	15	7	Ditto - ditto - 1858	6,047	13	10
Ditto - ditto - 1847	2,052	2	8	Ditto - ditto - 1859	6,184	11	10
Ditto - ditto - 1848	1,864	4	5	Ditto - ditto - 1860	8,530	3	–
Ditto - ditto - 1849	2,264	9	–	Ditto - ditto - 1861	10,008	16	2
For the year ending 31 Dec. 1849	2,584	4	3	Ditto - ditto - 1862	9,993	3	3
Ditto - ditto - 1850	2,989	2	–	Ditto - ditto - 1863	9,131	4	9
Ditto - ditto - 1851	2,769	12	5	Ditto - ditto - 1864	8,597	5	7
Ditto - ditto - 1852	2,532	16	–	Ditto - ditto - 1865	9,603	2	1
Ditto - ditto - 1853	2,891	4	3	Ditto - ditto - 1866	11,077	5	–

No. 4.

RETURN of the Number of SUBORDINATE OFFICERS of every kind connected with the HIGH COURT of ADMIRALTY, and their SALARIES or EMOLUMENTS at the present time.

REGISTRAR'S OFFICE.	£.	s.	d.
1 Registrar - - - -	1,600	–	–
1 Assistant Registrar - -	1,200	–	–
1 Chief Clerk - - - -	700	–	–
3 First Class Clerks - -	1,390	–	–
5 Second Class Clerks - -	1,385	–	–
8 Third Class Clerks - -	970	–	–
1 Messenger and Office Keeper	100	–	–
2 Messengers at 80 *l.* - -	160	–	–
1 Messenger - - - -	60	–	–

MARSHAL'S OFFICE.	£.	s.	d.
1 Marshal - - - -	700	–	–
1 Clerk - - - - -	270	–	–
2 other Clerks - - -	310	–	–
1 Superintendent of Shipkeepers	145	–	–
1 Shipkeeper - - - -	60	–	–
1 Messenger - - - -	60	–	–
1 Judge's Secretary - -	300	–	–
1 Usher of the Court - -	150	–	–
TOTAL - - - £.	9,560	–	–

THE preceding RETURNS, which have been prepared in accordance with an Order of the House of Commons, of the 28th of May 1867, show :—

No. 1. The Number of Causes entered or instituted in the High Court of Admiralty of England in each year from 1841 to 1866, both years inclusive, distinguishing Damage, Salvage, and other Causes.

No. 2. The Number of Final Decrees or Causes tried during the same period.

No. 3. The Amount of Fees received during the same Period—and,

No. 4, Contains a Statement of the Number of Subordinate Officers at present connected with the Court, and their respective Salaries or Emoluments.

During the period to which the first three Returns relate, from 1840 to the present time, there have on two occasions been important alterations made in the Tables of Fees, namely, on the 1st of January 1855, and the 1st of January 1860. The history of these alterations is as follows :—

In the year 1840 an Act was passed, 3 & 4 Vict. c. 66, which provided that the Judge and other officers of the Court who had been previously paid by fees, should, in lieu thereof, receive fixed salaries, and that the fees should be carried to a General Fee Fund. No alteration was at the time made in the scale of the fees, but the fees formerly payable to the Judge, Registrar, and other officers of the Court, continued to be paid as before, but instead of being received by the respective officers on their own account, they were carried to a common fund, called the Fee Fund of the High Court of Admiralty. A list of those fees will be found in Annex (A.) hereto.

These fees, however, were of so varied and intricate a character, that they gave rise to frequent disputes between this office and the practitioners, causing much trouble and inconvenience. And, accordingly, towards the end of 1854, an entirely new scale of fees was, with the sanction of the learned Judge, prepared, and in the letter submitting them to the Treasury for approval, I ventured to make the following remarks:—"In preparing this table, I have endeavoured so to arrange the fees as neither to increase nor diminish materially their aggregate amount; so that, on the one hand, no additional burden should be imposed upon the suitors, and that, on the other hand, the Fee Fund of the Admiralty Court might not be injuriously affected. From a comparison which I have made in a great

great variety of cases, I am induced to think that the scale which I propose will, on an average, be somewhat to the advantage of the suitors. The loss, however, to the Fee Fund will be more than compensated by the diminished expense of keeping the accounts, and by the more prompt payment of the fees in the event of their being paid by stamps instead of money. The object, however, which I have chiefly had in view in the preparation of this scale, has been to render the fees as simple and uniform in amount as possible."

This scale of fees having been approved by the Treasury, was confirmed by the Order in Council of the 11th of December 1854, and came into operation on the 1st of January 1855. Annex (B.) hereto, contains a list of these fees, and I think it will be found on a comparison of the two scales that the observations which I then ventured to submit, are well founded.

This scale remained in force from that time to the end of 1859, when an Order in Council was passed establishing a totally new system of procedure, and with it a new scale of fees. Annex (C.) hereto, contains the new scale of fees. They took effect from the 1st of January 1860, and have remained in force ever since. It is no doubt difficult to compare the Tables of Fees in Annex (B.) and (C.), the two systems of procedure to which they respectively refer being so entirely different; but after a careful examination I am disposed to think that the Table of Fees which is in force at the present time is on the whole more favourable to the suitor than the preceding one.

Before I conclude these observations, it may be well to call attention to some circumstances which may be useful in analysing these Returns.

First, then, it should be observed that the jurisdiction of the Court of Admiralty in regard to salvage cases was restricted in 1854 by the 17 & 18 Vict. c. 104, s. 460 *et seq.*, and more especially in 1862 by the 25 & 26 Vict. c. 63, s. 49. The result is shown in Return No. 1, by the decrease in the numbers of the salvage causes instituted in 1856 and 1857, and again in 1863, 1864, and 1865. On the other hand, the jurisdiction of the Court was extended by giving it cognizance of other causes, in 1854 by the 17 & 18 Vict. c. 104, s. 191, and more particularly in 1861 by the 24 Vict. c. 10, s. 41–3. The result appears in the same Return under the head of "Other Causes," which have increased from 104 in 1854 to no less than 254 in 1866.

Secondly, it should be remarked that the Court of Admiralty, besides its instance or civil jurisdiction which it exercises at all times, has jurisdiction in time of war in prize causes. Returns Nos. 1 and 2 contain only a statement of the instance or civil causes, and do not include any prize causes; Return No. 3, however, includes the fees received as well for instance as for prize business, it being almost impossible, especially after the fees came to be paid in stamps in lieu of money, to ascertain what portion of the fees belonged to prize, what to instance, causes. During the period over which these Returns extend, the only war in which prizes were captured by our fleet was the Russian War, which commenced on the 29th of March 1854, and terminated on the 30th of March 1856. This will explain the sudden increase in the amount of the fees as shown by Return No. 3, in the years 1854, 1855, and 1856, and which, no doubt, was in great part due to the Russian War business.

Another circumstance, which appears to have materially affected the business of the Court, was the civil war in the United States of America, which commenced with the bombardment of Fort Sumter on the 12th April 1861, and may be said to have terminated with the capture of President Davis on the 10th May 1865. During this war the American commerce was in a very depressed state, and hence it will be seen from Return No. 1, that the numbers of causes, which had been rapidly increasing for several years up to 1860, in the following year fell off very considerably, and remained almost stationary from that time until the year 1865, when the war terminated.

One other fact remains to be noted. On reference to Return No. 3, it will be seen that the fees, which in the year 1861 had amounted to about 10,000 *l.*, fell off in the three succeeding years very considerably, although the number of causes instituted in each of those years was very nearly the same. The following is probably the explanation of this circumstance. Formerly and previous to the Rules of 1860 coming into force, the general and indeed almost invariable practice in the Court of Admiralty was for causes to be heard either upon affidavits or upon written depositions, and large fees were payable as well on filing the original documents as on the copies required by the practitioners. One of the main objects, however, of the Rules of 1860 was to encourage the practice of hearing the causes on *vivâ voce* evidence in open Court, and the result has been that now causes are very seldom heard in any other way. This necessarily entailed a loss of the fees which were chargeable on the written documents; but this deficiency has been now more than made up by the great increase in the business. Even, however, had this not been so, the great advantages of *vivâ voce* over written evidence would go far to compensate for the loss of any amount of fees.

H. C. Rothery,
Registrar.

3 June 1867.

ANNEX (A.)

TABLE of FEES chargeable in the HIGH COURT of ADMIRALTY of *England*, from 1841 to 1854, both Years inclusive.

In Respect of what Business Payable.	Judge.	Registrar.	Marshal.	Seal Keeper.	Cryer.	TOTAL.
ARRESTS IN TOWN.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Entering action addressed to the Marshal	- -	- 2 6	- -	- -	- -	- 2 6
Warrant for arrest (except by decree of the Court), addressed to the Marshal, and small seal thereto.	- 3 2	- 1 -	- -	- - 6	- -	- 4 8
Ditto by decree of Court, and small seal thereto.	- 3 2	- 6 10	- -	- - 6	- -	- 10 6
Subducting action, if warrant under small seal	- 1 8	- 5 -	- -	- -	- -	- 6 8
Arresting a vessel, goods, or person, on the River Thames, or elsewhere, between London Bridge and Blackwall.	- -	- -	1 1 -	- -	- -	1 1 -
If at, or below, Blackwall	- -	- -	2 2 -	- -	- -	2 2 -
If at any of the outports, besides travelling expenses.	- -	- -	2 2 -	- -	- -	2 2 -
* Possession of a vessel, or of a vessel and goods for a day and night.	- -	- -	- 3 -	—	—	- 3 -
Arresting proceeds or freight money in the registry.	- -	- -	- 11 -	- -	- -	- 11 -
Arresting proceeds or freight money not in the registry.	- -	- -	- 13 4	- -	- -	- 13 4
ARRESTS IN THE COUNTRY.						
Entering action addressed to all and singular	- -	- 3 4	- -	- -	- -	- 3 4
Warrant to all and singular (except by decree of the Court), and great seal thereto.	- 6 8	- 1 -	- -	- 1 -	- -	- 8 8
Ditto by decree of the Court, and great seal thereto.	- 6 8	- 6 10	- -	- 1 -	- -	- 14 6
Subducting action if warrant under great seal	- 2 8	- 6 -	- -	- -	- -	- 8 8
BAIL.						
Inquiring and certifying the sufficiency of persons proposed as sureties in any suit.	- -	- -	- 8 -	- -	- -	- 8 -
Drawing and engrossing bail bond taken without commission.	- 1 -	- 3 6	- -	- -	- -	- 4 6
Ditto by commission	- -	- 3 6	- -	- -	- -	- 3 6
Drawing and engrossing affidavit of justification of bail to be annexed to commission for bail.	- -	- 3 4	- -	- -	- -	- 3 4
RELEASE FROM ARREST IN TOWN.						
Release of a ship in London, or other release, where the arrest has been by warrant under small seal.	- 1 4	- 1 8	- 5 -	- -	- -	- 8 -
Release in a cause of contempt, warrant under small seal.	- 2 4	- 4 2	- 5 -	- -	- -	- 11 6
Supersedeas, and great seal thereto	- 6 8	- 11 8	- -	- 1 -	- -	- 19 4
COMMISSIONS.						
Commissions to take answers, to take claim and affidavit for examination of witnesses, to take affidavits of removal of unlivery or delivery, of appraisement, of sale, of inspection, for bail, and every other commission not otherwise specified.	- 6 8	- 12 6	- -	- 1 -	- -	1 - 2
Commission of appraisement and delivery, and seal thereto.	- 13 4	1 3 4	- -	- 3 4	- -	2 - -
Commission of appraisement and sale, and seal thereto.	- 13 4	1 3 4	- -	- 2 -	- -	1 18 8
Standing commission for any other purpose	- 13 4	- 12 6	- -	- 1 -	- -	1 6 10

* Ordinarily the Marshal does not put an officer in charge; but, whenever he does so, he is in the habit of charging whatever he pays, in addition to the fee of 3 *s.* per day.

ANNEX (A.)—Table of Fees chargeable in the High Court of Admiralty of *England*, from 1841 to 1854—*continued*.

In Respect of what Business Payable.	Judge.	Registrar.	Marshal.	Seal Keeper.	Cryer.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
DECREES.						
Decree of unlivery	– 2 –	– 11 8	– –	– – 4	– –	– 14 –
Executing the same	– –	– –	1 6 8	– –	– –	1 6 8
Attending unlivery of cargo per day, including 1*l.* 1*s.* per day to the broker.	– –	– –	3 3 –	– –	– –	3 3 –
Decree of appraisement of sale, and every other decree for which no other fee is mentioned, including the small seal thereto.	– 2 –	– 11 8	– –	– – 4	– –	– 14 –
Executing the same	– –	– –	1 6 8	– –	– –	1 6 8
Decree of appraisement and sale, and small seal thereto.	– 4 –	1 3 4	– –	– – 8	– –	1 8 –
Executing the same	– –	– –	2 13 4	– –	– –	2 13 4
Decree of appraisement and unlivery	– 4 –	1 3 4	– –	– – 8	– –	1 8 –
Executing the same	– –	– –	2 13 4	– –	– –	2 13 4
Attending, appointing, and swearing the appraiser.	– –	– –	2 2 –	– –	– –	2 2 –
Selling a ship or goods by auction, for each 100*l.* of gross proceeds.	– –	– –	1 – –	– –	– –	1 – –
Attending and delivering a ship and stores to the purchasers, agreeably to the inventory.	– –	– –	1 – –	– –	– –	1 – –
Decree for answers, and small seal thereto	– 2 –	– 5 1	– –	– – 4	– –	– 7 5
Executing a decree for answers on a practitioner of the Court.	– –	– –	– 5 –	– –	– –	– 5 –
Ditto on any other person than a practitioner in London and Westminster.	– –	– –	– 13 4	– –	– –	– 13 4
Ditto out of London or Westminster, but within five miles of Doctors' Commons, including expenses.	– –	– –	1 1 –	– –	– –	1 1 –
Beyond five miles, exclusive of expenses, per day.	– –	– –	2 2 –	– –	– –	2 2 –
Decree for answers, and great seal thereto	– 2 –	– 5 1	– –	– 1 –	– –	– 8 1
MONITIONS.						
Monition (first) against droits and perquisites of Admiralty, and small seal thereto.	– 2 –	– 18 7	– –	– – 4	– –	1 – 11
Ditto - ditto, and great seal thereto	– 2 –	– 18 7	– –	– 1 –	– –	1 1 7
Ditto - (second) against droits and perquisites of Admiralty, and small seal thereto.	– 2 –	2 2 1	– –	– – 4	– –	2 4 5
Ditto - ditto, and great seal thereto	– 2 –	2 2 1	– –	– 1 –	– –	2 5 1
Monition (perishable), and small seal thereto	– 2 –	– 5 1	– –	– – 4	– –	– 7 5
Monition for sort, principal and expenses, against parties to appear and show cause respecting the payment of costs, or the bringing in of money, to transmit omissa or monition to any other effect not before specified, and small seal thereto.	– 2 –	– 13 5	– –	– – 4	– –	– 15 9
Ditto, and great seal thereto	– 2 –	– 13 5	– –	– 1 –	– –	– 16 5
Monition by ways and means, the same fee as above, and small seal thereto.	– 2 –	– 13 5	– –	– – 4	– –	– 15 9
Ditto, and great seal thereto	– 2 –	– 13 5	– –	– 1 –	– –	– 16 5
Special monitions, exceeding eight folios (of 90 words each), an additional fee of 8*d.* a folio to the registrar.						
Executing monition on a practitioner of the Court.	– –	– –	– 5 –	– –	– –	– 5 –
Ditto on the Royal Exchange, inclusive of a fee to the Royal Exchange authorities.	– –	– –	1 7 8	– –	– –	1 7 8
Ditto on any other person than a practitioner, in London and Westminster.	– –	– –	– 13 4	– –	– –	– 13 4
Ditto out of London or Westminster, but within five miles of Doctors' Commons, including expenses.	– –	– –	1 1 –	– –	– –	1 1 –
Beyond five miles, according to distance.						
COMPULSORIES AND ATTACHMENTS.						
Compulsory or subpœna against a witness, and small seal thereto.	– 2 –	– 5 1	– –	– – 4	– –	– 7 5
Executing compulsory or citation on a practitioner of the Court.	– –	– –	– 5 –	– –	– –	– 5 –
Ditto on the Royal Exchange, including a fee of 1*l.* 1*s.* to the Royal Exchange authorities.	– –	– –	1 7 8	– –	– –	1 7 8

ANNEX (A.)—Table of Fees chargeable in the High Court of Admiralty of *England* from 1841 to 1854—*continued.*

In Respect of what Business Payable.	Judge.	Registrar.	Marshal.	Seal Keeper.	Cryer.	TOTAL.
Compulsories and Attachments—*continued.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Executing compulsory or citation on any other person than a practitioner in London or Westminster.	- -	- -	- 13 4	- -	- -	- 13 4
Executing compulsory or citation out of London or Westminster, but within five miles of Doctors' Commons, including expenses.	- -	- -	1 1 -	- -	- -	1 1 -
Beyond five miles, exclusive of expenses, per day	- -	- -	2 2 -	- -	- -	2 2 -
Compulsory or subpœna, and great seal thereto	- 2 -	- 5 1	- -	- 1 -	- -	- 8 1
Attachments (or according to length and specialty), and small seal thereto.	- 2 -	- 13 8	- -	- - 4	- -	- 16 -
Ditto - ditto, and great seal thereto - -	- 6 8	- 13 8	- -	- 1 -	- -	1 1 4
Taking a person in execution after sentence 1*s.* in the £. on the first 100*l.*, and 6*d.* in the £. afterwards.						
DUPLICATES OF INSTRUMENTS.						
Duplicate of commission, or decree of appraisement and sale, no fee to the judge, same fees as for original to the registrar, and to seal keeper 5*s.*						
Every other duplicate ditto ditto, and seal keeper 5*s.*						
ACTS OF COURT AND DEFAULTS, &c.						
Every act of Court on a regular session in term.	- -	- - 8	- -	- -	- -	- - 8
Every act of Court not on a regular session -	- -	- 1 -	- -	- -	- -	- 1 -
Every default granted on a regular session exclusive of 8*d.* for the act.	- -	- 2 8	- 4 4	- -	- -	- 7 -
Every default granted on a bye day or default day exclusive of 1*s.* for the act.	- 6 8	- 7 8	- 4 4	- -	- -	- 18 8
Primum decretum porrected and signed by the judge.	- 6 8	- 9 -	- 4 4	- -	- -	1 - -
Interlocutory or sentence if on a regular Court day.	1 - -	- 7 8	- 8 8	- -	- 2 -	1 18 4
Ditto, if not on a regular Court day - -	1 - -	- 7 8	- 15 4	- -	- 7 -	2 10 -
Every act of guardianship - - - - -	- -	- 2 -	- -	- -	- -	- 2 -
FILING PAPERS.						
Filing an attestation, each deponent or protest of master or mariners, each person protesting or attesting protest.	- -	- 2 8	- -	- -	- -	- 2 8
Filing every exhibit - - - - - -	- -	- 1 -	- -	- -	- -	- 1 -
Filing a libel, allegation, summary petition, petition in act of court, or protest against the jurisdiction, claim, proxy or navy agents' account.	- -	- 4 -	- -	- -	- -	- 4 -
Filing answers not taken by commission, for the first sheet of 12 folios.	- 1 -	- 6 6	- -	- -	- -	- 7 6
For each sheet of 12 folios after the first -	- -	- 2 6	- -	- -	- -	- 2 6
OFFICE COPIES OF PAPERS.						
Office copy of sentence or interlocutory decree of allegation *apud acta* or act of Court, of report on reference to the registrar and merchants of schedule annexed thereto.	- -	- 9 -	- -	- -	- -	- 9 -
Office copy of any attestation of pleadings, of English papers, of appraisement, of warrant, of monition, or other instrument not elsewhere mentioned, if made for a party in the cause, per sheet of 12 folios.	- -	- 7 6	- -	- -	- -	- 7 6
If made for any other person, for the first sheet of 12 folios.	- -	- 9 -	- -	- -	- -	- 9 -
For every other sheet of 12 folios - - -	- -	- 8 -	- -	- -	- -	- 8 -
Office copy of depositions taken without commission, for each sheet of 12 folios.	- -	- 1 -	- -	- -	- -	- 1 -
Office copy of depositions taken by commission, for the first sheet of 12 folios.	- -	- 4 6	- -	- -	- -	- 4 6

ANNEX (A.)—Table of Fees chargeable in the High Court of Admiralty of *England* from 1841 to 1854—*continued.*

In Respect of what Business Payable.	Judge.	Registrar.	Marshal.	Seal Keeper.	Cryer.	TOTAL.
Office Copies of Papers—*continued.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
For every other sheet of 12 folios - - -	- -	- 3 6	- -	- -	- -	- 3 6
Office copy of answers for the first sheet of 12 folios.	- -	- 6 6	- -	- -	- -	- 6 6
For every other sheet of 12 folios after the first	- -	- 2 6	- -	- -	- -	- 2 6
Office copy of translation made in the registry of ships' papers and other documents from the French, Dutch, or Spanish languages, to the party ordering the translation, exclusive of what is paid for stamps per folio.	- -	- 2 -½	- -	- -	- -	- 2 -½
From the Latin, Portuguese, German, Italian, Swedish, or Danish languages, per folio.	- -	- 2 6½	- -	- -	- -	- 2 6½
From the Russian, per folio - - - - -	- -	- 7 6½	- -	- -	- -	- 7 6½
Office copy of a translation from a log book, in each case, per folio more.	- -	- - 6	- -	- -	- -	- - 6
Half charges to the other party or parties, besides stamps.						
Each copy of abstract of foreign papers made by translator when required, per sheet of 12 folios.	- -	- 6 8	- -	- -	- -	- 6 8
Authentic copy, by way of muniment, per folio	- -	- - 8	- -	- -	- -	- - 8
Collating the same - - - - - -	- -	- 5 -	- -	- -	- -	- 5 -
Copy of all patents, per folio - - - - -	- -	- - 8	- -	- -	- -	- - 8
Collating the same, if in Latin, and not exceeding two sheets of 12 folios.	- -	- 3 4	- -	- -	- -	- 3 4
If in Latin, and exceeding two sheets of 12 folios.	- -	- 6 8	- -	- -	- -	- 6 8
Collating copies left in place of original documents, delivered out of the registry, each.	- -	- 5 -	- -	- -	- -	- 5 -
EXAMINATIONS OF WITNESSES.						
Examination of every witness in open Court -	- -	- 1 8	- -	- -	- -	- 1 8
Examination (without commission) the first witness in chief on a libel, allegation, or other matter (excepting the standing interrogatories.)	- 1 -	- 4 2	- -	- -	- -	- 5 2
Ditto of every other witness - - - - -	- - 6	- 4 2	- -	- -	- -	- 4 8
Examination (without commission) of every witness on interrogatories filed by adverse party.	- 1 -	- 2 6	- -	- -	- -	- 3 6
ATTENDANCES.						
Each attendance before a judge or surrogate, excepting when sitting in Court, in which case no fee is taken.	- -	- 3 6	- -	- -	- -	- 3 6
Ditto - ditto, if on a holiday - - - -	- -	- 6 10	- -	- -	- -	- 6 10
Attendance in Court on an extra day, when an interlocutory or sentence is pronounced.	- -	- 3 6	- -	- -	- -	- 3 6
Attendance on subpœna in a court of common law, or in equity in town for the first day.	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	- -	1 - -
For each succeeding day - - - - -	- -	- 10 -	- -	- -	- -	- 10 -
Attendance on subpœna in the country, for each day's attendance in Court, besides expenses.	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	- -	1 - -
Attendance at Bank of England to receive dividends of stock, or to transfer stock standing in the name of the registrar or deputy for suitors.	- -	1 1 -	- -	- -	- -	1 1 -

ANNEX (A).—Table of Fees chargeable in the High Court of Admiralty of *England* from 1841 to 1854—*continued.*

In Respect of what Business Payable.	Judge.	Registrar.	Marshal.	Seal Keeper.	Cryer.	TOTAL.
REFERENCES.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
For executing reference, including five guineas each to two merchants.	- -	15 15 -	- -	- -	- -	15 15 -
Drawing and engrossing report on such reference.	- -	- 13 4	- -	- -	- -	- 13 4
Drawing and engrossing schedule of allowances annexed thereto.	- -	- 13 4	- -	- -	- -	- 13 4
Expenses on the reference 15 *s.*, clerk's fee 2 *s.* 6 *d.*	- -	- 17 6	- -	- -	- -	- 17 6
On references in cases of small value half fees only are taken.						
TAXING BILLS OF COSTS.						
Taxing Bill of Costs, if short, from each party, besides 1 *s.* for the clerk from the party porrecting the bill.	- -	- 3 4	- -	- -	- -	- 3 4
If long, from each party, besides 2 *s.* 6 *d.* for the clerk from the party porrecting the bill.	- -	- 6 8	- -	- -	- -	- 6 8
If of great length, more.						
SUNDRIES.						
Setting out proceedings in a cause or motion -	- -	- 3 6	- -	- -	- -	- 3 6
Sportulage upon every sentence or final interlocutory, from each side.	- -	- 16 10	- -	- -	- -	- 16 10
If no sentence or final interlocutory, from each side.	- -	- 9 2	- -	- -	- -	- 9 2
Search of records, not being by a party in the cause or by a seaman, in either of which cases no fee is charged.	- -	- 3 6	- -	- -	- -	- 3 6
Caveat entered - - - - - - -	- -	- 3 4	- -	- -	- -	- 3 4
Subducting caveat - - - - - -	- -	- 5 -	- -	- -	- -	- 5 -
Receipt for original documents delivered out -	- -	- 1 8	- -	- -	- -	- 1 8
Restitution - - - - - - - - -	- 6 8	- 13 2	- -	- 1 -	- -	1 - 10
Exemplification of a sentence or other matter, for the first skin, including parchment.	- 13 4	1 9 2	- -	- 3 4	- -	2 5 10
For every other skin, per folio (besides the costs of parchment and engrossing).	- -	- - 8	- -	- -	- -	- - 8
APPEALS.						
Transmission of process to the Appeal Court, per folio.	- -	- - 4	- -	- -	- -	- - 4
Seal thereto - - - - - - -	- 7 8	- -	- -	- 1 -	- -	- 8 8
Composition of process transmitted to the Court of Admiralty from an inferior Court; from the appellant one-fourth part of the costs of the process, estimated at the rate of 4 *d.* per folio of 90 words, and from the respondent one-third part.						

ANNEX (A).—Table of Fees chargeable in the High Court of Admiralty of *England*, from 1841 to 1854—*continued*.

In respect of what Business Payable.	Judge.	Registrar.	Marshal.	Seal Keeper.	Cryer.	TOTAL.
RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Poundage on money paid out of the registry for every pound sterling, in addition to which a fee is taken by the clerk, not exceeding 5*s.* where the sum is under 1,000*l.*, beyond 1,000*l.* according to the amount.	- -	- - 2	- -	- -	- -	- - 2
Receipt for money decreed to be paid out of the Court.	- -	- 1 -	- -	- -	- -	- 1 -
Converting into cash Bills of Exchange sent instead of cash into the registry, for each 100*l.*	- -	- 10 -	- -	- -	- -	- 10 -
Purchasing Exchequer Bills for suitors, and exchanging the same when called in, and keeping and stating account of the interest on the same on each purchase or exchange, for every 100*l.*	- -	- 1 3	- -	- -	- -	- 1 3
PATENT.						
Patent for a vice admiral, commissary, or deputy.	1 6 8	3 10 10	- -	- 8 4	- -	5 5 10
Patent for a judge - - - - - -	1 6 8	3 8 4	- -	- 8 4	- -	5 3 4
Patent for an advocate in a Vice Admiralty Court, or registrar, or marshal in such Court, each.	- 13 4	2 - 2	- -	- 3 4	- -	2 16 10
Duplicates of the patents last mentioned, same as original.						
CORONERS.						
Appointment of a coroner, drawing and engrossing substitution.	- -	1 5 -	- -	- -	- -	1 5 -
Registering substitution - - - - -	- -	- 13 4	- -	- -	- -	- 13 4
Commission to swear him - - - - -	- 6 8	- 14 -	- -	- 1 -	- -	1 1 8
NAVY AGENTS.						
Registering letter of attorney generally, including copy for Somerset House, transmitting and certificate.	- 13 4	- 19 2	- -	- 3 4	- -	1 15 10
If exceeding 10 folios, for every folio beyond 10	- -	- 1 -	- -	- -	- -	- 1 -
Registering letter of attorney specially, for first case.	- -	- 15 4	- -	- -	- -	- 15 4
Registering - ditto - ditto, for every case after the first registered at the same time.	- -	- 14 4	- -	- -	- -	- 14 4
Drawing affidavit in verification of navy agents' account.	- -	- 7 8	- -	- -	- -	- 7 8
WARRANTS FROM LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY TO THE MARSHAL.						
On an admiral, or other naval officer of rank, and for attending him during a Court Martial, per day (besides expenses actually incurred).	- -	- -	2 2 -	- -	- -	2 2 -
For the apprehension of a deserter, or removal of prisoners, per day (besides expenses).	- -	- -	- 6 8	- -	- -	- 6 8
For the marshal's assistants employed on the last-mentioned occasions, each assistant, per day (besides expenses actually incurred).	- -	- -	- 4 -	- -	- -	- 4 -

Annex (B).

TABLE of Fees chargeable in the High Court of Admiralty of *England* from 1855 to 1859, both Years inclusive.

Established by Order in Council of the 11th December 1854.

	£.	s.	d.
1. Entering action	–	5	–
2. Subducting action	–	2	6
3. Warrant of arrest	–	10	–
4. Entering caveat against issue of warrant	–	2	6
5. Marshal arresting a vessel, or vessel and goods, if in London or in the River Thames and above Blackwall.	1	–	–
6. Ditto - ditto if at or below Blackwall	2	–	–
7. Ditto - ditto at any outport, if effected by a substitute of the marshal.	2	–	–
8. Ditto - ditto at any outport, if required to attend personally, besides travelling expenses, per day.	2	–	–
9. Possession of a vessel, or vessel and cargo, for a day and a night, exclusive of any sum that may be paid to a ship-keeper, should such be required.	–	2	6
10. Marshal inquiring and certifying the sufficiency of sureties.	–	10	–
11. Bail bond	–	7	6
12. Affidavit of justification	–	2	6
13. Release	–	5	–
14. Supersedeas	–	15	–
15. Restitution of vessel and goods	1	–	–
16. Minute in court	–	2	6
17. Minute in chambers, including registrar's attendance.	–	5	–
18. Examination of a witness in open court	–	10	–
19. Filing any plea, proof, or other document, save an exhibit.	–	5	–
20. Filing exhibits, if not exceeding 10, for each exhibit.	–	1	–
21. Ditto - ditto if exceeding 10, but not exceeding 20.	–	10	–
22. Filing exhibits, if exceeding 20, but not exceeding 50.	–	15	–
23. Ditto - ditto if exceeding 50, but not exceeding 100.	1	–	–
24. Ditto - ditto if exceeding 100, for every 50, or part thereof, additional.	–	10	–
25. Monition, decree, commission, or requisition.	1	–	–
26. Compulsory or subpœna	–	10	–
27. Attachment	1	–	–
28. Marshal executing any monition, decree, compulsory or attachment, or arresting proceeds or freight, if in the profession.	–	5	–
29. Ditto - ditto if on the Royal Exchange, exclusive of a charge of 1 *l.* 1 *s.* by the Royal Exchange authorities.	–	10	–
30. Ditto - ditto if out of the profession, but within five miles of Doctors' Commons, including expenses.	1	–	–
31. Ditto - ditto if beyond five miles, besides 1 *s.* per mile travelling expenses per day.	2	–	–
32. Marshal executing decree of unlivery, of appraisement, or of sale, attending, appointing, and swearing appraiser, or delivering a ship and stores to the purchaser agreeably to the inventory, if within five miles of Doctors' Commons.	1	–	–
33. If beyond that distance, besides 1 *s.* per mile for travelling expenses, per day	2	–	–
34. Marshal attending unlivery of cargo, or sale of ship or goods by auction, besides travelling expenses, if in the country, per day.	2	–	–
35. Letter to the Trinity House, or to any Government office, or to any person if at the request of only one party in the cause, including messenger.	–	10	–
36. Ditto - ditto if at the request of both parties in the cause, to each party.	–	5	–
37. Setting out the proceedings in a cause or motion, from each party thereto.	–	5	–
38. Primum decretum	1	–	–
39. Interlocutory decree or sentence, from each party.	1	–	–
40. Office copy of any document in the English language, per sheet not exceeding 10 folios.	–	5	–
41. Office copy of papers in a foreign language, or of shorthand writer's transcript of notes, or of abstract or translations made in the registry (besides the charges of the copyist, shorthand writer, or translator, to be paid by the person on whose behalf the same is made), per sheet not exceeding 10 folios.	–	10	–
42. Exemplification of a sentence or other matter, including the cost of parchment or paper per skin or sheet not exceeding 25 folios.	2	–	–
43. Fee on reference to be paid by the party applying for the same.	5	5	–
44. Merchant's fee on reference, each merchant, to be paid by the party applying for the same.	5	5	–
45. In reference cases of small value, half fees.		—	
46. In reference cases of great intricacy, double fees.		—	
47. Drawing and engrossing report and schedule annexed thereto.	1	–	–
48. Taxing bill of costs, per sheet, not exceeding 10 folios, from each party.	–	5	–
49. Ditto - ditto if only one party	–	10	–
50. Search of records, if by a proctor, by a party in a pending cause, or by a seaman.	Nil.		
51. By any person other than a proctor, if the cause has been terminated within the last five years.	–	2	6
52. If beyond that time	–	5	–
53. Attendance at the bank to receive dividends, transfer, sell, or purchase Stock or Exchequer Bills, or convert Bills of Exchange for suitors.	1	–	–
54. Attendance out of the profession, besides 1 *s.* per mile for travelling expenses, per day.	1	–	–
55. Entering caveat in the ledger	–	2	6
56. Subducting the same	–	2	6
57. Receipt for original documents, or for money.	–	2	6
58. Poundage on money paid out of the registry, or on proceeds paid to the naval prize account, for every sum not exceeding 50 *l.*	–	5	–

ANNEX (B).—Table of Fees chargeable in the High Court of Admiralty of *England* from 1855 to 1859—*continued.*

	£.	s.	d.
59. For every sum above 50 *l.*, and not exceeding 100 *l.*	–	10	–
60. For every sum above 100 *l.* and not exceeding 200 *l.*	1	–	–
61. For every additional 100 *l.* or part thereof	–	10	–
62. Fee on the proceeds of any ship, vessel, or goods sold under the decree of the Court, if the same do not exceed 50 *l.*	–	10	–
63. Exceeding 50 *l.*, but not exceeding 100 *l.* -	1	–	–
64. For every additional 50 *l.*, or part thereof	–	10	–
65. Standing commission for the examination of witnesses in prize causes, including copies of the instructions for the execution thereof, and of the interrogatories to be administered.	5	–	–
66. Any subsequent standing commission for the same port for each commissioner or actuary not named in the previous commission.	2	–	–
67. Every substitution to the actuary made otherwise than on the standing commission.	1	–	–
68. Patent for a vice-admiral, commissary, deputy, or judge (exclusive of the stamp duty, if any).	5	–	–
69. Ditto for an advocate in a Vice-Admiralty Court, or registrar or marshal in such Court (ditto ditto).	2	10	–
70. Appointment of a coroner - - -	2	–	–
71. Registering power of attorney generally, and copy thereof for Somerset House.	1	10	–
72. Registering ditto specially - - -	–	10	–
73. Duplicates of all instruments the same as for the original.		—	
SEAL KEEPER'S FEES.			
74. For affixing the great seal of the Court to any instrument.	–	1	–
75. For affixing the small seal of the Court to any instrument.	–	–	6
76. For affixing the seal to patents, same fees as heretofore.		—	
CRYER'S FEES.			
77. For every interlocutory decree, sentence, or motion in Court to be paid by the party in whose favour such decree or sentence is given, or by whom such motion is made.	–	5	–

FURTHER FEES established by an Order in Council of the 7th December 1855.

		£.	s.	d.
1	On the examination of each witness *vivâ voce* before the registrar on a libel or allegation, to be paid by the party producing such witness.	–	10	–
2	On the examination of each witness *vivâ voce* before the registrar and merchants on a reference to be paid by the party producing such witness.	–	10	–
3	For correcting the press, if directed or required to be done in the registry, for every sheet of printed matter, to be equally divided amongst the parties.	–	10	–
4	For half a sheet - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	–	5	–
5	For office copy of transcript of short-hand writer's or reporter's notes per sheet not exceeding 10 folios, in lieu of the fee of 10 *s.* now payable.	–	5	–

Note.—The charges of the short-hand writer or reporter for attending to take down the evidence must be paid by the party on whose behalf the witnesses are produced.

The charges of the short-hand writer or reporter for furnishing a transcript of his notes must be paid by the party ordering the same.

Annex (C).

TABLE of Fees now chargeable in the High Court of Admiralty of *England*.

Established by Order in Council of the 29th November 1859.

Fees to be taken by the Officers, and to be collected by means of Admiralty Court Stamps.

In the Registry.	£.	s.	d.
1. On every præcipe	–	5	–
2. Ditto warrant or citation	–	10	–
3. Ditto detainer	1	–	–
4. Ditto release	–	10	–
5. Ditto commission, monition, decree, requisition, attachment, or other instrument for which a fee is not specially provided.	1	–	–
6. Ditto bail bond	–	7	6
7. Ditto affidavit of justification	–	2	6
8. Ditto subpœna	–	10	–
9. Ditto minute, including the entry of the order, if any.	–	5	–
10. Ditto summons, including the entry of the judge's or registrar's order.	–	10	–
11. Ditto notice of sale, or notice of proceedings in a cause of possession.	–	10	–
12. Ditto notice of motion, including the entry of the judge's order.	–	10	–
13. Ditto notice to have a cause placed on the list for hearing, including the entry of judge's order, if the cause be by default.	–	10	–
14. Ditto ditto, if the cause be contested	2	–	–
15. Ditto notice to have a reference placed on the list for hearing.	–	10	–
16. On writing for the attendance of Trinity Masters at the hearing of any cause.	–	10	–
17. On the examination of any witness *vivâ voce*, either in Court or before the registrar.	–	10	–
18. On administering an oath for each deponent.	–	1	–
19. On affixing the seal of the Court to any instrument on parchment.	–	2	6
20. Ditto ditto to any other document	–	1	–
21. On every pleading, conclusion, proof, notice, agreement, or other document, on the same being filed, save an exhibit or any instrument or document previously issued from the registry or the marshal's office.	–	5	–
22. On every exhibit, including the marking thereof.	–	1	–
23. For every office copy of a document in the English language, per sheet, not exceeding 10 folios, including the registrar's signature.	–	5	–
24. If required to be collated in the registry, per sheet, not exceeding 10 folios, in addition to the above.	–	2	6
25. For office copies of papers in a foreign language, or of short-hand writers' or reporters' notes, or of abstracts or translations made in the registry, in addition to the above fees, the charges of the copyist, short-hand writer, reporter, or translator.	—		
26. On collating original documents with the proof sheets of printed matter, if done with a clerk or clerks of the proctor or proctors, per sheet demy of printed matter, whether of four pages folio, or eight pages quarto.	–	10	–
27. If done wholly in the registry, per sheet demy.	1	–	–
28. On a reference to the registrar	5	5	–
29. If the attendance of one or two merchants is required, to each merchant.	5	5	–
30. In cases of great intricacy, and large amount, to the registrar and to each merchant.	10	10	–
31. When the accounts to be investigated do not amount to 300*l.*, to the registrar and to each merchant.	From 2 2 – to 5 5 –		
32. When the accounts to be investigated do not amount to 100*l.*, to the registrar and to each merchant.	From 1 1 – to 3 3 –		
33. On drawing the report and schedule in cases in which the claim exceeds 100*l.*	1	–	–
34. Ditto ditto, where the claim does not exceed 100*l.*	–	10	–
35. On taxing any bill of costs, per sheet not exceeding 10 folios, from each party to the taxation.	–	5	–
36. Ditto ditto, if but one party attends the taxation.	–	10	–
37. On a receivable order	–	2	6
38. On a receipt for money or for papers	–	2	6
39. On every order for payment of money out of the registry.	–	5	–
40. Poundage on monies paid out of the registry in any cause, if the sum does not exceed 50*l.*	–	5	–
41. Ditto ditto, if it exceeds 50*l.*, but does not exceed 100*l.*	–	10	–
42. Ditto ditto, if it exceeds 100*l.*, but does not exceed 200*l.*	1	–	–
43. For every additional 100*l.*	–	10	–
44. No poundage is payable on the transfer of money from the registry to the Naval Prize Account, or on transmitting it to the Court of Appeal in pursuance of a monition.	—		
45. From a person who is not a party in the cause, nor his proctor, nor the clerk of the proctor, on examining the Court books in respect of any cause.	–	1	–
46. On examining the documents in a cause in which no proceedings are pending, and which has been terminated within the last two years.	–	2	6
47. Ditto ditto, if beyond that period	–	5	–

ANNEX (C).—TABLE of FEES now chargeable in the High Court of Admiralty of *England—continued.*

	£.	s.	d.
48. Attendance at the bank to receive dividends, transfer, sell, or purchase stock or Exchequer bills, or convert bills of exchange for suitors.	1	–	–
49. Attendance of a clerk out of the profession, or in any court of law or equity, besides the expenses of travelling, for every day.	1	–	–
50. On every appointment of a standing commissioner to take bail.	5	–	–
51. On every appointment of a commissioner to administer oaths in Admiralty.	1	–	–
52. On filing a claim for repayment of the excess of wages paid to a substitute hired in the place of a volunteer into the Royal Navy, including copy sent to the Admiralty	–	10	–
53. On the opinion of the registrar objecting to the claim.	–	10	–
54. On certificate ordering payment of amount due, including the copy to be sent to the Accountant General of the Navy.	–	10	–
55. On registering power of attorney for a Queen's ship generally, and copy thereof for Somerset House.	1	10	–
56. On registering ditto specially - - -	–	10	–
57. Poundage on monies paid to the Naval Prize Account, the same as on payment of monies out of the registry in causes.	—		
58. On taxing accounts in naval prize matters, the same as on taxing bills in causes.	—		
59. On writing letters in regard to naval prize matters.	–	10	–
60. On letters patent to a vice admiral, or judge of a Vice Admiralty Court, issued under seal of the Court, besides the stamp duty, if any.	5	–	–
61. Ditto - ditto to an advocate, registrar, or marshal of a Vice Admiralty Court, besides the stamp duty, if any.	2	10	–
62. On every appointment of a coroner - -	2	–	–

	£.	s.	d.
IN THE MARSHAL'S OFFICE.			
63. On every præcipe - - - - - -	–	5	–
64. On the execution of every warrant - -	2	–	–
65. On the execution of every citation in rem -	–	10	–
66. On the execution of every attachment, for every person attached.	1	–	–
67. On the execution of every decree or commission of unlivery, appraisement, or sale.	1	–	–
68. On the execution of any other instrument for which a fee is not specially provided.	1		–
69. On attending, appointing, and swearing appraisers.	1	–	–
70. On delivering up ship or goods to the purchaser agreeably to the inventory.	1	–	–
71. On attending the unlivery of the cargo, or sale of ship or goods, per day.	2	–	–
72. On retaining possession of a ship, or of a ship and goods, to include the cost of a ship keeper, if required, per day.	–	5	–
73. On every report as to the sufficiency of sureties.	–	10	–
74. If the marshal or any of his substitutes is required to go a greater distance than five miles from his office to perform any of the above duties, he will be entitled to his reasonable expenses for travelling, board, and maintenance.	—		
75. Poundage on the proceeds of any vessel or goods sold under the decree of the Court, if the same do not exceed 50 *l.*	–	10	–
76. Exceeding 50 *l.*, but not exceeding 100 *l.* -	1	–	–
77. For every additional 100 *l.*, or part thereof	1	–	–

COURT OF ADMIRALTY.

RETURNS of the Number of Causes Entered, the Number Tried, and the Amount of Fees Received in the High Court of Admiralty in each Year since 1840, with a Statement of any Alterations made during that Period in the Scale of Fees; and, of the Number of Subordinate Officers of every kind connected with the High Court of Admiralty, and their Salaries or Emoluments.

(*Mr. Stephen Cave.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
7 *June* 1867.

359.

Under 2 *oz.*

COURT OF ADMIRALTY.

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 5 June 1867;—*for*,

RETURNS "of the Number of WARRANTS sent by the MARSHAL of the HIGH COURT of ADMIRALTY to the COLLECTORS of HER MAJESTY'S CUSTOMS, during Seven Years prior to 1867; specifying the Number sent to each Port:"

"And, of the Number of WARRANTS Executed by the MARSHAL of said COURT in the Port of *London* during the same time."

Admiralty Registry, Doctors' Commons, 8 June 1867.

H. C. ROTHERY, Registrar.

(Mr. Graves)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*, 14 *June* 1867.

RETURN of the Number of WARRANTS sent by the MARSHAL of the HIGH COURT of ADMIRALTY to the COLLECTORS of HER MAJESTY'S CUSTOMS during Seven Years prior to 1867; specifying the Number sent to each Port; and of the Number of WARRANTS Executed by the MARSHAL of said COURT in the Port of *London* during the same Time.

NAME OF PORT.	1860.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.
Aberystwith	–	1	1	—	—	—	—
Amble	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Arundel	1	2	—	—	—	—	—
Beaumaris	1	4	2	2	1	–	4
Berwick	–	1	—	—	—	—	—
Boston	–	4	1	—	—	—	—
Bridgewater	–	–	1	–	–	2	—
Bridport	–	1	—	—	—	—	—
Bristol	9	3	4	4	4	–	3
Cardiff	15	17	15	24	25	16	25
Carlisle	–	–	1	–	–	–	1
Carnarvon	3	–	–	–	–	1	1
Chester	1	1	—	—	—	—	—
Colchester	1	1	2	–	1	—	—
Cowes	3	2	1	4	2	1	2
Dartmouth	2	6	2	3	–	2	5
Deal	1	4	1	6	1	2	4
Dover	2	1	2	5	1	7	5
Exeter	3	3	1	–	1	—	—
Falmouth	3	16	15	12	8	10	12
Faversham	1	1	–	–	–	–	1
Fleetwood	–	1	—	—	—	—	—
Folkestone	–	–	–	1	—	—	—
Fowey	–	1	1	–	–	1	—
Gloucester	1	7	2	1	1	4	6
Goole	2	2	1	–	3	–	3
Grimsby	17	7	7	4	9	6	9
Hartlepool	7	5	5	8	1	5	3
Harwich	5	3	12	1	1	2	3
Hull	11	10	17	14	13	13	11
Ipswich	2	1	–	–	–	1	1
Lancaster	–	1	—	—	—	—	—
Littlehampton	–	–	–	–	–	1	—
Liverpool	60	51	54	60	81	55	98
Llanelly	–	–	–	1	2	–	2
London	99	99	102	104	102	121	120
Lowestoft	6	6	7	3	3	4	13
Lynn	1	—	—	—	—	—	—

RETURN of the Number of Warrants sent by the Marshal of the High Court of Admiralty, &c.—*continued.*

NAME OF PORT.	1860.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.
Maldon	1	–	–	–	1	—	—
Manchester	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maryport	–	–	2	1	–	1	—
Middlesborough	–	1	2	1	–	2	6
Milford	3	2	4	3	10	–	3
Newcastle	20	8	6	8	5	9	10
Newhaven	–	–	2	–	1	2	—
Newport	5	6	3	2	–	11	3
Padstow	–	1	–	–	–	–	1
Penzance	1	–	1	4	2	–	2
Plymouth	33	5	5	2	8	11	4
Poole	–	1	—	—	—	—	—
Portsmouth	11	5	10	4	5	4	5
Preston	–	1	–	–	–	–	1
Ramsgate	13	7	7	8	4	4	6
Rochester	3	6	1	5	1	1	4
Runcorn	–	–	–	–	–	1	1
Rye	–	–	1	2	—	—	—
St. Ives	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Scarborough	4	–	1	–	–	–	1
Scilly	3	2	–	1	1	2	—
Shields	22	18	15	13	11	12	14
Shoreham	–	–	1	–	–	1	—
Southampton	5	4	6	–	1	3	4
Stockton	1	1	1	—	—	—	—
Sunderland	13	19	10	6	4	4	11
Swansea	5	3	8	12	6	8	10
Teignmouth	1	1	1	–	–	–	3
Truro	1	–	–	–	1	—	—
Wells	–	1	–	–	1	—	—
Weymouth	1	1	2	2	3	2	1
Whitby	1	3	1	—	—	—	—
Whitehaven	1	1	1	—	—	—	—
Wisbeach	1	–	2	–	–	–	2
Woodbridge	–	1	—	—	—	—	—
Yarmouth	15	10	7	11	4	4	7
TOTAL	424	370	357	342	329	336	431

The preceding Return shows the number of warrants and citations *in rem* executed by the marshal and his deputies in each year from 1860 to 1866, both inclusive, specifying the ports in which they were respectively executed. The return includes citations *in rem* as well as warrants, a citation *in rem* being in fact a warrant for the detention of a ship or goods, which is already under the arrest of the Court in another cause. Thus, if a ship has been arrested by warrant in a cause of salvage, and a cause of damage be thereupon entered against her, the instrument, which would be issued to detain the ship in the second action, would be called a citation *in rem*, not a warrant, although it would have precisely the same effect as the warrant.

I should add that all warrants and citations *in rem* are executed by the marshal or by the collectors of Her Majesty's Customs, as his deputies, for him. If the ship to be arrested is in the port of London, the instrument is executed by the marshal through his shipkeepers; if the ship is at an outport, the marshal sends the instrument to the Collector of Customs at that port for execution by him.

8 June 1867. *H. C. Rothery*, Registrar.

COURT OF ADMIRALTY.

RETURN of the Number of WARRANTS sent by the MARSHAL of the HIGH COURT of ADMIRALTY to the COLLECTORS of Her MAJESTY'S CUSTOMS, during Seven Years prior to 1867, specifying the Number sent to each Port; and, of the Number of Warrants executed by the MARSHAL of said Court in the Port of *London* during the same Time.

(*Mr. Graves.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
14 *June* 1867.

365.

Under 1 *oz.*

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 23 May 1867;—*for*,

"COPIES of a STATEMENT made by the Registrar of the High Court of Admiralty of *England* to Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, showing the PROGRESS of the HIGH COURT of ADMIRALTY since the Year 1840:"

"And, of a MEMORANDUM on the JURISDICTION and PRACTICE of the HIGH COURT of ADMIRALTY of *England*."

STATEMENT showing the PROGRESS made by the HIGH COURT of ADMIRALTY since the Year 1840.

The Return of the Proceedings in the High Court of Admiralty of England for the year 1866 shows a very considerable increase in the business transacted in that Court, not only over the year 1865, but over all the previous years. Annexed is a printed memorandum which I have recently prepared for the purpose of showing the progress made by the Court since the year 1840, when its jurisdiction was somewhat extended, and when the system of remunerating the judge and other officers by fees was abolished, and fixed salaries were assigned to them in lieu thereof.

From the schedules annexed to that memorandum it will be seen—

(1.) That the number of causes instituted has increased—

from 228 in 1841
to 657 in 1866,

and that the greatest number in any previous year was in 1860, when there were only 562 causes instituted.

(2.) That the number of days on which the Court sate has increased—

from 38 in 1841
to 147 in 1866,

and that the greatest number in any previous year was in 1863, when there were 118 days.

(3.) That the number of references to the registrar and merchants has increased—

from 2 in 1841
to 53 in 1866,

and that of these last 12 were argued by counsel.

(4.) That the number of bills taxed has increased—

from 58 in 1841
to 247 in 1866.

The returns further show—

(5.) That in salvage cases the total amount at which actions were entered in 1841 was 40,400*l.*, giving an average of 612*l.* for each case, whereas in 1866 the total amount was 221,300*l.*, giving an average of 1,592 *l.*

That in damage cases in 1841 the total amount was 23,900 *l.*, giving an average of 569 *l.* for each case, whereas in 1866 the total amount was 613,350*l.*, giving an average of 2,323 *l.* for each.

And that in other causes in 1841 the total amount was 33,420 *l.*, giving an average of 506 *l.* for each, whereas in 1866 the total amount was 414,110 *l.*, or on an average 1,630 *l.* for each cause.

(6.) That of causes instituted for sums of 2,000 *l.* and upwards there were in 1841—

5 Salvage.
3 Damage.
3 Other.

TOTAL - - - 11

whereas in 1866 there were of such causes—

38 Salvage.
62 Damage.
37 Other.

TOTAL - - - 137

(7.) That of causes instituted for sums of 10,000 *l.* and upwards there were in 1841, 1842, 1845, and 1848, none; in 1843, 1844, and 1846, but one only; whereas in 1866 there were of such causes no less than—

3 Salvage.
9 Damage.
12 Other.

TOTAL - - - 24

(8.) It should be added that the total amount realised from the fees of Court, which—

	£.	s.	d.
in 1841 was	2,447	7	3
was in 1866 no less than	11,077	5	–

and this too, although in the period since 1841 the fees have on two several occasions been considerably reduced.

Comparing now the Return for 1866 with that for 1865, there will be found to have been a very considerable increase over the preceding year.

Thus, the number of causes instituted—

was 657 in 1866
as against 501 in 1865.

The principal increase it will be seen was in salvage cases, which—

were 139 in 1866
as against 81 in 1865,

arising probably from the frequent storms which occurred during the past year.

There was, also, however, a considerable increase in damage and in other causes, there having been 264 damage and 254 other causes in 1866, as against 210 damage and 210 other causes in 1865. It should here be observed that under the head of other causes are included cases in which jurisdiction was given to the Court by the "Admiralty Court Act 1861," that is to say, in suits by the master of a ship for his wages and disbursements, suits between co-owners of a ship, suits by a mortgagee, suits by consignees of cargo, and others for damage caused by the negligence or misconduct of the master and crew, some of which are the most important cases that come before the Court.

The importance, too, of the causes may be judged of from the fact that the total amount at which the actions were entered—

was 1,248,760 *l.* in 1866
as against 908,760 *l.* in 1865.

The number of judgments delivered by the Court—

was 216 in 1866.
as against 158 in 1865.

And

3513068
71411

And here it should be observed as a curious fact that of the judgments delivered in contested causes in 1866 there were—

158 for the plaintiff
and 31 for the defendant;

and in 1865 there were—

108 for the plaintiff
and 22 for the defendant;

or in each case about five times as many for the plaintiff as for the defendant.

In the matter of costs taxed, the amount is very considerably in excess of the year 1865, but this arises mainly from the heavy bills submitted for taxation in the case of the Banda and Kirwee Booty, altogether an exceptional case.

The number of instruments prepared in the Registry shows also the great increase in the business of the Court during the past year, there having been—

397 warrants in 1866
as against 319 in 1865;
294 bail bonds in 1866
as against 151 in 1865;

and the total number of instruments prepared—

was 1,630 in 1866
as against 1,226 in 1865.

The number of days also on which the Court sate—

was 147 in 1866
as against 99 in 1865.

This great increase is partly due to the case of the Banda and Kirwee Booty, on which the Court was engaged for 26 days hearing arguments, and for one day delivering judgment. Deducting, however, these 27 days, there remain 120 days on which the Court sate for the hearing of purely Admiralty causes,—a greater number than in any previous year since 1840.

The claims in respect of seamen volunteering into the Royal Navy demand some explanation. These claims arose out of the complaints of shipowners that seamen who had engaged for the whole voyage were allowed to leave their ships on foreign stations if they volunteered into the Royal Navy, and that then the shipowner had to engage other hands at a very much higher rate of wages to supply their places. This led to very great complaints; the matter was on several occasions brought under the attention of Parliament, and it was at length decided that shipowners should be entitled to compensation for any losses they might sustain by seamen whilst in their service volunteering into the Royal Navy, and that those claims should be investigated by the Registrar of the Court of Admiralty. Now it will be seen from the Return that the total amount claimed on this account during the year 1866 was 74 *l.* 12 *s.*, and that of this only 50 *l.* 12 *s.* was allowed,—a very small sum indeed to pay for the settlement of claims which formerly gave rise to the most urgent remonstrances from the shipowner.

The Return shows a considerable diminution in the amounts awarded to Queen's ships as bounties for the capture or destruction of slave and piratical vessels; but this can hardly be deemed to be a matter for regret, seeing that there is no reason to suppose that Her Majesty's ships are less vigilant than formerly, and that the decrease therefore can only arise from the fact that there are fewer slavers and pirates on the high seas than formerly.

The Return further shows that the amount realized by the Commissioners of Inland Revenue for the sale of Admiralty Court stamps—

	£.	s.	d.	
was	11,077	5	–	in 1866
as against	9,603	2	1	in 1865
and	8,597	5	7	in 1864.

There is perhaps no other item in the Return which more clearly shows the great increase in the business than does this.

The Return also of the instruments executed by the marshal shows the great increase that has taken place in the business of the Court; there having been—

379 warrants executed in 1866
as against 296 - ditto - - in 1865;
236 notices of bail in 1866
as against 170 - ditto - in 1865;
230 reports as to bail in 1866
as against 168 - ditto - in 1865.

So too in the number of sales of ships and cargoes, which were more numerous in 1866 than in 1865, although the amount realized is very much less, owing perhaps partly to the depreciation in the value of shipping, partly to the vessels sold being smaller.

On the whole I venture to think that the Return may be deemed to be a very satisfactory one, as showing a large increase in the business of the Court not merely over the past year, but over all the preceding years.

H. C. Rothery, Registrar.

MEMORANDUM on the Jurisdiction and Practice of the High Court of Admiralty of England.

The following statement is intended to show the great progress which has been made by the High Court of Admiralty of England, and the increase in the amount of its business since the year 1840. That period has been taken for the comparison, as it was in the year 1840 that the Acts of the 3 & 4 Vict. cc. 65 and 66 were passed, which first placed the Court upon its present footing, and gave to it new life. The statement will probably be of more use at the present time, as there is now before Parliament a Bill to extend the jurisdiction of the Court of Admiralty, and it is right that the Legislature should, before deciding on such a measure, have before it the fullest information on the subject.

The two Acts to which I have referred, the 3 & 4 Vict. cc. 65 and 66, had for their object,—the one to extend the jurisdiction of the Court, restoring to it a portion of its ancient authority, the other to abolish the system of remunerating the judge and other officers of the Court by fees, and to assign to them fixed salaries in lieu thereof. With regard to the latter arrangement, namely, providing for the payment of the officers of the Court by salary in lieu of fees, there can, I apprehend, be but one opinion. But the question of the extension of the jurisdiction of the Court demands further consideration.

At the time of which I am speaking, just prior to the passing of the Acts of the 3 & 4 Vict., the jurisdiction exercised by the Court of Admiralty was of a very restricted character. The Court was not allowed to exercise jurisdiction within what was called the body of a county, and could not take cognizance of a cause, even of a purely maritime nature, such as a case of collision between two vessels, unless the collision had occurred on the high seas: and as such causes of action would more frequently arise on the coasts and in the havens and rivers of this country, where ships would necessarily be found in greater numbers, it will be readily seen to what extent this prohibition limited the jurisdiction of the Court. In ancient times no such limitation of the jurisdiction of the Court existed; but it was the result of a series of prohibitions issued by the Common Law Courts, into the history of which, however, it is not necessary to enter, as the causes which led to the jealousy between the Courts now no longer exist.

With a view, then, to remove some of these disabilities the Act of the 3 & 4 Vict. c. 65, s. 6, provided that the Court of Admiralty should have jurisdiction as well within the body of a county as without; it also gave to the Court jurisdiction over causes of towage, and of necessaries supplied to foreign ships, as well as in some other matters. This extension of the jurisdiction, coupled with the arrangements in regard to the payment of the judge and officers of the Court, led to an immediate and considerable increase in its business.

Some dissatisfaction, however, subsequently arose from the exercise of the jurisdiction of the Court in small salvage cases and in cases of seamen's wages.

It

It was thought that such cases might be more conveniently and expeditiously disposed of by local and inferior tribunals; and accordingly successive Acts were passed, taking away the jurisdiction of the Court in such cases, and giving it to the local magistrates. The Acts by which these changes were effected are the 7 & 8 Vict. c. 112, s. 15, 9 & 10 Vict. c. 99, s. 21 *et seq.*, 17 & 18 Vict. c. 104, ss. 188, 189, 460, 461, and 464, 25 & 26 Vict. c. 63, s. 49.

On the other hand it was thought that the jurisdiction of the Court might with advantage be extended,—for instance, to claims for master's wages and disbursements, to questions between co-owners of ships, to cases of damage to cargo, to claims of mortgagees, and to other matters. The Acts, by which jurisdiction in these matters was given to the Court, are the 17 & 18 Vict. c. 104, s. 191, and 24 Vict. c. 10, ss. 4 to 13.

Such are the principal changes which have taken place in the jurisdiction of the Court since the year 1840. I will now proceed to state what have been the alterations in the practice of the Court during the same period.

In the year 1840, when the Act of the 3 & 4 Vict. c. 65 came into operation, there were two forms of pleading in use in the Court, namely, by Act on petition and by plea and proof; the former system was thought to be better adapted to simple and minor cases, the latter to difficult and more complicated cases. Salvage cases were generally heard by Act on petition, damage or collision cases by plea and proof.

The mode of proceeding in an Act on petition case was as follows: a petition was first given in by the plaintiff, to which there was an answer by the defendant; then a reply, and so on, until the pleadings were concluded, after which the proofs on both sides had to be given in. So far there was no objection; the system was simple, intelligible, and expeditious; but unfortunately the only admissible proofs in such cases were affidavits prepared by the parties themselves; there was no power of cross-examining the witnesses on the statements to which they had been sworn, and the evidence was consequently in great measure worthless.

In proceedings by plea and proof the mode was as follows: the plaintiff first gave in an allegation which might be demurred to, but if it were not, the plaintiff proceeded to examine his witnesses in support of the averments contained in the plea; they were not, however, examined in open Court, but privately by an examiner, neither plaintiff nor defendant nor their respective solicitors being allowed to be present; the witnesses were examined separately by the examiner on the several articles of the plea, and were then cross-examined by the same officer on written interrogatories, furnished by the adverse party, and prepared in total ignorance of what the witness might have said in his evidence in chief. After the whole of the plaintiff's witnesses had been examined on the plea, and he had declared that he had no further witnesses to produce, the defendant was called upon to give in his allegation, and when that had been done the same process was gone through again, of producing witnesses in support of it, who were examined by the examiner in private, and privately cross-examined upon interrogatories prepared without reference either to what the witness himself had said, or what other witnesses might previously have said in the same case. When all the defendant's witnesses had been examined on the plea, the plaintiff was in his turn called upon to give in his responsive allegation, and the same process was again gone through as to the examination and cross-examination of the witnesses. It is needless to say that such a system was in many cases a mere mockery of justice, the delays were almost interminable, and the result arrived at often far from satisfactory.

Again, there were in each term only about four days, called motion or assignation days, on which, as a general rule, a practitioner could be compelled to take a step in a cause; so that it may readily be imagined how endlessly the proceedings might be protracted, if either party was desirous of impeding the progress of the cause.

In addition to this the system of fees was most intricate, the Court fees being needlessly numerous and of every variety in character and amount, thus entailing a great deal of trouble in their collection on the officials, and a corresponding amount of annoyance to the practitioners and suitors in the Court.

Such, then, was the practice prevailing in the Court of Admiralty in 1840, when the Act of the 3 & 4 Vict. c. 65 was passed, and substantially it remained

the same from that time down to the year 1854. But in the latter year the present learned judge of the Court of Admiralty, Dr. Lushington, commenced a series of alterations, which ultimately led to an entire change in the practice and procedure of the Court, and which has been attended with the best results.

The first step in this direction was by an Order in Council, dated the 3rd of July 1854, by which the judge was enabled to appoint other days besides the few motion or assignation days in each term, to be regular Court days for the despatch of the business of the Court.

At about the same time an Act was passed, on the recommendation of the learned judge, the 17 & 18 Vict. c. 78, the object of which was to facilitate the proceedings in the Court, and especially to provide for the collection of the fees by means of stamps. And on the 11th day of December of the same year an Order in Council was passed, abolishing the old complicated system of fees, establishing a new and simple table, and providing for their collection by means of stamps.

The next important changes in the practice of the Court were by an Order in Council, dated the 5th of December 1855. Amongst the rules established by that Order were the following :—

(1.) That the pleadings should as a general rule be concluded before the witnesses were examined.

(2.) That the witnesses instead of being examined as heretofore in private, and upon interrogatories prepared beforehand, should be examined openly in the presence of the parties, or their proctors, and upon questions prepared at the time.

These new rules led to the most important results. In the first place, concluding the pleadings before the examination of the witnesses put a stop to the endless delays which had occurred under the old system in proceedings by plea and proof; so that causes, which used formerly to last from three to four years, were now brought to a conclusion in as many months or even weeks. In the next place, the examination of the witnesses openly and in the presence of the practitioners very soon led to their being examined in open Court; as it was found to be much more satisfactory to the parties and practitioners, if the witnesses had to be examined openly, that the examination should take place in open Court before the judge and Trinity masters, and at the discretion and under the advice of counsel, rather than before an examiner, and on the sole responsibility of the practitioners.

Other changes were introduced by the same Order in Council, tending to facilitate the despatch of business in the Court; thus it was provided that the pleadings and any written proofs that might be given in a cause should be printed for the hearing,—a much more convenient and not more expensive arrangement than the old system of manuscript copies. Witnesses might also be examined *vivâ voce* before the registrar on a reference to him and the merchants. It was also ordered that in damage or collision causes each party should at the very commencement of the suit give in a preliminary Act, as it was called, or, in other words, a statement containing replies to certain fixed questions respecting the time and place of collision, the courses of the respective vessels, the mode of collision, the parts of the vessels which first came in contact, and other points material to the issue in the cause. The main object of the preliminary Act was to compel parties to state their case from the first, and to prevent their setting up a false case during the progress of the cause to meet the case of their opponents. It had also this advantage, that in case of need, and where despatch was of great importance, the preliminary Acts might be taken to supply the place of pleadings, the Court having the power to hear the cause on the preliminary Acts without any pleadings. In this way important damage causes have been heard within a few days of the occurrence of the collision, where perhaps one or both vessels were outward-bound, and were being detained simply for the examination of the witnesses.

These new rules soon operated a complete change in the practice of the Court, so much so that the examination of witnesses in open Court, which had before been almost, if not quite, unknown, soon became the ordinary mode of procedure. Strange too as it may appear, although the 7th section of the Act of the 3 & 4 Vict. c. 65 gave the Court power to examine witnesses *vivâ voce* in open

open Court, I believe that there was no instance of any such examination having taken place until after the Order in Council of the 5th December 1855 came into operation; in other words, this clause of the Act remained a dead letter for above 15 years, until an alteration had been made in the practice, so as to facilitate the examination of the witnesses in open Court.

The great increase in the business of the Court, which almost immediately resulted from the operation of these rules, rendered it necessary a few years afterwards to revise the whole of the practice of the Court; and accordingly towards the end of 1859 the learned judge issued an entirely new code of rules, which was confirmed by Her Majesty's Order in Council of the 29th of November of that year, and which came into operation on the 1st of January 1860. It is not necessary to state at length what were the alterations effected by this new code; suffice it to say that its main object was to simplify the proceedings in all its branches, to accelerate the hearing of causes, and to confirm as far as possible the system of examining witnesses in open Court.

Having now stated all the principal alterations that have been made in the jurisdiction and practice of the Court since the year 1840, it will be necessary to see to what extent these changes have affected the business of the Court; and this I will now proceed to do.

Table No. 1 is a return of the proceedings in the Court from the year 1841 to 1866, both years inclusive, and shows in each year the number of causes instituted, distinguishing salvage, damage, and other causes, the number of days on which the Court sate for the despatch of business, the number of references to the registrar, assisted by merchants, distinguishing those which were argued by counsel, and the number of bills taxed. It shows a steady increase in every department of the business of the Court; thus, the number of causes instituted have increased from 228 in 1841 and 188 in 1844 to 657 in 1866; the damage cases, by far the most important that come before the Court, have increased from 49 in 1841 to 264 in 1866; the salvage cases, it is true, have not much increased in number, having been 108 in 1841 and 64 in 1842, whilst they were 139 in 1866; but then they are infinitely more important at the present time, the jurisdiction in small salvage cases having been taken away from the Court during the period referred to and given to the magistrates. Other cases than salvage and damage have also increased very much in number, having been 71 in 1841 and 254 in 1866; moreover, they are, as will presently be seen, of a much more important character now than they were then. The sittings of the Court have also greatly increased, having been 38 in 1841, including the motion or assignation days above referred to, as against 147 in 1866; and although it is true that in the last year the Court was engaged for 27 days in hearing the Banda and Kirwee booty case, even this deduction would leave a large number of days for the hearing of Admiralty causes, not taking into consideration a number of causes which were either settled or compromised without a hearing, owing to the time of the Court being engaged on the booty case. The return also shows the great increase in the references to the registrar and merchants, having been two in 1841 as against 65 in 1865, and 53 in 1866; nor is it in the number only that the increase has taken place, for important questions of law and fact are now frequently decided by the registrar on references, a fact which is evidenced by the increase in the numbers of the cases in which counsel are now engaged. In the taxation of bills also the increase has been very great, 58 having been taxed in 1841 as against 247 in 1866.

But it may, perhaps, be said that the increase in the number of causes does not necessarily show any great increase in the amount of the business of the Court, for there might, as it was said, be a greater number of cases of smaller amount and less importance. That this, however, is not so will be seen from the Return No. 2, which shows the total amounts at which actions were entered, and the average amount of each action in each year. I ought, however, to observe that, in the first two or three years of the period referred to, it was not unfrequently the practice to enter an action in a salvage and even in a damage case, without specifying the amount claimed; but this is now rarely, if ever, done, except indeed in causes of possession, where the claim is not for any particular sum, but for the ship itself. The Return, therefore, includes not all the cases, but those in which the amount of the claim is specified in the action. If now this Return be examined, it will be found that, in the year 1841,

the number of salvage cases in which an amount was specified in the action was 66, and the total sum for which these actions were entered was only 40,400*l.*, giving an average of a little more than 600 *l.* for each; whereas in 1866 there were 139 salvage causes entered for a total sum of 221,300 *l.*, or on an average nearly 1,600 *l.* for each. Again, in damage cases there were in 1841 only 42 actions entered for a total sum of 23,900*l.*, or less than 600 *l.* for each; whereas in 1866 there were 264 such causes entered for a total sum of 613,350 *l.*, or above 2,300 *l.* for each. In other cases than salvage and damage there were in 1841 only 66 actions entered for a total sum of 33,420 *l.*, or an average of 506*l.* for each; whereas in 1866 there were 254 such cases for a total sum of 414,110 *l.*, or 1,630 *l.* on an average for each.

The contrast will, perhaps, be even more striking if we take the total number of causes in each year in which the actions were entered for sums of 2,000 *l.* and upwards, and of 10,000 *l.* and upwards. Return No. 3 shows the former, No. 4 the latter; and it will be seen that in 1841 there were five salvage, three damage, and three other causes, or a total of 11 causes; whereas in 1866 there were 38 salvage, 62 damage, and 37 other causes, or a total of 137 causes instituted for sums of 2,000 *l.* and upwards. Again, of cases in which the actions were entered at 10,000 *l.* and upwards, there were none in either 1841, 1842, 1845, or 1848, and only one in each of the years 1843, 1844, and 1846; whereas in 1866 there were three salvage, nine damage, and 12 other causes, or a total of 24 causes in that year, in which the actions were entered in amounts of 10,000 *l.* and upwards. The returns, too, show a progressive increase in the numbers of the more important causes.

It will further be seen on reference to Return No. 1, that, on two several occasions, there was a falling-off in the number of salvage cases; this was, however, owing to the passing of the Acts of the 17 & 18 Vict. c. 104, and 25 & 26 Vict. c. 63, which took away from the Court the jurisdiction in small cases of that nature. On the other hand the returns show that on each occasion of the jurisdiction being extended, or of the practice being amended, there has been before long a corresponding increase in the amount of the business, a sure proof that the Court is popular, that the extension of the jurisdiction was required, and that the alterations in the practice have been beneficial to the public.

This, then, would seem to be a reason for further extending its jurisdiction. Within the last few years something has been done to restore to the Court of Admiralty a portion of its ancient jurisdiction, but it is very far from possessing all that civil, as distinguished from the criminal, jurisdiction which it once had, and which extended over all causes civil and maritime, a term well understood by all writers on Admiralty law, and generally acknowledged and received in Courts of Admiralty, not in this country only, but in foreign countries also. This the Bill now before Parliament seeks to do, not indeed giving the Court of Admiralty jurisdiction in all civil causes of a maritime nature, but only in causes where the sum in question is of such an amount as to justify its being tried in a superior court; causes of smaller amount may, it is thought, be more properly and more conveniently remitted to inferior and local tribunals.

Admiralty Registry, Doctors' Commons,
2 May 1867.

H. C. Rothery.

No. 1.

ADMIRALTY COURT.

RETURN of Proceedings in the High Court of Admiralty in each Year, from 1841 to 1866 inclusive.

YEAR.	Causes Instituted.				Days on which the Court Sate.	References Heard by the Registrar.		Bills Taxed.
	Salvage.	Damage.	Other Causes.	Total.		Number.	Argued by Counsel.	
1841 - -	108	49	71	228	38	2	–	58
1842 - -	64	44	114	222	41	8	–	64
1843 - -	99	49	123	271	37	6	–	73
1844 - -	71	49	68	188	34	16	–	67
1845 - -	105	61	84	250	40	6	–	53
1846 - -	75	83	76	234	40	17	–	71
1847 - -	84	62	99	245	38	14	–	49
1848 - -	75	83	104	262	41	13	–	41
1849 - -	100	82	77	259	46	10	–	90
1850 - -	113	82	138	333	58	17	–	78
1851 - -	85	88	133	306	47	13	–	88
1852 - -	141	134	106	381	44	14	–	71
1853 - -	127	143	108	378	67	30	–	115
1854 - -	109	150	104	363	66	31	–	161
1855 - -	113	137	140	390	81	23	–	144
1856 - -	92	158	139	389	62	37	–	137
1857 - -	88	192	176	456	61	34	–	197
1858 - -	122	171	227	520	67	52	–	195
1859 - -	137	182	217	536	70	56	–	210
1860 - -	145	230	187	562	86	39	6	212
1861 - -	134	194	171	499	87	37	4	242
1862 - -	112	193	180	485	89	52	1	202
1863 - -	77	199	209	485	118	38	7	230
1864 - -	77	219	198	494	102	53	9	229
1865 - -	81	210	210	501	99	65	11	211
1866 - -	139	264	254	657	147	53	12	247

No. 2.

ADMIRALTY COURT.

RETURN showing the TOTAL AMOUNTS at which CAUSES have been INSTITUTED in the HIGH COURT of ADMIRALTY in each Year, from 1841 to 1866 inclusive, with the AVERAGE of each CAUSE.

YEAR.	Salvage.			Damage.			Other Causes.		
	No. of Causes.	Total Amount.	Average of each Cause.	No. of Causes.	Total Amount.	Average of each Cause.	No. of Causes.	Total Amount.	Average of each Cause.
		£.	£.		£.	£.		£.	£.
1841 -	66	40,400	612	42	23,900	569	66	33,420	506
1842 -	55	35,620	647	43	24,850	577	111	35,310	318
1843 -	80	60,080	751	48	29,750	619	120	76,375	636
1844 -	65	28,770	442	48	47,550	900	65	44,200	680
1845 -	98	46,460	474	61	45,810	750	77	37,190	482
1846 -	74	40,260	544	83	60,050	723	71	28,420	400
1847 -	84	96,470	1,148	62	44,660	720	97	54,210	558
1848 -	74	42,510	574	83	67,700	815	102	71,600	701
1849 -	98	56,030	571	82	118,700	1,447	70	46,420	663
1850 -	112	52,040	464	82	112,820	1,375	125	52,190	417
1851 -	85	61,750	726	88	84,775	963	127	68,075	536
1852 -	141	95,830	679	133	159,810	1,201	104	50,450	485
1853 -	125	87,540	700	142	196,435	1,383	103	45,580	442
1854 -	109	97,930	898	147	180,370	1,227	97	55,850	575
1855 -	113	115,425	1,021	136	218,000	1,602	136	98,665	725
1856 -	92	125,600	1,365	157	341,590	2,175	132	104,090	788
1857 -	88	102,150	1,160	192	345,270	1,798	176	114,890	652
1858 -	122	95,460	782	169	296,000	1,751	223	153,760	689
1859 -	137	153,430	1,119	182	223,985	1,230	213	126,120	592
1860 -	145	175,011	1,206	230	249,370	1,084	183	113,705	621
1861 -	134	177,968	1,328	194	237,640	1,224	170	129,960	764
1862 -	112	178,280	1,591	193	287,151	1,487	179	121,170	676
1863 -	77	124,751	1,620	199	391,300	1,966	208	198,360	953
1864 -	77	175,975	2,285	219	340,030	1,552	197	839,540*	4,261
1865 -	81	166,050	2,050	210	430,050	2,047	210	312,660	1,488
1866 -	139	221,300	1,592	264	613,350	2,323	254	414,110	1,630

* This Year gives an exceptional return, as it includes the Case of the Banda and Kirwee Booty, which was entered in the sum of 700,000 *l.*

N.B.—The above Return is necessarily confined to those cases in which the amount of the action was specified in the institution of the cause, which during the first two or three years of the period comprised in the return was not invariably done. Hence the numbers of the causes given in this and in the preceding return do not always agree, but the difference is, generally speaking, immaterial, and for the purposes of comparison in no way affects the accuracy of the averages.

No. 3.

ADMIRALTY COURT.

RETURN showing the NUMBER of CAUSES INSTITUTED for AMOUNTS of 2,000 *l.* and upwards.

YEAR.	Salvage.	Damage.	Other Causes.	TOTAL.
1841 -	5	3	3	11
1842 -	4	3	2	9
1843 -	3	2	10	15
1844 -	1	5	7	13
1845 -	3	6	5	14
1846 -	4	6	4	14
1847 -	9	6	11	26
1848 -	4	7	9	20
1849 -	4	13	5	22
1850 -	6	15	3	24
1851 -	6	13	7	26
1852 -	8	19	4	31
1853 -	9	27	4	40
1854 -	16	23	8	47
1855 -	11	39	11	61
1856 -	16	30	14	60
1857 -	17	52	13	82
1858 -	11	44	15	70
1859 -	20	25	12	57
1860 -	27	35	9	71
1861 -	27	27	15	69
1862 -	34	33	14	81
1863 -	15	45	17	77
1864 -	27	43	11	81
1865 -	24	52	30	106
1866 -	38	62	37	137

No. 4.

ADMIRALTY COURT.

RETURN showing the NUMBER of CAUSES INSTITUTED for AMOUNTS of 10,000 *l.* and upwards.

YEAR.	Salvage.	Damage.	Other Causes.	TOTAL.
1841 -	–	–	–	–
1842 -	–	–	–	–
1843 -	1	–	–	1
1844 -	–	1	–	1
1845 -	–	–	–	–
1846 -	–	1	–	1
1847 -	2	–	–	2
1848 -	–	–	–	–
1849 -	–	3	–	3
1850 -	–	2	–	2
1851 -	1	–	–	1
1852 -	–	2	–	2
1853 -	–	1	–	1
1854 -	1	3	–	4
1855 -	2	1	1	4
1856 -	2	4	–	6
1857 -	–	6	–	6
1858 -	–	5	–	5
1859 -	3	1	–	4
1860 -	2	–	1	3
1861 -	2	1	–	3
1862 -	2	3	–	5
1863 -	2	7	–	9
1864 -	3	7	3	13
1865 -	3	6	7	16
1866 -	3	9	12	24

Whitehall,
18 June 1867.

BELMORE.

COURT OF ADMIRALTY.

COPIES of a STATEMENT made by the Registrar of the High Court of Admiralty of England to Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, showing the PROGRESS of the HIGH COURT of ADMIRALTY since the Year 1840; and, of a MEMORANDUM on the JURISDICTION and PRACTICE of the HIGH COURT of ADMIRALTY of *England*.

(*Mr. Secretary Gathorne Hardy.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
19 *June* 1867.

375.

Under 2 *oz.*

BANKRUPTCY COURT.

GENERAL RETURN for the Year ending the 11th day of October 1866, of all MATTERS JUDICIAL and FINANCIAL within "The BANKRUPTCY Act, 1861;" framed by the CHIEF REGISTRAR of the COURT.

(In pursuance of Section 67 of such Act, and of a General Order made under it, dated the 18th Day of July 1863.)

	London District Court.	Country District Courts.	County Courts.	TOTAL.
Number of Adjudications of Bankruptcy - -	2,955	1,627*	3,544	8,126
On Petition of a Creditor - - -	314	373	29	716
On Petition of a Debtor - - - -	2,022	1,029	2,846	5,897
By Registrars at the Prisons - - -	344	217	499	1,060
On Petitions in formâ pauperis - - -	269	5	170	444
On Judgment Debtor Summons - -	6	3	—	9
Number of Adjudications where the Debts of the Bankrupt exceeded 300 *l.* - - - - -	1,745	1,576	185	3,506
Number where the Debts did not exceed 300 *l.* -	1,210	51	3,359	4,620
Discharges Granted - - - - - - -	1,912	1,081	2,707	5,700
„ Suspended - - - - - -	150	107	100	357
„ Refused - - - - - - -	- -	15	92	107
Total Amount of Gross Produce realised from the several Bankrupts' Estates - - -	£. s. d. 217,258 10 6	£. s. d. 461,444 10 11	£. s. d. 51,658 16 10	£. s. d. 730,361 18 3
„ Amount realised by Creditors' Assignees -	183,217 19 8	274,523 15 4	6,529 7 11	464,271 2 11
„ Amount realised by Official Assignees - -	34,040 10 10	186,920 15 7†	45,129 8 11	266,090 15 4
Number of Cases in which a Dividend was made -	374	777	643	1,794
„ in which there was no Dividend -	2,641	846	2,120	5,607
„ in which Dividend was under 2 *s.* 6 *d.*	196	438	309	943
„ 2 *s.* 6 *d.* and under 5 *s.* -	98	184	170	452
„ 5 *s.* „ 7 *s.* 6 *d.*	39	69	76	184
„ 7 *s.* 6 *d.* „ 10 *s.* -	15	29	29	73
„ 10 *s.* „ 15 *s.* -	20	24	29	73
„ 15 *s.* „ 20 *s.* -	3	13	11	27
„ 20 *s.* - - - -	3	20	19	42

* Number of Adjudications in the several District Courts of Bankruptcy:—

Birmingham District { Birmingham - 302, Nottingham - 84 } 386; Bristol District, 176; Exeter District, 104.

Leeds District { Leeds - - 190, Hull - - 60, Sheffield - 66 } 316; Liverpool District, 286; Manchester District, 243; Newcastle District, 116.

† Birmingham District—Birmingham, 25,988 *l.* 16 *s.* 1 *d.*; Nottingham, 14,304 *l.* 19 *s.* 1 *d.*; Bristol District, 12,434 *l.* 0 *s.* 0 *d.*; Exeter District, 8,832 *l.* 1 *s.* 3 *d.*; Leeds District—Leeds, 66,643 *l.* 4 *s.* 10 *d.*; Hull, 4,737 *l.* 4 *s.* 0 *d.*; Sheffield, 13,589 *l.* 0 *s.* 2 *d.*; Liverpool District, 23,371 *l.* 18 *s.* 5 *d.*; Manchester District, 12,818 *l.* 11 *s.* 9 *d.*; Newcastle District, 4,201 *l.*

TRUST DEEDS.

	Number of Deeds Registered.	Amount of Stamp Duty.	Gross Value of Estate and Effects.
		£. s. d.	£.
Deeds of Assignment - - -	2,611	9,049 10 –	3,619,800
„ Composition - - -	2,714	7,174 10 –	2,862,800 *
„ Inspectorship - - -	133	7,481 5 –	2,992,500
TOTAL - -	5,458	23,705 5 –	9,475,100

* Gross Amount of Composition paid.

MASTER'S OFFICE.

Number of Bills taxed - - - - - - - - - - - - -				4,678
			£. s. d.	
Total Gross Amount - - - - - - - - - - -			90,343 9 9	
Amount of Solicitors' Bills - - - - -	£. 66,620 18 10			
„ of Messengers' Bills - - - - -	10,815 2 –			
„ of Assignees, and others, for travelling expenses, &c. - - - - - -	1,457 6 –			
„ of Auctioneers' Bills - - - - -	7,011 9 9			
„ of Accountants' Bills - - - - -	4,438 13 2			
Amount struck off, on taxation - - - - - - - -			9,195 14 5	

APPEALS.

Number of Appeals - - - - - - - - - - - - -		44
Cases in which Judgments were Affirmed - - - - - - -	14	
„ Reversed - - - - - - -	16	
„ Varied - - - - - - -	2	
„ Pending, Abandoned, or Arranged -	12	
Number of Appeals under Trust Deeds - - - - - - - - -		8
Cases in which Judgments were Affirmed - - - - - - -	3	
„ Reversed - - - - - - -	3	
„ Varied - - - - - - -	0	
„ Pending, Abandoned, or Arranged -	2	
Number of Appeals from County Courts - - - - - - - -		0
Cases in which Judgments were Affirmed - - - - - - -	0	
„ Reversed - - - - - - -	0	
„ Varied - - - - - - -	0	
„ Pending, Abandoned, or Arranged -	0	

MESSENGERS.

AN ACCOUNT of all FEES received by the Messengers in the London Court, and in the District Courts in the Country, in respect of anything done or duty discharged under any Bankruptcy; Also,

AN ACCOUNT of PAYMENTS actually disbursed and for assistance, including the Salaries of the Messengers and their Clerks; Also,

AN ACCOUNT of all Sums of Money received by way of DEPOSITS from or on account of any Bankrupt in trust for his Estate.

For Business done under the Bankruptcy Act, 1861, including Deposits applied to the Payment of Bills.	TOTAL RECEIPTS.	TOTAL PAYMENTS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
By the Messengers in London - - - -	13,939 7 7	10,362 17 11
By the Messengers in the Country District Courts, viz. :—		
Birmingham - - - - - -	3,894 8 3	2,794 3 1
Bristol - - - - - - -	2,085 13 9	1,610 8 6
Exeter - - - - - - -	1,259 4 10	1,222 18 3
Leeds - - - - - - -	3,939 17 11	3,038 13 6
Liverpool - - - - - -	3,364 12 11	2,616 14 9
Manchester - - - - - -	3,021 14 –	2,035 9 10
Newcastle - - - - - -	1,330 13 7	1,310 10 5
£.	32,835 12 10	24,991 16 3
SURPLUS - - - £.		7,843 16 7

	Received for Deposits.	Deposits returned or applied to the Payment of Bills.	Balance of Deposits in the Hands of the Messengers applicable to Payment of Costs in Cases not included, or to be returned to Persons making the Deposits.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
London - - - - -	18,189 7 6	12,995 – 3	5,194 7 3
Birmingham - - - -	1,950 13 4	1,666 19 1	283 14 3
Bristol - - - - -	839 7 5	624 11 –	214 16 5
Exeter - - - - -	177 4 2	116 3 10	61 – 4
Leeds - - - - -	290 5 1	233 10 –	56 15 1
Liverpool - - - - -	377 17 5	279 6 –	98 11 5
Manchester - - - -	116 10 4	111 16 5	4 13 11
Newcastle - - - - -	585 15 8	477 13 –	108 2 8
TOTAL - - - £.	22,527 – 11	16,504 19 7	6,022 1 4

HIGH BAILIFFS OF THE COUNTY COURTS.

	£. s. d.
Total Amount of Deposits received in matters of Bankruptcy - - -	7,453 5 5
* Total Amount of such Deposits returned or applied to the Payment of Bills -	6,517 18 2
Balance of Deposits remaining in the hands of the High Bailiffs - - -	941 15 1

* In One Court the Payments exceed the Deposits by 1 *l.* 7 *s.* 10 *d.*

COUNTY COURTS.

NAME OF COURT.	Registrars' Fees in Bankruptcy.			High Bailiffs' Fees in Bankruptcy.		
	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration.	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Aberdare	7 2 6	- -	7 2 6	13 1 2	5 18 4	7 2 10
Abergavenny	12 10 4	1 3 1	11 7 3	18 6 6	9 10 -	8 16 6
Aberayron	3 - -	1 6 6	1 13 6	6 1 -	3 10 9	2 10 3
Aberystwith	14 3 6	- 3 10	13 19 8	21 12 -	11 3 -	10 9 -
Abingdon	- -	- -	- -	7 3 8	3 18 -	3 5 8
Alcester	5 - -	2 10 2	2 9 10	2 8 2	1 5 10	1 2 4
Alfreton	51 - -	10 10 -	40 10 -	79 2 6	44 - -	35 2 6
Alnwick	16 10 11	- 14 9	15 16 -	9 1 2	5 3 7	3 17 7
Alston	—	—	—	—	—	—
Alton	6 9 10	3 5 -	3 4 10	10 6 6	6 4 8	4 1 10
Altrincham	7 6 10	- 5 7	7 1 3	10 3 5	6 9 1	3 14 4
Ambleside	- -	- -	- -	14 17 1	7 14 -	7 3 1
Ampthill	8 6 7	1 4 9	7 1 10	8 10 -	8 8 4	- 1 8
Andover	3 - -	- -	3 - -	4 16 9	1 8 6	3 8 3
Appleby	5 15 6	- 7 5	5 8 1	9 - 11	6 16 8	2 4 3
Arundel	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ashborne	3 - -	- 10 -	2 10 -	4 5 8	2 6 1	1 19 7
Ashby-de-la-Zouch	7 - 4	- 18 11	6 1 5	7 3 1	1 16 6	5 6 7
Ashford	17 3 1	- 1 8	17 1 5	15 13 7	9 3 11	6 9 8
Ashton-under-Lyne	18 16 4	2 17 8	15 18 8	48 3 1	27 13 5	20 9 8
Atherstone	—	—	—	—	—	—
Attleborough	- -	- -	- -	6 7 3	3 9 10	2 17 5
Axbridge	1 13 8	- - 10	1 12 10	4 4 -	2 5 7	1 18 5
Axminster	12 4 -	1 17 2	10 6 10	12 8 8	8 15 11	3 12 9
Aylesbury	41 16 7	1 2 4	40 14 3	32 18 6	16 13 -	16 5 6
Aylsham	1 - -	- -	1 - -	6 19 3	3 18 7	3 - 8
Bacup	4 18 9	- 8 -	4 10 9	13 17 6	7 10 6	6 7 -
Bakewell	2 2 -	- -	2 2 -	3 - -	2 1 3	- 18 9
Bala	—	—	—	—	—	—
Banbury	22 16 -	- 15 9	22 - 3	27 2 10	11 10 1	15 12 9
Bangor	10 11 -	- 14 8	9 16 4	16 16 -	11 10 3	5 5 9
Barnard Castle	12 11 9	- 13 2	11 18 7	20 - -	9 15 7	10 4 5
Barnsley	27 11 -	1 13 10	25 17 2	52 18 5	28 10 8	24 7 9
Barnstaple	- -	- -	- -	15 7 6	7 10 8	7 16 10
Barton-on-Humber	25 14 3	1 5 1	24 9 2	8 15 8	5 - 1	3 15 7
Basingstoke	5 3 3	- 7 6	4 15 9	24 - -	14 4 3	9 15 9
Bath	79 2 8	1 12 3	77 10 5	80 4 6	46 4 4	34 - 2
Bedford	42 15 6	1 16 11	40 18 7	55 2 3	31 - -	24 2 3
Beccles and Bungay	12 3 4	1 4 8	10 18 8	24 15 10	14 5 8	10 10 2
Belford	—	—	—	—	—	—
Beverley	6 13 -	- 11 2	6 1 10	16 9 1	7 17 1	8 12 -
Belper	9 - -	- 10 -	8 10 -	11 10 4	2 8 2	9 2 2
Bellingham	2 7 4	- 19 3	1 8 1	1 7 6	- 16 1	- 11 5
Berwick	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bicester	11 2 6	- 10 5	10 12 1	21 19 2	11 10 -	10 9 2
Bideford	8 1 3	- - 5	8 - 10	6 15 2	3 12 9	3 2 5
Biggleswade	9 7 9	- 5 9	9 2 -	10 15 10	6 7 -	4 8 10
Bingham	3 14 6	- 2 6	3 12 -	1 19 8	1 1 -	- 18 8
Birkenhead	96 14 1	11 2 7	85 11 6	159 14 2	93 4 4	66 9 10
Birmingham	724 19 7	60 - -	664 19 7	433 12 8	243 4 9	190 7 11
Bishops Stortford	- -	- -	- -	11 19 2	8 3 3	3 15 11
Bishops Auckland	5 16 3	1 1 9	4 14 6	20 7 -	9 14 6	10 12 6
Bishops Castle	2 3 -	- 2 9	2 - 3	—	—	—
Bishops Waltham	4 10 3	- 4 -	4 6 3	7 - 4	3 8 6	3 11 10
Blackburn	22 6 -	- 7 9	21 18 3	24 9 2	13 18 6	10 10 8
Blandford	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bodmin	8 2 6	3 17 6	4 5 -	28 4 10	13 17 3	14 7 7
Bolton	126 13 11	61 6 5	65 7 6	76 15 2	28 19 10	47 15 4
Boston	17 5 10	1 5 8	16 - 2	24 2 8	18 5 2	5 17 6
Bourne	3 16 4	- 8 -	3 8 4	18 15 4	10 19 10	7 15 6
Brackley	11 1 3	5 17 6	5 3 9	7 6 10	4 2 2	3 4 8
Bradford, York	166 13 3	19 15 -	146 18 3	198 4 -	105 5 7	92 18 5
Bradford, Wilts	16 12 6	1 10 -	15 2 6	7 17 -	3 12 2	4 4 10
Braintree	13 5 8	- 10 -	12 15 8	17 9 -	8 - 11	9 8 1
Brampton	2 5 -	- 5 -	2 - -	7 1 10	3 16 11	3 4 11
Brecknock	8 14 5	- 17 1	7 17 4	5 8 2	1 14 -	3 14 2

COUNTY COURTS—*continued.*

NAME OF COURT.	Registrars' Fees in Bankruptcy.			High Bailiffs' Fees in Bankruptcy.		
	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration.	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brentwood	2 – –	– –	2 – –	12 19 –	7 14 4	5 4 8
Bridgend and Cowbridge	4 11 –	– 15 3	3 15 9	No Return from the High Bailiff.*		
Bridgnorth	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bridgwater	23 19 –	1 8 9	22 10 3	28 11 10	14 12 8	13 19 2
Bridlington	7 5 6	– – 10	7 4 8	3 17 6	1 17 2	2 – 4
Bridport	12 7 4	– 17 1	11 10 3	8 11 11	3 10 10	5 1 1
Brigg	7 – 10	– 7 2	6 13 8	3 4 7	2 2 1	1 2 6
Brighton	111 17 –	1 13 11	110 3 1	159 8 6	90 1 7	69 6 11
Bristol	177 16 6	45 5 10	132 10 8	207 1 10	106 – 9	101 1 1
Bromsgrove	27 10 –	18 3 6	9 6 6	11 3 8	6 1 2	5 2 6
Bromyard	5 – –	3 13 4	1 6 8	5 12 10	3 7 4	2 5 6
Buckingham	5 – –	–	5 – –	20 6 2	13 11 2	6 15 –
Builth	—	—	—	—	—	—
Burnley	11 7 9	– 14 1	10 13 8	22 13 8	11 3 7	11 10 1
Burton-on-Trent	27 – –	5 10 –	21 10 –	53 9 3	32 3 3	21 6 –
Bury	24 19 11	2 8 2	22 11 9	62 10 7	32 13 6	29 17 1
Bury St. Edmunds	82 5 10	2 16 6	79 9 4	58 12 10	34 15 –	23 17 10
Caistor	7 3 9	– 10 11	6 12 10	2 8 11	1 10 7	– 18 4
Calne	1 10 –	–	1 10 –	—	—	—
Cambridge	107 14 –	3 15 1	103 18 11	66 1 9	35 – 2	31 1 7
Camelford	—	—	—	—	—	—
Canterbury	10 14 6	–	10 14 6	7 13 4	3 4 2	4 9 2
Cardiff	60 4 7	7 14 3	52 10 4	100 7 11	48 5 7	52 2 4
Cardigan	8 10 5	1 3 7	7 6 10	9 18 4	4 11 –	5 7 4
Carlisle	50 19 9	5 4 3	45 15 6	73 11 9	40 13 10	32 17 11
Carmarthen	2 – –	–	2 – –	5 – –	2 7 10	2 12 2
Carnarvon	11 – –	– 9 3	10 10 9	14 9 6	6 13 6	7 16 –
Chapel-en-Frith	3 2 5	– 2 8	2 19 9	5 8 8	2 6 4	3 2 4
Chard	2 8 2	– 4 8	2 3 6	—	—	—
Cheadle	1 15 3	– 2 2	1 13 1	6 10 –	4 9 6	2 – 6
Chelmsford	14 3 6	–	14 3 6	—	—	—
Cheltenham	59 3 4	6 17 1	52 6 3	69 15 4	43 4 11	26 10 5
Chepstow	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chertsey	1 5 –	–	1 5 –	7 9 2	4 5 –	3 4 2
Chesham	–	–	–	10 2 9	6 3 7	3 19 2
Chester	55 3 3	3 12 7	51 10 8	35 11 11	21 3 11	14 8 –
Chesterfield	37 – 8	3 4 11	33 15 9	43 – 9	23 3 3	19 17 6
Chichester	23 6 11	1 5 4	22 1 7	—	—	—
Chippenham	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chipping Norton	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chipping Sodbury	–	–	–	3 8 8	1 8 –	2 – 8
Chorley	1 17 6	–	1 17 6	3 9 8	1 13 6	1 16 2
Christchurch	13 13 8	– 5 5	13 8 3	16 16 10	7 7 9	9 9 1
Cirencester	2 16 6	– 2 9	2 13 9	3 18 4	2 – 7	1 17 9
Cleobury	—	—	—	—	—	—
Clitheroe	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cockermouth	11 14 –	– 14 5	10 19 7	12 2 6	5 12 6	6 10 –
Colchester	11 7 4	– 5 8	11 1 8	29 15 8	17 15 5	12 – 3
Colne	8 7 –	– 15 4	7 11 8	9 10 3	5 1 –	4 9 3
Congleton	68 13 6	2 11 9	66 1 9	61 6 6	37 5 5	24 1 1
Conway	23 5 –	–	23 5 –	40 4 7	21 11 –	18 13 7
Corwen	—	—	—	—	—	—
Coventry	7 10 10	– 6 9	7 4 1	57 12 2	29 5 6	28 6 8
Crediton	3 1 6	– – 3	3 1 3	3 19 8	1 17 8	2 2 –
Crewkerne	2 18 6	– 8 6	2 10 –	—	—	—
Crickhowell	–	–	–	6 10 4	3 6 11	3 3 5
Cuckfield	33 12 2	4 6 –	29 6 2	3 11 10	1 16 3	1 15 7
Darlington	15 3 9	2 13 11	12 9 10	51 8 –	29 11 7	21 16 5
Dartford	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daventry	19 19 7	– 8 3	19 11 4	22 2 2	12 5 5	9 16 9
Deal	8 6 6	1 3 8	7 2 10	9 3 –	5 6 –	3 17 –
Denbigh	–	–	–	5 18 3	3 4 –	2 14 3
Derby	195 3 –	16 3 6	178 19 6	130 6 –	69 18 8	60 7 4

* Five applications have been made to the High Bailiff of the County Court at Bridgend and Cowbridge, viz., three by the Chief Registrar of the Court of Bankruptcy, and two by the Superintendent of County Courts, but no Return has been received, and no notice whatever has been taken of these applications.

COUNTY COURTS—*continued.*

NAME OF COURT.	Registrars' Fees in Bankruptcy.			High Bailiffs' Fees in Bankruptcy.		
	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration.	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Dewsbury	87 17 –	1 4 8	86 12 4	127 10 3	65 16 –	61 14 3
Devizes	17 5 5	1 5 –	16 – 5	18 19 1	5 15 8	13 3 5
Dolgelly	—	—	—	—	—	—
Doncaster	13 – –	–	13 – –	44 1 6	24 7 11	19 3 7
Dorchester	26 16 10	3 – –	23 16 10	41 16 8	24 8 2	17 8 6
Downham Market	7 14 11	– 5 8	7 9 3	19 9 10	9 15 5	9 14 5
Dorking	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dover	4 15 3	– 2 1	4 13 2	12 12 6	9 14 9	2 17 9
Droitwich	3 – 4	– 7 5	2 12 11	4 11 6	3 4 2	1 7 4
Dudley	134 14 5	12 19 10	121 14 7	168 14 4	89 3 6	79 10 10
Dunmow	11 4 4	1 18 –	9 6 4	17 5 –	9 17 –	7 8 –
Durham	49 14 –	31 10 –	18 4 –	11 5 6	6 – –	5 5 6
Dursley	1 – –	–	1 – –	—	—	—
East Dereham	17 16 3	– 15 5	17 – 10	34 10 5	19 9 –	15 1 5
East Grinstead	19 9 11	– 14 9	18 15 2	14 1 2	7 16 8	6 4 6
East Retford	35 6 5	3 4 9	32 1 8	46 – 8	21 13 5	24 7 3
Easingwold	—	—	—	—	—	—
East Stonehouse	101 14 4	12 3 4	89 11 –	162 10 10	81 19 3	80 11 7
Ely	6 4 1	– 12 3	5 11 10	13 6 6	6 9 10	6 16 8
Evesham	2 4 8	– – 8	2 4 –	2 10 –	1 7 2	1 2 10
Epsom	—	—	—	—	—	—
Exeter	109 – 3	11 13 4	97 6 11	161 17 8	81 19 4	79 18 4
Eye and Diss	40 11 –	2 6 2	38 4 10	16 18 6	10 14 9	6 3 9
Falmouth	—	—	—	—	—	—
Farnham	15 2 8	– 7 2	14 15 6	12 14 8	5 5 3	7 9 5
Farringdon	2 11 9	– 6 –	2 5 9	5 9 4	1 14 5	3 14 11
Faversham	2 – –	–	2 – –	3 16 10	1 16 6	2 – 4
Folkestone	4 16 6	– 1 –	4 15 6	31 7 2	18 5 2	13 2 –
Fordingbridge	—	—	—	—	—	—
Framlingham and Saxmundham	5 17 9	– 7 4	5 10 5	10 6 4	5 15 4	4 11 –
Frome	3 – –	–	3 – –	—	—	—
Gainsborough	52 14 4	5 10 5	47 3 11	80 5 9	57 16 2	22 9 7
Gateshead	29 19 1	1 5 10	28 13 3	23 5 11	14 3 4	9 2 7
Garstang	—	—	—	—	—	—
Glossop	1 16 2	– 4 6	1 11 8	1 18 6	1 1 10	– 16 8
Gloucester	66 6 6	1 12 3	64 14 3	91 17 3	53 17 3	38 – –
Godalming	2 11 6	– 3 6	2 8 –	4 11 8	2 8 11	2 2 9
Goole	—	—	—	—	—	—
Grantham	24 3 11	2 14 –	21 9 11	43 4 8	22 4 10	20 19 10
Gravesend	24 15 –	2 15 8	21 19 4	50 11 2	27 3 3	23 7 11
Great Driffield	9 2 6	– 7 11	8 14 7	12 14 11	7 – 8	5 14 3
Great Grimsby	19 4 4	– 18 9	18 5 7	19 2 6	12 15 11	6 6 7
Guildford	52 17 11	1 8 6	51 9 5	73 5 6	43 9 1	29 16 5
Hadleigh	6 4 7	– 15 10	5 8 9	8 7 6	4 5 10	4 1 8
Halesworth	12 13 –	– 12 3	12 – 9	7 15 –	4 9 4	3 5 8
Halifax	132 16 1	32 – –	100 16 1	115 13 9	59 3 10	56 9 11
Halstead	1 10 2	– 5 4	1 4 10	3 – 2	1 5 6	1 14 8
Haltwhistle	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hanley Burslem and Tunstall	77 – 1	2 11 8	14 8 5	231 8 11	134 19 7	96 9 4
Harleston	2 15 8	– 5 6	2 10 2	1 8 –	– 18 –	– 10 –
Hartlepool	11 15 6	– 5 6	11 10 –	5 1 8	3 6 6	1 15 2
Harwich	—	—	—	—	—	—
Haslingden and Accrington	7 8 4	– – 4	7 8 –	8 14 7	5 – 2	3 14 5
Hastings	68 9 –	6 2 8	62 6 4	129 4 4	82 2 9	47 1 7
Haverfordwest	4 11 6	–	4 11 6	7 – –	3 17 –	3 3 –
Haverhill	–	–	–	10 1 11	5 14 5	4 7 6
Hay	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hedon	1 17 5	–	1 17 5	4 2 –	2 12 –	1 10 –
Helmsley	—	—	—	—	—	—
Helston	—	—	—	—	—	—
Henley-on-Thames	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hereford	43 11 8	– 5 5	43 6 3	26 5 7	13 12 6	12 13 1
Hertford	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hexham	1 5 –	–	1 5 –	2 16 6	1 13 8	1 2 10
High Wycombe	28 12 10	1 7 3	27 5 7	33 11 3	19 4 6	14 6 9

COUNTY COURTS—*continued.*

NAME OF COURT.	Registrars' Fees in Bankruptcy.			High Bailiffs' Fees in Bankruptcy.		
	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration.	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Hinckley	6 – –	– –	6 – –	11 1 10	5 1 6	6 – 4
Hitchin	—	—	—	—	—	—
Holbeach	9 11 2	1 9 4	8 1 10	15 1 11	7 14 3	7 7 8
Holsworthy	—	—	—	—	—	—
Holt	– – –	– – –	– – –	7 11 –	4 13 6	2 17 6
Holmfirth	– – –	– – –	– – –	12 – –	5 3 6	6 16 6
Holywell	—	—	—	—	—	—
Honiton	33 11 10	3 – 11	30 10 11	36 18 9	16 13 6	20 5 3
Horncastle	42 4 9	1 19 7	40 5 2	22 8 –	15 2 5	7 5 7
Horsham	1 3 –	– – 6	1 2 6	4 – 8	2 5 1	1 15 7
Howden	– 9 6	– 1 6	– 8 –	1 7 –	– 15 –	– 12 –
Huddersfield	86 10 5	– – –	86 10 5	71 6 11	40 3 7	31 3 4
Hungerford	2 – –	– 2 8	1 17 4	6 – –	3 1 10	2 18 2
Huntingdon	25 18 9	1 18 6	24 – 3	7 8 2	4 – 11	3 7 3
Hyde	14 6 7	2 5 8	12 – 11	21 14 2	10 3 11	11 10 3
Hythe	– – –	– – –	– – –	3 16 4	1 12 –	2 4 4
Ipswich	60 5 –	3 19 4	56 5 8	86 – –	41 – –	45 – –
Kendal	29 1 7	1 3 3	27 18 4	36 11 –	24 12 5	11 18 7
Keighley	11 15 6	– 6 5	11 9 1	13 15 4	6 5 8	7 9 8
Keswick	7 17 3	– 15 1	7 2 2	11 1 11	8 3 3	2 18 8
Kettering	– – –	– – –	– – –	10 19 8	6 10 –	4 9 8
Kidderminster	34 12 3	2 2 2	32 10 1	24 16 –	13 12 1	11 3 11
Kingston-upon-Hull	40 2 7	2 6 1	37 16 6	79 11 –	42 14 6	36 16 6
Kingston	9 10 7	– 6 1	9 4 6	11 11 6	6 15 9	4 15 9
King's Lynn	19 10 10	– 4 4	19 6 6	13 15 3	7 – 1	6 15 2
Kirkby Lonsdale	4 10 3	– 3 1	4 7 2	10 13 10	6 – 2	4 13 8
Kirkham	4 2 4	– 2 10	3 19 6	6 – 8	3 18 2	2 2 6
Kingsbridge	—	—	—	—	—	—
Knaresborough	14 15 5	1 11 –	13 4 5	31 19 11	15 9 3	16 10 8
Knighton	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lampeter	13 5 6	7 1 –	6 4 6	5 9 6	3 2 –	2 7 6
Lancaster	47 14 8	7 15 8	39 19 –	29 3 2	15 18 2	13 5 –
Langport	4 – –	– – –	4 – –	12 – –	7 13 10	4 6 2
Launceston	29 – 11	2 6 –	26 14 11	57 14 2	37 4 10	20 9 4
Ledbury	– – –	– – –	– – –	1 5 –	– 9 8	– 15 4
Leeds	179 1 1	11 – 7	168 – 6	327 13 –	183 7 11	144 5 1
Leek	27 16 2	1 9 4	26 6 10	42 16 5	24 7 2	18 9 3
Leicester	70 18 9	– 16 5	70 2 4	87 6 3	49 13 9	37 12 6
Leigh	3 14 4	– 13 –	3 1 4	6 10 11	3 8 10	3 2 1
Leighton Buzzard	7 1 9	– – 8	7 1 1	16 2 9	11 8 11	4 13 10
Leominster	29 16 2	2 3 5	27 12 9	8 1 8	2 18 10	5 2 10
Lewes	123 19 1	4 5 2	119 13 11	89 3 1	39 17 4	49 5 9
Leyburn	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lichfield	71 6 10	6 6 3	65 – 7	15 16 4	8 5 10	7 10 6
Lincoln	75 1 6	12 2 2	62 19 4	99 17 4	57 2 11	42 14 5
Liskeard	7 18 10	– 5 2	7 13 8	2 7 –	1 5 –	1 2 –
Little Walsingham	53 19 6	4 17 5	49 2 1	62 9 1	35 3 1	27 6 –
Liverpool	544 – 1	98 6 2	445 13 11	430 15 7	258 14 7	172 1 –
Llandeilofawr	—	—	—	—	—	—
Landovery	—	—	—	—	—	—
Langefni and Holyhead	9 18 –	1 18 6	7 19 6	25 6 4	12 12 6	12 13 10
Llanidloes	—	—	—	—	—	—
Llanelly	8 3 10	– 11 10	7 12 –	13 1 10	7 15 8	5 6 2
Llanfyllin	9 14 10	– 8 9	9 6 1	13 3 2	7 4 6	5 18 8
Llanrwest	2 5 –	– – –	2 5 –	3 17 8	2 3 3	1 14 5
Loughborough	61 16 4	8 11 7	53 4 9	76 15 8	41 8 11	35 6 9
Louth	5 1 7	– 2 3	4 19 4	10 6 8	8 6 2	2 – 6
Lowestoft	8 10 –	– 3 6	8 6 6	7 2 8	3 2 1	4 – 7
Ludlow	– – –	– – –	– – –	3 14 10	2 14 1	1 – 9
Luton	48 7 5	7 12 3	40 15 2	81 4 9	54 1 5	27 3 4
Lutterworth	13 12 9	– 13 8	12 19 1	12 6 9	6 11 1	5 15 8
Lymington	9 1 6	– 8 –	8 13 6	16 – –	10 2 10	5 17 2
Macclesfield	13 6 8	2 13 4	10 13 4	11 16 8	7 12 4	4 4 4
Machynlleth	18 8 9	1 2 6	17 6 3	26 6 11	13 14 1	12 12 10
Madeley	40 8 –	4 10 3	35 17 9	40 4 8	18 11 1	21 13 7
Maidstone	45 4 10	– 3 6	45 1 4	27 18 10	18 10 4	9 8 6

COUNTY COURTS—*continued.*

NAME OF COURT.	Registrars' Fees in Bankruptcy.			High Bailiffs' Fees in Bankruptcy.		
	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration.	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Malden	5 15 4	– 7 1	5 8 3	14 17 7	8 15 11	6 1 8
Malmesbury	5 7 4	– 9 3	4 18 1	6 8 6	3 18 –	2 10 6
Manchester	362 11 3	55 9 2	307 2 1	322 1 9	195 – 6	127 1 3
Mansfield	9 10 6	– 8 8	9 1 10	8 1 4	3 16 6	4 4 10
March	2 8 7	– 7 3	2 1 4	2 10 4	– 15 6	1 14 10
Margate	– 15 3	– 6 9	– 8 6	2 7 2	1 8 11	– 18 3
Market Bosworth	2 7 –	– 2 10	2 4 2	78 9 4	39 – –	39 9 4
Market Drayton	1 – –	–	1 – –	2 17 –	1 9 3	1 7 9
Market Harborough	4 16 2	– 5 –	4 11 2	8 18 1	5 3 4	3 14 9
Market Rasen	13 1 8	1 10 –	11 11 8	16 1 8	13 7 6	2 14 2
Marlborough	4 2 9	– 7 9	3 15 –	4 9 8	2 12 7	1 17 1
Melksham	—	—	—	—	—	—
Melton Mowbray	—	—	—	—	—	—
Merthyr Tydfil	24 15 –	2 15 –	22 – –	45 9 1	21 2 9	24 6 4
Midhurst	5 15 6	– 7 4	5 8 2	7 5 3	4 2 4	3 2 11
Mildenhall	2 17 9	– 11 9	2 6 –	3 6 8	1 17 7	1 9 1
Mold and Flint	—	—	—	—	—	—
Monmouth	16 1 1	1 – 10	15 – 3	7 15 –	3 15 1	3 19 11
Morpeth	27 8 3	– 7 6	27 – 9	15 6 9	10 5 8	5 1 1
Nantwich and Crew	25 18 10	3 6 1	22 12 9	41 14 5	24 – 8	17 13 9
Narberth	7 6 7	– 11 4	6 15 3	7 8 2	4 4 5	3 3 9
Neath	58 11 –	5 15 –	52 16 –	68 15 7	34 10 8	34 4 11
Newark	86 4 11	3 8 4	82 16 7	90 2 9	38 4 11	51 17 10
Newbury	8 – –	–	8 – –	22 4 2	14 10 8	7 13 6
Newcastle-in-Emlyn	4 10 1	– 2 8	4 7 5	10 7 10	5 12 7	4 15 3
Newcastle-upon-Tyne	92 – –	–	92 – –	104 8 10	63 8 11	40 19 11
Newcastle-under-Lyme	17 10 1	– 14 8	16 15 5	29 8 11	16 8 5	13 – 6
Newent	3 4 6	– 4 8	2 19 10	—	—	—
New Malton	10 19 2	1 7 6	9 11 8	17 1 1	10 – 2	7 – 11
Newmarket	16 11 6	1 7 –	15 4 6	4 3 8	2 13 6	1 10 2
Newnham	25 10 6	–	25 10 6	22 1 4	10 7 4	11 14 –
Newport (Monmouth)	14 6 6	– 5 –	14 1 6	44 11 5	25 12 4	18 19 1
Newport (Isle of Wight)	103 7 3	2 18 10	100 8 5	61 16 2	37 14 5	24 1 9
Newport Pagnell	10 17 9	1 3 4	9 14 5	38 17 1	20 17 6	17 19 7
Newport (Salop)	—	—	—	—	—	—
Newton Abbot and Torquay	17 11 8	– 8 4	17 3 4	21 6 –	13 5 1	8 – 11
Newtown	18 – 9	– 19 4	17 1 5	37 15 2	21 17 8	15 17 6
Northallerton	2 – –	–	2 – –	16 10 4	10 9 11	6 – 5
Northampton	98 2 4	1 9 6	96 12 10	146 5 1	88 19 3	57 5 10
Northleach	—	—	—	—	—	—
North Shields	12 3 7	– 1 10	12 1 9	27 3 11	15 11 6	11 12 5
North Walsham	2 7 5	– 7 3	2 – 2	19 15 4	11 4 10	8 10 6
Northwich	19 10 –	– 5 9	19 4 3	38 16 1	23 1 7	15 14 6
Norwich	109 4 7	14 17 10	94 6 9	147 18 11	78 19 4	68 19 7
Nottingham	114 10 –	30 5 10	84 4 2	104 18 10	55 1 6	49 17 4
Nuneaton	5 – –	–	5 – –	4 – –	1 16 3	2 3 9
Oakham	22 14 6	1 5 –	21 9 6	24 17 10	10 17 2	14 – 8
Okehampton	—	—	—	—	—	—
Oldbury	61 6 1	10 6 –	51 – 1	87 6 2	48 7 11	38 18 3
Oldham	68 15 2	1 5 5	67 9 9	85 4 2	50 7 6	34 16 8
Ormskirk	18 2 5	– 18 5	17 4 –	14 2 8	6 14 5	7 8 3
Oswestry	13 15 10	– 17 10	12 18 –	15 5 5	8 12 4	6 13 1
Otley	7 6 1	4 – 7	3 5 6	13 17 4	6 9 4	7 8 –
Oundle	2 7 9	– 2 9	2 5 –	4 19 9	2 18 5	2 1 4
Oxford	8 15 2	1 2 8	7 12 6	7 7 8	3 15 7	3 12 1
Pembroke	3 – –	–	3 – –	13 9 6	7 7 5	6 2 1
Penrith	31 10 5	1 9 9	30 – 8	32 15 5	13 9 9	19 5 8
Penzance	2 – –	–	2 – –	—	—	—
Pershore	8 16 11	– 3 8	8 13 3	8 3 10	4 12 6	3 11 4
Peterborough	10 – –	– 10 –	9 10 –	12 8 –	7 6 7	5 1 5
Petersfield	1 6 10	– – 4	1 6 6	—	—	—
Petworth	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pocklington	7 18 7	– 12 4	7 6 3	7 12 7	3 18 2	3 14 5
Pontefract	22 – 2	2 9 4	19 10 10	23 18 2	11 – 7	12 17 7
Pontypool	13 4 10	1 10 4	11 14 6	16 18 11	8 17 2	8 1 9
Pontypridd	8 15 –	–	8 15 –	19 12 8	8 6 10	11 5 10
Poole	4 – 6	– 1 8	3 18 10	4 10 4	2 4 11	2 5 5
Portmadoc	—	—	—	—	—	—

COUNTY COURTS—*continued.*

NAME OF COURT.	Registrars' Fees in Bankruptcy.			High Bailiffs' Fees in Bankruptcy.		
	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration.	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Portsmouth	229 8 7	63 3 –	166 5 7	187 10 1	120 14 3	66 15 10
Poulton-in-the-Fylde	2 9 10	- -	2 9 10	14 – –	8 8 5	5 11 7
Presteigne	—	—	—	—	—	—
Preston	38 2 10	4 10 –	33 12 10	22 12 1	12 3 7	10 8 6
Pwllheli	19 11 8	– 10 4	19 1 4	4 7 2	2 11 7	1 15 7
Ramsgate	6 8 8	– 8 5	6 – 3	2 9 8	1 11 5	– 18 3
Reading	18 14 4	2 6 5	16 17 11	30 3 7	16 1 7	14 2 –
Reigate	7 5 9	– 15 11	6 9 10	8 7 –	3 7 3	4 19 9
Redditch	8 10 8	– 8 9	8 1 11	15 14 –	8 12 11	7 1 1
Redruth	39 15 10	2 13 –	37 2 10	52 19 –	34 13 7	18 5 5
Richmond (Yorkshire)	3 2 1	– – 11	3 1 2	6 7 9	3 19 11	2 7 10
Ripon	11 10 5	– 2 11	11 7 6	5 12 2	2 13 5	2 18 9
Rhayader	4 17 4	- -	4 17 4	12 – –	6 5 10	5 14 2
Rochdale	20 14 –	– 5 8	20 8 4	15 8 7	8 13 5	6 15 2
Rochester	67 5 11	15 – 2	52 5 9	12 3 2	6 19 1	5 4 1
Rochford	4 14 10	– 5 7	4 9 3	5 14 6	3 5 1	2 9 5
Romney	3 5 8	- -	3 5 8	—	—	—
Romsey	8 19 3	1 7 7	7 11 8	18 4 4	11 3 10	7 – 6
Ross	16 17 10	1 4 7	15 13 3	16 19 2	9 14 4	7 4 10
Rothbury	—	—	—	—	—	—
Rotherham	24 17 10	2 4 11	22 12 11	41 6 2	22 12 11	18 13 3
Royston	—	—	—	—	—	—
Rugeley	- -	- -	- -	12 12 10	7 11 5	5 1 5
Rugby	7 10 6	- -	7 10 6	8 9 4	4 9 5	3 19 11
Ruthin	1 10 –	– – 2	1 9 10	3 – 5	1 7 1	1 13 4
Runcorn	—	—	—	—	—	—
Rye	2 – –	- -	2 – –	7 6 –	3 7 6	3 18 6
Saffron Walden	2 18 5	– 8 10	2 9 7	—	—	—
Scarborough	11 19 4	– 9 8	11 9 8	20 1 1	10 7 4	9 13 9
Sandwich	4 7 2	– 8 –	3 19 2	5 13 8	4 4 5	1 9 3
St. Asaph	16 11 –	2 17 –	13 14 –	48 15 2	28 3 9	20 11 5
Seaham Harbour	—	—	—	—	—	—
St. Albans	6 5 –	- -	6 5 –	12 8 9	7 3 4	5 5 5
St. Austell	14 12 8	1 2 10	13 9 10	18 10 8	10 1 9	8 8 11
St. Columb Major	—	—	—	—	—	—
St. Helens	39 19 6	– 18 11	39 – 7	55 6 4	30 17 7	24 8 9
St. Neots	6 12 5	– 1 7	6 10 10	9 10 –	5 11 2	3 18 10
Saddleworth	10 1 7	– 13 11	9 7 8	8 12 2	5 5 8	3 6 6
Salisbury	- -	- -	- -	6 – 11	2 18 5	3 2 6
Salford	162 8 4	14 6 10	148 1 6	169 6 5	111 11 5	57 15 –
Selby	6 5 –	- -	6 5 –	13 1 10	7 11 4	5 10 6
Settle	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sevenoaks	—	—	—	—	—	—
Shaftesbury	9 3 7	– 11 4	8 12 –	7 6 6	3 18 10	3 7 8
Sheerness	6 – –	- -	6 – –	3 13 2	1 17 –	1 16 2
Shipston	27 2 2	2 3 3	24 18 11	26 4 4	15 10 4	10 14 –
Shotley Bridge	5 7 10	– 1 10	5 6 –	5 6 –	2 14 5	2 11 7
Shrewsbury	26 7 6	– 14 5	25 13 1	35 3 2	18 8 10	16 14 4
Sheffield	211 – 11	75 5 8	135 15 3	160 12 8	106 5 –	54 7 8
Sittingbourne	3 3 –	- -	3 3 –	31 7 6	18 13 5	12 14 1
Skipton	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sleaford	18 16 8	1 19 3	16 17 5	16 9 6	12 2 3	4 7 3
Soham	—	—	—	—	—	—
Solihull	3 10 6	- -	3 10 6	3 – –	10 1 –	—
Southam	—	—	—	—	—	—
Southampton	109 16 6	7 4 6	102 12 –	144 17 1	77 – 11	67 16 2
South Molten	4 17 1	– 13 –	4 4 1	9 16 10	5 9 4	4 7 6
South Shields	24 – –	- -	24 – –	39 11 10	19 10 1	20 1 9
Spalding	3 11 6	- -	3 11 6	19 7 1	11 3 2	8 3 11
Spilsby	4 17 9	– 6 8	4 11 1	8 1 8	6 5 5	1 16 3
Stafford	10 16 10	– 16 5	10 – 5	43 7 3	26 15 3	16 12 –
Stamford	8 18 10	– 5 5	8 13 5	32 14 6	17 9 7	15 4 11
Stockton-on-Tees and Middlesborough.	160 – 1	– 3 7	159 16 6	130 – 6	73 – 6	57 – –
Stockport	20 16 5	1 13 6	19 2 11	26 19 6	16 12 6	10 7 –
Stoke-upon-Trent and Longton	101 15 9	1 18 2	99 17 7	118 8 5	72 17 1	45 11 4
Stokesley	12 7 1	– 4 9	12 2 4	23 13 4	12 5 4	11 8 –
Stone	7 12 –	2 1 10	5 10 2	8 12 4	4 17 5	3 14 11

COUNTY COURTS—*continued.*

NAME OF COURT.	Registrars' Fees in Bankruptcy.			High Bailiffs' Fee in Bankruptcy.		
	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration.	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Stourbridge	68 – 9	11 16 6	56 4 3	102 7 9	51 2 5	51 5 4
Stow	—	—	—	—	—	—
Stow Market	4 9 2	– 12 9	3 16 5	16 16 –	9 13 6	7 2 6
Stratford-on-Avon	2 – –	- -	2 – –	3 2 4	1 11 6	1 10 10
Stroud	12 – –	- -	12 – –	30 6 –	18 6 4	11 19 8
Sudbury	18 14 4	– 14 9	17 19 7	15 16 2	9 1 4	6 14 10
Sunderland	74 2 11	– 9 2	73 13 9	61 12 7	33 2 3	38 10 4
Swaffham	7 12 3	– 5 9	7 6 6	9 4 8	5 5 3	3 19 5
Swansea	90 12 6	4 9 10	86 2 8	104 11 8	46 2 9	58 8 11
Swindon	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tadcaster	4 4 1	– 6 9	3 17 4	6 13 10	3 6 –	3 7 10
Tamworth	10 19 6	4 14 –	6 5 6	6 8 4	4 10 6	1 17 10
Taunton	6 6 2	- 5 –	6 1 2	7 15 7	3 19 3	3 16 4
Tavistock	—	—	—	—	—	—
Temple Cloud	- -	- -	- -	13 – 10	6 16 7	6 4 3
Tenbury	2 14 2	– 2 4	2 11 10	5 7 2	3 2 10	2 4 4
Tenterden	2 17 9	– 2 2	2 15 7	—	—	—
Tewkesbury	10 5 6	– 3 3	10 2 3	13 16 9	4 18 1	8 18 8
Thame	9 18 7	– 19 2	8 19 5	19 3 6	9 3 3	10 – 3
Thetford	7 14 7	– 3 4	7 11 3	16 3 10	8 18 2	7 5 8
Thirsk	12 2 9	– 13 –	11 9 9	15 5 1	9 4 1	6 1 –
Thornbury	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thorne	- -	- -	- -	23 14 6	14 13 8	9 – 10
Thrapston	3 9 7	– 4 7	3 5 –	5 3 2	2 19 7	2 3 7
Tiverton	51 5 10	3 9 7	47 16 3	50 12 11	29 – 10	21 12 1
Todmorden	3 5 8	– 4 –	3 1 8	5 15 9	3 1 6	2 14 3
Tonbridge	13 5 2	– 3 4	13 1 10	17 12 1	9 2 5	8 9 8
Tonbridge Wells	17 5 1	– 17 1	16 8 –	20 9 6	12 3 10	8 5 8
Towington	- -	- -	- -	2 7 4	1 3 9	1 3 7
Totness	30 2 5	2 16 4	27 6 1	10 14 6	7 8 5	3 6 1
Towcester	6 3 6	– 2 8	6 – 10	14 15 11	7 4 8	7 11 3
Tredegar	48 4 11	3 8 –	44 16 11	44 4 2	25 7 8	18 16 6
Trowbridge	6 – –	- -	6 – –	13 4 8	7 11 4	5 13 4
Truro	95 – 5	14 15 3	80 5 2	72 17 2	41 8 –	31 9 2
Ulverstone	11 8 9	– 16 2	10 12 7	18 19 –	9 13 10	9 5 2
Uppingham	5 – –	- -	5 – –	7 – 6	6 11 8	– 8 10
Upton	3 7 2	– 8 2	2 19 –	4 19 3	3 10 8	1 8 7
Usk	2 18 10	– – 10	2 18 –	7 3 4	4 4 11	2 18 5
Uttoxeter	1 9 11	– – 7	1 9 4	9 1 10	5 7 11	3 13 11
Wakefield	20 18 7	– 2 –	20 16 7	32 2 –	15 11 3	16 10 9
Wallingford	5 19 4	- -	5 19 4	13 18 10	9 10 5	4 8 5
Walsall	119 5 7	3 17 8	115 7 11	108 16 –	58 – 8	50 15 4
Wantage	—	—	—	—	—	—
Warrington	46 11 11	3 8 2	43 3 –	46 1 6	27 13 9	18 7 9
Watford	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wareham	—	—	—	—	—	—
Warminster	- -	- -	- -	5 18 4	3 16 6	2 1 10
Warwick	12 2 6	– 13 2	11 9 4	17 3 4	8 17 1	8 6 3
Wem	3 – –	- -	3 – –	—	—	—
Wellingborough	31 12 9	– 15 3	30 17 6	43 16 1	23 10 5	20 5 8
Weymouth	8 – –	- -	8 – –	—	—	—
Wellington (Salop)	3 10 2	- -	3 10 2	37 13 1	15 16 4	21 16 9
Wellington (Somerset)	- -	- -	- -	2 7 2	– 16 –	1 11 2
Welchpool	30 15 –	– 16 –	29 19 –	10 15 –	6 12 8	4 2 4
Wells (Somerset)	59 10 7	2 10 11	56 19 8	64 2 1	36 4 10	27 17 3
Westbury	—	—	—	—	—	—
Weston-super-Mare	23 16 11	1 12 2	22 4 9	64 12 –	37 17 11	26 14 1
Whitchurch	34 10 9	1 3 7	33 7 2	37 8 4	24 9 6	12 18 10
Whitehaven	34 10 –	1 1 6	33 8 6	37 8 11	17 17 11	19 11 –
Whitby	22 5 10	4 8 10	17 17 –	23 15 6	10 14 2	13 1 4
Wigan	7 1 2	– 1 5	6 19 9	17 9 5	6 – –	11 9 5
Wigton	6 7 –	– 10 11	5 16 1	17 15 11	7 – 2	10 15 9
Wimbourne Minster	23 19 3	– 15 –	23 4 3	21 15 1	10 16 6	10 18 7
Williton	6 10 5	1 4 –	5 6 5	12 8 11	5 10 5	6 18 6
Winchester	33 7 8	1 6 9	32 – 11	48 7 8	26 18 4	21 9 4
Wincanton	15 16 4	1 9 4	14 7 –	15 7 10	7 3 6	8 4 4
Winchcomb	1 16 10	– 1 –	1 15 10	3 3 2	1 16 6	1 6 8

COUNTY COURTS—*continued.*

NAME OF COURT.	Registrars' Fees in Bankruptcy.			High Bailiffs' Fees in Bankruptcy.		
	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration.	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Windsor	17 5 9	3 9 3	13 16 6	25 6 2	14 8 5	10 17 9
Wirk-worth	8 – –	–	8 – –	17 11 8	7 18 3	9 13 5
Wisbeach	4 16 5	– 3 6	4 12 11	5 8 6	2 9 11	2 18 7
Witney	3 – –	–	3 – –	7 14 11	3 17 9	3 17 2
Wolsingham	46 4 5	2 12 9	43 11 8	27 9 4	12 18 11	14 10 5
Wolverhampton	166 7 3	4 15 –	161 12 3	117 10 10	78 12 9	38 18 1
Woodbridge	4 14 3	– 4 7	4 9 8	5 9 10	2 6 6	3 3 4
Woodstock	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wooler	3 7 2	– – 8	3 6 6	1 10 2	– 13 9	– 16 5
Worcester	85 3 3	1 15 4	83 7 11	91 14 8	53 13 8	38 1 –
Wrexham	68 6 7	3 – 10	65 5 9	65 15 7	37 – 11	28 14 8
Worksop	19 16 4	2 13 4	17 3 –	46 4 4	23 – –	23 4 4
Worthing	11 18 6	– 10 11	11 7 7	35 1 8	17 6 6	17 15 2
Wymondham	8 14 10	– 7 11	8 6 11	14 16 1	8 9 7	6 6 6
Yarmouth	8 13 1	– 19 3	7 13 10	41 10 10	23 5 3	18 5 7
Yeovil	35 13 4	1 10 10	34 2 6	37 2 8	20 6 4	16 16 4
York	21 15 6	1 13 6	20 2 –	41 1 –	23 18 10	17 2 2
TOTAL £.	11,638 9 –	1,196 5 5	10,442 3 7	13,471 9 6	7,523 16 3*	5,954 14 3

* In one court the payments exceed the receipts by 7*l.* 1*s.*

ACCOUNTANT.

TOTAL REVENUE and EXPENDITURE of the COURT OF BANKRUPTCY.

RECEIPTS.	£. s. d.
Commissioners of Inland Revenue, Stamps	53,500 – –
Dividends on Stock	48,357 4 4
Official Assignees, Per-centage fees	212 11 8
Official Assignees, Surplus remuneration fees (after payment of Clerks' salaries and office expenses)	15,896 13 8
Messengers, surplus fees	8,391 4 11
Chief Registrar, Solicitors' admission fees	98 2 –
Chief Registrar, Rent of premises underlet (Birmingham)	86 1 –
Broker	165 8 5
Fees received by Clerks of Insolvent Debtors Court	115 13 9
Paymaster-General, for salaries	1,233 4 –
Transfer from Account of the purposes of 26th Section, B. A., 1861	10,151 11 6
Registrar of Meetings	100 – –
Amount overpaid for Insurance returned	11 5 –
Messengers' Deposit Account	4,580 – –
G. J. Graham's "Suspense Account"	940 11 9
TOTAL £.	143,839 12 –

PAYMENTS.	£.	s.	d.	£. s. d.
Salaries				70,075 8 5
Compensations				12,973 19 10
Retiring Annuities				15,620 7 7
Expenses:	£.	s.	d.	
London Courts and Offices	4,107	1	6	
District Courts	3,470	17	3	
Travelling Expenses of Commissioners, Registrars, &c. of District Courts	966	14	–	
				8,544 12 9
Bank Remuneration				1,654 16 6
Solicitor for Pauper Prisoners				1,456 6 6
Costs of Prosecutions				368 18 2
Fees to County Court Registrars				5,281 – –
Expense of Visiting Gaols				537 3 8
Paymaster General, Compensations unclaimed				1,326 16 3
Fees returned				290 9 1
Gaoler's fees				109 16 –
Investment, G. J. Graham's "Suspense Account"				940 11 9
				119,180 6 6
Investment in Consols, to the credit of "The Chief Registrar's Account"				15,000 – –
TOTAL £.				134,180 6 6

Total Amount of Money received and paid by Bank of England.

RECEIPTS.	£. s. d.	PAYMENTS.	£. s. d.
General Account:		General Account: £. s. d.	
By Official Assignees, Creditors' Assignees, &c., including 7 *l.* 17 *s.* transferred from the "Purposes Account," and 56,678 *l.* 15 *s.* 10 *d.* from sales of Exchequer Bills - - - - -	730,207 19 7	To Orders of Commissioners (Costs, Expenses of realising Assets, and 83,927 *l.* 11 *s.* 10 *d.* laid out in Exchequer Bills under various Estates) - - - 237,128 15 10	
Chief Registrar's Account:		Dividends - - - 397,748 16 7	
By Receipts, including 10,151 *l.* 11 *s.* 6 *d.* transferred from the "Purposes Account" - - - - - - - -	143,839 12 –	Transfer to Unclaimed Dividend Account - 52,835 16 9	
			687,713 9 2
Unclaimed Dividend Account:		Chief Registrar's Account:	
By Receipts, including 52,835 *l.* 16 *s.* 9 *d.* transferred from "General Account" -	55,613 14 2	To payments - - - 119,180 6 6	
		To Investment - - 15,000 – –	
			134,180 6 6
Purposes of the 26th Section Account:		Unclaimed Dividend Account:	
By Interest on Exchequer Bills and Stock - £.2,896 7 2		To payments - - - 5,984 12 1	
By Conversion of Exchequer Bills - - 38,800 – –		To Investments - - 50,500 – –	
	41,696 7 2		56,484 12 1
		Purposes of the 26th Section Account:	
Provisional Assignees' Indemnity Fund Account - - - - - -	—	To Transfers - - - 10,159 9 3	
		To Investment - - 38,800 – –	
			48,959 9 3
		Provisional Assignees' Costs Indemnity Account - - - -	—
Total - - - £.	971,257 12 11	Total - - - £.	927,337 17 –

Cash and Stock Balances on 11 October 1866.

—	Bankruptcy Fund Account.	General Account.	Chief Registrar's Account.	Unclaimed Dividend Account.	The Purposes of the 26th Section Account.	Provisional Assignees' Indemnity Fund Account.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Cash - - - -	- - -	72,701 – 1	30,850 3 8	887 19 –	- - -	688 13 5
Exchequer Bills - -	- - -	146,000 – –	- - -	- - -	63,100 – –	—
Stock - - - -	1,237,402 5 2	18,005 11 5	231,295 14 6	155,299 3 5	59,007 12 8	—

APPENDIX.

SALARIES*

	£. s. d.		£. s. d.
Fonblanque - London Commissioner -	125 – –	Gibson - Country Registrar - -	1,000 – –
Holroyd - - ditto - - -	2,000 – –	Harris - - ditto - - -	1,000 – –
Goulburn - - ditto - - -	2,000 – –	Hill - - ditto - - -	1,000 – –
Winslow - - ditto - - -	1,850 13 8	King - - ditto - - -	1,000 – –
Abrahall - Country Commissioner -	1,800 – –	Lee - - ditto - - -	1,000 – –
Ayrton - - ditto - - -	1,800 – –	Macrae - - ditto - - -	1,000 – –
Andrews - - ditto - - -	1,800 – –	Stephen - - ditto - - -	1,000 – –
Hill - - - ditto - - -	1,800 – –	Thring - - ditto - - -	1,000 – –
Jemmett - - ditto - - -	1,800 – –	Tudor - - ditto - - -	1,000 – –
Perry - - - ditto - - -	1,800 – –	Welch - - ditto - - -	1,000 – –
Sanders - - ditto - - -	1,800 – –	Wilde - - ditto - - -	1,000 – –
West - - - ditto - - -	1,800 – –	Clarke, Accountant - - -	1,500 – –
Miller - Chief Registrar - -	1,400 – –	Higgins, Taxing Master - - -	1,400 – –
Brougham - London Registrar -	1,200 – –	Accountant's Office:	
Hazlitt - - ditto - - -	900 – –		
Keene - - ditto - - -	900 – –	Saffery - Chief Clerk - - -	1,000 – –
Murray - - ditto - - -	1,200 – –	Evans - - Clerk - - -	500 – –
Pepys - - ditto - - -	1,200 – –	Price - - ditto - - -	400 – –
Roche - - ditto - - -	1,200 – –	Bayley - - ditto - - -	500 – –
Spring Rice - ditto - - -	806 8 8	Ansell - - ditto - - -	437 10 –
Winslow - - ditto - - -	392 1 1	Haines - - ditto - - -	350 – –

* Note.—The Return gives the actual payments made between 12th October 1865 and 11th October 1866, and includes in some cases a quarter's salary due 11th October 1865, but not paid until on and after the 12th.

SALARIES—*continued.*

Accountants Office—*continued.*	£.	s.	d.
Gibson, Chief Clerk	300	–	–
Saffery, E., ditto	300	–	–
Willan, T. ditto	275	–	–
Fuller ditto	250	–	–
Willan, C. ditto	187	10	–
Lopez ditto	250	–	–
Morris ditto	320	–	–
Roper, Messenger	75	–	–
Chief Registrar's Offices.			
Stewart, Secretary to Chief Registrar	500	–	–
Kibble - Clerk (Bankruptcy Department, Basinghall-street.)	362	10	–
Stockton - ditto	212	10	–
Smith - ditto	162	10	–
Fisher - ditto	200	–	–
Brown - ditto	175	–	–
Moorcock, Messenger	100	–	–
Smith, Chief Clerk (Trust Deeds and Appeals, Chancery-lane.)	450	–	–
Penn - Clerk	243	15	–
Ross - ditto	225	–	–
Watts - ditto	250	–	–
Croly - ditto	180	–	–
Lamb, F. E. ditto	200	–	–
Hayes - ditto	120	–	–
Smith, W. ditto	60	–	–
Heather - ditto	32	10	–
Edwardes ditto	32	10	–
Master's Office.			
Hester, Assistant Taxing Master	900	–	–
Ireland - Clerk	300	–	–
Denton - ditto	368	15	–
Wrenstead ditto	268	15	–
Official Assignees.			
Graham, London Official Assignee	1,200	–	–
Edwards - ditto	1,200	–	–
Stansfeld - ditto	1,500	–	–
Parkyns - ditto	1,000	–	–

Official Assignees—*continued.*	£.	s.	d.
Acraman, Country Official Assignee	1,000	–	–
Carrick - ditto	1,000	–	–
Harris - ditto	1,000	–	–
Kinnear - ditto	1,000	–	–
Laidman - ditto	800	–	–
Morgan - ditto	1,000	–	–
Turner - ditto	1,000	–	–
Young - ditto	1,000	–	–
Office of Registrar of Meetings.			
Buccleugh, Registrar of Meetings	250	–	–
Stacey, Clerk	112	10	–
Sims, Housekeeper	50	–	–
Learmonth, Lord Chancellor's Messenger	150	–	–
Ushers.			
Carmichael - London Usher	130	–	–
Slatter - ditto	100	–	–
Johnson - ditto	100	–	–
Austin - ditto	125	–	–
Edwards - ditto	100	–	–
Wright - ditto	100	–	–
Sutherin - ditto	100	–	–
Hanslow - ditto	40	–	–
Hotchkiss - Country Usher	80	–	–
Hancock - ditto	80	–	–
Rawlinson - ditto	80	–	–
France - ditto	80	–	–
Bolland - ditto	80	–	–
Senior - ditto	80	–	–
Williamson - ditto	80	–	–
Norman - ditto	80	–	–
Clements - ditto	80	–	–
Officers of the Insolvent Debtors' Court.			
Warren - Clerk	425	–	–
Notson - ditto	190	–	–
Burden - ditto	100	–	–
Humphris - Messenger	80	–	–
Lambert - Housekeeper	50	–	–
Bester - ditto	40	–	–
£.	70,075	8	5

COMPENSATIONS

To late Country Commissioners under 5 & 6 Vict. c. 122.

	£.	s.	d.
Berridge	32	11	–
Addison	18	4	11
Oxenham	177	–	–
Cooper	51	–	–
Stansfeld	57	–	–
Colling	31	–	–
Evans	32	–	–
Marshall	357	–	–
Deane	141	–	–
Milne	149	–	–
Thompson	61	–	–
Allen	86	–	–
Tireman	176	–	–
Goode	47	–	–
Douglas	174	–	–
Fawcett	44	–	–
Whatley	13	–	–
Palmer	31	–	–
Radford	8	–	–
Maddy	409	–	–
Fearnley	133	–	–
Ryland	94	–	–
Croft	29	–	–
Sidebottom	23	–	–
Hallen	7	–	–
Peake	39	–	–
Smith	5	–	–
Littledale	44	–	–
Stevenson	52	–	–
Jacomb	81	–	–
Bowles	30	–	–
Foquett	20	–	–
Burnside	169	–	–
Turner	20	–	–
Merrifield	80	–	–
Bradley	14	–	–
Tanner	62	–	–
Addison	109	–	–
Greene	12	–	–
Eddison	47	–	–
Schomberg	61	–	–
Bartleet	325	–	–
Crowdy	3	–	–
Tyrrell	188	–	–
Osborne	18	–	–
Marris	13	–	–
Wasney	249	–	–

COMPENSATIONS—*continued.*

	£.	s.	d.		£.	s.	d.		£.	s.	d.
Ingham	41	–	–	Haworth	35	–	–	Griffith	6	–	–
Eckley	11	–	–	Cooper	10	–	–	Cooper	7	–	–
Bohun	10	–	–	Bloxsome	13	–	–	Dobinson	4	–	–
Palmer	50	–	–	Pitcher	16	–	–	Blandy	10	–	–
Wright	11	–	–	Palmer	14	–	–	Winter	5	–	–
Jefferys	11	–	–	Pearman	22	–	–	Rowland	7	11	5
Ellison	28	–	–	Dewe	7	–	–	Gell	9	18	11
Maybery	21	–	–	Gregson	26	–	–	Roberts	4	–	–
Bloome	89	–	–	Falconar	15	–	–	Greetham	17	–	–
Stansfeld	283	–	–	Stone	32	–	–	Peele	32	19	1
Deacon	18	–	–	Earnshaw	37	–	–	Bayly	27	–	–
Daniel	34	–	–	Hare	36	–	–	Gaunt	68	–	–
Unthank	6	–	–	Russell	13	–	–				
Spurling	8	–	–	Lovegrove	12	–	–	Under 1 & 2 Will. 4, c. 56			
Hulton	118	–	–	Moser	8	–	–	Thurlow, Patentee of Bankrupts.	7,352	14	6
Badham	15	–	–	Patterson	19	–	–				
Carlyon	12	–	–	Pinchard	14	–	–				
Burmester	95	–	–	Fletcher	42	–	–				
Wedgwood	160	–	–	Godfrey	5	–	–	£.	12,973	19	10

RETIRING ANNUITIES.

	£.	s.	d.		£.	s.	d.
Skirrow, Country Commissioner	1,000	–	–	Hope - Assignee	666	13	4
Whitehead, Chief Registrar	933	6	8	Fraser - ditto	666	13	4
Parry - Registrar	666	13	4	Baker - ditto	666	13	4
Pollock - ditto	666	13	4	Pott - ditto	833	6	8
Vizard - ditto	235	3	3	Miller - ditto	231	17	8
Carew - ditto	666	13	4	Whitmore, F. ditto	666	13	4
Payne - ditto	666	13	4	Rivers - Clerk	200	–	–
Simons - ditto	666	13	4	Joseph - ditto	333	6	8
Waterfield - ditto	666	13	4	Chambers - ditto	213	6	8
Wilde - ditto	666	13	4	Crossman - ditto	40	–	–
Bell - Official Assignee	800	–	–	Bullivant - Usher	266	13	4
Pennell - ditto	800	–	–	Crocker - ditto	266	13	4
Whitmore, W. ditto	800	–	–				
Hernaman - ditto	666	13	4	£.	15,620	7	7
Hirtzel - ditto	666	13	4				

EXPENSES.

London Courts and Offices.	£.	s.	d.		£.	s.	d.
London Court:				Johnson, care of library	20	–	–
Rates and taxes	357	1	8	Wright - ditto	20	–	–
Bouchard, painting, &c.	263	–	2	Buccleugh, rent	100	–	–
Ellis, upholstery, &c.	184	5	9	Porter's wages	143	–	–
Gaywood, coals	77	10	–	Servants' wages	157	6	6
Abraham, architect's fees	47	15	6				
Wood, stationery	35	4	7				
Collar, gas-work	7	5	–	Chief Registrar's Office, Basinghall-street:			
Diaries	5	9	6	Slater, accountant	680	8	6
Thwaites and Reed, clockwinding	4	1	6	Aldridge, law costs	374	1	5
Williams, notice books	17	3	–	Wood, stationery, &c.	296	17	1
Stevens, law reports	11	4	3	Carman, rent	205	–	–
Norton, faggots	16	–	–	Postages and petty expenses	51	8	1
Reynell, Gazettes	7	5	8	Johnson, assistance records	37	12	6

EXPENSES—*continued.*

	£.	s.	d.
Chief Registrar's Office, Chancery-lane:			
Downing, stationery, &c.	236	8	4
Lamb, extra services	38	3	–
Smith, ditto	25	–	–
Lamb, A. J. ditto	11	10	–
Heather, ditto	4	12	8
Wortham, ditto	8	5	–
Moorcock, ditto	5	–	–
Beard and Morrison, windows	5	14	8
Palmer, upholstery	–	5	–
Harvey, coals	14	5	–
Tuplin, towels	2	18	6
Bowman, laundress	33	17	11
Hepburn, locks	2	17	9
Owen, printing	12	10	–
Postages and petty expenses	11	15	4
Accountant's Office:			
Bruce and Ford, stationery, &c.	279	3	1
Postages, services, and incidental expenses	109	7	10
Master's Office:			
Wood, stationery, &c.	6	18	4
Austin and Fisher, ditto	21	14	11
Bright, candlesticks	1	–	–
Bumpus, books	1	1	–
Hart, pens	1	–	–
Late Insolvent Debtors' Court:			
Warren, extra services	16	8	6
Lambert, allowances	90	–	–
Bester, ditto	23	4	0
Postages and petty expenses	25	–	–
£.	4,107	1	6

COUNTRY DISTRICT COURTS.			
Birmingham	1,037	15	2
Bristol	384	6	7
Exeter	173	5	10
Leeds	576	5	–
Liverpool	501	16	6
Manchester	430	17	–
Newcastle	366	11	2
£.	3,470	17	3

TRAVELLING EXPENSES.	£.	s.	d.
Birmingham	417	6	–
Exeter	100	10	6
Leeds	448	17	6
£.	966	14	–

Fees to County Court Registrars				5,281 – –
Bank Remuneration				1,654 16 6
Paymaster-General, balance of Compensation unclaimed				1,326 16 3
Solicitor for Pauper Prisoners				1,456 6 6
Expenses of Gaol Visitations:—	£.	s.	d.	
Country Registrars of the Court of Bankruptcy	102	1	3	
Clerk attending Registrars in London	36	16	11	
County Court Registrars	398	5	6	
				537 3 8
Fees to Gaolers				109 16 0
Costs of Prosecutions:	£.	s.	d.	
Moses Bath, *re*	276	5	4	
W. Townsend, *re*	30	14	8	
George Glover, *re*	61	18	2	
				368 18 2
Fees returned, Ayres and Melliss, *re*				290 9 1
Investment, "G. J. Graham's Suspense Account"				940 11 9
Investment to credit of the Chief Registrar's Account				15,000 – –

Court of Bankruptcy, 15 February 1867.

J. F. Miller, Chief Registrar.

BANKRUPTCY COURT.

GENERAL RETURN by the CHIEF REGISTRAR of the COURT, for the Year ending 11 October 1866.

(*Presented pursuant to Sect.* 67 *of* "*The Bankruptcy Act*, 1861," 24 & 25 *Vict. c.* 134.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*, 18 *February* 1867.

61.

Under 2 *oz.*

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 6 August 1866;—*for*,

RETURN "of the APPEALS set down to be heard before the LORD CHANCELLOR and the LORDS JUSTICES of APPEAL in CHANCERY, from the 2nd day of November 1865 until the rising of the Court for the Long Vacation 1866; the Number of CASES heard by the Lord Chancellor and the Lords Justices during the same Period, distinguishing the Cases heard by each Court; the Number of JUDGMENTS delivered in the Cases so heard; the Number of such of those JUDGMENTS delivered by the Lords Justices in which their Lordships have differed; and the Number of CASES now standing for Judgment."

RETURN of the APPEALS before the LORD CHANCELLOR and the LORDS JUSTICES of APPEAL in CHANCERY, from the 2nd day of November 1865 until the rising of the Court for the Long Vacation 1866.

Appeals set down to be heard before the Lord Chancellor and Lords Justices -		102
Appeals heard by the Lord Chancellor:		
Appeals - - - - - - - - - - - -	26	34
Appeal Motions - - - - - - - - - - - -	7	
Appeal Petition - - - - - - - - - - - -	1	
Appeals heard by the Lord Chancellor and the Lords Justices - - -		3
Appeals heard by the Lords Justices:		
Appeals - - - - - - - - - - - -	36	118
Appeal Motions - - - - - - - - - - - -	59	
Appeal Petitions - - - - - - - - - - - -	23	
Judgments delivered - - - - - - - - - - - -		155
Judgment where Lords Justices differed - - - - - - - -		1
Now standing for Judgment:		
Lord Chancellor - - - - - - - - - - - -	none.	12
Lord Chancellor and Lords Justices - - - - - - - - - -	1	
Lords Justices - - - - - - - - - - - -	11	

Cecil Monro, Registrar.

COURT OF CHANCERY (APPEALS).

RETURN of the Appeals before the Lord Chancellor and the Lords Justices of Appeal in Chancery, from 2nd November 1865 until the rising of the Court for the Long Vacation 1866.

(*Mr. Freshfield.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
26 *February* 1867.

COURT OF CHANCERY.

A RETURN from the Accountant-General of the High Court of Chancery, pursuant to the 63rd Section of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled, "An Act to make further Provisions for the Administration of Justice," showing the State of the several Funds in his Name, called "The Suitors' Fund," and "The Suitors' Fee Fund," and the Charges upon the same respectively.

(PRESENTED PURSUANT TO ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
8 *March* 1867.

THE SUITORS' FUND for the Year commencing - - - - - - - -

	CASH. £. s. d.	CASH. £. s. d.	STOCK. £. s. d.
To Cash paid Accountant-General's Salary as Master	590 – –		
" Pensions to retired Masters	7,375 – –		
" Compensation to Chief Clerks to Masters, pursuant to Act 15 & 16 Vict. c. 80	3,803 9 5		
" Ditto to seven Junior Clerks to Masters	2,130 13 9		
		13,899 3 2	
" Salaries of eleven Assistant Clerks to Registrars	1,502 – 10		
" Pensions to four Retired Registrars	5,687 5 7		
" Pension to one retired Registrars' Clerk	629 6 8		
" Ditto to retired Registrars' Bag-bearer	95 17 6		
		7,914 10 7	
" Accountant General's Salary	885 – –		
" Expenses of office, office-keeper, stationery, &c.	442 10 –		
" Thirty-five Clerks' Salaries	8,437 – 5		
" Pensions to six retired Clerks	2,903 6 2		
		12,667 16 7	
Officers of the Lord Chancellor's Court:			
" Courtkeeper	88 10 –		
" Persons to keep order	295 – 1		
" Tipstaff	196 13 4		
" Two Clerks in Secretary's Office	344 3 4		
		924 6 9	
Officers of the Lords Justices' Court:			
" Secretaries	786 13 4		
" Ushers	491 13 4		
" Trainbearers	196 13 4		
" Persons to keep order	157 6 8		
		1,632 6 8	
Officers of the Vice-Chancellor Kindersley's Court:			
" Secretary	402 15 10		
" Usher	196 13 4		
" Trainbearer	91 10 5		
" Persons to keep order	196 13 4		
		887 12 11	
Officers of the Vice-Chancellor Stuart's Court:			
" Secretary	295 – –		
" Usher	196 13 4		
" Trainbearer	73 15 –		
" Persons to keep order	196 13 4		
		762 1 8	
Officers of the Vice-Chancellor Wood's Court:			
" Secretary	295 – –		
" Usher	196 13 4		
" Trainbearer	98 6 8		
" Persons to keep order	196 13 4		
		786 13 4	
" Assistant Junior Clerks, and two Temporary Assistant Clerks to Judges	- - -	1,446 13 8	
" Pensions to two Junior Clerks to Judges	- - -	116 19 9	
" Surveyor's Salary	- - -	78 13 4	
" Solicitor to Suitors' Fund, in lieu of costs	1,200 – –		
" Ditto - - - additional Salary for duties imposed by Act 23 & 24 Vict. c. 149	295 – –		
" Ditto - - - for Insurance Premiums, and other Disbursements	142 2 5		
		1,637 2 5	
" Compensation to Officers of the Court of Exchequer		3,494 11 10	
" Ditto to an Officer of the Subpœna Office, Doorkeeper, and Crier of the Court, Deputy Secretary of Decrees and Injunctions, and one Clerk of the late Clerks of Accounts' Office		1,244 18 –	
" Expenses of Courts, and of Registrars' Offices, and Report and other Offices, for arranging, indexing, and removing Records, and for rent, repairs, rates, stationery, coals, candles, gas, &c.		4,462 15 8	
" For the Purchase of Compensation Allowances, pursuant to The Courts of Justice Building Act, 1865, Section 16		16,565 – –	
To Stock transferred (part of Surplus Interest Fund) for the Purchase of Compensation Allowances, pursuant to the Courts of Justice Building Act, 1865, Section 16		- - -	53,539 – –
To Stock sold (part of Surplus Interest Fund) to raise 155,000 *l.*, pursuant to the Courts of Justice Building Act, 1865, Section 8		- - -	179,211 9 9
Total Payments and Sales and Transfers of Stock £.		68,521 6 4	232,750 9 9
Surplus Interest carried over to the "Suitors' Fee Fund Account," as directed by the 15 & 16 Vict. c. 87, s. 53		25,466 18 3	—
£.		93,988 4 7	232,750 9 9

- - - - - - - - 2nd October 1865 to the 1st October 1866.

	CASH.			STOCK.		
	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
By Balance on the 1st October 1865 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	20,393	2	1	4,222,676	19	1
„ Dividends received during the Year - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	126,472	18	3	—		
„ Cash received for Rent of Masters' Offices, pursuant to Act 15 & 16 Vict. c. 80 - - - - -	550	–	–	—		
„ Stock purchased with Suitors' Cash - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	-	-	-	229,062	12	4
£.	147,416	–	4	4,451,739	11	5
Deduct Total Payments, and Sales and Transfers of Stock, and Surplus Interest carried over to the Suitors' Fee Fund Account - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	93,988	4	7	232,750	9	9
Balance, 1st October 1866 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - £.	53,427	15	9	4,218,989	1	8

THE SUITORS' FEE FUND ACCOUNT

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
To Cash paid Officers of the Courts of the Lord Chancellor, Master of the Rolls, and Vice-Chancellors, pursuant to Act 15 & 16 Vict. c. 87	- - -	7,060 15 –
,, Salaries to nine Senior Clerks to the Master of the Rolls and the Vice-Chancellors	13,467 7 10	
,, Ditto to eighteen Junior Clerks to ditto	7,100 – –	
,, Salary to one Assistant Junior Clerk	150 – –	
,, Rent, &c. of Chambers	1,608 14 5	
		22,326 2 3
,, Compensation to one Master, at 725 *l.* per annum	725 – –	
,, Ditto to one Chief Clerk to Master (proportionate part)	54 6 11	
		779 6 11
,, Salaries to eleven Registrars	17,150 – –	
,, Allowances for writing to Registrars, under 2 & 3 Will. 4, c. 94, s. 48, and 5 Vict. c. 5, s. 63	1,100 – –	
,, Salaries to Registrars' Clerks	6,900 – –	
,, Bag bearers to Registrars	300 – –	
,, Salaries to two Clerks of Entries	700 – –	
		26,150 – –
,, Salary attached to the Office of Master of Reports and Entries, under Act 18 & 19 Vict. c. 134	- - -	1,000 – –
,, Pension to a retired Examiner	57 1 4	
,, Salaries to two Examiners	2,983 13 11	
,, Ditto to two Clerks to Examiners	740 – –	
		3,780 15 3
Salaries, &c., under 5 & 6 Vict. c. 84, and Lunacy Regulation Acts, 1853 and 1862:		
To Cash paid two Masters in Lunacy, Salaries	4,000 – –	
,, Ditto - - - - Travelling Expenses	824 – 6	
,, Ditto - - - - Expenses of Offices	178 3 10	
,, Salaries to nine Clerks to Masters in Lunacy	3,500 – –	
,, Salary to Registrar in Lunacy	800 – –	
,, Salaries to four Clerks to Registrar in Lunacy	932 17 9	
,, Pension to a late Master in Lunacy	1,000 – –	
,, Visitors of Lunatics, Salaries	4,875 – –	
,, Ditto - - - Travelling Expenses	2,589 14 –	
,, Salary to Secretary of Visitors	300 – –	
,, Salaries to four Clerks to Visitors	798 16 9	
,, Pensions to late Visitors, at 250 *l.* each	278 10 8	
,, Pension to late Chief Clerk of the Masters and Secretary of Visitors	550 – –	
,, Expenses of Office of Visitors	78 7 2	
,, Rent of Premises for Masters in Lunacy and Visitors of Lunatics	502 10 –	
		21,208 – 8
,, Compensation to late Clerks of Affidavits	- -	1,050 – –
Salaries, &c., under 5 & 6 Vict. c. 103:		
To Cash paid seven Taxing Masters, Salaries	14,548 18 3	
,, Salaries to fourteen Clerks to Taxing Masters	5,269 – 4	
,, Messenger to Taxing Masters	200 – –	
,, Rent of Taxing Masters' Offices	800 – –	
,, Salary to Clerk of Enrolments	1,200 – –	
,, Salaries to four Clerks to Clerk of Enrolments	775 – –	
,, Salaries to three Clerks of Records and Writs	4,200 – –	
,, Salaries to fifteen Clerks to Clerks of Records and Writs	3,750 – –	
,, Salary to Office Keeper and Messenger to Clerks of Records and Writs	280 – –	
		31,022 18 7
,, Clerks and Messengers in Report Office, under 18 & 19 Vict. c. 134	- -	1,488 11 10
,, Salaries to two Clerks of the Petty Bag Office, under 12 & 13 Vict. c. 110	- -	850 – –
,, Accountant General, in lieu of Brokerage, under 15 & 16 Vict. c. 87, s. 19	- -	2,700 – –
,, Increased Salary to some of the Accountant General's Clerks, under 15 & 16 Vict. c. 87, s. 39	- -	2,187 10 –
,, Compensation to late Clerks of Accounts, under 15 & 16 Vict. c. 87	- -	1,283 9 2
,, Office Keeper at the late Masters' Offices for the care of the Deeds, Books, Documents, and Papers heretofore under the custody of the Masters	- -	80 – –
Compensation for loss of Office and Profits, under 5 & 6 Vict. c. 103:		
To Cash paid seventeen Sworn Clerks	18,531 – 5	
,, One Agent to ditto	923 3 4	
		19,454 3 9
To Cash paid Copy Money for Writing and Copying in the Offices of the Clerk of Enrolments, the Clerks of Records and Writs, the Registrar in Lunacy, and the Clerks of Entries, and for Printing Affidavits	- -	10,580 8 8
,, Expenses of the various Courts and Offices for Stationery, Coals, Candles, Gas, Servants' Wages, Rates and Taxes, and for Furniture and Repairs, &c.	- -	4,795 3 –
,, Chancery Broker, salary, in lieu of Brokerage	- -	2,000 – –
,, Costs of Petition of the Assistant Clerks to the Taxing Masters	- -	56 2 10
,, For the Purchase of Compensation Allowances pursuant to The Courts of Justice Building Act, 1865, s. 16	- -	35,079 10 –
TOTAL PAYMENTS	£. - -	194,932 17 11

ACCOUNT OF MONIES PLACED OUT TO PROVIDE FOR THE OFFICERS OF THE

	CASH. £. s. d.	STOCK. £. s. d.
Interest carried over to Suitors' Fee Fund Account, under 15 & 16 Vict. c. 87, s. 54	2,965 3 4	—
Balance, 24th November 1866	2,965 3 4	201,028 2 3
£.	5,930 6 8	201,028 2 3

from the 24th November 1865 to the 25th November 1866.

	£. s. d.
By Cash Paid in by the Clerk of the Crown, Clerk of Patents and Pursebearer, on account of Fees formerly payable to the Lord Chancellor	806 10 6
„ Brought over from various Causes, Matters, and Accounts, in lieu of Fees formerly paid at the Taxing Masters' Offices	12,057 7 –
„ Brought over on account of Per-centages on Income from Matters and Accounts in Lunacy	6,009 12 –
„ Paid in by Clerk of Enrolments	4,893 3 7
„ Paid in by Clerk of Petty Bag Office	270 – –
„ Paid in for Poundage under the Winding-up Act	94 – 5
„ Paid in by the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, in respect of Money received by them for Chancery Fee Fund Stamps	79,407 – 7
„ Paid in by the Solicitor to the "Suitors' Fund," received by him in respect of Rent of Chambers	88 6 3
By Interest brought over from "Money arising from Sale of the Six Clerks' Office"	22 7 8
„ Surplus Interest brought over from the Suitors' Fund, under 15 & 16 Vict. c. 87, s. 53	25,466 18 3
„ Interest brought over from "Monies placed out to provide," &c., under 15 & 16 Vict. c. 87, s. 54	2,965 3 4
„ Cash paid in for Brokerage, under 15 & 16 Vict. c. 87	9,182 5 6
„ Cash paid in by the Serjeant-at-Arms	19 3 –
„ Cash paid in by the Principal Secretary of the Lord Chancellor	4 4 1
TOTAL RECEIPTS £.	141,286 2 2
Add Balance of Cash, 24th November 1865	139,307 16 5
£.	280,593 18 7
Deduct Total Payments for the Year	194,932 17 11
Balance of Cash, 24th November 1866 £.	85,661 – 8

HIGH COURT OF CHANCERY, from the 24th November 1865 to the 25th November 1866.

	CASH. £. s. d.	STOCK. £. s. d.
Balance on 24th November 1865	- - -	201,028 2 3
Interest received during the year	5,930 6 8	—
£.	5,930 6 8	201,028 2 3

William Russell, Accountant-General.

COURT OF CHANCERY.

RETURN of the State of the Suitors' Funds standing in the Name of the Accountant-General of the Court of Chancery, and the Charges upon the same.

(*Presented pursuant to Act of Parliament.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
8 *March* 1867.

106.

Under 1 *oz.*

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 18 March 1867;—*for*,

RETURNS "of the Gross Amount of FEES received by the OFFICER appointed by the COURT of COMMON PLEAS under the Act 3 & 4 Will. 4, c. 74, for REGISTERING the CERTIFICATES of the Acknowledgment of DEEDS by MARRIED WOMEN, &c. from the 31st day of December 1844, distinguishing the Amount and Particulars of each Fee received in each Year:"

"And, of the DISBURSEMENTS paid out of the said FEES for RENT, CLERKS, &c., distinguishing the Amount and Particulars in each Year, and the Amount paid over in each Year on account of the Fees so received to Her Majesty's Treasury (in continuation of Parliamentary Paper, No. 565, of Session 1845)."

(*Mr. Goldney.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
29 *March* 1867.

RETURN of the Gross Amount of FEES Received by the OFFICER appointed by the COURT of COMMON PLEAS under the Act 3 & 4 Will. 4, c. 74, for REGISTERING the CERTIFICATES of the Acknowledgment of DEEDS by MARRIED WOMEN, &c., from the 31st day of December 1844, distinguishing the Amount and Particulars of each Fee received in each Year.

YEAR.	Certificates filed, 5 *s.*		Office Copies of Certificates, 2 *s.* 6 *d.*		Official Copies of List of Commissioners, not exceeding 500 Names, 5 *s.*; for every 50 Names in addition, 2 *s.* 6 *d.*		For Preparing Special Commissions, at 10 *s.*		Searches, at 1 *s.*		Fines: Writ of Entry - 2 *s.* 6 *d.* Returning ditto - 2 *s.* 6 *d.* Writ of Seizin - 2 *s.* 6 *d.*		Affidavits, Copies of, at 4 *d.* per Folio.		Gross Amount of Fees Received.
	No.	£. *s.* *d.*	*No.*	£. *s.* *d.*	*No.*	£. *s.* *d.*	*No.*	£. *s.* *d.*	*No.*	£. *s.* *d.*	*No.*	£. *s.* *d.*	*No.*	£. *s.* *d.*	£. *s.* *d.*
1845 - - -	There are no books or accounts to be found in the office, showing the amount of fees received, or of disbursements, during these years. The office was considered at that time to be held for the private emolument and profit of the officer, who probably took away the books and accounts when he left. On the 1st October 1850, the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 75, came into operation, requiring the officer to keep an account of fees received and disbursements, and return it quarterly to the Treasury.														
1846 - - -															
1847 - - -															
1848 - - -															
1849 - - -															
Mr. John Scott Bankes was appointed Registrar on 25th November 1850, and from that date Accounts were kept, and are as follows:															
1850 - - -	672	168 - -	680	85 - -	-	- -	9	4 10 -	8	- 8 -	-	- 14 -	-	- -	258 12 -
1851 - - -	6,013	1,504 - -	6,129	766 2 6	1	- 5 -	78	39 - -	161	8 1 -	-	7 - -	-	- -	2,324 8 6
1852 - - -	6,158	1,539 10 -	6,310	788 15 -	nil	- -	112	56 - -	190	9 10 -	-	4 12 8	-	- -	2,397 7 8
1853 - - -	6,169	1,542 5 -	6,344	793 - -	1	- 5 -	137	68 10 -	186	9 6 -	-	2 11 -	-	- 3 4	2,416 - 4
1854 - - -	6,000	1,500 - -	6,169	771 2 6	nil	- -	113	56 10 -	223	11 3 -	-	2 13 8	-	- 4 -	2,341 13 2
1855 - - -	5,803	1,450 15 -	5,929	741 2 6	"	- -	113	56 10 -	161	8 1 -	-	3 8 -	-	- 8 -	2,260 4 6
1856 - - -	5,879	1,469 15 -	6,026	753 5 -	"	- -	110	55 - -	197	9 17 -	-	3 5 8	-	- 8 -	2,291 10 8
1857 - - -	5,485	1,371 5 -	5,645	705 12 6	"	- -	109	54 10 -	213	10 13 -	-	2 10 8	-	- 6 -	2,144 17 2
1858 - - -	5,519	1,379 15 -	5,643	705 7 6	"	- -	144	72 - -	189	9 9 -	-	47 2 2	-	- 6 -	2,213 19 8
1859 - - -	5,772	1,440 10 -	5,906	658 5 -	"	- -	128	64 - -	140	7 - -	nil	- -	nil	- -	2,249 15 -
1860 - - -	5,681	1,420 10 -	5,859	732 7 6	"	- -	136	68 - -	177	8 17 -	"	- -	"	- -	2,310 19 8
1861 - - -	5,982	1,495 10 -	6,137	767 2 6	"	- -	144	72 - -	153	7 13 -	"	- -	"	- -	2,342 5 -
1862 - - -	6,614	1,503 10 -	6,237	770 12 6	"	- -	141	70 10 -	180	9 - -	"	- -	"	- -	2,353 12 6
1863 - - -	5,915	1,478 15 -	6,068	758 10 -	"	- -	115	57 10 -	152	7 12 -	"	- -	"	- -	2,302 7 -
1864 - - -	5,723	1,430 15 -	5,797	754 12 6	"	- -	108	54 - -	89	4 9 -	"	- -	"	- -	2,213 16 6
1865 - - -	5,497	1,384 5 -	5,607	700 17 6	"	- -	129	64 10 -	117	5 17 -	"	- -	"	- -	2,145 9 6
1866 - - -	In January this year the Act 28 Vict. c. 45, came into operation, providing for the collection of fees by stamps; no money was therefore received by the officer.														
	5,781	- -	5,904	- -	"	- -	132	- -	147	- -	-	- 6 -	-	—	—

27 March 1867.

M. Short,
Registrar of Certificates of Acknowledgment by Married Women.

RETURN of the DISBURSEMENTS paid by the Officer appointed by the COURT of COMMON PLEAS, under the Act 3 & 4 Will. 4, c. 74, out of the said FEES for RENT, CLERKS, &c., distinguishing the Amount and Particulars in each Year, and the Amount paid over in each Year on account of the Fees so received to Her Majesty's Treasury.

YEAR.	Salaries of Registrar and Two Clerks.	Rent.	Stationery.	Laundress, Coals, Candles, Gas, Sundries, Petty Disbursements.	Paid Repairs and Valuation of Fixtures in Office, &c.	Balances to Crown.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
1845 - -	There are no books or accounts to be found in the office showing the amount of disbursements during these years; the office was considered at that time to be held for the private emolument of the officer, who, it is supposed, took away the accounts with him when he left. The books commence from 25 November 1850, on the passing the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 75.					
1846 - -						
1847 - -						
1848 - -						
1849 - -						
1850, from 25 November -	100 10 10	- -	- -	1 17 5	119 4 9	36 19 -
1851 - -	1,000 - -	37 10 -	35 10 2	27 7 4½	- nil -	1,260 18 5½
1852 - -	1,000 - -	- nil -	18 16 9	21 7 6½	- „ -	1,357 7 4½
1853 - -	1,050 - -	- „ -	27 16 5	27 12 7	- „ -	1,310 11 4
1854 - -	1,050 - -	- „ -	23 11 6	23 8 6	- „ -	1,243 14 2
1855 - -	1,050 - -	- „ -	19 8 6	22 10 -	- „ -	1,169 - 6
1856 - -	1,050 - -	- „ -	22 11 5	22 6 8	- „ -	1,196 15 8
1857 - -	1,050 - -	- „ -	- nil -	16 4 4	- „ -	1,078 2 10
1858 - -	1,050 - -	- „ -	- „ -	15 13 6	- „ -	1,148 8 2
1859 - -	1,087 10 -	- „ -	- „ -	15 16 5	- „ -	1,108 18 7
1860 - -	1,200 - -	- „ -	- „ -	22 2 2	- „ -	1,011 7 8
1861 - -	1,200 - -	- „ -	- „ -	15 9 8	- „ -	1,126 15 10
1862 - -	1,200 - -	- „ -	- „ -	3 16 11	- „ -	1,149 19 7
1863 - -	1,200 - -	- „ -	- „ -	- 11 11	- „ -	1,101 18 -
1864 - -	1,200 - -	- „ -	- „ -	- 13 5	- „ -	1,013 4 1
1865 - -	1,200 - -	- „ -	- „ -	1 - -	- „ -	944 9 6
1866 - -	1,200 - -	- „ -	- „ -	1 6 3	—	—
1867 to 31 Mar. 1st quarter -	300 - -	—	—	—	—	—

M. Short,
Registrar of Certificates of Acknowledgment by Married Women.

27 March 1867.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

RETURNS of the Gross Amount of Fees received by the Officer appointed by the Court of Common Pleas under the Act 3 & 4 Will. 4, c. 74, for Registering the Certificates of the Acknowledgment of Deeds by Married Women, &c. from 31st December 1844; and, of the Disbursements paid out of the said Fees for Rent, Clerks, &c., distinguishing the Amount and Particulars in each Year, and the Amount paid over in each Year on account of the Fees so received to Her Majesty's Treasury; &c.

(*Mr. Goldney.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
29 *March* 1867.

Under 1 *oz.*

COUNTY COURT COMMITMENTS.

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 19 July 1859;—*for*,

"RETURN of the QUESTIONS addressed by the COMMITTEE of COUNTY COURT JUDGES to the JUDGES of those COURTS, on COUNTY COURT COMMITMENTS, and the ANSWERS received thereto."

(*Mr. FitzRoy.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
8 *April* 1867.

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REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE

TO

THE RIGHT HONOURABLE THE LORD HIGH CHANCELLOR.

Committee of County Court Judges,
Treasury Chambers, 25 July 1859.

My Lord,

In obedience to your Lordship's wish, conveyed to us by Mr. Johnson in his letter of the 28th ultimo, we have continued the inquiry into the subject of County Court Imprisonment, which we had commenced under the directions of the late Lord Chancellor; and we now beg leave to report to your Lordship the result of our inquiry, and to forward copies of the QUESTIONS we addressed to all the judges of the County Courts, and the ANSWERS we have received thereto.

Your Lordship will perceive that it is the opinion of twenty-four of the judges that the power of a judge to send a person to prison for disobedience in not appearing in court to an after-judgment summons should no longer exist, in which opinion we all concur; and it will also appear that almost all the judges who consider that the power should be retained do not commit for non-appearance until they have satisfied themselves that the person summoned ought to be committed, either for fraud, or for having neglected or refused to pay, having had the means to pay.

It would appear, therefore, on the first glance, that the latter practically acquiesce in the opinion of those judges who think that the power to commit for non-appearance should not exist; but this is not the case, for they consider it essential that the power should be retained, because they argue that, although they do not commit until they have by inquiry, either of the plaintiff, officers of the court, or others, morally satisfied themselves that it is a fit case for committal, yet they contend that should the power to commit for non-appearance be abolished, a defendant who does not appear can seldom or never be committed, inasmuch as the judge scarcely ever can be satisfied by *legal* evidence of the defendant's ability to pay, where he is not present to be examined, and that the consequence will be that persons summoned under section 98 of 9 & 10 Vict. c. 95, will never attend, as they will, by staying away, effectually prevent their being committed.

We beg leave to state that we do not concur in the view thus taken, as we conceive that in nearly all cases where the party summoned does not appear sufficient evidence can be obtained to enable the judge to decide upon the question of committal.

Upon the whole, we beg leave to recommend that the law should be altered, so that no person who neglects to appear to a judgment summons should be committed unless the judge had satisfied himself that he is liable to be committed for some one of the causes mentioned in sect. 99 of 9 & 10 Vict. c. 95: but we are of opinion that no other alteration is needed, and that any limitation of the number of times for which a person may be sent to prison would operate most prejudicially upon the welfare of all classes who, from fluctuation in the labour market or other circumstances, require credit to be given them at times.

It is obviously of immense importance to these classes that the promises which in those times they make should be capable of being enforced, when they are again in work, or they would find in the time of need that such promises were of little avail.

We express, we believe, the feeling of all the judges when we say that any alteration of the law which would take away from the County Courts the power of imprisonment would relieve the judges of a most painful duty, but would produce great misery among the working classes, who, forced to buy on credit, would hereafter only obtain it on terms which would cause those who paid their debts to pay for those who did not.

Your Lordship will perceive that, with two or three exceptions, the judges are of opinion that it is essential that the working classes should obtain credit on fair terms, and that they consider that the County Courts enable them so to obtain it; could they not do so, in times of sickness or scarcity of work they would be compelled to resort to their parishes for relief, and their homes would be broken up.

To take away all remedy for the recovery of debts under 40*s.*, as has been suggested, we feel justified in stating would be most impolitic, and would tend in times of depression to aggravate distress, and consequently to increase discontent and its concomitant evils. It is the opinion of many of the judges that, since the establishment of the courts, the periods of depression in trade in the north have passed over the people lighter than they used to do.

The law, certainly, would be a harsh law, if it permitted a man to be sent to prison again and again for owing a small debt, but it does not permit any such thing. For owing a debt a man cannot be so punished, unless he possesses the means of paying it and will not. After having suffered one imprisonment he cannot be imprisoned again unless he, subsequently thereto, has acquired the means of paying, and still refuses. Such instances of obstinacy are extremely rare, and we would submit that it would be highly impolitic, in order to allow these few persons to indulge their obstinate feelings, to deprive all creditors of the power to compel a man to pay a debt, when he is proved to have the means of satisfying it.

The experience of the old Courts of Request shows that when men could by remaining in prison for a certain time rid themselves of their debts they preferred to do so. The period in those courts for which a man could be imprisoned was generally 20 days for a debt of 20*s.*, 40 days for one of 40*s.*, and so on, increasing 20 days for every 20*s.* owed.

The bill introduced into the House of Commons provides that no person shall be committed who does not appear to a judgment summons, unless the judge is satisfied that he ought to be committed for any cause which he would be liable to be committed for had he appeared in court.

We think that so much of the Bill should become law, but we cannot too strongly express our objections to the proposal to limit the time for which an obstinate person may be imprisoned, not because, as we hope we have shown, that such person ought to be punished, but because the power to compel payment, where means of payment exist, is essentially necessary for the welfare of those classes who obtain credit upon the faith of paying out of their future earnings.

The second clause of the Bill would, in our opinion, operate as a measure of confiscation upon the debts now due to tradesmen on the judgments of the County Courts (in some cases amounting to 50*l.*, exclusive of costs), or which the creditors have allowed to be incurred, from a knowledge that, by law, they could compel payment whenever their debtors might possess the means of satisfying them.

By the late Lord Chancellor's direction, we also inquired into the working of the courts so far as regards loan societies, beer scores, and the selling of goods by travelling drapers and such persons.

The questions we circulated and the answers we received we beg leave to inclose, and to recommend, so far as the second of the above subjects is concerned, that in the next Session of Parliament a measure should be introduced providing that no debt for beer, *consumed on the premises were sold*, shall be recoverable except by action commenced within fourteen days of the time of the incurring thereof.

It does not appear to us that any beneficial suggestion can be made with reference to loan societies; and we do not propose any interference with the transactions of travelling drapers and such persons, because we think that the judges of the Courts, by carefully weeding from the accounts of these persons all sums charged for goods supplied to a wife on the credit of her husband, not befitting her station, or which he has not sanctioned, can prevent any ill effect which would otherwise arise from this system of trading, and because we think that when so restrained the system is not disadvantageous to the labouring classes.

We have, &c.

(signed) *James Manning.*
J. H. Koe.
E. Cooke.
J. Worlledge.
W. Furner.

QUESTIONS sent by the COMMITTEE of COUNTY COURT JUDGES to all the JUDGES of those COURTS, relative to COUNTY COURT COMMITMENTS, and the ANSWERS thereto.

QUESTIONS.

1. As by the Parliamentary Return, No. 195, of last Session, it appears that out of 11,500 persons that actually went to prison, 8,361* were sent for non-appearance, is it not desirable that the law should be altered, so as to provide that if on the hearing of a judgment summons, the judgment debtor should not appear, the judge may proceed to satisfy himself, by examination, on oath, of the judgment creditor or his agent, or other witnesses, that the debtor should be committed for any of the causes mentioned in sect. 99 of 9 & 10 Vict. c. 95, but that he should not be liable to be committed for not appearing?

2. Are you of opinion that a power of imprisonment by the judge, as proposed to be modified, should exist, as a means of compelling persons who have obtained credit to pay out of their future earnings?

3. Are you of opinion that the working classes would be able to obtain credit upon such favourable terms as they now do if the power of imprisonment were wholly taken away from the Courts?

4. Are you of opinion that the form of warrant should be altered, so as clearly to show that upon payment of the instalments due, or of such sum as the judge shall direct to be inserted in the warrant, the debtor should be discharged from that imprisonment?

5. Do you consider that if a judgment debtor does not appear to a judgment summons you are bound to commit him to prison; or do you, before ordering his commitment, make inquiry so as to satisfy yourself that he ought to be committed for any of the causes mentioned in sect. 99 of 9 & 10 Vict. c. 95, exclusive of that for non-appearance?

6. If you do make such inquiry and then order his committal, does the warrant state that he is committed for not appearing to the summons?

7. Do you allow the judgment debtor to appear by agent on the hearing of a judgment summons, and if not, do you see any reason why he should not be so allowed?

8. If upon the hearing of a judgment summons neither the judgment creditor nor judgment debtor appears, do you proceed to commit the latter for non-appearance?

9. Do you generally give directions that the warrant shall not issue if the debt or so many of the instalments as may be due, be paid by a certain time?

10. Have you any rule which governs you as to the period for which you commit?

11. Do you commit a second time for the same debt?

12. What inquiries do you make before you give leave for a judgment summons to issue under sect. 48 of 19 & 20 Vict. c. 108.

13. Do you consider that it would be desirable to allow a judgment debtor summoned under sect. 48 of 19 & 20 Vict. c. 108, to appear before the Registrar of the Court of the District in which he resides, and make affidavit stating why he has not obeyed the order of the Court, and also stating when and how he will pay the debt?

14. Are you of opinion that the facilities for the recovery of debts by the County Courts has increased the lending of small sums of money by loan societies injuriously to the interests of society; and, if so, what remedy would you suggest?

15. Are you of opinion that no debt should be recoverable for beer sold unless the plaint be entered within one calendar month from the time of the debt being contracted?

16. Do you consider that the credit given by travelling drapers, packmen, and others, to the wives of the labouring population should be discouraged; and, if so, how, and to what extent?

* Although the warrants in the cases of these 8,361 persons expressed that they were committed for non-appearance, yet, in the majority of instances they were not so committed until after the judges had satisfied themselves that they had had ability to comply with the order of the Court, but had neglected to do so.

ANSWERS.

Circuit 1.—Judge, J. B. DASENT, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Alnwick.	Gateshead.	North Shields.
Belford.	Hexham.	Rathbury.
Bellingham.	Morpeth.	Wooler.
Berwick.	Newcastle.	

1. I think it may be desirable that the law should be altered as proposed, but my short experience satisfies me that every judgment creditor would readily swear that in his opinion the judgment debtor was able to pay, and as the judge could not possibly test this assertion, the inquiry would be practically inoperative. My opinion is, that where neither defendant nor any member of the family appear on a judgment summons, and no excuse is offered by letter, the ability and disinclination to pay may well be taken *pro confesso*.

2. Yes, certainly, without it I think credit, which is often absolutely necessary to keep poor people out of the union, would be put an end to. At the same time I think that the power of imprisonment frequently leads to excessive and imprudent credit, in itself a great evil to society.

3. This is answered in my last.

4. Yes.

5. I generally have made such inquiry; but I consider that if the judgment debtor is absent and is not represented by any member of his family, or a friend or agent, or excuse offered by letter, I am bound, if required so to do by the judgment creditor, to order his commitment, but in almost every such case I have, if the order appeared to be excessive, suspended the execution of the warrant for a fortnight, or reduced the amount of the original order.

6. I have frequently made orders of commitment "for non-appearance" after inquiry made when a member of the defendant's family has appeared, but in almost all such cases the order has been suspended for a fortnight or shorter period, on the understanding that if the defendant pays one instalment as originally ordered in that time, or even a reduced instalment, and keeps up his instalments, the commitment will not be enforced.

7. I allow the judgment debtor to appear by agent, and gladly give effect to any excuse for non-appearance or non-payment, which may be put forward on his behalf by anyone in court who can take upon himself to do so.

8. The case is always struck out if no one appears for the judgment creditor. If neither party appears, *a fortiori* the case is struck out.

9. I do, and I may add that with one or two exceptions all my orders have been limited to "20 days." When I was appointed in October last, I found "30 days" was the usual order. This I reduced at once to 20 days, and I have not heard that the change has been productive of discontent on the part of the judgment creditors.

10. The rule adopted by me has been explained above.

11. The instances in which I have been called upon to do so are very rare (at this moment I can only recall one case of gross fraud), a fact which shows that my reduced "usual order" has worked well. My belief is that debtors will generally defer compliance with original orders, until they see that creditors are in earnest, and apply for a judgment summons, for they seldom appear in the first instance, but leave the judge and the creditor to fix the mode and scale of payment. When a judgment summons has been served, the debtor generally sends his wife or a friend to plead poverty and to get the original order altered.

12.

13. I do.

14. I think that loan societies operate injuriously, as at present regulated; but it is difficult to suggest a remedy unless one can be found in a special statute of limitation. If unlimited credit be injurious as I think it is, a system of borrowing money on the simple production of a surety, who very likely has gone through the same operation elsewhere, is in my opinion far worse. If the dealings of such societies were to be limited to principals, I should think the system improved.

15. I am; I find a pernicious system in Newcastle and Gateshead, where publicans supply large quantities of beer to several men on the alleged credit of their foreman who always disputes his liability, and is generally charged with collecting each man's share and keeping it in his pocket. I think that a special statute of limitations would not have much effect on this system, though it would be better than the present law. I should prefer a law which should either limit the quantity of beer for which a man may make himself liable for others, or should prohibit such dealings altogether.

16. I consider that such dealings should be discouraged as much as possible; they have prevailed to a fearful extent in Northumberland. In my opinion the law as it stands at present is quite sufficient for the purpose, if the judge will keep a watchful eye over every such case. I was warned of the system as soon as I took my seat, and one or two examples sufficed to work a beneficial change, for the number of that class of cases has materially diminished, the plaintiffs preferring to abandon their whole debt to the exposure of their system in open court. Two men actually closed their shops altogether, and quitted Newcastle,

castle, in consequence of the rigid taxation of their accounts by me.

The discouragement I have administered has consisted of the disallowance of all articles of dress unsuited to the degree in life of the husband, or which in my opinion must have been known to the plaintiffs to be superfluous. I invariably found that these latter were pressed upon unwilling wives, who had contracted debts without their husband's sanction, and frequently took the goods as they received them to the pawnbroker; many cases occurred in which the wives had kept their husbands ignorant of the service of the original summons, and had appeared to admit the debt; all such I have invariably either set aside the proceedings on the hearing of the judgment summons, or have refused to make any order, publicly reprobating the system. My observations have been reported in the local papers, and have been commented on approvingly; the effects being such as I have already noticed.

Circuit 2.—Judge, HENRY STAPYLTON, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Bishops Auckland.	Seaham Harbour.	Sunderland.
Durham.	Shotley Bridge.	Wolsingham.
Hartlepool.	South Shields.	

1. No; for in a great majority of the cases it would be very difficult to prove without the evidence of the defendant, that he had committed any of the offences mentioned in the Act. It is very difficult to get either plaintiffs or defendants to read the summonses and other documents. I therefore require the bailiff when he serves the judgment summons to tell the defendant that unless he appears at the Court he will be committed, and that it will not do to send his wife in his place. After such a direct and express intimation that he will be committed unless he appears to the summons, I do not see any hardship in the committal of the defendant for a short period if he has not paid the debt or instalments, and will not appear and show cause why he has not done so.

2. I am clearly of opinion that a power of imprisonment should exist. It is absolutely necessary that credit should be given to the working classes. The great majority of mechanics and artizans do not receive any wages or pay until after they have been at work a fortnight or three weeks, for in most large establishments the workmen are paid once a fortnight, and the masters keep a week's wages in hand as a security for the good conduct of the workmen. Unless tradesmen give credit I do not see how the workmen can maintain themselves and their families until they receive their wages. When you take into consideration the short or non-employment of mechanics, artizans, bricklayers, stonemasons, and other workmen, from the frequent depression of trade, failure of masters, badness of weather, illness of the workmen, unfortunate, and in most cases ill-advised, strikes amongst the workmen, and other causes, it appears to me *quite absurd* to suppose that workmen in general are or ever will be in a condition to pay ready money for their provisions and clothing. From the depression of trade during the last 12 months at Sunderland, the great body of the mechanics, artizans, and workmen, especially the shipwrights and sailors, have had very little employment, not sufficient to maintain their families. If the tradesmen did not trust them, I should like to know how workmen in such circumstances could be maintained? If they incur debts I do not see why they should not be *compelled to pay them out of their future earnings.*

3. Certainly not. If the power of imprisonment was taken away a very great number of debtors would never pay a shilling of their debts, and at the end the working classes would be driven to deal with tradesmen who would sell inferior goods and provisions at most exorbitant prices. If they had no effectual remedy for the recovery of their debts, tradesmen would not give credit, or if they did would charge enormous prices on account of the risk they ran. I wonder, after the discussion of the usury laws, such a question should be asked. Before the repeal of those laws persons who could not borrow at 5 per cent. were compelled to resort to money-lenders, who charged most extravagant prices for the money they advanced. Now, if of good repute, they can borrow the money they want of respectable bankers at its market value.

4. This would be a great improvement. I have been informed that in many districts where a defendant has been committed for non-appearance he is not discharged from prison until the expiration of the period for which he was committed, though he is ready and willing to pay the debt and costs or the instalments due. I am happy to say no such practice ever prevailed in my districts. In order to obviate such cruelty and oppression, the warrant should clearly show that the defendant shall be discharged from gaol on payment of debt or instalment, though committed for non-appearance.

5. I do *not* consider myself bound to commit the defendant in case he does not appear, or show some reasonable cause why he does not appear. But in a great majority of cases I do commit him for a shorter or longer period, according to the circumstances of the case, without making, or rather thinking it absolutely requisite to make, any inquiry whether he has committed any of the offences mentioned in the 99th section or not. If the defendant will not pay the debt or instalments, or appear and show cause why he does not, I see *no hardship or cruelty* in the committal of the man to prison for a short period. The circumstances I take into consideration are what the defendant said when served with the summons, the date of the judgment, whether the defendant has paid any of the instalments, and any facts in relation to the debt or the conduct of the defendant the plaintiff proves. As a general rule I refuse to commit women, either for non-appearance or non-payment. During the

the 12 years I have acted as judge, I have not committed three women, and then only for three or seven days. I also decline to commit for non-appearance in case the defendant was under any engagement or contract to leave home at the time the judgment summons was served, or in case a judgment summons has been taken out against the defendant before the expiration of five or six months after his release from gaol when he has been committed before, unless it is already proved that he has property, and could pay the debt if he would, and in several other cases I decline to commit.

6. Yes.

7. I do not allow the judgment debtor to appear by agent. But if an agent appears and shows any reasonable cause why the defendant does not appear, then I adjourn the case to the next court. I think that the defendant should not be allowed to appear by agent. It would throw great difficulty and expense on the plaintiff to prove his case without the evidence of the defendant. Really and truly I can see no hardship or cruelty in requiring the defendant to pay the debt or instalment, or appear and show cause why he has not done so. I think that the summons, or an endorsement thereon, should more distinctly call the attention of the defendant that he will be committed unless he appears. The heading or endorsement might be—Summons for the A. B. to appear at the county court, &c., at 10 o'clock, on the day of to show cause why he should not be committed for non-payment of debt and costs. And the defendant is required *to take notice* that he will be committed to prison unless he appears.

Many of the defendants cannot read, and many who can will not read a long document. So difficult is it to get persons to understand the law, that many plaintiffs and defendants are under the impression that the defendant can be committed to gaol merely for non-payment, and in consequence of this erroneous impression many of the defendants do not appear, thinking as they have not paid the money it is of no use.

8. Certainly not, the case is struck out.

9. In general I tell the parties that they had better come to an arrangement, and the order for committal can operate as a security for the future payment of the instalments. And if the defendant will begin and continue to pay the instalments he need not go to prison, but if he makes default the plaintiff will issue out the warrant.

10. At first I used, unless there were special circumstances, such as making away with property or contracting the debt under false pretences, to commit for 21 days, afterwards for 14 days, and now in general for seven days, for non-appearance or mere non-payment of the instalments, the defendant having had sufficient ways and means to obey the order of the court. If a very long period has elapsed since the date of the judgment, and the defendant has not paid any of the instalments, I commit for 14 days for non-appearance or non-payment of the instalments.

11. Yes, but not until a considerable time, say six months, has elapsed since the defendant came out of prison. Of late I have refused, unless under special circumstances, to commit a second time for debts under 20*s.*

12. I have refused leave in all cases where it is not as or nearly as convenient for the defendant to appear at my court as at the court of the district in which he resides, or unless the plaintiff proves to my satisfaction that the defendant *has ample ways and means* to travel by railway second class from the district where he resides to my court, or unless the defendant lived in the district when he contracted the debt or the judgment was *obtained*, and has *since made away with his property with intent to defraud his creditors.* In fact, I grant leave where the defendant lives within three or four miles of the district, but in general refuse it when the defendant lives at a great distance, and in all cases refuse it where the defendant lives at a great distance and is a mere mechanic, artizan, labourer, or working man. If a tradesman, or a person apparently in good circumstances, falls off under such circumstances as to show that he intends to defraud his creditors and leaves the district, then I grant leave.

13. If this power of commitment is to be retained; but in my opinion it ought to be repealed, then this would be a great improvement. If the power is not repealed it should be confined to cases where the defendant has removed out of the district after the judgment has been obtained.

14. No. In my courts there are very few cases by loan societies or for borrowed money.

15. There are most unsatisfactory cases, for in general publicans keep no books, and very often beer is supplied when the customer is half intoxicated. If in any cases there should be no remedy for the recovery of a debt, this is one.

16. There can be no doubt of the facts that the goods supplied are of inferior quality, the prices exorbitant, and parties are often induced to purchase where they would not, if they had to go to a shop for the goods. But on the other hand they are enabled to obtain these goods on such terms, as to the payment of the debt by small instalments, as respectable shops will not supply them. The working classes in this country are in the habit of paying for their provisions once a fortnight, and for their wearing apparel and drapery goods, which they get of these travelling drapers, by small instalments of 1*s.* in the pound once a fortnight. No draper in good business will supply goods upon these terms. Many drapers have what are termed manage-women, that is, women who are answerable to them for draperies supplied to third parties on tickets, signed by the manage-women something like this form:—"Let the bearer, Mrs. —— have goods to the amount of 2*l.* on the credit of me the undersigned." Upon the receipt of this ticket the shopkeeper lets the bearer have goods to the value of 2*l.*, and pays or allows the manage-woman 1*s.* in the pound upon the amount supplied, and she collects the debt by small instalments of 1*s.* in the pound once a fortnight, and receives from the debtor 1*s.* in the pound for her trouble, so that in fact the debtor pays 2*s.* in the pound more than he would do if he went to market with ready money. I do not know that the prices charged to the customer are less, or that the goods are better than those supplied by packmen, *but the customer is not so often induced to buy things they*

they do not absolutely want. Another mode of getting drapery goods amongst the poor is by means of a money-club. Twenty or 30 families join in a club, which is managed by a person who receives 1 *s.* or 2 *s.* in the pound for his or her trouble; the members subscribe 1 *s.* a week; at the end of the week the money is drawn by one of the members according to the rules of the club. It not unfrequently happens that the manager embezzles the week's money, and a member who has subscribed for 18 or 19 weeks never gets a shilling. All these ways and means of providing wearing apparel and drapery goods are occasioned by the inability or unwillingness of the working classes to pay for their clothing and drapery goods in the same way as they pay for their provisions. After they have paid for their grocer's and butcher's bills, they have no money left to pay for their clothing. They will have provisions, whether they get wearing apparel or not. Besides, not only the poor, but persons in easy circumstances, prefer dealing with these travelling drapers, Jew jewellers, clock-sellers, book and other hawkers, to purchasing their goods of respectable tradesmen in the neighbourhood. And they are fully aware that they pay a much higher price for the articles they purchase of these travelling packmen than the cost of similar articles in respectable shops; but then they pay for them by small instalments, which suits their convenience and circumstances. It is said that wives frequently incur these debts without the knowledge of their husbands. No doubt it does occasionally happen; but in general the husbands are fully aware that the wearing apparel of the family is purchased of packmen, and that the money they give the wives at the end of the fortnight is not more than sufficient to pay for their provisions and 2 *s.* or 3 *s.* towards the packman's account. If parties will not or cannot pay ready money, or at stated terms and in considerable instalments for the goods they purchase, they are sure to get inferior goods and to pay most exorbitant prices for them. Tradesmen must and will be paid for the trouble and risk they run, more especially where a considerable number of their customers *are unprincipled persons who incur debts without the slightest intention to pay them.* To quote an instance of the improvidence of the working classes; it is the general custom of the coal miners and other workmen in this county to purchase expensive *mahogany,* but very inferior (as regards quality of wood and workmanship) furniture, and to pay for it by small instalments. They will purchase furniture to the amount of 15 *l.* to 20 *l.*, and pay for it by instalments of 10 *s.* a month. With ready money, or six months' credit, they could get much superior goods for one half the price. They purchase German clocks for 1 *l.* 8 *s.* of the Jew hawkers to be paid 1 *s.* a fortnight, when they could get the same article in a respectable shop for 14 *s.* or 16 *s.* ready money, or six months' credit. A respectable tradesman informed me that he *would not* supply the working classes with watches *and clocks,* they *were so irregular in their payments,* if they paid at all; and that he did not consider that the travelling Jews charged too much when they charged 1 *l.* 8 *s.* for a clock which he would sell for 14 *s.* ready money, or six months' *credit, to a respectable and trustworthy customer.* Upon the whole, I cannot see why, if the working classes are considered capable of taking care of their affairs in general, *they cannot be left to protect themselves against the impositions of these packmen and travelling drapers.* If they are to be specially protected against them, they must be also against all other hawkers and travelling tea-men, and other dealers; in fact, against the imposition and dishonesty of low and unprincipled tradesmen of every description. No doubt their poverty, and more especially their improvidence, expose them to much imposition. But I see no remedy; if they will not take care of themselves, they must abide the consequences. If the poor have not money, or waste it when they have it instead of paying their debts, and keeping their agreement with respectable tradesmen, they are driven to deal with inferior tradesmen, and to purchase bad meal, adulterated groceries, and flimsy draperies, or go without. I much regret this, but I cannot see any effectual prevention. In our anxiety to protect the working classes from the consequences of their own improvidence, we must take care that we do not injure the respectable tradesman. I will conclude with quoting a passage from a legal work on the effect of the 7 & 8 Vict. c. 96, which abolished imprisonment for debts under 20 *l.*:

"Than the 7 & 8 Vict. c. 96, no weapon has "been sent out of the legislative workshop more "apt for the purposes of unprincipled men, or "more powerfully or fatally wielded by such "men, to the destruction of their fellow-citizens. "It appears from inquiries made, that poor "traders have been victimised under its provi-"sions by their debtors owing less than 20 *l.*, to "an extent which, in the aggregate, is absolutely "monstrous to contemplate; and that Act has "been in effect little more than a powerful aid to "a system of *wholesale swindling.*"

This was partially remedied by 8 & 9 Vict. c. 127, and totally by the establishment of the county courts. I think that the law does not require any alteration, if the judges would come to an agreement not to commit (except in very aggravated cases) more than once for debts under 40 *s.*, and then not for more than 14 days; and in debts exceeding 40 *s.* the committal should not in any case be for 40 days, but for a longer or shorter period, according to the circumstance of such case; in general, the first commitment should not exceed 14 days.

That the power of commitment of debtors residing out of the district should not be exercised unless the defendant *resided in the district when the judgment was obtained, and it is quite clear that he has left the district with intent to defraud his creditors.*

I would recommend that the committee of judges should draw up some rules or observations to the above effect, and no alteration of the law would be required. I feel convinced that all the judges would adopt them and carry them into full effect.

Circuit 3.—Judge, T. H. INGHAM, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Alston.	Cockermouth.	Penrith.
Ambleside.	Haltwhistle.	Settle.
Appleby.	Keswick.	Ulverstone.
Brampton.	Kirkby Kendal.	Whitehaven.
Carlisle.	Kirkby Lonsdale.	Wigton.

1. The judge has already the power to satisfy himself in the way proposed before committing.

If the judge be not allowed to commit in cases where the debtor does not appear, debtors would avoid punishment altogether, simply by not appearing.

2. Without the power of imprisonment, the courts will become comparatively *useless*. A foolish and ignorant cry has been raised against imprisonment. I cannot see any justice in saying to the creditor who has supplied the working man, his wife, and family with necessary food and clothing, that he shall not have the same remedy as those creditors who have supplied the extravagance and luxuries of others, merely because in the former case the amount is less. The *power* of imprisonment in many cases enforces prudence and sobriety, and has upon the whole a good moral effect, especially when only exercised as it is or *ought to be* by the county court judges upon those who are able to obey the order of the court, but who spend their money in the beershop instead of doing so.

3. Certainly not. But the consequence would be that in cases of temporary sickness, or loss of employment, the working man and his family would fall upon the parish. I consider the present facilities of recovering debts and the means of enforcing the orders of the court as a *security* and the *only* security which the working man can offer when he requires a little credit.

4. Yes.

5. Certainly not. The Act of Parliament clearly leaves it discretionary with the judge, and *I always* before commitment satisfy myself that the debtor is of ability.

6. I believe in some instances the registrars of my courts have made out the warrants as committed for non-appearance, but in no case has this been of itself the cause of committal, and I have some time since on discovery of this directed the warrants to be framed in accordance with the facts.

7. I always allow it, when on inquiry I have some sufficient reason alleged for his absence, and if it be a case where I think he ought to attend himself for examination, I adjourn the case to the next court.

8. No; I at once strike the case out.

9. I often do this.

10. Yes; the amount of obstinacy exhibited.

11. Sometimes. If the rule was not to do so, the bad class of debtors would all go at once to prison to get rid of the debt.

12. About the same; I do, in hearing a judgment summons.

13. This would be a mere *ex parte* statement, and therefore not to be relied upon.

14. No such instance has ever come under my observation.

15. I think this would be desirable.

16. If the wife be precluded by law from pledging her husband's credit for the necessary clothing of *his, her own,* and *children's* necessary clothing, the result will be that the wife and family would get no clothing at all, and the husband would have more money to spend at the beershop. I don't see how Parliament can with justice interfere. This class of tradesmen take very small instalments, which shopkeepers will not do.

Circuit 4.—Judge, JOHN ADDISON, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Blackburn.	Kirkham.	Poulton.
Chorley.	Lancaster.	Preston.
Garstang.		

1. The proposed alteration may be desirable to meet a public outcry, though that outcry has little foundation, and the alteration will be in form rather than in substance.

I never commit without having satisfied myself that the party is a wilful defaulter. If he attends, I examine him, and the plaintiff or other persons; and in addition to the term of imprisonment, I write upon the minutes the cause, usually "ability." If he does not attend, I write only the number of days; unless I do so, the registrar makes out no commitment.

Whatever examination may have taken place, "non-attendance," when it exists, is the cause assigned in the warrant; partly, because it can easily be proved by producing the minutes; and partly because a question might be raised upon the language of sect. 99, whether, unless the party summoned attends, I have any jurisdiction to inquire into the other cases, at least as to some

some of them. See the words of the clause, "or "shall, *if attending*, refuse to be sworn," &c. This point would be very technical, but it behoves a county court judge to keep on the safe side if he can.

In some circuits the commitments are otherwise worded. Hence the classification of the returns is deceptive.

But I believe that substantially the general practice accords with mine. The Judge of Glamorganshire says: "In every case of non-"appearance the means of payment of the "defendants were inquired into, and the result "of every application for commitment was "governed by an inquiry into the conduct of the "defendant in the matter."

I will add that I am not satisfied with the oath of the plaintiff alone, but make further inquiry: generally from the bailiff who served the process as to the condition of the defendant and his family at the time he did so.

Section 99 might have been better worded: it seems to be taken with some variations of language from the earlier Statute 8 & 9 Vict. c. 127, s. 1, and the framers may have thought themselves able to make an exhaustive catalogue of the circumstances justifying a committal: but fraud puts on so many shapes that it is hopeless to attempt to define them all, and a power in general words is required to meet them.

The sting of this question lies in the supposed great amount of commitments.

Eleven thousand five hundred and one in one year seems a great number, but let it be compared with the number of actions from which it arises. I have not yet received the full returns for 1858, but the commitments for 1857 were 10,607 from 744,652 plaints, *not one in seventy*.

A recent alteration of the law which threw the expense of arrest and imprisonment upon the public Treasury, previously borne by the plaintiff (whose purse had been already lightened by the loss of his debt and the payment of heavy court fees), occasioned an extraordinary issue of judgment summonses, not alone on the plaints of that year, but of several preceding years. In like manner the fear that the courts are about to be deprived of the power of commitment is at present occasioning an extraordinary issue.

Statements have been made in the public prints leading to the supposition that every commitment was for forty days, whereas the late return shows that in my circuit some were for five days only; few were for more than fourteen, and the average duration of imprisonment from all the county courts was only seventeen.

I venture to think that this is the mildest procedure known to the law of England, but I am not surprised at the outcry after such statements as the following have been publicly made: "The "name of the defendant is called, 'John Smith,' "'Not here:' 'Forty days.'" I cannot believe that such a circumstance ever took place in any county court. If there really be a practice in any county court of committing even for fourteen days without inquiry, I think it should be stopped; for it seems to me to proceed upon a misunderstanding of section 99. That section, after enumerating the causes of commitment (non-attendance and not alleging a sufficient excuse for not attending being the first of them) says, it shall be lawful for such judge, "*if he shall "think fit*," to order that any such party may be committed.

I do not know the number of imprisonments by process from the superior courts, but they bear a much greater proportion to the actions than one in seventy, which is proved by the number of those which produce applications to the insolvent court. I have had 290 insolvent prisoners brought before me for hearing at Lancaster in the course of the present year, hardly half over: in more than half of those cases, the aggregate of each prisoner's debts was under 300*l*. In the cases of 127 prisoners the detaining creditor's debt did not exceed 30*l*. The last schedule exhibited was numbered 89,582.

The commitments of England and Wales for all causes, civil and criminal, appear from Mr. Redgrave's Blue Book to have been 141,970 in 1857. The county court commitments for the same year were between thirteen and fourteen per cent. of that number.

The length as well as the number of county court imprisonment must be considered. Those for 1858 average 17 days, and the aggregate of days is 198,507, which, divided by 365 days, gives an average of 522 persons confined at once. The average of all prisoners in that year is not known to me, but Mr. Redgrave says that the 1st of January found 19,686 persons in gaol. Supposing that number to have remained constant, the 522 county court prisoners would not be quite 1 in 37.

I venture to call this a small proportion, considering the magnitude of its purpose and object, which is no less than the enforcing, so far as it is enforced by law, the payment of small debts.

A very learned person has told us: "It "would have been cheaper in many instances, "both for the Treasury and the county, to have "paid the debts; for the expenses which fell on "the Consolidated Fund and the charge on the "county would have been sufficient to pay many "of them several times over." I do not think such instances deserve the name of "many," but the subject should be considered as a whole. The return does not furnish materials for this with precision as regards 1858, and I can only approximate for 1857 by supposing the same average of 17 days to have prevailed in that year, giving 174,319 days of imprisonment, which I estimated as costing the counties 1*s*. a day, and I make the large allowance of 10*s*. a head for conduct. This gives a total of 44,019*l*. 9*s*., being *less than two per cent.* upon 771,944*l*. actually paid out of court in that year to suitors, who would have got but little of it but for the power of imprisonment.

Some cases of hardship may have occurred the judges must often decide *ex parte*, the defendant being contumacious; but I believe this jurisdiction to be exercised with as much care and fairness as any other; and I have no doubt but that the prisoners are, as a class, wilful defaulters, justly punished, and their punishment a good example to others.

2. To refuse a power of commitment for small debts would in effect be to say there should be no efficient remedy for the recovery of them. There are not wanting persons who think there should be no such remedy. I remember hearing the late Lord Abinger, then Mr. Scarlett, say at the circuit table they should be made debts of honour. In his time the small debtor was at the

mercy of petty courts, affording little guarantee for a fair trial, exacting enormous costs, and enforcing their judgments (untempered by instalments) by the sale of goods, leaving the debtor and his family in circumstances and with a temper fitting them to recruit the dangerous class of society. Such oppression, still existing among us, though diminished, might influence the judgment of many; and the ideas of our elder professional men are formed rather upon what they knew in their own practice than upon what now prevails.

It has been observed that some circuits have been more productive of commitment than others; and upon this a remark may be made.

More than 400 persons have been imprisoned in each of the following circuits, Nos. 9, 7, 10, 25, 13, 17, 4, 8, 19. With perhaps one exception, these are all manufacturing or mining districts, in which wages are high, credit readily given, and often abused.

Fewer than 100 have been imprisoned in Nos. 31, 59, 49, 57, 29, 58, 36, 47, 56, 16, 39, 33, 15. These, except Southwark, may be called agricultural districts; and I think a majority of them are circuits which have become vacant by death, or, in one instance, by resignation, a circumstance that would have its effect in various ways, to diminish the number of commitments.

I wish it to be remembered that my circuit is a manufacturing district, and my defendants are, generally speaking, able to pay. I do not mean that they have the money in their pockets, or that they are at any one time above solvency; that is not the habit of their class; but they can meet instalments from their own earnings and those of their families. These earnings the operative pledges for the price of his daily bread, the shopkeeper does, and in the present state of society must, give him credit upon that security, and it is only justice to enforce the obligation. That the labour of children should be drawn upon for so large a part of the fund, is an evil deep seated in our social condition; legislation can do little to remove it, injudicious legislation will do much harm; only to improved intelligence and a higher tone of morals can we look with hope for a better state of things.

3. Certainly not. Book debts are worth much more per cent. in consequence of the better power of recovery given by the County Court Acts. Suffering less from bad debts, the trader can afford to sell cheaper, and competition compels him to do so.

4. I see no objection to this alteration.

5. I do not consider myself bound to commit for mere non-appearance, or indeed for any of the causes mentioned; I must still "think fit," section 99; and for that purpose I make inquiry. I might possibly commit a non-appearing defendant for some cause which (not being one of those enumerated) I could not allege against him if he had appeared; *e. g.*, if I had given damages against him for an aggravated assault.

6. Yes, in my circuit, and I believe in others, except circuit No. 3, where, I presume, "suffi-
"cient means and abilityto pay" were assigned, in cases where other courts have assigned "non-
"appearance," although sufficient means and ability to pay were proved. I have referred to the causes of this in my answer to Question 1.

7. Few of my defendants appear in person either to the original summons or the judgment summons; they generally send their wives; but I am accustomed to hear anybody they send. Yet one object of the summons is the examination of the defendant upon oath; he evades this test by sending another person, but we must make some concession to the necessities of life.

8. Where neither party appears, I write "No "appearance," or, for shortness, "No ap.," and pass on to the next case. But in some instances I allow the plaintiff's wife or other agent to appear for him.

9. Generally a direction or recommendation to the plaintiff to receive any reasonable instalment.

10. Usually 14 days in the first instance, for experience leads me to believe that in districts where there are generally good wages, the threat of a fortnight's imprisonment has much the same effect as if a longer term were named.

11. Sometimes, after having by inquiry satisfied myself that the default is wilfully persisted in, and then I usually commit for a longer time than at first. I have sometimes committed for a third time, and that for a longer period than either of the former.

To take away the power of recommitment would be to make the execution more severe; as the judge could could only strike once he must hit harder; and many who now make exertions to pay would make up their minds to go to gaol at once, especially if it wiped off the debt. It would be a return to the old *ca. sa.*, and an extension of the insolvent court system, which the growing intelligence of the age condemns.

12. I inquire where the defendant is resident, how he comes to be out of my district, what he is doing, or his means of payment, the amount of the debt, its age, or subject matter; giving leave more readily if the distance is small, the amount considerable, the debt recent, the means of payment probable, &c.

Some have thought it a hardship that a man should be summoned perhaps to a court 100 miles off; but it should be remembered that it can only be to the court in which the judgment was obtained, *i.e.*, in the district in which he resided when the debt was contracted, or at least in which he contracted the debt; 9 & 10 Vict. c. 95, s. 60, and 19 & 20 Vict. c. 108, s. 15. In the case of such fugitive debtors it seems reasonable that an inconvenience occasioned by their own act should fall upon themselves, rather than upon their creditors; and the inconvenience is less if the judge does not refuse to read any letter the defendant may write, and inquire whether his excuse is well founded.

I find the inquiry an anxious one, and often wish I were relieved from making it.

13. The making of the affidavit would be troublesome both to the registrar and the party. If a payment is to be made for it, the money would be better laid out in a post-office order to be sent to the creditor.

I think a letter as good as an affidavit and less dangerous. The temptation to perjury would be considerable.

14. There must be a borrower as well as a lender; and it is the boast of the county courts that they have done still more to make borrowers

(and

(and sureties) cautious than to encourage lenders. Their moral effect in this way has been great, but the bad habits of a people cannot be reformed at once. Loan societies are a modern invention, I suppose to supply wants that were felt. They are not frequent suitors of my ordinary county courts, the harsher practice and the higher costs of other courts suit them or their attornies better. There are frequently some of them in the schedules of insolvent prisoners that come before me. The debtor, on the eve of failure, puts off the evil day by having recourse to them. I think this one of those ills that kings and laws can neither cause nor cure.

15. The enactment suggested would be as inoperative as the existing law against recovery for spirituous liquors. The moral sense of the people prevents their availing themselves of it much. If an advocate takes the objection, he wins the cause, but runs a great risk of losing the briefs of honest plaintiffs for the future; he may recommend himself to plaintiffs of a different sort, but their briefs have small fees.

My advice to all persons is to keep out of debt, either for beer or anything else; to discourage credit by permitting fraud, is to begin at the wrong end.

The innkeeper may be compelled to put something on the price, that the more honest drinker may pay for him who adds roguery to intemperance.

16. Laws cannot stop trade or credit. They may to some extent hamper trade, and may make interest odious by calling it usury; but men will buy and borrow much as they did before.

There are some black sheep in every flock, and some of the travelling drapers, called here Scotchmen, are dishonest; but their trade could not flourish as it does unless it were a convenience to their customers. I find their accounts kept with great correctness, and of all my suitors they are the most moderate in asking for instalments. As I give them credit for seeing their own interests, I am influenced by their example in awarding to the English creditor, not so large instalments as he wishes, but rather such as, in my opinion, give him the best chance of ultimate payment.

A judge would be puzzled how to interpret the words "the wives of the labouring popula-"tion." In the hives of industry among which I dwell, they might be applied to all the people. I hope no such loose expression will be put into any Act of Parliament.

Circuit 5.—Judge, C. TEMPLE, Esq., Q. C.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Oldham.	Saddleworth.	Todmorden.
Rochdale.	Salford.	

1. I have never committed for non-appearance, but have always examined into the ability to pay, &c., which has been the ground of my judgments.

I found, however, it was the practice to draw up the order as for non-appearance, and desired that it should be discontinued, and the order drawn up on the real grounds.

2. I am of opinion that a power of imprisonment to *be exercised with due consideration* is necessary to enforce the judgments of the court.

3. The judgments of the court would be inoperative without some power of imprisonment to enforce them; and I think that the knowledge of this power on the part of the creditor induces him to grant credit more liberally than he would otherwise do.

4. Yes.

5. I consider an order of commitment as not of course or of right, but only to be issued after proper investigation.

6. I believe it did formerly, but not now.

7. I discourage, as much as I can, the appearing of an agent on the hearing of a judgment summons, thinking that the creditor has a right to have from the plaintiff himself information as to the debt and debtor. I have often found the agent ignorant of material circumstances, which the plaintiff, if present, could have supplied.

8. Never.

9. Almost universally; it is only in a few exceptional cases that I have made orders for immediate and absolute commitment.

10. If I find a proper case, in my opinion, for commitment, I proportion the period to the amount of debt, the ability to pay, and the other circumstances of the case.

11. I commit a second time for the same debt upon the same principles as I am regulated by in original commitments; and if, as is generally the case, I think the defendant has acted upon a determination not to pay, being of ability, I increase the term of imprisonment.

12. Such inquiries as the Act of Parliament or the circumstances of the case in my judgment call for.

13. I see no objection. If the case is reported by the registrar to the next court.

14. My experience is not of sufficient length to enable me to judge of this; but I feel strongly that loan societies are a great evil in the extent to which they now exist, and I would suggest a limitation of the rate of interest by loan for all loans under 5*l.* (perhaps 10*l.*) and a provision, that, like benefit clubs, all loan societies should be registered, and regulated by rules, to be approved according to the existing Acts of Parliament.

15. Yes; I always limit the instalments for payment to 3*s.* a month.

16. Yes. The best means would be to shorten the time within which the debt should be recoverable, and perhaps to limit the amount of credit to be given to the wife without knowledge of her husband. I wish to suggest that no judgment summons should issue without the plaintiff first swearing to a belief in the debtor's ability to pay, and that there are no goods on which an execution can be levied.

Permit me to suggest the propriety of giving the registrar power to order particulars of demand or further particulars, where necessary, before the hearing.

CIRCUIT 6.—JUDGES, W. A. HULTON and J. K. BLAIR, ESQUIRES.

Places at which the Judges sit.

LIVERPOOL. | ORMSKIRK. | ST. HELENS.

Answers of W. A. HULTON, Esq.

1. ON consideration, I think that the change suggested in the first question may be beneficial. I do not think, however, that it will make much difference in the number of commitments. From my experience I can safely say that creditors as a class are most patient of delay, and most unwilling to proceed to extremities with their debtors; and, comparatively speaking, I have seldom found that the summons has been applied for unless the non-payment of the order, the general cause of complaint, has been wilful. Still cases occur in which creditors have summoned their debtors for the purpose of being examined, and without sufficient previous inqury into their circumstances; and I think that the proposed change would tend to make such creditors more cautions in their applications for commitments. I may perhaps add that the present number of commitments may in some degree be attributed to the change in the expenses which took place a short time since, and that such change may have been taken by the creditor as an intimation of the view in which the relation between himself and his debtor was then regarded.

2. I think it necessary that a power of imprisonment by the judge should exist. In the majority of cases brought before the court the execution against the goods is inoperative, and I think that it would become more so if that against the person were taken away. Generally speaking, the credit in such case is obtained on the faith of future earnings, and it would be an injustice to take away from the creditor the only practical mode he possesses of attaching such earnings. For obvious reasons these observations apply strongly to cases arising in seaports.

3. It certainly would be desirable that all dealings should be cash transactions, but in the present state of society credit will and must be given; and I am clearly of opinion that in the event of imprisonment being taken away, the working classes would not obtain credit on such favourable terms as they do at present. The risk of non-payment, which would be greatly increased, would necessarily be taken into consideration in fixing the price of the article; such an alteration as that referred to would be a boon to the fraudulent at the expense of the honest debtor. I may further remark that such a change would have the effect of annihilating a very meritorious class, the small shopkeeper.

4. The form of warrant might certainly be altered in this respect with advantage.

5. I do not consider the power given by sect. 99 to be imperative; and whenever I have the slightest reason to doubt whether the application is proper, I inquire into the circumstances and the ability of the debtor before I commit for non-appearance, and I refuse to commit in such cases unless I am satisfied that the non-payment is wilful. In the case of female defendants I require this in general to be strictly proved.

6. When the defendant does not appear, or show an excuse for non-appearance, that is made the ground of commitment. Whether the act is grounded on good policy or not is a question of a different nature, but it clearly points to non-appearance as a substantive ground of commitment, and I have a difficulty in saying that any other ground of commitment can be gone into under §§ 98 and 99, in the defendant's absence.

7. I admit any one, as of course, to appear for the judgment debtor, and give evidence to excuse non-appearance, and generally to speak to his ability on the preliminary inquiry. In perhaps the majority of cases the wife of the debtor appears, and then the question turns substantially on ability.

8. If the judgment creditor does not appear, either personally or by agent, the case is struck out as a matter of course.

9. If any fair plea is made I accept it, and make the order accordingly. I generally find that creditors are very willing to accede to such an offer, and then the suspension of the order is a matter of consent.

10. I have no fixed rule which governs the period for which I commit, and I think it impossible to lay one down. I believe, however, that a short term is equally efficacious with a more extended one in inducing parties to act properly.

11. I commit a second time for the same debt if a new cause of commitment arises. I think that a limit in this respect would be attended with evil consequences. There are now many debtors who exert themselves to discharge their liabilities, but would suffer imprisonment once, or even twice, to free themselves from debt. I fear that the number of such debtors would increase if the change referred to were made, and thus the moral effect which these courts are effecting would be undone.

12. The power under § 48 of 19 & 20 Vict. c. 108, is one that in my opinion ought to be exercised with very great caution. My inquiries have generally been made to ascertain the distance from the foreign district, and whether the debtor has left the home district since the judgment was given.

13. I incline to think that the proposed reference to the registrar might possibly be found beneficial.

14. In my experience as judge, I have not been able to discover that these loans are practically injurious to society. The contract is very rarely disputed in court, the accounts are in general kept with accuracy, and the disputes are usually confined to complaints between the parties liable on the contract.

15. I think not merely that the suggested alteration in the law relating to debts contracted for beer would be beneficial, but I see no valid reason

reason why the principle of the Act 24 Geo. 2, c. 40, relating to the sale of spirituous liquors, should not be extended to these debts. Care, however, ought to be taken that any alteration should be so modified as to prevent injustice to those at present carrying on a trade which has been more than permitted by the Legislature.

16. Generally speaking, I do not think that the credit referred to in the last question put to me ought to be discouraged as suggested. The dealing is for necessaries, and affords convenience to the customer. Owing to the absence of their husbands, the wives of the labouring classes have necessarily great authority over the domestic economy; and though this authority is sometimes abused, I do not think that the abuse is so general as to call for legislative interference; and I more than doubt the policy, and even the effective practicability of legislation on such a subject, when it is aimed at one class, and is in favour of another.

Answers of J. K. Blair, Esq.

1. I should think the judge should have the power of committing for non-appearance alone. The debtor who does not obey the order for payment is in default, and it is incumbent on him to excuse himself. It may often happen that the only means a creditor has of showing the debtor's ability is from the examination of the debtor himself, and where he does not appear, and there is no excuse alleged for his non-appearance, I see no reason why the judge should not have the power of committing him. In point of fact, in a large proportion of these cases there is no appearance, because there is no excuse for non-payment to be alleged, and the order of commitment results in payment without the imprisonment of the debtor.

2. I am of opinion the power of imprisonment should exist as at present possessed by the judges of the courts. My reasons for thinking it should not be modified I have given above. The power of imprisonment itself I think essential for the effective working of the courts. I feel assured that in a very large number of cases, debts are paid under the present system by persons well able to pay, when otherwise the orders of the court would have no effect. This is especially the case in a community such as that within the jurisdiction of the Liverpool Court, where a large proportion of the defendants, though earning large wages, live in lodgings, and with respect to whom their is no means of enforcing the payment of a debt against an obstinate debtor, but through the fear of imprisonment. The number of cases where actual imprisonment takes place is small in proportion to the orders of committal made, and the orders of committal, I have no doubt, bear a small proportion to the number of cases where the orders for payment are obeyed from the knowledge that such power of imprisonment exists.

3. I do not think they would. The knowledge that the creditor can enforce payment from his debtor in case of the future ability of the latter to pay, no doubt, gives facilities for obtaining credit. In hard times or in case of a sudden fluctuation in the labour market, the small shopkeeper is the working man's banker, and his advances on the credit of his customer's future labour would no doubt be charged at a rate bearing some proportion to the risk. With the reckless, this facility for obtaining credit will no doubt operate injuriously, but to the prudent the existence of the power of imprisonment operates favourably in enabling them to obtain credit on better terms.

4. I think this would be a great improvement. At present the same object is sought to be attained in a more circuitous way, by suspending the order for a certain time, or adjourning the consideration of the summons to give the debtor an opportunity of paying.

5. If the judgment creditor appears and the debtor does not, and does not through an agent allege any excuse for not appearing, I still inquire of the creditor or the person who appears for him, what he knows of the debtor's means, and of the reason for his non-appearance. Unless such inquiry discloses some reason to the contrary, I consider myself bound to commit if the creditor asks for such committal, even though such examination should not prove the debtor's ability to pay, or any other cause for his committal beyond his non-appearance.

6. When the debtor does not appear and no sufficient reason is alleged for his non-appearance, the warrant would state the non-appearance as the cause of his committal, though such inquiry may have been made, as stated in answer to the last query.

7. I hear the statement of any one who appears for the debtor, but I think the power of committal for non-appearance should not be taken away, should the judge be of opinion that the absence of the debtor himself is not sufficiently excused. The agent may frequently know nothing of his debtor's means, the plaintiff may be equally ignorant, and the only means of ascertaining the truth on this matter may be from the debtor himself.

If neither party appears personally or by agent the case is struck out.

9. I endeavour to attain the same object by suspending the issuing the warrant absolutely for a certain time, or where the amount is too large for the defendant, in all probability, to be able to pay the whole within a short period, adjourning the case to give him an opportunity of paying a portion. I think, as already intimated, the form of the warrant, or rather the form of the order, might in this respect be modified with great advantage. It might direct the imprisonment to take place or the warrant to issue at a certain time unless certain payments were made in the meantime, or make the imprisonment conditional on default in payment of future instalments.

10. I usually commit for 14 days in a first committal. If I have occasion to commit a second time, I usually increase the period, rarely and only in strong cases beyond 20.

11. Yes, in good cause shown, or persistence in not appearing without due excuse.

12. I inquire

12. I inquire into the nature of the original cause of action, its amount, whether there have been promises to pay, the distance of the defendant's present residence, whether he has removed out of the jurisdiction of the court since the judgment, and into any other circumstances that this inquiry may disclose to enable me to judge whether the giving leave to issue such summons would impose any undue hardship on the debtor.

13. I see no objection to this course.

14. The facility for the recovery of debts has in this class of cases, as in many others, given facilities for incurring them. This operates beneficially in many cases, injuriously in others, and the temptation of an advance of money by loan no doubt encourages recklessness in the incurring of debts more frequently than in the case of debts incurred for goods supplied. So far the system is injurious to the interests of society, but I do not see how any remedy can be applied. The state of things complained of arises from the facilities given for the recovery of debts generally, and I do not see how any special impediment can be placed in the way of recovering money lent, or money lent by a society instead of by an individual.

15. I think this would be a step in the right direction, but I do not see why the provisions of the Tippling Act should not be applied to beer-scores for liquor drunk on the premises.

16. The answer to the query respecting loan societies involves the answer to this. There is no doubt that the ready credit given to persons of this class causes a great deal of distress among the families of working men, but this facility in obtaining the credit arises from the facilities for recovering the debt, and I cannot see how there can be a special enactment to check this, applying to dealers with the wives of the labouring population, which would not be applicable to dealers with any other persons, or how the implied agency of the wife can be further limited in that class of life without limiting it to the same extent in all others.

Circuit 7.—Judge, J. W. HARDEN, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Altrincham.	Nantwich and Crewe.	Runcorn and Frodsham.
Birkenhead.	Northwich.	Warrington.
Chester.	Oswestry.	Whitchurch.

1. I think that no such alteration is requisite or desirable.

From No. 195 and other Parliamentary Returns, I draw the conclusion that of 10 parties who are summoned upon judgment nine manage to pay or otherwise satisfy the judgment creditor without being sent to gaol, and only one absents himself or fails to allege a sufficient excuse for disobeying the order of the court.

No. 195 appears to me to be defective as a guide for legislation, inasmuch as it does not state the number of plaints or of the judgment summonses issued. In the year 1857 I find that 744,652 plaints were followed by 112,961 judgment summonses, resulting in 10,607 actual commitments, being only as 1 to 70 and 1 to 10 respectively, and it should also be borne in mind that the 11,500 commitments mentioned in No. 195 do not spring from the judgment of one year, but of all the years since the establishment of county courts, and even earlier, for I have occasionally to issue orders made by a previously existing court of requests, which was merged in the county court at Warrington.

2. Without the power of imprisonment the county courts would be all but useless, and, as I have said above, I think the proposed modification uncalled for.

3. Certainly not.

4. I think such an alteration very desirable.

5. If a judgment debtor has been personally served and neither appears nor sends any excuse for not appearing, I hold that to be *primâ facie* evidence that he has some good reasons for staying away, and he could not if present allege any sufficient excuse for not having obeyed the order of the court, but I hold it to be only *primâ facie* evidence, and readily grant indulgence where I see reason to doubt the debtor's ability to pay, though no one may appear for him.

I always make some inquiry as to the debtor's means before I order a commitment.

6. As a general rule I believe it does.

7. For the purpose of proposing terms or accounting for the absence of his principal, I am more than willing to receive an agent, but as a matter of prudence it would always be safer for the debtor to attend in person, in order that the creditor may have the opportunity of examining him upon oath if he pleases.

8. If no one appears, the case, as a matter of course, is struck out.

9. I give every indulgence that I fairly can, and I must do the suitors on my circuit the justice to say that, as a body, they are very considerate, and seldom ask for unreasonable terms.

10. I have no precise rule, much must depend upon the circumstances of each case, but I not commonly commit for longer than seven days on the first occasion.

11. I never commit for debt simply, but when a debtor can pay and won't pay, I endeavour to make him pay by repeated commitments.

12. I inquire where the defendant resided when the judgment was obtained, if he has removed out of the jurisdiction *since*, the summons issues as of course, but if I find he lived out of the jurisdiction when the order for payment was made, I pursue the inquiry as if the application were for the original summons.

13. I think it would be very desirable.

14. My experience has not led me to any such conclusion.

15. No.

15. No greater boon could, in my opinion, be conferred upon what are called "the labouring classes," than the adoption of some measure which would have the effect of preventing the anticipating future earnings in the beer-house.

I have spared no pains in petitioning the Legislature and other steps upon this subject, and I should be very glad to see the alterations proposed, or any other discouragement given to the creation of "beer scores," which I firmly believe to be the cause of more unhappiness, degradation, and misery than any one but a county court judge could imagine.

16. The practice should be narrowly and jealously watched by the judges of county courts, being so liable to lead to abuse; but I am not prepared to go further, or to put a stop to the system altogether, if it were possible to do so instances no doubt occur where debts have been incurred by married women with the view of converting the goods bought into money to gratify their own vicious propensities, but I am happy to think that such instances are comparatively rare, and that they do not outweigh the advantage of being able to pay for wearing apparel and other household necessaries by small instalments at the cottage door; the shop may be at a distance, the shop-keeper would not be troubled with small and never-ending weekly payments, and though the poor would probably find it better and cheaper to buy nothing till they could pay for it in full, I fear that is a state of society more to be desired than expected, and until it arrives I should be content with requiring *watchfulness* in those who have to administer the law.

Circuit 8.—Judge, R. BRANDT, Esq.

Place at which the Judge sits.

Manchester.

1. From my own experience, I should say that no alteration in the law is needed, if the judges act with due discretion. If it appears, *in any way*, that the absence does not arise from contumacy, and that there are sufficient reasons for default in payment, I think the warrant ought not to issue. But if the plaintiff *believes* that defendant is able to pay, I think defendant's disobedience of the summons ought of itself to be a ground of committal, unless *some* reason for his non-appearance be given.

2. I feel no doubt on this subject. The earnings are often the only fund to which a creditor can look. Almost every order for payment which I make is based on the amount of future earnings.

3. I think not. If the power of imprisonment were altogether taken away, I think the courts might at once be shut up. In the vast majority of cases, the *fear* of imprisonment is the only efficient cause of the plaintiff being paid.

4. I think this desirable.

5. I think that a judgment debtor is *primâ facie* liable to be committed for non-appearance. But I do not think I am *bound* to commit if I learn any good reason to the contrary.

6. That is the form.

7. I do allow it, constantly. In a very large proportion of cases, the wife appears for her husband, and frequently an agent appears. The wife or agent may at least be a witness to account for the man's non-appearing. But I go beyond that, and allow such agent (especially the wife) to account for non-payment, and make a statement on oath of the *circumstances* of the judgment debtor. Still I think the judgment debtor has not, and ought not to have, a *right* to appear *only* by agent; but that he should himself appear, if insisted upon; and, under such circumstances, the hearing of the summons might be adjourned for him to appear.

8. Never. The case is struck out. It is presumed that the case is settled; or, at all events, not proceeded with.

9. That or some such limitation is very frequently made; and I find it to act most beneficially. It eases the defendant, and satisfies the plaintiff.

10. Yes; I almost always commit for 20 days. Principally because prisoners in the gaols to which I commit, sent for that period, have a less liberal allowance of diet than those committed for a longer period. I think it desirable that working men should be confined for as short a period as possible, especially when the *short* period, with a limited diet, is probably the most effective.

11. Yes; when I am perfectly satisfied that the defendant refuses to pay through mere obstinacy. But I refuse to do so when a committal a second time does not seem to me likely to produce any good effect.

12. I inquire first whether the defendant was living in my district when judgment was given; and if I find that he has removed without giving any satisfaction, though of ability, I grant the summons at once. If the defendant resided out of the district when judgment was given, I inquire whether he has paid obedience to the order to any and to what extent; and I grant or refuse the summons, according to the answer given.

13. I think this desirable. But notwithstanding this should be done, the court should still have power to insist on his appearing, if it be shown that the defendant has made a false statement, or is keeping back information.

14. I am not able to give a decided opinion on this subject. The number of summonses for such cases (including also individual money-lenders) is now very great: and it was so when the court was first established. I think that the number is considerably increased, and probably so from the facilities afforded by the court. Hence I think it likely that the enlarged operation of these societies and money-lenders has been encouraged by the facilities afforded by the court. The principal mischief to society therefrom consists in the reckless manner in which parties lend their names as *sureties*. I had hoped that the frequent distress brought on such sureties by the absconding

ing of the *principals* might have checked the practice. The only remedy I can think of is, to make the money-lender bound by some means to apprise the surety *of the risk he runs.*

15. I am quite of that opinion. The misery inflicted on families by the encouragement to run into debt in public-houses is so great and so extensive, that I was almost inclined to recommend that a publican should not maintain an action for beer sold to a party tippling in his house. Of course the question does not apply to beer sold in large quantities, as by brewers. And even in public-houses and beer-houses, perhaps an exception should be made of cases where contractors order beer to be supplied to their men during a job, which may last several months.

16. This is a question of some difficulty. For though it is clear that a labourer's wife would have a much better bargain by going to a shop with money in her hand than by buying on the usual terms from travelling drapers, &c., yet that pre-supposes that money would have been saved up for some time for such purpose, and this would rarely be accomplished. It is much easier to pay up small instalments than to lay by small savings to form a fund. The terms of the travelling draper are therefore *so far* an advantage; on the other hand, the wives are often encouraged to buy things which they do not need; and sometimes bad wives procure such things to turn into money for drink, and burdens are thus thrown on the husbands which they ought not to bear, and of which they had no knowledge. I think, however, that husbands, in a great majority of cases, are careless as to the manner in which their wives get their clothing, leaving them to get them as they can, and that they either know, or ought to know, that they are supplied by such traders. I do not know of any mode of discouraging the credit so given, except by the discretion and vigilance of the judge. I think a close investigation should be made to ascertain that the goods sold were really for the *use* of the family, and were of a kind and value suitable for such purposes; and that, on the whole, the consent of the husband to such dealing might fairly be inferred.

Circuit 9.—Judge J. St. JOHN YATES, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Ashton-under-Lyne.	Glossop.	Macclesfield.
Chapel-en-le-Frith.	Hyde.	Stockport.
Congleton.		

1. It is. *See* answer to Question 5.

In drawing a conclusion from this Return it must be remembered that the expenses consequent upon a commitment are greatly reduced by 19 & 20 Vict. c. 108, which came into operation October 1, 1856.

Had they always been on the lower scale, a great proportion of the commitments shown by the Return would no doubt have been spread over the previous years. The arrears are now in a great measure cleared off, and if I mistake not, a similar return for the last six months would show very different results.

2. I am. Without it the county court would be comparatively powerless for the recovery of small debts. And if I may judge from what defendants have themselves told me, imprisonment is viewed by the working classes as far less hardship than the utter ruin which follows an execution against the goods.

3. They would not. A system of credit is absolutely necessary in the manufacturing districts. Seasons of distress recur periodically in these localities, where, but for the facilities which are afforded by the shopkeepers, whole families must starve or become inmates of the workhouse; and it is to this power of imprisonment to which the shopkeeper looks for security when prosperity returns. Without it a higher price would be charged for articles sold on credit, as an insurance against the debtor's dishonesty.

4. In my opinion the forms are all too complex and full of technicalities, and I would therefore add nothing to the warrant; but with a view to effect the object referred to, I would suggest that the bailiff give to every prisoner at the time of his arrest a ticket, showing, as briefly and as simply as possible, the amount upon payment of which he is entitled to his discharge.

I wrote to Mr. H. Nicol upon this subject several months ago.

5. Strictly speaking, I consider that I am so bound; but, having, in more than one instance, had reason to suspect that the defendant had been induced not to appear by a false representation made to him by the plaintiff, I have ever since required from the plaintiff *primâ facie* evidence of some other cause of committal, and failing such proof the case has stood adjourned. The result is that, practically speaking, I never commit for non-appearance only, for the plaintiff either makes out a substantial cause for a committal, or the case is arranged.

6. It does.

7. Not in the technical sense of the word, so as to preclude a committal for not appearing, but I take any explanation which is offered on the part of the defendant, either in excuse of his absence or to show his inability to meet the order.

8. No, certainly not. The summons is struck out unless the judgment creditor, or some person on his behalf, appear when the case is called on.

9. Sometimes I adopt this course, but more frequently I adjourn the hearing, with an understanding that if a sum named be paid in the meantime the proceedings are dropped.

10. No general rule. In fixing the term of imprisonment I am guided by a variety of considerations, such as the circumstances under which the debt was contracted, the period which has elapsed since the trial, and the efforts which appear to have been made to obey the order.

11. Yes.

12. I inquire

12. I inquire where the defendant lived when the debt was contracted, and when the judgment was obtained, the circumstances under which the defendant left the home district, and generally I endeavour to satisfy myself which of the two parties ought, in the first instance, to bear the expense, and be at the inconvenience of making the journey.

13. I see no objection to the course proposed; but speaking merely with reference to my own circuit, I doubt whether the class intended to be benefited will ever avail themselves of it. The members of that class are very much afraid of putting their hands to paper.

14. I have no reason to suppose that such is the case. In fact, if my memory do not deceive me, proceedings for this purpose were more common in the courts of requests than they are now.

15. As a general principle I object to the imposition of restrictions on trade; but by analogy to the provisions of the Tippling Act, I think an exception might be made of the class of cases referred to in the question. Care, however, must be taken to exempt from the operation of any enactment, beer supplied to workmen and others taking their meals or lodging in a public-house or beer-house.

16. The temptations offered by travelling drapers and others to the wives of the labouring population are no doubt prejudicial to the interests of society, but over legislation, and that of an exceptional character, is far more so. The law as it stands affords all the protection which the State ought to give; education, habits of prudence, and self-denial must do the rest.

Circuit 10.—Judge, J. S. T. GREENE, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Bacup.	Bury.	Leigh.
Bolton.	Haslingden and Accrington.	Wigan.

1. It is not desirable to alter the law. Whatever may have been said about merciless creditors, ordinarily they are not eager to issue commitment summonses; my experience teaches me the reverse. If the judge, at the time of making the order for payment of the debt by instalments, will be circumspect and inquire then, as he ought, into the debtor's circumstances, and make instalments commensurate, a debtor should come and explain why he does not pay what the judge judicially found that he was able to pay, no one can do it so well; it must be remembered that proof of personal service is required; and the note annexed to this query is a very important one, as it affords a very strong inference that they who do not attend generally deserve to be sent to gaol.

2. Whether modified or not, there should exist a power of imprisonment by the judge to compel debtors to pay, and the authority to direct payment by instalment indicates as strongly as possible, that future earnings are and were intended to be liable to satisfy the demands of former credit.

3. Certainly not. In times of commercial distress the poor would suffer greatly from this semblance of kindness, so would ratepayers; many a wife and family who had drunken husbands and fathers could get no trust; but drunkards are sometimes good workers, and in good times will wipe off the debts of hard ones from the fear of imprisonment. Some men, and especially workmen in certain occupations, would never pay if the power of imprisonment was taken away, for the morality of classes varies greatly. Whenever a man can pay or can acquire the means of paying, he should be made to pay; and to talk about abolishing imprisonment for the non-payment of a debt, because the debt is small, is a very singular application of the rule "*de minimis non curat lex*." Neither the Legislature nor a judge has a right to be generous at the expense of his neighbour "the creditor."

4. I see no objection to this alteration.

5. The Act of Parliament is express; I am bound to commit. I do not make the inquiry pointed out in the question. I do not make law, nor do I disregard a plainly written provision of a statute. If the person summoned sends any one, I inquire why he does not come; if he is unwell, or any other satisfactory excuse is made, I allow it.

6. See my last answer.

7. I do not, unless he has given evidence or made arrangements about the case, and is competent to give substantial information about it. My opinion is, that agents are not to be encouraged.

8. Unless the plaintiff or some one on his behalf appear to ask for a commitment, I do not commit the debtor for non-appearance.

9. When the debtor appears and expresses an intention to pay, I suspend the warrant for a time according to circumstances, to give an opportunity of commencing or recommencing payment. I seldom require any additional payment in the first instance beyond one instalment.

10. I ordinarily commit a man for 20 days, and a woman for 10. If a man is summoned a second time, and I find that he can pay and will not, or declines to appear, I commit for 25 days, and so on, up to 40, for obstinate dishonesty. Sometimes I commit a woman for 15 days.

11. Certainly. If I find that a man can pay and will not when quite competent, or says he does not owe the debt, or that he will not pay it, I commit him; if I did not I should be acting very unjustly.

12. I ask whether the order was made in the court, whether it is unsatisfied, and where the defendant resides. I consider this to be quite sufficient. If a man gets into debt in a neighbourhood, and after an order to pay by instalments, upon due inquiry as to his competency, goes to a distance, he ought to abide the consequences of his own acts: if he does not pay, it is but fair that he should be called upon to show cause to the court before which he first appeared.

13. No; it is only by close questioning of judgment debtors that you can extract their real circumstances or their true means of payment; great deceit is often practised and often attempted by judgment debtors in these examinations, and it is only by experience that a judge is able to detect it.

14. I think that the county courts have caused more money to be lent by loan societies, and I also think that they may have afforded injurious facilities for credit (many persons are of opinion that the repeal of the usury laws has had the same detrimental effect), if loan societies are not in principle injurious to the interests of society, I cannot suggest a remedy; every good thing is liable to abuse, and I do not consider it wise to introduce into the county courts, not a difference of practice or procedure in administering the law, but a novel or exceptional principle of law. This is dangerous, and ought to be avoided, if possible.

15. This question of course is intended to apply to ale-house scores. I cannot at all entertain this proposition of a month to be introduced into any County Court Act; it is making a new law for a particular article used for a particular class, and in the most objectionable way; a man may very soberly get his pint of beer or quart daily, and yet the publican or beerseller is not to have the price of that which he has fairly and legally sold; the provisions of the Tippling Act may be advantageously retended, but by the existing law a great many beer debts are not recoverable, if defended. Drunkenness is an offence punishable on summary conviction, and any publican or beer-house keeper, who supplies beer to a man for the purpose of his getting drunk, and the man does so, cannot recover that score.

16. Yes. In the populous districts the travelling drapers are no longer even a convenience, but where is the remedy, except by making a different law for these men; if their debts are legally incurred, why are they not to have the benefit of the more easy recovery of small debts, &c. I cannot tell how and to what extent, except by the judges being very careful to make themselves certain that the goods supplied are necessaries, this system of credit can be discouraged.

Circuit 11.—Judge, J. J. LONSDALE, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Bradford.	Colne.	Otley.
Burnley.	Keighley.	Skipton.
Clitheroe.		

1. I think it is highly desirable that the law should be altered in some such manner as that here stated.

This is my course of proceeding; I never commit for mere non-appearance.

2. I am.

3. I think they would not.

4. I think this would be an improvement.

5. I don't think I am. I cannot conceive how there can be a doubt as to this, looking to the language of the Act. Before ordering the commitment of a judgment debtor, I always make the inquiry here referred to.

6. Generally.

7. I do not allow him to appear by agent; though, if his wife (as is often the case) comes in his place, I hear what she has got to say. If after hearing her, I am nevertheless satisfied by the judgment creditor that her husband is able to pay, I make an order for his commitment as for non-appearance.

8. No; I order the summons to be struck out.

9. Not generally. But I always tell the judgment creditor not to be in a hurry to enforce the order, as he has 12 months to do it in.

10. No. In fixing the period, I take all the circumstances of each case into consideration. Of course, when the debt is small, and it has been contracted without fraud or breach of trust, I only commit for a short period, but I never commit for less than seven days.

11. Yes; when I am satisfied that a party can pay, but won't. But even in such cases, after two or three commitments, I have refused to commit any more. I have felt the difficulty of this course, as it is tantamount to telling a judgment debtor that if he will only go to prision two or three times, he will get rid of his debt. But, on the other hand, I have considered that there ought to be some limit to the expense to which the public is put in the maintenance of such persons in prison.

12. The following is the substance of the questions I usually put, viz.:—

Was the judgment made by the court asked to grant the summons?

What distance does the judgment debtor live from such court?

What is the amount of the debt?

How long did he reside in the district of such court after judgment was obtained?

Has the judgment creditor satisfied himself that the judgment debtor is able to pay?

13. I think not, if in case of his statement not being satisfactory, the registrar is to have power to imprison; and even if such affidavit is to be forwarded to the judge who made the order, in order that he may imprison, if he should think fit, I think the course would be objectionable; affidavits, unless carefully prepared, are unsatisfactory.

14. I should think it probable that they have; but have no knowledge of the extent to which such loans existed, before the establishment of county courts. In my circuit, what are called money clubs are very numerous, and very injurious. They are not registered bodies, and are, therefore, hardly ever prepared with evidence to prove their rules. Whenever it is necessary to give these in evidence, actions brought by such bodies,

bodies, more often than not, fail. In this way, I hope in time that so much insecurity will be felt to attend money club loans, that such bodies will diminish in number.

15. I think this would be a great improvement upon the present state of the law; but would not a modified extension of the provision of the Tippling Act be still better?

16. I think the giving of credit is a thing to be discouraged in all cases, but I don't think the law requires any special alteration for the protection of the labouring classes. The judge, of course, before making an order ought to satisfy himself that the wife was authorised to pledge her husband's credit. Where he does this no evil can arise from the present state of the law.

Circuit 12.—Judge, J. STANSFELD, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Dewsbury. | Holmfirth
Halifax. | Huddersfield.

1. I do not anticipate any *great* inconvenience from the suggested alteration, and it would probably remove in great measure the not unnatural objection to the large proportion of commitments for non-appearance. The cases in which a creditor may be prejudiced by the alteration are those in which it is difficult, if not impossible, for him to give any positive proof of the debtor's circumstances, and it is surely for the debtor to satisfy the court that he has not wilfully disobeyed its order, either by attending in person or by some other member of his family. My belief is that by far the greatest number of defaults in appearance arises from a consciousness on the part of the debtors that they cannot justify the default in payment. In practice I invariably inquire into the ability of the debtor to have paid according to the order, and never make an order for commitment (though the debtor be absent) without satisfying myself that the commitment is justified for some one of the causes mentioned in sec. 99 of 9 & 10 Vict.

2. Certainly; in many instances it is the only means of compelling payment.

3. I do not think they would, and on certain almost periodical occasions, dependent on the fluctuations of trade, they would suffer materially if the disposition to give credit were by any alteration in the law to be checked.

4. I think such an alteration would in most cases be desirable, though the creditor, according to my experience, is generally ready enough to discharge the debtor on his making any reasonable payment.

5. By no means. See answer to first inquiry.

6. Yes.

7. I do, and see no reason why he should not. If it appeared on the hearing important that the debtor should appear in person (a rare case probably), it would be easy to adjourn the case for that purpose.

8. Certainly not.

9. I give a *general* direction that the warrant of commitment shall not issue until the expiration of one month from the date of the order, and not at all, provided the debtor pays regularly the instalments by which the debt may have been by the original order, or at the time of granting the order for commitment, directed to be paid. I make an absolute order of commitment, apprising the debtor, if present, that the warrant will not be put in force if the instalments be regularly paid, and, whether he be present or not, instructing the officers of the court to the same effect.

10. My general rule is to commit for a period of 10 days in cases where the debt does not exceed 20*s*, and of 20 days where the debt exceeds that amount, and I do not deviate from that rule except in cases of gross fraud, or of a pertinacious resistance to a just claim by a debtor able to comply with the order.

11. Occasionally; under the circumstances adverted to in my answer to the last inquiry.

12. I require the judgment to be proved to me on oath, and that it remains unsatisfied, and that the debtor has removed beyond the jurisdiction of the court.

13. It may be desirable to allow a judgment debtor so to do, but in practice the same object is accomplished by the debtor addressing a letter to the registrar of the court from which the summons is issued, and I do not think an affidavit, such as is suggested, would be entitled to much greater weight than a letter to the same purport, which would always have due weight with a judge.

14. I have not observed that the facilities for the recovery of debts by the county courts have increased the lending of small sums by loan societies; the remedy more generally resorted to is that provided by statute before justices of the peace.

15. I am disposed to recommend that for beer sold by retail and consumed on the premises there should be *no remedy* at law, in analogy to the statutable provision on the sale of spirits for a less amount than 20 *s*.

16. I think the power which the judge has of determining whether the wife be the authorised agent of the husband is a sufficient check upon undue credit. If the article sold be unsuited to the condition of the husband, the judge would, I presume, not hold the wife to be his agent; where they are necessaries I do not see why there should be any distinction made betwixt this class of tradesmen and any other.

Circuit 13.—Judge, WILLIAM WALKER, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Rotherham, | Sheffield.

1. I consider the alteration proposed would *not* be desirable. It would be impossible, in most cases, in the absence of the defendant for the judge really to satisfy himself of the defendant's ability to pay. I imagine judges in general would hold themselves satisfied by the plaintiff's statement on oath that defendant was able. Such statement would almost universally be made by plaintiff, as a matter of course.

Some few plaintiffs, more scrupulous or more stupid than the rest, would hesitate to swear and would fail, while ready swearers, and especially those classes of plaintiffs, who bring up their debtors by dozens at a time, would obtain commitments as easily as they do now, indeed, more so; for if defendants were led to believe that orders of commitment were not to follow as a matter of course on non-appearance, they would stay away even more than they do now. If *strict proof* of ability were required, such as is necessary on a criminal trial, it could rarely be procured, and a judge's whole time would be occupied in hearing it.

The true principle is to hold that where defendants neglect to appear, they do so because they cannot answer the complaint made against them; and if the change proposed in the question be made, I believe, though the theory may be changed, the practice will be very nearly as at present. Every one of any experience in courts knows that the truth can never be ascertained by *ex parte* evidence. On one circuit, No. 3, there are *no* commitments, in 1858, for non-appearance, yet the *total* commitments appear in proportion to the amount of business equal to those of other circuits. Whence I infer that in cases of non-appearance, the judge usually found it his duty to commit for the other ground of non-payment with ability, and that consequently the change proposed would practically be inoperative.

2. I am of opinion that persons ought *not* in general to be compelled by imprisonment to pay out of their future earnings; but I doubt whether public opinion would agree with mine, and I should be slow to recommend a change which at present could probably not be carried this Parliament, and which, if carried, would cause considerable dissatisfaction; though I believe that in the long run such a change would be found most beneficial to sellers no less than to buyers.

3. The terms on which credit is now obtained are so far from favourable, that I think they could hardly be less so in the case supposed.

I imagine credit would be much less given, and I am satisfied that this would be a very great benefit to the working classes.

4. I see no advantage from this alteration.

I would suggest that *a copy* of the warrant should be served on the defendant, or rather a notice stating the substance of the warrant, and giving other information, as is now required in the case of warrants of execution against goods by Rule 115. It would also be an improvement if the judgment summons were much simplified. Let it merely (after reciting the judgment) state you are summoned to show cause why you have not complied with this order, and if you fail to appear in person, you *will* be *committed if the plaintiff desires it.*

5. I think it *doubtful* whether the judge is *bound* to commit in case of non-appearance and no sufficient excuse. See the cases in which language in a statute giving power to a court or judge to do an act has been held to be imperative, M'Dougall *v.* Paterson, 11 C. B. 755; Cooke *v.* Powell, 2 Ell. & B. 210. I should, however, not hesitate to refuse to commit if I saw any reason; but practically I consider that if the defendant does not appear the judge has no alternative. He cannot draw the line and say, he will commit in one case and not in another. He cannot give any reason for refusing.

When first appointed judge, I used to ask plaintiff whether he believed defendant could pay, and the answer was invariably in the affirmative, and I found it useless to continue to do so.

I occasionally ask now, but the result never justifies me in refusing to commit.

6. Most undoubtedly.

7. I do not allow him to appear by agent (except, of course, that an agent may attend to allege and prove an excuse such as illness, &c. for non-appearance), and I think he ought not to be allowed for two reasons,—

1st. Because the truth as to debtor's earnings and other means of payment cannot be ascertained except from his own lips.

2nd. Because it is most desirable to induce men to attend to their own affairs, and not leave all to their wives, as men in the working classes usually do.

8. Does this question (so far as relates to the judgment creditor) mean if he fails to appear altogether, either in person or by agent, or merely if he fails to appear in person. If it means the former, in other words if it means do I commit a debtor without being asked to do so, either by the creditor in person or by some one on his behalf, I reply most undoubtedly not, and I cannot conceive any judge would think of doing so. If it means, do I require the personal appearance of plaintiff in all cases, I reply, No; if committals are to take place at all, it would not be just to do this; but I am very strict as to the persons I allow to appear for a creditor. I *never* allow a mere professional collector of debts to ask for a commitment. With few occasional exceptions also, I always require the person appearing to produce a written authority from plaintiff to ask for a committal in that specific case.

9. I *never* do this. With deference to the opinion of those judges who think and act otherwise, I venture to say that such a practice is illegal. I not unfrequently induce the creditor to promise that he will not take out the commitment

ment if the debt be paid by a time named, or if certain instalments named be regularly paid, and I never heard of these promises being broken.

10. Usually I commit for 15 days. It seems a waste of public money to cause to the country the cost of conveyance 36 miles for a less time. In the case of *women* (not six in a year) I say 10 days. So also with men who have been reduced in circumstances, for 10 days to such a man is a greater punishment than 15 to a man whose ordinary home is in many respects not more comfortable than a gaol. Where a man has committed a fraud, or where he clearly has ample means, and refuses to pay out of sheer obstinacy, I commit for 40 days. I observe that at Sheffield (my principal court) there were only 11 such in 1858; and of these, three discharged the judgment before being conveyed to prison.

11. Yes. I consider it all but imperative on the judge to do so, where a debtor clearly has the means of paying and wilfully refuses, or where (which I consider much the same thing) he wilfully neglects to appear to the summons. But where he appears and alleges inability, I consider his having already been in prison for the same debt strong proof of the truth of his statement, and I refuse to commit again unless *very* strong proof to the contrary be given.

12. I ask about the debtor's means, but am invariably told that the plaintiff is sure he is well able to pay. I also ask what communication has taken place between the parties since the judgment, and sometimes refuse the leave till defendant has been written to. I have a pretty general practice of refusing in all cases where defendant lives more than about 20 miles from my court town, unless I have *clear* proof of actual dishonesty. The working of the section referred to is in my opinion *most unsatisfactory;* the judge has no means on *ex parte* statements of arriving at a conclusion as to whether the summons should issue or not; and moreover (if he had) there is no principle laid down to guide the judge, and the "discretion" of one judge differs immensely from that of another.

13. I see no use whatever in this. The affidavit would very rarely be made, and when made would as often be false as true, and there would be no means of testing its truth.

The section ought to be repealed *in toto.*

14. The practice referred to in this question is most injurious, but I am unable to suggest any remedy beyond the slight one which would be furnished by diminishing the facilities for imprisonment. In most of these cases the borrower or one of his sureties has *goods* to levy upon, and imprisonment is unnecessary. It must not be forgotten that, except for the power of imprisonment, the facilities for recovering on promissory notes in the superior courts are equal to or greater than those of the county courts, and the proceedings are less under the control of the judge, and the defendant has much less opportunity of having the accounts examined into, and overcharges for interest, forfeits, &c. struck off. Such overcharges are very frequent. Therefore, in any changes that are made care must be taken lest, by diminishing the facilities of the county courts, the societies be encouraged to resort to the higher courts.

15. Most undoubtedly; and a very simple clause, resembling the provision of the Tippling Act, would effect the object.

There was such a provision in Mr. Hardy's Beerhouse Bill a year or two ago.

16. I am very strongly of this opinion, and the greater extent to which it can be done the better. The evil is now enormous. The exact wording of the enactment to repress the practice would, of course, require a good deal of consideration; but I think one that would work well might without much difficulty be framed. At all events I would at once try *something;* and if it did cause some evil along with the good, it might be amended next year; and any ill effect in the meanwhile would, I am sure, fall short of the benefit.

Circuit 14.—Judge, T. H. MARSHALL, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Barnsley.	Leeds.	Wakefield.
Goole.	Pontefract.	

1. Many judges, myself amongst the rest, make these inquiries referred to, although neither the defendant nor any one for him appears. I never commit for non-appearance unless the plaintiff makes out a *primâ facie* case of ability to pay, or fraud, &c.

I think it would be advisable to require the judge to do so in all cases; although it would, I think, make little difference in the number of commitments, since a plaintiff has seldom any difficulty in making out a *primâ facie* case against an absent party. To require more from him would be unreasonable, and offer a premium to defendants to disobey the summons, and escape examination into their means or conduct.

2. Yes.

3. Certainly they would not.

4. Yes.

5. See answer to the first question.

6. Yes, and this is the case when the defendant's wife or agent appears for him, and consents to an order of commitment, unless the debt be paid by instalments or other manner agreed upon by both parties. In many instances, also, the defendant or his wife agrees to this with plaintiff or his agent out of court. In all these cases the warrant, if it issues, is for non-appearance. I should say that above one-half of the commitments for non-appearance in my circuit issue on failure of the defendant to keep the terms agreed to or imposed after hearing the case on the return to the judgment summons.

7. Yes, for the purpose of showing cause against the commitment or making terms with the

the plaintiff; although defendant is liable to commitment if he do not *personally* appear to be examined, &c. See answer to last question.

8. Certainly not. The application for commitment must necessarily be struck out of the list if no one appears to make it.

9. Yes. I enter the terms on which the warrant ordered is to be suspended in *my* judgment book, which is always referred to before the warrant issues.

10. Generally 10 days under 10 *s.*; 15 days under 20 *s.*; 20 days up to 5 *l.*; 30 up to 10 *l.*; and 40 above that amount. This is where no fraud is proved.

11. Yes, where it is shown that defendant has been of ability, or has refused to pay since his last commitment.

12. Merely those necessary to give the court power to grant the summons, which is done merely as a matter of course, although I have refused such applications in a few special instances.

13. This would lead to no satisfactory results, as the affidavit would be commonly contradicted by the plaintiff in the other district.

I should prefer to have this section repealed; it is often productive of much hardship upon defendants, and is only justifiable, I think, in the single case of a defendant leaving the home district to evade such summons or execution.

14. Decidedly so; and loan societies (by which I mean those registered under the recent Acts) are not so oppressive as *the unregistered money clubs* advancing shares to their members on promissory notes with sureties; one share is advanced weekly and put up by auction; of course, the most needy member is the highest bidder, and has no difficulty in finding sureties, who, in the end, are sued and have the money to pay. I have frequently known (for in my circuit these money clubs abound) as much as 2 *l.* given for an early "draw" of a 5 *l.* share. A note is then given for 7 *l.*, bearing interest, which, with fines, &c., increases the debt 50 per cent., and the party not keeping his payments is excluded from all share of the profit of the club when it is wound up. In all these cases I have for many years past refused to allow the club any costs; and this has, I am happy to say, materially diminished the number of these clubs. The registered loan societies act more fairly and liberally, and there can be no premium given for a share. I can suggest no adequate remedy for the evil.

15. This would do some good, but does not afford all the remedy that *may* be, and I think ought to be, applied.

Beer scores for what is drunk *in* a public-house to whatever amount, or for beer bought to be drunk elsewhere in a less quantity than, say, two gallons at one time, and all *money, &c.*, knowingly *lent* to be spent in beer, *should be made irrecoverable in any court of law;* thus placing beer on the same footing as spirits, as, in my opinion, it ought to be.

I drew a clause to this effect in 1846, which I tried in vain to get inserted into the original County Court Act. I have twice since, at different times, pressed a similar clause upon the attention of the Government officers or members conducting County Court Amendment Acts, but with no better success. I am firmly persuaded such a clause would check drunkenness, *which the county courts have in fact encouraged* by giving an easy remedy for the recovery of beer scores, which, of course, were formerly *practically irrecoverable.*

16. Certainly; but it is not easy to suggest how, unless by altering entirely the whole law relating to the husband's liability for debts contracted by his wife, *e. g.*, by requiring absolute proof that the husband knew of and actually authorised his wife to contract the debt sued for, or subsequently promised to pay, &c.; but this would often leave the wives of bad intemperate husbands in a pitiable condition.

Circuit 15.—Judge, Mr. Serjeant Dowling.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Barnard Castle.	Leyburn.	Stokesley.
Darlington.	Northallerton.	Tadcaster.
Easingwold.	Richmond.	Thirsk.
Helmsley.	Ripon.	York.
Knaresborough.	Stockton-on-Tees.	

1. I think that such an alteration in the law might be desirable.

2. I think that, from the peculiar position of a very large class of parties who appear before the county courts, such a power should exist.

3. I think not; but it is questionable whether it is not productive of too great a facility in obtaining credit.

4. I think it ought.

5. I do not think that on the mere non-appearance of the summoned party I am bound to commit; but I invariably inquire into his capacity to pay. Unless reasonably satisfied of such capacity, I never commit for non-appearance.

6. It states that he is committed for non-appearance.

7. I do not allow the judgment debtor to appear by agent, except for the purpose of stating an excuse for his non-appearance.

8. Under such circumstances I strike out the case.

9. Yes.

10. I always commit for 40 days; and my reasons are, that as I never commit when I think the party unable to pay, the more strongly he is pressed, if he can pay, the sooner he will do so. Many parties are indifferent to a committal for 10 or 15 days, and yet will pay on one for 40.

11. Very

11. Very rarely.

12. I allow the summons to issue almost as a matter of course, and have found that in a very large majority of instances the debt has been arranged between the parties without an appearance. In such cases I of course make the same inquiries as in other cases before I commit.

13. I think not; as to some it could lead to no satisfactory result, and would much complicate the practice.

14. I have no experience in this matter on my circuit.

15. Certainly; for I think the same principle might be beneficially applied to all debts, or nearly all, recoverable in the county courts, of course giving a greater latitude as to the time of limitation, for instance, two years, and of course preserving the general law as to the Limitation Acts. I am quite satisfied that most wicked frauds are continually perpetrated by the shopkeepers on their customers by the claims being recoverable within the period of six years. The poor suffer enough from false weight, measures, wrong entries, perjury, adulteration, and general dishonesty without the additional difficulty of a long period of time since the alleged debt accrued.

16. I do not see how any discouragement can be held out in such cases. The matter should, I think, be left to the caution of the parties and the perspicacity of the judge; but I think the limitation of action suggested in my last answer would be beneficial in checking such demands.

Circuit 16.—Judge, WILLIAM RAINE, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Beverley.	Howden.	Scarborough.
Bridlington.	Kingston-on-Hull.	Selby.
Great Driffield.	New Malton.	Whitby.
Hedon.	Pocklington.	

1. I see no objection to the proposed enactment, but I consider it only explanatory of the existing law, with the exception of taking away the power of committing merely for non-appearance. I think the power ought to remain, to be exercised only in extreme cases, but when a party is summoned merely for not paying according to order, an examination as to his means ought always to take place.

The importance of the court will be nearly destroyed if this power be entirely taken away.

2. I think the power of imprisonment absolutely necessary for the efficiency of the county courts. As against a certain class of debtors, the courts would be useless without it.

3. The power of imprisonment is the ultimate security of the creditor. Credit is more easily obtained by the facilities of obtaining payment through the medium of the county courts. If you take away the ultimate resort you will destroy much of that credit. I think it would be very prejudicial to the working classes themselves.

4. I see no objection to the warrant being made explicit, if it be not sufficiently so already. I never hear of any mistake operating against the discharge of a prisoner taken under a warrant from any of my courts.

5. I certainly do not consider myself bound to commit, though the party is clearly liable to be committed. I make inquiry to satisfy myself that he ought to be committed. Some time ago I frequently committed for non-appearance if the plaintiff pressed for it, and assured me the party could pay; but excepting in very few notorious cases, I always suspended the warrant and ordered the payment of a certain instalment within such a time that the commitments could never operate oppressively.

6. I believe, when the party does not appear, the warrant always states he is committed for non-appearance. This has crept into the practice, as being, I suppose, a more ready mode of dealing with the case.

7. The party is summoned to show cause why he has not paid, and he certainly ought to appear that he may be examined as to his means. It is only in cases where the parties have no apparent tangible property, or where they have colourably made over their property to others, that they are summoned, and it is essential they should appear. I always require the judgment debtor to appear, but I allow him the assistance of an attorney, and if he do not appear, I hear anything his attorney, or his wife, or any one else has to say for him.

8. *Never!* I always strike out the case.

9. Almost invariably, and I do not generally insist on all the instalments being paid which may be due.

This would often be out of the power of the party. This is my note of the order where 4*s.* a month has been ordered:—

Committed, 20 days, for not paying, having had the means. Warrant in 21 days if 8*s.* not paid.

10. I am guided by the circumstances of each case, though certain classes of cases generally receive similar orders. I never commit for 40 days unless the circumstances are very bad against the party. My most general order is for 20 days. My orders vary from seven days to 30. Except in cases of fraud, which are very rare indeed in my courts, I never make an order of commitment under which I believe the party committed may not avoid going to prison if so minded.

11. I never commit at all for *debt*. I commit a second time for contempt of court, in not paying a debt according to the order of the court, after first ascertaining the party has had the means since the last commitment. It would be absurd to curtail this power. Some years ago I committed a judgment debtor three or four times from the Bridlington Court. He used to come regularly to answer the summons, and tell me the

debt was all right, and he had plenty of money, but would never pay. Sometimes I talked to him, and only told him the consequences if he did not pay; sometimes I committed him, and I think he went to prison three or four times. He paid at last. The phraseology of *committing for debt* has led to much mistake, and hence the nonsense we have heard talked lately by some who ought not to be so ignorant.

12. I have always much doubted the beneficial effect of this power. I always inquire the distance the party required to be summoned is living from the court, and his condition in life, that I may judge of his pecuniary ability to attend, and whether he might lose some situation by which he is gaining his livelihood, by absenting himself from it. If I think the expense is too great for him, or his loss of place likely, I refuse the application, and always incur the dissatisfaction of the party applying. If the party can incur the expense, I generally grant the summons.

13. I cannot think that anything worse could be devised. The party is summoned to be put through a searching cross-examination if necessary, and swearing on paper (always bad) would soon in this instance adapt itself to a common form of perjury. Insolvents are required to state the cause of insolvency, and any one presiding in an insolvent court must have observed the causes are generally stated to be the same, and are generally untrue.

Circuit 17.—Judge, J. G. S. SMITH, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Barton-on-Humber.	Gainsborough.	Louth.
Boston.	Great Grimsby.	Market Rasen.
Brigg.	Horncastle.	Sleaford.
Caistor.	Lincoln.	Spilsby.

1. I am of opinion that little alteration is required, as without the power of committal the county courts would not be able to recover one-quarter of the debts sued for. It is the invariable rule in circuit No. 17 to examine plaintiffs in person and other witnesses on oath as to defendant's means of payment before any order of committal is made.

2. Without the power of commitment the recovery of debts would be in hundreds of cases ineffectual. The daily labouring population are only able to pay by their future earnings.

3. Certainly not.

4. This would be an improvement.

5. I do not consider myself to commit for default of appearance, nor do I practise it, always making due inquiry at the hearing as to capability, &c.

6. Yes.

7. No.

8. Strike out the case always.

9. This is constantly done at the request of parties in a vast number of cases.

10. Generally, first commitment 21 days; in all obstinate cases a secondary committal, 40 days.

11. Yes, when the means of defendant are fully proved to the satisfaction of the court.

12. Inquire the nature and circumstances of debt contracted and the capability of payment.

13. This would be a very great improvement.

14. There has been no such increase in this circuit.

15. I am decidedly of opinion that the Tippling Act, 24th Geo. 2, c. 40, s. 12, should be equally applied to beer sold by retail (public-house scores).

16. I certainly consider the credit so given an enormous evil; how to remedy it requires much more time and calculation than the present inquiry will admit of. Fully one-half of the judgment summonses are issued by the travelling drapers, packmen, and others, mostly dealing with the wives of the defendants.

Circuit 18.—Judge, RICHARD WILDMAN, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Bingham.	Mansfield.	Thorne.
Doncaster.	Newark.	Worksop.
East Retford.	Nottingham.	

1. I am of opinion that the alteration proposed is unnecessary in principle, and would be altogether nugatory in practice. The summons must be served personally. The debtor may employ any neighbour who happens to have occasion to attend the court to excuse his absence, or to explain why the instalments have not been paid. If he will not do this, it is to be presumed that he has no cause to show why he does not appear, or why he has not paid his instalments. The judgment creditor shows his belief of the debtor's ability to pay by taking out the summons, and he would show nothing more if examined on oath.

2. I am of opinion that if the power of imprisonment be taken away no executory principle will be left, and the courts will be reduced to utter inefficiency.

3. Certainly not, and their wives and children would

would be the greatest sufferers. I believe that this power operates indirectly, but most efficaciously, to produce providence, economy, and good management in the families of the working classes, and to enable them to procure necessaries at fair prices. It is obvious that when tradesmen had no more power to recover debts than they had under the old law, it was necessary for them to fix the prices of their goods so as to cover the losses arising from a very large average of debts which could not be recovered.

4. Certainly. The present form seems to me to involve an absurdity, when the debt has been ordered to be paid by instalments; for the order expresses the opinion of the court that the debtor is unable to pay more than so much a month, and the warrant orders him to be imprisoned unless he pays a much larger sum.

5. I endeavour to fix an instalment well within the ability of the debtor, as far as I am enabled to ascertain it at the time of making the order. I never commit for a single failure. If he neither appears nor gets any one to appear for him, and the bailiffs know no reason why he does not appear, I presume ability to pay, and commit him for 20 days for non-appearance, imposing the condition that the warrant is not to issue if he pays his instalments regularly.

7. Yes.

8. Certainly not. I order the case (as far as the second summons is concerned) to be struck out, as I conceive I am bound to do, having no information upon the subject.

9. I invariably order the warrant not to issue if the instalments be paid regularly; where the order is for non-payment having means, or for non-appearance.

10. Except in cases of great aggravation, I always take the arithmetical mean, subject to the condition above mentioned.

11. Certainly, when the ground of committal is non-payment having means. In such cases I see no ground in law or reason why the warrant should not issue *totis quoties*. I do not see how the contempt of court and injury to the judgment creditor can be diminished by repetition of the offence.

12. Whether the debtor has removed out of the jurisdiction since the judgment, and whether the creditor has since the judgment received any payment on account of the debt except through the court.

13. Certainly.

14. I am inclined to think that loan societies have increased, but I see no reason why they should be diminished. Any such attempt, I think, would be open to all the objections which apply to sumptuary or usury laws.

15. As to beer sold and drunken on the premises, I think such a provision would be salutary.

16. I think the grievance referred to in this question is sufficient to justify exceptional legislation. The temptation to labourers' wives to purchase inferior goods at extravagant prices, arising from the importunity of packmen, and the option of paying by 6 *d.* or 1 *s.* a week, occasions great hardships to their husbands. I see no objection to a provision "that no travelling pack-"man or other person selling goods from house to "house shall be entitled to maintain an action for "any goods sold to any *feme covert*, unless such "goods shall have been sold in the presence or "with the express consent of the defendant."

Circuit 19.—Judge, J. T. CANTRELL, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits:

Alfreton.	Belper.	Derby.
Ashborne.	Burton-on-Trent.	Wirksworth.
Bakewell.	Chesterfield.	

1. I consider that at the present time the judge has this power, and when the debtor does not appear, either personally or by agent, I always make some inquiry of the plaintiff or his agent as to the defendant's means; but to require the plaintiff to satisfy the judge in every case that the defendant has the means of paying, or is guilty of fraud, when the defendant obstinately refuses to attend the court and to give any information himself, would, I think, be unjust to the plaintiff. The summons might more distinctly intimate to the defendant that he may be committed for not appearing, thus: "And take "notice, that if you do not appear at the court "in obedience to this summons, or do not show a "sufficient excuse for not appearing, or other-"wise disobey this summons, the court may "commit you to prison." If then the defendant will neither attend nor send an excuse, he has no reason for complaint on being committed.

2. Unless there be a power of imprisonment by the judge, the proceedings of the court will for the most part be inoperative. Some years ago the same morbid feeling was displayed as now exists, and imprisonment for small debts was abolished suddenly from impulse, as is to be apprehended at the present moment, and when the effect became known there was an outcry in an opposite direction, and imprisonment was re-imposed with more severity than before. The present clamour has been originated, as it appears to me, by the magistrates, who object to the expense of providing for the prisoners. In this, as in many other cases, the ostensible reason is not the real one, and I am astonished to see Members of Parliament, in both Houses, indulge in statements which lead to an inference in the public mind that the judges of the county courts have a pleasure in committing men to gaol, whereas, I must say for myself, and I have no doubt the same feeling is entertained by all, that the commitments are the most irksome part of our duty, and that if our individual interests were to prevail no relief would be so satisfactory to us, both as regards labour generally, and the most disagreeable part of our labour, as the abolition of imprisonment altogether; for it would

at once reduce the business of the courts to one-third of their present amount, and release the judges also from the most grievous part of their responsibility. It is ridiculous to attribute the different proportion of commitments to causes to a different system in the judges. It is solely governed by the different character of the suitors. No courts can differ more than mine do in this respect from each other.

3. Certainly not. The general excuse for getting into debt is illness or want of employment at particular periods, and in either case the working man would not be able to obtain credit if he could not be compelled to pay on pain of imprisonment when he got into regular work again. In his case you can have no effectual substitute for imprisonment, for when he has goods it commonly happens that on an execution against them very little more is realised by a forced sale than pays the expenses, and the man is then broken up and left homeless, without the power to reinstate himself; so that I do not recommend this course to be adopted in the generality of cases. The imprisonment acts *in terrorem*, and if the defendant's goods must be sold to free his body, he can make more of them himself than the high bailiff.

4. I think that this is very desirable, and the only alteration, except in the form of the summons, as before suggested, which ought to be made. I endeavour to effect the object now by directing a suspension of the issue of the warrant for a limited time, and a discharge of the order of commitment on payment of a certain sum within that period. If further legislation is intended it ought not to be attempted in the present Session, for the county court system has been prejudiced more than once by sudden and ill-advised alterations carried through Parliament in a hurried manner at the close of a Session.

5. I do not consider myself bound to commit a debtor who does not appear, and I always make some inquiry, as I have before mentioned.

6. As the inquiry is often incomplete from the want of precise knowledge on the part of the plaintiff, the warrant always states that the debtor is committed for not appearing, although, in many cases, his ability to pay has been proved.

7. I allow the judgment debtor to appear by agent.

8. If neither party appears the case is struck out.

9. I frequently give such directions when a defendant appears personally or by agent, and sometimes when he does not appear.

10. There is no rule; each case depends upon its own circumstances, such as the amount of the instalment, the time since the order, any payment on account of it, the ability of the defendant to comply, his disposition or refusal to do so, and many other matters. Sometimes a defendant calculates the extent of inconvenience to which he can subject the plaintiff.

11. Yes. A defendant will sometimes contumaciously resist the power of the court for a time, and go to gaol once or twice, having money at his command, in open defiance of the plaintiff and the court. He generally pays in the end; but if the debt could be satisfied by one imprisonment, a great majority of the defendants would go to gaol once for the purpose. If the imprisonment is limited in duration, there ought to be a power to repeat it as often as circumstances may require. In the superior courts the defendant is committed at once, at the mere motion of the plaintiff, without any opportunity of showing cause against it, *and for life*, or until he discharges the debt, or is released under the Insolvency or Bankruptcy Acts.

12. What employment the defendant follows, when he removed from the district; what he has paid; how far his present residence is from the district; what is his present ability, and such other circumstances as arise in each case.

13. Yes, providing that he be required to appear in time to allow the registrar to transmit the affidavit to the court from whence the summons issued before the return day.

14. It may in some districts, but not in mine. I have very few of such cases, and I severely condemn the practice of borrowing from these societies as a ruinous proceeding whenever a case occurs.

15. I think it very desirable that there should be a restriction to the effect that no debt for beer *sold in less quantities than nine gallons at one time* should be recoverable, unless the plaint be entered within one calendar month. This would check credit for tippling, and not interfere with the wholesale trade.

16. I should desire this trade to be discouraged, but I do not see how it can effectually be done with justice and propriety. I refuse to allow the plaintiffs in these cases their travelling expenses, and I tell them that if they choose to travel around the district to obtain custom, they must not ask for their expenses when travelling into the district to prove their debts. I have seen it suggested that Parliament ought to interfere to prevent goods from being supplied to a wife in the absence and without the knowledge of her husband *which are not suitable to her station*. The law is strong enough to prevent that now, and I do not allow such debts to be recovered against a husband who objects to them.

Circuit 20.—Judge, Mr. SERJEANT MILLER.

Places at which the Judge sits:

Ashby-de-la-Zouch.	Loughborough.	Melton Mowbray.
Grantham.	Lutterworth.	Nuneaton.
Hinckley.	Market Bosworth.	Oakham.
Leicester.	Market Harborough.	Uppingham.

1. I do not think it desirable that the law should be altered in this respect, although I feel that the power of commitment for mere non-appearance ought not to be exercised except in rare and exceptional cases. I myself have never, that I remember, ordered a defendant to be committed merely for not appearing; but many cases have come before me in which the creditor has stated,

stated, but only on report, and on which therefore I could not act, that the debtor was in possession of the means of paying his debt, either through the receipt of some legacy, annuity, pension, or other resource, of the particulars of which he had no direct knowledge or proof, and at which, therefore, I was only enabled to arrive by examination of the defendant himself. Now a defendant in such a case as this, if not compellable to appear by *fear* of commitment for non-appearance, would, of course, abstain from appearing, and as the plaintiff could give no sufficient information to the judge of the debtor's ability to obey the order which the court had made for payment, the creditor could not have justice done him. Perhaps the best course to adopt in such a case would be to postpone the order of commitment until after the next court day, and thus give the defendant an opportunity of purging his contempt by then appearing and disclosing his circumstances.

2. Certainly; unless it be proposed to stop all credit amongst the working classes, which would lead to great want and suffering at periods of sickness, slackness of trade, or other interruption of regular employment.

3. I am of opinion that they would not.

4. Yes; I think such alteration would be a desirable improvement.

5. Certainly not. Before ordering the commitment of a judgment debtor I always satisfy myself by inquiry that he ought to be committed for some of the causes mentioned in section 99 of 9 & 10 Vict. c. 95, exclusive of that for non-appearance. I have never, that I am aware of, committed for mere non-appearance.

6. The warrant is prepared by the registrar from his minute of the order made by the judge in court. It is only the registrar, therefore, who can answer this question.

7. Yes, as a witness to speak to the defendant's circumstances, or as a person empowered by the defendant to make some proposition on his behalf. I see no objection to this.

8. Never. I order the case to be struck out of the paper.

9. Almost invariably. I generally allow a fortnight, and sometimes three weeks or a month, for payment of one, two, or three of the instalments in arrear, as the case may be; and if the payment thereof be made within that time, I direct that the warrant shall not issue.

10. No precise rule. The periods generally range from one week to 21 days; they rarely exceed the latter number. I am governed by the circumstances of the case, the amount due, the period that has elapsed since any part of the debt was last paid, the condition, sex, and means of the party, &c.

11. Sometimes, after a considerable interval, and where I am well satisfied that the defendant could obey the order for payment if he pleased. I may here observe that there are some debtors who make a boast of liking to be committed to prison, and enjoying their ease there rather than pay the debt for which they had been sued. One man who was committed more than once by my predecessor used to take his tools with him to the prison, and he declared that he earned more money there than he did while at large. He therefore set his creditor at defiance, and stated his determination never to pay the debt or any part of it. If there were some means of compelling such contumacious debtors to work while in prison, the produce of their prison labours to be applied towards payment of the judgment creditor's debt, it would effectually cure such abuse.

12. I inquire into the present circumstances of the defendant, the nature of the debt, the date of the last payment of an instalment (if any), the cause or motive (if known) of the debtor's removal from the district after the judgment of the court had been obtained against him, &c.

13. Yes, I think it would be desirable, were it not that it would lead, I fear, to a good deal of perjury, particularly on the part of those debtors who leave the district to avoid paying their judgment creditor's debts.

14. I have held my office for too short a time to be enabled to answer this question.

15. I am, decidedly; and that the period of limitation should begin to run from the date of the first item in the account. I apply my answer, however, to beer sold and drunk at public-houses and beer-houses, not to cases where beer is supplied by brewers in the cask or barrel to parties at their own houses.

16. I do. I think no such claims should be recoverable unless the plaintiff could produce an order for the goods which had been signed by the husband before the goods were delivered.

Circuit 21.—Judge, LEIGH TRAFFORD, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits:

Atherstone. | Birmingham. | Tamworth.

1. I do not think it is desirable; I presume that all orders are made upon the supposition that the debtor is able to pay the instalments ordered by the court, and I think it is for the debtor to show that he is not able. If the debtor does not appear or send any excuse for not appearing, the presumption, I think, is, that he could not show his inability to pay if he appeared.

3. I do not think that they would, as the only remedy that is of any use against a working man without goods, who can pay and will not pay, is by imprisonment, and of course a tradesman will not trust a person whom he cannot compel to pay him.

4. I am not.

5. If any reasonable cause is shown for the absence of the debtor I do not commit him, and I generally inquire before I commit an absent debtor whether he is able to pay.

7. No; I do not think it would be advisable, as the agent could know very little of the debtor's ability to pay.

 8. No;

8. No; if neither plaintiff or defendant appear the case is struck out.

9. I give no such directions.

10. Under 10*l.* I commit for 10 days, above 10*l.* for 20 days; but I often depart from the rule.

11. Yes; if I think the debtor is able to pay, and refuses through obstinacy.

13. I think it would not be advisable.

14. I have no means of forming an opinion.

15. I am not. In many cases it would cause great injustice.

16. I do. I require proof that the husband assented to the contract when it was made, or recognised it afterwards. This in my opinion should be the rule.

Circuit 22.—Judge, F. DIMSDALE, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits:

Alcester.	Redditch.	Stourbridge.
Bromsgrove.	Rugby.	Stratford.
Coventry.	Solihull.	Warwick.
Daventry.	Southam.	

1. This change would operate hardly on the plaintiff, who frequently knows little or nothing of the circumstances of the defendant. On the whole, however, I think some slight modification of the present law might be made.

2. Yes.

3. They would not be able to obtain credit with so much facility.

4. The law would have first to be altered (*see* 9 & 10 Vict. c. 95, § 110). I am of opinion that no alteration should be made.

I observe in the newspaper county court reports that orders are sometimes made as if the law and forms were already altered.

5. I do not consider that I am bound to commit him. I sometimes make some inquiry of the plaintiff, and in many cases, even where the defendant does not appear, a fresh order is made.

6. The warrant must follow the order. It seldom happens that, under the case supposed, an order is made otherwise than for non-appearance.

7. In sect. 99 of 9 & 10 Vict. c. 95. the word used is *attend*, not *appear*. As the law now stands the defendant must attend in person. Perhaps some slight modification might be made.

8. Certainly not.

9. A judge cannot give any directions but what must be part of the order. A judge may make suggestions to the plaintiff as to taking out the warrant.

In general, plaintiffs are lenient, and frequently of their own accord state that they will wait some time before they take out the warrant.

10. I regulate the period by the degree of culpability on the part of the defendant. In very few cases do I commit for the full term.

11. I follow the law according to sect. 103 of 9 & 10 Vict. c. 95, and commit therefore sometimes for sums owing, which may be greater or less than the original debt, which is the foundation of all the summonses, whether for first hearing or on judgment.

12. I inquire if judgment was obtained in the court, and when; probably, also, whether defendant lived in the district at the time of the first hearing.

13. The present law is not satisfactory, and some change ought to be made.

14. The facilities for recovering debts may, perhaps, have increased the lending of small sums, but I am not prepared to say that the result has been injurious to the interests of society. This may be the case.

15. Such a statute of limitation would lead to much fraud and perjury, and would be on many accounts the most objectionable.

16. There ought not to be any restriction. It is easy to discourage such trading by refusing costs in bad cases.

Circuit 23.—Judge, B. PARHAM, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits:

Bromyard.	Kidderminster.	Tenbury.
Droitwich.	Ledbury.	Upton.
Dudley.	Pershore.	Worcester.
Evesham.		

1. Yes.

2. Yes.

3. No.

4. I think it should, so as to be in compliance with Rule 124.

5. I have always considered myself bound to commit where the defendant does not appear and have not made any further inquiry.

7. I do not allow any agent to appear for a judgment debtor, because I consider I could not allow such appearance; but I see no reason why such appearance should not be allowed.

8. No.

9. I do not.

10. No.

11. Yes.

12. I make no further inquiries than to satisfy myself that the judgment was obtained in my court, and that the defendant is residing in another district.

13. I see

13. I see no objection to such a course.

14. I think loan societies are injurious to the public.

15. I am, and have already in a letter to the Treasury so stated my opinion.

16. I consider that credit given by packmen should be discouraged. I have already drawn the attention of the Treasury to the subject.

Circuit 24.—Judge, J. M. HERBERT, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits :

Abergavenny.	Monmouth.	Ross.
Cardiff.	Newport.	Tredegar.
Chepstow.	Pontypool.	Usk.
Crickhowell.		

1. I think a judgment creditor ought to have the power of examining his debtor upon oath, both as to his means and expectations at the time of contracting the debt, and as to his means of payment subsequent to the judgment; and that any *contumacious* refusal or neglect to appear should subject the debtor to imprisonment. I believe that any alteration of the existing law which would deprive the court of the power of committing for wilful or contumacious non-appearance would be most mischievous; but I would give the debtor every facility of bringing forward *bonâ fide* excuses for his non-attendance, by allowing any member of his family, or even a neighbour, to state upon oath the cause of his absence. The court should retain the power, as at present, of inquiring into all the circumstances by the examination of witnesses, notwithstanding the absence of the defendant.

2. Yes, decidedly. I am of opinion that the total abolition of imprisonment would be most injurious to the small shopkeeper. It ought not to be forgotten that the wearing apparel, bedding, and tools of the debtor are now protected (to the value of 5 *l.*) from seizure under a *fi. fa.*, and that the surplus beyond this value, in the case of a day labourer, is seldom more than sufficient to satisfy the extra costs of the execution, even when he is a householder. When he has no household there is nothing on which to levy, and therefore the creditor in such case would be without remedy against dishonesty, if the power of imprisonment were taken away.

3. I think the necessary consequence of exempting fraudulent and dishonest debtors from imprisonment will be to make it more difficult for honest people to obtain credit, or, in other words, that they will obtain it on less advantageous terms.

4. I think the warrant would be much improved if it were altered as suggested in this query.

5. I consider a creditor entitled to demand the imprisonment of his debtor for simple non-appearance, unless his absence be sufficiently excused.

6. The warrant in such cases seldom states any other cause of commitment than the non-appearance.

7. I allow him to appear by agent to explain why he has not appeared; but if such explanation be unsatisfactory, the defendant is still liable to be committed for his non-appearance. The result, however, of such an appearance by an agent usually is, that either further time is given to the debtor or a fresh order is made.

8. If neither party appears the case is struck out of the list, and the summons is a dropped proceeding.

9. Very frequently.

10. I usually commit a man for 20 days for non-appearance, and a woman for 14, and I seldom exceed these terms (unless the debtor's conduct has been very bad) on the occasion of a first commitment. Upon a second judgment summons I usually commit for 30 days.

11. Yes; but I am careful not to commit a second time until a sufficient time has elapsed since the termination of the previous imprisonment to enable the man to right himself. Of course I do not commit a second time for the same offence, or for anything that occurred when the debt was contracted.

12. I never allow a judgment summons to go to a distant court unless I hear satisfactory proof that the debtor has left the district for the purpose of evading payment of the debt, and that he has actually the means of payment.

13. I am afraid of delegating any power to the registrar in respect of judgment summonses; and I think the suggestion as to the affidavit objectionable, as tending to encourage loose swearing. Whenever a defendant or his wife goes to the office between the issue of the summons and the hearing, he is referred by the registrar to the judgment creditor, and the usual result is that they come to some terms of compromise, which are embodied in a fresh order.

14. I apprehend there can be but few of these loan societies in any district, as I have had no experience of their operations.

15. I am very much inclined to think that any legislative interference with contracts between persons *sui juris*, and which can only be justified on the ground that it is necessary to protect men from the effects of their own improvidence and ignorance, is mischievous, and likely to introduce as much evil as it is intended to remove; and I do not feel warranted in recommending any special legislation with respect to actions for the recovery of beer scores.

16. I consider the existing law a sufficient protection to the labouring population, as far as it regards contracts between packmen and married women. It only presumes the wife authorized to pledge the husband's credit for *necessaries*, and it throws upon the packman the onus of proving either the husband's cognizance of the transac-

tion, or that the goods supplied were necessaries; and it is easy for the husband to exempt himself, *by notice*, from liability upon these contracts, *even for necessaries*. I believe that in a very large proportion of instances the husband, though he may not be apprized of the particular transaction at the time, is well aware that his wife is in the habit of dealing with packmen, and that he sanctions it by his acquiescence.

When men are protected from buying beer on tick, and their wives from incurring a debt to the packman, our labouring population will indeed be *in statu pupillari*.

Circuit 25.—Judge, Mr. Serjeant Clarke.

Places at which the Judge sits:

Oldbury. | Walsall. | Wolverhampton.

1. I am decidedly of opinion that it is desirable that the law should be so altered.

2. I am of opinion that it should so exist, and that if it does not the county courts, which have obtained so much popularity, and which have brought justice (in *civil* cases) within the reach of the humbler classes, will become comparatively useless.

3. I am of opinion that the working classes in the districts within my jurisdiction would not be able to obtain credit upon such favourable terms as they now do if the power of imprisonment were wholly taken away, and that any law tending to diminish the power of obtaining credit would, in those districts, produce the most serious inconvenience and distress. The working classes in those districts principally consist of colliers and of men employed in the foundries, and in the various manufactories and iron-works. These occupations are subject to frequent fluctuations. Collieries suddenly cease working, furnaces are *blown out*, and large numbers of men dismissed from the various manufactories, or put upon *half-time*, who must starve or go to the workhouse if they could not obtain credit with facility till more prosperous times enabled them to pay the debt out of their earnings.

4. I am of opinion that it is very desirable that the warrant should be so altered. I have (almost from the establishment of the county courts) *endeavoured* to obtain the same advantage, which would in some degree arise from such an alteration, by directing, *with the consent* of the plaintiff (not *always now formally* asked, but inferred from no objection being made to it) that the warrant should not be *executed*, provided the defendant should pay such instalments as I ordered (*the ability* to do which I had previously ascertained by inquiry), or such sum as I had on inquiry ordered; and I believe it will be seen, on reference to the returns, that the number of defendants actually sent to prison was, as compared with many other circuits, *small*. I may add that both plaintiffs and defendants have *generally* appeared satisfied with this mode of proceeding. Whether the defendants *appeared or not*, I never granted a warrant without being satisfied upon inquiry that the defendant was able to obey the order made in the cause.

5. Where the defendant has not appeared, I believe if a warrant has been granted the *form* of it has been for not appearing in pursuance of the summons; but substantially *no* defendant has ever been committed by me merely for non-appearance, but only after satisfying myself by inquiry that the defendant was perfectly able to obey the order (made as to the payment upon the judgment), and had been so when the order was made.

6. I have answered this query in my answer to queries 2 and 3.

7. Yes, always, and I see no reason why he should not be so allowed.

8. No; I strike the case out. I expect the plaintiff or some one acting for him to appear and apply for the warrant, and to be able to satisfy me that the defendant has been *able* to obey the order made upon him and to pay before I grant the warrant.

9. I believe, I may say, I do this *invariably*.

10. My general *practice* has been to commit for 21 days if the defendant was an able-bodied *man* and in good health, and where it has been shown to my satisfaction that he has been, and still was, able to pay the debt according to the order made upon the judgment. When it has been proved that the defendant was in delicate health or suffering from any accident and where this may have been to any extent doubtful, I have always refused to commit. When the courts were first established, I used to commit for shorter periods, but I soon found that defendants *quite able to pay* would prefer going to prison for a week or fortnight to paying.

11. When the defendant is proved to my satisfaction to be clearly able to pay, but obstinately refusing to pay, and setting the court at defiance, my practice has been to commit a second time, but for 40 days.

12.

13. I think it *would* be desirable.

14. I do not feel very competent to answer this question. I incline to think that the power of borrowing small sums of money is useful to the working classes, and if so, any regulation which would compel them to borrow upon harder terms would be objectionable.

15. The exhausting character of the occupations of the colliers and of the men employed on the iron foundries, &c., &c., makes it, I believe, necessary to them to have a considerable quantity of beer, and that it might be very inconvenient and perhaps injurious to them to have the power of obtaining it upon credit restricted to the extent here proposed. I think *one* month is too short a credit to be allowed. If any limitation of the credit is adopted, I should say it ought not to be less than *six* months.

16. I see no reason why the credit given by packmen and others for necessaries should be discouraged. I am satisfied that until the working men are better educated, and consequently become

come more provident, the credit given to their wives for clothing and other necessaries is the only means they have in times of depressed trade of obtaining clothing and food for their families, and I believe it would have a serious effect upon the habits of the labouring classes in the mining and manufacturing districts with respect to cleanliness and decency, if the wives were deprived of the power of pledging their husbands' credit for *decent apparel* for themselves. The coarse filthy habits of the men, their unwillingness to sacrifice their propensity to drinking and gambling, &c., to the cleanliness and comfort of their wives, would in too many instances leave the poor women without clothes sufficient for common decency, and the wives can only be supplied by the travelling hawkers, who will take their payments in small instalments, as no such credit could be obtained from the shops in the towns and villages.

Circuit 26.—Judge, Sir W. B. RIDDELL, Bart.

Places at which the Judge sits:

Cheadle.	Leek.	Stafford.
Drayton.	Lichfield.	Stoke-on-Trent.
Hanley, Burslem, and Tunstall.	Newcastle-under-Lyme.	Stone.
	Rugeley.	Uttoxeter.

My experience in county courts commenced in February last, so that my answers to these inquiries can claim little authority.

I began with a strong feeling against the frequent exercise of the power of commitment, and have rarely exercised it, except for non-appearance. I enclose a return of the number of plaints, judgment summonses, convictions, &c., in my heaviest district in the Potteries, which I procured in anticipation of some such inquiry.

1. I am of opinion that the process of the county courts would become of little effect against debtors possessed of no tangible property, if, on default of appearance to the judgment summons, the debtor could not be committed for his default without inquiry, where no excuse for the default is offered. I do not, therefore, think that an *ex parte* examination of witnesses for the purpose of establishing one of the other causes mentioned in sect. 99, should be required, where the creditor appears and the debtor makes default on the summons.

2. I think the power of commitment indispensable to vindicate the process of the court in the last resort, and I do not think that in the cases strictly defined by the Act, there is any real hardship. The imprisonment is a punishment for misconduct, and cannot lawfully be inflicted on a debtor who is honestly without means of payment. Of course such a power ought to be exercised with great care and sparingly. The alternative of process in the nature of an attachment on future earnings in the hands of an employer (to be served, and made a party liable to the plaintiff), would only apply in certain cases, be open to many objections, and be evaded by change of employment.

3. If the process of the court should afford no substantial security, I presume that tradesmen would be less willing to give credit to the working classes on moderate terms. Whether a check to credit would be to their prejudice, I am not prepared to say.

4. I believe that in my district the warrants are well understood, and their effect too. They of course cannot be made too explicit.

5. If the creditor appears and the debtor makes default on a judgment summons, I generally, and as a rule, commit the debtor for 21 days, without inquiring whether any other cause but non-appearance exists for his commitment. But I always look at the summons and minute of the order, and if I think the summons premature or improper on the face of the proceedings, or if any other circumstances raise a question in the debtor's favour, or if any reasonable excuse is made for his absence, I dismiss or adjourn the summons, never ordering a commitment if I can properly, in my judgment, avoid it; but, speaking generally, I do consider myself bound to commit for non-appearance only.

6. If the debtor does not appear, and I order his commitment, it is for non-appearance, whatever inquiries I may have made in the case; and the warrant follows the order.

7. I do not allow the debtor to appear by agent on a judgment summons. The form of summons requires him to appear *personally* (No. 54) to be examined by the Judge. If otherwise he might send an agent intentionally kept ignorant of all the facts against him. However, if the wife or any one appears and offers some reasonable excuse for the non-appearance, I adjourn the case, and issue no warrant.

8. If the creditor does not appear, I strike out the case (as on the hearing of a plaint), whether the debtor appears or not, for want of prosecution, and make no order.

9. When the debtor appears on the judgment summons and undertakes *bonâ fide* (in my judgment) to pay the debt, or instalments in such manner and at such times as I approve, I generally let the summons be withdrawn, or adjourn it. I avoid, if possible, making orders for commitment; in a few cases I have made them and suspended the issue of the warrant. I think the suspension works often very well, producing payment from obstinate though solvent men.

10. I commit for non-appearance for 21 days regularly; in the few cases in which I commit for other causes, the time varies according to the misconduct I judge the debtor to have been guilty of. I have, I think, in three cases in six months, committed for 40 days.

11. No such case had occurred to me until this month, when, in the case of a man with large earnings and well able, but perversely, and with avowed contempt of the court and its process, refusing to pay a debt of about 8 *l.*, I felt bound (as the power exists) to recommit for the same debt. Looking at the imprisonment as a punishment, I am inclined to think one commitment only

in theory justifiable, but some, not many, debts will be lost in consequence of taking away the power of recommitment.

12. I have followed the practice of my predecessor *not* to grant leave for a judgment summons to issue where the debtor does not reside, unless in cases of *special hardship* upon the creditor, combined with notorious ability to pay, or gross misconduct of the debtor.

13. I do not think it would be desirable or right to delegate the judicial discretion of the court to its officers, however able. Practically, the registrar would grant a dispensation in almost all cases. The affidavit required would always be regular and sufficient in form.

14. My limited experience has not brought under my notice any such injurious effect as that suggested from the operation of the county courts.

15. I am of opinion that, if a new and special statute of limitations is to be enacted with reference to the sale of beer, so short a period as one month would operate most cruelly upon defendants as well as plaintiffs, and lead to the entry of mostly trifling and needless plaints. Moreover, I am of opinion that such exceptive sumptuary laws are bad in principle, and seldom beneficial to society; and that spirits and other costly indulgences of the working classes need no special protection from beer.

16. I believe the persons referred to are a nuisance; but I do not see why the freedom of trade should be interfered with against them specially, nor do I believe that, if their travels could be altogether stopped by the Legislature, extravagant wives would become prudent.

County Court of Staffordshire holden at Hanley, Burslem, and Tunstall.

Month.	Plaints entered.	Total Number of Judgment Summons Issued.	Total Number of Judgment Summons Heard.	Total Number of Debtors Committed.		Warrants of Commitment.		Debtors released from Gaol after being arrested and Committed before time expired.	—
				Non-appearance.	Having the Means.	Issued.	Debtors actually Imprisoned.		
1859.									
January Court - -	296	55	19	11	2	8	1	—	
February* „ - -	409	63	19	11	–	9	4	1 remained in gaol 1 day.	* February 1859, first court held by Sir W. B. Riddell.
March „ - -	380	63	15	11	–	4	3	1 remained in gaol 1 day.	
April „ - -	360	44	15	7	–	10	2	—	
May „ - -	426	67	15	13	1	8	1	—	
June „ - -	522	89	20	15	2	†3	3	—	† 3 issued to the 18th June.
	2,393	381	103	68	5	42	14	2	

County Court of Staffordshire holden at Hanley, for the same District for which the above Three Courts are now held.

1859.									
January Court - -	287	47	14	9	1	5	2	—	
February „ - -	174	20	8	5	1	6	1	—	
March „ { 6 weeks' court }	388	43	24	15	1	11	1	—	
April „ - -	187	52	19	11	3	10	3	—	
May „ - -	318	63	26	17	3	14	7	*2	* 1 in gaol 1 day, and the other 2 days.
June „ - -	368	77	42	17	5	14	6	3	
	1,722	302	133	74	14	60	20	5	

Circuit 27.—Judge, U. CORBETT, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits:

Bishop's Castle.	Leominster.	Shrewsbury.
Bridgenorth.	Ludlow.	Welshpool.
Cleobury.	Madeley.	Wellington.
Hereford.	Newport.	Wem.

1. When a party does not appear to a judgment summons, I invariably make every inquiry I can as to the cause of non-payment, and the means of present payment before I make an order.

I also frequently suspend the hearing of a summons to another Court, either by consent of parties, or on my own responsibility, in consequence of the illness of a defendant, or death, or illness of a recent date in his family, or when lately recovered from illness, thus giving further time to parties requiring it, but suspending the hearing of the summons to induce parties to resume their payments without further expense, which they frequently do. The defendant seldom appears in person, but is frequently represented by his wife, or some member of the family, and I always

I always examine any witnesses who may appear upon a defendant's behalf, on oath, and also hear his attorney, if he has one, without insisting on the defendant's presence, unless it should appear necessary that he should attend to be examined, when the hearing is sometimes, but seldom, adjourned to secure it. Thus the proceeding to make an order for non-appearance is practically merely an inquiry into a case in the absence of the defendant after he has received due notice to attend. But I think the power to proceed to make an order for non-appearing should not be taken away, as there are many habitual defaulters in most courts, who never attend nor send any representative, but who are well known always to pay when an order of commitment is out, and not before.

2. I consider the hearing the judgment summonses the most disagreeable part of my duty, but at the same time a very necessary one. If the power to apply for a judgment summons was taken away, in the majority of cases, and these even of the smallest amounts, there would be very few payments made when there were no goods to satisfy an execution.

In the majority of cases in my courts the defendants are dependent upon their earnings to satisfy any debt they may contract, and the great inducement to pay is the fear of being interrupted, by a commitment, in their work or business.

3. No; and credit during illness or the stoppage of works would not be given.

4. I see no objection to such an alteration, nor any necessity for it.

I always state in my order the sum to be paid, which frequently is much short of what is due, but such as I think the defendant may be able to pay, as I always wish to make an order within a defendant's reach, so as to induce him to obey, and not render him reckless by making an order he cannot perform.

5. No. Nothing is done in my courts with respect to these orders without inquiry.

6. The usual form of the warrant is for non-appearance when such is the case.

7. I always allow a defendant to appear by his family, neighbours, or attorney, and hear any witnesses who may appear for him.

8. When neither the judgment creditor nor debtor appears in person or by representative, the case is struck out. This not unfrequently happens as parties settle these as well as other summonses amongst themselves.

9. When the parties are possessed of property or are disposing of it by assignment or sale, the order is immediate. When the order is made upon a defendant who is dependent upon wages to discharge the debt, time is given to suit his reckonings or pay days. So also with pensioners and small annuitants, attention is paid to the period at which they receive their income. I give every encouragement and facility to ensure payment by them who can and will pay, and I believe that rational leniency is more productive to the creditor than a more severe course would be.

10. Generally 14 days on the first summons' which I sometimes have to increase to 28 or even 40 days for subsequent defaults. Sometimes, but very rarely, I have had to make an order for 28 or 40 days in the first instance, for substantive offences under 9 & 10 Vict. c. 95, s. 99, and which sometimes prove productive of assets.

11. Not for a specific offence, but when the default is non-payment, having means to pay, I consider repeated defaults the subject of repeated commitments. If this were not done, and the first imprisonment satisfied the debt, it would very frequently be so discharged. One man whom I had twice committed, believing him able to pay, said to me on the hearing of a third summons against him, and when I was proceeding to make a third order, "Then I suppose, sir, "I must pay the debt at last." I said "Yes." "Then," said he, "I had better pay it now;" and he did. This I presume is oftener done than said.

12. I only allow judgment summonses to issue against parties residing in another district when the defendant was residing in the district of the home court when the action was tried, or when the home court is nearer to the residence of the defendant than the court of the district in which he lives, which sometimes is the case.

13. Certainly not. The *publicity* of the court is frequently very effective; and if excuses are to be made by affidavit the plaintiffs will incur fresh expenses in answering them, and the court will not have the most satisfactory evidence at last.

14. I have not experienced any evil effects from loan societies, but in several instances I have found the difficulties of defendants traceable to their connection with building societies.

15. I think that such a provision would be much too stringent. In many instances these debts are contracted by master workmen for themselves and their workmen whilst engaged upon some job or contract, with an understanding the bill is to be paid after the work is done and paid for.

16. It is difficult to say how this could be effected, or even whether interference is necessary.

There are many traders of this description in my circuit, particularly in the manufacturing districts, and I seldom find their accounts disputed further than whether a particular article, or article or two, have been had for a son or a daughter who had begun to suit for themselves.

These packmen frequently supply tea and coffee as well as drapery, and it is convenient to the poor to be supplied at home. With respect to clothes, they are barely able to buy the common necessaries without credit, and the usual mode of payment is by fortnightly or monthly instalments of 1 *s.* each, or a little more occasionally. The defendants always have a bill, on the back of which the payments are entered as the packmen go their rounds; they making a corresponding entry in the books they carry with them. Sometimes a dispute arises about the number of instalments paid, which generally is settled by the production of the defendant's bill, on which the instalments are entered as paid.

Circuit 28.—Judge, A. J. JOHNES, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Aberystwith.	Kington.	Newtown.
Bala.	Knighton.	Portmadoc.
Builth.	Llanfyllyn.	Presteigne.
Corwen.	Llanidloes.	Pwllheli.
Dolgelly.	Machynlleth.	Rhaidr.
Hay.		

1. No. A defendant's evidence may be necessary to prove his own ability to pay, and other reasons for his commitment.

It should be simply provided, that under sect. 99 of 9 & 10 Vict. in cases of non-appearance and in other cases, it should be purely discretionary on the part of the Judge to commit or to adjourn or dismiss the summons as he may think fit, and on such information as he may think proper to obtain. I think the section alluded to confers these powers already. But this opinion does not seem to be entertained by all county court judges; I think the change proposed inconsistent with justice and sound principle. Proof of the existence of a debt should rest on the plaintiff. But after judgment pronounced and time granted, it is clearly the defendant's duty to make out an excuse for non-payment. The law ought to throw the *onus probandi* on him; sect. 99 (the earlier part of that section) of 9 & 10 Vict. c. 95 does so, and I consider that section quite proper as it stands. Plaintiffs frequently have no means whatever of knowing whether defendants can or cannot pay, excepting by putting them on their oath.

The expression in clause 99 of 9 & 10 Vict. c. 95, which provides that the Judge may imprison, "if the defendant shall not make answer "touching the same to the satisfaction of the "Judge," seems to me to have given rise to much misconception.

I venture to think it clear that the object of that expression was not to give power to punish the defendant as a *defaulting witness*, but to throw on him the *onus probandi* as a *defaulting debtor*, who has to clear himself.

The facts stated in the note to this question seem to me to furnish strong grounds of objection to the proposition it contains.

What, as I venture to think, is required, is a clause, 1st, simply to prevent Judges (I presume a minority) from imprisoning, *of course*, on non-appearance; 2nd, but still leaving it open to them, in case of non-appearance, to imprison on any information satisfactory to them. (This from the note to this question seems to be the general practice.)

This is a very different thing from throwing on the plaintiff proof, on oath, of defendant's ability to pay, thus assisting the latter when he is guilty of disobedience to the summons of the court.

2. A power of imprisonment is indispensable to the end proposed. (See a copy of a printed letter addressed by me to Lord Brougham on the subject annexed to these answers.)

3. No.

4. Yes.

5. Do you consider that if a judgment debtor does not appear to a judgment summons you are bound to commit him to prison?

No.

Or do you, before ordering his commitment, make inquiry so as to satisfy yourself that he ought to be committed for any of the causes mentioned in sect. 99 of 9 & 10 Vict. c. 95, exclusive of that for non-appearance?

Yes.

6. Yes, generally; nearly in all cases.

7. Do you allow the judgment debtor to appear by agent on the hearing of a judgment summons?

No, not in the proper sense of the word "appear."

And, if not, do you see any reason why he should not be so allowed?

Yes; the reason is given in my answer to the first question. I have never accepted appearance of wife or agent, &c., as a ground for waiving my power to commit for non-appearance. I have heard always what such representatives have had to say, and if it has made me doubt the propriety of a commitment, I have adjourned the case for further information. That is a very different thing from accepting their appearance as the defendant's "appearance." In one sense, therefore, the question I would answer in the negative; in the other sense in the affirmative.

8. No.

9. No; I do not think that I have the power.

10. I almost always commit for 40 days.

11. Yes; but not until some time has elapsed, or the defendant's circumstances have changed.

12. Into the amount of debt; 2, the distance at which defendant resides; 3, his profession or occupation.

13. Yes.

14. Are you of opinion that the facilities for the recovery of debts by the county courts has increased the lending of small sums of money by loan societies injuriously to the interests of society?

I have no reason for thinking so.

And, if so, what remedy would you suggest?

A reduction of the costs of county court imprisonments on large sums, and on second imprisonments. (As part of my answer to this question I beg to refer to a letter, printed in the "County Courts' Chronicle" for July 1859, and to a publication entitled "Credit, the Life of Commerce," by Mr. Elliott.

I think artificial restrictions on commercial and money transactions between individuals futile or injurious, for the same reasons that they are so (now according to the opinions of all enlightened men) on such transactions between nations. The only sound and efficient check on imprudent borrowing is prompt legal redress, that will render it dangerous to the borrower.

15. I am

15. I am disinclined ts discourage drunkenness by what may amount to sanctioning dishonesty.

16. No; possibly, if the case calls for a remedy, a remedy may be found. But I am afraid it must be applied impartially, if at all. I certainly am not aware that the "credit" given by "packmen" to the wives of the "labouring population" is longer or more injurious than the trust obtained in the west end of London by the "wives" of higher classes. My attention has lately been directed to the proceedings at the last Bedford assizes on this subject. I have very seldom had any actions in the county courts brought by hawkers, and my impression is that they are often a useful class of men in thinly-peopled countries, especially to elderly women too much occupied with household cares to visit a market town. (See answer to the last question but one.)

I am unable to comprehend what reason can be given against permitting "travelling drapers" to imprison a debtor under the 9 & 10 Vict. c. 95. If the "finery" they are said to deal in is sold to the wife without the husband's knowledge, there can be no ground of action. If sold with his concurrence, it forms the most fitting case that can be suggested for an imprisonment, viz., one of a purchase of articles of luxury and show by labouring people, who have a difficulty in paying for necessaries.

Circuit 29.—Judge, E. L. RICHARDS, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Bangor.	Holywell.	Ruabon.
Carnarvon.	Llangefni and Holyhead.	Ruthin.
Conway.	Llanrwst.	St. Asaph.
Denbigh.	Mold.	Wrexham.

1. It is my invariable practice never to commit any person to prison whether he appears or not, without first carefully inquiring into his means, and satisfying myself that he could have paid had he chosen.

2. I am clearly of this opinion; for, if these powers are taken away, the great benefit of the county courts to the trading community will be at once swept off.

3. Certainly not, because tradesmen would not trust them unless they knew that they could recover their debts by making those pay who are able to pay.

4. I am of this opinion, because it is manifest injustice that the debtor should lie in prison after satisfying the debt.

5. I always satisfy myself minutely upon this point by inquiry, as mentioned in my previous answer.

6. On consulting my registrars I find that it certainly does, for that is the legal and technical ground of commitment, although not the equitable one upon which I have acted.

7. I do not allow this as a right, but if any one does appear for him, which is generally the wife, I listen to all she has to say, and I do not see any reason why an agent by leave of the Judge should not be allowed to appear.

8. Certainly not.

9. Not generally, but I do so in exceptional cases, for every case has to rest on its own particular merits.

10. I have a certain rule in my own mind, depending upon the amount of the debt, the length of the period for which the debt has been due, and the perverseness of the defendant in not obeying the order of the court; and also in cases of clear and gross frauds, my rule is the same as when I sat as chairman of quarter sessions of Flint in cases of misdemeanants.

11. Only in very rare cases. This is a practice that I have not sanctioned, the more especially after I was convinced that the public were thoroughly aware that one imprisonment was not sufficient entirely to wipe out the debt.

12. The distance of the debtor's residence, the mode of travelling, his means, and as to what communication the plaintiff has last had with him in order to see if he were following his ordinary occupation.

13. I think this very desirable indeed, and that the registrar should report specially to the judge at the following court what he has done in the matter.

14. So far as my circuit is concerned there are no loan societies within it; cases of that description before me have been very few and from other districts.

15. So far as the sale of beer by retail is concerned, I am of this opinion, because I do not think that credit should be given by publicans and beerhouse keepers under such circumstances.

16. The number of cases on my circuit have been small, but I am inclined to think that any action for the recovery of any amount upon such credit should not be maintainable unless the debt was contracted with the knowledge and sanction of the husband.

Circuit 30.—Judge, THOMAS FALCONER, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Aberdare.	Bridgend and Cowbridge.	Ponty-pridd.
Brecon.	Merthyr Tydfil.	Swansea.

Sir,—Whatever improvements it may be desirable to make in the system of imprisonment of the county courts, it ought not to be forgotten that the present system, with all its imperfections, is a very great improvement on that of the courts of requests, which it superseded. I cannot illus-

trate this to the extent that I wish, having only a few days in which to reply to your inquiries, and the mornings of these days are almost entirely occupied in holding my courts on the Glamorganshire circuit. I have, however, some notes that were made about thirty-three years since respecting the Bath Court of Requests. The court had the power to imprison for debt on the following scale :—under 20*s.*, 20 days; from 20*s.* to 40*s.*, 40 days; from 40*s.* to 3*l.*, 60 days; from 3*l.* to 4*l.*, 80 days; from 4*l.* to 5*l.*, 100 days; and from 5*l.* to 10*l.*, 200 days.

It appeared from a return made to the House of Commons that prisoners confined in gaol by orders of that court were :—

	Men.	Women.
1831 - -	129	7
1832 - -	134	10

The number in 1833 was greater than for either of these years. The following examples of imprisonment, made by the order of that court, are shown in a return moved for and printed (I think) in the year 1835 :—

——	Debt.			Costs.			Imprisonment.
	£.	*s.*	*d.*	£.	*s.*	*d.*	
G. D. - -	–	3	6	–	6	5	20 days
O. R. - -	–	14	11	–	14	6	20 „
W. C. - -	3	7	–	1	1	6	80 „
H. H. - -	3	1	2	1	–	–	80 „
J. G. - -	2	3	–	1	–	6	80 „
E. D. - -	8	3	–	2	–	6	200 „
J. H. - -	5	10	–	1	16	6	200 „
J. S. - -	5	8	8	1	16	6	200 „
H. L. - -	10	–	–	2	8	6	200 „
S. L. - -	8	10	–	2	–	6	200 „
A. P. - -	10	–	–	1	16	6	300 „
W. G. - -	8	18	6	2	2	6	200 „
C. B. - -	4	6	3	1	3	6	100 „

A summary, made from one return of the information given, was as follows :—

	£.	*s.*	*d.*
Total number of debtors - -	310		
Amount of debts - -	929	17	4½
„ „ costs - -	282	11	7
Total days' imprisonment -	23,200		

These facts were printed in a newspaper published in Bath about the time the return was made, but if I had had the opportunity to procure a copy of the return I should have cited the particulars from the return itself.

The return also gave these illustrations of the practice of commitment :—

Debtors.	Debt.			Costs.			Imprisonment.
	£.	*s.*	*d.*	£.	*s.*	*d.*	
H. Pettinger -	–	2	10	–	6	5	20 days
G. Dagger -	–	3	–	–	6	5	20 „
W. Rolls -	–	3	6	–	6	5	20 „
W. Dukenson -	–	2	9½	–	6	5	20 „
G. Baker -	–	4	2½	–	6	5	20 „
J. Dukenson -	–	2	6	–	6	5	20 „
J. Trigg - -	–	4	10½	–	6	5	20 „
E. Brown -	–	2	–	–	6	5	20 „
W. Boyce -	–	2	6	–	6	5	20 „
E. Wells - -	–	4	4	–	8	3	20 „
E. Marshman -	–	2	2½	–	6	5	20 „
J. Thomas -	–	2	5	–	6	5	20 „
TOTAL - -	1	17	3	3	18	10	240

This court at Bath—the jurisdiction of which was limited to 10*l.*—was superseded on the establishment of the county courts. The County Court Returns relating to the Bath County Court district give the following particulars of what has occurred since :—

	Amount for which Plaints were entered.	Number of actual Committals to Gaol.
	£.	
1854 - -	10,530	- - 17
1855 - -	7,478	- - 7
1856 - -	7,011	- - 27
1857 - -	5,570	- - 34

I regret it is not in my power to exhibit the manner of commitment, and the number of committals made by other local courts, which were abolished on the establishment of the county courts.

2. Courts of requests were local and exceptional. The general law was harsh and oppressive, and so costly that resort was only had to it when the oppression of a debtor was intended, or the attorney in the action believed that he could recover costs. Everywhere complaints were made of the expense of recovering debts when payment was attempted to be enforced by legal process, and trade was tormented by the insecurity which followed the concession of credit. "Before county courts were established," said an attorney to me only a few days since, "we "used to issue what were called 'Sheriffs county "court tickets,' for which we charged five shil- "lings, the sum being under forty shillings, and "sometimes we got as much as eight pounds "costs in such cases; indeed the county courts "nearly ruined the attornies." The jurisdiction of the sheriff's court was limited in pleas for debt to sums under forty shillings.

I had occasion to make a contrast between the system that existed before the county courts were established and the present system, in a letter which I wrote and published only last week, of which the following is a copy :—

TO THE EDITOR OF THE CARDIFF AND MERTHYR GUARDIAN.

Sir,—Mr. Henry Thomas, the chairman of quarter sessions, is reported to have said at the last meeting of the magistrates—"Mr. Falconer was one of those gentlemen "entrusted by the Legislature with a power quite anoma- "lous in this, and he believed, in any other country, viz., "the power of imprisoning for small terms, at his own dis- "cretion, for the purpose of enforcing the payment of small "sums of money. The only thing he ever heard of at all "similar, was the power of arbitrary imprisonment pos- "sessed in other days, and in other countries, by the tri- "bunal of the Holy Inquisition."

This exposition of the law was made on the bench, and in the presence of several lawyers, namely, of the stipendiary magistrate of Cardiff, of the stipendiary magistrate of Merthyr, and of the late stipendiary magistrate, and now M.P. for Merthyr, and the accuracy of it was not contested. It appears to me, however, to be of so much public importance that it ought to be corrected.

Commitments on account of judgments for debt ordered by county courts are judicial acts. Such commitments cannot exceed forty days. When a cause for such orders is proved, the discretion of the Judge is habitually exercised to mitigate the term of committal, and to reduce it to less than forty days. The chairman of quarter sessions himself exercises judicially a similar discretion, when after the fact of the guilt of a criminal being established he declares that less than the maximum amount of punishment authorised by law may be inflicted: his sentence differing from an order for the payment of money enforced by imprisonment in this, that the payment of the debt may operate as a discharge from prison at any time.

It may be that the discretion exercised by the county court judges is not everywhere alike; for example, on circuit 9, in the year 1857, there were 748 persons committed to

to gaol for debt. This was at the rate of 3·70 per cent. on the number of plaints. On 12 circuits, including Glamorganshire, the number of actual committals was not more than ·77 parts of one per cent. on the number of plaints. But a similar difference exists in the administration of the criminal law. "How severe sentences are this time"—"How harsh this judge is"—"How greatly poachers prefer to be tried at assizes," &c. &c., are common expressions, proving how differently a discretion is exercised. This difference is inevitable in criminal trials. It is also to a certain extent inevitable in civil matters, as is frequently shown in the amount of damages awarded by juries. In the case of county court commitments it may be corrected (and I have no doubt it will shortly be corrected), by limiting the power of committal for small sums, in cases of mere non-payment, to less than 40 days. The narrower the limit of discretion, the greater will be the uniformity in the terms of committal on account of the mere non-payment of a debt. I hope this may be so, though certainly the more mechanically a judge is made to act, the more the sense of responsibility is diminished; but when discretion is not with tolerable uniformity exercised, it must be interfered with and controlled.

If county court judges, however, act on the principles of the Inquisition because they exercise a limited discretion, so also do Mr. Thomas and Mr. Bruce, as chairmen of quarter sessions, the judges of assize, and all other magistrates who are empowered to inflict less than a maximum amount of imprisonment.

The county court judges have not the unlimited power Mr. Thomas ascribes to them. Persons are not liable to be committed to gaol on account, simply, of not being able to pay a debt. Thus I never, if informed of their condition, commit aged, sick, or infirm persons, or paupers; and rarely, and never, without the greatest reluctance, women. The grounds of committal (specified by law) after personal service on the defendant of the summons is proved, are: non-attendance (and then, so far as is practicable, similar inquiries are made by me as though the defendants were present); refusing to be sworn; refusal to disclose matters touching the debtor's estate and effects or the manner and circumstances under which he contracted the debt; not making satisfactory answers; that the debt was incurred by false pretences, or by means of fraud, or breach of trust, or without a reasonable expectation to pay, or making or causing to be made any gift, delivery, or transfer of property; or charging, removing, or concealing the same in order to defraud the creditor; or having, since the judgment, the means and ability to pay the debt, or any instalment ordered to be paid. Within these limits our discretion is confined, and therefore we have not "the power of "arbitrary imprisonment."

The orders of commitment, I repeat, are judicial acts for a term not exceeding 40 days. What, however, was the general law not long since? In Stamp's Index to the Statute Law, page 160, published in 1853, is this passage, "Persons having lain in prison *for a year* in execution for "debt, or damage, *not exceeding* 20*l.* (exclusive of costs) "may be discharged on application to one of the superior "courts in term time," 48 Geo. 3., chap. 123 [1808]; but he adds, "since the 7 & 8 Vict. chap. 96, sect. 57, this "provision has become obsolete." This last Act, passed in 1844, enacted that no person should be taken or charged *in execution* upon any judgment recovered in any of Her Majesty's superior courts, court of requests, or other inferior court, &c., when the sum recovered should not exceed 20*l.* This Act was followed in 1845 by the 8 & 9 Vict. cap. 127, which authorized commissioners of the Court of Bankruptcy, and certain local courts in the district where a debtor should reside, against whom there should be a judgment for less than 20*l.* (besides costs), obtained in any court of competent jurisdiction in England, to issue a summons against such debtor, and it enacts, in almost identical word, the provisions relating to commitment, which were afterwards embodied in the first County Court Act of 1846, and which provisions I have already cited.

By whose arbitrary will, before the year 1844, were persons kept in gaol for twelve months for a debt less in amount than 20*l.*? By the will of every plaintiff to whom such persons were indebted. The twelve months' imprisonment that might have been inflicted, and inflicted silently, by any creditor, has now for its substitute under the Act of 1845, and the County Court Act of 1846, an open, public, and judicial order of imprisonment, limited to some of the expressed causes I have already recited. Instead of the debtor owing less than 20*l.* being liable to be cast into prison for twelve months, and perhaps more, until he could procure an order of discharge, the imprisonment cannot *exceed* at one time forty days, and if there is an absolute inability to pay, a judicial declaration is made to that effect refusing commitment. Is the old or the new system to be preferred? The chairman of quarter sessions condemns the new system.

The general law until 1844 was that a creditor might, by his own act, imprison his debtor in execution for sums *under* 20*l.* This general law still applies to sums recovered in the superior courts *above* 20*l.* The learned gentlemen to whom I have referred being visitors to that county gaol, popularly called "the sheriff's gaol," may ascertain from the debtors in the custody of the sheriff that their creditors, of their own arbitrary will, imprisoned them. Their discharge from gaol chiefly takes place through orders of the judges of the county courts, acting under the Insolvent Debtors' Acts. The arbitrary will of the creditor imprisoned and the mercy of the law towards the debtor is expressed through the judge of the county court, when a title to be discharged is proved.

Executions in actions, where money only was recovered, were,—against the body of the defendant; against his goods and chattels; against his goods or the profits of his lands; against his goods and the possession of his lands; or against all three, his body, lands, and goods. But the material fact to which I desire the attention of the chairman of quarter sessions, and the magistrates to whom his attack on the county court was addressed, is that the committal of the debtor in execution was not a judicial act or the order of a court, but the act of the creditor obtaining the judgment, and this without the intervention of a court of law or of a judge.

Surely the magistrates of Glamorganshire have not yet had obliterated from their recollection the existence of the Duke of Beaufort's gaol at Swansea, to the abolition of which, in common with Mr. Perry and Mr. M. D. Hill, I contributed (21 & 22 Vict. c. 22, 14 June 1858). Whose arbitrary will cast poor debtors into the empty, bedless cells of that gaol, leaving it to charity to place a pallet on the bare stone floor and to supply food? It was the uncontrolled act of the creditor, and the expression of his will.

I cannot assume from anything said by Mr. H. Thomas that he advocates the abolition of imprisonment for debt, but merely that he condemns the judicial control exercised over the demand of creditors for the imprisonment of their debtors. Take that control away, would he leave every creditor with uncontrolled power to imprison? Any credit to persons who work for wages, or who are paid small salaries, is censured by many persons. When it is allowable, what motives can prevail to induce such debtors to pay their debts but a sense of morality, or of honour, or the persuasion of interest in the advantages of fulfilling pecuniary obligations, or the fear of the penalties, privations, or discredit the non-fulfilment of pecuniary obligations causes? One privation, and the chief unfortunately, is through imprisonment. Working men themselves gave credit to a great extent to their masters, where wages were not paid in full, week by week, and this is one great cause of the demand for credit on the shopman. If Mr. H. Thomas advocated an increase of judicial control (which he inappropriately likens to the Holy Inquisition) over the demand of creditors for the committal of debtors, then it would be for the legislature to determine what rules it will frame to regulate buying and selling in substitution of the moral influences on pecuniary dealings to which I have referred, and in substitution of the intelligence and forethought which education alone quickens. These are questions which it is evident Mr. H. Thomas has not even thought of. Some illustrations of them are to be found in the great and beneficial effects of the savings' banks at Rhayader, at Bridgend, and at Swansea (places that were all on my circuit and having well-attended schools), and to Mr. John Jones of Cefn-faes, to the Ven. Archdeacon Blosse of Bridgend, and to Mr. T. E. Thomas of Swansea, the population of their respective neighbourhoods owe the greatest obligations in the successful moral training they have obtained through practical teachings of forethought, providence, and personal independence, for the success has been constantly manifest to me.

I can only add that I never made an order of committal for debt, except in cases of fraud, without pain, and that the hearing of summonses after judgment is as painful to me now as on the first occasion in January 1851. I obey the direction of a legal duty. My arbitrary will, as the chairman describes what I call judicial control over the demand for committal, is thus illustrated:—In 1856 there were 1,486 judgment summonses taken out on my circuit by plaintiffs, and 87 persons actually committed to gaol; and in 1857, 2,830 judgment summonses were taken out, and there were 183 actual committals to gaol in the twelve months throughout the twelve districts of the circuit. I have not the returns for 1858, but both numbers must have increased. In the superior courts the plaintiff does not ask the leave of any judge when he commits the defendant to gaol; the practice of the county courts is beneficially otherwise, but may, nevertheless, be amended, and will be amended. The credit of forbearance is also due to the great body of shopkeepers, notwithstanding the number of summonses.

I am,

I am, therefore, compelled to conclude that the chairman is not informed of the changes that have been made in the past few years in our own law, nor informed of the former provisions of the law relating to executions for debt, or committals to gaol on account of debt.

It is impossible, within a reasonable space, to explain the extent to which the general law of commitment for debt was interfered with by local courts of requests, or the evils of such courts, and I can, therefore, only generally express my opinion that the provisions of the County Court Acts are a very great improvement on those contained in the Acts establishing those local courts, which were superseded by the county courts. I am far from saying, however, that our present system may not be improved, and I expect it to be amended before even this year ends.

I exceedingly regret to make this statement. I have always entertained respectful feelings towards Mr. H. Thomas, and our personal acquaintance has extended over a period not much short of forty years. Some of the reports of what passed at Cardiff I have certainly read with astonishment. I am surprised some legal member of the bench did not suggest their irrelevancy and impropriety.

This discussion arose (in my absence) on account of the only occasion on which I have interfered in the civil business of the quarter sessions, namely, in advocating for debtors who may be confined in prison for a very long term (if debtors for a sum above 20 *l.*) as well as for those confined for a short term, during the misfortune of imprisonment, the comfort and consolation of religious aid in the language of those at whose breasts they were nurtured. My opinion on the subject is earnest and sincere, and I think it to be reasonable. My opinion prevailed.

I remain your obedient servant,

THOMAS FALCONER,
Judge of the County Court.

2 July 1859.

In the Companion to the Almanack for the year 1834, at page 171, I find a Parliamentary Return, No. 494, abstracted. It is stated,—"In "1831 the number of warrants for debt against "the person, in Middlesex, was 14,909; in 1832 "it was 13,555. The number in Surrey is not "stated."

If the number of warrants against the person issued in all the counties of England and Wales in either of the years 1831 and 1832 could be ascertained and the number in 1857 or 1858, the effect of the establishment of the county courts on actions for debt could be distinctly shown.

The same abstract contains also this statement:—

The number of persons committed for debt to the different metropolitan prisons on *mesne* process, judgments recovered, or costs of suit (excluding crown debtors and prisoners for contempt) during the years 1831 and 1832 were as follows:—

The King's Bench	1831	1,054
	1832	842
The Fleet	1831	503
	1832	681
Marshalsea	1831	585
	1832	635
Whitecross-street	1831	1,901
	1832	1,940
Horsemonger-lane	1831	339
	1832	332

making a total in 1832 of 4,430 of committals to these five gaols alone.

To Whitecross-street, also, on processes issuing out of courts of requests:—

	Committals.	Debts.	Costs.
1831	1,370	£. 1,374	£. 548
1832	1,443	1,282	541

To Horsemonger-lane, also, on process out of courts of request:—

	Committals.	Debts.	Costs.
1831	1,120	£. 2,417	£. 696
1832	945	2,039	566

The total number of persons committed by the metropolitan county courts, in 1857 (circuits 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, and 47, including Greenwich, Wandsworth, Farnham, Guildford, &c.) were 1,141, or less than half the number committed by the courts of request to Horsemonger-lane and Whitecross-street prisons in the year 1832—though the new courts have greater jurisdiction both in the amount of debts that may be suid for and the extent of territory.

As respects this circuit (No. 30), the following tables will show the amount of business brought into the courts during the whole period I have been judge.

COUNTY Court Circuit of Breconshire, Glamorganshire, and the District of Rhayader, in Radnorshire.

—	Plaints.	Juries.	Sued for.	Average.	Causes above £.20.	Insolvents.	Judgment Summonses Issued.	Actual Committals to Gaol.
			£.	£. s. d.				
1852	9,796	15	31,273	3 3 10	280	65?	—	72
1853	9,889	15	29,579	2 19 6	171	74	520	68
1854	12,887	9	36,299	2 17 1	238	61	715	73
1855	13,227	8	36,956	2 16 4	242	82	896	63
1856	17,608	16	46,104	2 12 4	305	98	1,486	87
1857	23,609	21	67,543	2 17 7	466	107	2,830	183
1858	25,857	23	67,175	2 11 11	417	164	—	313
Total	112,873	107	314,979	2 15 10	2,119	651	—	—

The last quarter of 1858 of the Neath Court is not included in the above. There was one appeal in the above seven years. Juries may be demanded, as of right, by plaintiff or defendant, in all cases when the amount sued for exceeds 5 *l.*; in other cases by leave of the Judge.

THE following was the amount of the business of each Court, on Circuit 30, in the Year 1858:—

—	Courts held.	Plaints.	Sued for.	Causes above £.20.	Average.	Insolvents.	Actual Committals to Gaol.
					£. s. d.		
Crickhowell	12	425	1,047	9	2 9 3	—	2
Hay	12	379	1,824	20	4 16 3	2	1
Builth	6	181	630	3	3 9 6	—	—
Rhayader	6	123	394	2	3 5 8	—	—
Brecon	12	693	4,413	73	6 7 4	8	2
Merthyr	58	8,131	14,030	50	1 14 6	17	150
Neath	20	2,729	6,192	27	2 6 1	4	36
Swansea	37	3,331	9,558	67	2 17 11	22	17
Bridgend	12	822	2,454	14	2 19 8	2	5
Cardiff	46	3,641	13,696	89	3 15 9	76	30
Aberdare	25	3,276	7,612	35	2 6 6	17	42
Pontypridd	21	2,126	5,325	28	2 10 1	16	28
Total	267	25,857	67,175	417	2 11 11	164	313

N.B.—The District of Neath ceased to form part of Circuit 30 at the end of September 1858. The return for three-quarters of the year 1858 only are included above. In the year there were at Neath, plaints, 3,039; sued for, 8,279 *l.* If the last quarter at Neath were added to the total for the year 1858, the number of plaints would be 26,767, and the amount sued for, 69,262 *l.*

I believe that at Rhayader not a single person has been committed to gaol in the past seven years.

It is in the district of Merthyr that the number of committals has increased disproportionately to the numbers elsewhere on the circuit.

The committals have been,—

1852	28	1856	26
1853	29	1857	69
1854	13	1858	150
1855	30		

The number of judgment summonses issued in Merthyr alone in the year 1858 were 1,561. On this number the orders made were followed by 150 actual committals.

Of the plaintiffs who in 1858 took out the warrants, 16 were publicans, 62 were travelling hawkers,

hawkers, and 72 were shopkeepers and others of different pursuits, including grocers, greengrocers, brewers, and persons having demands for wages, rent, breaches of contract, &c. Three cases of "clock-makers" are included under the name "hawkers."

Of the 17 actual committals to gaol in the very important district of Swansea in 1858, the plaintiffs who took out the warrants were,—11 travelling drapers, 4 grocers, 7 publicans, and 1 tailor. In the previous year, 1857, when there were 19 committals, the plaintiffs were,—6 travelling drapers, 1 clothier, 1 contractor, 2 publicans, 1 broker, 1 grocer, 1 timber merchant, 1 maltster, 1 weaver, 1 surveyor, 1 brewer, 1 bootmaker, and 1 undertaker.

At Pontypridd, in 1858, there were 28 actual committals. The plaintiffs were: 5 travelling drapers, 1 tallow chandler, 1 farmer, 12 grocers, 2 shoemakers, 1 fisherman, 1 chemist, 1 clothier, 1 brewer, 1 tailor, 1 butcher and grocer, and 1 limeburner.

I have no similar particulars of the occupations or business of the plaintiffs who took out warrants of commitments in other districts. Of course it will be assumed that the same plaintiff is counted sometimes more than once under his trading description in the above account; it is as plaintiffs in each case that they are counted.

What are the causes which have occasioned the population of Merthyr to be so generally in debt, and the number of plaints to be exceedingly beyond proportion to the number of plaints elsewhere, would involve me in the expression of opinions so liable to be contradicted or contested, that my position makes it necessary I should abstain from expressing them.

I will refer presently to a provision in the last County Court Act, which has diminished my control over commitments, and to an amendment which I think may contribute in future to diminish their number.

The proportion of committals to the number of plaints on this circuit in 1857, and the relative number of commitments to other circuits, is shown in the following Table:—

1857.

Circuit.	Judge.	Number of Actual Committals.	Proportion of Actual Committals per Cent. to Number of Plaints.
9	Yates	748	3·70
4	Addison	375	3·42
10	Greene	471	3·23
7	Harden	546	2·94
19	Cantrell	499	2·68
12	Stansfield	419	2·57
35	Collyer	234	2·41
5	Hulton	318	2·24
52	Gale	240	1·99
32	Birch	148	1·79
8	Brandt	364	1·68
23	Parham	172	1·67
20	Miller	162	1·54
51	Furner	144	
37	Parry	131	
18	Wildman	174	1·52
27	Corbet	112	1·51
11	Lonsdale	154	1·47
56	Everett	98	1·43
14	Marshall	315	1·42
54	Francillon	146	1·37
39	Gurdon	79	1·35
53	Smith	117	
22	Dimsdale	181	1·34
1	Losh	174	1·32
49	Espinasse	144	1·30
33	Worlledge	100	1·29
3	Ingham	135	1·28
36	Temple	103	1·26
40	Manning	150	1·22
25	Clarke	337	1·20
21	Trafford	222	1·19
42	Jones	130	1·17
46	Fraser	74	
6	Blair	205	1·16
38	Koes	108	1·14
48	Taylor	152	1·10
60	Bevan	119	
44	Adolphus	147	1·09
13	Walper	287	1·08
55	Wilmot	145	1·04
47	Whitmore	144	·99
43	Heath	103	·89
15	Dowling	66	·87
16	Raines	79	·82
26	Temple	84	·81
34	Cooke	72	·80
17	G. Smith	74	·79
30	Falconer	183	·77
41	Stokes	144	·72
45	Bayley	97	
58	Tyrrel	49	·67
59	Fortescue	43	
2	Stapylton	114	·62
24	Herbert	85	·59
57	Saunders	54	
28	A. Johnes	39	·58
29	Richards	41	
31	J. Johnes	26	·43
50	Harwood	30	·41

1857—*continued.*

The maximum is nearly four per cent., and the minimum less than half per cent. On 52 circuits less than two persons in 100 neglected to pay orders without compulsion.

It was lately said, with some pretension to authority, in reference to the number of committals, "that it is the misfortune of the county "courts that the business is transacted for the "most part without the controlling check of the "bar." The fact is, that the proportion of committals is the smallest where barristers are most rarely seen; but my belief is, that there is, fortunately, everywhere a very strong public opinion acting on the administration of the law in all the county courts, and that even where there is an audience quite able, and, when necessary, quite willing, to express its opinion with very extensive publicity beyond the presence of the judge, it is desirable it should be so, and such is the fact. Nor do I believe there is a single attorney—there are many of great ability who practise before me—who would hesitate to condemn whatever might appear to be wrong. They have certainly had every encouragement from me to do so. I have also from the beginning assured all persons that they should be most considerately and patiently heard, if they think they have any ground of complaint respecting anything connected with

the courts; and they have been so heard; and especially when they have desired any explanations of my own orders.

Answers to the Questions.

1. Is it not desirable, it is asked, that the law should be altered, so as to provide that if, on the hearing of a judgment summons, the judgment debtor should not appear, the judge may proceed to satisfy himself, by examination, on oath, of the judgment creditor or his agent, or other witnesses, that the debtor should be committed for any of the causes mentioned in sect. 99 of 9 & 10 Vict. c. 95, but that he should not be liable to be committed for not appearing?

As some persons not learned in the law may read these replies, it may be desirable to explain what "a judgment summons" means. After a cause is heard, and a debt is proved to be due by the defendant to the plaintiff, a judgment is entered for the amount. At the same hearing of the cause, an order is made on the defendant to pay either immediately or at some subsequent and named day, and that payment shall be in the entire sum, or, after inquiry respecting the means of the defendant to pay, by instalments payable at certain mentioned intervals of time. The defendant has always the right, without any expressed leave, to sue out execution against the goods of the defendant on default in the payment of the entire sum; or, in default of payment of an instalment, an execution or successive executions may issue for the whole money unpaid, or for such portion as the judge shall order at the time of making the original order, or at any subsequent time (9 & 10 Vict. c. 95. sec. 94, and rule 114). If an execution on the goods does not satisfy the debt, or if the defendant fails to pay, and has taken out no execution against the goods, the plaintiff may summon the defendant (and this summons must be personally served on the defendant) to explain the cause of his omission to satisfy the judgment. This summons, so *personally* served on the defendant, is called "a judgment summons." It is seldom issued until two or three months have, at the least, elapsed after default in paying the debt or some instalment. The defendant, through the personal service, knows the day when the summons will be heard, and that, in case of absence or other causes expressed in the summons, he is liable to be committed to gaol for a period not exceeding 40 days.

The proof of personal service is so important, that it is always given in the absence of the defendant. It is the duty of a bailiff of the court to serve the summons, and he proves the service; and it is very remarkable, considering the immense number of identical names in Wales, with what accuracy and correctness all the processes of the court are served. If the defendant attends, the registrar records his appearance; if he is absent, his default is recorded; if his wife or any person appears for him, they are fully and readily heard, and very often upon their representations no order of committal is made. Their attendance is not recorded as the appearance of the defendant. If the defendant does not attend when his presence to explain the state of his affairs or the disposal of his goods is necessary, his non-attendance is regarded in itself to be a substantive ground of committal. He is oftentimes the only person whom a defendant can point out as capable of giving information respecting the disposal of property or the means he has to pay the debt.

When the presence of the defendant is necessary to explain if he contracted the debt, having a reasonable expectation of ability to pay it, or what disposal of his property he has made, committal should follow on account of non-appearance.

But the real fact is, that such are not common cases; the general complaint is, "that having means and ability to pay, the defendant does not pay." This allegation the wife of the defendant frequently appears to contradict, and very often by the production of the pay-tickets of her husband and former orders of court made against him. In such cases the defendant's presence is not necessary, and he is best away earning wages for the day; but in such cases "non-appearance" ought not to be the entry of the registrar.

As, therefore, in some cases the presence of the defendant is very necessary, and in the great majority of cases not at all necessary, I think the judge should be required to state, for the entry of the registrar, what allegation is made by the plaintiff, or what defect in the evidence tendered, renders the personal appearance of the defendant necessary when he directs an entry of an order of committal "for non-attendance."

My answer to the question, therefore, is, when non-attendance is the cause of committal, it should be expressed why the personal attendance of the defendant was necessary.

I suggest these questions.

2. Ought credit to be given to those who work for wages?

If goods are supplied on the credit of future earnings, ought the honest only to pay, and the dishonest to devour the goods at the cost of the shopkeeper? If the inducements to pay debts are sufficiently strong without the fear of imprisonment, then by all means abolish imprisonment.

I certainly wish that imprisonment for debt were prohibited in the case of women working for wages, and for the reason given by Bentham on the effect of imprisonment: "To a woman it is loss of character, to an aged person it may be death, and to the man in great business ruin to himself and his dependants." I have not cited the exact words, but imprisonment for debt to a man and a woman has distinct and different penal consequences. The penalty and the privations are not the same: I have always argued this with plaintiffs, and the result seems to me to be that very limited credit indeed is given to women on this circuit.

3. Credit is given in the belief and in the expectation of payment: the greater the security the more readily will credit be given. A man with good character will more easily obtain it than a drunkard, and for a greater amount. If the man himself and his wife are intelligent and instructed, the amount of credit they will ask for will be but small, and will be limited, if practicable, to less than the week's earnings. As the security is lessened the insurance for payment must increase. I do not think purchases on credit by workmen or their wives beneficial to them; nor do they themselves think so where they have acquired a knowledge of the benefit of savings banks, and have been trained in schools to have a good knowledge of the use of figures. Some remarked

marked that, at the great gatherings of friendly societies, at railway excursion expeditions, and at funerals, when large numbers attend, that the working men were exceedingly well dressed. The answer I received was, "They are ignorant, and they drink, the packmen clothe them, the county courts make them pay, or, on account of their love of drink, they would be in rags.

The question is a general one, and the real answer is, "Do as in the United States: establish schools, not as charity institutions, but as institutions where every poor man may have the right to have his child really well taught." They soon know the difference between a good and a bad school.

4. The warrant ought most certainly to be altered. The plaintiffs desire to have their money, and the defendants may be assumed to have no wish to be imprisoned. Every facility ought, therefore, to be given to encourage payment and to avoid both imprisonment and detention in prison. The barbarous law of the superior courts, of taking a man's body in execution for debt by possibly keeping the living body locked up for years or until death, at the public cost, is not the rule of the county courts. Imprisonments by order of the county courts are not executions for debt: that is, the debtor is not imprisoned in satisfaction of the debt, nor is the imprisonment satisfaction of the debt when the term of imprisonment ends. Misconduct, within expressed classes of misconduct, is one ground of committal; and non-payment, having ability to pay, is the other chief and largest cause of committal. After a judgment summons is taken out and served:—

1. Payment of any instalment before the hearing should be encouraged, by suspending upon the hearing any order of committal until an interval at least equal to that fixed for the payment of instalments.

2. Payment of instalments should be encouraged, and the acceptance of them encouraged, by permitting them to be made without interfering with the effect of the order for committal, if the warrant is applied for on account of the balance so reduced by payments after the order.

3. Payment of instalments and the acceptance of such payments should be encouraged, after the warrant is taken out, by authorizing it to remain valid for the balance after such payments.

4. And the discharge from gaol of the prisoner ought to be encouraged by a change in the form of the certificate of discharge (No. 57) which at present sets out "that the defendant has paid and satisfied the sum of money for the non-payment of which he was committed, together with all costs due and payable by him in respect thereof." It should be sufficient to say, that the plaintiff consents to his discharge.

It has frequently occurred that plaintiffs have expressed to me their willingness to abstain from putting warrants into force, if they could accept payments without its becoming inoperative. Why should care be taken to sustain the heavier charge when the plaintiff, who alone is interested in the debt, is willing that it should be diminished?

In the greater number of cases the payment of the debt in one sum by the defendant is an impossibility.

5. I have much satisfaction in describing the course that I pursue by setting forth a copy of a communication written and published three years ago.

From the House of Lords' Returns, No. 85, page 108.

Sir, *On Circuit, Glamorganshire*, 1856.

In compliance with the terms of the Address of the House of Lords, I respectfully forward a return of the warrants of committal taken out in the county court of Circuit 30 in the year 1855, with particulars of the debt, costs, &c., in each case.

The number of plaints, and the amount of money sued for in each district court in this circuit in the year 1855, were—

Courts.	Plaints.	Sued for.
		£.
Crickhowell - - -	214	679
Hay - - - - -	221	895
Builth - - - -	124	411
Rhayader - - - -	54	192
Brecon - - - -	324	2,145
Merthyr - - - -	5,507	12,266
Neath - - - - -	1,715	4,353
Swansea - - - -	2,450	6,156
Bridgend - - - -	376	1,566
Cardiff - - - -	2,178	8,343
TOTAL - - -	13,163	37,006

and of the above number of plaints, 243 were for amounts above 20*l.*

The number of defendants actually lodged in gaol in 1855 were—

Crickhowell - -	0	Rhayader - -	0
Hay - - -	1	Brecon - - -	1
Builth - - -	0	Merthyr - -	25
Neath - - -	5	Bridgend - -	1
Swansea - -	23	Cardiff - -	17

There are county gaols in the towns of Cardiff, Brecon, and Swansea, and to each of these gaols the committals are made. No committals directed to be made by the county court authorise the confinement of a debtor in the gaol of the Duke of Beaufort at Swansea, though debtors under the process of other courts are confined there.

The applications for a second committal of the same defendant are rare, and I have always refused to order such committals when it has appeared to me a sufficient time has not elapsed after a discharge from prison to have enabled the defendant, in the terms of the Act of Parliament, to have "the means and ability" to pay the debt due by him.

In general the mere order of committal has the effect of inducing the defendant to pay the debt, for care is taken that the ability of the party to pay shall be shown if the defendant or any party appears for him. In the absence of the defendant, it is not always practicable to ascertain the fact. The number of mere orders of committal in 1855 were—

Cardiff - - -	81	Swansea - -	72
Neath - - -	52	Merthr - -	220

Many of these orders were made on judgments entered against the defendants in some period before the year 1855.

The term of committal ordered by me is usually 18 days. When I first made orders of committal, in January 1852, they were in some cases [generally] for a shorter period, but the effect was to put plaintiffs to an useless expense. The usual form of making an order is to commit for 18 days, and to retain the warrant in the office for a term varying from a week to a month, to enable the defendant to pay or bring in an instalment or instalments, or the amount of the debt. If he complies with such an arrangement, the warrant remains unexecuted. This course of proceeding operates very beneficially, and plaintiffs readily assent to any arrangement that secures the payment of their debt. If, upon the hearing of a judgment summons, I come to the conclusion that the original order for payment was more urgent or pressing than the defendant could comply with, which is sometimes unavoidably the case, instead of committing the defendant, I vary the terms of the original order. Sickness, accident, and other causes beyond the

control of a defendant also make such an alteration of the original order sometimes necessary. It is very seldom that a plaintiff is not considerate and forbearing and an assenting party to an alteration of the original order, when the terms of it are shown to have been too pressing on the defendant. When in such cases the plaintiff hesitates to assent to the variation of the original order, it is generally explained to be on account of the amount of court fees the plaintiff has advanced.

In cases of misconduct I commit, as I am authorised to do, without any regard to the inability of the defendant to have paid the debt. For example, at the last Neath court I committed a defendant, without any inquiry respecting his means to pay, who being by trade a watchmaker, had dishonestly kept [pawned] a watch which had been delivered to him merely to repair. If he should be summoned in order to be committed a second time, I should then consider myself to be bound to make such an inquiry before I again committed him; and I should probably even then vary the original order for the immediate payment of the damages for which judgment was given against him, and direct payment to be made by instalments, according to his means of paying; he would then only be subject to committal on a third summons for non-payment of the instalments. There is no power given to the judge on the hearing of a judgment summons to make an order in the alternative of conditional payments or committal. Any power to make such an order on the original hearing of a cause would clearly be very objectionable; but certainly not so when the application distinctly is for the committal of the defendant, and the execution of the warrant is limited in time, and the ability to pay is proved.

(signed) I have, &c.
Thomas Falconer, Judge, C. C.

To the Right Hon. Sir G. Grey, Bart., M.P.
&c. &c.

Note.—I have added to the above copy the words in brackets, namely, "generally" and "pawned." The chief costs on committals are not now payable by the plaintiff.

6. There appears to have been no regular, in some of my districts, practice on entering both causes of committal. When there have been no cause for committal, it has been frequently entered "non-appearance" where "means and ability" to pay have been admitted, even by some person appearing for the defendant. The practice should be corrected.

7. I allow any person who represents the defendant to appear, except any person who may be a *paid* agent. Wives, neighbours, friends, and relatives, are all permitted to be heard. My wish is to obtain the best information respecting the defendant, without causing any expense to him which can possibly be avoided.

8. I should consider myself to be unfit to hold my office if I were guilty of so awful an act of misconduct as proceeding with the case in the absence of the parties, or any person to represent the plaintiff.

9. I almost constantly suspend the issue of the warrant, as I have already very fully explained.

10. I have never, I think, committed for 40 days; in some cases of fraud I have committed for 36, but they have been very rare. When I have reason to believe the party can pay, or could have paid the instalments, I commit for 18 days, or 16 days. In the case of women I have rarely exceeded 10 days. When I have, in the case of women, exceeded it, they have either concealed, or made away with, or disposed of property.

11. I do; but not until an interval of time has elapsed, two or three months after the first committal, and when I believe the defendant can pay the instalments. There were four second committals for the same debt made by me in 1855 (*see* Return to the House of Lords, 1856), one was after an interval of 441 days, the second, 58 days, and the third and fourth, after an interval of two months. I made no third committal.

12. I am compelled to depend on the representations of the plaintiff. If the party lives within an accessible distance, I permit the summons to issue out of the district without hesitation. Where he lives at a great distance, I ask what knowledge the plaintiff has obtained respecting the defendant, and very often the letters of the defendant are shown. The object of the clause was to meet such a case as this: Judgment was had for many pounds (I forget the exact particulars) at Doncaster; the defendant removed into the Gower district of Glamorganshire, and he had the means of payment. I directed his committal, and the plaintiff asked for his costs in coming from Doncaster in Yorkshire. I allowed his costs, and they were afterwards paid, together with the debt. I dislike the unqualified and discretionary power we have, there being no possibility of hearing more than one side.

13. To the next question, therefore, I say "yes" with the loudest cry. A case was reported to me some time since of a pauper woman in gaol at Cardiff for 40 days. I was confident I had not committed her, and it appeared to have been under the order of a foreign court. If Mr. Langley, the registrar, had had the power to interfere and to have reported the case to me before effect had been given to the warrant, the woman would not have been in gaol. When the warrant of committal is received, there should be a power to the judge of the district where the defendant is arrested to vary and alter the order. Some few exceptional cases may occur in which the original order might be quite proper, and a complaint might be made that it was not enforced, but those might be reached by allowing the plaintiff to send an affidavit with the warrant, on the faith of which affidavit the defendant might be examined.

14. The loan societies must be very watchful of their own money in Glamorganshire, for I have no recollection of any case before me enabling me to give any answer to this question. They have kept their affairs very completely out of my sight, though I hear frequent allusions "to money clubs," which allow anticipations, by lot, at fixed intervals of time, of proportions of sums payable to each of the members within a given period of time.

15. Workmen desire to meet one another in company in an evening in the same manner as other men in this world. A room and a fire are provided for them where beer is sold, and it might be a good thing, and an economical arrangement, if in every country parish there was a good room and a good fire provided for them to meet in where beer is not sold. If they go where beer is sold and drink it, I cannot perceive a sufficient reason why they should not pay their neighbour for what they have drank of his beer. The beer-house keepers are generally a poor class, and cannot afford to allow the score to run up to an excessive amount. I could wish there were no beer debts, but the brewing interest is so powerful, and is connected with so many votes of householders, that I may leave this question to the decision of the House of Commons, without the expression of my own opinion. If such debts are interfered with, I think it would be more just to make the limit 9 or 12 months, rather than one month. I think a beershop a better place for a working man to meet his companions in than a spirit shop. Some place of meeting they inevitably will have.

16. Packmen

16. Packmen are opposed to shopmen, and I presume they have no votes as householders. They have not flourished in the Rhayader, Hay, Builth, or Brecon districts, nor at Cardiff, or the town of Bridgend. The dealings of the working classes in Swansea and Cardiff seem to be chiefly at the shops; in the hill districts it is with the travelling drapers and tea dealers. The hill districts include Neath, Maesty to the north of Bridgend, Aberdare, Merthyr, and Pontypridd, and a small portion of the district of Crickhowell. In these districts credit is given year after year, and apparently without any diminution in amount. The profits must be considerable, for such credit could not be given, necessarily anticipating frequently long delays in payment, without an excess in the usual profit at which the goods supplied are sold. For goods supplied to the wives the debt is not more generally than 30*s*. A suit of clothes and other articles to the husband will amount to about 4*l*. The smaller the debt the nearer it approaches to a cash payment.

My difficulty arises where the dealings have been with six, or even ten different drapers, and they all put the same defendant into court. As long as there is only one packman there is no trouble. It has been suggested that debts under 40*s*. shall not be recoverable. 40*s*. can be paid by instalments in a reasonable time. Why should not the 40 *s*. be sued for? It is the competition of the packmen and the frequent fraud of the wives that cause the mischief. The cases in which the husbands are ignorant of the dealings do not seem to be frequent. I was asked by some defendants in what manner the dealings could be prevented in the absence of the husbands, and I had printed some hundreds of the following notices:—

FAMILY PROTECTION.

Notice.

The occupier of this house forbids any traveller or hawker to sell anything at the door of this house, or in this house, or in any neighbour's house, on his credit, when he himself is not present.

*Name*_____

*Date*_____

[To be pasted on the door, or it may be given when goods are pressed for sale, against the will of any of the family who is asked to buy.]

I have not been able to ascertain if a single working man has attempted to use the notice by getting any friend to deliver it to a single hawker, or by using it in the way mentioned on the face of it.

The difficulty to be dealt with is when the debts of the working man have reached such an amount that he is in a state of insolvency, and cannot pay his debts within a reasonable time. During the strike of the colliers in November, 1857, at Aberdare and Pontypridd, grocers allowed them to get into debt to the amount, in numerous cases, of from 15*l*. to 20*l*. The instalments, when the debtors were sued, which plaintiffs assented to accept were very moderate, extending over a very long period of time. It appears to me, however, that when payments cannot end in two years or 18 months, there should be a sort of petty insolvency jurisdiction, stopping the payment of instalments at the end of that time, or within a much shorter time.

It is the heavy and large debts that need to be checked, not those which are payable in a moderate space of time out of an assumed or actual moderate amount of wages, and which approach cash payments.

Again, under the 19 & 20 Vict. c. 108, warrants of commitment may be taken out within one year from the date of the order of commitment. The result many times is an accumulation of orders of commitment against the same defendant. This constantly occurs without my being able to ascertain the fact. The remedy for this is not by diminishing the duration of the order and forcing on committals, but by encouraging payment in the manner I have mentioned in the reply to the fourth question, and—but this should be considered—lumping the whole debts, and discharging the amount which it is evident a defendant cannot pay within months; within how many months deserves consideration. It should not be an excessive number, on the contrary, within a moderate number of months.

I cannot conclude without expressing my sense of the great value and usefulness of the county courts returns, which have for many successive years been moved for by Mr. Fitzroy. I exceedingly regret to hear that the whole of the particulars they contained have not been required in the returns asked for by the Home Office for the year 1858. They afforded an exposition of the operations of the courts, which has every year been in the highest degree instructive to all persons interested in them, and that instruction has been of great public use.

And, lastly, complaints prevail of the number of writs issued out of the superior courts for exceedingly small debts. The publication of the number of such writs for sums under 20*l*. is very desirable, and also the number of executions issued by the sheriffs of different counties for debts under 20*l*.

CIRCUIT 31.—JUDGE, J. JOHNES, ESQ.

Places at which the Judge sits.

ABERAYRON.	LAMPETER.	NARBERTH.
CARDIGAN.	LLANDEILOFAWR.	NEATH.
CARMARTHEN.	LLANDOVERY.	NEWCASTLE-IN-EMLYN.
HAVERFORDWEST.	LLANELLY.	PEMBROKE.

1. IT is, in my opinion, desirable that the judge should satisfy himself by evidence that the debtor had rendered himself liable to imprisonment under sect. 99, 9 & 10 Vict. c. 95, for some other cause than mere non-appearance, at least when summoned under that section for the first time. It may be questionable whether it would not be prudent to continue to the judge the power of committal for non-appearance only, where the debtor obstinately neglects to appear when summoned

moned a second time (no order having resulted from the first summons) for the non-payment of the same debt or instalment.

2. It seems to me that, if the power of imprisonment be taken away, the chief object (the recovery of small debts) for which the county courts, as now existing, were established, would be frustrated.

It is notorious that a large proportion of the plaints, entered in those courts are for the recovery of debts incurred by mechanics and labourers employed upon various works throughout the country; these persons are frequently but lodgers, and consequently destitute of any goods upon which a levy might be made to satisfy the debt of the creditor; unless, therefore, the debtor were liable to imprisonment for non-payment under the 99th section of 9 & 10 Vict. c. 95, he might, although in receipt of wages fully sufficient to pay his debt, set his creditor at defiance, and squander on drink, or permit his wife to waste in extravagance, the means which he should justly apply towards the liquidation of his debt. In such instances any legislative enactment, authorising a court to pronounce judgment without adding to that authority the power of enforcing it when the debtor has the means of paying, presents to the creditor but a deceptive shadow of justice, and tends but to bring the court itself into contempt. Some means might, perhaps, be devised whereby a portion of the wages might be attached monthly in the hands of the employer, and thus often obviate the necessity of committal; but this, in many instances, might only induce the defendant to seek employment elsewhere.

3. There can be little doubt that there are articles, which it is absolutely necessary that the working population should possess, which are of such a price as that they are unable wholly to pay for them when purchased; an arrangement is, therefore, frequently entered into between the purchaser and the seller, whereby the former engages to pay for such articles by weekly or monthly instalments; such a system is of great convenience to the industrious and honest class of the working population. It appears to me that if the facility of obtaining payment by means of imprisonment be decreased, the risk of the seller must be proportionally increased; he would, therefore, place a higher value upon his goods in order to indemnify himself for the greater risk, and consequently the terms upon which credit would be obtained would be less favourable; nor should it be overlooked that the class of persons who become liable to imprisonment under the section referred to is, for the most part, a portion of the reckless, extravagant, and, too often, dissipated, section of the community, the result of whose conduct should scarcely lead the Legislature to inconvenience the honest and prudent class by any enactment which would tend to increase the price of the goods they must purchase, by rendering the risk of the seller greater; such a course would but sacrifice the convenience and interest of the industrious, prudent, and honest to the recklessness, improvidence, and too often, dishonesty of the extravagant and dissipated.

4. I think that it would be advisable that the rules 123 and 124, or the effect of them, should be inserted as a note to the warrant of commitment.

5. I do not consider that I am bound to commit the debtor to prison if he does not appear, nor has any debtor, although not appearing in any of the courts over which I preside, been committed, unless upon evidence which induced me to conclude that he had had the means of paying the debt or instalment and had neglected to do so.

6. When the debtor does not appear, the warrant states his non-appearance as the cause of his committal as being a sufficient statutory justification.

7. I do allow the judment debtor, whether absent or present, to offer a defence by any member of his family or by advocate.

8. No. I direct the case to be struck out or dismissed.

9. No; but I frequently suggest to the plaintiff that he should not put the warrant in immediate force, and I believe the suggestion is generally attended to.

10. The period for which a defendant should be committed must so much depend upon the circumstances of each case that no rule can well be laid down.

11. Yes; if I should be satisfied that the defendant has the means of paying the debt, and refuses or neglects to do so.

12. A declaration is made by the plaintiff or his agent, being cognizant of the facts, to the effect that it would be cheaper and more convenient to summon the defendant to appear in the court out of which the judgment issued.

13. I think it would be desirable, as should the plaintiff accept the proposal the appearance of the defendant would be unnecessary; but care should be taken that this contract between the parties, after judgment, should either be made to operate as an altered order of the court, or that the court should be authorised to alter the previous order in accordance with the affidavit and proposal, or at least that the contract between the plaintiff and defendant should not operate so as to invalidate the original order of the court, should the defendant neglect to fulfil his engagement.

14. I can give no opinion on this point. I am not aware of any plaint entered on this circuit for money lent by a loan society.

15. It appears to me that it would have a good effect, but it would be better to make the provisions of the Tippling Act, with a little alteration, apply to beer as well as spirits. It is a rule with me never to allow a plaintiff his costs when he recovers a debt for beer drank at his public-house.

16. It would be advisable to discourage the giving of long credit, not by decreasing the facility of speedily recovering the debt due, but by limiting the time within which the plaintiff should be entitled to recover (say six months) after the debt or instalment has become due; for I much suspect that when the instalments which the purchaser engages to pay accumulate, the seller forces additional goods on his debtor, probably at his own price, as a consideration for his forbearance to sue; such a limitation of action would, in a great measure, prevent this, and would also induce the creditor to require payment before the debt had increased so as to press too heavily upon the debtor; nor would such a plan operate to the injury of the prudent and honest, by increasing the risk of the seller, and so raising the price of his goods.

Circuit 32.—Judge, T. J. BIRCH, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Aylsham.	Holt.	Norwich.
Downham Market.	King's Lynn.	Swaffham.
East Dereham.	Little Walsingham.	Wymondham.
Great Yarmouth.	North Walsham.	

1. I am very strongly of opinion that the law should not be altered so that "the judgment creditor" should not be liable to be committed for not appearing.

The judge may, and I very generally do, require a *primâ facie* case of *ability* from the creditor or his agent or witnesses, or of the other causes mentioned.

I almost always also allow the warrant of commitment to be suspended for 10, 20, or 30 days, or longer, and direct the order of commitment to be served by post or otherwise, generally over the next court, with an intimation that payment of a considerable portion of the arrears will be taken into consideration at the next court, if there are not means to pay the whole, and recommend the creditor not to press too hard, or he may destroy his own means of recovering his debt. My recommendation is *almost* always attended to. Comparatively few go to prison or stay there, and the creditor gets his money.

I have at each court my note-books from the beginning. I never made an order without inquiring into the means of paying after special notes, such as "doubtful ability," "plenty of means," &c., &c.; and by referring I generally remember the case.

2. I am of opinion that the modification is not necessary.

The power of imprisonment now exists as a means of compelling payment out of future earnings.

I am also of opinion that without such a power it would be quite useless to continue the county court judges, as the exceptional cases in which the debtor has goods which would satisfy an execution might be tried without inconvenience by the judges of assize, to the benefit of counsel and attorneys.

3. I think that the working classes would NOT obtain credit on such favourable terms in all the districts in which I preside, with the exception of Norwich *City*.

The city of Norwich gives employment to a very large but very variable number of men, women, and children, as silk and fine woollen weavers, and shoemakers. It is not under the ordinary operation of the poor laws; but relief is administered in a most extraordinary manner by a *court* of guardians, out-door relief being given to the amount of 4*s.* or 5*s.* per week, sometimes in cases when a man's wife and child are earning from 14*s.* to 30*s.* per week (this I have on oath frequently). If the power of imprisonment were taken away, this class of *debtors* would suffer severely.

4. I have not the form of warrant with me, but I think the warrant should clearly show the part in the query between brackets, but that the remainder of the debt is still dischargeable according to the original judgment.

5. I do not. I first inquire as to the service of the order, and whether any cause is alleged, by letter or otherwise, for his non-appearance. I then inquire what is his position (not on oath), if the creditor is prepared with evidence to show ability, fraud in contracting, &c.; I hear it on oath, and commit for those causes, if I am satisfied with the evidence; if no proof is given on either side I commit, but almost always suspend the warrant. If the debtor has said or sworn, "He won't pay a farthing, and don't care a damn for the judge," &c. &c. (I give this as an approved form of refusal), I take it for granted that he means to adhere to his refusal, and commit.

6. I do not examine the warrants, but I make an order, which is taken down by the registrar, and appears also in my own note-book "for non-appearance," "for fraud," "false pretences," &c. &c., and I presume that the warrants are in conformity; the registrar almost always asking, "For what cause?"

7. I do not allow the debtor to appear by agent, except to explain the reasons of his absence, such as illness, detention in prison on a criminal charge, &c. &c.

The chief object of insisting on the personal appearance of the debtor is, that he should be examined on oath touching his means of payment, his means of paying at the time of contracting the debt. If he is allowed to send his wife or a friend, who knows nothing or will swear he knows nothing of the debtor's means, there will be *no power* of compelling payment.

8. I do not commit. I presume that the creditor and debtor have arranged matters.

9. I *almost* invariably do so; but in cases when the creditor supposes that the debtor is going to abscond, I leave it to the creditor to enforce the warrant or not, according to his own view of his own interest, thousand times a year reminding the creditors that it is better not to kill the goose which lays the golden eggs, and I am bound to observe that either on the orginal hearings, or hearings on summonses after judgment, creditors are *most* wonderfully forbearing. Greedy creditors I see, fraudulent creditors I see and I defeat, oppressive creditors I hardly ever see; when I do see them, I make a note, and in my books, extending over 12½ years, I feel quite sure that there are not five such notes.

10. When a debtor is committed for non-appearance it is usually for 30 days; when for fraud or non-payment (having the means), for 40 days.

11. I commit a second, and a third, and a twentieth time, or should do so, and on committing remind the debtor that he is only increasing the amount of his debt, and that I will recommit him as often as may be necessary.

12. I inquire whether means have been taken to obtain payment by execution against the goods

goods; then as to the position of the debtor, as far as the creditor can obtain information; then as to fraud, false pretences, &c. If it appears that the debtor has no goods, but is in a position to pay, I allow the summons to issue.

13. I think it very desirable; but if the creditor is not satisfied with the offer or promise, he should be allowed to re-summon the debtor peremptorily.

14. I have no sufficient means of judging whether the lending has increased injuriously to the interests of society. It has undoubtedly increased, and the loan societies are now beginning to sue the sureties. I am *very decidedly* of opinion that the evil will cure itself. I have had considerable facilities in observing the working of loan societies in Ireland, and think them, if properly supervised by a competent manager, to be productive of very great good.

15. I am very decidedly of that opinion, that is to say, for beer drunk on the premises or sent out in quantities less than five gallons at a time. Not so for beer supplied by the cask or half-cask to families.

16. I consider that such credit should be discouraged. How? I disallow in packmen's bills everything that is not really a necessary for the husband, *wife* (who is almost always the buyer), or quite young children. I disallow all *items* guaranteed by the mother for girls or boys over 15 years old, *even* necessaries. I disallow all articles which are proved to my satisfaction to have been *forced* upon the defendant or his wife, accompanied by "I won't trouble you about the payment," or, "You shall pay when you are able," &c. The packmen, like all other classes, are good and bad; I do not think that the legislature would do any good by interfering, provided that the attention of the county court judges were directed (by circular, if necessary,) to the means of keeping the packmen within bounds.

Circuit 33.—Judge, J. WORLLEDGE, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Attleborough.	Halesworth.	Mildenhall.
Beccles and Bungay.	Harleston.	Stowmarket.
Bury St. Edmunds.	Ipswich.	Thetford.
Eye and Diss.	Lowestoft.	Woodbridge.
Framlingham.		

[Member of the Committee to which the answers are addressed.]

Circuit 34.—Judge, EDWARD COOKE, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Ampthill.	Northampton.	Stamford.
Bourn.	Oundle.	Thrapstone.
Holbeach.	Peterborough.	Towcester.
Kettering.	Spalding.	Wellingborough.
Newport Pagnell.		

[Member of the Committee to which the questions were addressed.]

Circuit 35.—Judge, JOHN COLLYER, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Bedford.	Hitchin.	Saffron Walden.
Biggleswade.	Huntingdon.	St. Neot's.
Cambridge.	March.	Soham.
Ely.	Newmarket.	Wisbeach.
Haverhill.	Royston.	

1. I cannot say I think the proposed alteration desirable.

The effect of it would be, that a defendant who did not appear to a judgment summons would be in a better situation than one who did, as in the former case the *onus probandi* would lie on the plaintiff, and in the latter (except, perhaps, in the case of fraud) on the defendant. I do not see the legal propriety or the justice of compelling a creditor in any case to prove that his debtor had the means and ability to pay. The judge has *now* the power of examining any witnesses in opposition to the statement of the creditor, and he rarely, I believe, finds the creditor adverse to a compromise or arrangement, if circumstances require it. But if neither the defendant nor any witnesses appear against the plaintiff, why should not the plaintiff prevail? In the great majority of cases the non-attendance of the defendant does not arise from any ignorance of consequences or any sense of injustice, but because it does not answer his purpose to waste his time in attendance when he knows perfectly well that the debt is a just debt. He frequently, I may perhaps say generally, sends his wife; and if she pays any instalment, however small, the case is usually settled without sending the defendant to prison.

I think

I think the proposed alteration would lead to great contumacy on the part of debtors, and to perjury on the part of creditors.

2. I think, if the county courts are to be efficacious, the judge should have the power of imprisonment. If the judge's power is to be modified, I regret it; especially as I am not aware that it has been knowingly abused. The public also, at a future time, will regret it.

3. Certainly they would not.

4. There would be no objection to this.

5. I consider that if a judgment debtor does not appear to a judgment summons by himself or his *agent*, and no explanation is given as to his non-attendance, and the creditor desires his committal, I am bound to commit him to prison; at least I see no reasonable alternative. That non-appearance to a judgment summons is a *substantive* ground of committal is clear enough from the stat. 9 & 10 Vict. c. 95, but the point was decided by the Court of Queen's Bench in Davies *v.* Fletcher, 2 Ell. & Bl. 271. Under the existing law, therefore, the judge is not warranted, in the absence of a defendant on a judgment summons, in putting the plaintiff to prove fraud on the part of the debtor or other matters mentioned in section 99 of stat. 9 & 10 Vict. c. 98. I therefore make no inquiry on those points; and, for the reasons already stated, I think it would be highly inexpedient that the judge should be obliged to make such inquiries.

6.

7. I always allow the judgment debtor to appear by agent. In some cases, where he has neither appeared himself nor instructed an agent to appear for him, and the creditor has been willing to give him further time, I have ordered an appearance to be entered for him.

8. No; the case is struck out.

9: No; I give no *directions* on the subject; but I recommend the bailiff to delay service of the summons for a short time. If, however, I find the creditor hostile, and I think the defendant should have further time, though not entitled to have the summons dismissed, I *adjourn* the judgment summons.

10. In cases of fraud I commit for 40 days. In other cases, I generally commit for 30 days, except when the amount due on the judgment does not exceed 1*l.*; in those cases I commit for 10 days only. I never commit a defendant who is in receipt of parish relief.

11. Frequently; but if the fresh default is of recent date, I generally, if the defendant appears, effect a postponement of the second or subsequent committal.

12. I inquire whether the prison of the district in which the defendant resides is the same prison as that used by the court ordering the committal, *see* stat. 12 & 13 Vict. c. 101, s. 1, and stat. 19 & 20 Vict. c. 108, form 3. If the answer be in the affirmative, I give the leave; otherwise, not.

13. If it be correct in law (which I doubt) that a judge may commit a defendant residing in any district, I think the proposed regulation would be desirable.

14. I am not aware of any loan society on my circuit, but there are individual money lenders who lend money at an exorbitant rate of interest, and it may be expedient to revive the usury laws as regards loans under 5*l.*

15. I doubt whether this would be a desirable provision. Subject to the general observations which I shall take the liberty of making below, I think it would be better to pass some enactment on the subject similar to that of the Tippling Act. I have not, however, any strong opinion on the point.

16. I very much doubt whether any such credit should be discouraged by legislation. My opinion is that, as a general rule, the charges that have been brought against drapers, packmen, and others (and I have had great experience in cases of this nature), are very greatly exaggerated, and, in very many cases, wholly devoid of truth.

It always seems to be matter of regret that legislative enactments should be passed for restraint of trade, even for the protection of those who may be supposed to be unable to protect themselves. In some instances, however, necessity requires a deviation from the general rule. In the case of the usurer lending money at an exorbitant rate of interest to persons in abject poverty, such a course may be justifiable. So also in the case of the publican who, after enticing his customer to drink to excess, lends him money. But these are exceptional cases, in which it is not difficult to show gross corruption in the creditor, resulting in a species of fraud upon the debtor; though even in these cases general legislation of a certain description would be preferable to this special mode of meeting the difficulty. But I apprehend that we are not authorised to place the case of travelling drapers, packmen, &c., in the same category with the first-mentioned cases without much stronger evidence of the misconduct of those persons than has yet been adduced. A great outcry has been raised against this class of persons in some parts of my circuit, particularly Bedfordshire; but as far as I can make out it rests on no just or solid foundation, but on a certain morbid sympathy with and belief in a class of female defendants, of whom I will say no more at present than that in many instances, by their own account of themselves in open court, they are wholly undeserving of credit. I do not say that the conduct of the tradesmen in question might not be very properly made the subject of inquiry; but that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, and as regards my own districts, no evidence has yet been brought forward which would render it just or expedient to pass restrictive measures against them.

Circuit 36.—Judge, J. B. PARRY, Esq., Q. C.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Abingdon.	Chipping Norton.	Thame.
Banbury.	Farringdon.	Wantage.
Bicester.	Oxford.	Witney.
Brackley.	Shipston.	Woodstock.
Buckingham.	Stow.	

1. I think it desirable that the law should be such as here proposed, but according to the practice on my circuit it is such already, as I never commit a defaulting defendant without making such inquiries.

2. I am; and without the system of imprisonment creditors would have no remedy except by execution against the debtor's goods, which would be productive of great hardship and cruelty to the wives and families of the labouring classes, particularly of those men who, having good wages, spend a large portion of them in public houses; with a view to guard against such hardships, it is my general rule not to allow a *fi. fa.* to issue without my special leave, in cases where the debt is ordered to be paid by instalments not exceeding 6*s.* a month.

3. Certainly not.

4. I think so.

5. I consider that I am in no case *bound* to commit, and my practice is to make inquiry, and never to commit as for *contempt*, but only when I cannot escape from the conclusion that the defendant might pay if he would. In dealing with this question, numerous cases of most painful difficulty occur, for which I can see no legal remedy. I allude to instances where the defendant is in constant work, at wages of about 10*s.* a week, and has been ordered to pay 2*s.* a month, and he pleads inability, having a family of small children.

6. I believe it invariably does; and when the registrar appeals to me on the question, I tell him to assign default of appearance as the reason; the defendant not having been heard in his own defence.

7. I generally allow the person who at the hearing of the cause obtained the judgment (whether plaintiff himself or his attorney or agent) to appear on the hearing of the judgment summons, and I see no objection to that practice, where the judge never commits for default of appearance only, and is the more stringent in his inquiries when the plaintiff is represented by an agent.

8. No; the case is presumed to be settled out of court, and is struck out.

9. Yes; with the consent of the plaintiff (that is), in the shape of his undertaking not to issue the warrant if the defendant make certain payments. This I do generally, even in cases where the defendant does not appear, and I direct the defendant to be informed of the time allowed to be given him by the plaintiff.

10. My general rule is to commit for 28 days; the object being to induce the defendant to pay according to his ability, instead of yielding to his bad feelings and undergoing imprisonment, as he might be led to do if the period of imprisonment were shorter.

11. Not unless I am satisfied that the defendant has, *since* the expiration of his former imprisonment, acquired or had the means of payment; and when a defendant is brought before me for a second commitment, I generally vary the original order by reducing the amount of the instalments, with the view of making them within his admitted means, and thereby inducing him to pay in future.

12. I inquire as to the present position of the defendant, with a view to ascertain that he has had the means of paying out of his personal earnings, and that the plaintiff would not be likely to recover under a *fi. fa.*

13. If such an affidavit were allowed to stand as a defence or answer to the application for commitment, it would be liable to great abuse and perjury, to guard against which it would seem advisable it should be accompanied by a verified certificate from the clergyman of the parish, or some other respectable person, stating his personal knowledge of the defendant, and his belief as to his means of payment, &c.

14. I have formed no opinion on this subject, there being few, if any, loan societies in my circuit.

15. I think not; such a restriction would be likely to multiply the issue of plaints for trifling amounts.

16. I consider it is advisable to discourage the system, and the judges may do so in dealing with the question of costs to a certain extent, but it might be further checked by an enactment that the labouring classes (husbands) should not be liable for such articles left at their houses or delivered to their wives in their absence, or at least unless strictly within the description of necessaries.

Circuit 37.—Judge, J. HERBERT KOE, Esq., Q. C.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Aylesbury.	High Wycombe.	Uxbridge.
Barnet.	Leighton Buzzard.	Wallingford.
Chesham.	Luton.	Watford.
Henley-on-Thames.	St. Albans.	Windsor.

[Member of the Committee to which the answers are addressed.]

CIRCUIT 38.—JUDGE, WILLIAM GURDON, ESQ.

Places at which the Judge sits:

BISHOP STORTFORD.	EDMONTON.	MALDON.
BRAINTREE.	HADLEIGH.	ROCHFORD.
BRENTWOOD.	HALSTEAD.	ROMFORD.
CHELMSFORD.	HARWICH.	SUDBURY.
COLCHESTER.	HERTFORD.	WALTHAM.
DUNMOW.		

1. No. If imprisonment as a means of inducing debtors to pay is to exist at all, it is, I think, no more than reasonable that when the defendant has failed to obey the order of the court, he should attend when summoned, or should show a sufficient excuse for not attending, as that he is unable through illness to do so, or failing to do either should be *liable* to be committed. It is for the defendant to prove his excuse for not paying, and not for the plaintiff to prove that he has none.

2. The proposed alteration would probably ensure the defendant's non-attendance where his attendance would lead to disclosures favourable to the plaintiff; it would therefore in many instances shut out the very evidence the court is desirous to obtain, and which may not lie within the knowledge of the plaintiff, viz., the removal of goods, the possession of an annuity, or of a pension, or of other property, or the more usual one, the amount of the defendant's earnings.

I would observe also that it would be incorrect to assume (as appears to be done by the second query) that the power of imprisonment either does or should exist *exclusively* as a means of compelling persons who have obtained credit to pay out of future earnings. If the meaning be, "Should future earnings be liable for the present debts?" I answer, unquestionably; more particularly when the credit is obtained on the faith of them; to what extent, may be a very proper question for the Legislature. *See* observations at the end.

3. I am very decidedly of opinion they would not; but I am also of opinion that as to those debts at least which were contracted under the expectation that such a power would exist, such an alteration of the law would be most unjust, and would probably entail ruin on the greater portion of the country shopkeepers.

4. It is very desirable that with the power of imprisonment should co-exist the widest discretion in the judge to modify it, or make it subject to any condition for payment that he may think proper, without the warrant being open to objection on that account. The form of the warrant should be such as to inform the defendant of the exact nature and effect of the order.

5. As to the first, Yes; I consider the case is made out for his committal, if no sufficient cause is shown for his not attending. As to the 2nd, No; because his non-attendance without a sufficient excuse is, by the 99th section of 9 & 10 Vict., made a distinct ground of committal. When, however, there is reason to believe that the defendant will pay, if a little time be given, I make the order, but suspend its issue for a certain time.

6. In ordering a defendant to be imprisoned I state the ground publicly in the open court, and the warrant is the echo of that order.

7. I consider, as I have already stated, that the defendant not attending, and not alleging a sufficient excuse, is *liable* to be committed; and I do not recommend any alteration of the law in this respect. The judge is bound nevertheless to hear any witness on his behalf, or he might shut out the proof of his inability to attend.

8. I do not understand how a cause is to proceed in the absence of *both* parties, as there is no one to put it in motion. The court can take no step of its own accord; the hearing is a separate *step* in the cause; many defendants on being served with the summons pay, and no further step is required.

9. In some cases I suspend the issue of the warrants, as I have before stated. In others, I leave the defendants in the hands of the plaintiff. In others, I do the same; but suggest such terms as I think would be reasonable for the delay of the warrant.

10. No more than this, the shortest term which I consider, under all the circumstances, is likely to insure payment if the defendant is able.

11. Yes, but not for the same cause; that is, not for one and *the same* fraud in contracting the debt or *the same* removal of his goods; but if committed in 1857 for not paying, having ability to do so, I consider he is liable to be committed on a similar ground, where there is a *future ability* to pay.

12. I seldom grant leave in these cases, unless the defendant has run away from the plaintiff *after the judgment obtained*, and not until inquiry also as to the defendant's occupation and probable means of attending the court. When the distance is trifling, there is of course no objection. On the whole, I think it had better be left as it is, trusting to the judges to deal with it discreetly.

13. According to my experience, I should say no, as I have very little of these loan societies now to what I did in 1847, when I took great pains to point out their evil tendency.

14. This and the two following queries appear to have the same aim, to make people prudent and moral by Act of Parliament; as unsound in theory as delusive in practice.

15. Why should not the seller of beer enjoy as a citizen as good a remedy for the recovery of his debt as the seller of wine, or the travelling vendor of tea or drapery, as the grocer or draper who sells in his shop.

16. When the consideration for the debt fails, as for immorality (serving beer to a drunken man), or for want of proof of agency (as where the wife has goods without the husband's authority), in such cases the seller is very properly deprived of his remedy; but debts honestly contracted should be honestly paid, be the conduct of the purchaser ever so imprudent. For these

reasons I do not advise any special legislative interference in these instances.

I cannot conclude the answers to these queries without drawing the attention of the Committee to the disadvantage under which the poorer classes, who depend upon their weekly earnings, labour in respect to the insolvent laws. In practice they are excluded from ever taking the benefit of those Acts. The consequence is that the system of credit, in the hope of payment from future earnings, receives no check. A large portion of the labouring classes are hopelessly insolvent; their homes are destitute of the smallest comforts, and the threat of the gaol has little or no terror, because it entails no sacrifice. This is the class that fills our prisons with county court debtors, who, seeing no prospect of bettering their conditions, contract debts without caring how or when they are to be paid. This is the root of the evil; if denied credit at the shop, they would inevitably have to fall back on the union.

The system of credit is, no doubt, often carried to a mischievous extent; and in exercising the discretion allowed to me, I feel it my duty to do all in my power to discourage it, as by reducing the instalments very low, or refusing the costs of witnesses, or limiting them to a very small amount.

The practice, which I am informed prevails in some districts, of allowing the full scale to all witnesses seems open to very grave objection; a labourer's wife, who keeps a village shop, thus getting in many cases more than the amount of her debt for her attendance to prove it.

Circuit 39.—Judge, Mr. SERJEANT MANNING.

Place at which the Judge sits:

Whitechapel.

[Chairman of Committee to which the Answers are addressed.]

Circuit 40.—Judge, Mr. SERJEANT STORKS.

Places at which the Judge sits:

Bow. | Shoreditch.

No Answers received.

Circuit 41.—Judge, Mr. SERJEANT JONES.

Place at which the Judge sits:

Clerkenwell.

1. I am clearly of opinion that no legislation is necessary. My experience convinces me that 99 out of every 100 defendants who do not appear, absent themselves contumaciously; they are almost always the idle, the drunken, or the dishonest, or those who set all law at defiance. If the defendants attend at the trial, the orders made (except in cases of fraud) have invariably reference to their ability to pay, most frequently framed upon their own suggestions, in accordance with their own wishes. If they do not attend, the court endeavours to adapt them to their circumstances, and always exercises a cautious control over those plaintiffs who evince any tendency to be otherwise than indulgent, liberality and kindness being the predominant characteristic of plaintiffs, and harshness a rare exception. This preliminary inquiry as to the defendant's means having thus taken place, and personal service being essential to the court's jurisdiction in cases of judgment summonses, the non-appearance of the defendant, in person or by deputy, affords strong evidence of contempt. Although an order of committal be made, as payment of his debt is the plaintiff's object, there is little chance of his paying for a warrant unless he has good reason for believing that the disobedience has arisen from want of inclination not of means; the strongest proof of this is the length of time, often for years, they wait for an improvement in their debtor's circumstances before they take out a judgment summons, and the further fact that, although they may obtain an order for committal, they frequently allow months to elapse before they put it in force, and very rarely do so promptly.

Independently, however, of these and other considerations, which those who have had practical experience know could be urged, I do not hesitate to add that, having regard as well to the number (about half a million) of cases in which judgments are obtained annually in the county courts (of which there are some 500) throughout England and Wales, as also to the number of unsatisfied judgments of previous years, and considering the class of society to which the majority of defendants belong, I am of opinion the number of committals mentioned in this question is moderate rather than excessive, and affords no justification for the present outcry, or for any interference with the existing law.

2. I think the bitterest foe to the county courts could not devise a more fatal blow to their success than the repeal of the power of imprisonment. Certain popularity hunters of the present day indulge in much maudlin sentimentality upon the subject of imprisonment by the county court judges,

judges, but I have met with nothing which has in the least degree shaken my opinion, and I have observed in all that is urged in favour of abolition some latent fallacy well calculated to enlist the sympathy of the ignorant or unthinking, and to justify the activity of interested opponents to the system. Ex. Gr.—One advocate assumes the defendants to be all honest; another, all poor; a third, that they are all unfortunate; a fourth, that they are hard working victims of oppression; whilst others represent the law as tyrannical and the judges unduly severe; but no one ever suggests that there are among these objects of public sympathy defendants who can, but will not pay, who, to use the declaration of one in my court last week, "Would rot in prison rather than let the plaintiff get a penny of his;" that many are proved to have money enough to spend every evening in public-houses, while their wives are left to obtain the necessaries of life on credit at the chandler's and the tally shop. No allusion is ever made to those who, after getting deeply into debt in one neighbourhood, move away in the night and pursue a similar course in another and another district; sometimes going by one name, sometimes by another, until accidentally discovered, and then a judgment summons is, with great difficulty, served; or that, on the day of hearing, the wretched wife, or some one else, is put forward to excuse his non-appearance, by swearing that he is confined to his bed by illness, although immediately contradicted on oath by evidence which cannot be doubted! Nor is there any reference to the numerous cases where judgment is at once followed by a petition to, and a discharge by, the insolvent court, the defendant's property protected by a bill of sale, a transfer to a relative, or collusion with a landlord as dishonest as himself. These, and an endless variety of subterfuges which form the foundation of the judgment summonses and the subsequent committals, are carefully concealed by those whose sympathies for defendants leads them to do injustice to the plaintiffs who have been, virtually, robbed of their property, and to the judges to whom the dishonesty is exposed, but who, under the circumstances, can only commit for "*non-appearance.*"

Even this very interrogatory appears to me to be not altogether free from a fallacy of a similar character, inasmuch as it impliedly restricts the class of "defendants" to such persons only as those who have no other means of payment but the fruit of their daily labour. In my district this is very far from being the case, and yet I find the plaintiffs generally desirous to consult the convenience even of such debtors by accepting payment by instalments. Were it otherwise, I should still hold the power of commitment to be essential. The credit is always, more or less, an accommodation to the defendant; it frequently rescues him from the necessity of procuring parochial relief, whereas the non-payment is comparatively very rarely the result of mere inability, but proceeds, in a greater or less degree, from dishonesty; not such as would amount to a fraud of which the court can take notice, but still such as works a serious ill to the plaintiff, and entitles him to the protection of the law in the recovery of his just dues.

3. Decidedly not.

4. I think it would be an improvement.

5. I do not feel bound to commit, but I feel that the defendant is bound to attend or excuse his non-attendance, knowing, as I do full well, that in the majority of cases such non-attendance is a defiance of the law. I very frequently make inquiries before I commit, prompted either by a knowledge of one or other of the parties as suitors; a recollection of the case; the date of the judgment, either as very recent or very old; a suggestion from the officer who served the judgment summons, or by a variety of other circumstances, and I regulate my judgment by the result of such inquiries.

6. Yes.

7. If by "*agent*" be intended one of a class so called who act professionally without being attorneys, my answer is, certainly not; I do everything to discourage their connexion with the suitors of my court, as I consider them the greatest curse to the poor litigants, and I see the greatest objection to their being allowed to appear for a defendant on a judgment summons; if he can pay an agent, he should pay or arrange with his creditor. I always hear any friend or member of the defendant's family who may appear for him, and, if possible, effect an arrangement between the plaintiff and such person on behalf of the defendant.

8. No.

9. I invariably use my best exertions by mediation between the parties, to avoid an order of committal, and, if made, to prevent the issue of a warrant if I see any prospect of a payment being made.

10. The shortest period for which I commit is 14 days; at first I used to commit for seven days, but I found it necessary to adopt this rule some years ago in consequence of ascertaining that wherever feeling prevailed, which is too frequently the case, a defendant would go to prison for a week to spite his creditor rather than pay; if a working man, he could generally excuse his non-attendance to his master for so short a time, but that a longer absence was attended with risk of losing his employment; and the result of the change proved very productive of obedience to instalment orders. If there be no special circumstances in the case, 14 days is my invariable order for non-appearance; but if there has been dishonesty, open defiance of the process of the court, or repeated disregard of previous summonses, I sometimes make an order for 21 or 30 days.

11. If it be satisfactorily established that non-payment has not proceeded from inability to pay.

12. As to the existence of the debt, the circumstances of the defendant, and the probability of benefit to the plaintiff from the issue of the summons, &c. &c.

13. I do not.

14. On the contrary, I think the county courts have proved of great value to the poorer classes who resort to these societies, the frequent publicity of the proceedings operating as a shield against extortion, and making the borrowers better acquainted with their liabilities and rights.

15. I see nothing to justify legislative interference. Publicans get no favour in court; and in my district they are now very seldom plaintiffs.

16. This question does not apply to the trading in my district. On general principles, I think, no legislative interference called for or justifiable.

Circuit 42.—Judge, D. D. HEATH, Esq.

Place at which the Judge sits:
Bloomsbury.

1. The object proposed in issuing a judgment summons is, to make the debtor give an account of his own means and acts; and he is personally served, and informed by the summons of the penalty for non-attendance.

It appears to me essential either to *compel* his attendance, or to *punish* him for wilfully absenting himself, or the whole purpose is frustrated. An affidavit by the plaintiff or his agent, "that he believes that defendant has had the means of paying the debt, or some of it, as ordered by the judgment of the court," would, I believe, be invariably forthcoming if required, and would be no practical protection to the defendant; and to require more proof than this would, in my opinion, and for the reasons appearing above, be absurd.—2. If the returns be examined, it will be seen, 1st, that a *larger proportion* of those committed for non-appearance than of those committed for *not having paid what they were able*, paid when in prison, and so got out before their time expired; and 2ndly, that the inference one would draw from this fact, viz., that the operation of the law is at least not harsher in the former than in the latter case, is fully confirmed by the return from the Circuit No. 3. Apparently, the judge of that circuit already acts on the proposed rule, and always takes *ex-parte* evidence of the defendant's *ability* to *pay* when he does not appear, for he has returned *all his commitments* as made under the 7th head; and yet the proportion of those commitments to the total number of similar summonses in the year 1857 in his court is less than the corresponding proportion for the whole kingdom, only in about the proportion of 103 to 105; and this slight difference in favour of this circuit is probably to be accounted for by observing the very much greater severity shown in the duration of the imprisonments awarded, being almost always 40 days. And therefore I anticipate no perceptible effect from the proposed alteration.

2, 3. That upon which the labouring classes obtain credit is, beyond all question, *not* their realised property, but their presumed ability to pay out of their future earnings. I have more than once suggested in the proper quarters that *an attachment of accruing wages* is the most appropriate mode of enforcing the implied contract; and I am by no means convinced that such a scheme is impractiable or objectionable.

Failing this, I do not think it can be disputed that *any other* remedy must act principally *in terrorem*, or, ultimately, by way of punishment. When a labouring man, having any friends, finds the officer of the court come upon him, whether with a warrant of commitment or of execution, he endeavours—and very frequently indeed with success—to get them to help him, and pay either the whole or such portion of the sum due as the plaintiff is willing to take as an instalment, and the warrant is superseded. But if this resource fails, in the one case he goes to prison, and either stays his time or gets helped out, and then starts afresh, not *necessarily* much the worse equipped for the future; in the other case, his tables, chairs and chest of drawers are sold for a small portion of what they will cost him to replace them; and, until he can do so, he must pay nearly double rent for furnished lodgings, or live in misery; and, after allowing for the costs of the execution, the debt is seldom much reduced by the process, and the creditor is at liberty, without control, to pounce down upon him again, if he does scrape together some comforts again. It is, and always has been, my deliberate opinion that this process, when really pushed to its limit, is much more harsh and oppressive than a limited imprisonment, even when, as in the old courts of request, it was left to the discretion of the creditor; whereas now it is in the discretion of the court. At present, the remedy by execution against the goods is not so much resorted to in poor cases as it would be if the sole remedy, when it is not supposed that there are abundant goods, or where, on trial, sufficient goods are not, in fact, found to pay something beyond the expenses of removal, the execution is not taken out, or is abandoned, and a judgment summons resorted to. As regards this latter remedy, no doubt, among 60 courts not regulated by an appeal court, there must be discrepancies in the practice, and a careful inquiry into its actual workings in individual cases might be very useful. In the meantime, I do not think the *average* result at all unsatisfactory. Comparing the *original* summonses of 1857 with the judgment summonses of 1858, 744,652 plaints yielded 11,500 actual imprisonments; and of these 2,387 paid and came out again; about half the judgment summonses issued proceed to a *hearing*, on half of this number *warrants* of commitment issued; about two-fifths of these lead to actual imprisonment, and a fifth of this last fraction, therefore, pay their debts.

I believe the lowering of the fees for a judgment summons, and the discharge of the plaintiff from advancing the cost of *taking to prison*—both recent innovations—have tended to increase imprisonments in cases where no good is likely to come of it.

I think *some adequate* remedy essential for the welfare of the labouring class. There are whole trades where employment is wholly in one season of the year. Brickmakers, painters, and others who could be named, *must* necessarily live in the winter either on accumulated money, on credit, or on the parish rates. Of course it were to be wished the first of these resources might be found sufficient; but is it conceivable it should be so?

4. I think it expedient that the warrant should express all that is to be done under it. But I do not think it desirable that the judge should be empowered (which he is not now) to direct any smaller sum than the instalments actually due to be inserted in the warrant, unless the proposal be part of a scheme in the nature of an insolvent law for the poor, the details of which I must see before expressing an opinion. I am quite in favour of some legislation in that direction.

5. I consider that one distinct offence, for which the judge may, if he shall think fit, commit,

mit, is *non-attendance without sufficient* excuse; and I exercise this power in general, unless some special reason appear against it; but if any one appears for the defendant, although he does not *sufficiently* excuse his absence, I almost invariably arrange that, concurrently, a *new order* for payment by instalments should be made under sect. 100 of 9 & 10 Vict., and that the order for committal for non-appearance should remain in the office until some default be made in this *fresh order*; and so well does this work that the plaintiffs seldom refuse to take the same course even when the defendant utterly neglects either to attend or to send.

6. The order is for non-appearance.

7. I consider a personal appearance *to be examined* essential, unless an excuse be made; but I allow an agent to come and make the excuse.

8. No. Presuming it is meant that the plaintiff does not appear by his agent.

9. The order for committal being made, the warrant is not, unless on a special application to me in court, allowed to be drawn up before the following Tuesday, at the earliest; so that a stay of proceedings can generally be procured in cases of inadvertence or hardship, or the debt and costs can be paid in if procurable. And in cases where, although it appears that the defendant *has had* the means of paying some instalments, or is otherwise liable to commitment, yet he is *at the time* unable to discharge all that is due, I endeavour to affect an arrangement, such as is mentioned in answer 5, and am almost always successful.

10. Except in special cases of fraud in contracting the debt, &c., I commit according to the amount due, viz., under 1 *l.*, seven days; 2 *l.*, 10 days; above 2 *l.*, 20 days. If no second judgment summons were allowed under any circumstances, I should probably revise this scale, which I place so low because the imprisonment does not end the matter.

11. If the defendant does not neglect to appear, I do not commit a second time unless for non-payment of instalments accruing due since the last imprisonment, and only on the most ample proof of his having had ability to pay. On a list of 60 original summonses of the worst class of cases that came before me, I find that 13 orders of commitment were made, on which 10 warrants issued, and only four went to prison; all four were afterwards re-summonsed, but in three cases I refused to commit; the fourth made default and was ordered to be committed, but nothing more was heard of the case.

12. Within the metropolitan district I give leave, as a matter of course; but beyond it, I inquire into the plaintiff's knowledge of the defendant's circumstances and ability to pay, and whether he is in any situation which would preclude him from being able to attend.

13. I had great doubts about the advisableness of this enactment when it was proposed. I have not had its working brought to my notice since, but find the high bailiff of my court thinks there are many cases of hardships under it, more especially as combined with the existing rule, requiring the money to be paid *at the court whence the summons issued*, the apprehension usually taking place where the defendant resides. If the enactment is to remain, I have no such faith in the trustworthiness of unchecked affidavits as to think the defendant ought to escape by merely filing one; and besides, the poorest and most ignorant class never avail themselves of such safeguards where offered to them.

14. I believe that the repeal of the usury laws and the facilities given by special legislation (3 & 4 Vict. c. 118, &c.) have created, or at least vastly extended, the system of loan societies within a few years past; and I know no reason for supposing the establishment of county courts has had much influence on them. If it be thought fit to re-enact, substantially, the usury laws for loans under 5 *l.* or 10 *l.* whether in bills, in notes, or otherwise, no doubt these societies would be checked, but at the usual cost of evasions and frauds on the law. I rather incline to think they have been beneficial in many instances, and, at the worst, are much better than the pawnbroker.

15. I should prefer that no credit at all should be given for *beer drunk on the premises*, as is now the case with spirits. A month's credit might be allowed for "refreshments," i. e., *bonâ fide* breakfasts, dinners, &c., which workmen often necessarily get when on a job away from home, to be paid out of their accruing week's wages.

With reference to this and the following question, I may add, that I think a much shorter statute of limitations would be beneficial in small debts; and I should suggest that advantage might be taken of it at the hearing without a *special plea*.

16. I am not prepared to give any definite opinion on these questions. No doubt the most reckless and profligate, and often on that account the poorest of the labouring classes, are enabled to get not only clothing but finery by the system, and frequently pawn instead of wearing the articles bought; but I suppose that, if the system did not exist, the wives and children of such households would go in rags, and the ready money go in drink; and I incline to think it is not a case for legislation, but for moral influences.

It will be seen from the tenor of my answers that I do not see much to object to in general to the system of judgment summonses; and that, in fact, I think executions against the goods much more objectionable in the case of small debts; but I think some limitation of the power of pursuing a debtor until he pays to the utmost should be set, analogous to the bankrupt and insolvent laws, which effect this for debtors to a larger amount. The details of such a scheme would require consideration, but I think it might be at once provided that not more than [two] executions against the goods should be allowed in cases where the original debt was under [2 *l.*], unless on proof that property has been concealed; that no one should be imprisoned in the whole more than [20] days for a debt not exceeding [2 *l.*], nor more than [60] days for any debt within the jurisdiction of the county court. And Mr. Wright, the registrar of my court, has suggested what I think would work very well, that any debtor might file a declaration of all his debts, when not exceeding [10 *l.* or 20 *l.*], with an offer to pay so much a week out of his accruing wages, until such a sum should be raised to be divided among his creditors; which proposal, when approved by the court as reasonable, and fulfilled within a reasonable time, should discharge all the debts named in the declaration.

Circuit 43.—Judge, J. L. ADOLPHUS, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits:

Brentford. | Brompton. | Marylebone.

1. I am strongly of opinion that, if county court imprisonment is to continue at all, the power of committal for non-appearance should be preserved, and that obedience to the judgment summons should not be made optional, as the present question suggests.

A debtor served with a judgment summons is called upon to answer for his having disobeyed the order of the court to pay; and, in so answering, to furnish information by which ulterior proceedings are to be guided. By the rules (R. 117) he must have had five clear days' personal notice that his attendance will be required. If he has paid the debt, or if misfortune has prevented his paying, he can discharge himself by attending and stating the facts. If he is *bonâ fide* prevented from attending, he may send some person to state the cause on oath. By taking neither course, he is, *primâ facie*, doing a wilful wrong to the creditor, and baffling the process of the court. The question, as put, seems to regard the case merely as that of a party deserting his own cause when called on; but it differs widely from that case.

It is true that the examination might, as is suggested, proceed in the defendant's absence, and the plaintiff obtain a committal if he were provided with sufficient evidence; but, according to my experience, he would fall short of complete proof in at least nine cases out of ten, if disappointed of the opposite party's attendance; that party would suffer nothing by his default, and would gain the day by withdrawing himself from examination, and the plaintiff's costs of the unsuccessful proceeding would fall upon himself. This advantage would certainly not be neglected by fraudulent and reckless defendants in low life, or by insolent ones of a somewhat higher station. The latter description of case is perhaps not sufficiently thought of by those who desire a change of the present law.

The compulsory process in question does, undoubtedly, give a plaintiff the opportunity of harassing thedefend ant by summonses, without sufficiently considering whether they are likely to be effectual or not. But the check upon such an abuse is, that the plaintiff himself loses his day and his costs; and I conceive that, under the existing law, the judge might, in a case of oppression, award costs to the defendant. I have never had occasion to take that course, but I should not scruple to do so if circumstances required it.

If the legislature now think that the inquisitorial power given by Statute 9 & 10 Vict. c. 95, s. 98, is, in its working, repugnant to right feelings, the best course would be to abolish it altogether; to leave it subsisting, but without any direct control over persons who may set it at defiance, appears to me contrary to legal analogies, against reason, and a mockery.

The number, 8,361, as compared with the total number sent to prison, does not surprise me, though the data would have been more satisfactory if the return had given the whole number of judgment summonses called on for hearing.* I should expect that, in a very great majority of instances, the debtor, who had no excuse for leaving his debt or instalment unpaid, would absent himself. It very commonly happens that before the defendant can be personally served, one, two, or more attempts to serve him have been wilfully defeated. When the service has been effected, it is very natural that a reckless man should continue the system of evasion by not appearing to the summons. If he has nothing to allege in justification of his non-payment, he will probably be committed if he appears; he may as well take the chances of not appearing, which can but end in a committal at worst. And if the practice were (as it is stated to be in some districts), that, on non-appearance of the debtor, the judge goes into the case and determines upon the evidence, minus that of the defendant, a dishonest man would naturally think it very foolish to come in and supply that evidence.

2. I do not know whether it is intended by this question to distinguish between the objects of compelling payment out of future earnings, and compelling it out of future income of other kinds, or out of present recources; but I will first answer it on the supposition that such a difference is not contemplated, and that the inquiry is only as to the policy of any compulsion by imprisonment at all, as sanctioned by Statute 9 & 10 Vict. c. 95. s. 99.

My opinion is that, if the county court system is generally fit to be preserved, the power of imprisonment should be retained.

The county court imprisonment, it will be remembered, differs from the old practice of arrest for debt under process of the superior courts. There the arrest took place without any new intervention of the court; the best-intentioned and most unfortunate debtor was subject to it at the plaintiff's discretion. Here the judgment summons is, in a manner, a continuation of the trial. Imprisonment cannot take place under it till the debtor, personally warned to attend, has contumaciously absented himself from a hearing, or until it has been decided by the court that he has culpably withheld payment, or has practised some fraud. Imprisonment for such causes does not appear to me more shocking, or more avoidable, consistently with the public interest, than the ordinary imprisonments by justices of the peace for non-payment of small fines for slight misdemeanors, and for the less aggravated acts of vagrancy.

If the power of imprisonment ceases, the only remedy is execution against the defendant's goods. Now it appears to me that this, for an only remedy,

* I have not received the general county court return for 1858, but by the return for 1857 it appears that the "total number of judgment summonses *heard by the court*" in that year was 56,655; the "total number of *warrants of commitment issued*" 27,783; the "total number of persons actually *taken to prison* under such warrants" (whether for non-appearance or for any other cause) 10,607.

The plaints issued, exclusive of judgment summonses, were 744,652.

is a very unsatisfactory one. In the first place, executions are liable to be defeated, sometimes by actual violence, which is not unfrequent, sometimes by shifting away with property, by getting a landlord to put in a friendly distress, by pretended transfer, and by many other well-known devices. The remedy by interpleader lags far behind the ingenuity exerted in some of these cases, and is troublesome and attended with the risk of unrepaid expense. In some instances, too, a debtor may be in better circumstances than his creditor, and yet have no property of any value subject to execution; as for example, a single man who is an annuitant or a workman at high wages, or, under a late Act (though the case has not yet arisen before me) a man whose wife's earnings are settled upon herself. Secondly, the process of execution is wasteful and ruinous, and often, I apprehend, more cruel in its operation than a short imprisonment. I am confirmed in this opinion by testimony I have received since I first minuted this answer, from a gentleman of very great experience in the proceedings of county courts and courts of requests. And, thirdly, execution issues at the pleasure of the creditor without the intervention of a court; a county court imprisonment cannot take place till the defendant has had personal notice to appear and neglected to do so, or has been brought face to face with the plaintiff, in presence of the court. The beneficial effect which often results from thus confronting parties is well known to those who practice in our courts. In cases not characterized by fraud or other gross misconduct I hardly ever make an order for imprisonment without giving the parties time and facility to parley for the purpose of adjusting terms of payment, and this practice is very often successful.

That a defendant should be repeatedly imprisoned for the same debt is no doubt an unhappy result of the existing law; but it must be remembered that the judge cannot authorize a repeated imprisonment unless it is proved that the defendant has once and again had the power to pay and not paid. I have said more on this subject and on a possible modification of the law, in answer to another question.

See also the observations of the Court of Queen's Bench in Re Boyce, 2 Ellis & Blackburn 521.

In my own practice, of nearly seven years, often repeated imprisonments have not even been much demanded. I do not make a second commitment without very careful inquiry; if the defendant appears, it is very rarely that I have committed for a third time; if I have ever committed for a fourth I cannot call to mind the instance.

If it is intended by the question which I have thus far answered to suggest that a plaintiff obtaining judgment should have something in the nature of a lien upon future earnings or acquisitions, and a preference in this respect over other creditors who have been less diligent, but who might rank after him, I can only say at present that the plan seems rather too nice and complicated to be successfully worked by any means which suggest themselves to my mind. It would probably become necessary that the debtor should from time to time be called to an account. If he were obliged to render it under pain of imprisonment the course would be much like that which exists at present, only more vexatious. If he were not compellable to attend, how would the account be got at? And the proposed course would often superadd litigation between creditors to litigation between them and the debtor. With deference to those who may have conceived any such plan, I own that, in my opinion, the county court system is too simple and perfunctory to encounter the difficulties which would arise.

That system, as it now exists, was devised by the legislature in 1846 to secure the recovery of debts and redress of wrongs within certain limits by a speedy and stringent, though a rough procedure. Bodily imprisonment is its *ultima ratio*. Were this abolished, the system would, as I think, lose a very great part of its efficiency, and the resort to county courts would be materially discouraged. But, of course, it is for the legislature to judge whether, notwithstanding this probable result, the institution of 1846 should be to a considerable extent crippled, either because frequent imprisonments for small debts are now found to be impolitic or inhuman, or because the experience of 13 years has shown that too large a discretion in this respect is vested in the county court judges. My experience does not induce me to support either proposition.

3. I cannot confidently answer this question. The spirit of traffic is very powerful, and I should scarcely suppose that tradesmen, when giving trust, are so far-sighted as to speculate on the power of imprisoning if the debtor fails to pay and is sued in the county court. My conjecture therefore would be that the abolition would not much affect the practice and terms of trust. But I have heard a contrary opinion from a quarter which I much rely upon; and at all events, I think that such an alteration would induce the majority of those who did trust to sit down with the probable loss of their unpaid debts, rather than take the trouble of proceeding in the county courts.

4. I would generally rather abridge than lengthen our forms, which I am afraid contain already more than is read with profit by ignorant people, if they read it at all; and I suppose no man goes to prison, or at any rate remains many hours there, without knowing the point above stated. But the suggested addition is short, and perhaps a proper caution would be shown by making it.

It is a distinct and independent cause of committal under sect. 99, of 9 & 10 Vict. c. 95, if the defendant does not attend or show an excuse for not attending; and this is not unreasonable, seeing that he has five days' personal notice. Where there is a default of appearance, unexplained, I do not go into other inquiries, as I think that the efficiency of such a jurisdiction as ours depends entirely upon its process being implicitly obeyed, and it is, therefore, most important to discourage the notion that a judgment summons can be temporised with. The inquiry directed by section 98 could not be made in the absence of the party called upon to undergo examination; nor could any quite satisfactory conclusion be arrived at, unless in the case, not very likely to happen, of the plaintiff himself exculpating the absent defendant from all blame. And, if the proof of culpable default in payment failed through the defendant's absence, it would be very unjust that by his wilful non-appearance the proceedings should become abortive.* To avoid this,

* *See* p. 45.

this, the court would have to fall back upon the non-appearance itself as a cause of commitment. I think the right course is to take this ground in the first instance.

I have, however, in some few cases, relaxed the rule, where a wife or friend has appeared and offered terms which the plaintiff was willing to accept. But I throw the responsibility of this arrangement upon the plaintiff himself.

6. *See* the preceding answer.

7. If he himself appears I allow an attorney to put questions or address the court on his behalf, first examining the debtor myself, according to s. 98 of stat. 9 & 10 Vict. c. 95. If he does not appear I decline hearing any agent or advocate, unless it be to substantiate an excuse for his non-appearance, such as illness or detention in prison, or that the defendant has been misled in some respect by the plaintiff himself. And I think no other practice ought to prevail. My reasons will appear from the preceding answers.

8. No. If the creditor does not appear the case is struck out of the paper, whether the debtor appears or not.

9. I have heard of this as a practice sanctioned by eminent county court authority, but I have never ventured on it. Such a direction would be, if anything, an order of the court, and if an order it would, I have always thought, be within the principle, at least, of the objection which prevailed in Abley *v.* Dale, 10 Com. B. 62. The utmost length I go is to induce the plaintiff to say, in the defendant's presence, that, if payment is made at a certain time or by certain instalments, he will not take out the warrant. But this is merely an engagement in honour, and I always warn the defendant that, if the plaintiff chooses to go back from it, I cannot interfere. If he is entitled to an order at all, I think he must have an unconditional one, that is neither provisional in its form nor fettered by a collateral order.

10. When I succeeded to the county court circuit, No. 44 (now 43), I found the common term of imprisonment, according to the practice of my predecessor, to be 14 days where there was no particular circumstance to mitigate the order, or to require a more severe one. I have generally kept to this practice, but without considering myself bound by any rule. The period is long enough to alarm a debtor into payment if he can raise means, and not so long as to be ruinous if the order is enforced; and scope enough is left for a severer judgment if ground should ever be laid for another committal. I have very seldom exceeded 28 days under any circumstances.

I do not make the magnitude of the debt a primary consideration in determining the length of committal. On the contrary, if the default seems to arise from obstinacy, and there is a likelihood that on pressure the money will be forthcoming, the smallness of the debt sometimes makes me scruple less than I otherwise might, to award the common term of imprisonment.

Nothing can be more fallacious than the estimate of hardship, sometimes made by comparing the length of imprisonment ordered, as shown by statistical tables, with the amount of debt. The very small debts are often owing to very poor persons; in my courts, to sempstresses, women employed in laundries, inferior labourers in the building trade, persons who let lodgings and can barely pay their own rent, servants who have lent money on their wages and are out of place; and these debts are tyrannically or carelessly left unpaid, sometimes with a boast that the debtor can pay but will not. The aggregate of them is small, but the suffering and vexation caused by the non-payment in the individual cases are not therefore contemptible. Besides, the county court is deemed, and was intended to be the court of the poor, and, in principle, there is no reason that a poor claim should not be enforced (always supposing proof of ability to pay) as stringently as a more substantial one. The argument from mere figures, therefore, appears to me more rhetorical than just; the question must always be whether in a particular case, or class of cases, judged of by their facts generally, the law has been an instrument of oppression.

11. Yes. I am bound by statute 9 & 10 Vict. c. 59, ss. 98, 99, to entertain a new application if the plaintiff proposes to show that the defendant, since his former committal, has had means of paying and has neglected to do so. But the fact of a former committal induces me, when the defendant appears, to look very strictly into the plaintiff's proof, and if the committal has been at all recent, this of course weighs with me in determining as to the probable ability of the debtor to pay and the disposition with which he has omitted payment since he was last before the court.

There is sometimes an obstinacy on one side or both in these cases, which it is painful to deal with; and it may be worth consideration, whether the legislature might not lay down a scale limiting the entire number of days for which a debtor might, under one order of the court or several, be committed for such and such amounts of debt, unless in some exceptional cases.

12. If the summons is to go to a neighbouring place (another metropolitan district, for instance), I make very slight inquiry. If it is to be served so far off that a serious expense or inconvenience is likely to arise, I examine more carefully, and on the oath of the party applying or his witnesses, into the grounds for summoning in the new district. The latter case does not often occur in my courts.

13. This course might be convenient where the matter of the affidavit was so clear and simple that it might be expected to satisfy the plaintiff at once, though in such a case I should expect that the defendant might obtain the same result by a private communication, without the necessity of any affidavit. If the answer was not such as at once to set matters at rest, then the affidavit must be transmitted to the original court to be met in one way or another by the plaintiff, for it could not be expected that he should travel to the defendant's district, or discuss the matter of the summons on affidavit before a court, or the officer of a court which did not hear the plaint. And, in most cases, if he claimed to interrogate the defendant face to face, it would be difficult, without an entire alteration of the law on that subject, to refuse it.

The suggested course might, I think, deserve trial as an experiment, though I doubt if it would not introduce more complication, upon the whole, than the relief to a few parties would be worth.

14. This is a very important subject, on which I should desire to be better informed than I am or can be in the time allowed for answering the question. Such information as I from time to time receive leads me to think that the establishment of county courts, co-operating with the repeal of the usury laws, has increased the lending of small sums by loan societies; whether injuriously

injuriously or not upon the whole is a point which I am not at present qualified to determine. Much relief, no doubt, is given; and the loan society is probably a cheaper and more trustworthy creditor than the pawnbroker, or than many a chance money lender. On the other hand, my own observation shows me that much evil is produced: the habit of borrowing is diffused and strengthened by the facility and seeming respectability which these establishments give it; and the practice which they promote of mutual accommodation by suretyship seems to me most pernicious, tending to entangle the ignorant and improvident in perpetual money-lending engagements, and promoting a thoughtlessness in such dealings which is next door to fraud.

Knowing details but imperfectly I am not prepared to suggest remedies. As far as the county courts are concerned, a corrective may be applied by extreme strictness and watchfulness in entertaining the claims of the societies. Perhaps an enactment might be usefully introduced, amongst others, relieving sureties from liability where principal and interest have been paid, but the money absorbed by fines and charges for letters, unless accounts of these deductions have been furnished to the sureties at stated periods.

15. I am averse to legislation of this kind. The rule ought to be that what a man buys he should pay for, irrespectively of the use he puts it to, except, of course, where the article cannot lawfully be bought and sold at all, as a slave. It has always, in my opinion, been a false view of policy which enabled a person to obtain certain things on credit, and then, for the public good, to cheat the creditor. If a regulation of this kind were introduced at all in the instance referred to, it had better, I think, be done by prohibiting the recovery altogether than by limiting the time, which would engender many quibbles and frauds, and would not unequivocally assert any principle. I do not see why a line should be drawn between beer and spirituous liquors, if the object is merely to discourage the committing excesses on credit. And it may be asked whether the proposed enactment, or a similar one, if salutary, should not be extended to tobacco, and perhaps to opium.

16. It should be discouraged in the county courts by carrying out very strictly the law as it now stands, as to the liability of husbands for goods ordered by their wives, and by guarding against the abuse, not uncommon, of the wife appearing to a summons which she has taken in and kept from her husband's knowledge, and professing to make terms on his behalf. It has happened several times before me that a man has appeared to a judgment summons, and declared, convincingly to my mind, that that process (personally served) was the first notice he had of the action; the minute on the plaint showing that the wife appeared at the trial, and agreed to an order for instalments.

I do not think well of statutory provisions as a guard against these household treacheries. Men do not always know how to regulate their families, and women forget their duty to their husbands; but these things are not to be amended by legislative provision. Nor would it be easy to direct a tradesman by statute as to the places to which he should carry his goods, or the arts he should use (short of fraud) in putting them off. Dealings with an infant or with a menial servant might (wisely or not) be forbidden, but where a woman keeps her husband's house, buys necessaries (including much of the apparel) for the family, and settles with the tradespeople, it would be beyond the scope of rational legislation to attempt laying down as a law that certain articles, or articles to a certain value, or articles of a particular kind for her own use, should not be purchased by her, or not purchased at the door, or from a particular description of persons. So far as the common law dictates on such subjects, abuse may be dealt with safely and confidently; to go farther would be an attempt to enforce domestic prudence by Act of Parliament: this, I think, is not practicable; if it were, the question might be at what rank of society legislation should stop.

Circuit 44.—Judge, F. BAYLEY, Esq.

Place at which the Judge sits.

Westminster.

1. I think it is not desirable that the law should be altered as proposed. It would be better to abolish the power of commitment altogether, except in cases of fraud. It very seldom happens that any trustworthy evidence of the judgment debtor's ability to pay can be given by the creditor. The commitment, where defendant appears, is almost invariably founded upon his own admissions. Plaintiff seldom has any personal knowledge of defendant's means. Those who are capable of giving evidence in such cases are generally unwilling witnesses; and it would be a great hardship on plaintiffs if they were required at their own expense to bring forward evidence of defendant's means. The proposed alteration would cause very great dissatisfaction among the suitors; and I expect that in my court it would in a short time reduce the number of plaints entered by one half.

2. No; I think it would be found practically useless; and it would be better to abolish the power of imprisonment, except for fraud, than to dispense with the personal appearance of the defendant on the hearing of a judgment summons.

3. Certainly not. I believe the working classes would not be able to obtain any credit at all, if the power of imprisonment were wholly taken away from the courts.

4. Yes, this would be a useful alteration.

5. I consider that if a judgment debtor does not appear to a judgment summons, I am bound to commit him, unless a sufficient excuse be not alleged for his non-appearance, such as illness or being already in prison.

6. I make no such inquiry.

7. I require the personal appearance of a defendant on the hearing of a judgment summons for the reason stated in answer to the 5th question;

tion; and I consider that his personal appearance ought to be required for the reasons stated in answer to the 1st question.

8. I do not require the personal appearance of a judgment creditor on the hearing of a judgment summons. If he appear by agent, and the defendant do not appear personally, I proceed to commit the defendant. If the creditor do not appear, either personally or by agent, I do not proceed to commit the defendant.

9. I do where the defendant appears, and very often when he does not appear; in all cases in which I can get the consent of the creditor.

10. In ordinary cases I commit for 10 days; in cases of fraud I commit for a longer period; and when it is certain that defendant has the means of paying the money forthwith, I commit for 30 or 40 days.

11. I commit a second time for the same debt if defendant do not appear on the hearing of the second judgment summons; or where it appears that, since defendant was discharged from his first commitment, he has had the means of paying the debt.

12. If defendant dwells in a metropolitan district I make no inquiry. In all other cases I inquire into defendant's circumstances, for the purpose of ascertaining that he is able to defray the expense of coming to the court. Unless I am satisfied that he has the means to do this I refuse to allow the judgment summons to issue.

13. No; I would in all cases require the defendant to appear personally on the hearing of a judgment summons. But I think it very desirable that every judgment summons should be heard in the district in which the debtor resides. If he reside in a different district from that in which the creditor resides, the attendance of the latter, either personally or by agent, might be dispensed with.

14. I am of opinion that the facilities for the recovery of debts by the county courts have increased the lending of small sums by loan societies injuriously to the interests of society. This applies more particularly to unregistered loan societies. I would suggest that no loan below a certain amount should be recoverable, unless it be evidenced by a promissory note or memorandum in writing, truly stating the amount advanced and the rate of interest payable; and that no collateral agreement for the payment of fines or expenses, or any further sums than the principal and interest expressed on the note or memorandum should be allowed to be valid.

15. Yes.

16. Yes; I think it would be a salutary check on the system of giving credit to the wives of the labouring population, if no debt under a certain amount for goods supplied to a wife were recoverable, unless the creditor could produce a written order, authority, or ratification signed by the husband.

Circuit 45.—Judge, J. FARQUHAR FRASER, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Chertsey.	Godalming.	Newbury.
Croydon.	Guildford.	Reading.
Epsom.	Hungerford.	Wandsworth.
Farnham.	Kingston.	

1. The judge is not bound to commit for non-appearance. He may do so if he think fit, and these inquiries ought to be made in order to guide his discretion. There is no necessity for any alteration in the law.

2. Without a power of imprisonment the county courts, in a great majority of cases, would be useless.

3. I think the alteration very desirable.

4. I am not bound to commit, and invariably I make inquiries of the plaintiff or of others who may know the circumstances of the defendant.

5. It does, for such I think is the correct course. All the other courses presuppose his appearance.

6. Generally the inquiry is as to the ability of the party to pay, and the wife very frequently appears; in which case she is sworn and examined very much as the defendant would be if present. Appearers are also heard by me, as also the relatives and friends of the defendant; but I discountenance appearances by the mere hangers-on of the court.

7. Never, unless the hearing has been adjourned, and the plaintiff has been told he need not appear again.

8. I never make such directions part of the warrant, but I constantly request the plaintiff to suspend the taking out of the warrant for a certain time and on certain conditions, and if I find the plaintiff is vindictive and refuses to accede to my suggestions I adjourn the hearing.

9. No.

10. I do.

11. I inquire whether the party is in such a position as to be able to comply with the exigency of the summons.

12. I do not.

13. Not unless the restriction is confined to beer sold to be consumed on the premises of the seller.

14. No doubt the credit given by travelling drapers, packmen, and others, to the wives of the labouring classes is a great evil, but I am unable to suggest any remedy.

Circuit 46.—Judge, C. S. WHITMORE, Esq., Q.C.

Place at which the Judge sits.

Southwark.

1. Premising that the return does not show the true proportion of commitments for simple non-appearance, but that such true proportion is probably a very different one, I think, and have always thought, that mere non-appearance to a judgment summons should not, *per se*, be a ground of commitment. It is certain that a large proportion of ordinary defendants are unable to attend the court in the hearing of a summons, and many of these have it not in their power to send any one to explain their non-appearance. I must add, however, that an *ex parte* inquiry into the means of a defendant, in his absence, is little better than a form.

2. Judging from my own experience, I think that such a power is useful and should be retained. An universal system of ready-money payment amongst the working classes is impossible. The credit they obtain is on the faith of repayment, not out of assets which can be touched by a *fi. fa.*, but out of their periodical earnings, and this tacit engagement between the parties can only be enforced, in the majority of cases, by the fear of imprisonment. The oppressiveness of this is greatly exaggerated. I find from the return that in my district—one of the poorest in England—the total number of persons taken to prison last year was only 75. Now, the number of plaints in that district was about 14,000, representing, perhaps, 17,000 defendants. The proportion of persons imprisoned, therefore, was about 1 in 226. I believe of these some might be found who *relished* the confinement, and sought it as a relief from labour. But I refer to this small number of persons actually imprisoned to show further the usefulness of the process. The number of applications for orders of committal amounted to some *thousands*, and a very large number of *orders* was, in fact, *made*, but the necessity for executing them was superseded by payment of the debt in all but 75 cases.

3. I think not.

4. Yes.

5. I do not consider myself bound to commit him, and I generally make some inquiry of the nature referred to.

6. The practice in my court was to adopt the form given in the schedule in case of *non-appearance*, but recently this practice has been altered.

7. I do allow him to appear by agent.

8. No.

9. This is very often, I think I may say generally done, and with very good results.

10. The ordinary time is ten days. In an aggravated case it is more, but this seldom occurs. If a second commitment takes place it is generally for a longer period than the first.

11. Occasionally, though rarely, and always with reluctance. One imprisonment tends to impoverish the debtor. The ability to pay is lessened by each repetition, and familiarity with the punishment deprives it of its terrors and usefulness.

12. I inquire as to the circumstances, occupations, &c. of the two parties with a view to see on what side the hardship would lie of granting or refusing leave. The creditor may be too poor to go to the foreign court, or to employ an agent there, and the debtor may have ample means and leisure to attend at the home court. This or some other special reason must be shown, as, in general, I conceive that the proper point to inquire as to the debtor's means is that which is nearest to where he resides, and that it would be better that the creditor should have this remedy than that the debtor should be imprisoned unjustly, or without fair opportunity of showing cause against it.

13. There are many objections to this proposal.

14. I think that these facilities have increased the lending of money by loan societies injuriously to the interests of the *borrowers* and their *societies*; and as these form a very large class, it may to that extent be injurious to the interests of *society*. I hardly see any practical check to the system. Its greatest blemish in my eyes is, that the parties are hardly aware of the bargain they make. A sum, say 5 *l.* is applied for, and a security is given for 5 *l.*, but 4 *l.* or less is all that is advanced, the difference being retained for *interest* in advance, office and other expenses, a certain fund to meet law expenses, and so forth. The repayment is to be by weekly instalments, and a fine, say of a penny for every shilling, is to be paid on instalments in arrear. Of course all this is but another name for exorbitant interest. But the evil is, that the ignorant borrowers and sureties are blind to its scope and effect. I do not see how the law can be altered to limit the allowable rate of interest in these cases, or how these people can be gifted with intelligence enough to comprehend what they are about; but I wish it were possible to enact that the lenders should only receive the actual sums advanced, with such interest as the parties have agreed upon and expressed in the security given at the time of the loan.

15. I do not think that this could be justifiable. Whether the Tippling Act should be extended to beer is another question; but to say that a creditor should be without a legal remedy for a debt, possibly an admitted one, unless he sues within a month for it, seems out of the question.

16. I think it should be discouraged. I do not see how, nor can I lay down a limit as to extent. It would be impracticable to alter the law which gives the wife a presumed authority for necessaries. It is a law more applicable to the working classes than to any others, and their household affairs would come to a standstill if the husband were required to give express orders for what the wife and family require. A *written general* authority to the tradesman from the husband is as much as can be looked for. Where this is given, the inquiry is limited to the question whether the goods supplied were or were not suitable and necessary.

Circuit 47.—Judge, J. PITT TAYLOR, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Greenwich. | Lambeth. | Woolwich.

1. This is a leading question, but I distinctly answer it in the negative. The great object to be attained is, to secure the attendance of the debtor before the court, so that the judge may have the best means of ascertaining whether the non-payment of the debt has or has not arisen from inability. The only mode of enforcing the attendance of the debtor is by the present alternative of a committal. Relax the law on this point, and the debtor would scarcely ever appear. The judge would then be forced to rely on the interested testimony of plaintiffs and their agents, and the chances of an erroneous decision would be increased. As the defendant would not be bound to appear, his absence would not raise the same presumption of contumacy which is now justly inferred from his non-appearance. The real evil is not that 8,361 persons were committed for non-appearance, but that 11,500 were sent to prison in one year. This evil is caused by no defect in the law, but simply by its mal-administration. Some half-dozen of the judges, or about one-tenth of the whole number, have acted with undue severity, hence the complaints that have arisen. The proper remedy is not to alter the law, but to improve the practice. The appointment of a minister of justice, empowered as he would be to superintend and control all inferior tribunals, would at once put a stop to these abuses; and until such an officer is called into being, the functions which would devolve upon him might be at least partially performed by the Secretary of State for the Home Department. A temperate circular, signed by the Home Secretary, and sent round to the county court judges, pointing out to them the wide discrepancies that exist with respect to the exercise by them of the discretionary power of imprisonment, and suggesting the propriety of greater uniformity in the practice, would, I am persuaded, have the desired effect; but be this as it may, I feel quite sure that the proposed change in the law would not diminish, in any respect, the number of committals. It would simply give much additional trouble to plaintiffs, and it would seriously swell the costs, which would ultimately fall on defendants; for if a creditor is forced to incur expense in ascertaining and proving the position in life of his debtor, he *must* be allowed the costs of such investigation. I do not believe that *any* defendant is really ignorant of the risk he runs by non-attendance. The summons served on him personally gives him distinct notice, and the practice is well understood by the lower orders.

2. I am of opinion, that unless it be thought desirable to abolish the county courts and to leave creditors for small amounts without legal remedy, the present power of imprisonment cannot be taken away, and for the reasons given above. I think it will be very dangerous to tamper with that power in the manner proposed.

3. This question must obviously be answered in the negative; and if we consider the vast importance of credit to the poor man, who is scarcely ever in a position to obtain uniform wages throughout the whole year, and who can seldom save up money to meet his expenses when a demand for labour is slack, we shall not be slow to recognise the danger we run, if we attempt by legislation to deprive creditors of the present power of enforcing their just claims. We may in a slight degree diminish the number of prisoners, but we shall also, to a very serious extent, increase the number of our paupers.

4. I think some such alteration as the one here suggested would be desirable, though it may be a question as to the propriety of having special legislation on the subject.

5. Not bound, but permitted. I sometimes make inquiry and sometimes not. If the defendant lives near the court, was served with the summons recently, was well when served, and sends no one to answer for him, and if, moreover, no hint reaches me that his absence is caused by illness, or that he has recently been out of work or distressed for money, I treat his non-appearance as presumptive evidence of his having had ability to pay, and I commit him technically for non-appearance. In other cases I make inquiry, but still, if I am satisfied that he has had the means to pay, I commit him for non-appearance.

6. It does.

7. I do, and I examine every one who so appears; but of course I do not regard such appearance as satisfying a rule which requires *personal* attendance. If the agent, friend, or relative of the defendant can state facts which raise a doubt in my mind as to the debtor's ability to pay, I adjourn the inquiry to a future day. If the agent, &c. satisfies me that the defendant has not been able to discharge the debt, I make no order.

8. Certainly not. The debtor may have paid the creditor between the day when the judgment summons was taken out and the day of hearing.

9. I very often induce the plaintiff to consent that the warrant shall not issue if the debt be discharged within a certain time, or if the instalments be kept duly paid up. These arrangements are productive of great advantage, and are much liked both by plaintiffs and by defendants. I am persuaded that many debts are recovered in this manner which could not be recovered in any other.

10. I generally commit for seven days for small amounts, and increase the number of days in proportion to the magnitude of the debt. What I aim at is to fix the minimum period of imprisonment which will suffice to induce the debtor to pay the sum due rather than go to prison. In cases of fraud or other gross misconduct, other considerations come into operation. I should say my average number of days would be 12 or 14. I have seen a return which states 20 days as my average, but I feel sure this must be a mistake.

11. Sometimes, in cases of clear ability to pay, and of obstinate refusal, if I did not do so, I should be a very bad judge, and if the law were to prevent me from doing so, it would be a very bad law.

12. All that are necessary to make me understand

stand the case. The distance from the court to the defendant's residence, the circumstances under which the debt was contracted, the amount, the cause of the defendant's change of residence, where he has recently removed, and any other fact which under special circumstances it may be desirable for me to know. The power should be exercised sparingly and with much discretion.

13. Certainly not. This would open the door to every sort of abuse, and would otherwise be found impracticable to work. It would be extremely mischievous.

14. It certainly has. A detailed statement of my views as to the remedy would occupy too much space to be inserted here; but I may observe, generally, that I consider that the law which relates to bills of exchange and promissory notes under 5 *l.* requires a thorough remodelling, and that the operations of loan societies ought to be subjected to proper supervision. Under the present system of double contracts, one embodied in a promissory note payable at a fixed time, and the other to be collected from a book of rules relating to instalments and fines, the borrower, especially if he be an ignorant man, has no proper means provided for understanding the actual terms on which the loan is negotiated, or of judging respecting the fairness of such terms. These observations apply with still greater force to the cases of sureties, who are exposed to the chance of being grossly defrauded.

15. This would effectually ruin every brewer in the kingdom. If the question be confined to mere tippling scores it may deserve consideration, but even then any statute of limitations short of one year would, in my judgment, do much more harm than good.

16. This is a very difficult question. The first sympathies of most persons are unfavourable to tallymen, but further reflection may suggest that their trade is not without advantage to the poor. By bringing necessary articles of clothing home to the cottage, they save many a journey to the neighbouring town, and this, in the case of mothers of young families, is a very great convenience. If decent clothing were not procurable on credit, our labourers' wives and children would often be sparsely clad. No doubt the articles are sold dear, but the risk is considerable, and, as far as my experience goes, few tallymen realise fortunes. The price, therefore, seems only commensurate with the risk. I know it is said that tallymen tempt women to buy what they do not want; but my impression is that this only applies to articles of finery, and the present law is sufficiently strong to meet these cases. If a woman buys finery without her husband's consent, the draper must rely on her honour alone, and cannot enforce his claim against the husband. Few persons, be they male or female, can be tempted to purchase an undue quantity of more ordinary articles of dress, such for instance as are suited to their rank of life. I should almost as soon expect that a woman would be tempted to order four loaves of the baker who called at her cottage, when she only wanted two for her family, as that she would be improperly influenced to buy two cotton dresses when one would suffice.

Circuit 48.—Judge, JAMES ESPINASSE, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Bromley.	Maidstone.	Sheerness.
Dartford.	Rochester.	Tonbridge.
Gravesend.	Seven Oaks.	Tonbridge Wells.

1. It is my practice to make some inquiries relative to a defendant who does not appear, and if I obtain any information from which I think he ought not to be committed, I adjourn the judgment summons for one or two months. I see no objection to direct an examination, as here suggested. But as it frequently happens that no information can be given (particularly where defendants reside out of the district), I think the judge should have the power to commit for non-appearance. Where I find that the defendant, although he does not appear, has been paying money into court in satisfaction of the judgment, I do not commit, but adjourn the summons. Where the defendant *does* appear, I inquire into his means of paying, and whenever he alleges any reasonable excuse, as illness, being out of work, sickness in his family, &c., I never commit at first, but adjourn the summons for one or two months.

2. A great deal has been recently said and written upon the subject of county court committals by persons who are *utterly ignorant* of the working of the courts. To abolish the power of imprisonment would render them perfectly powerless and useless. It is the only control which those courts can have over the idle, the dissolute, and the dishonest, who, having no property of any description upon which a levy can be made, are perfectly reckless in contracting debts. It would be most unjust to afford facility to fraudulent debtors to escape with impunity from the payment of their debts, and to deprive creditors of the only security they have for their protection against such persons as I have described.

3. I am decidedly of opinion that they would not. Tradesmen, particularly the small shopkeepers with whom the poorer classes deal, would either refuse credit beyond *very* trifling sums, or perhaps increase the price of their commodities to make up for their possible losses upon those demands which they would be unable to enforce.

4. I see no objection to this alteration; but if such be made, it should also be inserted that the defendant would be liable to future commitments for subsequent defaults.

5. I have already answered this. (*Vide* No. 1.)

6. I never see the warrants of committal, which are issued by the registrar; but I should think that they do generally state "for non-appearance," as the inquiries I make can only, in almost all cases, be answered by hearsay evidence.

7. No;

7. No; because the Statute 9 & 10 Vict. requires the personal appearance of the defendant; but I allow the wife or any other person to account for the absence of the defendant in consequence of illness or other sufficient excuse. I allow no persons to appear as advocates except barristers or certificated attornies; and I think the proposed alteration liable to great objection, as it would substitute mere statements, or hearsay, for legal evidence. I have lately had a case before me, where the wife of a defendant produced a *medical certificate*, and swore that her husband was afflicted with paralysis, which turned out to be entirely false.

8. Certainly not. In such cases I always dismiss the summons.

9. No; but I very frequently direct the warrant to be suspended for some time (in some cases a month or six weeks), where I think the defendant may, by such indulgence, be able to satisfy the judgment; and this is frequently asked for by plaintiffs.

10. I consider principally the length of time which has elapsed since the recovery of the original judgment, the ability of the defendant to have paid the debt or instalments, and whether he has paid any and what sums into court. I have frequent instances where dishonest defendants have not paid a farthing during two, three, or even four years.

11. Yes; but this, I should say, is of very rare occurrence. If it be proposed to restrict the present enactments to one imprisonment, the period of 40 days should be considerably extended. The last defendant, I believe, whom I committed a second time, is a most determined ruffian, who swears he never will pay the debt (although able to do so). He said he liked going to Maidstone Gaol, as there was pleasanter society there than at Sevenoaks.

12. I have never thought it necessary to make any inquiry with reference to judgment summonses out of the district, as I have always been of opinion that it is more just that the debtor, who has delayed his creditor, and probably left the district for the purpose of getting out of the way, should be put to the trouble and expense of attending a foreign court than the creditor. I consider the power given by the 19th and 20th Vict. for this purpose a most useful one, and that it should not be altered.

13. I see no great objection to this, provided it be left to the discretion of the registrar whether the defendant should attend the court or not.

14. I am not aware that any practical evil has resulted from enabling loan societies to recover small sums. These societies very often are serviceable to persons who, from inability to lay by money for emergencies, have occasion for assistance in case of sickness or death, or to fit out their children for situations, &c. But in some places (not in my circuit) there are what are termed money clubs, which I think ought to to be declared illegal. I was not aware of their existence until I went as deputy judge on the Nottinghamshire circuit.

15. I do not see any necessity for such restriction.

16. I think that debts of this description should be most strictly investigated, and such has always been my practice. I always call for the bills, that I may judge of the articles supplied, and wherever I have found they contained items other than necessaries suitable to the condition of the husband, I have always struck them out, unless there has been an express promise by the husband to pay for them. The packmen throughout my circuit are so well aware of my strictness that they now very rarely fail in proving their cases. Perhaps it might be expedient to provide that no travelling draper or packman should recover for goods supplied to a married woman to an amount exceeding 40 shillings, unless delivered in the presence of or by the express order of the husband.

Circuit 49.—Judge, C. HARWOOD, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Ashford.	Folkstone.	Sandwich.
Canterbury.	Hythe.	Sittingbourne.
Deal.	Margate.	Tenterden and Cranbrook.
Dover.	Ramsgate.	
Faversham.	Romney.	

1. I am seldom disposed to allow any warrant to be enforced unless I am satisfied that the defendant has ability to comply with at least so much of the order as the warrant covers. I seldom commit for the whole debt and costs. I also make a point of learning from the plaintiff or the bailiff the present means of a defendant, whether such defendant be absent or not. The fear of commitment induces obedience to the orders. It seems from the returns that in my circuit the average number of imprisonments for the last five years was 28. That is, in 1854, 27; in 1855, 22; in 1856, 11; in 1857, 30; and in 1858, 50. If the power to commit for non-appearance be taken away, it might have a good effect upon such debtors if they were arrested and brought up for examination at the next court. This, however, would be almost impracticable, unless constables could be ordered to bring them up, as in cases of magistrates' summonses being neglected. The evidence relative to a debtor's ability to pay depends chiefly on himself; and I think most debtors stay away to avoid, if possible, giving evidence as to their earnings.

2. I do not see that the fear of imprisonment, as proposed to be modified, would compel persons to pay out of their future earnings any more than the order of court does now, unless a portion of such future earnings could be attached in the hands of the master who pays such earnings. A power of this kind might materially take away any necessity of imprisonment. But if this question implies that an alternative order might be made,

made, that unless the debtor paid a given sum within a given time he would be committed, such an order would be better than imprisonment for not appearing.

3. I am not aware that the power of imprisonment induces tradesmen to give credit. Their debts creep on by small balances being left unsatisfied. The debts of the labouring classes are rarely contracted all at once. I think the same credit would in my district be continued, even if the power to imprison were gone. If section 46 of the 9 & 10 Vict. had not been enacted, probably most of the judgment summonses for small sums would not have been necessary. But when this section is read in conjunction with section 49 of the 19 & 20 Vict., the power to commits seems proper.

4. I certainly think that upon payment of the sum inserted in the warrant, the debtor should be discharged from his imprisonment. This would, perhaps, lead to accounts between the gaoler and the registrar not quite convenient. But, perhaps, the gaoler might be directed to pay the amount to the registrar of the court wherein such prisoner happens to be; and such registrar might then account for it, as under foreign *fi. fa.*

5. I have in substance answered this in my reply to the first question. I almost always (if it can be done) ascertain the state of the debtor's means, and generally give him time to find the amount named in the warrant, by suspending the execution for a given time; and the plaintiff generally informs an absent debtor of this. Still I think that the plaintiff has almost a right (as the law now stands) to call for a commitment if the debtor will not attend the court.

6. If a debtor does not appear, I direct his not appearing to be inserted as the cause of his commitment, though I may have made such inquiries as I have mentioned; because his not appearing is at once a true cause of imprisonment. And when he has not been heard, it is hardly fair to say that he has been fully proved to have fallen within the other causes of commitment, though he may appear by the inquiries I make in his absence to do so.

7. I do not allow a judgment debtor to appear by an agent; but I allow his attorney to produce evidence or to cross-examine the plaintiff; and I allow the wives of debtors to state what they can on their behalf; and, of course, I allow any one authorized by the debtor to show why he is unable to appear.

8. Never on a first hearing.

9. I generally do, and this forbearance produces the money in most cases.

10. When from the evidence of the plaintiff, or the bailiff who served the process, I find that the debtor has contemptuously bid defiance to any process, or spends much of his earnings in drink, or has before had a reduced order on a former judgment summons, I think the imprisonment should not be less than one month. I often commit for 14 or 21 days; seldom for the full 40 days.

11. I do not think I have done so more than once or twice; and it was because of some gross misbehaviour on the debtor's part, coupled with his having refused to satisfy the judgment when he could have done so.

12. First, I generally inquire into the means the debtor has of being able to bear the journey from a distance. 2ndly, when he left the district, and why. 3rdly, why an execution was not successful. 4thly, what correspondence has taken place. And 5thly, whether a reduced order would not be proper.

13. I think it would not be desirable. This power to summon *out* of the district is a very valuable part of the imprisonment power, so long as imprisonment is allowed. And I never grant leave without some good reason.

14. In my circuit (East Kent) I believe there are no loan societies for lending small sums. I have some recollection of there having been one at Ashford; but about two cases only came before me, and those for a few pounds.

15. I have long been of opinion that scores at beer or public houses for tippling by labourers are not proper subjects for actions. Yet sometimes credit is properly given; and when the amount is under a small sum (say 10 *s.* or 20 *s.*) it would be fair to allow it to be recovered, if the debt were contracted within two months before the plaint was entered. The evidence would then be fresh and more satisfactory; and the contrary swearing which so often occurs would be avoided.

16. I think this kind of dealing is, to the honest labourer, a great convenience; but it is a sad scourge to those who are not thrifty. There must be great, if not unfair profit, to clear the risks the travelling drapers run. If the things sold do not appear to be for household or plain purposes, I require some evidence of the husband's knowledge of the wife's dealings. Mine being chiefly an agricultural district, I seldom hear of any complaints against packmen. They seldom sue for recent debts; and there would be fewer plaints if the labourers' wives would keep up their small periodical payments to the packman, and not deal with rival ones when they happen to be behind. This is the reason why bakers, as well as packmen, generally sue for their small balances.

Circuit 50.—Judge, Wm. FURNER, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Arundel.	East Grinstead.	Petworth.
Brighton.	Hastings.	Reigate.
Chichester.	Horsham.	Rye.
Cuckfield.	Lewes.	Worthing.
Dorking.	Midhurst.	

(Member of the Committee to which the answers are addressed.)

Circuit 51.—Judge, C. J. GALE, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Alton.	Newport.	Romsey.
Basingstoke.	Petersfield.	Southampton.
Bishop's Waltham.	Portsmouth.	Winchester.
Lymington.		

1. I am decidedly of opinion that commitments for non-appearance should be abolished.

2. Yes. I am of opinion that if the power of imprisonment is materially curtailed, the county courts might as well be abolished. I see it has been proposed to enact that no person shall be committed more than twice. I believe it will be found on inquiry that very few persons have been committed more than twice; but I believe it to be essential that the power so to commit should remain. If the proposed change were made, it should at all events be confined to debts under 20*l.*, otherwise every plaintiff would issue costs in the superior courts, which might be followed by a *ca. sa.*, then an imprisonment under a *ca. sa.* a defendant could be liberated only by payment of the debts, or going through the Insolvent Court.

3. No. Political economy teaches that the greater the risk of losing a debt the higher price the creditor must demand.

4. I see no objection to the proposed alteration.

5. (*a*) No. (*b*) Generally; but I have not always done so. (*See* answer to question No. 1.)

6. Yes.

7. No; but I see no reason why he should not be allowed to do so.

8. Certainly not. The case is struck out.

9. No; the warrant is sometimes ordered to be suspended, but not always.

10. No.

11. Yes.

12. I inquire as to the amount of the debt, and whether the defendant's circumstances are such that he may be able to appear if he wishes to do so. I may observe that, for reasons foreign to this inquiry, I never issue judgment summonses to any districts out of the county.

13. No.

14. I believe not; but I think loan societies are a perfect nuisance, and that the exemptions from stamp duty which were given to them, on the supposition of their being benevolent societies, should be abrogated.

15. I am of opinion that debts for beer should be put into the same predicament as debts for spirits. The proposed limitation I most strongly protest against, as holding out a very great inducement to perjury, which would be much facilitated by the loose mode in which beersellers keep their accounts, which is sometimes by chalk on a door and sometimes on a slate.

16. It is unfortunate, but I believe inevitable, that the labouring classes pay more than their superiors for everything they buy. Credit is absolutely necessary to them, if they are not to go naked; and I believe they are better served by the packmen, sometimes termed duffers, than they are by the small shopkeepers. The former always give bills with the prices of the article marked on it, and the sums paid are receipted on the same bill. Of course I presume that the judge does his duty, and disallows debts contracted by the wife for articles which are not necessary to a person in the debtor's station in life. I am very strongly of opinion that no person should be committed to prison for debts under 20*s.* The exigencies of society do not require that the payment of such small sums should be enforced by means so onerous on the counties and on the general taxation of the country. I think, also, that in all cases of commitment the whole cost should in the first instance be paid by the plaintiff, and not thrown on the court. I think, also, that the expense of taking out a judgment summons should be more than that of taking out execution against the goods. I have already reason to complain that at Portsmouth the latter remedy is almost disused. I believe, also, it would be beneficial to enact that no costs should be given to the plaintiff in the county courts unless 5*s.* be recovered, or the judge should certify that some right came in question.

Circuit 52.—Judge, CAMILLE F. D. CAILLARD, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Bath.	Devizes.	Swindon.
Bradford.	Frome.	Trowbridge.
Calne.	Marlborough.	Warminster.
Chippenham.	Melksham.	Westbury.

1. I think it is desirable that the law should be altered as here suggested. Practically it has been so administered throughout Circuit No. 52, late 53.

2. Yes, I am. In the majority of cases for the recovery of small debts, the earnings of the defendants are their only real means of payment, and the dread of imprisonment is the only efficacious motive for payment when such debtors can pay out of their earnings, but will not unless compelled.

3. I strongly think that they would not, and that, if the matter be thoroughly sifted, the result of wholly taking away from the courts the power of imprisonment will be found to be this: the dishonest working man will be sheltered from imprisonment

prisonment at the cost of his honest and deserving fellow-worker. There are times and circumstances in which members of the working classes inevitably require credit, and even in which, generally speaking, they would not obtain credit at all, or would obtain it only on hard terms, and from the inferior sort of tradesmen, were there not some means of compelling payment out of future earnings.

4. I think this would be a great improvement.

5. I do not consider that if a judgment debtor does not appear to a judgment summons I am *bound* to commit him to prison; on the contrary, before ordering his commitment, I have invariably made inquiry so as to satisfy myself to the best of my power that he ought to be committed for some or one of the causes here referred to.

6. Yes, very frequently the warrant states only this, and the court minutes show no more; but the fact, nevertheless, is that (in Circuit No. 52, at all events) a judgment creditor is not committed for mere non-appearance.

7. I allow the judgment debtor to appear by agent so far as to give the latter an opportunity of explaining why the debtor does not appear; and if a good reason be shown, then practically I treat the appearance as sufficient. I also interrogate the agent as to the debtor's means of payment. I think that *primâ facie* the judgment debtor should come and answer for himself; that best enables the judge to deal with the case.

8. Never. The practice on this circuit has been to "strike out" the case under such circumstances.

9. The way in which I provide for this is by suspending the issuing of the warrant for such a period as I think may enable the debtor to pay, or, at least, to make some arrangements with the creditor, who, very generally, does not have the warrant issued if the debtor shows good faith by paying even part of the debt before the expiration of the period of suspension. I would here observe, that in making the order for payment on the hearing, I take great pains to make such an order only as the debtor can be reasonably expected to comply with. Again, on the hearing of the judgment summons, I take great pains to ascertain whether, since the order, the debtor has been able to obey it. And, upon the result of my inquiries, I sometimes adjourn the hearing of the summons to the next court, thus giving further opportunity to the debtor for obeying the order, or, more frequently, I rescind the former order for payment, and make a fresh order, by which, if I see occasion, I diminish the amount of the instalments. I look upon commitment as the last resource, but I think that resource should not be taken away.

10. I have no positive rule, but looking upon the power of commitment as I do, that is, as a power involving much responsibility, and one to be exercised only when other remedies fail, and there is obstinacy or dishonesty, I seldom commit for less than 10 days. I also seldom commit for more, save in strong cases.

11. Only in cases of perverse obstinacy or great dishonesty.

12. I give leave for the judgment summons to issue upon the answer or statement on oath of the judgment creditor that the debt is unpaid, and that the debtor has ceased to dwell within the district in which judgment was obtained. I found this to be the established practice throughout Circuit 52, and acted upon it.

13. No; I do not. I think such affidavits would be very loosely made, and I strongly think that whatever takes place upon a judgment summons should be in open court.

14. There are so few loan societies in Circuit No. 52, and so few plaints entered by these societies, that, beyond stating these facts, I have no experience enabling me to answer the question.

15. Certainly, as regards beer sold *by retail.*

16. I think such credit should be discouraged. I very much question whether any direct legislative enactment on the subject would be useful. In my opinion, the existing state of the law as to the husband's liability sufficiently enables county court judges to protect him in suits by packmen; but I would make a suggestion which appears to me to be worthy of attention, and to be of general application, viz., that the period of bar under the Statute of Limitations should, as to *all* debts not exceeding 40 *s.*, be reduced to three years.

Circuit 53.—Judge, JAMES FRANCILLON, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Cheltenham.	Malmesbury.	Stroud.
Cirencester.	Newent.	Tewkesbury.
Dursley.	Newnham.	Winchcomb.
Gloucester.	Northleach.	

1. I do not consider the suggested alteration of the law desirable, inasmuch as in cases in which other causes for commitment than non-appearance exist, it would subject the plaintiffs to the expense of bringing witnesses to prove facts which, if the defendants obeyed the law by appearing, they ought to admit.

2. I think that a power of commitment, whether modified as suggested or not, should exist, inasmuch as, in a great majority of cases, persons who owe small sums of money are without goods which can be taken in execution.

3. No.

4. No. (*See* my answer to the next question.)

5. I do not consider that in case of non-appearance, I am absolutely bound to commit the defendants, but the words of the section, and the intention of the Legislature are so clear with reference to this point, that I very seldom consider myself justified in refusing commitment for non-appearance. I always, in such a case, ask the plaintiff, on oath, if he has anything to say; and if he says anything, I make appropriate inquiries to guide me in fixing the duration of the imprisonment.

6. Yes; that is, I presume, that the registrars, according to my intention, so word the warrant; the non-appearance being the more clearly ascertained ground for the commitment.

7. No. The law requires the personal appearance of the defendant, subjecting him to the alternative of imprisonment. To permit him to appear by an agent would encourage him to withhold

hold evidence of facts within his own personal knowledge.

8. The cause is struck out, and nothing is done.

9. But I very commonly make a separate order that the warrant shall not be issued if the debt is paid in a specified manner, or while specified instalments are paid. I find this a very beneficial practice.

10. No; I have failed in every attempt I have made, whether as a county court judge or as a chairman of quarter sessions, to devise a scale of punishments or anything like it. I find the only practicable course is that of taking the circumstances of each case into consideration.

11. Yes; with the words of the Act of Parliament before me, I cannot in many cases avoid this; but I usually require to be shown a second ca use of commitment. Non-appearance is obviously an instance of this.

12. I make inquiries as to the places at which the defendant lived, when the debt was contracted, when the judgment was given, and at the time of the application; and also as to the plaintiff's residence; and I make other inquiries which the apparent circumstances of the case suggest.

13. No. The defendant would thus avoid personal examination, which in such a case seems to me so greatly desirable that I think a defendant who refuses to submit to it ought to be punished.

14. I think I have met with a few instances of sureties to loan societies being ruined by the liabilities they have incurred for others; but I am unable to suggest a remedy for this evil, or for the still greater similar evils caused by the readiness with which usurers, to be found in all great towns, lend money upon bills, taking ruinous discounts. I fear it is impossible to check by legislation the plunder of the needy by unscrupulous possessors of money. Evils of this class have in all countries and in all times been beyond the control of laws and legislators.

15. I am very decidedly of opinion that no debt should be recoverable for beer or cider supplied in small quantities. Labouring men, especially the married, are more frequently embarrassed and otherwise demoralised by being permitted and encouraged by publicans to drink without paying at the time than by any other means. This I think the chief cause of the ruin of many labourers. Their wives and children are the chief sufferers.

16. Yes. I think it should be discouraged by great care on the part of the county court judges in satisfying themselves of the wives having had the express or implied authority of their husbands to contract debts which travelling traders seek to recover. For the last few years I have perceived a marked improvement in the character and modes of dealing of packmen who come before me.

Circuit 54.—Judge, Sir J. E. EARDLEY WILMOT, Bart.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Bristol. | Chipping Sodbury. | Thornbury.

1. No alteration is, in my opinion, desirable. In the Circuit 55, the bailiff informs each debtor, on serving him personally with the judgment summons, that if he does not appear personally on the day fixed for hearing, he will be sent to prison. Little reliance could be placed in his absence on the evidence of the creditor or his agent as to the debtor's means of payment. If the law were altered as proposed, no debtor would ever appear.

2. A power of imprisonment must continue to exist *if the poor are to have credit.* If they are to be denied the credit, which the rich have the benefit of, imprisonment may be abolished. It is to be remembered that in most cases they (the poor) have no goods upon which execution can attach. In very many cases it is most beneficial to the poor to have credit; of course there are some exceptions, as in the case of beer accounts, travelling chapmen, &c.

3. Certainly not.

4. Not necessary. It is always understood by the debtor.

5. Having warned him, as mentioned in reply to Question 1, I consider myself bound to commit him; but I invariably, in cases where he *does appear,* make the plaintiff assent to the warrant not being enforced, if the defendant goes on with his payments as ordered by the court.

6. The warrant would not be altered by such inquiry. It would state that the debtor was committed for non-appearance.

7. Never. I require him to confront the creditor, and reply to any questions put to him on oath. I disapprove of agents being allowed to appear in such cases, as tending to evasion, misrepresentation, and fraud.

8. Never. The case is immediately struck out. Nor do I commit, except in some very few cases, where the defendant appears, and the plaintiff does not come himself, but sends some of his family in his place, or his wife.

9. I almost always direct the plaintiff to suspend the warrant, if the defendant *goes on* with his payments, without reference to *instalments* which *are due.* This course satisfies both parties, and if defendant goes to prison, it is his own act. If he is unable to pay according to the order of the court, he can always come to the court, after notice given to the plaintiff, and ask me to suspend the order. The order cannot be *altered* after judgment, which is a defect in the statute. Orders can only be altered under a *judgment* summons.

10. Above 1*l.* for 21 days; above 8*s.*, 15 days; under 8*s.* and above 5*s.*, 10 days; under 5*s.*, 7 days. In extreme cases, *e.g.*, for fraud, &c., for 28 or 30 days; not once in 12 months for 40 days.

11. *Yes.* These are generally cases of incorrigible obstinacy, and determination not to pay.

12. That the judgment has been obtained within my own district. This privilege is beneficial to the debtor, who can *come up* at much less expense than the creditor can *go down,* the law allowing him 6*d.* per mile for travelling expenses.

13. Not *desirable,* as such proceeding would take place behind the back of the creditor.

14. My experience at Bristol has not led me to the opinion that the county court system has much increased these loans.

15. This would operate harshly on the debtor. It would be better to say that not more than a certain

certain quantity of beer sold to the same person on one day should be recovered for. If *time* is to be specified, 12 months' credit should be the extreme limit. Old beer scores of two or three years are not unusual, *and of course* most difficult of proof.

16. I have invariably discouraged it. It is a great curse to the labouring population. It causes more misery and strife, and sometimes bloodshed, in families than any other cause of quarrel. I require in all cases that where goods are sold at defendants' *houses* by chapmen or duffers, as they are called, the *written* assent of the husband is necessary, and I also strike out all articles of *finery* from the bill. Even with these precautions, I am aware that the chapmen evade the law. They get the wives to come to their shops, and it is very difficult to say that where a woman respectably dressed enters a shop and orders goods, she is to bring the written assent of her husband with her. If these travelling dealers could somehow or other be put down, three-fifths of the Bristol cases (judgment summonses included) would be got rid of.

In conclusion, I would respectfully suggest that the whole county court system should undergo revision by a commission *not* of county court judges. It has many defects, but also is susceptible of very great improvements, and might be usefully extended to equity business.

Circuit 55.—Judge, E. EVERETT, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Andover.	Fordinbridge.	Wareham.
Blandford.	Poole.	Weymouth.
Bridport.	Salisbury.	Wimborne Minster.
Christchurch.	Shaftesbury.	Wincanton.
Dorchester.		

1. I think the experiment would be worth trying; but in many cases the non-appearance is nothing more than obstinacy towards the creditor, and treating the court with contempt. Often the non-appearance has been preceded by non-appearance at the trial, and judgment has gone by default. In these last cases, the creditor would be without remedy unless the debtor was subject to imprisonment.

2. Certainly; the power should remain, but subject to a limit, as, for instance, one period of imprisonment only instead of more, or a fixed number of days, as the penalty.

3. Certainly not. The courts, without such power, in many cases would be useless. When a man has furniture and a house, imprisonment is not resorted to. Except in cases of fraud, the creditor has a better remedy by distress; but when the debtors are lodgers only, the tradesmen would trust them much less but for the power of imprisonment.

4. I think the experiment would be worth trying.

5. Non-appearance is a contempt of court, and it is in the *discretion* of a judge to deal with it as such. There are no imperative words, I apprehend, in the Act or sect. 99 to compel the judge to commit. "If he shall think fit," seem to give him full discretion.

I inquire (but the bailiff who serves the summons is in most cases the only person who can give any information) the cause of no appearance. If I can learn nothing, I commit; if it appears simply a case of poverty, I make terms with the creditor, and with his consent the execution is stayed till the defendant has the opportunity of complying with the terms. Many a defendant, with the warrant held over him *in terrorem*, complies, and pays instalments without any imprisonment.

6. Yes.

7. No; I require the judgment debtor to appear, as a rule: the Act empowers the plaintiff to examine him. The plaintiff takes instalments often without paying them into court; and unless the defendant is present, you cannot be certain how the debt stands. The wife of the debtor sometimes appears, and if the plaintiff is satisfied with the terms offered, I do not commit for contempt.

8. Not without the judgment creditor appears and requests the interference of the court.

9. Frequently. (*See* answer to No. 8.)

10. According to circumstances; and if an obstinate case I am guided. Twenty-one days generally is the period, if not an aggravated case.

11. Occasionally, but not without inquiry if the debtor is in the same circumstances.

12. Inquiries vary according to the circumstances.

13. It would lead to no result, as in most cases the debtor would evade his promise. Nothing *but* a warrant held *in terrorem* would avail.

The experience in these courts prove how little honesty can be relied on among the working population of the class that are summoned.

14. I have no experience in this district of the interests of society suffering by the loan of small sums by societies. It applies more to the metropolis and large cities.

15. One month is too short in agricultural districts; for the hay and corn harvests the labourer is not paid the whole of his earnings for six weeks and even more; and the beer bill is running during the whole time; also in turf cutting, wood cutting, and grubbing, and such like work, which is performed by contract, the job often lasts over two months, or more, and the beer bill is not looked for till the end, when the balance for the labour is paid.

16. There is a difficulty attending these bills; to interfere with the freedom of trade is dangerous, and the credit given is in many cases beneficial, particularly as very small instalments, such as 2 *s.* a month only, are paid.

The evil attending it is the exorbitant charge made by packmen to enable them to give long credit. In these cases, if brought before me, I make smaller instalments than in others; and I think leaving the judge a discretion, with a limit that the imprisonment should not exceed 21 days or other given time, except there is fraud, would work well.

Circuit 56.—Judge, CHARLES SAUNDERS, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Axbridge.	Langport.	Wells.
Bridgewater.	Taunton.	Weston-super-Mare.
Chard.	Temple Cloud.	Williton.
Crewkerne.	Wellington.	Yeovil.

1. An *ex parte* inquiry would be very unsatisfactory, and I do not think that the change would be beneficial.

2. I am not.

3. I think that the terms of credit and the facility of procuring it would be influenced if the power were taken away.

4. I think that in many cases it might be useful to make such alteration in the warrant.

5. I do not consider myself bound to commit in every case of non-appearance, but exercise a discretion according to circumstances.

6. The warrant states that he is committed for not appearing to the summons.

7. I frequently do; especially the wife for the husband.

8. I do not commit.

9. I frequently give such directions, but in the generality of cases they are unnecessary.

10. I have no rule but to commit for the shortest period likely to answer the intended purpose.

11. Sometimes, but not without strong reason.

12. Principally as to the amount of the debt and the probable means of payment.

13. I think that this affidavit would be of very little use.

14. I have no instances of debts by loans of such societies.

15. I think that a month is too short a time for limitation.

16. I think the system of giving credit pernicious, but I do not see how legislation can be substituted for prudence.

Circuit 57.—Judge, JOHN TYRRELL, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Axminster.	Crediton.	South Molton.
Barnstaple.	Exeter.	Tiverton.
Bideford.	Honiton.	Torrington.

1. This latter has been my practice, but it may be desirable to declare that such practice is the law.

2. Though the power of imprisonment should be exercised with great discretion, I am satisfied *it ought to be retained.*

3. Credit is, I think, detrimental to the labouring classes, except in case of sickness or being thrown out of work.

4. Yes, decidedly.

5. I do not. I require *some* evidence, from the defendant's mode of living or otherwise, that he is in a position to pay the debt; *but* I am satisfied with less evidence on this score when the defendant resides *within* my district, and *will not* either attend or send his wife or other agent.

6. Yes, unless an agent appear.

7. Certainly I do. The wife usually appears and states that her husband has gone out to work, "*the first day's work he has had for a month,*" or that "he has gone from home to seek for work."

8. Certainly not. I assume the matter to be *settled*, and strike out the summons.

9. Except in very bad cases, *I invariably* give time, and generally all the time asked for, *one, two,* or *three months,* stating at the same time to the defendants that the case is now out of my hands, and they must look to their own punctuality.

10. No *absolute rule*; but I am unwilling to commit for more than a week or fortnight for sums under 15*s.*, and even then I frequently give *one, two,* or even three months wherein to pay the debt.

11. I do not remember having committed any defendant *more than twice*, and then only when I found *ample ability* to pay, accompanied by a *determination* not to do so. Under similar circumstances I should not hesitate to commit *over and over again.*

12. When the judgment was obtained. Whether, looking at the amount and the defendant's position in life, he has probably had time to pay the debt, and whether the *plaintiff* has *lately* made inquiries about the defendant, and has good reason to believe that he has the means of paying the debt.

13. Most unquestionably! and I should place a conspicuous notice to that effect on the judgment summons, and let the registrar of the foreign court transmit the affidavit to the registrar of the home court; and such affidavit should state the nature and value of the defendant's property (if any), whether he is a master tradesman, and in what business, or working for one or more masters, and the amount of his earnings.

14. I should limit the recovery by loan societies to the sum *actually advanced*, and 5 per cent. interest *thereon*; and as the borrower from these societies has usually paid some instalments on account, I should allow him 5 per cent. interest on these repayments from the time they were so repaid.

15. I should place beer or cider "drunk on the premises" upon *precisely* the same footing with spirits under the "Tippling Act," or enact that no debt for beer or cyder should be recoverable unless delivered in cask or bottle to the value of 4*s.* 6*d.* at one time.

16. *Decidedly.* I would render all debts contracted with *travelling drapers, tea-dealers, packmen,* or *pedlars,* or with the *travelling servants* or agents of *drapers* or *tea-dealers* irrecoverable, whether licensed hawkers or not.

Circuit 58.—Judge, M. FORTESCUE, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Camelford.	Kingsbridge.	Oakhampton.
East Stonehouse.	Launceston.	Tavistock.
Holsworthy.	Newton Abbott.	Totnes.

1. Having invariably refused myself to commit for non-appearance simply, I am able to say with confidence that the abolition of such power will in no degree impair the efficiency of the courts, and I think it desirable that it should be abolished. I should, moreover, think it desirable to abolish the power of committal for contracting a debt without having at the time reasonable expectation of being able to pay it; such term being so differently understood by different people; and I think the powers given should be precise and definite.

2. I think it should be so continued; my reasons will appear in my answer to the next question.

3. I feel a very strong opinion that they would not. I believe that, in times of sickness or temporary want of employment, they would have no other resource than the workhouse, or would have to pay double for the risk run by the seller; the total abolition of the power of committal would thus be a relief to the dishonest at the expense of the honest debtor.

4. I think the judge should have the power of modifying the warrant by annexing such terms to its execution as he thinks fit, and that such terms should be expressed in the warrant. My own practice always has been, first to order that the warrant should not issue for one month, and that it should not issue then if one of the instalments originally ordered is paid, and not at all if such instalments are regularly kept up monthly; this has answered admirably. Doubting my power to annex such conditions, I always obtain the creditor's consent to the arrangement; but it is defective in this respect, that if one default is made, I have no further power, and the debtor may be sent to prison unless all the instalments due on the original judgment order are paid, which is an evil in my opinion; as in all cases where instalments are in arrear, the debtor is as little able to pay them all up at once as he would be to pay the whole debt.

5. I never commit for non-appearance, but always satisfy myself, by examination of the plaintiff and the officers of the court, as to the state of the debtor's means of payment, his employment, wages, number of his family, their ages, and health at that time; notwithstanding that I have made most particular inquiries on the same subjects before, when I made the order for payment, and satisfied myself that at that time he was well able to pay the instalments ordered, without any severe privation in consequence thereof; so that I can affirm without doubt that no man has been sent to jail in my circuit, excepting for non-payment, having had the means of paying. I made an order of committal for fraud at Totnes on the 7th day of this month for the first time. I consider *that* rather a dangerous cause of committal, as very many might differ in opinion as to what did or did not constitute fraud in contracting a debt.

6. It states that he is committed for not appearing to the summons.

7. I always allow the judgment debtor to appear by agent.

8. If neither appear, I order the case to be struck out.

9. I have already stated my practice in this respect in my answer to the fourth question, and that I think it advisable that greater powers should be given to the judges of modifying the effect of the warrant than at present appear to exist.

10. When I first was appointed to this circuit, I contemplated, and in one or two instances attempted, a classification of the periods of commitment according to the amount of the debt and other circumstances; but I found almost immediately that the debtors were so well aware of the cost and inconvenience occasioned to the country and the creditor, by submitting to these short periods of imprisonment in comparison with the slight inconvenience sustained by themselves, the county gaol being so far remote from every part of my circuit, that I deemed it necessary to abandon the use of committal as a punishment, and use it only as a means of compelling the debtor to pay his just debt, having first indisputably ascertained his means of doing so by the instalments ordered. I therefore always make an order for committal for 30 days, suspending the issue of the warrant as mentioned in my answer to the fourth question; considering that a party who obstinately refuses, although able to pay a small debt, should be compelled to do so with quite as much rigour as one who owes a large debt.

11. As a general rule, I do not; I did so in one instance, under peculiar circumstances.

12. I have always felt much difficulty in understanding the intention of the Legislature on this subject; the registrar has power to grant the original summons, and the judge is bound to hear the case, and it certainly seemed to me, that if a party was entitled to have his cause tried in my district, he was entitled to have his judgment summons in the same, as no cause could be shown against the order for committal which might have been urged as a defence at the trial. I generally ask when the date accrued, whether it is still unsatisfied, why the plaintiff did not sue before the debtor left the district, what his means of payment are, how he knows his information to be correct. In most cases, a letter is received in reply to the summons offering terms.

13. I think the course suggested to be a most advisable one, but that the registrar should have instructions to cross-examine him, and direct the bailiff of his district to make inquiries as to the truth of the debtor's statement.

14. Certainly not, in my circuit; since I have been judge of it, I only remember one plaint brought for a sum lent by a loan society.

15. In quantities less than a certain number of gallons; so limited, I think much benefit would result from such alteration of the law.

16. I consider this an extremely difficult question to answer; no doubt the system of credit

given by these parties is in many instances injurious; but I consider that the same system, pursued by the small village shopkeeper, is as much or even more so; as the latter have their books and accounts so badly kept, that it is difficult to make out whether the debt claimed be a just one or not; whereas the itinerant vendors, who are usually Scotchmen, have their books kept in the most exact manner; and I have rarely found any inaccuracy in them. Both classes are in the habit of selling goods to a considerable amount at one time, receiving payment thereof in small periodical sums of a 1*s.* a week or month, according to the amount of wages received by the buyer. Receiving these periodical payments, they still go on trusting; always keeping the poor person in their debt, and rarely pressing them for payment, unless they commence dealing with another man. This keeps the poor man in a state of continual thraldom; prevents his carrying his money to any other market, and compels him to go on buying to avoid being pressed for what is already due. This, of course, is a great evil; but one which I fear it would almost be impossible wholly to put an end to, as the poor are so improvident that they never would save up a sufficient sum to purchase clothing, bedding, and furniture for their families. According to the best judgment I have been able to form upon the matter, I think an enactment similar to that proposed in the case of beer would be the best remedy; namely, that no person should be allowed to sue for any sum under a certain amount after the lapse of one year. In case of the supply of any costly article to a wife, not adapted for the use of the family, I should require express proof of the husband's authority for the purchase, or any clear proof of his subsequent recognition of the contract; but I have rarely met with a case of this latter description on my circuit.

Circuit 59.—Judge, C. D. BEVAN, Esq.

Places at which the Judge sits.

Bodmin.	Liskeard.	St. Austell.
Falmouth.	Penzance.	St. Columb Major.
Helstone.	Redruth.	Truro.

No answers received.

RETURN of the QUESTIONS addressed by the COMMITTEE of COUNTY COURT JUDGES to all the JUDGES of those COURTS, on COUNTY COURT COMMITMENTS, and the ANSWERS received thereto.

(*Mr. Fitz Roy.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
8 *April* 1867.

[*Price* 9 *d.*]

209.

Under 8 *oz.*

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 26 March 1867;—*for*,

"RETURNS, from every COUNTY COURT in *England* and *Wales*, of the Total Number of PLAINTS Entered in each Court from the 1st day of January to the 31st day of December 1866, both days inclusive; distinguishing those not exceeding £. 20; those above £. 20 and not exceeding £. 50; and those by Agreement above £. 50:"

"Of the Total Number of CASES for TRIAL during the same Period sent from the Superior Courts under the Act 19 & 20 Vict. c. 118, s. 26:"

"Of the Total Number of CAUSES determined during the same Period; distinguishing those with a Jury and those without a Jury:"

"Of the Total Number of JUDGMENTS during the same Period; distinguishing those for Plaintiff; for Plaintiff by Consent; for Plaintiff by Default under the Act 19 & 20 Vict. c. 108, s. 28; Nonsuits; and those for Defendant:"

"Of the Total Number of JUDGMENT SUMMONSES issued during the same Period:"

"Of the Total Number of JUDGMENT SUMMONSES heard during the same Period:"

"Of the Total Number of WARRANTS of COMMITMENT issued during the same Period:"

"Of the Total Number of DEBTORS Imprisoned during the same Period:"

"Of the Total Number of EXECUTIONS against GOODS issued during the same Period, and of the Total Amount of SALES made:"

"Of the Total Number of APPEALS during the said Period:"

"Of the Total Number of ORDERS to Stay Proceedings during the same Period:"

"Of the Total Number of WRITS CERTIORARI to Remove Proceedings during the same Period:"

"Of the Total Number of DAYS the COURT has Sat during the same Period:"

"Of the Total Amount for which PLAINTS were Entered during the same Period:"

"Of the JUDGMENTS obtained by PLAINTIFFS on original Hearings during the same Period, showing Amount of Debts (exclusively) and Amount of Costs (exclusive of Fees):"

"Of the Total Amount of FEES on all Proceedings during the same Period:"

"Of the Total Number of ADJUDICATIONS in BANKRUPTCY during the same Period, and the Gross Produce realised:"

"Of the Total Number of EQUITABLE PROCEEDINGS during the same Period:"

"And, of the Name of the JUDGE of each CIRCUIT, the Date of his Call and of his Appointment, and the Amount of his Salary and Allowance for Travelling Expenses for the Year 1866."

Plaints Entered.			Causes sent from the Superior Court, under sec. 26, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 118.	Causes Determined.		Judgment.					Judgment Summonses.		Warrants of Commitment.		Executions against Goods.	
Not exceeding £. 20.	Above £. 20 and not exceeding £. 50	By Agreement above £. 50.		With a Jury.	Without a Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Plaintiff by Consent.	For Plaintiff by Default, sec. 28, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 108.	Nonsuit.	For Defendant.	Issued.	Heard.	Issued.	Debtors Imprisoned.	Issued.	Sales made.

Appeals.	Orders to Stay Proceedings.	Certiorari to Remove Proceedings.	Total Number of Days Court has Sat.	Total Amount for which Plaints Entered.	Judgments obtained by Plaintiff on original Hearings.		Total Amount of Fees on all Proceedings.	Bankruptcy.		Equitable Proceedings.
					Amount of Debts (exclusively).	Amount of Costs (exclusive of Fees).		Adjudications.	Gross Produce realised.	
				£.	£.	£.	£.			

(*Mr. Norwood.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
30 *April* 1867.

RETURNS, from every COUNTY COURT in *England* and *Wales*, of the Total Number of PLAINTS Entered in each not exceeding £. 20; those above £. 20 and not exceeding £. 50; and those by Agreement above £. 50:—Of the c. 118, s. 26:—Of the Total Number of CAUSES Determined during the same Period; distinguishing those with those for Plaintiff; for Plaintiff by Consent; for Plaintiff by Default under the Act 19 & 20 Vict. c. 108, s. 28; Period:—Of the Total Number of JUDGMENT SUMMONSES heard during the same Period:—Of the Total Number during the same Period:—Of the Total Number of EXECUTIONS against GOODS issued during the same Period, and of of ORDERS to Stay Proceedings during the same Period:—Of the Total Number of WRITS CERTIORARI to Remove the Total Amount for which PLAINTS were Entered during the same Period:—Of the JUDGMENTS obtained by PLAINTIFFS sive of Fees):—Of the Total Amount of FEES on all Proceedings during the same Period:—Of the Total Amount of EQUITABLE PROCEEDINGS during the same Period:—And, of the Name of the JUDGE of each CIRCUIT, the Date of Year 1866.

	COURT TOWN.	Plaints Entered.			Cases for Trial sent from the Superior Courts, under s. 26, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 118.	Causes. Determined.		Judgments.					Judgment Summonses.		Warrants of Commitment.	
		Not exceeding £. 20.	Above £. 20 and not exceeding £. 50.	By Agreement above £. 50.		With a Jury.	Without a Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Plaintiff by Consent.	For Plaintiff by Default, s. 28, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 108.	Nonsuit.	For Defendant.	Issued.	Heard.	Issued.	Debtors Imprisoned.
	CIRCUIT 1.															
(1)	Alnwick	198	1	0	0	2	75	55	13	1	4	4	4	0	0	0
(2)	Belford	62	1	0	0	1	31	26	1	0	2	3	8	4	2	1
(3)	Bellingham	106	3	0	0	0	48	45	1	0	1	1	6	3	1	0
(4)	Berwick	221	3	0	0	0	82	60	17	0	2	3	4	5	3	1
(5)	Gateshead	2,409	7	0	0	2	1,469	976	455	0	12	28	228	158	95	24
(6)	Hexham	301	3	0	1	6	136	106	29	1	2	4	20	10	5	2
(7)	Morpeth	635	12	0	0	4	363	265	85	0	11	6	47	27	10	5
(8)	Newcastle-on-Tyne	4,456	12	0	0	11	2,619	1,612	917	1	58	42	405	215	124	34
(9)	North Shields	1,681	28	0	0	2	1,043	624	382	1	22	16	116	58	37	10
(10)	Rothbury	83	0	0	0	0	32	20	8	0	0	4	2	0	0	0
(11)	Wooler	93	1	0	0	1	38	31	3	0	1	4	3	1	1	0
	TOTALS	10,245	71	0	1	29	5,936	3,820	1,911	4	115	115	843	481	278	77
	CIRCUIT 2:															
(1)	Bishop Auckland	1,668	19	0	0	1	1,153	781	344	5	11	13	42	22	13	5
(2)	Durham	3,129	12	0	1	2	1,853	1,396	409	3	19	28	109	64	36	12
(3)	Hartlepool	1,255	33	0	0	0	728	497	199	2	15	15	92	49	22	9
(4)	Seaham Harbour	1,146	3	0	0	0	765	455	299	0	5	6	72	51	22	7
(5)	Shotley Bridge	1,815	7	0	0	0	998	788	175	3	11	21	98	60	26	13
(6)	South Shields	1,931	28	0	0	1	1,237	824	387	2	17	8	184	84	33	13
(7)	Sunderland	4,866	54	0	1	1	3,292	2,243	1,004	2	23	21	266	157	78	25
(8)	Wolsingham	232	2	0	0	0	84	55	25	0	2	2	2	0	1	0
	TOTALS	16,042	158	0	2	5	10,110	7,039	2,842	17	103	114	865	487	231	84

Court from the 1st day of January to the 31st day of December 1866, both days inclusive; distinguishing those Total Number of Cases for Trial during the same Period sent from the Superior Courts, under the Act 19 & 20 Vict. a Jury and those without a Jury:—Of the Total Number of Judgments during the same Period; distinguishing Nonsuits; and those for Defendant:—Of the Total Number of Judgment Summonses issued during the same of Warrants of Commitment issued during the same Period:—Of the Total Number of Debtors Imprisoned the Total Amount of Sales made:—Of the Total Number of Appeals during the same Period:—Of the Total Number Proceedings during the same Period:—Of the Total Number of Days the Court has Sat during the same Period:—Of on original Hearings during the same Period, showing Amount of Debts (exclusively) and Amount of Costs (exclu- Adjudications in Bankruptcy during the same Period, and the Gross Produce realised:—Of the Total Number of his Call and of his Appointment, and the Amount of his Salary and Allowance for Travelling Expenses for the

Executions against Goods.		Appeals.	Orders to Stay Proceedings.	Certiorari to Remove Proceedings.	Total Number of Days Court has Sat.	Total Amount for which Plaints Entered.	Judgments obtained by Plaintiffs on original Hearings.		Total Amount of Fees on all the aforesaid Proceedings.	Bankruptcy.		Equitable Proceedings.	
Issued.	Sales made.						Amount of Debts (exclusively).	Amount of Costs (exclusive of Fees).		Adjudication.	Gross Produce realised.		
						£.	£.	£.	£.		£.		
34	1	0	0	0	11	533	139	50	69	1	9	Nil.	(1)
9	0	0	0	0	6	203	85	13	30	0	0	„	(2)
6	0	0	0	0	6	338	132	11	39	0	7	„	(3)
15	0	0	0	0	6	655	263	14	83	0	0	„	(4)
292	2	0	2	0	17	4,195	2,300	30	640	4	80	„	(5)
25	0	0	0	0	6	1,069	561	68	146	1	0	„	(6)
66	4	0	0	0	11	1,924	1,018	83	255	11	50	„	(7)
576	4	0	0	0	47	10,764	5,230	288	1,424	27	197	3	(8)
259	4	0	0	0	14	4,786	2,625	98	658	9	60	Nil.	(9)
7	0	0	0	0	6	168	52	3	25	0	0	„	(10)
12	0	0	0	0	6	305	128	16	39	1	24	„	(11)
1,301	15	0	2	0	136	24,940	12,533	674	3,408	54	427	3	
388	34	0	0	0	24	4,143	1,649	49	639	6	185	Nil.	(1)
480	13	0	0	0	26	6,419	3,823	150	987	10	100	5	(2)
239	2	0	0	0	12	3,601	1,844	115	512	3	129	5	(3)
202	3	0	0	0	11	1,823	1,260	25	306	1	32	Nil.	(4)
241	0	0	0	0	12	3,916	2,029	38	566	1	32	2	(5)
440	8	0	0	0	26	5,721	3,530	93	830	13	64	4	(6)
1,138	38	0	0	1	39	12,722	7,273	173	1,798	25	146	1	(7)
27	2	0	0	0	6	576	252	18	72	8	200	2	(8)
3,155	100	0	0	1	156	38,921	21,660	661	5,710	67	888	19	

	COURT TOWN.	Plaints Entered.			Cases for Trial sent from the Superior Courts, under s. 26, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 118.	Causes Determined.		Judgments.					Judgment Summonses.		Warrants of Commitment.	
		Not exceeding £. 20.	Above £. 20 and not exceeding £. 50	By Agreement above £. 50.		With a Jury.	Without a Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Plaintiff by Consent.	For Plaintiff by Default, s. 28, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 108.	Nonsuit.	For Defendant.	Issued	Heard.	Issued.	Debtors Imprisoned.
	CIRCUIT 3:															
(1)	Alston	63	2	0	0	0	32	22	9	0	0	1	11	6	4	1
(2)	Ambleside	219	3	0	0	0	132	114	11	0	1	6	6	5	5	2
(3)	Appleby	222	5	0	0	3	88	60	24	1	0	6	19	7	3	1
(4)	Brampton	315	11	0	0	1	151	94	54	0	1	3	43	29	12	5
(5)	Carlisle	1,575	39	0	0	0	764	452	261	0	10	41	151	85	43	15
(6)	Cockermouth	1,787	20	0	0	0	1,035	724	291	0	9	11	301	195	138	18
(7)	Haltwhistle	100	2	0	0	0	44	39	5	0	0	0	11	8	3	0
(8)	Keswick	189	3	0	0	1	112	46	60	0	2	5	25	4	3	1
(9)	Kirkby Kendal	753	8	0	0	2	417	331	69	2	4	13	88	64	53	17
(10)	Kirkby Lonsdale	319	9	0	0	0	130	88	33	1	3	5	45	26	10	4
(11)	Penrith	717	15	0	0	1	315	245	52	0	8	11	48	27	15	2
(12)	Settle	98	1	0	1	1	45	32	11	0	1	2	13	8	3	1
(13)	Ulverstone	2,202	18	0	0	2	1,497	955	498	0	11	35	312	210	119	22
(14)	Whitehaven	2,399	32	0	0	4	1,401	1,004	356	1	12	32	609	434	272	36
(15)	Wigton	634	17	0	1	2	298	180	95	0	16	9	40	19	6	3
	TOTALS	11,592	185	0	2	17	6,461	4,386	1,829	5	78	180	1,722	1,127	689	128
	CIRCUIT 4:															
(1)	Blackburn	4,241	87	1	3	1	2,515	1,521	829	1	111	54	959	623	354	144
(2)	Chorley	922	11	0	0	0	554	294	237	0	15	8	119	53	27	3
(3)	Garstang	113	1	0	0	0	55	38	14	0	1	2	4	1	0	0
(4)	Haslingden	1,538	27	0	0	0	810	446	332	0	15	17	416	225	177	37
(5)	Kirkham	175	2	0	0	0	73	55	14	0	2	2	35	22	8	1
(6)	Lancaster	625	12	0	1	0	398	214	166	0	8	10	117	45	12	6
(7)	Poulton-le-Fylde	431	14	0	0	0	176	121	34	0	6	15	68	35	11	0
(8)	Preston	1,981	31	0	1	2	1,227	655	507	1	46	20	384	213	77	38
	TOTALS	10,026	185	1	5	3	5,808	3,344	2,133	2	204	128	2,102	1,217	666	229
	CIRCUIT 5:															
(1)	Bacup	1,404	17	0	0	2	891	440	424	0	11	18	429	271	166	26
(2)	Oldham	2,959	43	0	1	4	1,788	747	987	1	24	33	434	317	186	58
(3)	Rochdale	2,913	29	0	0	0	2,026	725	1,255	0	19	27	611	369	235	62
(4)	Saddleworth	324	7	0	0	2	147	81	58	0	5	5	40	22	12	3
(5)	Salford	12,249	37	0	0	2	8,286	4,108	4,054	4	55	67	2,194	1,504	904	294
	TOTALS	19,849	133	0	1	10	13,138	6,101	6,778	5	114	140	3,708	2,483	1,503	443
	CIRCUIT 6:															
(1)	Liverpool	22,365	231	1	8	23	12,623	6,984	4,972	1	368	321	1,938	970	332	239
(2)	Ormskirk	1,027	22	0	0	0	425	298	98	1	14	14	76	34	24	3
(3)	St. Helen's	3,206	48	0	1	3	2,154	1,256	854	2	30	15	1,013	755	334	113
	TOTALS	26,598	301	1	9	26	15,202	8,538	5,924	4	412	350	3,027	1,759	690	355

Executions. against Goods.		Appeals.	Orders to Stay Proceedings.	Certiorari to Remove Proceedings.	Total Number of Days Court has Sat.	Total Amount for which Plaints Entered.	Judgments obtained by Plaintiffs on original Hearings.		Total Amount of Fees on all the aforesaid Proceedings.	Bankruptcy.		Equitable Proceedings.	
Issued.	Sales made.						Amount of Debts. (exclusively).	Amount of Costs (exclusive of Fees).		Adjudication.	Gross Produce realised.		
						£.	£.	£.	£.		£.		
24	0	0	0	0	6	307	112	0	34	Nil	Nil	Nil.	(1)
49	0	0	0	0	6	740	382	48	108		"	"	(2)
19	2	0	0	0	6	851	387	72	123	2	51	3	(3)
84	0	0	0	0	6	1,094	514	33	130	2	0	Nil.	(4)
229	5	0	0	0	12	5,611	2,386	172	685	18	251	"	(5)
353	9	0	0	0	12	3,850	2,393	160	639	3	39	5	(6)
8	0	0	0	0	5	333	149	7	40	0	0	Nil.	(7)
30	0	0	0	0	6	591	380	12	81	3	44	2	(8)
167	7	0	0	1	12	1,821	958	15	293	6	296	2	(9)
37	2	0	0	0	6	1,111	397	56	136	2	34	1	(10)
82	1	0	0	0	12	2,577	994	86	308	5	34	7	(11)
22	0	0	0	0	7	254	123	11	42	0	0	3	(12)
459	6	0	0	0	12	5,177	3,215	156	847	10	73	3	(13)
419	33	0	0	0	12	5,939	3,383	203	975	7	36	3	(14)
68	0	0	0	0	12	1,959	788	80	247	4	28	1	(15)
2,000	65	0	0	1	132	32,215	16,561	1,111	4,688	68	656	30	
837	40	0	0	0	48	13,371	6,831	256	1,907	5	47	Nil.	(1)
198	0	0	0	0	24	2,304	1,447	17	345	1	0	"	(2)
16	1	0	0	0	9	349	177	1	43	0	0	"	(3)
255	0	0	0	0	11	4,187	2,132	36	603	2	17	2	(4)
18	0	0	0	0	9	531	166	1	66	1	19	1	(5)
66	3	0	0	1	14	1,687	993	27	240	26	170	1	(6)
45	0	0	0	0	14	1,469	492	34	182	2	40	Nil.	(7)
263	9	0	0	0	26	5,546	3,127	134	767	2	34	"	(8)
1,698	53	0	0	1	155	29,444	15,365	506	4,153	39	327	4	
313	0	0	0	0	12	3,340	1,945	29	558	3	44	1	(1)
843	15	0	0	0	11	7,052	3,954	61	1,020	17	340	2	(2)
722	5	0	0	0	11	6,435	4,164	87	1,035	4	97	1	(3)
36	0	0	0	0	11	972	506	17	121	1	0	2	(4)
2,508	28	0	0	0	46	18,947	12,308	91	3,274	49	282	3	(5)
4,422	48	0	0	0	91	36,746	22,877	285	6,008	74	763	9	
3,210	130	0	0	0	224	57,359	27,119	1,033	7,639	134	1,300	9	(1)
139	6	0	0	0	14	3,547	1,149	61	465	4	164	3	(2)
633	40	0	0	0	29	8,728	5,352	167	1,392	15	64	3	(3)
3,982	176	0	0	0	267	69,634	33,620	1,261	9,496	153	1,528	15	

	COURT TOWN.	Plaints Entered.			Cases for Trial sent from the Superior Courts, under s. 26, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 118.	Causes Determined.		Judgments.					Judgment Summonses.		Warrants of Commitment.	
		Not exceeding £. 20.	Above £. 20 and not exceeding £. 50.	By Agreement above £. 50.		With a Jury.	Without a Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Plaintiff by Consent.	For Plaintiff by Default, s. 28, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 108.	Nonsuit.	For Defendant.	Issued.	Heard.	Issued.	Debtors Imprisoned.
	CIRCUIT 7.															
(1)	Altrincham	1,176	24	0	0	3	533	367	140	1	19	9	138	69	44	7
(2)	Birkenhead	5,934	85	0	0	6	3,580	2,028	1,460	0	62	36	995	616	315	77
(3)	Chester	1,660	32	0	1	10	854	557	271	2	11	23	155	72	37	11
(4)	Nantwich and Crewe	2,355	36	0	0	13	1,007	777	215	1	14	13	235	132	83	25
(5)	Northwich	2,555	27	0	0	4	1,253	780	445	1	23	8	591	367	250	48
(6)	Oswestry	692	12	0	0	0	302	186	97	1	10	8	53	31	14	8
(7)	Runcorn	1,352	14	0	0	1	848	495	347	0	4	3	358	225	127	20
(8)	Warrington	3,682	33	0	0	2	2,194	1,210	953	1	22	10	1,199	887	613	139
(9)	Whitchurch	494	9	0	0	1	206	103	99	0	5	0	23	13	8	3
	TOTALS	19,900	272	0	1	40	10,777	6,483	4,027	7	170	110	3,747	2,432	1,491	338
	CIRCUIT 8.															
(1)	Manchester	16,946	250	2	8	13	10,985	6,968	3,544	6	143	337	3,172	1,894	1,065	247
	CIRCUIT 9.															
(1)	Ashton-under-Lyne	4,140	38	0	0	0	2,089	1,424	563	4	66	32	673	309	175	62
(2)	Chapel-en-le-Frith	774	12	0	0	0	362	295	49	0	10	8	82	57	32	14
(3)	Congleton & Sandbach	2,352	28	0	0	3	1,121	839	244	5	19	17	227	106	71	30
(4)	Glossop	886	11	0	0	0	371	270	91	1	6	3	165	93	68	28
(5)	Hyde	2,544	11	0	0	0	1,172	844	302	1	14	11	481	283	184	61
(6)	Macclesfield	2,230	23	0	0	0	945	561	338	0	23	23	263	110	65	22
(7)	Stockport	3,397	53	0	1	2	1,597	1,013	506	1	46	33	566	311	176	65
	TOTALS	16,323	176	0	1	5	7,657	5,246	2,093	12	184	127	2,457	1,269	771	282
	CIRCUIT 10.															
(1)	Bolton	8,215	36	0	1	0	5,298	3,410	1,768	1	71	48	1,804	1,222	686	163
(2)	Bury	3,288	24	1	3	0	2,070	1,129	882	1	35	23	1,312	774	444	77
(3)	Leigh	1,756	10	0	0	3	976	714	232	1	20	12	449	294	167	49
(4)	Wigan	6,144	39	0	0	2	4,050	2,816	1,142	3	50	41	2,494	1,533	965	247
	TOTALS	19,403	109	1	4	5	12,394	8,069	4,024	6	176	124	6,059	3,823	2,262	536
	CIRCUIT 11.															
(1)	Bradford (York)	6,068	113	0	8	4	3,115	2,135	787	0	157	40	240	83	21	23
(2)	Burnley	829	27	0	0	2	531	237	255	2	29	10	135	38	11	5
(3)	Clitheroe	509	6	0	0	2	246	99	137	0	6	6	21	10	4	0
(4)	Colne	124	4	0	0	1	52	27	18	0	6	2	3	3	0	0
(5)	Keighley	688	25	0	0	1	321	213	80	0	22	7	16	10	2	0
(6)	Otley	708	11	0	0	1	308	208	73	0	23	5	13	4	3	2
(7)	Skipton	428	4	0	0	0	178	128	35	1	10	4	7	1	2	1
(8)	Todmorden	564	13	0	0	0	238	103	125	0	7	3	72	42	29	5
	TOTALS	9,918	213	0	8	11	4,989	3,150	1,510	3	260	77	507	191	72	36
	CIRCUIT 12.															
(1)	Dewsbury	6,305	60	0	0	2	3,934	3,622	181	0	96	37	221	138	80	37
(2)	Halifax	6,291	106	0	5	5	3,529	2,227	1,153	2	115	37	479	192	125	44
(3)	Holmfirth	654	6	0	0	3	417	251	148	0	20	1	34	17	8	1
(4)	Huddersfield	4,352	71	0	1	1	3,135	1,635	1,391	2	86	22	157	124	54	16
	TOTALS	17,602	243	0	6	11	11,015	7,735	2,873	4	317	97	891	471	267	98

Executions against Goods.		Appeals.	Orders to Stay Proceedings.	Certiorari to Remove Proceedings.	Total Number of Days Court has Sat.	Total Amount for which Plaints Entered.	Judgments obtained by Plaintiffs on original Hearings.		Total Amount of Fees on all the aforesaid Proceedings.	Bankruptcy.		Equitable Proceedings.	
Issued.	Sales made.						Amount of Debts (exclusively.)	Amount of Costs (exclusive of Fees).		Adjudication.	Gross Produce realised.		
						£.	£.	£.	£.		£.		
142	2	0	0	0	12	3,412	1,625	84	437	1	6	4	(1)
786	30	0	0	2	40	15,824	8,684	627	2,271	22	332	5	(2)
122	0	0	0	1	16	5,283	2,520	266	628	39	100	3	(3)
356	11	0	0	0	14	5,735	2,343	667	744	11	113	Nil.	(4)
408	9	0	0	0	15	5,385	2,431	82	777	4	79	4	(5)
74	2	0	0	0	12	1,995	783	26	235	3	92	Nil.	(6)
262	1	0	0	0	12	2,786	1,675	25	439	1	0	1	(7)
582	1	0	0	0	17	7,295	3,892	122	1,219	14	154	2	(8)
37	5	0	0	0	6	1,438	696	51	174	6	190	Nil.	(9)
2,769	61	0	0	3	144	49,153	24,649	1,950	6,924	101	1,066	19	
3,103	33	1	16	3	115	36,348	22,774	336	5,675	97	1,306	9	(1)
618	7	0	0	0	27	8,804	4,615	86	1,280	10	80	1	(1)
86	8	0	0	0	13	2,140	907	21	288	1	21	1	(2)
256	22	0	0	0	18	4,695	2,416	150	609	12	238	5	(3)
56	1	0	0	0	13	1,931	963	10	276	3	5	Nil.	(4)
165	0	0	0	0	26	4,431	2,204	21	662	6	63	„	(5)
286	5	0	0	0	13	4,935	2,029	59	614	5	13	2	(6)
353	4	0	1	0	26	8,590	3,708	105	996	4	121	3	(7)
1,820	47	0	1	0	136	35,526	16,842	452	4,725	41	541	12	
2,000	54	0	0	0	46	14,829	10,016	106	2,692	17	210	6	(1)
738	4	0	0	0	35	7,346	4,526	828	1,270	13	142	2	(2)
355	9	0	0	0	13	3,163	1,890	21	567	2	46	Nil.	(3)
1,075	13	0	0	0	42	12,968	9,047	76	2,553	3	25	2	(4)
4,168	80	0	0	0	136	38,306	25,479	1,031	7,082	35	423	10	
883	52	1	0	0	62	19,415	8,917	381	2,408	50	825	10	(1)
207	12	0	0	0	11	3,559	1,969	145	448	11	23	Nil.	(2)
69	0	0	0	1	10	1,134	529	12	147	0	0	„	(3)
13	1	0	0	0	6	714	236	15	74	6	68	„	(4)
101	2	0	0	0	11	2,486	552	17	268	4	45	1	(5)
99	3	0	0	0	11	2,012	824	32	259	1	4	Nil.	(6)
74	0	0	0	0	10	1,244	534	44	172	0	16	3	(7)
118	0	0	0	0	11	1,692	650	19	199	0	0	1	(8)
1,564	70	1	0	1	132	32,256	14,211	665	3,975	72	981	15	
1,216	39	0	0	0	33	15,110	8,657	95	2,119	22	629	3	(1)
1,429	51	0	0	0	45	17,194	9,637	151	2,274	24	563	10	(2)
184	0	0	0	0	12	1,695	1,022	26	280	5	20	4	(3)
1,387	13	0	0	1	38	14,023	8,999	175	1,991	17	433	16	(4)
4,216	103	0	0	1	128	48,022	28,315	447	6,664	68	1,645	33	

	COURT TOWN.	Plaints Entered.			Cases for Trial sent from the Superior Courts, under s. 26, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 118.	Causes Determined.		Judgments.					Judgment Summonses.		Warrants of Commitment.	
		Not exceeding £. 20.	Above £. 20 and not exceeding £. 50.	By Agreement above £. 50.		With a Jury.	Without a Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Plaintiff by Consent.	For Plaintiff by Default, s. 28, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 108.	Nonsuit.	For Defendant.	Issued.	Heard.	Issued.	Debtors Imprisoned.
	CIRCUIT 13.															
(1)	Rotherham	3,233	29	0	0	2	2,182	1,215	937	1	17	14	247	134	59	17
(2)	Sheffield	21,569	110	0	3	11	14,590	7,091	7,233	4	188	85	1,356	542	183	53
	TOTALS	24,802	139	0	3	13	16,772	8,306	8,170	5	205	99	1,603	676	242	70
	CIRCUIT 14.															
(1)	Barnsley	4,038	50	0	0	5	2,555	1,495	1,010	8	25	22	437	289	182	67
(2)	Goole	573	9	0	0	0	274	149	115	0	8	2	24	16	8	2
(3)	Leeds	13,768	110	0	10	6	8,896	5,377	3,230	3	225	67	1,295	832	519	146
(4)	Pontefract	2,235	27	0	0	1	1,288	851	393	2	25	18	185	113	66	27
(5)	Wakefield	3,284	48	0	1	0	1,944	985	896	7	40	16	306	219	119	27
	TOTALS	23,898	244	0	11	12	14,957	8,857	5,644	20	323	125	2,247	1,469	894	269
	CIRCUIT 15.															
(1)	Barnard Castle	452	12	0	0	1	212	138	53	0	3	19	25	15	7	2
(2)	Darlington	1,910	34	0	0	1	956	544	355	6	12	40	107	54	20	5
(3)	Easingwold	132	2	0	0	0	56	36	12	0	0	8	4	3	2	1
(4)	Helmsley	265	6	0	0	0	112	67	40	0	1	4	38	19	12	2
(5)	Knaresborough	948	13	0	0	1	386	202	140	3	2	40	63	37	17	2
(6)	Leyburn	275	6	0	0	0	113	75	24	0	0	14	5	4	1	1
(7)	Northallerton	481	6	0	0	0	203	134	46	0	3	20	24	12	5	1
(8)	Richmond (York)	367	4	0	0	0	131	107	13	0	1	10	13	9	7	3
(9)	Ripon	537	14	0	0	0	150	109	15	2	0	24	15	8	6	4
(10)	Stockton-on-Tees & Middlesborough	4,550	37	0	1	1	2,717	1,845	753	8	17	95	322	151	170	23
(11)	Stokesley	1,050	11	0	0	2	443	367	54	0	1	23	81	32	18	3
(12)	Tadcaster	625	8	0	0	0	279	201	65	1	3	9	120	65	58	11
(13)	Thirsk	353	3	0	0	0	145	81	58	1	1	4	12	7	6	1
(14)	York	1,513	27	0	0	0	721	469	192	6	8	46	158	96	67	11
	TOTALS	13,458	183	0	1	6	6,624	4,375	1,820	27	52	356	987	512	396	70
	CIRCUIT 16.															
(1)	Beverley	561	8	0	0	0	241	129	97	1	8	6	26	9	0	0
(2)	Bridlington	278	2	0	0	0	120	79	31	2	4	4	3	1	0	0
(3)	Great Driffield	317	8	0	0	1	157	89	53	0	8	8	13	4	1	0
(4)	Hedon	204	2	0	0	0	95	62	23	0	7	3	4	1	0	0
(5)	Howden	324	3	0	0	1	156	121	24	0	2	10	11	3	0	0
(6)	Kingston-upon-Hull	5,912	42	0	2	8	3,717	2,436	1,169	1	78	41	379	119	33	11
(7)	New Malton	582	3	0	0	1	271	227	32	2	5	6	19	6	1	1
(8)	Pocklington	187	2	0	0	1	79	55	16	0	3	6	6	1	0	0
(9)	Scarborough	528	10	0	1	3	301	208	75	1	9	11	55	16	2	0
(10)	Selby	403	8	0	1	0	184	128	41	2	7	6	17	6	4	1
(11)	Whitby	707	13	0	0	1	301	210	76	0	7	9	22	10	2	0
	TOTALS	10,003	101	0	4	16	5,622	3,744	1,637	9	138	110	555	176	43	13

Executions against Goods.		Appeals.	Orders to Stay Proceedings.	Certiorari to Remove Proceedings.	Total Number of Days Court has Sat.	Total Amount for which Plaints Entered.	Judgments obtained by Plaintiffs on original Hearings.		Total Amount of Fees on all the aforesaid Proceedings.	Bankruptcy.		Equitable Proceedings.	
Issued.	Sales made.						Amount of Debts (exclusively).	Amount of Costs (exclusive of Fees).		Adjudication.	Gross Produce realised.		
						£.	£.	£.	£.		£.		
1,037	8	0	0	0	20	7,603	4,861	94	1,173	11	71	Nil.	(1)
4,319	80	1	0	0	92	46,652	29,936	246	6,910	41	636	7	(2)
5,356	88	1	0	0	112	54,255	34,797	340	8,083	52	707	7	
972	23	0	0	0	20	9,794	6,208	69	1,479	10	187	1	(1)
94	3	0	0	0	6	1,533	639	30	182	0	0	Nil.	(2)
3,628	85	0	0	1	76	31,047	18,221	286	4,804	61	1,417	6	(3)
454	23	0	0	0	12	5,677	2,938	55	837	7	312	Nil.	(4)
755	18	0	0	0	18	8,099	4,523	80	1,148	9	199	2	(5)
5,903	152	0	0	1	132	56,150	32,529	520	8,450	87	2,115	9	
55	3	0	0	0	6	1,818	709	50	204	5	36	6	(1)
266	12	0	0	0	12	5,271	1,416	131	655	11	92	3	(2)
17	0	0	0	0	6	376	178	16	56	0	0	1	(3)
24	4	0	0	0	6	936	451	33	112	0	0	Nil.	(4)
91	2	0	0	0	12	2,751	898	122	310	6	84	„	(5)
27	13	0	0	0	6	1,093	479	81	129	0	0	„	(6)
52	2	0	0	0	12	1,568	625	91	204	4	88	2	(7)
35	1	0	0	0	6	1,138	330	53	136	0	27	Nil.	(8)
38	0	0	0	0	12	1,888	492	72	176	2	41	„	(9)
732	13	0	0	1	18	12,620	6,256	981	2,445	40	340	2	(10)
122	5	0	0	0	12	2,404	1,167	162	323	7	59	Nil.	(11)
83	1	0	0	0	6	1,759	721	97	250	2	0	„	(12)
44	0	0	0	0	6	939	418	42	127	4	115	„	(13)
212	4	0	0	0	12	4,960	2,107	87	628	25	84	4	(14)
1,798	60	0	0	1	132	39,521	16,247	2,018	5,755	106	966	18	
80	2	0	0	0	7	1,511	707	18	188	3	21	Nil.	(1)
38	0	0	0	0	5	814	339	21	98	0	98	„	(2)
79	2	0	0	0	5	944	434	32	124	3	108	2	(3)
37	3	0	0	0	5	620	281	26	81	0	0	Nil.	(4)
37	1	0	0	0	5	861	329	20	119	0	0	3	(5)
1,432	7	0	0	1	56	11,981	7,065	151	1,878	20	243	5	(6)
83	4	0	0	0	11	1,423	814	45	222	5	88	4	(7)
19	1	0	0	0	5	619	237	17	78	1	47	Nil.	(8)
74	3	0	0	0	11	1,437	684	47	201	5	105	„	(9)
78	1	0	0	0	11	1,227	557	22	157	2	0	„	(10)
95	2	0	0	0	12	2,115	906	44	260	3	97	1	(11)
2,052	26	0	0	1	133	23,552	12,353	443	3,406	42	807	15	

	COURT TOWN.	Plaints Entered.			Cases for Trial sent from the Superior Courts, under s. 26, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 118.	Causes Determined.		Judgments.					Judgment Summonses.		Warrants of Commitment.	
		Not exceeding £. 20.	Above £. 20 and not exceeding £. 50.	By Agreement above £. 50.		With a Jury.	Without a Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Plaintiff by Consent.	For Plaintiff by Default, s. 28, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 108.	Nonsuit.	For Defendant.	Issued.	Heard.	Issued.	Debtors Imprisoned.
	CIRCUIT 17.															
(1)	Barton-on-Humber	507	5	0	0	0	339	184	143	0	9	3	16	8	1	0
(2)	Boston	1,484	24	0	1	7	779	482	269	0	15	20	142	85	57	23
(3)	Brigg	485	7	0	0	3	262	148	103	2	7	5	41	19	13	2
(4)	Caistor	301	5	0	0	2	169	114	55	0	0	2	13	5	6	2
(5)	Gainsborough	1,160	29	0	0	3	588	340	213	0	10	28	74	30	12	2
(6)	Great Grimsby	1,519	24	0	0	2	964	504	441	6	10	5	270	102	48	4
(7)	Horncastle	540	7	0	0	0	309	208	92	1	5	3	55	29	19	11
(8)	Lincoln	3,286	41	0	0	8	1,761	1,065	643	1	25	35	310	174	64	13
(9)	Louth	610	8	0	0	3	285	200	66	0	7	15	26	20	12	5
(10)	Market Rasen	642	11	0	0	1	333	245	73	0	7	9	36	18	9	4
(11)	Sleaford	755	12	0	0	0	358	276	70	0	4	8	26	14	3	0
(12)	Spilsby	615	8	0	0	0	307	201	87	1	4	14	34	17	2	2
	TOTALS	11,904	181	0	1	29	6,454	3,967	2,255	11	103	147	1,043	521	246	68
	CIRCUIT 18.															
(1)	Bingham	229	1	0	0	0	163	116	34	0	11	2	4	2	1	1
(2)	Doncaster	1,461	20	0	0	1	850	568	252	2	17	12	115	76	37	8
(3)	East Retford	603	4	0	0	0	309	198	78	2	22	9	32	18	17	6
(4)	Mansfield	834	0	0	0	0	468	255	192	0	16	5	46	28	24	10
(5)	Newark	1,348	8	0	0	1	791	627	135	0	16	14	124	74	64	7
(6)	Nottingham	9,429	53	0	3	6	5,911	3,834	1,892	0	120	71	1,312	814	501	98
(7)	Thorne	704	7	0	0	0	354	227	102	0	13	12	46	20	10	4
(8)	Worksop	879	4	0	0	0	516	429	59	1	14	13	72	42	20	2
	TOTALS	15,487	97	0	3	8	9,362	6,254	2,744	5	229	138	1,751	1,074	674	136
	CIRCUIT 19.															
(1)	Alfreton	3,425	13	0	0	7	2,059	1,392	623	0	24	27	541	369	253	87
(2)	Ashborne	638	5	0	1	3	314	160	148	0	5	4	187	98	40	17
(3)	Bakewell	734	7	0	0	1	366	200	161	0	4	2	78	34	19	8
(4)	Belper	2,242	10	0	0	7	1,272	781	460	0	28	10	800	582	394	42
(5)	Burton-on-Trent	4,004	22	0	0	6	2,749	1,289	1,427	0	17	22	402	274	138	42
(6)	Chesterfield	4,985	23	0	0	1	3,302	2,500	711	3	53	36	1,225	835	466	81
(7)	Derby	5,879	25	0	2	2	4,095	2,322	1,696	0	47	32	1,491	985	597	108
(8)	Wirksworth	748	9	0	0	3	386	116	259	0	3	11	76	34	19	7
	TOTALS	22,655	114	0	3	30	14,543	8,760	5,485	3	181	144	4,800	3,211	1,926	392
	CIRCUIT 20.															
(1)	Ashby-de-la-Zouch	1,906	15	0	0	0	1,359	865	460	0	16	18	185	141	66	21
(2)	Grantham	1,869	15	0	1	0	1,375	661	684	0	22	8	263	185	132	14
(3)	Hinckley	352	2	0	0	0	157	119	31	1	1	5	19	12	3	1
(4)	Leicester	5,687	36	0	2	9	3,922	1,518	2,322	1	49	41	738	387	181	68
(5)	Loughborough	2,429	12	0	0	0	1,796	619	1,126	3	26	22	349	221	92	37
(6)	Lutterworth	608	1	0	0	2	339	194	130	0	6	11	37	22	9	1
(7)	Market Bosworth	360	3	0	0	0	202	148	43	0	8	3	21	13	6	1
(8)	Market Harborough	520	9	0	0	1	242	159	67	0	8	9	20	9	2	0
(9)	Melton-Mowbray	531	4	0	0	1	361	198	148	1	11	4	23	17	4	1
(10)	Nuneaton	998	4	0	0	1	483	243	224	0	7	10	225	93	45	11
(11)	Oakham	381	2	0	0	0	198	107	83	0	7	1	59	40	8	1
(12)	Uppingham	547	0	0	0	0	352	216	133	0	2	1	89	43	16	8
	TOTALS	16,188	103	0	3	14	10,786	5,047	5,451	6	163	133	2,028	1,183	564	164

Executions against Goods.		Appeals.	Orders to Stay Proceedings.	Certiorari to Remove Proceedings.	Total Number of Days Court has Sat.	Total Amount for which Plaints Entered.	Judgments obtained by Plaintiffs on original Hearings.		Total Amount of Fees on all the aforesaid Proceedings.	Bankruptcy.		Equitable Proceedings.	
Issued.	Sales made.						Amount of Debts (exclusively).	Amount of Costs (exclusive of Fees).		Adjudication.	Gross Produce realised.		
						£.	£.	£.	£.		£.		
73	4	0	0	0	6	1,113	572	16	159	5	254	2	(1)
206	8	1	0	0	11	3,724	1,648	73	492	1	128	1	(2)
86	4	0	0	0	6	1,367	603	23	179	1	10	1	(3)
62	0	1	0	0	6	886	534	15	119	1	42	1	(4)
199	7	0	0	0	11	3,841	1,534	58	462	15	313	Nil.	(5)
220	0	0	2	0	11	4,113	2,272	74	545	6	113	3	(6)
57	5	0	0	1	11	1,318	678	28	187	5	384	1	(7)
470	21	0	0	0	22	6,884	3,969	72	905	37	483	Nil.	(8)
64	0	0	0	0	11	1,562	619	27	195	1	29	„	(9)
67	0	0	0	0	6	1,742	1,308	30	206	3	106	1	(10)
104	2	0	0	0	11	1,800	677	15	218	5	17	1	(11)
89	6	0	0	0	11	1,762	664	36	215	0	0	3	(12)
1,697	57	2	2	1	123	30,112	15,078	467	3,882	80	1,887	14	
54	2	0	0	0	7	406	246	5	66	1	0	1	(1)
377	1	0	0	0	11	3,945	2,014	74	553	11	31	1	(2)
95	4	0	0	0	11	1,487	673	30	216	7	155	Nil.	(3)
163	6	0	0	0	11	1,352	736	9	216	2	0	2	(4)
399	2	0	0	0	11	2,788	1,600	40	467	0	0	1	(5)
2,384	48	0	0	2	32	20,250	10,940	206	3,170	18	247	6	(6)
113	2	0	0	0	11	1,606	833	25	224	32	494	Nil.	(7)
125	0	0	0	0	11	1,899	947	32	271	5	152	„	(8)
3,710	65	0	0	2	105	33,733	17,989	421	5,183	76	1,079	11	
717	32	0	0	0	12	5,956	5,297	104	1,064	19	35	3	(1)
42	0	0	0	0	12	1,452	690	41	201	1	0	2	(2)
84	1	0	0	0	12	1,957	1,082	15	262	1	0	1	(3)
428	7	0	0	0	12	3,741	1,975	107	693	5	129	4	(4)
828	48	0	0	0	12	6,576	4,437	76	1,081	10	96	1	(5)
1,104	16	0	0	0	24	8,909	5,639	88	1,670	9	175	Nil.	(6)
1,229	23	0	2	0	24	8,284	5,046	126	1,541	36	937	„	(7)
109	0	0	0	0	12	1,683	911	27	217	4	0	1	(8)
4,541	127	0	2	0	120	38,558	25,077	584	6,729	85	1,372	12	
475	17	0	0	0	12	3,749	2,326	12	603	1	33	1	(1)
569	2	0	0	0	12	3,626	2,322	30	591	7	110	1	(2)
41	0	0	0	0	6	681	223	3	99	3	22	Nil.	(3)
1,074	22	0	0	1	24	11,680	7,303	214	1,720	24	285	6	(4)
648	13	0	0	0	12	4,312	2,911	87	708	9	244	1	(5)
75	3	0	0	0	12	1,295	686	26	188	2	43	Nil.	(6)
87	1	0	0	0	6	824	480	26	134	0	12	„	(7)
103	0	0	0	0	12	1,333	499	7	166	2	25	„	(8)
107	11	0	0	0	12	1,175	657	6	173	0	0	„	(9)
129	4	0	0	0	12	1,881	927	12	270	1	10	„	(10)
87	2	0	0	0	6	775	389	5	113	4	116	„	(11)
153	0	0	0	0	6	1,038	555	120	165	5	106	„	(12)
3,548	73	0	0	1	132	32,369	19,278	548	4,930	58	1,006	9	

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		Not exceeding £. 20.	Above £. 20 and not exceeding £. 50.	By Agreement above £. 50.		With a Jury.	Without a Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Plaintiff by Consent.	For Plaintiff by Default, s. 28, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 108.	Nonsuit.	For Defendant.	Issued.	Heard.	Issued.	Debtors Imprisoned.
	CIRCUIT 21.															
(1)	Atherstone	610	4	0	0	0	357	146	202	1	2	6	87	52	23	6
(2)	Birmingham	27,248	109	0	28	11	16,731	10,138	6,366	0	83	155	2,439	1,035	638	163
(3)	Tamworth	473	3	0	0	0	299	137	158	0	1	3	69	39	14	7
	TOTALS	28,331	116	0	28	11	17,387	10,421	6,726	1	86	164	2,595	1,126	675	176
	CIRCUIT 22.															
(1)	Alcester	504	3	0	0	1	300	201	99	0	1	0	49	29	3	1
(2)	Bromsgrove	654	9	0	0	0	497	217	272	0	5	3	76	51	10	4
(3)	Coventry	2,143	21	0	0	1	1,072	630	401	0	35	7	836	264	76	32
(4)	Daventry	774	10	0	0	1	309	201	97	0	12	0	25	13	9	2
(5)	Redditch	1,141	2	0	0	0	723	387	326	0	7	3	244	100	25	13
(6)	Rugby	1,133	7	0	0	1	526	349	167	1	9	1	73	34	13	5
(7)	Solihull	295	3	0	0	0	180	125	45	0	9	1	32	11	4	0
(8)	Southam	400	0	0	0	0	244	134	107	1	0	2	39	24	6	2
(9)	Stourbridge	6,185	21	0	0	2	4,439	1,939	2,462	0	32	8	954	520	158	69
(10)	Stratford-on-Avon	785	4	0	0	0	428	238	178	0	6	6	35	16	2	0
(11)	Warwick	2,080	17	0	2	3	1,176	738	428	0	8	5	190	86	14	4
	TOTALS	16,094	97	0	2	9	9,894	5,159	4,582	2	124	36	2,553	1,148	320	132
	CIRCUIT 23.															
(1)	Bromyard	389	5	0	0	1	187	128	50	0	4	6	51	19	8	2
(2)	Droitwich	357	2	0	0	0	199	121	70	0	4	4	51	19	10	4
(3)	Dudley	8,656	75	0	1	2	6,687	4,180	2,377	0	60	72	1,328	661	322	77
(4)	Evesham	650	4	0	0	0	383	258	123	0	1	1	64	28	20	3
(5)	Kidderminster	1,938	21	0	0	1	1,216	501	695	2	4	15	242	105	67	11
(6)	Ledbury	482	3	0	0	1	225	109	109	0	3	5	24	5	5	1
(7)	Pershore	457	3	0	0	0	240	136	97	0	3	4	24	12	7	1
(8)	Tenbury	501	2	0	0	0	263	186	71	0	6	0	49	25	11	4
(9)	Upton-on-Severn	606	8	0	0	0	320	189	122	0	2	7	45	28	14	4
(10)	Worcester	3,256	16	0	3	2	1,763	1,087	630	0	18	30	306	118	69	21
	TOTALS	17,292	139	0	4	7	11,483	6,895	4,344	2	105	144	2,184	1,020	533	128

Executions against Goods.		Appeals.	Orders to Stay Proceedings.	Certiorari to Remove Proceedings.	Total Number of Days Court has Sat.	Total Amount for which Plaints Entered.	Judgments obtained by Plaintiffs on original Hearings.		Total Amount of Fees on all the aforesaid Proceedings.	Bankruptcy.		Equitable Proceedings.	
Issued.	Sales made.						Amount of Debts (exclusively).	Amount of Costs (exclusive of Fees).		Adjudication.	Gross Produce realised.		
						£.	£.	£.	£.		£.		
85	0	0	0	0	8	1,231	717	16	173	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	(1)
3,648	267	0	0	2	142	58,181	34,431	1,405	8,403	124	1,552	18	(2)
65	0	0	0	0	8	1,027	549	14	145	3	3	Nil.	(3)
3,798	267	0	0	2	158	60,439	35,697	1,435	8,721	127	1,555	18	
94	0	0	0	0	6	847	450	17	133	2	Nil.	2	(1)
131	3	0	0	0	12	1,380	708	16	203	4	56	1	(2)
272	0	0	0	0	13	4,519	2,038	59	627	10	135	Nil.	(3)
86	5	0	0	0	12	1,828	726	15	219	4	169	2	(4)
226	1	0	0	0	6	1,898	1,154	18	309	4	30	Nil.	(5)
117	5	0	0	0	12	1,922	822	15	262	5	4	2	(6)
61	0	0	0	1	6	750	369	12	115	2	Nil.	Nil.	(7)
71	1	0	0	0	6	724	412	5	108	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	(8)
1,385	45	0	0	0	22	10,264	7,068	167	1,694	23	235	6	(9)
137	6	0	0	0	12	1,888	1,005	18	254	1	11	2	(10)
332	31	0	0	0	14	4,604	2,214	64	600	27	73	Nil.	(11)
2,912	97	0	0	1	121	30,624	16,966	406	4,524	82	713	15	
41	5	0	0	0	7	933	570	119	132	1	Nil.	Nil.	(1)
54	4	0	0	0	6	783	364	11	119	1	11	1	(2)
2,124	77	0	1	0	48	17,396	11,479	370	2,944	39	589	7	(3)
147	4	0	0	0	12	1,396	494	9	207	2	19	Nil.	(4)
417	9	0	0	0	12	4,560	2,586	52	633	6	111	8	(5)
38	1	0	0	0	7	1,188	679	118	157	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	(6)
64	3	0	0	0	6	698	325	5	99	2	90	Nil.	(7)
42	0	0	0	0	7	821	471	12	128	1	Nil.	Nil.	(8)
122	4	0	0	0	7	1,484	756	23	223	4	18	4	(9)
573	18	0	0	1	23	7,038	3,470	134	980	31	618	5	(10)
3,622	125	0	1	1	135	36,297	21,194	853	5,622	87	1,456	25	

	COURT TOWN.	Plaints Entered.			Cases for Trial sent from the Superior Courts, under s. 26, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 118.	Causes Determined.		Judgments.					Judgment Summonses.		Warrants of Commitment.	
		Not exceeding £. 20.	Above £. 20 and not exceeding £. 50.	By Agreement above £. 50.		With a Jury.	Without a Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Plaintiff by Consent.	For Plaintiff by Default, s. 28, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 108.	Nonsuit.	For Defendant.	Issued.	Heard.	Issued.	Debtors Imprisoned.
	CIRCUIT 24.															
(1)	Abergavenny	1,135	9	0	0	0	578	345	208	0	18	7	70	38	8	4
(2)	Cardiff	4,089	69	0	0	3	2,108	1,318	646	0	63	84	369	174	63	10
(3)	Chepstow	752	7	0	0	0	264	163	88	0	5	8	50	14	1	1
(4)	Crickhowell	430	3	0	0	0	198	127	65	3	1	2	4	1	0	0
(5)	Monmouth	1,241	14	0	0	0	420	308	90	0	12	10	66	20	4	2
(6)	Newport (Monmouth)	2,760	45	0	2	14	1,473	940	494	0	31	22	269	113	26	5
(7)	Pontypool	1,545	5	0	0	2	886	767	97	0	15	9	50	23	5	3
(8)	Ross	628	3	0	0	1	254	158	89	1	2	5	18	5	1	0
(9)	Tredegar	3,828	32	0	0	1	2,381	1,391	940	0	27	24	228	98	27	12
(10)	Usk	293	3	1	0	0	121	80	29	0	3	9	10	3	0	0
	TOTALS	16,701	190	1	2	21	8,783	5,597	2,746	4	177	180	1,134	489	135	37
	CIRCUIT 25.															
(1)	Oldbury	6,261	50	0	4	5	4,880	2,167	2,630	13	36	39	1,155	745	352	59
(2)	Walsall	7,432	30	0	7	8	5,882	3,202	2,607	5	49	27	1,006	665	436	98
(3)	Wolverhampton	8,919	51	0	4	12	6,184	2,951	3,137	5	71	32	790	455	252	29
	TOTALS	22,612	131	0	15	25	16,946	8,320	8,374	23	156	98	2,951	1,865	1,040	186
	CIRCUIT 26.															
(1)	Cheadle	799	4	0	0	1	388	208	169	0	2	10	53	17	7	3
(2)	Hanley, Burslem, and Tunstall	7,608	29	0	0	6	5,736	2,323	3,370	0	26	23	942	403	203	45
(3)	Leek	851	14	0	2	6	238	99	119	1	6	19	92	29	12	2
(4)	Lichfield	764	9	0	0	5	495	326	147	3	13	11	66	16	6	1
(5)	Market Drayton	444	8	0	0	1	191	104	79	0	2	7	21	12	4	2
(6)	Newcastle-under-Lyme	2,565	17	0	1	5	1,800	979	790	2	11	23	184	75	50	17
(7)	Rugeley	288	7	0	0	1	191	96	91	0	1	4	29	16	7	3
(8)	Stafford	1,094	11	0	1	1	514	277	223	0	6	9	111	48	14	4
(9)	Stoke-upon-Trent and Longton	4,832	24	0	0	8	3,760	1,779	1,950	0	22	17	452	308	112	38
(10)	Stone	472	6	0	1	5	289	137	143	0	7	7	35	16	2	1
(11)	Uttoxeter	464	5	0	0	0	218	140	73	0	1	4	51	17	7	2
	TOTALS	20,181	134	0	5	39	13,820	6,468	7,154	6	97	134	2,036	957	424	118
	CIRCUIT 27.															
(1)	Bishop's Castle	447	2	0	0	0	192	91	93	1	1	6	34	18	7	0
(2)	Bridgnorth	412	5	0	0	1	201	49	146	0	0	7	29	8	8	0
(3)	Cleobury Mortimer	435	1	0	0	0	188	74	108	1	1	4	41	29	11	6
(4)	Hereford	2,272	20	0	0	5	976	597	343	1	2	38	230	119	58	8
(5)	Leominster	1,139	3	0	0	3	573	290	264	1	1	20	115	77	31	7
(6)	Ludlow	712	14	0	0	2	320	115	196	2	2	7	50	18	14	5
(7)	Madeley	3,386	16	0	1	5	2,374	902	1,472	0	0	5	838	630	492	37
(8)	Newport (Salop)	463	5	0	0	1	296	65	224	0	0	8	59	32	8	2
(9)	Shrewsbury	1,774	43	0	0	10	1,040	477	539	6	3	25	259	121	67	16
(10)	Welchpool	859	8	0	1	1	362	271	78	3	2	9	117	82	38	7
(11)	Wellington (Salop)	1,507	13	0	1	0	914	549	340	4	2	19	311	211	141	23
(12)	Wem	324	5	0	0	2	193	148	43	0	0	4	29	22	10	3
	TOTALS	13,730	135	0	3	30	7,629	3,628	3,846	19	14	152	2,112	1,367	885	114

Executions against Goods.		Appeals.	Orders to Stay Proceedings.	Certiorari to Remove Proceedings.	Total Number of Days Court has Sat.	Total Amount for which Plaints Entered.	Judgments obtained by Plaintiffs on original Hearings.		Total Amount of Fees on all the aforesaid Proceedings.	Bankruptcy.		Equitable Proceedings.	
Issued.	Sales made.						Amount of Debts (exclusively).	Amount of Costs (exclusive of Fees).		Adjudication.	Gross Produce realised.		
						£.	£.	£.	£.		£.		
170	5	0	0	0	11	2,476	1,207	52	325	5	32	Nil.	(1)
681	10	0	0	1	26	10,382	3,682	103	1,419	44	285	5	(2)
49	0	0	0	0	12	1,741	632	30	207	Nil.	Nil.	2	(3)
77	2	0	0	0	6	1,078	268	14	136	Nil.	Nil.	2	(4)
110	2	0	0	0	11	3,202	931	53	358	8	6	8	(5)
376	3	0	0	1	22	8,445	3,450	169	1,046	11	45	7	(6)
145	6	0	0	0	11	3,233	1,851	44	387	3	71	Nil.	(7)
85	3	0	0	0	6	1,419	499	20	172	5	172	5	(8)
878	24	0	0	0	25	8,169	5,060	156	1,254	10	139	11	(9)
30	1	0	0	1	6	786	328	26	100	2	27	Nil.	(10)
2,601	56	0	0	3	136	40,931	17,908	667	5,404	88	777	40	
1,384	40	0	7	1	32	12,193	8,342	424	2,051	20	306	5	(1)
1,987	120	0	0	0	34	14,064	9,403	243	2,394	22	645	2	(2)
1,969	27	0	0	0	47	18,267	11,092	474	2,689	51	286	10	(3)
5,340	187	0	7	1	113	44,524	28,837	1,141	7,134	93	1,237	17	
163	1	0	0	0	11	1,586	829	181	221	1	Nil.	1	(1)
1,942	28	0	0	1	34	17,490	13,083	178	2,628	56	115	4	(2)
148	2	0	0	0	11	2,032	772	63	262	7	173	1	(3)
146	4	0	0	0	11	2,105	1,308	44	307	3	14	1	(4)
54	4	0	0	0	6	1,299	499	15	147	1	Nil.	2	(5)
472	18	0	0	0	14	5,521	3,913	109	847	10	107	4	(6)
73	0	0	0	0	6	996	496	29	114	3	50	1	(7)
149	2	0	0	0	11	2,873	1,312	71	349	20	83	Nil.	(8)
967	40	0	0	2	25	13,983	10,726	165	2,056	27	198	5	(9)
43	1	0	0	0	8	1,849	841	35	186	3	4	1	(10)
54	0	0	0	0	7	1,075	502	10	145	1	1	1	(11)
4,211	100	0	0	3	144	50,309	34,281	900	7,262	132	745	21	
42	0	0	0	0	6	846	352	34	108	1	18	Nil.	(1)
116	4	0	0	0	6	1,182	520	23	71	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	(2)
29	0	0	0	0	6	767	384	31	110	Nil.	Nil.	1	(3)
279	19	0	0	0	21	6,023	2,536	136	754	10	157	6	(4)
127	6	0	0	0	19	2,326	1,243	60	325	1	109	1	(5)
90	5	1	1	0	12	2,438	1,078	243	250	1	10	Nil.	(6)
1,487	39	0	0	0	17	6,364	4,552	146	1,144	15	94	Nil.	(7)
75	10	0	0	0	7	1,219	672	37	135	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	(8)
243	1	0	0	0	18	5,927	3,100	88	728	16	104	5	(9)
109	6	0	0	0	11	2,203	942	41	300	5	149	1	(10)
386	3	0	0	0	15	3,351	2,028	163	530	9	4	1	(11)
71	0	0	0	0	7	1,134	635	34	163	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	(12)
3,054	93	1	1	0	145	33,780	18,042	1,036	4,618	58	645	15	

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		Not exceeding £.20.	Above £.20 and not exceeding £.50.	By Agreement above £.50.		With a Jury.	Without a Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Plaintiff by Consent.	For Plaintiff by Default, s. 28, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 108.	Nonsuit.	For Defendant.	Issued.	Heard.	Issued.	Debtors Imprisoned.
	CIRCUIT 28.															
(1)	Aberystwith - -	1,519	49	0	2	2	659	481	146	2	8	24	93	50	24	1
(2)	Bala - - -	94	0	0	0	1	28	21	3	0	3	2	4	5	4	0
(3)	Builth - - -	827	10	0	0	1	355	199	117	2	10	28	54	34	14	5
(4)	Corwen - - -	193	2	0	2	1	91	77	9	0	0	6	8	3	3	0
(5)	Dolgelley - -	247	6	0	0	0	117	72	32	0	0	13	43	21	10	2
(6)	Hay - - -	527	5	0	0	0	224	102	94	2	5	21	33	20	9	4
(7)	Kington - - -	354	3	0	0	1	162	100	53	1	1	8	18	5	4	2
(8)	Knighton - -	572	2	0	0	0	249	143	96	0	1	9	33	23	6	3
(9)	Llanfyllin - -	446	5	0	0	0	171	140	14	0	7	10	41	22	8	4
(10)	Llanidloes - -	277	3	0	0	0	93	73	11	0	2	7	6	2	1	0
(11)	Machynlleth - -	561	10	0	0	0	246	166	71	0	1	8	45	36	21	5
(12)	Newtown - -	509	8	0	0	2	188	118	44	0	8	20	21	11	6	2
(13)	Portmadoc - -	591	25	0	0	0	318	232	73	1	1	11	50	24	11	0
(14)	Presteigne - -	174	2	0	0	0	94	58	31	0	0	5	8	3	2	0
(15)	Pwllheli - - -	636	12	0	0	0	244	170	53	0	5	16	90	33	20	2
(16)	Rhayader - -	118	1	0	0	0	40	30	9	0	0	1	11	7	2	0
	TOTALS - - -	7,645	143	0	4	8	3,279	2,182	856	8	52	189	558	299	145	30
	CIRCUIT 29.															
(1)	Bangor - - -	1,107	6	0	0	1	567	340	212	0	4	12	182	98	42	5
(2)	Carnarvon - - -	1,351	22	0	0	0	704	538	142	2	14	8	177	107	43	7
(3)	Conway - - -	458	6	0	0	0	209	126	66	0	0	17	27	11	6	1
(4)	Denbigh - - -	505	7	0	0	1	240	137	92	4	3	5	91	40	19	6
(5)	Holywell - -	846	13	0	0	2	407	236	155	1	7	10	213	0	40	6
(6)	Llangefni and Holyhead - - -	626	13	0	0	7	213	159	36	0	10	15	36	14	6	0
(7)	Llanrwst - -	319	1	0	0	1	115	90	21	0	1	4	11	7	4	0
(8)	Mold and Flint -	787	23	0	0	2	303	218	74	0	4	9	84	37	13	4
(9)	Ruthin - - -	536	3	0	0	1	182	114	64	0	2	3	54	21	11	1
(10)	St. Asaph - -	931	5	0	0	0	298	209	74	0	7	8	41	21	12	2
(11)	Wrexham - -	3,228	22	0	1	0	1,430	884	503	0	8	35	241	110	53	18
	TOTALS - - -	10,694	121	0	1	15	4,668	3,051	1,439	7	60	126	1,157	466	249	50
	CIRCUIT 30.															
(1)	Aberdare - -	4,468	30	0	1	3	3,235	1,815	1,379	4	19	21	725	452	229	44
(2)	Brecknock - -	770	42	0	0	0	376	236	128	0	7	5	43	29	14	4
(3)	Bridgend and Cowbridge - -	1,339	25	0	1	0	605	428	161	1	7	8	83	35	24	10
(4)	Merthyr Tydfil -	5,836	24	0	0	0	4,341	2,383	1,921	2	26	9	1,351	939	574	109
(5)	Pontypridd - -	2,301	30	0	0	0	1,394	907	455	5	16	11	307	191	106	19
(6)	Swansea - - -	5,554	53	0	1	0	2,768	1,847	859	0	33	29	580	443	198	45
	TOTALS - - -	20,268	204	0	3	3	12,719	7,616	4,903	12	108	83	3,089	2,089	1,145	231

Executions against Goods.		Appeals.	Orders to Stay Proceedings.	Certiorari to Remove Proceedings.	Total Number of Days Court has Sat.	Total Amount for which Plaints Entered.	Judgments obtained by Plaintiffs on original Hearings.		Total Amount of Fees on all the aforesaid Proceedings.	Bankruptcy.		Equitable Proceedings.	
Issued.	Sales made.						Amount of Debts (exclusively).	Amount of Costs (exclusive of Fees).		Adjudication.	Gross Produce realised.		
						£.	£.	£.	£.		£.		
207	12	0	0	1	21	5,632	2,602	91	720	9	9	Nil.	(1)
2	1	0	0	0	7	203	60	2	28	1	5	0	(2)
90	2	0	0	1	20	2,368	589	82	207	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	(3)
19	0	0	0	0	7	524	263	13	75	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	(4)
21	0	0	0	0	7	823	299	15	100	2	Nil.	Nil.	(5)
58	1	0	0	1	8	1,440	203	59	86	Nil.	Nil.	1	(6)
23	1	0	0	0	7	1,090	352	11	123	3	31	1	(7)
40	2	0	0	0	7	1,193	570	8	152	Nil.	Nil.	1	(8)
36	5	0	0	0	8	1,274	441	26	162	2	53	1	(9)
15	0	0	0	0	6	697	256	15	36	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	(10)
57	4	0	0	0	6	1,831	879	24	232	5	49	1	(11)
55	4	0	0	0	7	1,240	469	31	166	5	173	1	(12)
90	0	0	0	0	7	2,379	1,002	21	213	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	(13)
17	0	0	0	0	7	318	135	2	42	2	Nil.	Nil.	(14)
53	0	0	0	0	9	1,807	611	37	225	1	Nil.	1	(15)
14	0	0	0	0	6	304	140	6	41	4	4	1	(16)
797	32	0	0	3	140	23,123	8,871	443	2,608	34	324	8	
152	1	0	0	0	11	2,431	1,294	21	362	7	55	0	(1)
192	5	0	0	0	11	3,702	1,799	56	506	9	14	Nil.	(2)
45	0	0	0	0	6	1,621	681	10	187	16	24	Nil.	(3)
64	2	0	0	0	6	1,352	603	51	189	Nil.	Nil.	1	(4)
136	6	0	0	0	12	2,129	918	71	321	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	(5)
31	0	0	0	0	11	2,024	727	91	241	7	63	3	(6)
27	1	0	0	0	6	744	228	5	84	1	13	Nil.	(7)
37	0	0	0	0	11	2,428	854	73	265	2	Nil.	1	(8)
44	1	0	0	0	11	1,338	283	18	160	4	12	2	(9)
75	4	0	0	0	11	2,030	714	155	254	1	174	1	(10)
393	23	0	0	0	11	7,423	3,427	109	952	11	525	4	(11)
1,196	43	0	0	0	107	27,222	11,528	660	3,521	58	880	12	
1,059	29	0	0	0	25	9,171	6,254	46	1,463	5	4	4	(1)
102	6	0	0	0	11	3,141	1,246	53	314	4	304	2	(2)
167	3	0	0	0	11	3,762	1,405	38	334	4	41	3	(3)
1,357	28	0	0	0	39	10,482	7,361	40	1,836	11	Nil.	2	(4)
449	5	0	0	0	15	5,774	3,006	45	811	6	16	2	(5)
773	23	0	0	0	34	12,798	5,640	152	1,700	30	92	5	(6)
3,907	94	0	0	0	135	45,128	24,912	374	6,458	60	457	18	

	COURT TOWN.	Plaints Entered.			Cases for Trial sent from the Superior Courts, under s. 26, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 118.	Causes Determined.		Judgments.					Judgment Summonses.		Warrants of Commitment.	
		Not exceeding £. 20.	Above £. 20 and not exceeding £. 50.	By Agreement above £. 50.		With a Jury.	Without a Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Plaintiff by Consent.	For Plaintiff by Default, s. 28, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 108.	Nonsuit.	For Defendant.	Issued.	Heard.	Issued.	Debtors Imprisoned.
	CIRCUIT 31.															
(1)	Aberayron	315	6	0	0	3	75	63	9	1	3	2	4	3	2	1
(2)	Cardigan	346	4	0	0	2	85	51	33	0	0	3	2	1	0	0
(3)	Carmarthen	878	18	0	0	3	258	192	57	0	3	9	79	35	9	2
(4)	Haverfordwest	831	13	0	0	2	269	197	67	0	3	4	38	21	12	3
(5)	Lampeter	729	3	0	0	2	128	115	13	0	1	1	16	7	5	3
(6)	Llandilofawr	524	5	0	0	2	105	62	40	1	1	3	19	9	5	2
(7)	Llandovery	372	6	0	0	1	76	49	26	2	0	0	1	0	0	0
(8)	Llanelly	1,232	12	0	0	0	553	310	233	7	0	3	112	67	27	3
(9)	Narberth	801	14	0	0	1	237	114	117	0	2	5	28	9	3	2
(10)	Newcastle-in-Emlyn	488	7	0	0	2	88	54	31	2	1	2	3	0	0	0
(11)	Neath	5,222	31	0	0	0	3,104	2,126	959	0	14	5	501	296	147	36
(12)	Pembroke	799	22	0	0	3	255	182	70	0	3	3	93	45	16	1
	TOTALS	12,537	141	0	0	21	5,233	3,515	1,655	13	31	40	896	493	226	53
	CIRCUIT 32.															
(1)	Attleborough	428	4	0	0	0	148	96	38	0	8	6	41	16	13	5
(2)	Aylsham	465	0	0	0	0	156	103	43	0	6	4	35	13	9	3
(3)	Downham Market	415	10	0	0	0	168	120	45	0	1	2	34	9	3	0
(4)	East Dereham	696	5	0	0	1	234	148	67	1	16	3	57	25	19	1
(5)	Holt	279	0	0	0	0	84	50	28	0	6	0	9	3	1	0
(6)	King's Lynn	1,567	18	0	2	1	749	340	375	0	27	8	143	57	23	7
(7)	Little Walsingham	1,075	8	0	1	1	421	304	99	0	17	2	104	35	16	5
(8)	North Walsham	396	6	0	0	0	129	85	38	0	5	1	50	15	8	3
(9)	Norwich	5,274	43	0	2	0	2,344	1,037	1,189	1	62	55	679	267	172	42
(10)	Swaffham	403	2	0	0	0	185	104	70	0	9	2	22	8	6	5
(11)	Thetford	462	11	0	0	1	168	110	53	0	6	0	29	6	1	0
(12)	Wymondham	207	2	0	0	0	77	35	34	0	6	2	9	5	0	0
	TOTALS	11,667	109	0	5	4	4,863	2,532	2,079	2	169	85	1,212	459	271	71
	CIRCUIT 33.															
(1)	Beccles and Bungay	605	8	0	0	0	297	200	91	0	2	4	91	36	16	5
(2)	Bury St. Edmunds	1,313	8	0	0	2	514	393	99	0	8	16	68	18	8	2
(3)	Eye and Diss	524	9	0	0	0	220	167	42	0	6	5	34	19	8	1
(4)	Framlingham and Saxmundham	540	7	0	0	2	247	171	67	0	4	7	42	24	6	4
(5)	Great Yarmouth	1,278	13	0	0	0	530	364	134	0	10	22	129	54	24	5
(6)	Halesworth	389	2	0	0	0	169	100	58	1	3	7	26	13	4	0
(7)	Harleston	402	4	0	0	0	187	137	43	0	3	4	13	6	1	0
(8)	Ipswich	1,995	36	0	1	1	1,041	621	382	5	16	18	210	94	29	8
(9)	Lowestoft	494	6	0	0	0	235	146	72	0	8	9	46	19	6	1
(10)	Mildenhall	457	2	0	0	1	168	110	53	0	2	4	24	5	4	1
(11)	Stowmarket	597	7	0	0	1	300	158	131	0	5	7	56	24	15	3
(12)	Woodbridge	496	8	0	1	0	234	209	12	0	4	9	40	15	9	2
	TOTALS	9,090	110	0	2	7	4,142	2,776	1,184	6	71	112	779	327	130	32

Executions against Goods.		Appeals.	Orders to Stay Proceedings.	Certiorari to Remove Proceedings.	Total Number of Days Court has Sat.	Total Amount for which Plaints Entered.	Judgments obtained by Plaintiffs on original Hearings.		Total Amount of Fees on all the aforesaid Proceedings.	Bankruptcy.		Equitable Proceedings.	
Issued.	Sales made.						Amount of Debts (exclusively).	Amount of Costs (exclusive of Fees).		Adjudication.	Gross Produce realised.		
						£.	£.	£.	£.		£.		
18	0	0	0	0	6	1,121	328	77	125	1	Nil.	1	(1)
28	0	0	0	0	6	950	327	44	105	7	22	1	(2)
66	5	0	0	2	13	2,932	1,019	131	327	4	Nil.	2	(3)
67	1	0	0	0	12	2,074	820	90	227	5	2	1	(4)
34	2	0	0	1	6	1,594	379	77	179	2	Nil.	2	(5)
43	1	0	0	0	6	1,396	344	34	146	Nil.	„	2	(6)
30	10	0	0	0	5	1,238	329	13	114	„	„	2	(7)
122	3	0	0	0	12	2,680	1,111	138	357	1	62	1	(8)
68	3	0	0	0	12	2,073	709	87	208	1	67	1	(9)
36	1	0	0	0	6	1,195	185	31	113	12	143	Nil.	(10)
963	21	0	0	0	24	10,452	3,468	46	1,552	1	23	1	(11)
107	3	1	0	0	12	2,331	820	82	286	3	41	3	(12)
1,582	50	1	0	3	120	30,036	9,839	850	3,739	37	360	17	
36	4	0	0	0	6	894	358	33	115	3	7	1	(1)
44	2	0	0	0	11	773	272	52	108	2	14	Nil.	(2)
47	2	0	0	0	6	1,421	447	52	149	5	95	„	(3)
61	2	0	0	0	11	1,650	565	69	192	6	185	5	(4)
7	0	0	0	0	6	456	176	33	57	2	60	Nil.	(5)
174	20	0	0	0	12	3,438	762	131	451	5	38	1	(6)
66	1	0	0	0	11	2,175	881	155	264	4	310	Nil.	(7)
24	0	0	0	0	11	876	275	24	101	8	44	3	(8)
470	9	0	5	0	27	13,750	3,475	743	1,155	37	968	1	(9)
58	0	0	0	0	6	685	452	99	106	2	78	1	(10)
69	3	0	0	0	6	1,239	370	41	129	4	140	Nil.	(11)
23	2	0	0	0	6	621	166	17	54	2	72	1	(12)
1,079	45	0	5	0	119	27,978	8,199	1,449	2,881	80	2,011	13	
36	3	0	0	1	12	1,303	545	62	168	4	84	1	(1)
134	0	0	0	0	15	2,486	961	70	318	12	594	Nil.	(2)
45	2	0	0	0	12	1,430	568	76	182	2	3	„	(3)
29	0	0	0	1	11	1,451	663	81	174	2	25	1	(4)
148	2	0	0	0	22	3,289	1,435	170	434	10	318	4	(5)
40	5	0	0	0	11	893	404	42	119	3	118	Nil.	(6)
45	0	0	0	0	8	967	368	46	126	Nil.	Nil.	„	(7)
277	8	0	0	0	29	5,367	2,709	178	681	22	292	4	(8)
58	0	0	0	0	8	1,214	592	42	147	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	(9)
43	6	0	0	0	6	919	312	22	110	1	15	„	(10)
90	5	0	0	0	11	1,349	676	50	183	3	68	1	(11)
56	5	0	0	0	11	1,267	549	60	172	2	34	4	(12)
1,001	36	0	0	2	156	21,935	9,782	899	2,814	61	1,351	15	

	COURT TOWN.	Plaints Entered.			Cases for Trial sent from the Superior Courts, under s. 26, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 118.	Causes Determined.		Judgments.					Judgment Summonses.		Warrants of Commitment.	
		Not exceeding £. 20.	Above £. 20 and not exceeding £. 50.	By Agreement above £. 50.		With a Jury.	Without a Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Plaintiff by Consent.	For Plaintiff by Default, s. 28, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 108.	Nonsuit.	For Defendant.	Issued.	Heard.	Issued.	Debtors Imprisoned.
	CIRCUIT 34.															
(1)	Ampthill	758	4	0	0	0	495	332	152	0	9	2	144	68	22	11
(2)	Bourn	983	8	0	0	3	599	482	99	0	11	10	111	68	16	11
(3)	Holbeach	923	5	0	0	4	553	297	227	0	13	20	32	21	13	7
(4)	Kettering	797	11	0	0	2	408	224	181	0	3	2	167	64	22	15
(5)	Newport Pagnell	957	16	0	0	0	455	350	88	0	9	8	133	82	27	9
(6)	Northampton	3,118	20	0	1	1	1,209	827	340	0	21	22	83	31	19	3
(7)	Oundle	685	6	0	0	2	399	301	89	0	5	6	153	61	26	4
(8)	Peterborough	1,646	12	0	1	2	947	612	316	1	9	11	91	39	8	1
(9)	Spalding	965	11	0	0	2	549	306	210	0	20	15	30	13	4	2
(10)	Stamford	963	8	0	0	0	539	236	285	1	12	5	137	52	15	5
(11)	Thrapston	621	6	0	0	0	351	230	110	0	5	6	24	10	3	3
(12)	Towcester	586	7	1	0	0	334	221	101	0	2	10	56	26	3	2
(13)	Wellingborough	718	9	0	0	0	409	204	194	0	6	5	41	23	10	4
	TOTALS	13,720	123	1	2	16	7,247	4,622	2,392	2	125	122	1,202	558	188	77
	CIRCUIT 35.															
(1)	Bedford	1,481	22	0	0	5	585	361	203	1	19	6	204	42	26	5
(2)	Biggleswade	1,225	4	0	0	1	624	465	135	0	17	8	111	41	28	7
(3)	Cambridge	2,397	24	0	0	5	1,072	954	62	3	37	21	273	119	81	25
(4)	Ely	722	9	0	0	1	327	228	88	0	9	3	27	12	5	3
(5)	Haverhill	509	4	0	0	0	229	133	88	0	6	2	36	3	3	2
(6)	Hitchin	601	9	0	0	0	284	231	39	0	10	4	60	22	8	2
(7)	Huntingdon	1,521	9	0	1	3	695	509	163	1	12	13	46	24	13	5
(8)	March	676	6	0	1	5	344	233	110	0	4	2	30	10	4	2
(9)	Newmarket	475	5	0	0	2	280	172	94	0	11	5	22	8	4	0
(10)	Royston	642	9	0	0	1	314	238	69	0	6	2	27	10	3	3
(11)	Saffron Walden	460	3	0	0	0	213	116	91	1	2	3	35	8	3	1
(12)	St. Neots	526	6	0	0	2	254	200	43	0	9	4	19	9	6	2
(13)	Soham	305	1	0	0	2	133	76	55	0	2	2	11	5	3	1
(14)	Wisbeach	1,038	21	0	0	1	482	258	199	0	16	10	41	11	3	1
	TOTALS	12,578	132	0	2	28	5,836	4,174	1,439	6	160	85	942	324	190	59
	CIRCUIT 36.															
(1)	Abingdon	506	0	0	0	0	212	126	84	0	0	2	23	9	3	3
(2)	Banbury	1,344	12	0	0	0	578	323	238	4	1	12	70	31	15	6
(3)	Bicester	825	4	0	2	0	507	200	296	1	4	6	136	63	23	12
(4)	Brackley	582	7	0	1	0	221	166	52	0	2	1	46	19	7	3
(5)	Buckingham	721	3	0	0	0	301	170	118	0	7	7	21	11	5	2
(6)	Chipping Norton	405	4	0	0	0	191	114	68	0	5	4	7	3	3	0
(7)	Farringdon	365	2	0	0	0	228	127	95	0	0	6	40	19	10	2
(8)	Oxford	1,712	23	0	0	0	823	476	312	3	14	18	156	62	32	3
(9)	Shipston-on-Stour	1,056	9	0	0	0	499	287	193	0	7	12	47	24	8	3
(10)	Stow	344	0	0	0	0	167	67	93	0	5	2	14	8	3	2
(11)	Thame	486	4	0	0	1	186	123	55	0	4	5	46	27	10	1
(12)	Wantage	287	4	0	0	0	193	79	111	0	1	2	23	14	7	2
(13)	Witney	574	8	0	0	0	275	130	136	0	2	7	41	21	10	4
(14)	Woodstock	553	2	0	0	0	359	138	217	0	2	2	49	29	16	4
	TOTALS	9,760	82	0	0	2	4,740	2,526	2,068	8	54	86	719	340	152	47

Executions against Goods.		Appeals.	Orders to Stay Proceedings.	Certiorari to Remove Proceedings.	Total Number of Days Court has Sat.	Total Amount for which Plaints Entered.	Judgments obtained by Plaintiffs on original Hearings.		Total Amount of Fees on all the aforesaid Proceedings.	Bankruptcy.		Equitable Proceedings.	
Issued.	Sales made.						Amount of Debts (exclusively).	Amount of Costs (exclusive of Fees).		Adjudication.	Gross Produce realised.		
						£.	£.	£.	£.		£.		
198	1	0	0	0	11	1,068	582	11	194	2	41	1	(1)
208	2	0	0	0	11	1,917	1,051	73	303	2	31	Nil.	(2)
128	4	0	0	0	11	1,616	815	33	256	5	67	1	(3)
142	6	0	0	0	12	1,794	843	29	227	2	Nil.	Nil.	(4)
174	5	0	0	0	11	2,251	839	47	307	6	61	3	(5)
304	28	0	0	0	14	6,035	2,412	96	739	24	457	3	(6)
116	0	0	0	0	11	1,173	501	12	187	1	32	Nil.	(7)
273	5	0	0	0	12	3,236	1,657	69	454	2	122	„	(8)
121	9	0	0	0	11	2,081	1,014	79	299	1	Nil.	2	(9)
128	4	0	0	0	11	2,350	1,080	22	290	5	69	Nil.	(10)
89	5	0	0	0	11	1,295	612	25	177	1	27	„	(11)
104	5	0	0	0	11	1,299	675	24	177	2	55	1	(12)
126	9	0	0	0	11	1,537	824	25	205	7	164	Nil.	(13)
2,111	83	0	0	0	148	27,652	12,905	545	3,815	60	1,126	11	
199	1	0	0	0	11	3,437	871	30	410	14	370	2	(1)
159	0	0	0	0	11	1,865	728	31	266	1	10	1	(2)
281	5	0	1	0	17	5,044	2,138	119	703	13	1,318	8	(3)
95	2	0	0	0	7	1,632	728	46	215	3	102	Nil.	(4)
67	2	0	0	0	6	871	367	4	117	Nil.	Nil.	2	(5)
62	3	0	0	0	7	1,189	472	19	150	„	„	1	(6)
209	10	0	0	0	11	2,802	1,263	75	394	4	164	2	(7)
80	4	0	0	1	7	1,658	865	49	229	Nil.	Nil.	1	(8)
115	4	0	0	0	6	1,148	657	36	163	„	„	Nil.	(9)
100	8	0	0	0	7	1,473	643	21	198	„	„	„	(10)
52	7	0	0	0	6	1,019	486	3	124	1	12	1	(11)
75	2	0	0	0	11	1,060	437	36	137	2	53	Nil.	(12)
42	3	0	0	0	7	516	272	8	79	Nil.	Nil.	„	(13)
136	4	0	0	0	11	2,681	1,154	49	320	1	9	3	(14)
1,672	55	0	1	1	125	26,395	11,081	526	3,505	39	2,038	21	
79	2	0	0	0	12	845	406	7	108	2	Nil.	Nil.	(1)
169	7	0	0	0	12	3,495	1,499	50	413	5	64	3	(2)
166	5	0	0	0	12	1,369	867	34	224	2	97	1	(3)
60	1	0	0	0	12	1,294	495	16	149	1	10	1	(4)
80	4	0	0	0	12	1,295	520	23	159	6	42	Nil.	(5)
57	7	0	0	0	6	910	492	17	116	Nil.	Nil.	„	(6)
47	2	0	0	0	6	720	246	67	123	1	14	„	(7)
206	7	0	0	0	12	5,264	2,085	85	561	20	Nil.	„	(8)
89	4	0	0	0	12	2,283	1,004	23	288	3	148	„	(9)
34	3	0	0	0	6	620	307	8	85	Nil.	Nil.	2	(10)
66	0	0	0	0	12	978	328	21	131	4	65	Nil.	(11)
68	2	0	0	0	6	851	521	14	113	Nil.	Nil.	„	(12)
99	5	0	0	0	6	1,332	552	32	177	3	3	1	(13)
131	9	0	0	0	6	955	642	10	155	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	(14)
1,351	58	0	0	0	132	22,211	9,964	407	2,802	47	443	8	

	COURT TOWN.	Plaints Entered.			Cases for Trial sent from the Superior Courts, under s. 26, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 118.	Causes Determined.		Judgments.					Judgment Summonses.		Warrants of Commitment.	
		Not exceeding £. 20.	Above £. 20 and not exceeding £. 50.	By Agreement above £. 50.		With a Jury.	Without a Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Plaintiff by Consent.	For Plaintiff by Default, s. 28, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 108.	Nonsuit.	For Defendant.	Issued.	Heard.	Issued.	Debtors Imprisoned.
	CIRCUIT 37.															
(1)	Aylesbury	1,068	13	0	0	1	491	359	108	0	14	11	84	46	33	9
(2)	Barnet	596	4	0	0	2	361	247	103	0	7	6	32	32	12	1
(3)	Chesham	548	3	0	0	0	206	127	78	0	0	1	79	36	12	8
(4)	Henley-on-Thames	315	2	0	0	0	145	83	60	0	1	1	46	17	7	3
(5)	High Wycombe	928	17	0	0	3	404	281	122	0	0	4	71	40	17	6
(6)	Leighton Buzzard	796	12	0	0	3	352	226	114	0	5	10	48	24	3	3
(7)	Luton	2,823	10	0	0	7	1,432	821	563	7	28	20	224	107	60	34
(8)	Saint Albans	1,130	20	0	0	0	479	326	135	0	7	11	45	17	8	0
(9)	Uxbridge	1,096	14	0	0	0	528	275	238	0	10	5	97	62	29	11
(10)	Wallingford	381	2	0	0	0	187	111	70	0	4	2	49	26	17	1
(11)	Watford	881	18	0	0	3	448	288	128	0	22	13	74	43	20	4
(12)	Windsor	1,261	23	0	0	5	437	288	126	0	10	18	46	28	16	8
	TOTALS	11,823	138	0	0	24	5,470	3,432	1,845	7	108	102	895	478	234	88
	CIRCUIT 38.															
(1)	Bishops Stortford	768	7	0	0	0	312	173	133	1	2	3	60	23	14	8
(2)	Braintree	612	7	0	0	1	202	127	69	0	4	3	34	12	10	8
(3)	Brentwood	585	4	0	0	1	263	187	73	0	1	3	80	34	10	1
(4)	Chelmsford	759	6	0	0	1	284	164	115	0	1	5	43	22	19	4
(5)	Colchester	1,286	17	0	0	0	467	282	170	1	5	9	53	16	13	7
(6)	Dunmow	322	3	0	0	1	130	80	45	0	0	6	23	12	10	5
(7)	Edmonton	1,662	10	0	0	1	891	539	306	0	17	30	141	78	47	10
(8)	Hadleigh	373	6	0	0	0	186	70	107	3	3	3	10	4	3	2
(9)	Halstead	244	0	0	0	0	63	44	17	0	1	1	12	5	5	2
(10)	Harwich	213	6	0	0	0	82	54	24	1	1	2	12	6	3	1
(11)	Hertford	862	12	0	0	4	452	208	232	0	7	9	58	16	7	1
(12)	Maldon	533	3	0	0	1	179	160	16	0	3	1	22	14	8	4
(13)	Rochford	599	0	0	0	1	228	182	37	0	7	3	28	16	10	7
(14)	Romford	925	6	0	0	0	469	332	124	0	5	8	61	38	20	5
(15)	Sudbury	661	4	0	0	3	222	157	59	0	4	5	71	34	18	6
(16)	Waltham Abbey	917	4	0	0	0	482	272	195	0	9	6	52	29	15	8
	TOTALS	11,321	95	0	0	14	4,912	3,031	1,722	6	70	97	760	359	212	79
	CIRCUIT 39.															
(1)	Whitechapel	10,464	38	0	4	7	6,827	3,855	2,518	3	219	239	859	361	175	70

Executions against Goods.		Appeals.	Orders to Stay Proceedings.	Certiorari to Remove Proceedings.	Total Number of Days Court has Sat.	Total Amount for which Plaints Entered.	Judgments obtained by Plaintiffs on original Hearings.		Total Amount of Fees on all the aforesaid Proceedings.	Bankruptcy.		Equitable Proceedings.	
Issued.	Sales made.						Amount of Debts (exclusively).	Amount of Costs (exclusive of Fees).		Adjudication.	Gross Produce realised.		
						£.	£.	£.	£.		£.		
104	7	0	0	0	12	2,368	983	57	300	12	175	Nil.	(1)
74	4	0	1	0	12	1,497	808	91	217	Nil.	Nil.	„	(2)
21	0	0	0	0	11	1,143	437	25	137	2	31	„	(3)
49	4	0	0	0	8	599	148	10	87	Nil.	Nil.	„	(4)
94	3	0	0	0	12	2,357	945	98	287	6	81	3	(5)
33	2	0	0	0	12	1,925	715	61	204	5	6	1	(6)
229	7	0	0	0	13	4,854	2,291	111	692	15	168	Nil.	(7)
112	1	0	0	0	12	2,748	1,024	80	321	3	18	„	(8)
120	0	0	0	0	12	2,564	1,294	136	332	Nil.	Nil.	„	(9)
90	0	0	0	0	8	790	392	23	117	2	56	„	(10)
125	3	0	0	2	12	2,485	1,190	172	335	Nil.	Nil.	3	(11)
132	13	0	0	0	12	3,845	1,264	143	413	7	94	3	(12)
1,183	44	0	1	2	136	27,175	11,491	1,007	3,442	52	629	10	
74	10	0	0	0	6	1,456	655	18	197	3	50	2	(1)
62	0	0	1	0	6	1,045	353	13	130	5	99	1	(2)
65	0	0	0	0	6	1,306	712	14	176	5	8	1	(3)
105	5	0	0	0	12	1,701	725	26	211	16	Nil.	3	(4)
107	6	0	0	0	14	3,462	1,389	52	372	5	53	2	(5)
34	0	0	0	0	6	821	350	13	106	2	69	Nil.	(6)
184	3	0	0	0	16	3,825	2,010	111	552	Nil.	Nil.	1	(7)
60	5	1	0	0	6	915	398	13	109	2	49	1	(8)
17	0	0	0	0	6	556	123	8	63	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	(9)
23	1	0	0	0	6	679	240	15	72	1	11	2	(10)
92	0	0	0	0	13	1,920	1,021	34	257	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	(11)
55	0	0	0	0	7	1,036	355	18	124	3	67	2	(12)
60	0	0	0	0	6	1,032	440	10	153	3	15	Nil.	(13)
103	9	0	0	0	12	2,093	1,021	167	285	Nil.	Nil.	2	(14)
63	1	0	0	0	12	1,526	484	30	187	4	126	1	(15)
165	5	0	0	0	12	1,613	882	35	253	Nil.	Nil.	1	(16)
1,269	45	1	1	0	146	24,986	11,158	577	3,247	49	547	19	
2,318	16	0	0	0	123	23,543	14,647	251	3,630	Nil.	Nil.	10	(1)

	COURT TOWN.	Plaints Entered.			Cases sent from Courts, under s. 26, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 118.	Causes Determined.		Judgments.					Judgment Summonses.		Warrants of Commitment.	
		Not exceeding £. 20.	Above £. 20 and not exceeding £. 50.	By Agreement above £. 50.		With a Jury.	Without a Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Plaintiff by Consent.	For Plaintiff by Default, s. 28, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 108.	Nonsuit.	For Defendant.	Issued.	Heard.	Issued.	Debtors Imprisoned.
	CIRCUIT 40.															
(1)	Bow - - -	9,247	49	0	0	3	6,166	2,695	3,214	3	117	140	506	206	122	34
(2)	Shoreditch - -	10,557	36	0	5	7	7,096	3,318	3,465	0	110	210	967	491	278	97
	Totals - - -	19,804	85	0	5	10	13,262	6,013	6,679	3	227	350	1,473	697	400	131
	CIRCUIT 41.															
(1)	Clerkenwell - -	13,772	56	0	4	10	8,115	3,890	3,549	5	392	289	1,335	551	269	85
	CIRCUIT 42.															
(1)	Bloomsbury - -	11,087	70	0	9	15	6,630	3,024	3,201	0	207	213	1,475	739	340	78
	CIRCUIT 43.															
(1)	Brentford - -	2,185	26	0	0	3	1,015	830	134	0	38	16	379	205	94	17
(2)	Brompton - -	6,435	75	0	2	6	3,512	2,040	1,298	0	110	70	952	436	237	60
(3)	Marylebone - -	7,931	70	0	3	15	4,308	2,926	1,041	0	152	204	1,108	441	242	62
	Totals - - -	16,551	171	0	5	24	8,835	5,796	2,473	0	300	290	2,439	1,082	573	139
	CIRCUIT 44.															
(1)	Westminster - -	11,648	109	0	11	12	6,563	3,213	2,795	0	201	366	862	421	190	50
	CIRCUIT 45.															
(1)	Chertsey - - -	962	11	0	0	5	511	292	189	0	14	21	212	105	62	13
(2)	Croydon - - -	1,519	25	0	0	8	793	464	295	0	19	23	64	31	14	3
(3)	Epsom - - -	463	3	0	0	(a)	218	116	73	0	20	9	34	17	8	3
(4)	Farnham - -	1,086	10	0	0	4	503	357	110	0	28	12	51	29	13	4
(5)	Godalming - -	416	3	0	0	1	232	141	85	0	5	2	95	52	34	10
(6)	Guildford - -	472	7	0	0	0	221	118	86	0	5	12	103	57	21	4
(7)	Hungerford - -	365	3	0	0	0	170	82	83	0	3	2	71	42	26	9
(8)	Kingston-on-Thames	1,131	9	0	0	0	536	352	155	0	19	16	127	40	12	0
(9)	Newbury - -	824	13	0	0	2	419	255	153	0	10	3	90	45	22	10
(10)	Reading - - -	1,636	8	0	0	1	721	445	261	0	5	11	98	57	28	10
(11)	Wandsworth - -	3,011	26	0	0	5	2,249	1,582	586	0	40	46	233	110	47	15
	Totals - - -	11,885	118	0	0	26	6,573	4,204	2,076	0	162	157	1,178	585	287	81
	CIRCUIT 46.															
(1)	Southwark - -	13,216	62	0	3	12	8,795	3,513	4,927	0	166	201	1,399	726	213	65

(a) There was a new trial by a jury of a cause embraced in a previous return.

Executions against Goods.		Appeals.	Order to Stay Proceedings.	Certiorari to Remove Proceedings.	Total Number of Days Court has Sat.	Total Amount for which Plaints Entered.	Judgments obtained by Plaintiffs on original Hearings.		Total Amount of Fees on all the aforesaid Proceedings.	Bankruptcy.		Equitable Proceedings.	
Issued.	Sales made.						Amount of Debts (exclusively).	Amount of Costs (exclusive of Fees).		Adjudication.	Gross Produce realised.		
						£.	£.	£.	£.		£.		
1,903	54	0	0	2	66	19,888	12,179	337	2,999	Nil.	Nil.	5	(1)
1,978	15	0	1	0	89	24,789	15,954	290	3,815	„	„	10	(2)
3,881	69	0	1	2	155	44,677	28,133	627	6,814	0	0	15	
2,242	16	0	0	0	130	34,157	18,069	642	4,873	Nil.	Nil.	10	(1)
1,954	30	0	0	1	118	33,542	18,929	593	4,809	Nil.	Nil.	12	(1)
222	5	0	0	0	14	5,761	2,975	796	870	Nil.	Nil.	4	(1)
831	5	0	0	3	50	19,979	7,684	415	2,708	„	„	11	(2)
1,201	10	0	0	2	66	26,105	13,405	1,082	3,718	„	„	10	(3)
2,254	20	0	0	5	130	51,845	24,064	2,293	7,296	0	0	25	
2,012	26	2	0	3	130	41,253	20,670	488	5,393	Nil.	Nil.	19	(1)
56	0	0	0	0	11	2,398	1064	41	342	1	12	1	(1)
166	7	0	0	1	12	5,690	2,888	175	694	Nil.	Nil.	1	(2)
55	0	0	0	0	6	1,418	622	34	195	„	„	Nil.	(3)
160	3	0	0	1	11	2,912	837	60	383	5	38	1	(4)
65	1	0	0	0	6	811	499	11	140	1	56	1	(5)
50	0	0	0	0	11	1,430	617	20	177	6	293	Nil.	(6)
48	1	0	0	0	5	961	422	8	126	2	3	„	(7)
110	0	0	0	0	11	3,123	1,370	46	405	Nil.	Nil.	1	(8)
138	5	0	0	0	11	2,298	1,042	27	308	4	84	1	(9)
156	12	0	0	1	12	3,803	1,611	53	470	13	139	Nil.	(10)
486	8	0	0	1	25	8,141	4,059	259	1,193	Nil.	Nil.	4	(11)
1,490	37	0	[illegible]	4	121	32,985	15,031	734	4,433	32	625	10	
2,481	31	0	0	0	127	32,140	20,087	490	4,691	Nil.	Nil.	5	(1)

	COURT TOWN.	Plaints Entered.			Cases for Trial sent from the Superior Courts, under s. 26, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 118.	Causes Determined.		Judgments.					Judgment Summonses.		Warrants of Commitment.	
		Not exceeding £. 20.	Above £. 20 and not exceeding £. 50.	By Agreement above £. 50.		With a Jury.	Without a Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Plaintiff by Consent.	For Plaintiff by Default, s. 28, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 108.	Nonsuit.	For Defendant.	Issued.	Heard.	Issued.	Debtors Imprisoned.
	CIRCUIT 47.															
(1)	Greenwich	3,293	29	0	2	9	1,996	878	956	0	98	73	404	127	70	14
(2)	Lambeth	7,389	37	0	1	9	4,818	2,314	2,149	0	178	186	1,114	517	282	56
(3)	Woolwich	2,231	11	0	0	3	1,353	531	747	0	41	37	400	230	92	23
	TOTALS	12,913	77	0	3	21	8,167	3,723	3,852	0	317	296	1,918	874	444	93
	CIRCUIT 48.															
(1)	Bromley	519	3	0	0	2	195	160	23	0	9	5	104	27	7	1
(2)	Dartford	1,643	11	0	0	2	803	650	127	2	9	17	453	186	116	16
(3)	Gravesend	2,300	12	0	0	2	980	737	220	1	10	14	515	183	107	26
(4)	Maidstone	2,813	28	0	0	3	1,406	1,084	276	0	30	19	488	227	165	36
(5)	Rochester	6,663	39	1	1	15	3,385	2,215	1,109	0	41	35	2,059	916	613	113
(6)	Sevenoaks	527	19	0	0	1	246	173	67	1	3	3	101	35	11	0
(7)	Sheerness	1,442	3	0	0	1	638	470	136	2	18	13	378	165	101	16
(8)	Tonbridge	373	6	0	0	1	157	107	43	0	4	4	62	29	29	5
(9)	Tonbridge Wells	1,309	25	0	0	7	522	462	38	1	12	16	168	56	50	11
	TOTALS	17,589	146	1	1	34	8,332	6,058	2,039	7	136	126	4,328	1,824	1,199	224
	CIRCUIT 49.															
(1)	Ashford	857	4	0	0	0	377	280	69	0	14	14	19	8	4	1
(2)	Canterbury	1,259	23	0	0	1	607	334	240	3	10	21	24	10	8	0
(3)	Deal	224	5	0	0	0	98	49	37	0	4	8	23	10	3	1
(4)	Dover	738	13	0	0	1	321	191	118	0	5	8	43	17	4	1
(5)	Faversham	501	9	0	0	0	289	191	84	0	7	7	75	39	21	3
(6)	Folkestone	483	4	0	0	1	192	135	49	0	3	6	16	10	5	0
(7)	Hythe	126	2	0	0	0	54	14	37	0	1	2	5	3	0	0
(8)	Margate	344	2	0	0	0	133	88	32	0	1	12	23	10	8	1
(9)	Ramsgate	569	10	0	0	0	230	166	49	0	4	11	14	5	4	0
(10)	Romney	141	1	0	0	0	62	29	25	0	2	6	16	9	4	1
(11)	Sandwich	395	3	0	0	2	210	147	56	0	4	5	28	19	8	0
(12)	Sittingbourne	750	8	0	0	2	408	310	83	0	5	12	82	38	30	2
(13)	Tenterden & Cranbrook	287	1	0	0	0	94	74	14	0	3	3	8	2	0	0
	TOTALS	6,674	85	0	0	7	3,075	2,008	893	3	63	115	376	180	99	10
	CIRCUIT 50.															
(1)	Arundel	575	7	0	0	0	213	175	34	0	1	3	41	17	8	1
(2)	Brighton	5,984	171	0	0	8	2,561	2,342	137	0	26	64	774	374	233	52
(3)	Chichester	860	20	0	0	0	345	292	20	0	12	21	86	44	21	9
(4)	Cuckfield	306	7	0	0	2	157	121	32	0	0	6	39	13	7	3
(5)	Dorking	228	4	1	0	2	114	84	27	0	3	2	32	18	9	1
(6)	East Grinstead	223	5	0	0	1	96	79	13	0	2	3	16	6	2	0
(7)	Hastings	1,353	31	0	0	6	480	387	73	0	8	18	136	62	29	12
(8)	Horsham	389	12	0	0	0	155	136	11	1	0	7	48	20	13	4
(9)	Lewes	1,423	27	0	0	2	411	395	0	0	5	13	100	30	15	3
(10)	Midhurst	217	2	0	0	0	104	79	24	0	0	1	29	9	5	2
(11)	Petworth	346	6	0	0	1	143	117	20	1	2	4	48	12	8	3
(12)	Reigate	399	12	0	0	2	181	127	48	0	2	6	56	20	9	5
(13)	Rye	120	4	0	0	0	55	50	0	0	3	2	16	6	4	0
(14)	Worthing	570	12	0	0	0	152	108	36	0	3	5	28	9	6	3
	TOTALS	12,993	320	1	0	24	5,167	4,492	475	2	67	155	1,449	640	369	98

Executions against Goods.		Appeals.	Orders to Stay Proceedings.	Certiorari to Remove Proceedings.	Total Number of Days Court has Sat.	Total Amount for which Plaints Entered.	Judgments obtained by Plaintiffs on original Hearings.		Total Amount of Fees on all the aforesaid Proceedings.	Bankruptcy.		Equitable Proceedings.	
Issued.	Sales made.						Amount of Debts (exclusively).	Amount of Costs (exclusive of Fees).		Adjudication.	Gross Produce realised.		
						£.	£.	£.	£.		£.		
523	4	0	0	0	33	9,090	4,615	111	1,306	0	0	2	(1)
1,291	9	0	0	0	66	18,297	10,842	320	2,803	0	0	3	(2)
318	7	0	2	0	25	4,582	2,599	39	698	0	0	0	(3)
2,132	20	0	2	0	124	31,969	18,056	470	4,807	0	0	5	
18	0	0	0	0	9	1,216	505	11	157	0	0	1	(1)
110	2	0	0	0	14	3,259	1,293	122	510	0	0	1	(2)
120	0	0	0	0	12	4,294	1,945	45	580	15	130	0	(3)
311	2	0	1	0	25	5,828	2,605	61	824	59	15	3	(4)
617	12	0	1	0	45	12,041	5,812	174	1,831	12	272	1	(5)
15	0	0	0	0	10	1,912	661	17	205	0	0	1	(6)
90	1	0	0	0	13	2,232	1,125	38	359	3	70	1	(7)
21	1	0	0	0	12	976	435	19	126	3	39	0	(8)
104	6	0	0	2	13	3,546	1,214	67	442	9	116	3	(9)
1,406	24	0	2	2	153	35,304	15,595	554	5,034	101	642	11	
141	10	0	0	0	11	1,567	750	6	232	5	15	0	(1)
253	3	0	0	0	11	3,897	1,562	84	469	9	45	1	(2)
43	1	0	0	0	4	712	102	9	79	2	5	3	(3)
100	5	0	0	0	12	2,626	1,008	40	304	2	23	1	(4)
121	3	0	0	0	12	1,425	746	11	205	1	0	1	(5)
69	2	0	0	0	11	1,388	537	10	166	2	43	2	(6)
25	0	0	0	0	6	332	120	5	42	1	3	0	(7)
38	1	0	0	0	11	958	348	12	118	2	0	1	(8)
62	0	0	0	0	11	1,675	711	17	190	1	35	0	(9)
22	0	0	0	0	6	348	148	2	46	2	0	0	(10)
81	6	0	0	0	6	957	391	15	143	1	4	0	(11)
152	0	0	0	0	11	1,862	909	28	265	3	9	3	(12)
12	0	0	0	0	10	648	224	1	76	0	0	0	(13)
1,119	31	0	0	0	122	18,395	7,556	240	2,335	31	182	12	
27	0	0	0	0	7	1,339	455	20	140	0	0	0	(1)
924	8	0	0	2	37	18,792	6,866	542	2,163	31	419	1	(2)
95	0	0	0	0	12	2,634	933	49	307	5	46	0	(3)
32	1	0	0	0	6	1,066	460	30	134	2	0	0	(4)
11	1	0	0	0	6	861	445	13	108	0	0	0	(5)
34	2	0	0	0	6	754	278	20	89	3	352	1	(6)
107	6	0	0	0	12	4,661	1,798	217	537	23	457	0	(7)
23	0	0	0	0	6	1,605	423	32	166	1	2	0	(8)
102	2	0	0	0	12	3,729	1,325	173	436	27	843	0	(9)
42	2	0	0	0	6	641	317	16	89	4	29	0	(10)
16	1	0	0	0	12	1,213	390	24	117	2	0	0	(11)
47	0	0	0	0	6	1,640	720	76	205	3	30	1	(12)
7	0	0	0	0	6	429	180	12	52	1	17	1	(13)
29	1	0	0	0	6	1,383	495	23	156	3	212	0	(14)
1,496	24	0	0	0	140	40,747	15,085	1,247	4,699	105	2,407	4	

	COURT TOWN.	Plaints Entered.			Cases for Trial sent from the Superior Courts, under s. 26, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 118.	Causes Determined.		Judgments.					Judgment Summonses.		Warrants of Commitment.	
		Not exceeding £. 20.	Above £. 20 and not exceeding £. 50.	by Agreement above £. 50.		With a Jury.	Without a Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Plaintiff by Consent.	For Plaintiff by Default, s. 28, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 108.	Nonsuit.	For Defendant.	Issued.	Heard.	Issued.	Debtors Imprisoned.
	CIRCUIT 51.															
(1)	Alton	330	7	0	0	1	207	182	20	0	3	3	23	15	9	3
(2)	Basingstoke	547	9	0	0	0	219	185	18	0	11	5	37	18	9	1
(3)	Bishop's Waltham	262	1	0	0	1	94	88	1	0	3	3	23	6	1	1
(4)	Lymington	390	5	0	0	0	140	90	47	0	3	0	43	15	9	1
(5)	Newport (Isle of Wight)	1,888	37	0	0	5	801	718	13	10	29	36	185	75	34	10
(6)	Petersfield	174	4	0	0	1	72	59	7	0	3	4	9	2	1	0
(7)	Portsmouth	5,462	61	0	0	3	2,696	2,061	439	36	97	66	764	359	201	86
(8)	Romsey	367	3	0	0	0	181	136	32	1	7	5	57	29	14	7
(9)	Southampton	3,751	51	0	0	1	1,885	1,691	94	0	68	33	412	214	100	26
(10)	Winchester	1,130	12	0	0	0	483	380	86	3	10	4	107	55	35	11
	TOTALS	14,301	190	0	0	12	6,778	5,590	757	50	234	159	1,660	788	413	146
	CIRCUIT 52.															
(1)	Bath	3,630	19	0	1	0	1,533	879	584	2	37	31	263	130	66	20
(2)	Bradford	249	2	0	0	1	116	69	37	1	5	5	40	20	8	1
(3)	Calne	273	5	0	0	0	108	83	23	0	0	2	42	20	12	2
(4)	Chippenham	605	1	0	0	0	254	167	75	0	7	5	60	32	12	4
(5)	Devizes	675	11	0	0	0	253	106	78	0	3	6	47	20	3	2
(6)	Frome	1,171	8	0	0	0	348	238	94	0	7	9	74	35	10	4
(7)	Marlborough	407	6	0	0	0	109	71	31	0	5	2	17	10	2	1
(8)	Melksham	151	4	0	0	1	50	32	15	1	0	3	3	2	0	0
(9)	Swindon	1,273	7	0	0	0	480	300	158	4	11	7	118	63	22	4
(10)	Trowbridge	225	2	0	0	0	71	37	29	0	4	1	7	3	3	0
(11)	Warminster	557	7	0	0	0	204	154	43	0	6	1	31	21	2	0
(12)	Westbury	263	0	0	0	0	90	67	21	0	1	1	10	5	1	0
	TOTALS	9,479	72	0	1	2	3,616	2,263	1,188	8	86	73	712	361	141	38
	CIRCUIT 53.															
(1)	Cheltenham	2,377	23	0	1	1	732	378	318	0	25	12	192	64	27	6
(2)	Cirencester	835	8	0	0	1	225	132	80	1	7	6	89	36	21	5
(3)	Dursley	790	1	0	0	0	203	123	69	0	4	7	47	16	11	2
(4)	Gloucester	2,945	18	0	5	1	986	440	519	1	11	16	249	91	49	17
(5)	Malmesbury	807	8	0	0	0	167	118	41	0	2	6	53	21	8	4
(6)	Newent	509	5	0	0	1	181	89	76	3	11	3	56	25	14	3
(7)	Newnham	1,939	3	0	0	0	501	269	217	0	6	9	134	53	23	13
(8)	Northleach	239	0	0	0	0	93	57	31	0	3	2	30	13	6	3
(9)	Stroud	1,962	15	0	1	1	541	363	159	0	5	15	273	117	48	12
(10)	Tewkesbury	566	5	0	0	0	185	99	73	0	5	8	28	13	12	3
(11)	Winchcomb	441	2	0	0	0	133	68	58	0	2	5	37	16	5	3
	TOTALS	13,410	88	0	7	5	3,947	2,136	1,641	5	81	89	1,188	465	224	71

Executions against Goods.		Appeals.	Orders to Stay Proceedings.	Certiorari to Remove Proceedings.	Total Number of Days Court has Sat.	Total Amount for which Plaints Entered.	Judgments obtained by Plaintiffs on original Hearings.		Total Amount of Fees on all the aforesaid Proceedings.	Bankruptcy.		Equitable Proceedings.	
Issued.	Sales made.						Amount of Debts (exclusively).	Amount of Costs (exclusive of Fees).		Adjudication.	Gross Produce realised.		
						£.	£.	£.	£.		£.		
72	0	0	0	0	6	819	376	5	108	1	26	0	(1)
46	3	0	0	0	12	1,590	539	17	188	2	33	0	(2)
32	2	0	0	0	6	717	202	2	85	1	49	0	(3)
26	0	0	0	0	6	1,075	409	3	117	4	79	2	(4)
205	2	0	0	0	12	6,376	2,379	196	749	12	379	1	(5)
16	0	0	0	0	6	501	171	8	61	1	3	0	(6)
932	5	0	0	0	40	15,246	7,011	208	2,090	40	1,204	5	(7)
38	1	0	0	0	6	917	351	7	120	2	34	1	(8)
475	42	0	0	0	33	11,477	4,085	102	1,420	32	299	2	(9)
90	3	0	0	0	12	3,211	1,223	39	373	26	120	0	(10)
1,932	58	0	0	0	139	41,929	16,846	587	5,311	121	2,226	11	
493	17	0	0	0	26	7,783	3,331	86	1,004	21	163	7	(1)
23	1	1	0	0	6	655	258	12	86	2	155	0	(2)
40	1	0	0	1	6	762	267	16	96	0	0	0	(3)
64	6	0	0	0	12	1,152	464	31	149	0	0	0	(4)
86	0	0	0	0	12	1,878	695	38	200	3	70	0	(5)
102	8	0	0	0	12	2,293	645	76	260	2	22	0	(6)
24	3	0	0	0	12	1,023	374	41	126	2	18	1	(7)
12	0	0	0	0	6	503	112	22	42	0	0	0	(8)
143	6	0	0	0	13	2,463	1,075	70	345	0	0	2	(9)
19	0	0	0	0	6	418	53	2	48	3	50	0	(10)
47	0	0	0	0	12	1,504	628	42	164	1	14	0	(11)
50	1	0	0	0	6	455	193	4	65	0	0	2	(12)
1,103	43	1	0	1	129	20,889	8,095	440	2,585	34	492	12	
165	3	0	0	0	30	5,904	2,192	199	663	11	339	0	(1)
41	4	0	0	0	12	1,662	567	53	201	1	3	0	(2)
46	5	0	0	0	11	1,311	322	33	152	0	0	0	(3)
284	23	0	0	0	23	6,837	2,445	162	793	21	273	1	(4)
31	1	0	0	0	12	1,481	437	62	171	1	32	0	(5)
45	2	0	0	1	6	1,066	351	32	131	2	29	1	(6)
119	3	0	0	0	17	3,550	1,005	178	412	5	36	4	(7)
13	1	0	0	0	6	444	166	11	57	0	0	0	(8)
87	4	0	0	0	13	3,514	1,035	67	399	11	37	3	(9)
47	0	0	0	0	6	1,329	447	24	144	2	21	0	(10)
47	1	0	0	0	6	804	221	23	92	1	1	0	(11)
925	47	0	0	1	142	27,902	9,188	844	3,215	55	771	9	

	COURT TOWN.	Plaints Entered.			Cases for Trial sent from the Superior Courts, under s. 26, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 118.	Causes Determined.		Judgments.					Judgment Summonses.		Warrants of Commitment.	
		Not exceeding £. 20.	Above £. 20 and not exceeding £. 50.	By Agreement above £. 50.		With a Jury.	Without a Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Plaintiff by Consent.	For Plaintiff by Default, s. 26, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 108.	Nonsuit.	For Defendant.	Issued.	Heard.	Issued.	Debtors Imprisoned.
	CIRCUIT 54.															
(1)	Bristol	12,985	76	0	26	2	7,873	4,068	3,609	3	85	110	2,263	1,477	881	144
(2)	Chipping Sodbury	301	1	0	0	0	118	67	43	2	3	3	32	24	16	7
(3)	Thornbury	238	5	0	0	1	111	68	39	0	3	2	15	11	5	4
	TOTALS	13,524	82	0	26	3	8,102	4,203	3,691	5	91	115	2,310	1,512	902	155
	CIRCUIT 55.															
(1)	Andover	609	7	0	0	0	254	237	9	0	4	4	69	40	10	2
(2)	Blandford	877	17	0	0	0	273	139	119	4	3	8	80	33	13	7
(3)	Bridport	1,293	9	0	0	1	272	202	60	0	2	9	76	18	8	2
(4)	Christchurch	327	5	0	0	0	126	89	30	0	4	3	12	3	1	0
(5)	Dorchester	601	13	0	0	0	287	98	181	1	1	6	51	14	12	3
(6)	Fordingbridge	330	4	0	0	0	119	87	23	0	3	6	21	7	3	0
(7)	Poole	906	17	0	0	1	278	209	66	1	1	2	93	29	13	5
(8)	Salisbury	1,194	8	0	0	1	442	263	156	3	5	16	89	59	31	10
(9)	Shaftesbury	1,027	10	0	0	0	244	134	101	1	6	2	15	6	4	1
(10)	Wareham	354	11	0	0	0	133	99	30	2	0	2	20	13	6	1
(11)	Weymouth	1,052	19	0	0	0	431	300	111	1	5	14	61	18	11	1
(12)	Wimborne Minster	653	10	0	0	1	289	110	173	0	1	6	56	13	8	2
(13)	Wincanton	625	15	0	0	0	218	180	30	1	6	1	19	9	3	2
	TOTALS	9,948	145	0	0	4	3,366	2,147	1,089	14	41	79	662	262	123	36
	CIRCUIT 56.															
(1)	Axbridge	433	5	0	0	1	145	94	33	0	6	13	16	8	3	2
(2)	Bridgwater	2,508	24	0	0	2	1,098	522	544	2	13	19	118	43	30	4
(3)	Chard	739	8	0	0	0	301	128	159	0	1	13	19	7	0	0
(4)	Crewkerne	554	2	0	0	0	183	130	47	0	4	2	50	19	9	3
(5)	Langport	933	5	0	0	1	192	115	61	0	7	10	42	14	3	3
(6)	Taunton	1,384	16	0	0	2	433	268	143	0	6	18	58	24	11	5
(7)	Temple Cloud	582	4	0	0	0	196	126	61	0	4	5	53	31	4	3
(8)	Wellington (Somerset)	775	11	0	0	3	297	195	84	1	2	18	12	2	0	0
(9)	Wells	1,380	14	0	0	1	397	276	97	0	9	16	41	17	7	1
(10)	Weston-super-Mare	1,069	7	0	0	2	382	262	105	0	10	7	131	69	18	5
(11)	Williton	546	5	0	0	0	203	146	50	0	4	3	35	16	6	2
(12)	Yeovil	1,456	14	0	0	0	527	438	68	0	8	13	41	17	16	8
	TOTALS	12,359	115	0	0	12	4,354	2,700	1,452	3	74	137	616	267	107	36

Executions against Goods.		Appeals.	Orders to Stay Proceedings.	Certiorari to Remove Proceedings.	Total Number of Days Court has Sat.	Total Amount for which Plaints Entered.	Judgments obtained by Plaintiffs on original Hearings.		Total Amount of Fees on all the aforesaid Proceedings.	Bankruptcy.		Equitable Proceedings.	
Issued.	Sales made.						Amount of Debts (exclusively).	Amount of Costs (exclusive of Fees).		Adjudication.	Gross Produce realised.		
						£.	£.	£.	£.		£.		
2,225	33	0	0	1	114	26,644	14,162	559	4,035	66	368	12	(1)
23	0	0	0	0	9	661	324	19	95	1	0	0	(2)
32	0	0	0	0	9	641	311	9	77	0	0	0	(3)
2,280	33	0	0	1	132	27,946	14,797	587	4,207	67	368	12	
62	1	0	0	0	12	1,350	495	63	173	1	19	0	(1)
67	0	0	0	0	12	2,283	273	52	252	5	108	0	(2)
150	0	0	0	1	15	2,365	440	54	257	3	66	1	(3)
33	0	0	0	0	6	876	222	18	105	1	6	0	(4)
69	2	0	0	0	12	1,825	681	53	187	6	357	1	(5)
29	1	0	0	0	8	1,014	353	21	112	0	0	3	(6)
40	4	0	0	0	12	2,730	821	58	241	1	17	1	(7)
155	12	0	0	0	12	3,045	594	61	360	5	77	0	(8)
63	2	0	0	0	13	2,371	499	81	251	2	32	3	(9)
33	1	0	0	1	6	1,107	413	41	121	0	0	1	(10)
101	5	0	0	0	12	2,807	1,342	166	251	5	106	0	(11)
80	4	0	0	0	6	1,658	611	38	181	8	148	0	(12)
46	2	0	0	0	12	1,790	664	88	195	4	125	1	(13)
933	34	0	0	2	138	25,221	7,408	794	2,686	41	1,061	11	
49	6	0	0	0	11	1,018	379	55	133	1	0	1	(1)
336	6	0	0	0	14	5,776	2,360	164	699	5	148	4	(2)
70	5	0	0	0	11	1,409	500	47	166	2	6	2	(3)
47	0	0	0	0	11	1,032	388	48	130	2	18	0	(4)
77	2	0	0	0	12	1,776	520	79	204	4	22	0	(5)
153	3	0	0	0	12	3,215	1,046	134	369	14	8	0	(6)
68	2	0	0	0	11	1,106	394	47	135	1	0	0	(7)
98	5	0	0	0	11	1,984	687	101	238	0	0	0	(8)
114	11	0	0	0	12	3,085	968	186	354	16	173	2	(9)
125	3	0	0	0	11	2,753	969	170	343	9	87	3	(10)
57	3	0	0	0	11	1,097	432	37	136	4	46	0	(11)
189	0	0	0	1	11	3,213	1,025	79	373	8	109	2	(12)
1,383	46	0	0	1	138	27,464	9,668	1,147	3,280	66	617	14	

	COURT TOWN.	Plaints Entered.			Cases for Trial sent from the Superior Courts, under s. 26, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 118.	Causes Determined.		Judgments.					Judgment Summonses.		Warrants of Commitment.	
		Not exceeding £. 20.	Above £. 20 and not exceeding £. 50.	By Agreement above £. 50.		With a Jury.	Without a Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Plaintiff by Consent.	For Plaintiff by Default, s. 28, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 108.	Nonsuit.	For Defendant.	Issued.	Heard.	Issued.	Debtors Imprisoned.
	CIRCUIT 57.															
(1)	Axminster	626	7	0	0	2	269	145	112	0	6	8	36	21	9	4
(2)	Barnstaple	1,706	22	0	0	1	617	364	229	2	9	14	38	12	7	4
(3)	Bideford	878	6	0	0	3	346	206	129	2	8	4	50	23	9	2
(4)	Crediton	545	4	0	0	2	199	139	52	0	6	4	17	12	8	6
(5)	Exeter	2,787	29	0	3	2	1,320	833	421	7	47	14	122	72	21	3
(6)	Honiton	654	11	0	0	1	257	199	48	1	9	1	24	13	2	0
(7)	Newton Abbot and Torquay	1,589	35	0	0	6	786	555	211	1	16	9	52	32	17	2
(8)	South Molton	525	7	0	0	0	212	159	42	0	4	7	7	5	1	0
(9)	Tiverton	1,132	7	0	0	0	378	270	91	0	9	8	33	17	5	1
(10)	Torrington	283	12	0	0	3	120	64	52	0	4	3	12	5	1	0
	TOTALS	10,725	140	0	3	20	4,504	2,934	1,387	13	118	72	391	212	80	22
	CIRCUIT 58.															
(1)	Camelford	283	7	0	0	0	92	65	22	1	2	2	7	3	1	0
(2)	East Stonehouse	6,086	58	0	2	6	3,800	2,138	1,551	2	92	23	503	355	216	103
(3)	Holsworthy	283	2	0	0	1	66	48	13	0	2	4	4	4	2	2
(4)	Kingsbridge	290	2	0	0	2	130	56	73	2	0	1	10	4	4	2
(5)	Launceston	711	13	0	0	1	330	221	91	1	12	6	19	11	3	1
(6)	Liskeard	1,709	19	0	0	0	1,006	671	305	5	16	9	144	89	51	9
(7)	Oakhampton	317	7	0	0	1	90	59	21	0	6	5	2	1	0	0
(8)	Tavistock	1,216	15	0	0	0	657	416	210	3	23	5	127	63	13	4
(9)	Totnes	647	6	0	0	0	231	151	72	1	7	0	29	15	5	0
	TOTALS	11,542	129	0	2	11	6,402	3,825	2,358	15	160	55	845	545	295	121
	CIRCUIT 59.															
(1)	Bodmin	487	7	0	0	1	217	91	114	0	10	3	39	14	4	1
(2)	Falmouth	767	18	0	0	2	432	205	206	1	10	12	182	98	72	16
(3)	Helston	363	13	0	0	1	429	225	191	1	9	4	39	16	9	6
(4)	Penzance	1,644	13	0	1	6	929	659	251	1	10	14	119	66	38	13
(5)	Redruth	3,487	35	0	1	6	2,600	1,559	988	7	37	15	266	179	100	21
(6)	St. Austell	1,317	19	0	0	1	757	429	309	0	10	10	138	94	67	25
(7)	St. Columb Major	261	10	0	0	2	129	72	50	0	2	7	45	36	22	7
(8)	Truro	3,094	43	0	1	2	1,840	813	960	16	28	25	220	104	68	20
	TOTALS	11,420	158	0	3	21	7,333	4,053	3,069	26	116	90	1,048	607	380	109

Executions against Goods.		Appeals.	Orders to Stay Proceedings.	Certiorari to Remove Proceedings.	Total Number of Days Court has Sat.	Total Amount for which Plaints Entered.	Judgments obtained by Plaintiffs on original Hearings.		Total Amount of Fees on all the aforesaid Proceedings.	Bankruptcy.		Equitable Proceedings.	
Issued.	Sales made.						Amount of Debts (exclusively).	Amount of Costs (exclusive of Fees).		Adjudication.	Gross Produce realised.		
						£.	£.	£.	£.		£.		
70	2	0	0	0	9	1,473	688	74	195	3	11	1	(1)
189	3	0	0	2	12	3,924	1,525	80	465	4	2	0	(2)
131	2	0	0	0	12	1,947	764	49	236	2	19	2	(3)
76	6	0	0	0	9	1,179	438	27	143	0	0	1	(4)
500	30	0	0	0	24	6,102	2,745	147	804	43	827	4	(5)
101	2	0	0	0	12	2,053	832	87	240	7	226	0	(6)
198	6	0	0	0	18	5,052	2,012	134	608	7	43	1	(7)
48	2	0	0	0	6	1,398	490	28	152	2	11	0	(8)
121	3	0	0	0	12	2,240	672	46	261	8	332	0	(9)
34	0	0	0	0	6	941	311	11	103	1	0	0	(10)
1,468	56	0	0	2	120	26,309	10,477	683	3,207	77	1,471	9	
31	1	0	0	0	6	790	295	15	95	0	0	0	(I)
1,604	33	0	0	0	51	14,208	8,398	203	2,131	36	1,362	4	(2)
32	0	0	0	0	11	644	145	23	73	0	0	0	(3)
13	0	0	0	0	6	773	371	7	97	0	0	0	(4)
71	2	0	0	0	11	1,924	616	46	204	9	238	1	(5)
252	4	0	0	0	12	4,159	2,253	66	553	0	0	0	(6)
32	0	0	0	0	6	1,115	256	46	113	0	0	0	(7)
148	5	0	0	0	12	2,588	954	39	493	0	0	0	(8)
120	0	0	0	0	11	1,580	316	27	181	3	0	3	(9)
2,303	45	0	0	0	126	27,781	13,604	472	3,940	48	1,600	8	
85	3	0	0	0	11	1,076	473	55	165	10	30	0	(1)
211	2	0	0	1	11	2,484	1,067	29	313	0	0	0	(2)
167	10	4	0	0	11	1,877	528	36	282	0	0	0	(3)
450	7	0	0	0	22	3,826	2,040	71	576	1	12	0	(4)
1,094	38	0	0	0	24	7,620	5,209	75	1,236	9	190	6	(5)
411	11	0	0	0	11	2,883	1,458	41	422	8	92	2	(6)
41	1	0	0	0	11	854	379	46	110	0	0	1	(7)
656	39	0	0	0	23	7,591	1,587	28	1,061	18	420	5	(8)
3,115	111	4	0	1	124	28,211	12,741	381	4,165	46	744	41	

SUMMARY.

CIRCUITS.	Plaints Entered.			Cases for Trial sent from the Superior Courts, under s 26, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 118.	Causes Determined.		Judgments.					Judgment Summonses.		Warrants of Commitment.	
	Not exceeding £. 20.	Above £. 20 and not exceeding £. 50.	By Agreement above £. 50.		With a Jury.	Without a Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Plaintiff by Consent.	For Plaintiff by Default, s. 28, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 108.	Nonsuit.	For Defendant.	Issued.	Heard.	Issued.	Debtors Imprisoned.
Circuit 1 -	10,245	71	0	1	29	5,936	3,820	1,911	4	115	115	843	481	278	77
„ 2 -	16,042	158	0	2	5	10,110	7,039	2,842	17	103	114	865	487	231	84
„ 3 -	11,592	185	0	2	17	6,461	4,386	1,829	5	78	180	1,722	1,127	689	128
„ 4 -	10,026	185	1	5	3	5,808	3,344	2,133	2	204	128	2,102	1,217	666	229
„ 5 -	19,849	133	0	1	10	13,138	6,101	6,778	5	114	140	3,708	2,483	1,503	443
6 -	26,598	301	1	9	26	15,202	8,538	5,924	4	412	350	3,027	1,759	690	355
7 -	19,900	272	0	1	40	10,777	6,483	4,027	7	170	110	3,747	2,412	1,491	338
8 -	16,946	250	2	8	13	10,935	6,968	3,544	6	143	337	3,172	1,894	1,065	247
9 -	16,323	176	0	1	5	7,657	5,246	2,093	12	184	127	2,457	1,269	771	282
10 -	19,403	109	1	4	5	12,394	8,069	4,024	6	176	124	6,059	3,823	2,262	536
„ 11 -	9,918	213	0	8	11	4,989	3,150	1,510	3	260	77	507	191	72	36
„ 12 -	17,602	243	0	6	11	11,015	7,735	2,873	4	317	97	891	471	267	98
„ 13 -	24,802	139	0	3	13	16,772	8,306	8,170	5	205	99	1,603	676	242	70
„ 14 -	23,898	244	0	11	12	14,957	8,857	5,644	20	323	125	2,247	1,469	894	269
„ 15 -	13,458	183	0	1	6	6,624	4,375	1,820	27	52	356	987	512	396	70
„ 16 -	10,003	101	0	4	16	5,622	3,744	1,637	9	138	110	555	176	43	13
„ 17 -	11,904	181	0	1	29	6,454	3,967	2,255	11	103	147	1,043	521	246	68
„ 18 -	15,487	97	0	3	8	9,362	6,254	2,744	5	229	138	1,751	1,074	674	136
„ 19 -	22,655	114	0	3	30	14,543	8,760	5,485	3	181	144	4,800	3,211	1,926	392
„ 20 -	16,188	103	0	3	14	10,786	5,047	5,451	6	163	133	2,028	1,183	564	164
„ 21 -	28,331	116	0	28	11	17,387	10,421	6,726	1	86	164	2,595	1,126	675	176
„ 22 -	16,094	97	0	2	9	9,894	5,159	4,582	2	124	36	2,553	1,148	320	132
„ 23 -	17,292	139	0	4	7	11,483	6,895	4,344	2	105	144	2,184	1,020	533	128
„ 24 -	16,701	190	1	2	21	8,783	5,597	2,746	4	177	180	1,134	489	135	37
„ 25 -	22,612	131	0	15	25	16,946	8,320	8,374	23	156	98	2,951	1,865	1,040	186
„ 26 -	20,181	134	0	5	39	13,820	6,468	7,154	6	97	134	2,036	957	424	118
„ 27 -	13,730	135	0	3	30	7,629	3,628	3,846	19	14	152	2,112	1,367	885	114
„ 28 -	7,645	143	0	4	8	3,279	2,182	856	8	52	189	558	299	145	30
„ 29 -	10,694	121	0	1	15	4,668	3,051	1,489	7	60	126	1,157	466	249	50
„ 30 -	20,268	204	0	3	3	12,719	7,616	4,903	12	108	83	3,089	2,089	1,145	231
„ 31 -	12,537	141	0	0	21	5,233	3,515	1,655	13	31	40	896	493	226	53
„ 32 -	11,667	109	0	5	4	4,863	2,532	2,079	2	169	85	1,212	459	271	71
„ 33 -	9,090	110	0	2	7	4,142	2,776	1,184	6	71	112	779	327	130	32
„ 34 -	13,720	123	1	2	16	7,247	4,622	2,392	2	125	122	1,202	558	188	77
„ 35 -	12,578	132	0	2	28	5,836	4,174	1,439	6	160	85	942	324	190	59
„ 36 -	9,760	82	0	0	2	4,740	2,526	2,068	8	54	86	719	340	152	47
„ 37 -	11,823	138	0	0	24	5,470	3,432	1,845	7	108	102	895	478	234	88
„ 38 -	11,321	95	0	0	14	4,912	3,031	1,722	6	70	97	760	359	212	79
„ 39 -	10,464	38	0	4	7	6,827	3,855	2,518	3	219	239	859	361	175	70
„ 40 -	19,804	85	0	5	10	13,262	6,013	6,679	3	227	350	1,473	697	400	131
„ 41 -	13,772	56	0	4	10	8,115	3,890	3,549	5	392	289	1,335	551	269	85
„ 42 -	11,087	70	0	9	15	6,630	3,024	3,201	0	207	213	1,475	739	340	78
„ 43 -	16,551	171	0	5	24	8,835	5,796	2,473	0	300	290	2,439	1,082	573	139
„ 44 -	11,648	109	0	11	12	6,563	3,213	2,795	0	201	366	862	421	190	50
„ 45 -	11,885	118	0	0	26	6,573	4,204	2,076	0	162	157	1,178	585	287	81
„ 46 -	13,216	62	0	3	12	8,795	3,513	4,927	0	166	201	1,399	726	213	65
„ 47 -	12,913	77	0	3	21	8,167	3,723	3,852	0	317	296	1,918	874	444	93
„ 48 -	17,589	146	1	1	34	8,332	6,058	2,039	7	136	126	4,328	1,824	1,199	224
„ 49 -	6,674	85	0	0	7	3,075	2,008	893	3	63	115	376	180	99	10
„ 50 -	12,993	320	1	0	24	5,167	4,492	475	2	67	155	1,449	640	369	98
„ 51 -	14,301	190	0	0	12	6,778	5,590	757	50	234	159	1,660	788	413	146
„ 52 -	9,479	72	0	1	2	3,616	2,263	1,188	8	86	73	712	361	141	38
„ 53 -	13,410	88	0	7	5	3,947	2,136	1,641	5	81	89	1,188	465	224	71
„ 54 -	13,524	82	0	26	3	8,102	4,203	3,691	5	91	115	2,310	1,512	902	155
„ 55 -	9,948	145	0	0	4	3,366	2,147	1,089	14	41	79	662	262	123	36
„ 56 -	12,359	115	0	0	12	4,354	2,700	1,452	3	74	137	616	267	107	36
„ 57 -	10,725	140	0	3	20	4,504	2,934	1,387	13	118	72	391	212	80	22
„ 58 -	11,542	129	0	2	11	6,402	3,825	2,358	15	160	55	845	545	295	121
„ 59 -	11,420	158	0	3	21	7,333	4,053	3,069	26	116	90	1,048	607	380	109
Totals - -	864,193	8,244	9	244	879	487,286	285,791	184,147	470	8,883	8,874	100,411	54,319	29,347	7,601

SUMMARY.

Executions against Goods.		Appeals.	Orders to Stay Proceedings.	Certiorari to Remove Proceedings.	Total Number of Days Court has Sat.	Total Amount for which Plaints Entered.	Judgments obtained by Plaintiffs on original Hearings.		Total Amount of Fees on all the aforesaid Proceedings.	Bankruptcy.		Equitable Proceedings.	CIRCUITS.
Issued.	Sales made.						Amount of Debts (exclusively).	Amount of Costs (exclusive of Fees).		Adjudication.	Gross Produce realised.		
						£.	£.	£.	£.		£.		
1,301	15	0	2	0	136	24,940	12,533	674	3,408	54	427	3	1
3,155	100	0	0	1	156	38,921	21,660	661	5,710	67	888	19	2
2,000	65	0	0	1	132	32,215	16,561	1,111	4,688	68	656	30	3
1,698	53	0	0	1	155	29,444	15,365	506	4,153	39	327	4	4
4,422	48	0	0	0	91	36,746	22,877	285	6,008	74	763	9	5
3,982	176	0	0	0	267	69,634	33,620	1,261	9,496	153	1,528	15	6
2,769	61	0	0	3	144	49,153	24,649	1,950	6,924	101	1,066	19	7
3,103	33	1	16	3	115	36,348	22,774	336	5,675	97	1,306	9	8
1,820	47	0	1	0	136	35,526	16,842	452	4,725	41	541	12	9
4,168	80	0	0	0	136	38,306	25,479	1,031	7,082	35	423	10	10
1,564	70	1	0	1	132	32,256	14,211	665	3,975	72	981	15	11
4,216	103	0	0	1	128	48,022	28,315	447	6,664	68	1,645	33	12
5,356	88	1	0	0	112	54,255	34,797	340	8,083	52	707	7	13
5,903	152	0	0	1	132	56,150	32,529	520	8,450	87	2,115	9	14
1,798	60	0	0	1	132	39,521	16,247	2,018	5,755	106	966	18	15
2,052	26	0	0	1	133	23,552	12,353	443	3,406	42	807	15	16
1,697	57	2	2	1	123	30,112	15,078	467	3,882	80	1,887	14	17
3,710	65	0	0	2	105	33,733	17,989	421	5,183	76	1,079	11	18
4,541	127	0	2	0	120	38,558	25,077	584	6,729	85	1,372	12	19
3,548	75	0	0	1	132	32,369	19,278	548	4,930	58	1,006	9	20
3,798	267	0	0	2	158	60,439	35,697	1,435	8,721	127	1,555	18	21
2,912	97	0	0	1	121	30,624	16,966	406	4,524	82	713	15	22
3,622	125	0	1	1	135	36,297	21,194	853	5,622	87	1,456	25	23
2,601	56	0	0	3	136	40,931	17,908	667	5,404	88	777	40	24
5,340	187	0	7	1	113	44,524	28,837	1,141	7,134	93	1,237	17	25
4,211	100	0	0	3	144	50,309	34,281	900	7,262	132	745	21	26
3,054	93	1	1	0	145	33,780	18,042	1,036	4,618	58	645	15	27
797	32	0	0	3	140	23,123	8,871	443	2,608	34	324	8	28
1,196	43	0	0	0	107	27,222	11,528	660	3,521	58	880	12	29
3,907	94	0	0	0	135	45,128	24,912	374	6,458	60	457	18	30
1,582	50	1	0	3	120	30,036	9,839	850	3,739	37	360	17	31
1,079	45	0	5	0	119	27,978	8,199	1,449	2,881	80	2,011	13	32
1,001	36	0	0	2	156	21,935	9,782	899	2,814	61	1,351	15	33
2,111	83	0	0	0	148	27,652	12,905	545	3,815	60	1,126	11	34
1,672	55	0	1	1	125	26,395	11,081	526	3,505	39	2,038	21	35
1,351	58	0	0	0	132	22,211	9,964	407	2,802	47	443	8	36
1,183	44	0	1	2	136	27,175	11,491	1,007	3,442	52	629	10	37
1,269	45	1	1	0	146	24,986	11,158	577	3,247	49	547	19	38
2,318	16	0	0	0	123	23,543	14,647	251	3,630	Nil.	Nil.	10	39
3,881	69	0	1	2	155	44,677	28,133	627	6,814	0	0	15	40
2,242	16	0	0	0	130	34,157	18,069	642	4,873	Nil.	Nil.	10	41
1,954	30	0	0	1	118	33,542	18,929	593	4,809	Nil.	Nil.	12	42
2,254	20	0	0	5	130	51,845	24,064	2,293	7,296	0	0	25	43
2,012	26	2	0	3	130	41,253	20,670	488	5,393	Nil.	Nil.	19	44
1,490	37	0	0	4	121	32,985	15,031	734	4,433	32	625	10	45
2,481	31	0	0	0	127	32,140	20,087	490	4,691	Nil.	Nil.	5	46
2,132	20	0	2	0	124	31,969	18,056	470	4,807	0	0	5	47
1,406	24	0	2	2	153	35,304	15,595	554	5,034	101	642	11	48
1,119	31	0	0	0	122	18,395	7,556	240	2,335	31	182	12	49
1,496	24	0	0	0	140	40,747	15,085	1,247	4,699	105	2,407	4	50
1,932	58	0	0	0	139	41,929	16,846	587	5,311	121	2,226	11	51
1,103	43	1	0	1	129	20,889	8,095	440	2,585	34	492	12	52
925	47	0	0	1	142	27,902	9,188	844	3,215	55	771	9	53
2,280	33	0	0	1	132	27,946	14,797	587	4,207	67	368	12	54
933	34	0	0	2	138	25,221	7,408	794	2,686	41	1,061	11	55
1,383	46	0	0	1	138	27,464	9,668	1,147	3,280	66	617	14	56
1,468	56	0	0	2	120	26,309	10,477	683	3,207	77	1,471	9	57
2,303	45	0	0	0	126	27,781	13,604	472	3,940	48	1,600	8	58
3,115	111	4	0	1	124	28,211	12,741	381	4,165	46	744	14	59
145,816	3,828	15	45	68	7,894	2,052,715	1,049,535	43,459	288,453	3,523	50,990	814	

NAME of the JUDGE of each CIRCUIT, the Date of his Call and of his Appointment, and the Amount of his SALARY and Allowance for TRAVELLING EXPENSES, for the Year 1866.

No of Circuit.	Name of Judge.	Date of Call to the Bar.	Date of Appointment.	Salary.	Travelling Expenses.
				£.	£.
1	W. Blanshard, Esq.	16 May 1828	10 January 1863	1,500	230
2	Henry Stapylton, Esq.	24 November 1826	March 1847	1,500	200
3	T. Hastings Ingham, Esq.	2 May 1834	„ „	1,500	450
4	W. A. Hulton, Esq.	29 June 1827	„ „	1,500	250
5	C. Temple, Q. C., Esq.	23 May 1810	June 1855	1,500	500
6	J. K. Blair, Esq.	27 January 1835	22 October 1857	1,500	90
	Serjeant Wheeler, Esq.	16 January 1846	26 May 1862	1,500	220
7	J. W. Harden, Esq.	20 November 1835	March 1847	1,800	250
8	Edward Ovens, Esq.	21 November 1845	6 May 1862	1,500	Nil.
9	Joseph St. John Yates, Esq.	1 May 1835	March 1847	1,800	240
10	J. S. T. Greene, Esq.	27 November 1829	March 1847	1,500	170
11	J. J. Lonsdale, Esq.	22 November 1836	14 February 1855	1,500	250
12	James Stansfeld, Esq.	26 January 1849	March 1847	1,800	150
13	Thomas Ellison, Esq.	30 January 1844	10 November 1863	1,500	120
14	T. H. Marshall, Esq.	14 November 1821	March 1847	1,800	280
15	Serjeant Dowling, Esq.	18 June 1828	9 November 1849	1,800	500
16	William Raines, Esq.	22 May 1833	March 1847	1,500	340
17	J. G. Teed, Q. C., Esq.	22 May 1816	31 October 1862	1,500	320
18	Richard Wildman, Esq.	20 November 1829	March 1847	1,500	160
19	George Russell, Esq.	17 November 1853	25 December 1866	1,500	340
20	Serjeant Miller, Esq.	10 November 1826	1 January 1856	1,500	300
21	R. G. Welford, Esq.	3 May 1839	11 January 1865	1,500	100
22	Frederick Dinsdale, Esq.	23 May 1834	March 1847	1,650	400
23	R. A. Kettle, Esq.	6 June 1845	15 October 1859	1,500	320
24	J. M. Herbert, Esq.	8 May 1835	March 1847	1,500	400
25	A. M. Skinner, Q. C., Esq.	5 June 1834	1 August 1859	1,500	200
26	William Spooner, Esq.	23 November 1837	13 February 1863	1,500	240
27	J. W. Smith, Q. C., Esq.	5 May 1841	26 September 1865	1,500	300
28	A. J. Johnes, Esq.	30 January 1835	March 1847	1,500	400
29	R. Vaughan Williams, Esq.	14 June 1848	7 July 1863	1,500	340
30	Thomas Falconer, Esq.	8 February 1830	22 December 1851	1,800	290
31	H. R. Bagshawe, Q. C., Esq.	25 November 1825	30 October 1861	1,500	360
32	Thomas J. Birch, Esq.	18 November 1831	March 1847	1,500	330
33	John Worlledge, Esq.	23 November 1838	9 June 1856	1,500	400
34	Francis Ellis, Esq.	4 May 1849	4 May 1860	1,500	250
35	John Collyer, Esq.	9 November 1827	March 1847	1,500	240
36	J. B. Parry, Q. C., Esq.	12 November 1824	March 1847	1,500	320
37	James Whigham, Esq.	24 January 1832	5 September 1860	1,500	300
38	William Gurdon, Esq.	3 July 1829	March 1847	1,500	400
39	Sir Walter B. Riddell, Bart.	18 November 1834	12 January 1859	1,500	Nil.
40	J. B. Dasent, Esq.	19 April 1833	2 October 1858	1,500	50
41	T. H. Terrell, Esq.	12 June 1835	23 February 1866	1,500	Nil.
42	G. Lake Russell, Esq.	24 November 1826	21 September 1865	1,500	Nil.
43	Sir J. E. Eardley Wilmot, Bt.	26 January 1842	26 January 1854	1,500	50
44	Francis Bayley, Esq.	15 June 1827	20 November 1849	1,800	Nil.
45	H. J. Stonor, Esq.	5 November 1842	17 February 1865	1,500	160
46	C. S. Whitmore, Q. C., Esq.	26 November 1830	10 February 1857	1,500	Nil.
47	John Pitt Taylor, Esq.	9 June 1837	2 November 1852	1,800	100
48	J. Espinasse, Esq.	27 June 1827	March 1847	1,500	260
49	W. Carmalt Scott, Esq.	14 January 1848	7 September 1866	1,500	250
50	William Furner, Esq.	7 May 1851	March 1847	1,650	360
51	C. J. Gale, Esq.	1 June 1832	„ „	1,500	340
52	C. F. D. Caillard, Esq.	21 November 1845	27 March 1859	1,500	310
53	C. Sumner, Esq.	16 June 1848	28 September 1866	1,500	280
54	E. J. Lloyd, Q. C., Esq.	1 February 1825	18 February 1863	1,500	60
55	Edward Everett, Esq.	28 May 1824	March 1847	1,500	280
56	Charles Saunders, Esq.	17 November 1829	23 June 1856	1,500	320
57	Serjeant Petersdorff, Esq.	25 January 1833	1 January 1865	1,500	380
58	M. Fortescue, Esq.	22 November 1839	8 October 1857	1,500	400
59	C. D. Bevan, Esq.	21 May 1830	22 January 1857	1,500	400

COUNTY COURTS.

RETURNS, from every COUNTY COURT in *England* and *Wales*, of the Total Number of PLAINTS Entered in each Court from 1 January to 31 December 1866; of the Total Number of Cases for TRIAL during the same Period sent from the Superior Courts under the Act 19 & 20 Vict. c. 118, s. 26; of the Total Number of CAUSES Determined during the same Period; of the Total Number of JUDGMENTS during the same Period; &c.

(*Mr. Norwood.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
30 *April* 1867.

244.

Under 4 *oz.*

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 8 April 1867;—*for*,

"RETURN of the Total Number of PLAINTS entered; CAUSES determined; JUDGMENT SUMMONSES issued and heard; WARRANTS of COMMITMENT issued; DEBTORS Imprisoned; EXECUTIONS issued against the Goods; and SALES made in all the COUNTY COURTS in the Years 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864, 1865, and 1866 respectively."

(*Mr. Attorney General.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
14 *May* 1867.

RETURN of the Total Number of PLAINTS entered; CAUSES determined; JUDGMENT SUMMONSES issued and heard; WARRANTS of COMMITMENT issued; DEBTORS Imprisoned; EXECUTIONS issued against the Goods; and SALES made in all the COUNTY COURTS in the Years 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864, 1865, and 1866 respectively.

YEAR.	Plaints Entered.	Causes Determined (or Judgments given).	Judgment Summonses Issued.	Judgment Summonses Heard.	Warrants of Commitment Issued.	Debtors Imprisoned.	Executions against Goods.	Sales Made.
1859 - - - -	714,562	373,657	118,878	55,082	27,284	9,003	98,589	3,766
1860 - - - -	782,326	388,262	112,313	50,838	22,399	6,955	109,366	3,973
1861 - - - -	903,875	474,274	130,254	59,388	26,696	8,635	129,140	4,913
1862 - - - -	847,783	467,451	122,285	61,584	26,757	9,373	131,760	4,849
1863 - - - -	799,166	442,305	119,713	62,363	27,861	8,588	129,922	4,075
1864 - - - -	738,346	402,172	76,613	42,398	23,096	6,529	124,804	3,610
1865 - - - -	782,686	433,983	88,835	47,266	24,428	6,346	133,589	3,739
1866 - - - -	872,437	488,265	100,411	54,319	29,347	7,601	145,816	3,828
Total - - -	6,441,181	3,470,369	869,302	433,238	207,868	63,030	1,003,066	32,753
Average of the 8 years -	805,147	433,796	108,662	54,154	25,983	7,878	125,383	4,094

EXCEPT for insulting a judge or officer (*see* sec. 113 of 9 & 10 Vict. c. 95), the sole power which is vested in a judge of a county court to commit a person to prison is given by the following sections, by which it will be seen that no one is liable to be committed for not being able to pay a debt, but only for some one of the causes given above:—

9 & 10 VICT. c. 95.

XCVIII. And be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for any party who has obtained any unsatisfied judgment or order in any court held by virtue of this Act, or under any Act repealed by this Act, for the payment of any debt or damages or costs, to obtain a summons from any county court within the limits of which any other party shall then * dwell or carry on his business, such summons to be in such form as shall be directed by the rules made for regulating the practice of the county courts as herein provided, and to be served *personally upon the person to whom it is directed*, requiring him to appear at such time as shall be directed by the said rules to answer such things as are named in such summons; and if he shall appear in pursuance of such summons he may be examined upon oath touching his estate and effects, and the manner and circumstances under which he contracted the debt or incurred the damages or liability which is the subject of the action in which judgment has been obtained against him; and as to the means and expectation he then had, and as to the property and means he still hath, of discharging the said debt or damages or liability, and as to the disposal he may have made of any property; and the person obtaining such summons as aforesaid, and all other witnesses whom the judge shall think requisite, may be examined upon oath touching the inquiries authorised to be made as aforesaid; and the costs of such summons and of all proceedings thereon shall be deemed costs in the cause.

[The words in *italic* are repealed by 22 & 23 Vict. c. 57.]

XCIX. And be it enacted, That *if the party so summoned shall not attend as required by such summons, and shall not allege a sufficient excuse for not attending, or shall, if attending, refuse*

* 19 & 20 VICT. c. 108.

XLVIII. A judgment summons authorised by the 98th section of the Act 9 & 10 Vict. c. 95, may, by leave of the judge, be obtained from the court in which judgment was obtained, although the judgment debtors shall *not* then dwell or carry on business within the district of the court, if the judge shall think fit, in the exercise of his discretion, to grant such leave.

refuse to be sworn, or to disclose any of the things aforesaid, or if he shall not make answer touching the same to the satisfaction of such judge, or if it shall appear to such judge, either by the examination of the party or by any other evidence, that such party, if a defendant, in incurring the debt or liability which is the subject of the action in which judgment has been obtained, has obtained credit from the plaintiff under false pretences, or by means of fraud or breach of trust, or has wilfully contracted such debt or liability without having had at the same time a reasonable expectation of being able to pay or discharge the same, or shall have made or caused to be made any gift, delivery, or transfer of any property, or shall have charged, removed, or concealed the same, with intent to defraud his creditors, or any of them, or if it shall appear to the satisfaction of the judge of the said court that the party so summoned has then, or has had since the judgment obtained against him, sufficient means and ability to pay the debt or damages or costs so recovered against him, either altogether, or by any instalment or instalments which the court in which the judgment was obtained shall have ordered, and if he shall refuse or neglect to pay the same as shall have been so ordered, or as shall be ordered pursuant to the power hereinafter provided, it shall be lawful for such judge, if he shall think fit, to order that any such party may be committed to the common gaol or house of correction of the county, district, or place in which the party summoned is resident, or to any prison which shall be provided as the prison of the court, for any period not exceeding 40 days.

Note.

On the 1st of January 1864, the form of Warrant of Commitment was altered so far, as clearly to show the judgment debtor that he could, under section 110 of the original County Courts Act, 9 & 10 Vict. c. 95, obtain his discharge upon payment only of the cash, and of so many of the instalments as had become payable, according to the order of the court.

Until then, the person committed used to consider that he was obliged, in order to obtain his discharge, to pay the whole amount for which judgment had been obtained against him.

It will be seen, on reference to the numbers for 1864, 1865, and 1866, that the information thus given caused a considerable reduction in the number of judgment summonses issued, and consequently of persons imprisoned. The number of persons imprisoned falling from one to every 93 persons sued in 1863, to one in every 115 in 1866.

COUNTY COURTS.

RETURN of the Total Number of PLAINTS entered; CAUSES determined; JUDGMENT SUMMONSES issued and heard; WARRANTS of COMMITMENT issued; DEBTORS Imprisoned; EXECUTIONS issued against the Goods; and SALES made in all the COUNTY COURTS in each Year from 1859 to 1866; &c.

(*Mr. Attorney General.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
14 *May* 1867.

Under 1 o

SUPERIOR COURTS OF LAW.

RETURN of all Fees received in Stamps and Payments charged on the Fee Fund Account, Superior Courts of Common Law, during the Year ended 31st of March 1867.

(*Presented pursuant to Act* 29 & 30 *Vict. c.* 101, *s.* 7.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
24 *May* 1867.

RETURN of all FEES received in STAMPS, and PAYMENTS charged on the FEE FUND ACCOUNT, SUPERIOR COURTS of COMMON LAW, during the Year ended 31st of March 1867, as required by 29 & 30 Vict. c. 101, s. 7.

COURTS AND DEPARTMENTS.	Total Amount of Fees received in Stamps.	Salaries and Pensions.	Rent, Taxes, &c.	Travelling Expenses on Circuit.	Expenses at Judges' Chambers, and in Offices, Stationery, &c.	Total Payments for Salaries, Pensions, and Incidental Expenses of Courts and Offices.	Compensations paid to Persons who held Offices abolished by the Acts of 1 Will. 4, c. 58, 1 Vict. c. 30, 3 & 4 Will. 4, c. 99, 15 & 16 Vict. c. 73, and charged on Consolidated Fund.	Total of Salaries, &c., and Compensations.	Surplus.	Deficiency.
1. QUEEN'S BENCH:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d	£. s. d	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Masters	30,357 10 6	14,930 16 8	659 19 11	- - -	323 16 9	15,914 13 4	—			
Associate	2,569 - -	1,680 - -	- - -	- - -	36 1 11	1,716 1 11	—			
Clerks to Lord Chief Justice	2,748 5 6	1,500 - -	- - -	36 - -	157 12 6	1,693 12 6	—			
Clerks to Mr. Justice Blackburn	1,272 19 -	1,000 - -	- - -	70 - -	74 5 -	1,144 5 -	—			
Clerks to Mr. Justice Mellor	2,027 10 6	1,000 - -	- - -	65 - -	23 2 -	1,088 2 -	—			
Clerks to Mr. Justice Shee	1,068 15 -	1,000 - -	- - -	70 - -	- - -	1,070 - -	—			
Clerks to Mr. Justice Lush	1,656 18 6	1,000 - -	- - -	65 - -	- - -	1,065 - -	—			
Marshals to Judges on Circuit	- - -	825 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	825 - -	—			
Messengers, Tipstaves, &c.	- - -	1,142 6 7	- - -	16 10 -	- - -	1,158 16 7	—			
	41,700 19 -	24,078 3 3	659 19 11	322 10 -	614 18 2	25,675 11 4	11,629 12 4	37,305 3 8	4,395 15 4	—
2. COMMON PLEAS:										
Masters	22,821 6 6	10,933 - -	558 1 9	- - -	205 9 10	11,696 11 7	—			
Associate	2,888 - -	1,510 7 8	- - -	- - -	32 12 -	1,542 19 8	—			
Registrar of Judgments	1,878 - -	1,276 - -	- - -	- - -	47 3 8	1,323 3 8	—			
Ditto of Certificates, &c.	2,243 - -	1,200 - -	- - -	- - -	20 17 8	1,220 17 8	—			
Clerks to Lord Chief Justice	344 3 -	1,591 6 6	- - -	52 - -	30 3 3	1,673 9 9	—			
Clerks to Mr. Justice Willes	1,926 3 -	1,000 - -	- - -	52 - -	59 10 11	1,111 10 11	—			
Clerks to Mr. Justice Byles	1,384 9 -	1,000 - -	- - -	70 - -	- - -	1,070 - -	—			
Clerks to Mr. Justice Keating	1,487 15 6	1,000 - -	- - -	80 - -	- - -	1,080 - -	—			
Clerks to Mr. Justice Smith	1,212 19 -	1,000 - -	- - -	60 - -	- - -	1,060 - -	—			
Marshals to Judges on Circuit	- - -	900 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	900 - -	—			
Messengers, Tipstaves, &c.	- - -	1,093 15 2	- - -	- - -	- - -	1,093 15 2	—			
	36,185 16 -	22,504 9 4	558 1 9	314 - -	395 17 4	23,772 8 5	4,714 19 4	28,487 7 9	7,698 8 3	—

3. EXCHEQUER:									
Masters	30,075 11 –	12,880 3 8	832 12 11	– – –	161 9 2	13,874 5 9	—		
Associate	2,322 – –	1,680 – –	– – –	– – –	8 9 6	1,688 9 6	—		
Queen's Remembrancer's Office*	2,443 2 6	3,727 – 10	– – –	– – –	146 – 2	3,873 1 –	—		
Clerks to Lord Chief Baron	1,580 10 –	1,514 10 3	– – –	61 – –	91 2 8	1,666 12 11	—		
Clerks to Mr. Baron Martin	1,082 14 6	1,274 – –	– – –	61 – –	93 17 10	1,428 17 10	—		
Clerks to Mr. Baron Bramwell	4,356 17 –	1,000 – –	– – –	26 – –	130 – –	1,156 – –	—		
Clerks to Mr. Baron Channell	1,373 12 –	1,000 – –	– – –	62 – –	– – –	1,062 – –	—		
Clerks to Mr. Baron Pigott	1,325 5 –	1,000 – –	– – –	80 – –	– – –	1,080 – –	—		
Marshals to Judges on Circuit	– – –	825 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	825 – –	—		
Messengers, Tipstaves, &c.	– – –	1,195 13 11	– – –	– – –	– – –	1,195 13 11	—		
Stationery supplied at Judges' Chambers	– – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	523 16 1	523 16 1	—		
	44,559 12 –	26,096 8 8	832 12 11	290 – –	1,154 15 5	23,373 17 –			
The three Courts jointly	– – –	355 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	355 – –	4,826 4 –	33,015 1 –	11,544 11 –	—
	122,446 7 –	73,034 1 3	2,050 14 7	926 10 –	2,165 10 11	78,176 16 9	20,630 15 8	98,807 12 5	23,638 14 7	—

4. CLERKS OF ASSIZE.†								Total Payments. £. s. d.		
Home Circuit	1,329 – –	2,318 – –	– – –	444 6 –	57 11 3	– – –	– – –	2,849 17 3		
Norfolk Circuit	358 – –	1,688 18 10	– – –	385 16 –	– – –	– – –	– – –	2,074 14 10		
Midland Circuit	1,137 – –	2,450 – –	– – –	671 4 –	– – –	– – –	– – –	3,121 4 –		
Northern Circuit	126 – –	4,215 9 5	– – –	82 13 3	– – –	– – –	– – –	4,298 2 8		
Oxford Circuit	609 10 –	2,291 13 8	– – –	540 16 –	– – –	– – –	– – –	2,832 9 8		
Western Circuit	265 2 –	2,225 – –	– – –	628 16 6	– – –	– – –	– – –	2,853 16 6		
South Wales	194 – –	950 – –	– – –	119 14 –	– – –	– – –	– – –	1,069 14 –		
North Wales	186 – –	950 – –	– – –	113 8 –	– – –	– – –	– – –	1,063 8 –		
	4,204 12 –	17,089 1 11	– – –	2,986 13 9	57 11 3	– – –	– – –	20,133 6 11	– – –	15,928 14 11
5. CROWN OFFICE, QUEEN'S BENCH	590 8 8	3,752 14 11	– – –	– – –	32 13 11	– – –	– – –	3,785 3 10	– – –	3,195 – 2

* This includes a sum of 1,800*l.* for fees received by the Queen's Remembrancer, as a Registrar of Deeds for Middlesex, and brought to account under 22 & 23 Vict. c. 21.

† The returns from the Clerks of Assize of Stamps cancelled, in many cases comprise one year and a quarter, as they include the fees taken at the Spring Assizes of 1866.

Note.—The salaries and expenses of the Clerks of Assize, and of the Crown Office, Queen's Bench, are defrayed from Votes in Supply. They are included in this Account, because they are referred to in the Schedule to "The Common Law Courts Fees Acts, 1865," but the payments are kept distinct from the payments charged on the Superior Courts Fee Fund.

Treasury Chambers,
21 May 1867.

GEORGE WARD HUNT.

SUPERIOR COURTS OF LAW.

RETURN of all Fees received in Stamps and Payments charged on the Fee Fund Account, Superior Courts of Common Law, during the Year ended 31st of March 1867.

(*Presented pursuant to Act* 29 & 30 *Vict. c.* 101, *s.* 7.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
24 *May* 1867.

Under 1 *oz.*

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 7 August 1866;—*for*,

"RETURN showing in detail, with a GENERAL ABSTRACT, the EXPENDITURE for the Year 1865-6, in each of the Three Kingdoms, on Account of all COURTS of LAW and JUSTICE and LEGAL DEPARTMENTS, defrayed wholly or in part from PUBLIC FUNDS; distinguishing the Charges on the Consolidated Fund, on Votes of Parliament, on Fees of Court, and on Special or Local Funds:"

"And, similar RETURN for all COURTS of JUSTICE, the EXPENDITURE of which is defrayed from COUNTY, BOROUGH, or LOCAL FUNDS:—The Returns to include Pensions and Compensations on account of any present or former Office in each Court or Department, to show the Rate of Salary in each Case where the Officer is Paid by Annual Salary, and the Number of Persons of each Class employed, whether Paid by Salary, Wages, or Fees."

Treasury Chambers, 8 April 1867.

GEORGE WARD HUNT.

(*Mr. Childers.*)

PART I.

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*, 10 *April* 1867.

CONTENTS.

		Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	Page.
		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Chancery - England	Court of the Lord Chancellor	6,850 – –	– – –	– – –	9,579 9 7	16,429 9 7	1
	Court of the Lords Justices of Appeal in Chancery -	12,000 – –	– – –	– – –	2,483 7 2	14,483 7 2	2
	Court of the Master of the Rolls - - - -	6,000 – –	– – –	– – –	11,582 16 6	17,582 16 5	3
	Courts of the Vice Chancellors	15,000 – –	– – –	– – –	21,066 – –	36,066 – –	6
	Chancery Registrar's Office -	– – –	– – –	– – –	29,999 16 5	29,999 16 5	7
	Accountant General's Office -	– – –	– – –	– – –	15,490 – –	15,490 – –	7
	Examiner's Office – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	3,807 12 11	3,807 12 11	8
	Taxing Masters in Chancery	– – –	– – –	– – –	20,732 8 2	20,732 8 2	8
	Record and Writ Clerk's Office - - - -	– – –	– – –	– – –	18,662 1 –	18,662 1 –	9
	Enrolment Office – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	3,031 11 8	3,031 11 8	9
	Petty Bag Office - – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	944 5 8	944 5 8	10
	Surveyor of the Court of Chancery - - - -	– – –	– – –	– – –	80 – –	80 – –	10
	Solicitor to the Suitors' Fund	– – –	– – –	– – –	1,547 15 5	1,547 15 5	10
Ireland	Court of Chancery - –	8,000 – –	– – –	1,470 – –	– – –	9,470 – –	11
	Court of the Lord Justice of Appeal - - - -	1,000 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	1,000 – –	11
	Court of the Master of the Rolls - - - -	3,969 2 7	2,791 9 4	300 – –	– – –	7,060 11 11	11
	Accountant General's Office	646 3 4	1,091 10 –	1,282 16 6	– – –	3,020 9 10	12
	Master in Chancery Offices -	10,767 13 7	– – –	8,496 3 10	– – –	19,263 17 5	14
	Registrar's Office – –	– – –	– – –	9,110 12 11	161 10 –	9,272 2 11	15
	Chancery Taxing Office -	800 – –	1,458 15 7	– – –	– – –	2,258 15 7	16
	Papers of Lunatics, Office of the Clerk - - -	– – –	– – –	526 – –	104 – –	630 – –	16
	Affidavit Office - – –	– – –	– – –	1,617 11 –	– – –	1,617 11 –	17
	Recognizance Office – –	– – –	– – –	269 16 4	109 4 –	379 – 4	17
	Appearance and Writ Office	– – –	– – –	3,490 4 11	– – –	3,490 4 11	17
	Office of Chief Examiner -	276 18 6	184 12 4	911 11 9	– – –	1,373 2 7	18
	Crown and Hanaper Office -	– – –	– – –	1,266 5 4	– – –	1,266 5 4	18
Judicial Committee of Privy Council - - - -		400 – –	1,470 – –	– – –	– – –	1,870 – –	19
Superior Courts of Common Law - England	Queen's Bench, Common Pleas, and Exchequer -	82,000 – –	– – –	19,629 7 4	– – –	101,629 7 4	20
	Clerks to Judges, and Circuit Expenses - - -	– – –	2,176 2 –	21,957 4 5	– – –	24,133 6 5	21
	Marshals to ditto - -	– – –	– – –	2,550 – –	– – –	2,550 – –	22
	Officers of Assize - –	– – –	17,571 14 10	2,084 14 –	– – –	19,656 8 10	25
	Masters, Court of Queen's Bench, Common Pleas, and Exchequer - - -	– – –	– – –	37,547 – 4	– – –	37,547 – 4	28
	Associates, ditto - - -	– – –	– – –	4,955 2 4	– – –	4,955 2 4	29
	Crown Office, Queen's Bench	– – –	3,731 8 7	– – –	– – –	3,731 8 7	30
	Registrar of Judgments, Common Pleas - -	– – –	– – –	1,453 2 10	– – –	1,453 2 10	30
	Registrar of Acknowledgment of Deeds by Married Women - - - -	– – –	– – –	1,205 – –	– – –	1,205 – –	31
	Queen's Remembrancer -	– – –	– – –	4,223 1 9	– – –	4,223 1 9	31
Ireland	Court of Queen's Bench, Common Pleas, and Exchequer - - - -	59,649 13 11	26,931 12 –	– – –	– – –	86,581 5 11	35
	Taxing Office - - -	1,600 – –	200 – –	– – –	– – –	1,800 – –	35
	Consolidated Office of Writs	800 – –	1,150 – –	– – –	– – –	1,950 – –	35
	Registrar of Judgments -	– – –	2,744 9 7	– – –	– – –	2,744 9 7	36
	Registrar of Deeds – –	– – –	12,253 6 6	– – –	– – –	12,253 6 6	37
Court of Probate and Divorce (England) - - -		5,000 – –	85,420 7 11	– – –	– – –	90,420 7 11	45
Court of Probate (Ireland) - - - -		3,500 – –	10,476 3 1	132 9 6	– – –	14,108 12 7	46
Court of Admiralty (England) - - - - -		4,000 – –	11,162 9 8	– – –	– – –	15,162 9 8	47
Court of Admiralty (Ireland) - - - - -		500 – –	47 2 8	941 – –	– – –	1,488 2 8	47
Landed Estates Court (Ireland) - - - -		7,500 – –	11,840 – –	– – –	– – –	19,340 – –	48
Courts of Law, Scotland (Department of Exchequer)		101,301 1 8	103,265 11 11	1,354 12 –	– – –	205,921 5 7	53
Revising Barristers (England and Ireland) - -		– – –	18,421 4 –	– – –	20 – –	18,441 4 –	54
Judge Advocate General - - - - - -		– – –	4,083 3 11	– – –	– – –	4,083 3 11	54
Courts of Bankruptcy (England) - - - -		– – –	3,428 4 –	116,858 8 2	– – –	120,286 12 2	63
Court of Bankruptcy (Ireland) - - - -		– – –	– – –	8,100 – –	– – –	8,100 – –	64
	Carried forward - - -	331,560 13 7	321,899 7 11	251,732 5 3	139,401 18 6	1,044,594 5 3	

CONTENTS—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	Page.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Brought forward	331,560 13 7	321,899 7 11	251,732 5 3	139,401 18 6	1,044,594 5 3	
County Courts	92,700 – –	165,553 6 3	233,682 12 8	– – –	491,935 18 11	65
Central Criminal Court	– – –	3,477 – –	– – –	300 – –	3,777 – –	159
Court for Crown Cases Reserved	– – –	263 19 4	– – –	– – –	263 19 4	159
Middlesex Sessions	1,200 – –	735 – –	– – –	975 – –	2,910 – –	160
Quarter Sessions (Ireland) and Process Servers	31,446 2 3	9,047 7 9	– – –	– – –	40,493 10 –	160
Police Courts	27,900 – –	12,852 6 9	– – –	– – –	40,752 6 9	164
County Palatine of Durham	335 12 3	300 – –	140 2 8	– – –	775 14 11	165
Duchy and County Palatine of Lancaster	72 11 6	1,056 10 –	4,980 12 9	2,059 6 10	8,169 1 1	169
Attorney and Solicitor General:						
Fees under the Patent Law Amendment Act	– – –	10,207 14 –	– – –	– – –	10,207 14 –	170
Compensations under ditto: England	– – –	1,378 – –	– – –	– – –	1,378 – –	170
Compensations under ditto: Ireland	– – –	2,386 – –	– – –	– – –	2,386 – –	170
Compensations under ditto: Scotland	– – –	1,150 – –	– – –	– – –	1,150 – –	170
Law Officers (Ireland)	– – –	18,300 10 3	– – –	– – –	18,300 10 3	170
Clerk of the Crown	1,200 – –	– – –	999 4 3	– – –	2,199 4 3	171
Miscellaneous Salaries (Courts of Justice)	625 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	625 – –	171
Land Registry	– – –	5,235 3 1	– – –	– – –	5,235 3 1	171
Criminal Prosecutions: Law Charges defrayed by Solicitor to the Treasury	– – –	34,708 5 2	– – –	– – –	34,708 5 2	172
Criminal Prosecutions: Repayment of Expenses to Counties and Boroughs (England)	– – –	152,711 6 6	– – –	– – –	152,711 6 6	175
Criminal Prosecutions: Sheriffs' Expenses	– – –	9,380 8 3	– – –	– – –	9,380 8 3	176
Criminal Prosecutions: Criminal Law Examiners	– – –	3,913 12 4	– – –	– – –	3,913 12 4	177
Criminal Prosecutions: Fees under the Criminal Justice Act (England)	– – –	6,392 16 6	5,429 4 8	– – –	11,822 1 2	179
Criminal Prosecutions: Fees under the Criminal Justice Act (Ireland)	– – –	298 17 3	175 16 3	– – –	474 13 6	179
Criminal Prosecutions: Sessional Crown Prosecutors (Ireland)	– – –	5,793 15 –	– – –	– – –	5,793 15 –	179
Criminal Prosecutions: Expenses of Prosecutors and Witnesses (Ireland)	– – –	11,912 – 5	– – –	– – –	11,912 – 5	180
Rent and Repairs paid by Board of Works (England) for Courts of Justice, England and Scotland	– – –	14,503 12 8	– – –	– – –	14,503 12 8	181
Rent and Repairs paid by Board of Works (Ireland)	– – –	4,622 9 5	– – –	– – –	4,622 9 5	181
Stationery Office, Expenses of Law Courts: England	– – –	6,349 12 1	– – –	– – –	6,349 12 1	182
Stationery Office, Expenses of Law Courts: Scotland	– – –	1,270 8 3	– – –	– – –	1,270 8 3	182
Stationery Office, Expenses of Law Courts: Ireland	– – –	1,485 15 3	– – –	– – –	1,485 15 3	182
TOTAL Salaries and Expenses	487,039 19 7	807,185 4 5	497,139 18 6	142,736 5 4	1,934,101 7 10	
Pensions, Compensations, &c.	223,747 18 5	30,930 – 3	30,399 7 10	20,045 19 4	305,123 5 10	183
TOTAL £.	710,787 18 –	838,115 4 8	527,539 6 4	162,782 4 8	2,239,224 13 8	
LEGAL EXPENSES OF PUBLIC DEPARTMENTS INCLUDING PENSIONS:						
Treasury	– – –	8,060 – –	– – –	– – –	8,060 – –	184
Home Office	– – –	2,550 13 10	– – –	– – –	2,550 13 10	184
War Department	– – –	7,801 – –	– – –	510 4 1	8,311 4 1	185
Admiralty	– – –	12,197 17 10	– – –	– – –	12,197 17 10	185
Board of Trade	– – –	1,000 – –	– – –	152 – –	1,152 – –	186
Committee of Council on Education	– – –	400 – –	– – –	– – –	400 – –	186
Solicitor's Department, Board of Works (England)	– – –	3,818 5 5	– – –	– – –	3,818 5 5	186
Solicitor's Department, Board of Works (Ireland)	– – –	2,413 17 1	– – –	– – –	2,413 17 1	187
Customs: England	– – –	11,207 6 11	– – –	– – –	11,207 6 11	188
Customs: Scotland	– – –	456 9 7	– – –	– – –	456 9 7	188
Customs: Ireland	– – –	592 2 3	– – –	– – –	592 2 3	188
Customs: Compensations	– – –	1,283 6 8	– – –	– – –	1,283 6 8	188
Inland Revenue: England	– – –	17,093 – –	3,691 – –	– – –	20,784 – –	190
Inland Revenue: Scotland	– – –	4,259 – –	– – –	– – –	4,259 – –	190
Inland Revenue: Ireland	– – –	4,289 – –	– – –	– – –	4,289 – –	190
Post Office: England	– – –	8,957 18 7	– – –	429 14 1	9,387 12 8	192
Post Office: Scotland	– – –	2,479 15 10	– – –	– – –	2,479 15 10	192
Post Office: Ireland	– – –	623 3 7	– – –	– – –	623 3 7	192
Office of Woods: England	– – –	6,985 3 2	– – –	136 12 10	7,121 16 –	193
Office of Woods: Scotland	– – –	3,320 17 11	– – –	– – –	3,320 17 11	193
Office of Woods: Ireland	– – –	606 18 11	– – –	– – –	606 18 11	193
TOTAL £.	– – –	100,395 17 7	3,691 – –	1,228 11 –	105,315 8 7	
ABSTRACT.						
Total Salaries and Compensations, as above	710,787 18 –	838,115 4 8	527,539 6 4	162,782 4 8	2,239,224 13 8	
Legal Expenses of Public Departments	– – –	100,395 17 7	3,691 – –	1,228 11 –	105,315 8 7	
TOTAL £.	710,787 18 –	938,511 2 3	531,230 6 4	164,010 15 8	2,344,540 2 3	

CONTENTS—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
RECAPITULATION.					
ENGLAND:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Chancery	39,850 – –	– – –	– – –	139,007 4 6	178,857 4 6
Judicial Committee of Privy Council	400 – –	1,470 – –	– – –	– – –	1,870 – –
Superior Courts of Common Law	82,000 – –	23,479 5 5	95,604 13 –	– – –	201,083 18 5
Court of Probate	5,000 – –	(*a*)85,420 7 11	– – –	– – –	90,420 7 11
Court of Admiralty	4,000 – –	11,162 9 8	– – –	– – –	15,162 9 8
Revising Barristers	– – –	18,001 4 –	– – –	– – –	18,001 4 –
Judge Advocate General	– – –	4,083 3 11	– – –	– – –	4,083 3 11
Court of Bankruptcy	– – –	3,428 4 –	116,858 8 2	– – –	120,286 12 2
County Courts	92,700 – –	165,553 6 3	233,682 12 8	– – –	491,935 18 11
Central Criminal Court and Court for Reserved Criminal Cases	– – –	3,740 19 4	– – –	300 – –	4,040 19 4
Middlesex Sessions	1,200 – –	735 – –	– – –	975 – –	2,910 – –
Police Courts	27,900 – –	12,852 6 9	– – –	– – –	40,752 6 9
County Palatine of Durham	335 12 3	300 – –	140 2 8	– – –	775 14 11
„ „ Lancaster	72 11 6	1,056 10 –	4,980 12 9	2,059 6 10	8,169 1 1
Expenses under the Patent Law Amendment Act	– – –	11,585 14 –	– – –	– – –	11,585 14 –
Clerk of the Crown	1,200 – –	– – –	999 4 3	– – –	2,199 4 3
Miscellaneous Salaries	625 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	625 – –
Land Registry	– – –	5,235 3 1	– – –	– – –	5,235 3 1
Criminal Prosecutions	– – –	207,106 8 9	5,429 4 8	– – –	212,535 13 5
Rent and Repairs (England and Scotland)	– – –	14,503 12 8	– – –	– – –	14,503 12 8
Stationery Office Expenses for Courts of Law	– – –	6,349 12 1	– – –	– – –	6,349 12 1
Pensions and Compensations	174,712 8 8	23,692 7 9	12,073 19 2	20,045 19 4	230,524 14 11
Legal Expenses of Public Departments	– – –	83,768 9 6	3,691 – –	1,228 11 –	88,688 – 6
TOTAL £.	429,995 12 5	683,524 5 1	473,459 17 4	163,616 1 8	1,750,595 16 6
SCOTLAND:					
Courts of Law	101,301 8	103,265 11 11	1,354 12 –	– – –	205,921 5 7
Compensation under the Patent Law Amendment Act	– –	1,150 – –	– – –	– – –	1,150 – –
Stationery Office Expenses for Courts of Law	– – –	1,270 8 3	– – –	– – –	1,270 8 3
Pensions and Compensations	11,360 16 10	173 2 –	– – –	– – –	11,533 18 10
Legal Expenses of Public Departments—viz., Customs, Inland Revenue, and Post Office	– – –	10,516 3 4	– – –	– – –	10,516 3 4
TOTAL £.	112,661 18 6	116,375 5 6	1,354 12 –	– – –	230,391 16 –
IRELAND:					
Court of Chancery	25,459 18 –	5,526 7 3	(*b*)28,741 2 7	374 14 –	60,102 1 10
Superior Courts of Common Law	62,049 13 11	43,279 8 1	– – –	– – –	105,329 2 –
Court of Probate	3,500 – –	10,476 3 1	132 9 6	– – –	14,108 12 7
Court of Admiralty	500 – –	47 2 8	941 – –	– – –	1,488 2 8
Landed Estates Court	7,500 – –	11,840 – –	– – –	– – –	19,340 – –
Revising Barristers	– – –	420 – –	– – –	20 – –	440 – –
Court of Bankruptcy	– – –	– – –	(*c*)8,100 – –	– – –	8,100 – –
Quarter Sessions	31,446 2 3	9,047 7 9	– – –	– – –	40,493 10 –
Compensations under the Patent Law Amendment Act	– – –	2,386 – –	– – –	– – –	2,386 – –
Law Officers	– – –	18,300 10 3	– – –	– – –	18,300 10 3
Criminal Prosecutions	– – –	18,004 12 8	175 16 3	– – –	18,180 8 11
Rent and Repairs	– – –	4,622 9 5	– – –	– – –	4,622 9 5
Stationery Office Expenses for Courts of Law	– – –	1,485 15 3	– – –	– – –	1,485 15 3
Pensions	37,674 12 11	7,064 10 6	18,325 8 8	– – –	63,064 12 1
Legal Expenses of Public Departments	– – –	6,111 4 9	– – –	– – –	6,111 4 9
TOTAL £.	168,130 7 1	138,611 11 8	56,415 17 –	394 14 –	363,552 9 9
ABSTRACT.					
ENGLAND	429,995 12 5	683,524 5 1	473,459 17 4	163,616 1 8	1,750,595 16 6
SCOTLAND	112,661 18 6	116,375 5 6	1,354 12 –	– – –	230,391 16 –
IRELAND	168,130 7 1	138,611 11 8	56,415 17 –	394 14 –	363,552 9 9
TOTAL £.	710,787 18 –	938,511 2 3	531,230 6 4	164,010 15 8	2,344,540 2 3

(*a*). Amount of fees paid into the Exchequer, 57,946*l.* 8*s.* 7*d.*

(*b*). The sum of 27,300 *l.* was paid from the Consolidated Fund to make good the deficiency of the Fee Fund of the Court of Chancery (Ireland), in respect of Salaries, Pensions, &c.

(*c*). Amount paid out of Votes of Parliament in aid of the Fee Fund, 7,370*l.*

RETURN showing in Detail, with a GENERAL ABSTRACT, the EXPENDITURE for the Year 1865-6, in each of the Three Kingdoms, on account of all COURTS of LAW and JUSTICE and LEGAL DEPARTMENTS, defrayed wholly or in part from PUBLIC FUNDS; distinguishing the Charges on the Consolidated Fund, on Votes of Parliament, on Fees of Court, and on Special or Local Funds.

COURT OF THE LORD CHANCELLOR.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Lord Chancellor	6,000 – –	– –	– –	4,000 – –	10,000 – –	The 4,000 *l.* is payable out of the House of Lords' Fund.
Principal Secretary	– –	– –	– –	1,200 – –	1,200 – –	Payable out of the Suitors' Fee Fund.
Gentlemen of the Chamber	– –	– –	– –	500 – –	500 – –	– – Ditto.
Purse-bearer	– –	– –	– –	500 – –	500 – –	– – Ditto.
Ditto for performing the duties of sealer and chaff wax	– –	– –	– –	100 – –	100 – –	– – Ditto.
Ditto cab hire, &c.	– –	– –	– –	50 19 10	50 19 10	– – Ditto.
Train bearer	– –	– –	– –	200 – –	200 – –	– – Ditto.
Ditto cab hire, &c. for ditto, and porter to Great Seal	– –	– –	– –	125 8 9	125 8 9	– – Ditto.
Messenger to the Lord Chancellor during his absence from town	– –	– –	– –	200 – –	200 – –	– – Ditto.
Travelling expenses of ditto	– –	– –	– –	6 8 8	6 8 8	– – Ditto.
Porter to the Great Seal	– –	– –	– –	250 – –	250 – –	– – Ditto.
First Clerk in the Lord Chancellor's Principal Secretary's Office	– –	– –	– –	300 – –	300 – –	200 *l.* out of ditto; 100 *l.* out of Suitors' Fund.
Second Clerk in ditto	– –	– –	– –	125 – –	125 – –	Suitors' Fund.
Usher of the Hall	– –	– –	– –	300 – –	300 – –	Suitors' Fee Fund.
Tipstaff of the Court of Chancery	– –	– –	– –	200 – –	200 – –	– – Ditto.
Three Persons to keep order in Court	– –	– –	– –	300 – –	300 – –	Suitors' Fund.
Court-keeper at Westminster	– –	– –	– –	90 – –	90 – –	Suitors' Fee Fund.
Laundress at Lincoln's Inn, and for Petty Disbursements	– –	– –	– –	38 – –	38 – –	– – Ditto.
Ditto at Westminster	– –	– –	– –	21 – –	21 – –	Suitors' Fund.
Court-keeper for attending to the furnaces at ditto, and for sundry disbursements	– –	– –	– –	7 – 4	7 – 4	– – Ditto.
John Nicholls, compensation for loss of Fees	– –	– –	– –	210 – –	210 – –	– – Ditto.
Stoker to the Courts at Lincoln's Inn	– –	– –	– –	105 – –	105 – –	Suitors' Fee Fund.
Stationery, &c. for Court, Principal Secretary's Office, and private house	– –	– –	– –	256 – 3	256 – 3	Suitors' Fund.
Coals and Petty Disbursements	– –	– –	– –	494 11 9	494 11 9	– – Ditto.
Secretary of Presentations	400 – –	– –	– –	– –	400 – –	
Secretary of Commissions	400 – –	– –	– –	– –	400 – –	
Clerk of Presentations, expenses of office	50 – –	– –	– –	– –	50 – –	
£.	6,850 – –	– –	– –	9,579 9 7	16,429 9 7	

COURT OF APPEAL IN CHANCERY.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
SALARIES:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
2 Lords Justices, at 6,000 *l.* each	12,000 – –	– –	– –	– –	12,000 – –	Payable out of Suitors' Fund.
2 Secretaries, at 400 *l.* each	– –	– –	– –	800 – –	800 – –	
2 Ushers, at 250 *l.* each.	– –	– –	– –	500 – –	500 – –	
2 Trainbearers, at 100 *l.* each	– –	– –	– –	200 – –	200 – –	
2 Persons to keep order, at 100 *l.* each	– –	– –	– –	200 – –	200 – –	
Rent, Rates, and Property Tax	– –	– –	– –	349 4 –	349 4 –	
Laundresses for cleaning Court and private rooms, &c., at Westminster	– –	– –	– –	16 16 –	16 16 –	
Ditto at Lincoln's Inn	– –	– –	– –	47 13 4	47 13 4	Payable out of Suitors' Fee Fund.
Books and Stationery	– –	– –	– –	111 13 6	111 13 6	Payable out of Suitors' Fund.
Repairs, Coals, and Petty Disbursements	– –	– –	– –	258 – 4	258 – 4	
£.	12,000 – –	– –	– –	2,483 7 2	14,483 7 2	

COURT OF THE MASTER OF THE ROLLS.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Master of the Rolls	6,000 – –	– –	– –	– –	6,000 – –	
Chief Secretary	– –	– –	– –	1,200 – –	1,200 – –	Paid out of the Suitors' Fee Fund.
Secretary of Causes, &c.	– –	– –	– –	1,000 – –	1,000 – –	– – Ditto.
Gentlemen of Chamber	– –	– –	– –	400 – –	400 – –	– – Ditto.
Clerk of the Papers, &c.	– –	– –	– –	300 – –	300 – –	– – Ditto.
Usher of the Court	– –	– –	– –	130 – –	130 – –	– – Ditto.
Porter	– –	– –	– –	110 – –	110 – –	– – Ditto.
Clerk in Secretary's Office	– –	– –	– –	150 – –	150 – –	– – Ditto.
2nd – ditto – ditto	– –	– –	– –	75 – –	75 – –	– – Ditto.
Court-keeper at Westminster	– –	– –	– –	63 – –	63 – –	– – Ditto.
Housekeeper at Rolls House, Chancery Lane	– –	– –	– –	40 – –	40 – –	– – Ditto.
Laundress of Secretary's Offices, and for Disbursements	– –	– –	– –	36 2 –	36 2 –	– – Ditto.
Expenses of Secretary's Office for Copying, &c. &c.	– –	– –	– –	28 3 7	28 3 7	– – Ditto.
Stationery, &c. &c.	– –	– –	– –	90 19 4	90 19 4	Paid out of the Suitors' Fund.
Coals, Chandlery, &c.	– –	– –	– –	92 10 2	92 10 2	– – Ditto.
£.	6,000 – –	– –	– –	3,715 15 1	9,715 15 1	

CHAMBERS OF THE MASTER OF THE ROLLS.

Three Chief Clerks, at 1,500 *l.* each	– –	– –	– –	4,500 – –	4,500 – –	Payable out of the Suitors' Fee Fund.
Six Junior Clerks, at 400 *l.* each	– –	– –	– –	2,400 – –	2,400 – –	– – Ditto.
Three Assistant Clerks, at 150 *l.* each	– –	– –	– –	450 – –	450 – –	Payable out of the Suitors' Fund.
Messenger	– –	– –	– –	40 – –	119 15 6	Payable out of the Suitors' Fee Fund.
Ditto for care and cleaning of Chambers	– –	– –	– –	70 – –		
Ditto for Petty Disbursements	– –	– –	– –	9 15 6		
Stationery, &c.	– –	– –	– –	139 5 7	139 5 7	– – Ditto.
Law Stationer, for Copying, Printing, &c.	– –	– –	– –	144 18 8	144 18 8	– – Ditto.
Printing Orders, &c. &c.	– –	– –	– –	39 4 10	39 4 10	Payable out of the Suitors' Fee Fund. This is a fourth part of the amount charged to the whole of the Judges' Chambers.
Rates and Taxes	– –	– –	– –	27 4 8	27 4 8	Paid out of the Suitors' Fee Fund.
Chandlery and Coals	– –	– –	– –	46 12 2	46 12 2	– – Ditto.
£.	– –	– –	– –	7,867 1 5	7,867 1 5	

ABSTRACT:

Court	6,000 – –	– –	– –	3,715 15 1	9,715 15 1	
Chambers	– –	– –	– –	7,867 1 5	7,867 1 5	
£.	6,000 – –	– –	– –	11,582 16 6	17,582 16 6	

COURT OF VICE CHANCELLOR KINDERSLEY.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
The Vice Chancellor	5,000 – –	– –	– –	– –	5,000 – –	
Secretary	– –	– –	– –	300 – –	300 – –	Payable out of Suitors' Fund.
Usher	– –	– –	– –	200 – –	200 – –	– – Ditto.
Trainbearer	– –	– –	– –	100 – –	100 – –	– – Ditto.
Two Persons to keep Order, at 100 *l.* each	– –	– –	– –	200 – –	200 – –	– – Ditto.
Laundress, and for Petty Disbursements	– –	– –	– –	38 2 –	38 2 –	Suitors' Fee Fund.
Books, Stationery, &c.	– –	– –	– –	102 16 6	102 16 6	Suitors' Fund.
Repairs, Rates, and Petty Disbursements	– –	– –	– –	189 11 6	189 11 6	– – Ditto.
£.	5,000 – –	– –	– –	1,130 10 –	6,130 10 –	

CHAMBERS OF THE VICE CHANCELLOR KINDERSLEY.

Two Chief Clerks, at 1,500 *l.* each	– –	– –	– –	3,000 – –	3,000 – –	Paid out of the Suitors' Fee Fund.
Four Junior Clerks, at 400 *l.* each	– –	– –	– –	1,600 – –	1,600 – –	– – Ditto.
Two Assistant Clerks, at 150 *l.* each	– –	– –	– –	300 – –	300 – –	Paid out of the Suitors' Fund.
Porter	– –	– –	– –	40 – –	40 – –	Paid out of the Suitors' Fee Fund.
Laundress	– –	– –	– –	45 – –	45 – –	– – Ditto.
Rent	– –	– –	– –	370 4 5	370 4 5	– – Ditto. The rent is 460 *l.* 4 *s.* 5 *d.*, but part of the chambers being underlet at 90 *l.* per annum, the rent is as stated.
Stationery	– –	– –	– –	54 7 4	54 7 4	Paid out of the Suitors' Fee Fund.
Repairs and Petty Disbursements	– –	– –	– –	51 6 6	51 6 6	– – Ditto. This is a third part of the amount charged for the three Vice Chancellors' Chambers.
Furniture, &c.	– –	– –	– –	22 13 –	22 13 –	Paid out of the Suitors' Fee Fund.
Printing	– –	– –	– –	39 4 10	39 4 10	– – Ditto. This is a fourth part of the amount charged for the four Judges' Chambers.
Rates	– –	– –	– –	70 16 1	70 16 1	Paid out of the Suitors' Fee Fund.
Copying	– –	– –	– –	16 12 8	16 12 8	– – Ditto.
Miscellaneous	– –	– –	– –	5 19 11	5 19 11	– – Ditto.
£.	– –	– –	– –	5,616 4 9	5,616 4 9	

COURT OF VICE CHANCELLOR STUART.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
The Vice Chancellor	5,000 – –	– –	– –	– –	5,000 – –	
Secretary	– –	– –	– –	300 – –	300 – –	Payable out of the Suitors' Fund.
Usher	– –	– –	– –	200 – –	200 – –	– – Ditto.
Trainbearer	– –	– –	– –	100 – –	100 – –	– – Ditto.
Two Persons to keep order, at 100 *l.* each	– –	– –	– –	200 – –	200 – –	– – Ditto.
Usher of the Hall	– –	– –	– –	150 – –	150 – –	– – Ditto.
Laundress	– –	– –	– –	35 – –	35 – –	Suitors' Fee Fund.
Stationery, &c.	– –	– –	– –	62 4 7	62 4 7	Suitors' Fund.
Repairs and Petty Disbursements	– –	– –	– –	388 11 3	388 11 3	– – Ditto.
£.	5,000 – –	– –	– –	1,135 15 10	6,435 15 10	

CHAMBERS OF THE VICE CHANCELLOR STUART.

Two Chief Clerks to the Vice Chancellor, at 1,500 *l.* each	– –	– –	– –	3,000 – –	3,000 – –	Payable out of Suitors' Fee Fund.
Four Junior Clerks, at 400 *l.* each	– –	– –	– –	1,600 – –	1,600 – –	– – Ditto.
Additional Junior Clerk	– –	– –	– –	250 – –	250 – –	Payable out of the Suitors' Fund.
Two Assistant Clerks, at 150 *l.* each	– –	– –	– –	300 – –	300 – –	– – Ditto.
Porter	– –	– –	– –	40 – –	40 – –	Payable out of the Suitors' Fee Fund.
Rent	– –	– –	– –	304 6 8	304 6 8	– – Ditto.
Repairs and Petty Disbursements	– –	– –	– –	333 6 10	333 6 10	– – Ditto.
£.	– –	– –	– –	5,827 13 6	5,827 13 6	

COURT OF VICE CHANCELLOR SIR WILLIAM PAGE WOOD.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
The Vice Chancellor	5,000 – –	– –	– –	– –	5,000 – –	
Secretary	– –	– –	– –	300 – –	300 – –	Payable out of the Suitors' Fund.
Usher	– –	– –	– –	200 – –	200 – –	– – Ditto.
Trainbearer	– –	– –	– –	100 – –	100 – –	– – Ditto.
Two persons to keep order, at 100 *l.* each	– –	– –	– –	200 – –	200 – –	– – Ditto.
Usher of the Hall	– –	– –	– –	150 – –	150 – –	– – Ditto.
Laundress	– –	– –	– –	35 – –	35 – –	Payable out of the Suitors' Fee Fund.
Stationery	– –	– –	– –	62 4 7	62 4 7	Payable out of the Suitors' Fund.
Repairs and Petty Disbursements	– –	– –	– –	386 7 2	386 7 2	– – Ditto.
£.	5,000 – –	– –	– –	1,433 11 9	6,433 11 9	

CHAMBERS OF THE VICE CHANCELLOR WOOD.

Two Chief Clerks, at 1,500 *l.* each	– –	– –	– –	3,000 – –	3,000 – –	Payable out of the Suitors' Fee Fund.
Four Junior Clerks, at 400 *l.* each	– –	– –	– –	1,600 – –	1,600 – –	– – Ditto.
Two Assistant Clerks, at 150 *l.* each	– –	– –	– –	300 – –	300 – –	Payable out of the Suitors' Fund.
Porter	– –	– –	– –	40 – –	40 – –	Payable out of the Suitors' Fee Fund.
Rent	– –	– –	– –	376 13 4	376 13 4	– – Ditto.
Repairs and Petty Disbursements	– –	– –	– –	290 16 9	290 16 9	– – Ditto.
Copying	– –	– –	– –	8 14 2	8 14 2	– – Ditto.
Surveyor	– –	– –	– –	5 19 11	5 19 11	– – Ditto.
Miscellaneous	– –	– –	– –			
£.	– –	– –	– –	5,622 4 2	5,622 4 2	

ABSTRACT:

Court of Vice Chancellor Kindersley	page 4	5,000 – –	– –	– –	1,130 10 –	6,130 10 –
Chambers of ditto		– –	– –	– –	5,616 4 9	5,616 4 9
Court of Vice Chancellor Stuart	page 5	5,000 – –	– –	– –	1,435 15 10	6,435 15 10
Chambers of ditto		– –	– –	– –	5,827 13 6	5,827 13 6
Court of Vice Chancellor Wood	above.	5,000 – –	– –	– –	1,433 11 9	6,433 11 9
Chambers of ditto		– –	– –	– –	5,622 4 2	5,622 4 2
£.		15,000 – –	– –	– –	21,066 – –	36,066 – –

REGISTRARS' OFFICE, COURT OF CHANCERY.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
First Registrar	- -	- -	- -	2,000 - -	2,000 - -	Suitors' Fee Fund.
Three Registrars, at 1,800 *l.* each	- -	- -	- -	5,400 - -	5,400 - -	- - Ditto.
Four Registrars, at 1,500 *l.* each	- -	- -	- -	6,000 - -	6,000 - -	- - Ditto.
Three Registrars, at 1,250 *l.* each	- -	- -	- -	3,750 - -	3,750 - -	- - Ditto.
Two Clerks, at 800 *l.* each	- -	- -	- -	1,600 - -	1,600 - -	- - Ditto.
Four Clerks, at 600 *l.* each	- -	- -	- -	2,400 - -	2,400 - -	- - Ditto.
Five Clerks, at 400 *l.* each	- -	- -	- -	2,000 - -	2,000 - -	- - Ditto.
Three Clerks, at 300 *l.* each	- -	- -	- -	900 - -	900 - -	- - Ditto.
Two Clerks of Entries, at 350 *l.* each	- -	- -	- -	700 - -	700 - -	- - Ditto.
Two Bag Bearers, at 150 *l.* each	- -	- -	- -	300 - -	300 - -	- - Ditto.
Nine Assistant Clerks, at 150*l.* each	- -	- -	- -	1,350 - -	1,350 - -	- - Ditto.
One ditto, at 120 *l.*	- -	- -	- -	120 - -	120 - -	- - Ditto.
One ditto, at 100 *l.*	- -	- -	- -	100 - -	100 - -	- - Ditto.
One Office Keeper, Chancery-lane	- -	- -	- -	215 - -	215 - -	
Ditto, Southampton-buildings	- -	- -	- -	120 - -	120 - -	
Allowances for Copying Orders and for Entering Orders	- -	- -	- -	1,907 7 9	1,907 7 9	- - Ditto.
Sundry Expenses of Office	- -	- -	- -	1,137 8 8	1,137 8 8	Suitors' Fund.
£.	- -	- -	- -	29,999 16 5	29,999 16 5	

ACCOUNTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE OF THE COURT OF CHANCERY.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	All the Payments named in this Return are charged upon the Suitors' Funds.
The Accountant General	- -	- -	- -	600 - -	- -	Salary as Master.
Ditto - ditto	- -	- -	- -	900 - -	4,200 - -	Ditto as Accountant General.
Ditto - ditto	- -	- -	-	2,700 - -	- -	In lieu of Brokerage, formerly received by the Accountant General, but now paid to the credit of the Suitors' Fee Fund, pursuant to 15 & 16 Vict. c. 87, s. 19.
Five Clerks, at 800 *l.* each	- -	- -	- -	4,000 - -	4,000 - -	
Four Clerks, at 510 *l.* each	- -	- -	- -	2,040 - -	2,040 - -	
Four Clerks, at 340 *l.* each	- -	- -	- -	1,360 - -	1,360 - -	
Four Clerks, at 250 *l.* each	- -	- -	- -	1,000 - -	1,000 - -	
Four Clerks, at 190 *l.* each	- -	- -	- -	760 - -	760 - -	
Four Clerks, at 150 *l.* each.	- -	- -	- -	600 - -	600 - -	
Four Clerks, at 120 *l.* each	- -	- -	- -	480 - -	480 - -	
Six Clerks, at 100 *l.* each	- -	- -	- -	600 - -	600 - -	
Sundry Expenses of Office	- -	- -	- -	450 - -	450 - -	
£.	- -	- -	- -	15,490 - -	15,490 - -	

EXAMINERS' OFFICE OF THE COURT OF CHANCERY.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Two Examiners, at 1,500 *l.* each	- -	- -	- -	3,000 - -	3,000 - -	Suitors' Fee Fund.
Clerk (Sworn) in the Examiners' Office	- -	- -	- -	150 - -	- -	Salary - Suitors' Fee Fund.
				200 - -	470 - -	Compensation - Suitors' Fee Fund.
				120 - -	- -	Ditto for loss of writing Suitors' Fee Fund.
Ditto - ditto	- -	- -	- -	150 - -	- -	Salary - Ditto.
				120 - -	270 - -	Loss of Writing - Ditto.
Expenses:						
Laundress	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - - -	Suitors' Fee Fund.
Stationery	- -	- -	- -	17 12 11	17 12 11	Suitors' Fund.
£.	- -	- -	- -	3,807 12 11	3,807 12 11	

TAXING MASTERS' OFFICES OF THE COURT OF CHANCERY.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Seven Taxing Masters, at 2,000 *l.* each.	- -	- -	- -	14,000 - -	14,000 - -	Suitors' Fee Fund.
Seven Clerks to ditto, at 350 *l.* each.	- -	- -	- -	2,450 - -	2,450 - -	- - Ditto.
Seven additional ditto, at 350 *l.* each.	- -	- -	- -	2,450 - -	2,450 - -	- - Ditto.
Messenger and Office Keeper	- -	- -	- -	200 - -	200 - -	- - Ditto.
Expenses;						
Rent	- -	- -	- -	800 - -	800 - -	Suitors' Fee Fund.
Rates	- -	- -	- -	134 9 3	134 9 3	- - Ditto.
Sundry Expenses of Office	- -	- -	- -	697 18 11	697 18 11	- - Ditto.
£.	- -	- -	- -	20,732 8 2	20,732 8 2	

OFFICE OF THE RECORD AND WRIT CLERKS.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
3 Clerks of Record and Writs, at 1,400 *l.* each	– –	– –	– –	4,200 – –	4,200 – –	
3 Clerks to ditto, at 400 *l.* each	– –	– –	– –	1,200 – –	1,200 – –	
1 Ditto - ditto	– –	– –	– –	365 – –	365 – –	
1 Ditto - ditto	– –	– –	– –	300 – –	300 – –	
3 Ditto - ditto, at 260 *l.* each	– –	– –	– –	780 – –	780 – –	
1 Ditto - ditto	– –	– –	– –	200 – –	200 – –	
3 Ditto - ditto, at 165 *l.* each	– –	– –	– –	495 – –	495 – –	
1 Ditto - ditto	– –	– –	– –	150 – –	150 – –	
2 Ditto - ditto, at 130 *l.* each	– –	– –	– –	260 – –	260 – –	
Office Keeper	– –	– –	– –	180 – –	180 – –	
Messenger	– –	– –	– –	100 – –	100 – –	Suitors' Fee Fund.
The Report Office Department:						
1st Clerk	– –	– –	– –	400 – –	400 – –	
2nd ditto	– –	– –	– –	350 – –	350 – –	
3rd ditto	– –	– –	– –	260 – –	260 – –	
Search Clerk	– –	– –	– –	210 – –	210 – –	
2 Assistant Search Clerks, at 140 *l.* each	– –	– –	– –	280 – –	280 – –	
Sundry Expenses of Office	– –	– –	– –	732 4 11	732 4 11	
Making Office Copies of Affidavits, &c., and Printing Affidavits	– –	– –	– –	8,199 16 1	8,199 16 1	
£.	– –	– –	– –	18,662 1 –	88,662 1 –	

OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF ENROLMENTS OF THE COURT OF CHANCERY.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries. Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Clerk of Enrolments	– –	– –	– –	1,200 – –	1,200 – –	Suitors' Fee Fund.
1st Clerk to ditto	– –	– –	– –	350 – –	350 – –	– – Ditto.
2nd ditto	– –	– –	– –	250 – –	250 – –	– – Ditto.
3rd ditto	– –	– –	– –	150 – –	150 – –	– – Ditto.
4th ditto	– –	– –	– –	100 – –	100 – –	The 4th Clerk resigned on the 3rd February 1866, and the vacancy has not been filled up.
Sundry Expenses of Office	– –	– –	– –	96 15 7	96 15 7	Suitors' Fee Fund.
Expenses for engrossing Deeds, &c.	– –	– –	– –	884 16 1	884 16 1	– – Ditto.
£.	– –	– –	– –	3,031 11 8	3,031 11 8	

OFFICE OF THE PETTY BAG.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Clerk of the Petty Bag - -	- -	- -	- -	600 - -	600 - -	Suitors' Fee Fund.
Clerk to ditto - - - -	- -	- -	- -	250 - -	250 - -	- - Ditto.
Laundress - - - - -	- -	- -	- -	8 12 -	8 12 -	- - Ditto.
Office Expenses: Writing, Stationery, Coals, &c. &c. - -	- -	- -	- -	85 13 8	85 13 8	- - Ditto.
£.	- -	- -	- -	944 5 8	944 5 8	

SURVEYOR OF THE COURT OF CHANCERY.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
The Surveyor of the Court of Chancery - - - -	- -	- -	- -	80 - -	80 - -	Suitors' Fund.

THE SOLICITOR TO THE SUITORS' FUND OF THE COURT OF CHANCERY.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
The Solicitor to the Suitors' Fund	- -	- -	- -	800 - - 300 - -	1,100 -	Salary. Additional Salary for duties imposed by Act 23 & 24 Vict. c. 149. (Suitors' Fund.)
Expenses - - ditto - -	- -	- -	- -	400 - -	400 - -	Allowance for office rent, clerks' salaries, stationery, &c. (Suitors' Fund.)
Ditto - - ditto - -	- -	- -	- -	47 15 5	47 15 5	For insurance premiums and other disbursements.
£.	- -	- -	- -	1,547 15 5	1,547 15 5	

COURT OF CHANCERY (IRELAND).

COURT OF CHANCERY.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
The Lord Chancellor	8,000 – –	- -	- -	- -	8,000 – –
Secretary of Lord Chancellor	- -	- -	1,000 – –	- -	1,000 – –
Assistant Secretary to Lord Chancellor	- -	- -	420 – –	- -	420 – –
Incidentals, Secretary's office	- -	- -	50 – –	- -	50 – –
TOTAL £.	8,000 – –	- -	1,470 – –	- -	9,470 – –

OFFICE OF LORD JUSTICE OF THE COURT OF APPEAL.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Lord Justice of the Court of Appeal in Chancery (in addition to a Pension for Judicial Services of 3,692 *l.* 6 *s.*)	1,000 – –	- -	- -	- -	1,000 – –

ROLLS COURT.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Master of the Rolls	3,969 2 7	- -	- -	- -	3,969 2 7
Secretary to the Master of the Rolls	- -	- -	300 – –	- -	300 – –
Deputy Keeper of the Rolls	- -	1,000 – –	- -	- -	1,000 – –
Clerk of Enrolments	- -	550 – –	- -	- -	550 – –
Assistant Clerk of Enrolments	- -	250 – –	- -	- -	250 – –
Clerk of Pleadings	- -	325 – –	- -	- -	325 – –
Assistant Clerk of Pleadings	- -	150 – –	- -	- -	150 – –
Crier	- -	120 – –	- -	- -	120 – –
Trainbearer	- -	138 9 2	- -	- -	138 9 2
Housekeeper	- -	23 1 6	- -	- -	23 1 6
Court-keeper	- -	52 10 –	- -	- -	52 10 –
One Scrivenery Clerk	- -	104 – –	- -	- -	104 – –
One Scrivenery Clerk	- -	78 – –	- -	- -	78 – –
Yardkeeper	- -	– 8 8	- -	- -	– 8 8
TOTALS £.	3,969 2 7	2,791 9 4	300 – –	- -	7,060 11 11

COURT OF CHANCERY (IRELAND)—*continued.*

OFFICE OF THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Accountant General	646 3 4	- -	353 16 8	- -	1,000 - -
First Clerk	- -	500 - -	- -	- -	500 - -
Second Clerk	- -	271 10 -	- -	- -	271 10 -
Third Clerk	- -	320 - -	- -	- -	320 - -
Fourth Clerk	- -	- -	220 - -	- -	220 - -
Fifth Clerk	- -	- -	198 16 9	- -	198 16 9
Sixth Clerk	- -	- -	175 - -	- -	175 - -
Seventh Clerk	- -	- -	127 10 -	- -	127 10 -
Eighth Clerk	- -	- -	100 - -	- -	100 - -
Junior Clerk, appointed in consequence of the death of the Second Clerk	- -	- -	(a) 14 15 10	- -	(a) 14 15 10
Incidental expenses	- -	- -	92 17 3	- -	92 17 3
TOTAL £.	646 3 4	1,091 10 -	1,282 16 6	- -	3,020 9 10

(a) Proportion of salary from date of appointment.

The criers of the Courts of Chancery and Rolls being paid by fees, and having been removed since the 31st March 1866, there are no means of ascertaining what they received for the year.

OFFICE OF MASTER LITTON.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
The Master	2,749 4 6	- -	- -	- -	2,749 4 6
Examiner	- -	- -	700 - -	- -	700 - -
Assistant Clerk	- -	- -	450 - -	- -	450 - -
Registrar	- -	- -	250 - -	- -	250 - -
First Scrivenery Clerk	- -	- -	160 1 5 (Compensation).	- -	160 1 5 (Compensation).
Second Scrivenery Clerk	- -	- -	109 4 -	- -	109 4 -
For Incidental Expenses of Office an annual sum not to exceed 100 *l.*	- -	- -	100 - -	- -	100 - -
Payments for copying	- -	- -	137 9 4	- -	137 9 4
TOTALS £.	2,749 4 6	- -	1,906 14 9	- -	4,655 19 3

COURT OF CHANCERY (IRELAND)—*continued.*

OFFICE OF MASTER BROOKE.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
The Master	2,749 4 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	2,749 4 6
Examiner	- - -	- - -	700 - -	- - -	700 - -
Assistant Clerk	- - -	- - -	450 - -	- - -	450 - -
Same as Clerk in the office of "Six Clerks," abolished.	- - -	- - -	70 15 - (Compensation).	- - -	70 15 - (Compensation).
Registrar to said Master	- - -	- - -	250 - -	- - -	250 - -
First Scrivenery Clerk	- - -	- - -	109 4 -	- - -	109 4 -
Second Scrivenery Clerk	- - -	- - -	26 - -	- - -	26 - -
For Incidental Expenses of Office an annual sum not to exceed 100 *l.*	- - -	- - -	100 - -	- - -	100 - -
Payments for copying	- - -	- - -	200 - -	- - -	200 - -
TOTALS £.	2,749 4 6	- - -	1,905 19 -	- - -	4,655 3 6

OFFICE OF MASTER MURPHY.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
The Master	2,769 4 7	- - -	- - -	- - -	2,769 4 7
Examiner	- - -	- - -	700 - -	- - -	700 - -
Assistant Clerk	- - -	- - -	450 - -	- - -	450 - -
Registrar	- - -	- - -	250 - -	- - -	250 - -
Scrivenery Clerk:					
Scrivenery	- - -	- - -	140 13 11	- - -	192 13 11
Salary	- - -	- - -	52 - -		
Incidental Expenses, including Stationery, Caretaking, &c.	- - -	- - -	75 - -	- - -	75 - -
TOTALS £.	2,769 4 7	- - -	1,667 13 11	- - -	4,436 18 6

COURT OF CHANCERY (IRELAND)—*continued.*

OFFICE OF MASTER FITZGIBBON.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
The Master	2,500 – –	– –	– –	– –	2,500 – –
Examiner	– –	– –	700 – –	– –	700 – –
Examiner	– –	– –	700 – –	– –	700 – –
Assistant Clerk	– –	– –	200 – –	– –	200 – –
Master's Registrar	– –	– –	200 – –	– –	200 – –
Scrivenery Clerk	– –	– –	197 13 3 25 – –	– –	222 13 3
Office-keeper	– –	– –	20 – –	– –	20 – –
Books, Stationery, and other Expenses	– –	– –	56 12 1	– –	56 12 1
Department of the Master's Office for Audit of County Treasurers' Accounts, 1 Vict. c. 54:					
Registrar	– –	– –	350 – –	– –	350 – –
Clerk	– –	– –	200 – –	– –	200 – –
Clerk	– –	– –	140 – –	– –	140 – –
Clerk	– –	– –	123 10 10	– –	123 10 10
Office Messenger	– –	– –	60 – –	– –	60 – –
Office Keeper	– –	– –	20 – –	– –	20 – –
Books, Stationery, and other Expenses	– –	– –	23 – –	– –	23 – –
TOTALS £.	2,500 – –	– –	3,015 16 2	– –	5,515 16 2

ABSTRACT.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
MASTERS IN CHANCERY IN IRELAND:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
MASTER LITTON (page 12)	2,749 4 6	– –	1,906 14 9	– –	4,655 19 3
MASTER BROOKE (page 13)	2,749 4 6	– –	1,905 19 –	– –	4,655 3 6
MASTER MURPHY (page 13)	2,769 4 7	– –	1,667 13 11	– –	4,436 18 6
MASTER FITZGIBBON (above)	2,500 – –	– –	3,015 16 2	– –	5,515 16 2
TOTALS £.	10,767 13 7	– –	8,496 3 10	– –	19,263 17 5

COURT OF CHANCERY (IRELAND)—*continued.*

OFFICE OF REGISTRAR.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar	-	-	1,500 – –	-	1,500 – –
Ditto	-	-	1,500 – –	-	1,500 – –
Assistant Registrar	-	-	1,017 14 10	-	1,017 14 10
Chief Clerk	-	-	507 4 4	-	562 4 4
Registrar of Solicitors' Licenses	-	-	55 – –	-	
Senior Clerk	-	-	390 – –	-	390 – –
Ditto	-	-	337 10 –	-	337 10 –
Ditto	-	-	305 8 3	-	305 8 3
Junior Clerk	-	-	175 – –	-	175 – –
Ditto	-	-	153 12 2	-	153 12 2
Ditto	-	-	11 18 7	-	11 18 7
Additional Clerk, Record Department	-	-	350 – –	-	350 – –
Clerk of Records	-	-	600 – –	-	600 – –
Assistant ditto	-	-	260 – –	-	260 – –
Scrivenery Clerk	-	-	109 4 –	61 10 – / 20 – –	190 14 –
Ditto	-	-	109 4 –	20 – –	129 4 –
Ditto	-	-	109 4 –	20 – –	129 4 –
Ditto	-	-	109 4 –	10 – –	119 4 –
Ditto	-	-	109 4 –	10 – –	119 4 –
Ditto	-	-	105 6 –	10 – –	115 6 –
Ditto	-	-	104 – –	10 – –	114 – –
Ditto	-	-	52 – –	-	52 – –
Incidental Expenses allowed by the Lord Chancellor, pursuant to 6 & 7 Will. 4, c. 74, including Scrivenery, Stationery, Books, Binding, &c.	-	-	1,139 18 9	-	1,139 18 9(*a*)
TOTALS £.	-	-	9,110 12 11	161 10 –	9,272 2 11

AN ACCOUNT of the Incidental Expenses of the Registrars' Office of the Court of Chancery for the Year ending 19th April 1866, allowed by the Lord Chancellor, pursuant to the Provisions of the Statute 6 & 7 Will. 4, c. 74, s. 11.

	£. s. d.
(*a*) 1. Scrivenery	677 10 5
2. Stationery and Books	94 11 10
3. Bookbinding	54 19 –
4. The Housekeeper's Salary and sundry small Expenses	60 – 10
5. The Messenger	52 – –
6. The Cash Clerk	200 16 8
£.	1,139 18 9

This Return is made up to the 19th April 1866, being the quarter-day fixed for payment of salaries in the Registrars' Office, pursuant to Act of 6 & 7 Will. 4, c. 74.

COURT OF CHANCERY (IRELAND)—*continued.*

CHANCERY TAXING OFFICES.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
One Master	800 – –	– –	– –	– –	800 – –
One Master	– –	800 – –	– –	– –	800 – –
Clerk	– –	200 – –	– –	– –	200 – –
Ditto	– –	200 – –	– –	– –	200 – –
Ditto	– –	180 – –	– –	– –	180 – –
Messenger	– –	40 – –	– –	– –	40 – –
Housekeeper	– –	25 4 –	– –	– –	25 4 –
Incidental Expenses	– –	13 11 7	– –	– –	13 11 7
TOTALS £.	800 – –	1,458 15 7	– –	– –	2,258 15 7

OFFICE OF CLERK OF THE CUSTODY OF PAPERS OF LUNATICS.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Clerk of the Custodies	– –	– –	358 – –	– –	358 – –
Chief Clerk in Office	– –	– –	104 – –	52 – – Suitors' Fee Fund.	156 – –
Scrivenery Clerk in Office	– –	– –	52 – –	52 – – Suitors' Fee Fund.	104 – –
Office Expenses	– –	– –	12 – –	– –	12 – –
TOTALS £.	– –	– –	526 – –	104 – –	630 – –

COURT OF CHANCERY (IRELAND)—*continued.*

AFFIDAVIT OFFICE.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Clerk of Affidavits	- - -	- - -	600 - -	- - -	600 - -
Assistant Clerk	- - -	- - -	300 - -	- - -	300 - -
First Comparing Clerk	- - -	- - -	180 18 -	- - -	180 18 -
Second Comparing Clerk	- - -	- - -	171 19 -	- - -	171 19 -
First Scrivenery Clerk	- - -	- - -	235 - -	- - -	235 - -
Second Scrivenery Clerk	- - -	- - -	69 14 -	- - -	69 14 -
Housekeeper, Stationery and Book-binding	- - -	- - -	60 - -	- - -	60 - -
TOTALS £.	- - -	- - -	1,617 11 -	- - -	1,617 11 -

RECOGNIZANCE OFFICE.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Clerk of Recognizances	- -	- -	235 12 4	- -	235 12 4
				Suitors' Fee Fund.	
Clerk	- - - - -	- -	30 - -	109 4 -	139 4 -
Sundries	- - - - -	- -	4 4 -	- -	4 4 -
TOTALS £.	- - -	- -	269 16 4	109 4 -	379 - 4

APPEARANCE AND WRITS OFFICE.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Clerk of Appearances and Writs *	- -	- -	600 - -	- -	600 - -
First Clerk	- - - -	- -	435 - -	- -	435 - -
Second Clerk	- - - -	- -	300 - -	- -	300 - -
Clerk in the Notice Office	- -	- -	190 - -	- -	190 - -
Ditto - ditto	- - -	- -	190 - -	- -	190 - -
Ditto - ditto	- - -	- -	135 - -	- -	135 - -
Reader in the Court of Chancery	- -	- -	600 - -	- -	600 - -
Reader in the Rolls Court	- -	- -	600 - -	- -	600 - -
Clerk in the Accountant General's Office	- - - - -	- -	220 - -	- -	220 - -
Ditto - ditto	- - -	- -	185 - -	- -	185 - -
Stationery	- - - -	- -	19 3 5	- -	19 3 5
Housekeeper and Servant's Wages	- -	- -	16 1 6	- -	16 1 6
TOTALS £.	- - -	- -	3,490 4 11	- -	3,490 4 11

* Also receives 1,523 *l.* compensation for the loss of his office as one of the late six Clerks of the Court.

The above Return is for the year ending 19th October 1866, which is the exact termination of the year in this Office.

COURT OF CHANCERY (IRELAND)—*continued.*

OFFICE OF CHIEF EXAMINER.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
One Chief Examiner - - -	276 18 6	- -	693 3 9	- -	970 2 3
One Chief Clerk - - - -	- -	92 6 2	- -	- -	92 6 2
One Chief Clerk in office of second Examiner - - - -	- -	92 6 2	- -	- -	92 6 2
Two Copying Clerks - - -	- -	- -	218 8 -	- -	218 8 -
TOTALS - - - £.	276 18 6	184 12 4	911 11 9	- -	1,373 2 7

No appointment has been made to the office of the second examiner since the death of the late examiner.

CROWN AND HANAPER OFFICE.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Clerk of Crown and Hanaper -	- -	- -	600 - -	- -	600 - -
First Clerk - - - - -	- -	- -	270 - -	- -	270 - -
Second Clerk - - - - -	- -	- -	100 - -	- -	100 - -
Scrivenery Clerk (*a*) - - -	- -	- -	147 4 -	- -	147 4 -
Scrivenery Clerk - - -	- -	- -	129 1 4	- -	129 1 4
Stationery - - - - - -	- -	- -	20 - -	- -	20 - -
TOTALS - - - £.	- -	- -	1,266 5 4	- -	1,266 5 4

(*a*) In addition to a compensation of 14 *l.* per annum under the Patent Law Amendment Act.

JUDICIAL COMMITTEE OF HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
The Lords of the Judicial Committee are unpaid.					
One Indian Assessor	400 – –	– –	– –	– –	400 – –
The Registrar of the Privy Council	– –	1,000 – –	– –	– –	1,000 – –
Appeal Clerk	– –	300 – –	– –	– –	300 – –
A Clerk	– –	170 – –	– –	– –	170 – –
TOTAL £.	400 – –	1,470 – –	– –	– –	1,870 – –

The expenses of the Judicial Committee for messengers, books, stationery, &c., are included in the general expenses of the Privy Council, and cannot be separated from them.

JUDGES AND OFFICERS OF THE SUPERIOR COURTS OF COMMON LAW.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
QUEEN'S BENCH:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Lord Chief Justice	8,000 – –	– –	– –	– –	8,000 – –
4 Puisne Judges, at 5,000 *l.* each	20,000 – –	– –	– –	– –	20,000 – –
1 Judges' Clerk	– –	– –	700 – –	– –	700 – –
4 Ditto, at 600 *l.*	– –	– –	2,400 – –	– –	2,400 – –
6 Ditto, at 400 *l.*	– –	– –	2,400 – –	– –	2,400 – –
1 Usher	– –	– –	146 19 4	– –	146 19 4
3 Ditto, at 120 *l.*	– –	– –	360 – –	– –	360 – –
1 Trainbearer	– –	– –	100 – –	– –	100 – –
1 Courtkeeper	– –	– –	50 – –	– –	50 – –
TOTAL £.	28,000 – –	– –	6,156 19 4	– –	34,156 19 4

JUDGES AND OFFICERS OF THE SUPERIOR COURTS OF COMMON LAW—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
COMMON PLEAS:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Lord Chief Justice	7,000 – –	– –	– –	– –	7,000 – –
4 Puisne Judges, at 5,000 *l.*	20,000 – –	– –	– –	– –	20,000 – –
1 Judges' Clerk	– –	– –	842 – –	– –	842 – –
4 Ditto, at 600 *l.*	– –	– –	2,400 – –	– –	2,400 – –
6 Ditto, at 400 *l.*	– –	– –	2,400 – –	– –	2,400 – –
1 Usher	– –	– –	180 – –	– –	180 – –
1 Ditto	– –	– –	150 – –	– –	150 – –
3 Ditto, at 120 *l.*	– –	– –	360 – –	– –	360 – –
1 Trainbearer	– –	– –	100 – –	– –	100 – –
1 Messenger	– –	– –	100 – –	– –	100 – –
TOTAL £.	27,000 – –	– –	6,532 – –	– –	33,532 – –
EXCHEQUER:					
Lord Chief Baron	7,000 – –	– –	– –	– –	7,000 – –
4 Barons of the Exchequer, at 5,000 *l.* each	20,000 – –	– –	– –	– –	20,000 – –
1 Judges' Clerk	– –	– –	700 – –	– –	700 – –
1 Ditto	– –	– –	650 – –	– –	650 – –
1 Ditto	– –	– –	624 – –	– –	624 – –
3 Ditto, at 600 *l.*	– –	– –	1,800 – –	– –	1,800 – –
4 Ditto, at 400 *l.*	– –	– –	1,600 – –	– –	1,600 – –
1 Ditto	– –	– –	450 – –	– –	450 – –
1 Court Keeper	– –	– –	150 – –	– –	150 – –
4 Ushers, at 120 *l.*	– –	– –	480 – –	– –	480 – –
1 Ditto	– –	– –	100 – –	– –	100 – –
1 Trainbearer	– –	– –	100 – –	– –	100 – –
TOTAL £.	27,000 – –	– –	6,654 – –	– –	33,654 – –
Queen's Bench, as on last page	28,000 – –	– –	6,156 19 4	– –	34,156 19 4
Common Pleas, as above	27,000 – –	– –	6,532 – –	– –	33,532 – –
Exchequer „	27,000 – –	– –	6,654 – –	– –	33,654 – –
Incidental Expenses:					
Salary	– –	– –	150 – –	– –	286 8 –
Tradesmens' Bills	– –	– –	136 8 –		
TOTAL £.	82,000 – –	– –	19,629 7 4	– –	101,629 7 4

CLERKS OF THE JUDGES AND OTHER OFFICERS OF THE COURT, AND CIRCUIT EXPENSES.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH:					
One Chief Clerk to Lord Chief Justice -	- -	- -	700 - -	- -	700 - -
Two Clerks to ditto, at 400 *l.* each - -	- -	- -	800 - -	- -	800 - -
Four Chief Clerks to Puisne Judges, at 600 *l.* each - - - - - -	- -	- -	2,400 - -	- -	2,400 - -
Four Chamber Clerks to ditto, at 400 *l.* each	- -	- -	1,600 - -	- -	1,600 - -
One Housekeeper - - - - - -	- -	- -	50 - -	- -	50 - -
One Usher - - - - - -	- -	- -	146 19 4	- -	146 19 4
Three ditto, at 120 *l.* each - - - -	- -	- -	360 - -	- -	360 - -
One Messenger - - - - - -	- -	- -	100 - -	- -	100 - -
One Trainbearer - - - - - -	- -	- -	100 - -	- -	100 - -
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	6,256 19 4	- -	6,256 19 4
COURT OF COMMON PLEAS:					
One Chief Clerk to Lord Chief Justice -	- -	- -	700 - -	- -	700 - -
Two Clerks to ditto, at 400 *l.* each - -	- -	- -	800 - -	- -	800 - -
Four Chief Clerks to Puisne Judges, at 600 *l.* each - - - - - -	- -	- -	2,400 - -	- -	2,400 - -
Four Chamber Clerks to ditto, at 400 *l.* each	- -	- -	1,600 - -	- -	1,600 - -
One Court-keeper - - - - -	- -	- -	150 - -	- -	150 - -
One Usher - - - - - -	- -	- -	180 - -	- -	180 - -
Three ditto, at 120 *l.* each - - - -	- -	- -	360 - -	- -	360 - -
One Messenger - - - - - -	- -	- -	100 - -	- -	100 - -
One Trainbearer - - - - - -	- -	- -	100 - -	- -	100 - -
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	6,390 - -	- -	6,390 - -
COURT OF EXCHEQUER:					
One Chief Clerk to Lord Chief Baron -	- -	- -	700 - -	- -	700 - -
Two Clerks to ditto, at 400 *l.* each - -	- -	- -	800 - -	- -	800 - -
One Chief Clerk to Senior Puisne Baron	- -	- -	650 - -	- -	650 - -
One Chamber Clerk to ditto - - -	- -	- -	624 - -	- -	624 - -
Three Chief Clerks to Puisne Baron, at 600 *l.* each - - - - - -	- -	- -	1,800 - -	- -	1,800 - -
Three Chamber Clerks to ditto, at 400 *l.* each	- -	- -	1,200 - -	- -	1,200 - -
One Court-keeper - - - - -	- -	- -	150 - -	- -	150 - -
Four Ushers, at 120 *l.* each - - - -	- -	- -	480 - -	- -	480 - -
One Messenger - - - - - -	- -	- -	100 - -	- -	100 - -
One Trainbearer - - - - - -	- -	- -	100 - -	- -	100 - -
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	6,604 - -	- -	6,604 - -
Court of Queen's Bench, Expenses as above	- -	- -	6,256 19 4	- -	6,256 19 4
Court of Common Pleas - - - -	- -	- -	6,390 - -	- -	6,390 - -
Court of Exchequer - - - - -	- -	- -	6,604 - -	- -	6,604 - -
Judges' Chambers, One Messenger -	- -	- -	100 - -	- -	100 - -
Expenses at Home and on Circuit, Year to 31st December 1865 - - -	- -	- -	2,606 5 1	- -	2,606 5 1
Judges' Lodgings at Chester, three Assizes, at 55 *l.* each - - - - - -	- -	165 - -	- -	- -	165 - -
Additional Accommodation provided for Judges at the Spring and Summer Assizes in Wales - - - - -	- -	300 - -	- -	- -	300 - -
Judges' Expenses on the Winter Circuit -	- -	1,711 2 -	- -	- -	1,711 2 -
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	2,176 2 -	21,957 4 5	- -	24,133 6 5

MARSHALS TO JUDGES ON CIRCUIT.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Fourteen Marshals, at 75 *l.* each, on the Summer Circuit 1865 -	- -	- -	1,050 - -	- -	1,050 - -
Six Marshals, at 75 *l.* each, on the Winter Commission 1865 -	- -	- -	450 - -	- -	450 - -
Fourteen Marshals, at 75 *l.* each, on the Spring Circuit 1866 -	- -	- -	1,050 - -	- -	1,050 - -
TOTAL - - - - £.	- -	- -	2,550 - -	- -	2,550 - -

OFFICERS OF ASSIZE.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
HOME CIRCUIT:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
SALARIES:					
Clerk of Assize - - - - -	- -	953 - -	- -	- -	953 - -
Deputy Clerk of Assize and Clerk of Arraigns.	- -	500 - -	- -	- -	500 - -
Associate - - - - - -	- -	400 - -	- -	- -	400 - -
Clerk of Indictments - - -	- -	345 - -	- -	- -	345 - -
Clerk - - - - - -	- -	100 - -	- -	- -	100 - -
TRAVELLING and PERSONAL EXPENSES, &c.:					
Clerk of Assize - - - - -	- -	75 12 -	- -	- -	75 12 -
Deputy Clerk of Assize and Clerk of Arraigns.	- -	94 10 -	637 1 -	- -	94 10 -
Associate - - - - - -	- -	107 10 -	- -	- -	107 10 -
Clerk of Indictments - - -	- -	96 - -	- -	- -	96 - -
Clerk - - - - - -	- -	36 - -	- -	- -	36 - -
Rent of Office, Stationery, &c. -	- -	43 1 1	- -	- -	43 1 1
(After abatement of 48 *l.* from rent, in consequence of the business being carried on at Session House.)		2,750 13 1			
Less Fees - - -	- -	637 1 -			
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	2,113 12 1	637 1 -	- -	2,750 13 1

OFFICERS OF ASSIZE—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
MIDLAND CIRCUIT:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
SALARIES:					
Clerk of Assize	- -	1,000 - -	- -	- -	1,000 - -
Clerk of Arraigns and Deputy Clerk of Assize.	- -	480 - -	- -	- -	480 - -
Associate	- -	230 - -	- -	- -	230 - -
Clerk of Indictments	- -	400 - -	- -	- -	400 - -
Circuit Bailiff	- -	100 - -	- -	- -	100 - -
TRAVELLING and PERSONAL EXPENSES, &c.:			709 3 -		
Clerk of Assize	- -	236 5 -	- -	- -	236 5 -
Clerk of Arraigns and Deputy Clerk of Assize.	- -	168 15 -	- -	- -	168 15 -
Associate	- -	120 15 -	- -	- -	120 15 -
Clerk of Indictments	- -	165 15 -	- -	- -	165 15 -
Circuit Bailiff	- -	56 10 -	- -	- -	56 10 -
		2,958 - -			
Less Fees	- -	709 3 -			
TOTAL £.	- -	2,248 17 -	709 3 -	- -	2,958 - -
NORTHERN CIRCUIT:					
SALARIES:					
Clerk of Assize	- -	1,000 - -	- -	- -	2,050 - -
Clerk of Assize, for Services rendered in the Taxation of Costs.	- -	1,050 - -			
Clerk of Indictments and Deputy Clerk of Assize.	- -	450 - -	- -	- -	450 - -
Associate	- -	400 - -	- -	- -	400 - -
Clerk of Arraigns	- -	250 - -	- -	- -	250 - -
Clerk	- -	100 - -	- -	- -	100 - -
TRAVELLING and PERSONAL EXPENSES, &c.:			37 10 -		
Clerk of Indictments and Deputy Clerk of Assize.	- -	33 - -	- -	- -	33 - -
Clerk of Arraigns	- -	33 - -	- -	- -	33 - -
Expenses incurred in Taxation of Costs, paid to Clerk of Assize.	- -	1,006 - -	- -	- -	1,006 - -
Sundry Disbursements	- -	3 11 6	- -	- -	3 11 6
		4,325 11 6			
Less Fees	- -	37 10 -			
TOTAL £.	- -	4,288 1 6	37 10 -	- -	4,325 11 6
NORFOLK CIRCUIT:					
SALARIES:					
Clerk of Assize	- -	750 - -	- -	- -	750 - -
Clerk of Indictments	- -	300 - -	- -	- -	300 - -
Associate	- -	241 18 10	- -	- -	241 18 10
Circuit Bailiff	- -	100 - -	- -	- -	100 - -
TRAVELLING and PERSONAL EXPENSES, &c.:					
Clerk of Assize	- -	152 5 -	121 5 -	- -	152 5 -
Clerk of Indictments	- -	108 15 -	- -	- -	108 15 -
Associate	- -	94 10 -	- -	- -	94 10 -
Circuit Bailiff	- -	36 15 -	- -	- -	36 15 -
Sundry Disbursements	- -	3 16 6	- -	- -	3 16 6
		1,788 - 4			
Less Fees	- -	121 5 -			
TOTAL £.	- -	1,666 15 4	121 5 -	- -	1,788 - 4

OFFICERS OF ASSIZE—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
OXFORD CIRCUIT.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
SALARIES:					
Clerk of Assize	- -	1,000 - -	- -	- -	1,000 - -
Deputy Clerk of Assize	- -	500 - -	- -	- -	500 - -
Clerk of Indictments	- -	366 1 8	- -	- -	366 1 8
Associate	- -	305 11 8	- -	- -	305 11 8
Clerk and Bailiff	- -	100 - -	- -	- -	100 - -
TRAVELLING and PERSONAL EXPENSES, &c.:			286 12 -		
Clerk of Assize	- -	151 4 -	- -	- -	151 4 -
Deputy Clerk of Assize	- -	152 5 -	- -	- -	152 5 -
Clerk of Indictments	- -	153 15 -	- -	- -	153 15 -
Associate	- -	155 5 -	- -	- -	155 5 -
Clerk and Bailiff	- -	51 - -	- -	- -	51 - -
		2,935 2 4			
Less Fees	- -	286 12 -			
TOTAL £.	- -	2,648 10 4	286 12 -	- -	2,935 2 4
WESTERN CIRCUIT.					
SALARIES:					
Clerk of Assize	- -	1,000 - -	- -	- -	1,000 - -
Deputy Clerk of Assize and Clerk of Arraigns.	- -	500 - -	- -	- -	500 - -
Clerk of Indictments	- -	400 - -	- -	- -	400 - -
Associate	- -	202 10 -	- -	- -	202 10 -
Bailiff	- -	102 10 1	- -	- -	102 10 1
TRAVELLING and PERSONAL EXPENSES, &c.:			166 19 -		
Clerk of Assize	- -	177 1 -	- -	- -	177 1 -
Deputy Clerk of Assize and Clerk of Arraigns.	- -	126 15 -	- -	- -	126 15 -
Clerk of Indictments	- -	120 15 -	- -	- -	120 15 -
Associate	- -	97 10 -	- -	- -	97 10 -
Bailiff	- -	42 10 -	- -	- -	42 10 -
		2,769 11 1			
Less Fees	- -	166 19 -			
TOTAL £.	- -	2,602 12 1	166 19 -	- -	2,769 11 1
NORTH WALES AND CHESTER CIRCUIT.					
SALARIES:					
Clerk of Assize	- -	500 - -	- -	- -	500 - -
Clerk of Indictments (including travelling expenses).	- -	300 - -	- -	- -	300 - -
Associate	- -	100 - -	- -	- -	100 - -
TRAVELLING and PERSONAL EXPENSES, &c.:			66 17 -		
Clerk of Assize	- -	115 10 -	- -	- -	115 10 -
Associate	- -	50 - -	- -	- -	50 - -
Incidental Expenses	- -	- 12 6	- -	- -	- 12 6
		1,066 2 6			
Less Fees	- -	66 17 -			
TOTAL £.	- -	999 5 6	66 17 -	- -	1,066 2 6

OFFICERS OF ASSIZE—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
SOUTH WALES CIRCUIT:					
SALARIES:					
Clerk of the Crown and Associate -	- -	500 - -	- -	- -	500 - -
Principal Assistant Officer (including travelling expenses).	- -	300 - -	- -	- -	300 - -
Second Assistant Officer - -	- -	100 - -	- -	- -	100 - -
TRAVELLING and PERSONAL EXPENSES, &c.:			59 7 -		
Clerk of the Crown and Associate -	- -	113 8 -	- -	- -	113 8 -
Second Assistant Officer - -	- -	50 - -	- -	- -	50 - -
		1,063 8 -			
Less Fees - - -	- -	59 7 -			
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	1,004 1 -	59 7 -	- -	1,063 8 -

ABSTRACT.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
HOME CIRCUIT - - (page 22)	- -	2,113 12 1	637 1 -	- -	2,750 13 1
MIDLAND CIRCUIT - (page 23)	- -	2,248 17 -	709 3 -	- -	2,958 - -
NORTHERN CIRCUIT - (page 23)	- -	4,288 1 6	37 10 -	- -	4,325 11 6
NORFOLK CIRCUIT - (page 23)	- -	1,666 15 4	121 5 -	- -	1,788 - 4
OXFORD CIRCUIT - (page 24)	- -	2,648 10 4	286 12 -	- -	2,935 2 4
WESTERN CIRCUIT - (page 24)	- -	2,602 12 1	166 19 -	- -	2,769 11 1
NORTH WALES AND CHESTER CIRCUIT. (page 24)	- -	999 5 6	66 17 -	- -	1,066 2 6
SOUTH WALES CIRCUIT (above)	- -	1,004 1 -	59 7 -	- -	1,063 8 -
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	17,571 14 10	2,084 14 -	- -	19,656 8 10

All Fees are now payable by Stamps, under the Act 28 Vict. c. 45.

OFFICE OF THE MASTERS OF THE COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH ON THE PLEA SIDE.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Five Masters, at 1,200 *l.* each	- -	- -	6,000 - -	- -	6,000 - -
First Clerk, Rule Office	- -	- -	560 - -	- -	560 - -
Second Clerk - ditto	- -	- -	500 - -	- -	500 - -
Third Clerk - ditto	- -	- -	280 - -	- -	280 - -
Fourth Clerk - ditto	- -	- -	230 - -	- -	230 - -
Fifth Clerk - ditto	- -	- -	160 - -	- -	160 - -
First Clerk, Judgment Office	- -	- -	600 - -	- -	600 - -
Second Clerk - ditto	- -	- -	330 - -	- -	330 - -
Third Clerk - ditto	- -	- -	320 - -	- -	320 - -
Fourth Clerk - ditto	- -	- -	230 - -	- -	230 - -
Fifth Clerk - ditto	- -	- -	92 10 -	- -	92 10 -
First Clerk, Writ Office	- -	- -	350 - -	- -	350 - -
Second Clerk - ditto	- -	- -	250 - -	- -	250 - -
Third Clerk - ditto	- -	- -	142 10 -	- -	142 10 -
First Clerk, Record Office	- -	- -	350 - -	- -	350 - -
Second Clerk - ditto	- -	- -	230 - -	- -	230 - -
Filacer and Outlawry Office	- -	- -	350 - -	- -	350 - -
First Clerk, Appearance Office	- -	- -	300 - -	- -	300 - -
Second Clerk - ditto	- -	- -	212 10 -	- -	212 10 -
Third Clerk - ditto	- -	- -	100 - -	- -	100 - -
First Clerk, Master's Office	- -	- -	536 - -	- -	536 - -
Second Clerk - ditto	- -	- -	280 - -	- -	280 - -
Third Clerk - ditto	- -	- -	192 10 -	- -	192 10 -
Fourth Clerk - ditto	- -	- -	112 10 -	- -	112 10 -
One Messenger	- -	- -	100 - -	- -	100 - -
One Housekeeper	- -	- -	125 - -	- -	125 - -
Three Tipstaves, to make up their Salaries to 150 *l.* each	- -	- -	318 18 6	- -	318 18 6
One Year's Rent	- -	- -	585 10 -	- -	585 10 -
One Year's Taxes	- -	- -	21 18 9	- -	21 18 9
Other Expenses of the Office, Rates, &c.	- -	- -	273 19 11	- -	273 19 11
£	- -	- -	14,133 17 2	- -	14,133 17 2

OFFICES OF MASTERS, COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Five Masters, at 1,200 *l.* each per annum -	- -	- -	6,000 - -	- -	6,000 - -
One Chief Clerk (100 *l.*, being for loss of an appointment).	- -	- -	700 - -	- -	700 - -
One Clerk - - - - - - -	- -	- -	500 - -	- -	500 - -
Ditto - - - - - - -	- -	- -	400 - -	- -	400 - -
Two Clerks, at 350 *l.* each - - -	- -	- -	700 - -	- -	700 - -
Three Clerks, at 250 *l.* each - - -	- -	- -	750 - -	- -	750 - -
One Clerk - - - - - - -	- -	- -	200 - -	- -	200 - -
Ditto - - - - - - -	- -	- -	180 - -	- -	180 - -
Ditto - - - - - - -	- -	- -	170 - -	- -	170 - -
One Clerk (rising progressively to 170 *l.*)	- -	- -	160 17 8	- -	160 17 8
One Clerk (rising progressively to 150 *l.*)	- -	- -	106 10 11	- -	106 10 11
One Messenger - - - - -	- -	- -	100 - -	- -	100 - -
One Messenger (rising progressively to 100 *l.*)	- -	- -	73 10 10	- -	73 10 10
One Laundress - - - - -	- -	- -	66 - -	- -	66 - -
Rent of Offices - - - - -	- -	- -	500 - -	- -	500 - -
Rates and Taxes on Offices - - -	- -	- -	29 14 10	- -	29 14 10
Sundry Payments for Copying, Repairs, &c.	- -	- -	146 8 8	- -	146 8 8
Tipstaff of the Court - - - -	- -	- -	129 16 -	- -	129 16 -
£.	- -	- -	10,912 18 11	- -	10,912 18 11

OFFICES OF THE MASTERS OF THE COURT OF EXCHEQUER.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Five Masters, at 1,200 *l.*	- -	- -	6,000 - -	- -	6,000 - -
Suitors' Fund and Taxing Department:					
One Clerk	- -	- -	400 - -	- -	400 - -
Ditto	- -	- -	213 6 8	- -	213 6 8
Writ Department:					
One Clerk	- -	- -	326 13 4	- -	326 13 4
Ditto	- -	- -	227 6 2	- -	227 6 2
Ditto	- -	- -	143 15 5	- -	143 15 5
Appearance and Filacer's Department:					
One Clerk	- -	- -	326 13 4	- -	326 13 4
Ditto	- -	- -	132 10 -	- -	132 10 -
Ditto	- -	- -	123 15 5	- -	123 15 5
Rule Department:					
One Clerk	- -	- -	600 - -	- -	600 - -
Ditto	- -	- -	400 - -	- -	400 - -
Ditto	- -	- -	300 - -	- -	300 - -
Ditto	- -	- -	213 6 8	- -	213 6 8
Ditto	- -	- -	150 13 10	- -	150 13 10
Judgment Department:					
One Clerk	- -	- -	500 - -	- -	500 - -
Ditto	- -	- -	276 13 4	- -	276 13 4
Ditto (resigned)	- -	- -	97 16 6	- -	97 16 6
Ditto	- -	- -	130 13 10	- -	130 13 10
Ditto	- -	- -	45 6 6	- -	45 6 6
Execution Writ Department:					
One Clerk	- -	- -	338 5 2	- -	338 5 2
Messengers:					
One at 150 *l.* / One at 100 *l.*	- -	- -	250 - -	- -	250 - -
Housekeeper	- -	- -	50 - -	- -	50 - -
Laundress	- -	- -	26 - -	- -	26 - -
Tipstaff to the Lord Chief Baron	- -	- -	267 7 6	- -	267 7 6
Rent	- -	- -	690 - -	- -	690 - -
Rates and Taxes	- -	- -	79 15 10	- -	79 15 10
Stationers' Clerks	- -	- -	110 19 1	- -	110 19 1
Gas	- -	- -	79 5 8	- -	79 5 8
£.	- -	- -	12,500 4 3	- -	12,500 4 3

ABSTRACT

	Salaries Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Queen's Bench (page 26)	- -	- -	14,133 17 2	- -	14,133 17 2
Common Pleas (page 27)	- -	- -	10,912 18 11	- -	10,912 18 11
Exchequer (above)	- -	- -	12,500 4 3	- -	12,500 4 3
£.	- -	- -	37,547 - 4	- -	37,547 - 4

OFFICE OF ASSOCIATE OF THE COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Common Law Fee Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Associate	- - -	- -	1,000 - -	- -	1,000 - -
First Clerk to Associate	- -	- -	300 - -	- -	300 - -
Second Clerk to Associate	- -	- -	200 - -	- -	200 - -
Third Clerk to Associate	- -	- -	150 - -	- -	150 - -
Messenger (One-third of the salaries; the other two-thirds being paid by the Associates of the Common Pleas and Exchequer)	- -	- -	20 - -	- -	20 - -
Housekeeper (One-third of the salaries; the other two-thirds being paid by the Associates of the Common Pleas and Exchequer)	- -	- -	10 - -	- -	10 - -
£.	- -	- -	1,680 - -	- -	1,680 - -

OFFICE OF ASSOCIATE OF THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Associate	- - -	- -	1,000 - -	- -	1,000 - -
First Clerk	- - -	- -	300 - -	- -	300 - -
Second Clerk	- - -	- -	200 - -	- -	200 - -
Third Clerk (one month) at 100 *l.* per ann.	- -	- -	8 6 8	- -	8 6 8
Messenger (One-third of the salaries; the other two-thirds being paid by the Associates of the Queen's Bench and Exchequer)	- -	- -	20 - -	- -	20 - -
Housekeeper (One-third of the salaries; the other two-thirds being paid by the Associates of the Queen's Bench and Exchequer)	- -	- -	10 - -	- -	10 - -
Deputy Associate, during First Clerk's Illness	- -	- -	30 - -	- -	30 - -
Temporary Clerk	- -	- -	15 - -	- -	15 - -
Other Expenses:					
Copying	- -	- -	4 1 11	- -	4 1 11
Gas and Water	- -	- -	3 13 11	- -	3 13 11
Sundries (Housekeeper)	- -	- -	- 12 6	- -	- 12 6
Postage	- -	- -	3 7 4	- -	3 7 4
£.	- -	- -	1,595 2 4	- -	1,595 2 4

OFFICE OF ASSOCIATE TO COURT OF EXCHEQUER.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Common Law Fee Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Associate's salary	- - -	- -	1,000 - -	- -	1,000 - -
First Clerk to Associate	- -	- -	300 - -	- -	300 - -
Second Clerk to Associate	- -	- -	200 - -	- -	200 - -
Third Clerk to Associate	- -	- -	150 - -	- -	150 - -
Messenger (One-third of the salaries; the other two-thirds being paid by the Associates of the Queen's Bench and Common Pleas)	- -	- -	20 - -	- -	20 - -
Housekeeper (One-third of the salaries; the other two-thirds being paid by the Associates of the Queen's Bench and Common Pleas)	- -	- -	10 - -	- -	10 - -
£.	- -	- -	1,680 - -	- -	1,680 - -
ABSTRACT:					
QUEEN'S BENCH	- -	- -	1,680 - -	- -	1,680 - -
COMMON PLEAS	- -	- -	1,595 2 4	- -	1,595 2 4
EXCHEQUER	- -	- -	1,680 - -	- -	1,680 - -
£.	- -	- -	4,955 2 4	- -	4,955 2 4

CROWN OFFICE, QUEEN'S BENCH.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Queen's Coroner and Attorney	- -	1,200 - -	- -	- -	1,200 - -
Master	- -	1,200 - -	- -	- -	1,200 - -
First Clerk	- -	500 - -	- -	- -	500 - -
Second Clerk	- -	313 6 2	- -	- -	313 6 2
Third Clerk	- -	213 19 10	- -	- -	213 19 10
Occasional Clerk	- -	110 8 -	- -	- -	110 8 -
Messenger	- -	50 - -	- -	- -	50 - -
Rent	- -	55 - -	- -	- -	55 - -
Expenses	- -	88 14 7	- -	- -	88 14 7
£.	- -	3,731 8 7	- -	- -	3,731 8 7

OFFICE OF REGISTRAR OF JUDGMENTS, &c., COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
The Registrar	- -	- -	800 - -	- -	800 - -
Clerks:					
First Clerk	- -	- -	300 - -	- -	300 - -
Second Clerk	- -	- -	200 - -	- -	200 - -
Third Clerk	- -	- -	100 - -	- -	100 - -
Fourth Clerk	- -	- -	26 - -	- -	26 - -
Laundress	- -	- -	24 - -	- -	24 - -
Petty office disbursements, paid by Registrar	- -	- -	3 2 10	- -	3 2 10
£.	- -	- -	1,453 2 10	- -	1,453 2 10

The salaries and petty office expenses were paid by the Registrar out of the office fees, and the surplus fees were paid into the Consolidated Fund.

OFFICE OF REGISTRAR OF ACKNOWLEDGMENTS OF DEEDS OF MARRIED WOMEN.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar	- -	- -	700 - -	- -	700 - -
First Clerk	- -	- -	300 - -	- -	300 - -
Second Clerk	- -	- -	200 - -	- -	200 - -
Postage and sundry petty charges	- -	- -	5 - -	- -	5 - -
£.	- -	- -	1,205 - -	- -	1,205 - -

OFFICE OF THE QUEEN'S REMEMBRANCER.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
The Queen's Remembrancer	- -	- -	800 - -	- -	800 - -
First Class:					
First Clerk	- -	- -	600 - -	- -	600 - -
Second Clerk	- -	- -	600 - -	- -	600 - -
Second Class:					
First Clerk	- -	- -	398 17 9	- -	398 17 9
Second Clerk	- -	- -	343 1 5	- -	343 1 5
Third Clerk	- -	- -	357 9 2	- -	357 9 2
Fourth Clerk	- -	- -	357 9 2	- -	357 9 2
Third Class:					
First Clerk	- -	- -	200 - -	- -	200 - -
Second Clerk	- -	- -	176 12 8	- -	176 12 8
Bag Bearer	- -	- -	115 15 3	- -	115 15 3
Messengers:					
First Messenger	- -	- -	86 5 -	- -	86 5 -
Second Messenger	- -	- -	76 5 -	- -	76 5 -
Housekeeper	- -	- -	40 - -	- -	40 - -
Charwoman	- -	- -	31 5 8	- -	31 5 8
Incidental Expenses, including Postage	- -	- -	19 13 8	- -	19 13 8
Court Woman	- -	- -	12 - -	- -	12 - -
Tradesmen	- -	- -	7 18 -	- -	7 18 -
Registration of Bonds	- -	- -	- 9 -	- -	- 9 -
£.	- -	- -	4,223 1 9	- -	4,223 1 9

COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH (IRELAND).

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Chief Justice	5,074 9 4	- - -	- -	- -	5,074 9 4
His Registrar	- -	642 9 4	- -	- -	642 9 4
Second Justice	3,725 19 4	- -	- -	- -	3,725 19 4
His Registrar	- -	367 4 8	- -	- -	367 4 8
Third Justice	3,688 12 4	- -	- -	- -	3,688 12 4
His Registrar	- -	367 4 8	- -	- -	367 4 8
Fourth Justice	3,688 12 4	- -	- -	- -	3,688 12 4
His Registrar	- -	367 4 8	- -	- -	367 4 8
The Master	1,384 12 3	- -	- -	- -	1,384 12 3
Principal Assistant	800 - -	- -	- -	- -	800 - -
Clerk to aid ditto	250 - -	- -	- -	- -	602 - -
Compensation to ditto	352 - -	- -	- -	- -	
Pleadings Assistant	- -	500 - -	- -	- -	545 - -
Compensation to ditto	45 - -	- -	- -	- -	
First Clerk to aid him	- -	210 - -	- -	- -	210 - -
Second Clerk to aid him	- -	140 - -	- -	- -	140 - -
Record Assistant	- -	500 - -	- -	- -	610 - -
Compensation to ditto	110 - -	- -	- -	- -	
First Clerk to aid	- -	290 - -	- -	- -	559 - -
Compensation to ditto	269 - -	- -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk to aid	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	150 - -
First Clerk for general purposes	150 - -	- -	- -	- -	315 - -
Compensation to ditto	165 - -	- -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk for ditto	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	150 - -
Clerk of the Rules	800 - -	- -	- -	- -	800 - -
Assistant to ditto	500 - -	- -	- -	- -	600 - -
Compensation to ditto	100 - -	- -	- -	- -	
First Clerk	250 - -	- -	- -	- -	250 - -
Junior Clerk	140 - -	- -	- -	- -	140 - -
Crier of the Court	- -	138 9 2	- -	- -	138 9 2
Incidental Expenses	- -	592 1 10	- -	- -	592 1 10
Three Writing Clerks at 50 *l.* each	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	150 - -
Crier of Consolidated Nisi Prius Court	- -	100 - -	- -	- -	100 - -
Five Tipstaves at 40 *l.* each	- -	200 - -	- -	- -	200 - -
Court-keeper	- -	50 3 -	- -	- -	50 3 -
Queen's Bench, proportion of Clothes, &c. for seven Porters	- -	87 10 -	- -	- -	87 10 -
The Messenger	- -	39 - -	- -	- -	39 - -
Housekeeper	- -	36 18 4	- -	- -	36 18 4
Queen's Bench proportion, Keeper of Nisi Prius Court	- -	26 - -	- -	- -	26 - -
Queen's Bench proportion of Salary to Council Chamber	- -	15 13 4	- -	- -	15 13 4
Queen's Bench proportion of Taxing Office	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Clerk of the Crown	- -	800 - -	- -	- -	800 - -
His Clerk	- -	200 - -	- -	- -	200 - -
TOTALS £.	21,493 5 7	6,129 19 -	- -	- -	27,623 4 7

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS (IRELAND).

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Lord Chief Justice	4,612 18 8	- - -	- - -	- - -	4,612 18 8
Second Justice	3,688 12 4	- - -	- - -	- - -	3,688 12 4
Third Justice	3,688 12 4	- - -	- - -	- - -	3,688 12 4
Fourth Justice	3,688 12 4	- - -	- - -	- - -	3,688 12 4
Registrar to Lord Chief Justice	- -	646 3 1	- -	- -	646 3 1
Registrar to Second Justice	- -	369 4 7	- -	- -	369 4 7
Registrar to Third Justice	- -	369 4 7	- -	- -	369 4 7
Registrar to Fourth Justice	- -	369 4 7	- -	- -	369 4 7
The Master	1,200 - -	- - -	- -	- -	1,200 - -
Principal Assistant	800 - -	- - -	- -	- -	800 - -
Clerk	(a) 355 - -	- - -	- -	- -	355 - -
Record Assistant	- -	500 - -	- -	- -	500 - -
First Clerk	- -	300 - -	- -	- -	300 - -
Second Clerk	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	150 - -
Pleadings Assistant	500 - -	- - -	- -	- -	500 - -
First Clerk	250 - -	- - -	- -	- -	250 - -
Second Clerk	140 - -	- - -	- -	- -	140 - -
Clerk of the Rules	800 - -	- - -	- -	- -	800 - -
Assistant	- -	500 - -	- -	- -	500 - -
Clerk	- -	250 - -	- -	- -	250 - -
First Clerk for General Purposes	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	150 - -
Second Clerk for General Purposes	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	150 - -
Crier	- -	110 15 6	- -	- -	110 15 6
Two Writing Clerks, at 50 *l.* each	- -	100 - -	- -	- -	100 - -
House-keeper (including incidents)	- -	64 2 10	- -	- -	64 2 10
Court-keeper (including incidents)	- -	80 2 10	- -	- -	80 2 10
Five Tipstaves, at 40 *l.* a year each	- -	200 - -	- -	- -	200 - -
Common Bench proportion for Clothing for Hall-porters	- -	93 15 -	- -	- -	93 15 -
Messenger	- -	40 - -	- -	- -	40 - -
Common Bench proportion to Keeper of the Council Chamber	- -	15 13 4	- -	- -	15 13 4
Common Bench proportion to Keeper of Nisi Prius Court	- -	26 - -	- -	- -	26 - -
Common Bench proportion to Keeper of Law Taxing Office	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Incidental Expenses	- -	570 6 -	- -	- -	570 6 -
TOTAL £.	19,723 15 8	5,064 12 4	- -	- -	24,788 8 -

(*a*) The Clerk to Principal Assistant enjoys 105 *l.* per annum, compensation for an abolished office.

COURT OF EXCHEQUER (IRELAND).

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Chief Baron	4,612 18 8	- -	- -	- -	4,612 18 8
Second Baron	3,688 12 4	- -	- -	- -	3,688 12 4
Third Baron	3,688 12 4	- -	- -	- -	3,688 12 4
Fourth Baron	3,688 12 4	- -	- -	- -	3,688 12 4
Registrar to Chief Baron	- -	275 4 8	- -	- -	275 4 8
Registrar to Chief Baron (Assizes)	- -	367 4 8	- -	- -	367 4 8
Registrar to Second Baron	- -	367 4 8	- -	- -	367 4 8
Registrar to Third Baron	- -	367 4 8	- -	- -	367 4 8
Registrar to Fourth Baron	- -	367 4 8	- -	- -	367 4 8
Master	1,300 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,300 - -
Clerk of the Rules	900 - -	- -	- -	- -	900 - -
Principal Assistant	- -	740 - -	- -	- -	740 - -
Clerk to aid him	- -	240 - -	- -	- -	240 - -
Pleadings Assistant	- -	500 - -	- -	- -	500 - -
First Clerk to aid him	- -	220 - -	- -	- -	220 - -
Second Clerk to aid him	- -	140 - -	- -	- -	140 - -
Record Assistant	- -	400 - -	- -	- -	400 - -
First Clerk to aid him	- -	200 - -	- -	- -	200 - -
Second Clerk to aid him	- -	100 - -	- -	- -	100 - -
Assistant to Clerk of Rules	- -	500 - -	- -	- -	500 - -
Clerk to Clerk of Rules	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	150 - -
Clerk for General Purposes	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	150 - -
Ditto - - ditto	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	150 - -
Revenue Assistant	- -	270 - -	- -	- -	270 - -
Crier	- -	120 - -	- -	- -	120 - -
Messenger	- -	40 - -	- -	- -	40 - -
Housekeeper	- -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Courtkeeper	- -	68 - -	- -	- -	68 - -
Keeper of Nisi Prius Court	- -	30 - -	- -	- -	30 - -
Keeper of Taxing Office	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Keeper of Judges' Council Chamber	- -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
Five Tipstaves, at 40 *l.* each	- -	200 - -	- -	- -	200 - -
Bookbinder	- -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Clerk assisting in arranging and deciphering ancient records	- -	60 - -	- -	- -	60 - -
Two Writing Clerks, at 50 *l.* each	- -	100 - -	- -	- -	100 - -
Incidental Expenses	- -	578 - -	- -	- -	578 - -
£.	17,878 15 8	6,765 3 4	- -	- -	24,643 19 -

MISCELLANEOUS SALARIES (IRELAND).

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar of Nisi Prius Court (including 100 *l.* for a Clerk	- -	400 - -	- -	- -	400 - -
Clerk, Court of Error (including Incidental Expenses)	- -	266 18 8	- -	- -	266 18 8
Three Town Registrars to the Judges, at 275 *l.* 4 *s.* 8 *d.*, each	- -	825 14 -	- -	- -	825 14 -
TOTAL £.	- -	1,492 12 8	- -	- -	1,492 12 8
Judges attending adjourned Assizes	553 17 -	- -	- -	- -	553 17 -
Attendance of Judges' Deputies	- -	369 4 8	- -	- -	369 4 8
Judges' Lodging Money	- -	7,110 - -	- -	- -	7,110 - -

ABSTRACT.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Court of Queens's Bench (page 32)	21,493 5 7	6,129 19 –	- -	- -	27,623 4 7
Court of Common Pleas (page 33)	19,723 15 8	5,064 12 4	- -	- -	24,788 8 –
Court of Exchequer - (page 34)	17,878 15 8	6,765 3 4	- -	- -	24,643 19 –
Miscellaneous Salaries - (page 34)	- -	1,492 12 8	- -	- -	1,492 12 8
Judges attending adjourned Assizes (page 34).	553 17 –	- -	- -	- -	553 17 –
Judges' Deputies (page 34) - -	- -	369 4 8	- -	- -	369 4 8
Judges' Lodging Money (page 34)	- -	7,110 – –	- -	- -	7,110 – –
TOTALS - - - £.	59,649 13 11	26,931 12 –	- -	- -	86,581 5 11

COMMON LAW TAXING OFFICE (IRELAND).

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Principal Officer - - - -	1,000 – –	- -	- -	- -	1,000 – –
Assistant Officer - - - -	600 – –	- -	- -	- -	600 – –
Clerk - - - - - -	- -	200 – –	- -	- -	200 – –
TOTALS - - - £.	1,600 – –	200 – –	- -	- -	1,800 – –

CONSOLIDATED OFFICE OF WRITS (IRELAND).

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Clerk of Writs - - - -	800 – –	- -	- -	- -	800 – –
First Assistant - - - -	- -	500 – –	- -	- -	500 – –
Second Assistant - - - -	- -	400 – –	- -	- -	400 – –
Third Assistant - - - -	- -	250 – –	- -	- -	250 – –
TOTALS - - - £.	800 – –	1,150 – –	- -	- -	1,950 – –

OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR OF JUDGMENTS (IRELAND).

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
SALARIES:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar	- - -	800 - -	- -	- -	800 - -
Chief Clerk, composed partly of salary and partly of payment for extra labour	- -	355 12 -	- -	- -	355 12 -
Second Clerk, ditto	- -	162 11 11	- -	- -	162 11 11
Third Clerk, ditto	- -	173 5 -	- -	- -	173 5 -
Fourth Clerk, ditto	- -	186 13 9	- -	- -	186 13 9
Fifth Clerk, salary and copying	- -	161 19 9	- -	- -	161 19 9
Sixth Clerk, salary, copying, and for extra labour	- -	158 13 7	- -	- -	158 13 7
Searching Clerk, salary and stipulated fees, under 7 & 8 Vict. c. 90	- -	314 5 -	- -	- -	314 5 -
Ditto, ditto	- -	311 12 -	- -	- -	311 12 -
Copying Clerk, salary and copying	- -	98 10 5	-	- -	98 10 5
Housekeeper, salary and under bills	- -	16 - 3	- -	- -	16 - 3
Soap and Candles	- -	2 12 3	- -	- -	2 12 3
Receipt and cheque stamps, laces, &c.	- -	2 13 8	- -	- -	2 13 8
TOTAL £.	- -	2,744 9 7	- -	- -	2,744 9 7

REGISTRAR OF DEEDS OFFICE (IRELAND).

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
SALARIES:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar	- -	1,200 - -	- -	- -	1,200 - -
First Assistant Registrar	- -	700 - -	- -	- -	700 - -
Second Assistant Registrar	- -	291 13 4	- -	- -	291 13 4
Ditto	- -	426 6 9	- -	- -	426 6 9
First Class Clerk	- -	364 4 10	- -	- -	364 4 10
Second Class Clerks:					
One Clerk	- -	83 6 8	- -	- -	83 6 8
Ditto	- -	41 13 4	- -	- -	41 13 4
Three clerks, at 250 *l.* each	- -	750 - -	- -	- -	750 - -
Ditto, at 260 *l.* each	- -	780 - -	- -	- -	780 - -
One Clerk	- -	205 - -	- -	- -	205 - -
Three Clerks, at 211 *l.* each	- -	633 - -	- -	- -	633 - -
One Clerk	- -	180 13 11	- -	- -	180 13 11
Ditto	- -	177 5 7	- -	- -	177 5 7
Ditto	- -	172 4 1	- -	- -	172 4 1
Two Clerks, at 156 *l.* each	- -	312 - -	- -	- -	312 - -
Carried forward £.	- -	6,317 8 6	- -	- -	6,317 8 6

REGISTRAR OF DEEDS OFFICE (IRELAND)—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
Salaries—*continued.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - -	- -	6,317 8 6	- -	- -	6,317 8 6
Third Class Clerks:					
Five Clerks, at 130 *l.* each -	- -	650 - -	- -	- -	650 - -
Seven Clerks, at 129 *l.* 10 *s.* each -	- -	906 10 -	- -	- -	906 10 -
One Clerk - - - - - -	- -	110 10 -	- -	- -	110 10 -
Three Clerks, at 107 *l.* 10 *s.* each -	- -	322 10 -	- -	- -	322 10 -
One Clerk - - - - - -	- -	106 12 9	- -	- -	106 12 9
Ditto - - - - - -	- -	101 8 8	- -	- -	101 8 8
Ditto - - - - - -	- -	101 1 2	- -	- -	101 1 2
Ditto - - - - - -	- -	97 12 2	- -	- -	97 12 2
Ditto - - - - - -	- -	94 4 -	- -	- -	94 4 -
Ditto - - - - - -	- -	93 12 9	- -	- -	93 12 9
Ditto - - - - - -	- -	91 11 1	- -	- -	91 11 1
Ditto - - - - - -	- -	88 9 -	- -	- -	88 9 -
Ditto - - - - - -	- -	88 2 -	- -	- -	88 2 -
Ditto - - - - - -	- -	85 - -	- -	- -	85 - -
Ditto - - - - - -	- -	81 5 2	- -	- -	81 5 2
Ditto - - - - - -	- -	76 5 7	- -	- -	76 5 7
Ditto - - - - - -	- -	73 5 6	- -	- -	73 5 6
Ditto - - - - - -	- -	84 8 11	- -	- -	84 8 11
Transcribers:					
One Transcriber - - - - -	- -	62 12 10	- -	- -	62 12 10
Ditto - - - - - -	- -	62 8 11	- -	- -	62 8 11
Ditto - - - - - -	- -	59 16 -	- -	- -	59 16 -
Ditto - - - - - -	- -	9 19 4	- -	- -	9 19 4
Ditto - - - - - -	- -	59 4 -	- -	- -	59 4 -
Ditto - - - - - -	- -	59 3 4	- -	- -	59 3 4
Ditto - - - - - -	- -	58 14 2	- -	- -	58 14 2
Ditto - - - - - -	- -	58 5 8	- -	- -	58 5 8
Two Transcribers, at 57 *l.* 5 *s.* 9 *d.* each	- -	114 11 6	- -	- -	114 11 6
One Transcriber - - - - -	- -	56 9 11	- -	- -	56 9 11
Ditto - - - - - -	- -	54 3 4	- -	- -	54 3 4
Ditto - - - - - -	- -	54 6 1	- -	- -	54 6 1
Ditto - - - - - -	- -	54 4 3	- -	- -	54 4 3
Ditto - - - - - -	- -	53 14 8	- -	- -	53 14 8
Ditto - - - - - -	- -	6 16 11	- -	- -	6 16 11
Ditto - - - - - -	- -	27 11 9	- -	- -	27 11 9
The Housekeeper - - -	- -	72 - -	- -	- -	72 - -
The Porter - - - - -	- -	39 15 -	- -	- -	39 15 -
TOTAL, Salaries and Wages - £.	- -	10,533 14 11	- -	- -	10,533 14 11
Payments to Extra Clerks employed transcribing memorials - -	- -	965 16 10	- -	- -	965 16 10
Payments to Extra Clerks employed engrossing duplicate consolidated names' indexes - - -	- -	674 17 1	- -	- -	674 17 1
Payments to Extra Clerks employed copying old names' indexes prior to 1833 - - - - -	- -	78 17 8	- -	- -	78 17 8
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	12,253 6 6	- -	- -	12,253 6 6

COURTS OF PROBATE AND DIVORCE.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Judge	5,000 – –	– –	– –	– –	5,000 – –
Secretary to Judge	– –	300 – –	– –	– –	300 – –
Senior Registrar	– –	1,600 – –	– –	– –	1,600 – –
Second Registrar (*a*)	– –	1,500 – –	– –	– –	1,500 – –
Third Registrar (*b*)	– –	1,500 – –	– –	– –	1,500 – –
Fourth Registrar	– –	1,000 – –	– –	– –	1,000 – –
Seven Principal Clerks (*c*), 700 *l.* each	– –	4,900 – –	– –	– –	4,900 – –
Two Record Keepers, 700 *l.* each	– –	1,400 – –	– –	– –	1,400 – –
Crier, Clerk of the Rules and Orders, and Principal Clerk to the Judge	– –	600 – –	– –	– –	600 – –
Principal Clerk (*d*)	– –	600 – –	– –	– –	600 – –
Clerk of Papers	– –	500 – –	– –	– –	500 – –
Nine Assistant Clerks, 450 *l.* each	– –	4,050 – –	– –	– –	4,050 – –
Assistant to Record Keepers	– –	400 – –	– –	– –	400 – –
Senior Calendar Keeper	– –	400 – –	– –	– –	400 – –
Two Superintendents of Departments, 350 *l.* each	– –	700 – –	– –	– –	700 – –
Assistant to Record Keepers	– –	350 – –	– –	– –	350 – –
Four Clerks to Registrars, 300 *l.* each	– –	1,200 – –	– –	– –	1,200 – –
Two Superintendents of Departments, 300 *l.* each	– –	600 – –	– –	– –	600 – –
Three Examiners, 300 *l.* each	– –	900 – –	– –	– –	900 – –
First Assistant, Printed Calendar	– –	300 – –	– –	– –	300 – –
Second Clerk, Divorce	– –	300 – –	– –	– –	300 – –
Sealer	– –	300 – –	– –	– –	300 – –
Seven Second Assistant Clerks, 250 *l.* each	– –	1,750 – –	– –	– –	1,750 – –
Third Clerk, Personal Application Department	– –	250 – –	– –	– –	250 – –
Assistant Clerk to Judge, Westminster	– –	250 – –	– –	– –	250 – –
First Assistant to Clerk of Papers	– –	250 – –	– –	– –	250 – –
Five Examiners, 250 *l.* each	– –	1,250 – –	– –	– –	1,250 – –
Two Assistants to Record Keepers, 250 *l.* each	– –	500 – –	– –	– –	500 – –
Assistant, Printed Calendar	– –	250 – –	– –	– –	250 – –
Clerk to Senior Registrar	– –	200 – –	– –	– –	200 – –
Two Assistants to Record Keepers, 200 *l.* each	– –	400 – –	– –	– –	400 – –
Clerk of Notations	– –	200 – –	– –	– –	200 – –
Assistant to Calendar Keeper	– –	200 – –	– –	– –	200 – –
Assistant, Inland Revenue Department	– –	200 – –	– –	– –	200 – –
Three Clerks, Stamp Fee Accounts, 200 *l.* each	– –	600 – –	– –	– –	600 – –
Carried forward £.	5,000 – –	29,700 – –	– –	– –	34,700 – –

(*a*) Receives 460 *l.* 19 *s.* 7 *d.* and 8 *l.* 16 *s.* 9 *d.* compensation as a Proctor under Section 105 of "The Court of Probate Act, 1857," and Section 64, 20 & 21 Vict., c. 85.

(*b*) Receives 593 *l.* 3 *s.* compensation as a Proctor under Section 105 of "The Court of Probate Act, 1857."

(*c*) One of them receives 460 *l.* 19 *s.* 7 *d.* and 8 *l.* 16 *s.* 9 *d.* compensation as a Proctor under Section 105 of "The Court of Probate Act, 1857," and Section 64, 20 & 21 Vict. c. 85.

(*d*) Also receives 93 *l.* 14 *s.* 9 *d.* compensation as Proctor under Act of Parliament, 20 & 21 Vict. c. 77, s. 105.

COURTS OF PROBATE AND DIVORCE—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	5,000 - -	29,700 - -	- -	- -	34,700 - -
Superintendent, Searching Staff - -	- -	200 - -	- -	- -	200 - -
Eight Third Assistant Clerks, 150 *l.* each	- -	1,200 - -	- -	- -	1,200 - -
Six Assistants to Record Keepers, 150 *l.* each - - - - - -	- -	900 - -	- -	- -	900 - -
Assistant Clerk of Notations - - -	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	150 - -
Two Second Assistant Clerks, 150 *l.* each	- -	300 - -	- -	- -	300 - -
Eight Readers to Examiners, 150 *l.* each	- -	1,200 - -	- -	- -	1,200 - -
Three Assistants, Printed Calendar Department, 150 *l.* each - - - - -	- -	450 - -	- -	- -	450 - -
Clerk, Stamp Fee Accounts - - -	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	150 - -
Clerk for Issuing Receipts for Papers -	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	150 - -
Superintending Clerk, Searching Staff -	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	150 - -
Two Book Showers, 150 *l.* each - -	- -	300 - -	- -	- -	300 - -
Supernumerary Clerk - - - - -	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	150 - -
Two Ushers, Westminster, 150 *l.* each -	- -	300 - -	- -	- -	300 - -
Fourth Assistant Clerk, Personal Application Department - - - - -	- -	120 - -	- -	- -	120 - -
Seven Assistants to Record Keepers, 100 *l.* each - - - - - -	- -	700 - -	- -	- -	700 - -
Fourth Clerk, Divorce Department -	- -	100 - -	- -	- -	100 - -
Second Assistant Calendar Keeper -	- -	100 - -	- -	- -	100 - -
Third Assistant Stamp Fee Accounts -	- -	100 - -	- -	- -	100 - -
Six Searchers, 100 *l.* each - - -	- -	600 - -	- -	- -	600 - -
Four Supernumerary Clerks, 100 *l.* each -	- -	400 - -	- -	- -	400 - -
Two Assistant Record Keepers, 80 *l.* each	- -	160 - -	- -	- -	160 - -
Two Searchers, 80 *l.* each - - -	- -	160 - -	- -	- -	160 - -
Five Messengers, 80 *l.* each - - -	- -	400 - -	- -	- -	400 - -
Two Messengers, 70 *l.* each - - -	- -	140 - -	- -	- -	140 - -
Three Messengers, 60 *l.* each - - -	- -	180 - -	- -	- -	180 - -
Messenger and Doorkeeper, Westminster - - - - - - -	- -	100 - -	- -	- -	100 - -
Thirty Copying Clerks, at per folio -	- -	4,247 19 2	- -	- -	4,247 19 2
Housekeeping, Incidental Expenses, and Petty Cash - - - - - -	- -	485 6 6	- -	- -	485 6 6
£.	5,000 - -	43,293 5 8	- -	- -	48,293 5 8

Note.—Amount of fees received by way of stamps for the year ended 31 December 1865, 57,946 *l.* 8 *s.* 9 *d.*

COURTS OF PROBATE AND DIVORCE—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
DISTRICT REGISTRIES.					
BANGOR:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar	- - -	400 - -	- - -	- - -	
Chief Clerk	- - -	150 - -	- - -	- - -	646 - -
Second Clerk	- - -	70 - -	- - -	- - -	
Third Clerk	- - -	26 - -	- - -	- - -	
BIRMINGHAM:					
Registrar	- - -	950 - -	- - -	- - -	
Chief Clerk	- - -	250 - -	- - -	- - -	
Second Clerk	- - -	140 - -	- - -	- - -	1,470 - -
Third Clerk	- - -	70 - -	- - -	- - -	
Fourth Clerk	- - -	60 - -	- - -	- - -	
BLANDFORD:					
Registrar	- - -	300 - -	- - -	- - -	
Chief Clerk	- - -	120 - -	- - -	- - -	490 - -
Second Clerk	- - -	70 - -	- - -	- - -	
BODMIN:					
Registrar	- - -	600 - -	- - -	- - -	
Chief Clerk	- - -	150 - -	- - -	- - -	
Second Clerk	- - -	100 - -	- - -	- - -	930 - -
Third Clerk	- - -	80 - -	- - -	- - -	
BRISTOL:					
Registrar	- - -	700 - -	- - -	- - -	
First Clerk	- - -	180 - -	- - -	- - -	
Second Clerk	- - -	130 - -	- - -	- - -	1,100 - -
Third Clerk	- - -	60 - -	- - -	- - -	
Fourth Clerk	- - -	30 - -	- - -	- - -	
BURY ST. EDMUNDS:					
Registrar	- - -	250 - -	- - -	- - -	
Chief Clerk	- - -	120 - -	- - -	- - -	440 - -
Second Clerk	- - -	70 - -	- - -	- - -	
CARLISLE:					
Registrar	- - -	850 - -	- - -	- - -	
Chief Clerk	- - -	200 - -	- - -	- - -	
Second Clerk	- - -	100 - -	- - -	- - -	1,270 - -
Third Clerk	- - -	70 - -	- - -	- - -	
Fourth Clerk	- - -	50 - -	- - -	- - -	
CARMARTHEN:					
Registrar (*a*)	- - -	500 - -	- - -	- - -	
Chief Clerk	- - -	150 - -	- - -	- - -	
Second Clerk	- - -	90 - -	- - -	- - -	820 - -
Third Clerk	- - -	80 - -	- - -	- - -	
Carried forward £.	- -	7,166 - -	- -	- -	7,166 - -

(*a*) Also receives 1,040 *l.* compensation as Proctor under the Act 20 & 21 Vict. c. 77.

COURTS OF PROBATE AND DIVORCE—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
DISTRICT REGISTRIES—*continued.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- -	7,166 - -	- -	- -	7,166 - -
CANTERBURY:					
Registrar	- -	400 - -	- -	- -	650 - -
Chief Clerk	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	
Copying Clerk	- -	100 - -	- -	- -	
CHESTER:					
Registrar	- -	950 - -	- -	- -	1,742 - -
Chief Clerk	- -	287 10 -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk	- -	130 - -	- -	- -	
Third Clerk	- -	127 10 -	- -	- -	
Fourth Clerk	- -	78 - -	- -	- -	
Fifth Clerk	- -	65 - -	- -	- -	
Sixth Clerk	- -	65 - -	- -	- -	
Seventh Clerk	- -	19 10 -	- -	- -	
One Clerk resigned June 1865	- -	9 15 -	- -	- -	
One Clerk died June 1865	- -	9 15 -	- -	- -	
CHICHESTER:					
Registrar	- -	250 - -	- -	- -	470 - -
Chief Clerk	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk	- -	70 - -	- -	- -	
DERBY:					
Registrar	- -	700 - -	- -	- -	1,121 13 8
Chief Clerk	- -	200 - -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	
Third Clerk	- -	71 13 8	- -	- -	
DURHAM:					
Registrar	- -	500 - -	- -	- -	805 - -
Chief Clerk	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk	- -	80 - -	- -	- -	
Third Clerk	- -	75 - -	- -	- -	
EXETER:					
Registrar	- -	1,200 - -	- -	- -	1,972 9 7
Chief Clerk	- -	300 - -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	
Third Clerk	- -	100 - -	- -	- -	
Fourth Clerk	- -	80 - -	- -	- -	
Two Copying and Engrossing Clerks	- -	142 9 7	- -	- -	
GLOUCESTER:					
Registrar	- -	700 - -	- -	- -	1,030 - -
Chief Clerk	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	
Assistant to ditto	- -	50 - -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk	- -	80 - -	- -	- -	
Third Clerk	- -	50 - -	- -	- -	
Carried forward £.	- -	14,957 3 3	- -	- -	14,957 3 3

COURTS OF PROBATE AND DIVORCE—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
DISTRICT REGISTRIES—*continued.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	- -	14,957 3 3	- -	- -	14,957 3 3
HEREFORD:					
Registrar - - - - - -	- -	400 - -	- -	- -	680 - -
Chief Clerk - - - - - -	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk - - - - - -	- -	80 - -	- -	- -	
Third Clerk - - - - - -	- -	50 - -	- -	- -	
IPSWICH:					
Registrar - - - - - -	- -	600 - -	- -	- -	880 - -
Chief Clerk - - - - - -	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk - - - - - -	- -	80 - -	- -	- -	
Third Clerk - - - - - -	- -	50 - -	- -	- -	
LANCASTER:					
Registrar - - - - - -	- -	850 - -	- -	- -	1,184 - -
Chief Clerk - - - - - -	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk - - - - - -	- -	80 - -	- -	- -	
Third Clerk - - - - - -	- -	52 - -	- -	- -	
Fourth Clerk - - - - - -	- -	52 - -	- -	- -	
LEICESTER:					
Registrar - - - - - -	- -	600 - -	- -	- -	890 12 -
Chief Clerk - - - - - -	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk - - - - - -	- -	75 - -	- -	- -	
Third Clerk - - - - - -	- -	50 - -	- -	- -	
Office Keeper - - - - - -	- -	15 12 -	- -	- -	
LEWES:					
Registrar - - - - - -	- -	400 - -	- -	- -	640 - -
Chief Clerk - - - - - -	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk - - - - - -	- -	90 - -	- -	- -	
LICHFIELD:					
Registrar - - - - - -	- -	800 - -	- -	- -	1,534 9 6
Ditto - - - - - - -	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	
Chief Clerk - - - - - -	- -	250 - -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk - - - - - -	- -	140 - -	- -	- -	
Third Clerk - - - - - -	- -	144 9 6	- -	- -	
Fourth Clerk - - - - - -	- -	50 - -	- -	- -	
LINCOLN:					
Registrar - - - - - -	- -	850 - -	- -	- -	1,350 - -
Chief Clerk - - - - - -	- -	250 - -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk - - - - - -	- -	110 - -	- -	- -	
Third Clerk - - - - - -	- -	70 - -	- -	- -	
Fourth Clerk - - - - - -	- -	70 - -	- -	- -	
LIVERPOOL:					
Registrar - - - - - -	- -	1,046 19 6	- -	- -	1,814 9 6
First Clerk - - - - - -	- -	227 10 -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk - - - - - -	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	
Third Clerk - - - - - -	- -	90 - -	- -	- -	
Fourth Clerk - - - - - -	- -	90 - -	- -	- -	
Fifth Clerk - - - - - -	- -	80 - -	- -	- -	
Sixth Clerk - - - - - -	- -	70 - -	- -	- -	
Seventh Clerk - - - - - -	- -	60 - -	- -	- -	
Carried forward - - - £.	- -	23,930 14 3	- -	- -	23,930 14 3

COURTS OF PROBATE AND DIVORCE—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
DISTRICT REGISTRIES—*continued.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- -	23,930 14 3	- -	- -	23,930 14 3
LLANDAFF:					
Registrar	- -	400 - -	- -	- -	674 12 -
First Clerk	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk	- -	70 - -	- -	- -	
Third Clerk	- -	54 12 -	- -	- -	
MANCHESTER:					
Registrar	- -	1,200 - -	- -	- -	2,321 10 8
Chief Clerk	- -	400 - -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk	- -	200 - -	- -	- -	
Third Clerk	- -	125 - -	- -	- -	
One Clerk	- -	80 - -	- -	- -	
One Clerk	- -	75 - -	- -	- -	
One Clerk	- -	70 - -	- -	- -	
One Clerk	- -	70 - -	- -	- -	
One Clerk paid by the folio	- -	80 14 8	- -	- -	
Messenger	- -	20 16 -	- -	- -	
NEWCASTLE:					
Registrar	- -	600 - -	- -	- -	885 - -
Chief Clerk	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk	- -	75 - -	- -	- -	
Third Clerk	- -	60 - -	- -	- -	
Messenger, 3 *s.* 6 *d.* per week.					
NORWICH:					
Registrar	- -	850 - -	- -	- -	1,267 6 4
Chief Clerk	- -	140 - -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk	- -	140 - -	- -	- -	
Third Clerk	- -	70 - -	- -	- -	
Fourth or Copying Clerk	- -	67 6 4	- -	- -	
Messenger 15 *l.* 12 *s.* (charged in quarterly accounts).					
NORTHAMPTON:					
Registrar	- -	300 - -	- -	- -	550 -
First Clerk	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk	- -	100 - -	- -	- -	
NOTTINGHAM:					
Registrar	- -	500 - -	- -	- -	840 - -
First Clerk	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk	- -	80 - -	- -	- -	
Third Clerk	- -	70 - -	- -	- -	
Fourth Clerk	- -	40 - -	- -	- -	
OXFORD:					
Registrar	- -	600 - -	- -	- -	880 - -
First Clerk	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk	- -	80 - -	- -	- -	
Third Clerk	- -	50 - -	- -	- -	
PETERBOROUGH:					
Registrar	- -	500 - -	- -	- -	825 - -
Chief Clerk	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk	- -	120 - -	- -	- -	
Third Clerk	- -	55 - -	- -	- -	
Carried forward £.	- -	32,174 3 3	- -	- -	32,174 3 3

COURTS OF PROBATE AND DIVORCE—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
DISTRICT REGISTRIES—*continued.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- - -	32,174 3 3	- -	- -	32,174 3 3
ST. ASAPH:					
Registrar (*a*)	- -	400 - -	- -	- -	670 - -
Chief Clerk	- -	140 - -	- -	- -	
First Clerk	- -	80 - -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk	- -	50 - -	- -	- -	
SALISBURY:					
Registrar	- -	400 - -	- -	- -	680 - -
Chief Clerk	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk	- -	80 - -	- -	- -	
Third Clerk	- -	50 - -	- -	- -	
SHREWSBURY:					
Registrar	- -	600 - -	- -	- -	895 - -
Chief Clerk	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk	- -	90 - -	- -	- -	
Third Clerk	- -	50 - -	- -	- -	
UNTON:					
Registrar	- -	400 - -	- -	- -	700 - -
Chief Clerk	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk	- -	100 - -	- -	- -	
Third Clerk	- -	40 - -	- -	- -	
WAKEFIELD:					
Registrar	- -	1,400 - -	- -	- -	2,650 - -
Chief Clerk	- -	450 - -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk	- -	250 - -	- -	- -	
Examiner	- -	140 - -	- -	- -	
Third Clerk	- -	140 - -	- -	- -	
Fourth Clerk	- -	120 - -	- -	- -	
Fifth Clerk	- -	80 - -	- -	- -	
Sixth Clerk	- -	70 - -	- -	- -	
WELLS:					
Registrar	- -	400 - -	- -	- -	690 - -
Chief Clerk	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk	- -	100 - -	- -	- -	
Third Clerk	- -	50 - -	- -	- -	
WINCHESTER:					
Registrar	- -	600 - -	- -	- -	890 - -
Chief Clerk	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk	- -	90 - -	- -	- -	
Third Clerk	- -	55 - -	- -	- -	
Carried forward £.	- -	39,349 3 3	- -	- -	39,349 3 3

(*a*) Also received 134 *l.* 1 *s.* 6 *d.* compensation as Proctor under the Act 20 & 21 Vict. c. 79.

COURTS OF PROBATE AND DIVORCE—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
DISTRICT REGISTRIES—*continued.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	- -	39,349 3 3	- -	- -	39,349 3 3
WORCESTER:					
Registrar - - - - - -	- -	600 - -	- -	- -	
Chief Clerk - - - - - -	- -	130 - -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk - - - - -	- -	80 - -	- -	- -	860 - -
Third Clerk - - - - - -	- -	50 - -	- -	- -	
YORK:					
Registrar (*a*) - - - - -	- -	1,200 - -	- -	- -	
Chief Clerk - - - - - -	- -	250 - -	- -	- -	
Second Clerk - - - - -	- -	140 - -	- -	- -	
Third Clerk - - - - - -	- -	90 - -	- -	- -	1,810 - -
Fourth Clerk - - - - -	- -	70 - -	- -	- -	
Fifth Clerk - - - - - -	- -	60 - -	- -	- -	
Expenses incurred for Stationery and Binding Wills, paid by Paymaster General - - - - - - -	- -	107 19 -	- -	- -	107 19 -
£.	- -	42,127 2 3	- -	- -	42,127 2 3

(*a*) Also receives 594*l.* 8*s.* 8*d.* compensation as Proctor under the Act 20 & 21 Vict. c. 77.

ABSTRACT.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Salaries of Judges and Officers, &c. (p. 39)	5,000 - -	43,293 5 8	- -	- -	48,293 5 8
District Registries, as above - - -	- -	42,127 2 3	- -	- -	42,127 2 3
£.	5,000 - -	85,420 7 11	- -	- -	90,420 7 11

COURT OF PROBATE (IRELAND).

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
The Judge of the Court	3,500 – –	– –	– –	– –	3,500 – –
Two Principal Registrars, 1,000 *l.* each	– –	2,000 – –	– –	– –	2,000 – –
Two Registrars' Clerks, 250 *l.* each	– –	500 – –	– –	– –	500 – –
Chief Clerk	– –	600 – –	– –	– –	600 – –
Assistant ditto	– –	300 – –	– –	– –	300 – –
Clerk of the Seat	– –	450 – –	– –	– –	450 – –
Assistant ditto	– –	350 – –	– –	– –	350 – –
Clerk of the Records	– –	450 – –	– –	– –	450 – –
Assistant ditto	– –	250 – –	– –	– –	250 – –
Superintendent of Public Office	– –	300 – –	– –	– –	300 – –
First Clerk of the Entries	– –	250 – –	– –	– –	250 – –
Second ditto	– –	200 – –	– –	– –	200 – –
First General Clerk	– –	175 – –	– –	– –	175 – –
Second ditto	– –	120 – –	– –	– –	120 – –
Judge's Secretary	– –	300 – –	– –	– –	300 – –
Crier	– –	120 – –	– –	– –	120 – –
Usher	– –	75 – –	– –	– –	75 – –
Office Keeper, Registry	– –	70 – –	– –	– –	70 – –
Messenger	– –	60 – –	– –	– –	60 – –
Court Keeper	– –	65 – –	– –	– –	65 – –
Incidental Expenses	– –	798 1 2	– –	– –	798 1 2
District Registrar, Belfast	– –	700 – –	– –	– –	700 – –
First Clerk, Belfast	– –	100 – –	– –	– –	100 – –
Second ditto, Belfast	– –	80 – –	– –	– –	80 – –
Third ditto, Belfast	– –	70 – –	– –	– –	70 – –
Fourth ditto, Belfast	– –	50 – –	– –	– –	50 – –
Caretaker and Messenger, Belfast	– –	39 – –	– –	– –	39 – –
Incidental Expenses, Belfast	– –	4 14 9	– –	– –	4 14 9
District Registrar, Cork	– –	350 – –	– –	– –	350 – –
First Clerk, Cork	– –	100 – –	– –	– –	100 – –
Second Clerk, Cork	– –	45 – –	– –	– –	45 – –
Caretaker and Messenger, Cork	– –	39 – –	– –	– –	39 – –
Incidental Expenses, Cork	– –	4 10 11	– –	– –	4 10 11
District Registrar, Armagh	– –	350 – –	– –	– –	350 – –
First Clerk, Armagh	– –	80 – –	– –	– –	80 – –
Second ditto, Armagh	– –	40 – –	– –	– –	40 – –
Caretaker and Messenger, Armagh	– –	39 – –	– –	– –	39 – –
Incidental Expenses, Armagh	– –	4 5 8	– –	– –	4 5 8
District Registrar, Waterford	– –	300 – –	– –	– –	300 – –
First Clerk, Waterford	– –	70 – –	– –	– –	70 – –
Second ditto, Waterford	– –	55 – –	– –	– –	55 – –
Caretaker and Messenger, Waterford	– –	39 – –	– –	– –	39 – –
Incidental Expenses, Waterford	– –	2 17 11	– –	– –	2 17 11
District Registrar, Londonderry	– –	300 – –	– –	– –	300 – –
First Clerk, Londonderry	– –	75 – –	– –	– –	75 – –
Second ditto, Londonderry	– –	40 – –	– –	– –	40 – –
Caretaker and Messenger, Londonderry	– –	39 – –	– –	– –	39 – –
Incidental Expenses, Londonderry	– –	4 10 10	– –	– –	4 10 10
Expenses incurred for Stationery, Postage, and Carriage of Parcels, paid by Paymaster General	– –	22 1 10	– –	– –	22 1 10
District Registrars:					
Limerick, year to 31 December 1865	– –	– –	79 2 6	– –	79 2 6
Ballina ditto	– –	– –	27 10 –	– –	27 10 –
Tuam ditto	– –	– –	25 17 –	– –	25 17 –
TOTALS £.	3,500 – –	10,476 3 1	132 9 6	– –	14,108 12 7

HIGH COURT OF ADMIRALTY OF ENGLAND.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
SALARIES:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
The Judge (Dr. Lushington)	4,000 – –	– –	– –	– –	4,000 – –
One Judge's Secretary	– –	300 – –	– –	– –	300 – –
One Usher of the Court	– –	150 – –	– –	– –	150 – –
REGISTRAR'S OFFICE:					
One Registrar	– –	1,600 – –	– –	– –	1,600 – –
One Assistant ditto	– –	1,198 – 5	– –	– –	1,198 – 5
One Chief Clerk	– –	700 – –	– –	– –	700 – –
Three First Class Clerks	– –	1,275 – –	– –	– –	1,275 – –
Five Second Class Clerks	– –	1,260 9 3	– –	– –	1,260 9 3
Eight Third Class Clerks	– –	794 5 1	– –	– –	794 5 1
One Messenger and Office Keeper	– –	100 – –	– –	– –	100 – –
Three Messengers	– –	220 – –	– –	– –	220 – –
Copying and Petty Disbursements	– –	227 7 5	– –	– –	227 7 5
Merchant Referees	– –	646 16 –	– –	– –	646 16 –
MARSHAL'S OFFICE:					
One Marshal	– –	700 – –	– –	– –	700 – –
One Clerk	– –	236 14 6	– –	– –	236 14 6
Two other Clerks	– –	270 – –	– –	– –	270 – –
One Superintendent of Shipkeepers and one Shipkeeper	– –	194 10 1	– –	– –	194 10 1
One Messenger	– –	60 – –	– –	– –	60 – –
Expenses, including Shipkeeping in the Port of London	– –	311 5 9	– –	– –	311 5 9
Proportion of Fees paid to Custom House Officers, at the Outports, for Shipkeeping, &c.	– –	848 1 2	– –	– –	848 1 2
	4,000 – –	11,092 9 8	– –	– –	15,092 9 8
Judge of the Court of Admiralty, Dr. Phillimore (Cinque Ports)	– –	70 – –	– –	– –	70 – –
£.	4,000 – –	11,162 9 8	– –	– –	15,162 9 8

HIGH COURT OF ADMIRALTY OF IRELAND.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Judge	500 – –	– –	– –	– –	500 – –
Registrar	– –	– –	560 – –	– –	560 – –
Marshal	– –	– –	361 – –	– –	361 – –
Seal Keeper	– –	– –	20 – –	– –	20 – –
Court Keeper	– –	18 – –	– –	– –	18 – –
Tipstaff	– –	28 – –	– –	– –	28 – –
Sundries	– –	1 2 8	– –	– –	1 2 8
£.	500 – –	47 2 8	941 – –	– –	1,488 2 8

LANDED ESTATES COURT (IRELAND).

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
SALARIES:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Three Judges, 2,500 *l.* each	7,500 – –	– –	– –	– –	7,500 – –
Registrar	– –	975 – –	– –	– –	975 – –
First Assistant	– –	300 – –	– –	– –	300 – –
Second ditto	– –	250 – –	– –	– –	250 – –
Third ditto	– –	150 – –	– –	– –	150 – –
Notice Assistant	– –	250 – –	– –	– –	250 – –
Clerk to ditto	– –	150 – –	– –	– –	150 – –
Sales Clerk	– –	120 – –	– –	– –	120 – –
Three Examiners, 775 *l.* each	– –	2,325 – –	– –	– –	2,325 – –
Chief Clerk	–	400 – –	– –	– –	400 – –
Ditto	– –	330 – –	– –	– –	330 – –
Ditto	– –	330 – –	– –	– –	330 – –
Three Second Clerks, 200 *l.* each	– –	600 – –	– –	– –	600 – –
Three Junior Clerks, 150 *l.* each	– –	450 – –	– –	– –	450 – –
Clerk of Records, &c.	– –	500 – –	– –	– –	500 – –
First Assistant	– –	250 – –	– –	– –	250 – –
Second ditto	– –	150 – –	– –	– –	150 – –
Third ditto	– –	150 – –	– –	– –	150 – –
Keeper of Deeds	– –	250 – –	– –	– –	250 – –
Clerk to ditto	– –	150 – –	– –	– –	150 – –
Accountant	– –	700 – –	– –	– –	700 – –
First Assistant	– –	400 – –	– –	– –	400 – –
Second ditto	– –	250 – –	– –	– –	250 – –
Third ditto	– –	150 – –	– –	– –	150 – –
Taxing Officer	– –	800 – –	– –	– –	800 – –
Clerk to ditto	– –	300 – –	– –	– –	300 – –
Clerk of Stationery	– –	60 – –	– –	– –	60 – –
Three Criers, 50 *l.* each	– –	150 – –	– –	– –	150 – –
Three Tipstaves, 50 *l.*	– –	150 – –	– –	– –	150 – –
Incidental Expenses	– –	800 – –	– –	– –	800 – –
TOTALS £.	7,500 – –	11,840 – –	– –	– –	19,340 – –

DEPARTMENT OF EXCHEQUER IN SCOTLAND.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
COURT OF SESSION.					
SALARIES.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Judges:					
Lord President	4,800 – –	–	–	–	4,800 – –
Lord Justice Clerk	4,500 – –	–	–	–	4,500 – –
Eleven Judges at 3,000 *l.* each	33,000 – –	–	–	–	33,000 – –
Clerks of Court:					
Four at 1,000 *l.* each	–	4,000 – –	–	–	4,000 – –
Six at 400 *l.* each	–	2,400 – –	–	–	2,400 – –
Eight at 350 *l.* each	–	2,800 – –	–	–	2,800 – –
Teind Clerks:					
Principal	–	300 – –	–	–	300 – –
Depute	–	250 – –	–	–	250 – –
Assistant	–	100 – –	–	–	100 – –
Clerks of the Bills:					
Principal	–	500 – –	–	–	500 – –
Clerk	–	200 – –	–	–	200 – –
Clerk	–	110 – –	–	–	110 – –
Clerk	–	90 – –	–	–	90 – –
Minute Book Keepers:					
One Clerk	–	300 – –	–	–	300 – –
One Clerk	–	130 – –	–	–	130 – –
Extractors:					
Principal	–	500 – –	–	–	500 – –
Assistant	–	300 – –	–	–	300 – –
Clerk	–	100 – –	–	–	100 – –
Two Keepers of Rolls at 400 *l.* each	–	800 – –	–	–	800 – –
Judges' Clerks:					
Three at 300 *l.*	–	900 – –	–	–	900 – –
Two at 270 *l.*	–	540 – –	–	–	540 – –
One at 260 *l.*	–	260 – –	–	–	260 – –
Two at 240 *l.*	–	480 – –	–	–	480 – –
One at 230 *l.*	–	230 – –	–	–	230 – –
One at 210 *l.*	–	210 – –	–	–	210 – –
One at 200 *l.*	–	200 – –	–	–	200 – –
Auditor	–	700 – –	–	–	700 – –
Clerk to ditto	–	150 – –	–	–	150 – –
Accountant of Fee Fund	–	60 – –	–	–	60 – –
Collector of Fee Fund	–	400 – –	–	–	400 – –
Seven Macers at 100 *l.* each	–	700 – –	–	–	700 – –
Superintendent of Court House Buildings	–	125 – –	–	–	125 – –
Two Gown Keepers at 80 *l.* each	–	160 – –	–	–	160 – –
Doorkeeper	–	60 – –	–	–	60 – –
Accountant in Bankruptcy	–	850 – –	–	–	850 – –
Three Clerks at 150 *l.* each	–	450 – –	–	–	450 – –
Accountant of Court	–	–	600 – –	–	600 – –
Clerk	–	–	200 – –	–	200 – –
Clerk	–	–	150 – –	–	150 – –
Clerk	–	–	75 – –	–	75 – –
Clerk	–	–	60 – –	–	60 – –
Clerk	–	–	30 – –	–	30 – –
Clerk	–	–	15 – –	–	15 – –
Clerk	–	–	12 12 –	–	12 12 –
Clerk	–	–	10 – –	–	10 – –
TOTAL SALARIES £.	42,300 – –	19,355 – –	1,152 12 –	–	62,807 12 –
EXPENSES £.	–	1,145 4 –	202 – –	–	1,347 4 –

DEPARTMENT OF EXCHEQUER IN SCOTLAND—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
COURT OF JUSTICIARY.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
SALARIES.					
Lord Advocate	- -	2,387 10 -	- -	- -	2,387 10 -
Solicitor General	- -	955 - -	- -	- -	955 - -
Four Advocates Depute, at 500 *l.* each	- -	2,000 - -	- -	- -	2,000 - -
Crown Agent	- -	1,400 - -	- -	- -	1,400 - -
Clerks:					
One Clerk	- -	500 - -	- -	- -	500 - -
Ditto	- -	280 - -	- -	- -	280 - -
Secretary to Lord Advocate	- -	350 - -	- -	- -	350 - -
Three Circuit Clerks, at 125 *l.* each	- -	375 - -	- -	- -	375 - -
Three Macers, at 375 *l.* each	- -	1,125 - -	- -	- -	1,125 - -
Clerks of Court:					
Principal	- -	700 - -	- -	- -	700 - -
Clerk	- -	250 - -	- -	- -	250 - -
Clerk	- -	200 - -	- -	- -	200 - -
TOTAL Salaries £.	- -	10,522 10 -	- -	- -	10,522 10 -
EXPENSES.					
Circuits	- -	3,309 19 -	- -	- -	3,309 19 -
Crown Agent	- -	4,821 16 -	- -	- -	4,821 16 -
Justiciary Office	- -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Incidental Expenses of Lord Advocate's Office in London	- -	137 2 5	- -	- -	137 2 5
TOTAL Expenses £.	- -	8,288 17 5	- -	- -	8,288 17 5
COMMISSARY COURTS.					
Commissary Court of Edinburgh.					
SALARIES.					
Principal Clerk	- -	500 - -	- -	- -	500 - -
Depute	- -	300 - -	- -	- -	300 - -
Clerk	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	150 - -
Two Clerks, at 100 *l.* each	- -	200 - -	- -	- -	200 - -
Clerk	- -	90 - -	- -	- -	90 - -
TOTAL Salaries £.	- -	1,240 - -	- -	- -	1,240 - -
EXPENSES	- -	60 - -	- -	- -	60 - -

DEPARTMENT OF EXCHEQUER IN SCOTLAND—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
SHERIFF COURTS.					
SALARIES:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Sheriffs of Counties:					
Aberdeen	750 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	750 – –
Argyll	700 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	700 – –
Ayr	700 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	700 – –
Banff, Elgin, and Nairn	700 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	700 – –
Dumbarton and Bute	650 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	650 – –
Dumfries	600 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	600 – –
Edinburgh	1,700 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	1,700 – –
Fife	725 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	725 – –
Forfar	725 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	725 – –
Haddington and Berwick	650 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	650 – –
Inverness	700 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	700 – –
Kincardine	500 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	500 – –
Kirkcudbright and Wigtown	650 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	650 – –
Lanark	1,700 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	1,700 – –
Linlithgow, Clackmannan, and Kinross	650 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	650 – –
Orkney and Zetland	550 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	550 – –
Peebles	500 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	500 – –
Perth	850 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	850 – –
Renfrew	750 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	750 – –
Ross and Cromarty	800 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	800 – –
Roxburgh	550 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	550 – –
Selkirk	500 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	500 – –
Stirling	650 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	650 – –
Sutherland and Caithness	700 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	700 – –
Sheriffs Substitute:					
Aberdeen	900 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	900 – –
Peterhead	550 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	550 – –
Ayr	700 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	700 – –
Kilmarnock	600 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	600 – –
Campbelltown	500 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	500 – –
Inverary	650 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	650 – –
Tobermory	525 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	525 – –
Banff	550 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	550 – –
Berwick	550 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	550 – –
Bute	525 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	525 – –
Caithness	600 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	600 – –
Clackmannan	525 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	525 – –
Dumbarton	600 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	600 – –
Dumfries	700 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	700 – –
Edinburgh, 1st	1,200 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	1,200 – –
Ditto - 2nd	1,100 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	1,100 – –
Ditto - 3rd	700 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	700 – –
Elgin	550 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	550 – –
Cupar	700 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	700 – –
Dunfermline	600 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	600 – –
Forfar	700 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	700 – –
Dundee	900 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	900 – –
Haddington	600 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	600 – –
Inverness	700 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	700 – –
Skye	535 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	535 – –
Long Island	500 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	500 – –
Fort William	550 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	550 – –
Kincardine	550 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	550 – –
Kinross	500 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	500 – –
Kirkcudbright	500 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	500 – –
Glasgow, 1st	1,400 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	1,400 – –
Ditto - 2nd	1,200 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	1,200 – –
Ditto - 3rd	900 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	900 – –
Ditto - 4th	800 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	800 – –
Lanark	500 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	500 – –
Hamilton	550 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	550 – –
Airdrie	650 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	650 – –
Linlithgow	550 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	550 – –
Nairn	500 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	500 – –
Carried forward £.	44,360 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	44,360 – –

DEPARTMENT OF EXCHEQUER IN SCOTLAND—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
SHERIFF COURTS—Salaries—*cont^d.*					
Sheriffs Substitute—*continued.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	44,360 – –	– –	– –	– –	44,360 – –
Orkney	525 – –	– –	– –	– –	525 – –
Peebles	500 – –	– –	– –	– –	500 – –
Perth	900 – –	– –	– –	– –	900 – –
Dunblane	500 – –	– –	– –	– –	500 – –
Paisley	700 – –	– –	– –	– –	700 – –
Greenock	650 – –	– –	– –	– –	650 – –
Dingwall	600 – –	– –	– –	– –	600 – –
Tain and Cromarty	550 – –	– –	– –	– –	550 – –
Stornoway	500 – –	– –	– –	– –	500 – –
Roxburgh	600 – –	– –	– –	– –	600 – –
Selkirk	500 – –	– –	– –	– –	500 – –
Stirling	700 – –	– –	– –	– –	700 – –
Falkirk	600 – –	– –	– –	– –	600 – –
Sutherland	600 – –	– –	– –	– –	600 – –
Wigtown	550 – –	– –	– –	– –	550 – –
Zetland	500 – –	– –	– –	– –	500 – –
Sheriff Clerks:					
Banff	460 – –	– –	– –	– –	460 – –
Cromarty	78 5 8	– –	– –	– –	78 5 8
Fife	1,050 – –	– –	– –	– –	1,050 – –
Forfar	1,200 – –	– –	– –	– –	1,200 – –
Renfrew	1,000 – –	– –	– –	– –	1,000 – –
Roxburgh	580 11 –	– –	– –	– –	580 11 –
Selkirk	95 5 –	– –	– –	– –	95 5 –
Sutherland	202 – –	– –	– –	– –	202 – –
Aberdeen	– –	1,200 – –	– –	– –	1,200 – –
Argyll	– –	935 – –	– –	– –	935 – –
Ayr	– –	1,200 – –	– –	– –	1,200 – –
Bute	– –	250 – –	– –	– –	250 – –
Berwick	– –	500 – –	– –	– –	500 – –
Caithness	– –	480 – –	– –	– –	480 – –
Clackmannan	– –	320 – –	– –	– –	320 – –
Dumfries	– –	615 – –	– –	– –	615 – –
Edinburgh	– –	2,000 – –	– –	– –	2,000 – –
Elgin	– –	550 – –	– –	– –	550 – –
Haddington	– –	500 – –	– –	– –	500 – –
Inverness	– –	1,120 – –	– –	– –	1,120 – –
Kincardine	– –	450 – –	– –	– –	450 – –
Kirkcudbright	– –	410 – –	– –	– –	410 – –
Linlithgow	– –	520 – –	– –	– –	520 – –
Orkney	– –	200 – –	– –	– –	200 – –
Peebles	– –	120 – –	– –	– –	120 – –
Perth	– –	1,200 – –	– –	– –	1,200 – –
Ross	– –	730 – –	– –	– –	730 – –
Stirling	– –	1,000 – –	– –	– –	1,000 – –
Wigtown	– –	500 – –	– –	– –	500 – –
Zetland	– –	180 – –	– –	– –	180 – –
Procurators Fiscal:					
Aberdeen	– –	580 – –	– –	– –	580 – –
Campbelltown	– –	550 – –	– –	– –	550 – –
Cromarty	– –	50 – –	– –	– –	50 – –
Inverary	– –	600 – –	– –	– –	600 – –
Tobermory	– –	350 – –	– –	– –	350 – –
Ayr	– –	730 – –	– –	– –	730 – –
Kilmarnock	– –	660 – –	– –	– –	660 – –
Banff	– –	270 – –	– –	– –	270 – –
Berwick	– –	590 – –	– –	– –	590 – –
Wick	– –	330 – –	– –	– –	330 – –
Thurso	– –	50 – –	– –	– –	50 – –
Carried forward £.	58,501 1 8	19,740 – –	– –	– –	78,241 1 8

DEPARTMENT OF EXCHEQUER IN SCOTLAND—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
SHERIFF COURTS—Salaries—*continued.*					
Procurators Fiscal—*continued.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	58,501 1 8	19,740 - -	- -	- -	78,241 1 8
Dumbarton - - - - -	- -	500 - -	- -	- -	500 - -
Dumfries - - - - -	- -	670 - -	- -	- -	670 - -
Edinburgh - - - - -	- -	1,650 - -	- -	- -	1,650 - -
Cupar - - - - - -	- -	750 - -	- -	- -	750 - -
Dunfermline - - - - -	- -	220 - -	- -	- -	220 - -
Forfar - - - - - -	- -	650 - -	- -	- -	650 - -
Dundee - - - - - -	- -	960 - -	- -	- -	960 - -
Haddington - - - - -	- -	440 - -	- -	- -	440 - -
Fort William - - - - -	- -	255 - -	- -	- -	255 - -
Inverness - - - - -	- -	570 - -	- -	- -	570 - -
Kincardine - - - - -	- -	370 - -	- -	- -	370 - -
Kirkcudbright - - - -	- -	500 - -	- -	- -	500 - -
Glasgow - - - - -	- -	2,020 - -	- -	- -	2,020 - -
Airdrie - - - - - -	- -	570 - -	- -	- -	570 - -
Hamilton - - - - -	- -	530 - -	- -	- -	530 - -
Linlithgow - - - - -	- -	650 - -	- -	- -	650 - -
Kirkwall - - - - -	- -	200 - -	- -	- -	200 - -
Perth - - - - - -	- -	950 - -	- -	- -	950 - -
Dunblane - - - - -	- -	330 - -	- -	- -	330 - -
Paisley - - - - - -	- -	550 - -	- -	- -	550 - -
Greenock - - - - -	- -	590 - -	- -	- -	590 - -
Roxburgh - - - - -	- -	590 - -	- -	- -	590 - -
Stirling - - - - - -	- -	830 - -	- -	- -	830 - -
Falkirk - - - - - -	- -	830 - -	- -	- -	830 - -
Dingwall - - - - -	- -	350 - -	- -	- -	350 - -
Tain - - - - - -	- -	80 - -	- -	- -	80 - -
Stranraer - - - - -	- -	550 - -	- -	- -	550 - -
Sutherland - - - - -	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	150 - -
TOTAL SALARIES - - - £.	58,501 1 8	37,045 - -	- -	- -	95,546 1 8
EXPENSES - - - - - £.	- -	25,109 - 6	- -	- -	25,109 - 6
SHERIFF COURT OF CHANCERY.					
SALARIES:					
Sheriff - - - - - - -	500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,000 - -
Clerk - - - - - - -	- -	500 - -	- -	- -	
£.	500 - -	500 - -	- -	- -	1,000 - -

ABSTRACT.

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
COURT OF SESSION:					
Salaries - - - - (page 49)	42,300 - -	19,355 - -	1,152 12 -	- -	62,807 12 -
Expenses - - - - (page 49)	- -	1,145 4 -	202 - -	- -	1,347 4 -
COURT OF JUSTICIARY:					
Salaries - - - - (page 50)	- -	10,522 10 -	- -	- -	10,522 10 -
Expenses - - - - (page 50)	- -	8,288 17 5	- -	- -	8,288 17 5
COMMISSARY COURTS:					
Salaries - - - - (page 50)	- -	1,240 - -	- -	- -	1,240 - -
Expenses - - - - (page 50)	- -	60 - -	- -	- -	60 - -
SHERIFF COURTS:					
Salaries - - - - (above)	58,501 1 8	37,045 - -	- -	- -	95,546 1 8
Expenses - - - - (above)	- -	25,109 - 6	- -	- -	25,109 - 6
SHERIFF COURT OF CHANCERY:					
Salaries - - - - (above)	500 - -	500 - -	- -	- -	1,000 - -
TOTAL - - - £.	101,301 1 8	103,265 11 11	1,354 12 -	- -	205,921 5 7

REVISING BARRISTERS.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
ENGLAND:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Eighty-five, at 210 *l.* each	- -	17,850 - -	- -	- -	
Additional Barristers for the Revision of 1864 in South Lancashire, and expenses	- -	151 4 -	- -	- -	18,001 4 -
TOTAL, ENGLAND £.	- -	18,001 4 -	- -	- -	18,001 4 -
DUBLIN:					
Two, at 120 *l.* each	- -	420 - -	- -	- -	420 - -
Attendance	- -	- -	- -	20 - -	20 - -
TOTAL, DUBLIN £.	- -	420 - -	- -	20 - -	440 - -
TOTAL £.	- -	18,421 4 -	- -	20 - -	18,441 4 -

JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S OFFICE.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Judge Advocate General	- -	2,000 - -	- -	- -	2,000 - -
Deputy Judge Advocate General	- -	1,000 - -	- -	- -	1,000 - -
Chief Clerk	- -	555 - -	- -	- -	555 - -
Second Clerk	- -	219 5 2	- -	- -	219 5 2
Third Clerk	- -	107 10 -	- -	- -	107 10 -
Office-keeper	- -	100 - -	- -	- -	100 - -
Messenger	- -	70 - -	- -	- -	70 - -
Contingencies	- -	31 8 9	- -	- -	31 8 9
TOTAL £.	- -	4,083 3 11	- -	- -	4,083 3 11

COURT OF BANKRUPTCY IN LONDON.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
SALARIES:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Three Commissioners at 2,000 *l.* each	- - -	- - -	6,000 - -	- - -	6,000 - -
Chief Registrar	- - -	- - -	1,400 - -	- - -	1,400 - -
Master	- - -	- - -	1,400 - -	- - -	1,400 - -
Accountant	- - -	- - -	1,500 - -	- - -	1,500 - -
Seven Registrars at 1,200 *l.* each	- - -	- - -	8,400 - -	- - -	8,400 - -
Three Official Assignees at 1,200 *l.* each	- - -	- - -	3,600 - -	- - -	3,600 - -
One Official Assignee at 1,000 *l.*	- - -	- - -	1,000 - -	- - -	1,000 - -
Assistant Taxing Master	- - -	100 - -	800 - -	- - -	(*a*) 900 - -
Secretary to Chief Registrar	- - -	- - -	500 - -	- - -	500 - -
Solicitor	- - -	- - -	1,200 - -	- - -	1,200 - -
Thirteen Clerks to the Chief Registrar in Basinghall-street and in Quality-court:					
One Clerk	- - -	- - -	600 - -	- - -	600 - -
One Clerk	- - -	- - -	350 - -	- - -	350 - -
One Clerk	- - -	100 - -	225 - -	- - -	(*a*) 325 - -
One Clerk	- - -	- - -	300 - -	- - -	300 - -
One Clerk	- - -	- - -	300 - -	- - -	300 - -
One Clerk	- - -	160 - -	80 - -	- - -	(*a*) 240 - -
One Clerk	- - -	100 - -	100 - -	- - -	(*a*) 200 - -
One Clerk	- - -	100 - -	100 - -	- - -	(*a*) 200 - -
One Clerk	- - -	- - -	150 - -	- - -	150 - -
One Clerk	- - -	- - -	120 - -	- - -	120 - -
One Clerk	- - -	- - -	80 - -	- - -	80 - -
One Clerk	- - -	- - -	200 - -	- - -	(*b*) 200 - -
Messenger	- - -	- - -	150 - -	- - -	150 - -
Thirteen Clerks to the Accountant:					
One Chief Clerk	- - -	- - -	800 - -	- - -	800 - -
One Clerk	- - -	- - -	500 - -	- - -	500 - -
Two Clerks at 400 *l.* each	- - -	- - -	800 - -	- - -	800 - -
Two Clerks at 350 *l.* each	- - -	- - -	700 - -	- - -	700 - -
Two Clerks at 300 *l.* each	- - -	- - -	600 - -	- - -	600 - -
One Clerk at 200 *l.*	- - -	- - -	200 - -	- - -	200 - -
Three Clerks at 250 *l.* each	- - -	- - -	750 - -	- - -	750 - -
One Occasional Clerk	- - -	- - -	320 - -	- - -	320 - -
Messenger	- - -	- - -	100 - -	- - -	100 - -
Clerks to the Master:					
One Clerk	- - -	- - -	300 - -	- - -	300 - -
One Clerk	- - -	100 - -	225 - -	- - -	(*b*) 325 - -
One Clerk	- - -	- - -	250 - -	- - -	250 - -
Registrar of Meetings	- - -	- - -	250 - -	- - -	250 - -
Clerk to Ditto	- - -	- - -	150 - -	- - -	150 - -
Housekeeper	- - -	- - -	50 - -	- - -	50 - -
Officers of the late Insolvent Debtors' Court:					
Late First Commissioner	- - -	2,000 - -	- - -	- - -	2,000 - -
One Clerk	- - -	140 - -	200 - -	- - -	340 - -
One Clerk	- - -	130 - -	60 - -	- - -	190 - -
One Clerk	- - -	80 - -	- - -	- - -	80 - -
One Clerk	- - -	- - -	100 - -	- - -	100 - -
One Clerk	- - -	50 - -	- - -	- - -	50 - -
One Clerk	- - -	40 - -	- - -	- - -	40 - -
Four Messengers at 500 *l.* each	- - -	- - -	2,000 - -	- - -	2,000 - -
Lord Chancellor's Messenger	- - -	200 - -	- - -	- - -	200 - -
Eight Ushers:					
One at 130 *l.*	- - -	- - -	130 - -	- - -	130 - -
Six at 100 *l.* each	- - -	- - -	600 - -	- - -	600 - -
One at 40 *l.*	- - -	- - -	40 - -	- - -	40 - -
Clerk for Office Copies	- - -	- - -	200 - -	- - -	200 - -
One Porter	- - -	- - -	78 - -	- - -	78 - -
One Porter	- - -	- - -	65 - -	- - -	65 - -
TOTAL, SALARIES - - - £.	- -	3,300 - -	38,123 - -	- -	41,423 - -

(*a*) These gentlemen were transferred from the late Insolvent Debtors' Court.

(*b*) Temporary Clerks.

COURT OF BANKRUPTCY IN LONDON—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
OTHER EXPENSES:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
1. Payment for Expenses in the Offices of the Chief Registrar:					
Basinghall Street	- - -	- - -	2,223 3 8	- - -	2,223 3 8
Quality Court Trust Deeds	- - -	- - -	367 5 -	- - -	367 5 -
Quality Court Appeals	- - -	- - -	71 1 11	- - -	71 1 11
2. Payments for Expenses in the Office of the Master	- - -	- - -	35 18 3	- - -	35 18 3
3. Payments for Expenses in the Office of the Accountant	- - -	- - -	418 19 11	- - -	418 19 11
4. Payments for Rates, Taxes, Repairs, Insurance, Coals, Candles, &c.	- - -	- - -	1,307 16 5	- - -	1,307 16 5
5. Payments by the Official Assignees for Salaries of Clerks, Rent of Offices, Books, Stationery, &c.	- - -	- - -	6,043 1 -	- - -	6,043 1 -
6. Payments by the Messengers for Salaries of Clerks, and for Books and Stationery, &c.	- - -	- - -	7,576 13 3	- - -	7,576 13 3
7. Insolvent Debtors' Court, for Postage and Petty Expenses	- - -	15 - -	- - -	- - -	15 - -
8. Gaoler's Fees	- - -	- - -	109 16 -	- - -	109 16 -
9. Solicitor, Costs not covered by Fees received	- - -	- - -	256 6 6	- - -	256 6 6
10. Allowances:					
For extra Servants	- - -	- - -	50 - -	- - -	50 - -
Rent	- - -	- - -	100 - -	- - -	100 - -
Housekeepers at late Insolvent Debtors' Court, for extra Servants, &c.	- - -	113 4 -	- - -	- - -	113 4 -
11. Bank of England Remuneration	- - -	- - -	1,546 13 2	- - -	1,546 13 2
12. Examination into the Accounts of the Official Assignees and Messengers	- - -	- - -	2,180 16 7	- - -	2,180 16 7
£.	- - -	128 4 -	22,287 11 8	- - -	22,415 15 8
SUMMARY.					
Salaries	- - -	3,300 - -	38,123 - -	- - -	41,423 - -
Other Expenses	- - -	128 4 -	22,287 11 8	- - -	22,415 15 8
£.	- - -	3,428 4 -	60,410 11 8	- - -	63,838 15 8

Note.—The Salaries of the Commissioners and Officers of the Court of Bankruptcy being payable, and the Accounts of the Official Assignees and Messengers being made up to the 11th January, 11th April, 11th July, and 11th October in every year, the Return is given for the year ending the 11th of April 1866.

DISTRICT COURTS OF BANKRUPTCY.

DISTRICT COURT OF BANKRUPTCY AT BIRMINGHAM.

RETURN for the Year ending 11th April 1866.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
SALARIES, &c.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
One Commissioner	- - -	Paid out of the Chief Registrar's Fund, which consists of Fees of Court.	1,800 - -	- -	1,800 - -
Two Registrars, at 1,000 *l.* each	- - -		2,000 - -	- -	2,000 - -
One Official Assignee (*a*)	- - -		1,000 - -	- -	1,000 - -
Clerks of Official Assignee:					
One Clerk	- - -	- -	300 - -	- -	300 - -
One Clerk	- - -	- -	150 - -	- -	150 - -
One Clerk	- - -	- -	117 10 -	- -	117 10 -
One Clerk	- - -	- -	53 5 11	- -	53 5 11
One Clerk	- - -	- -	94 5 10	- -	94 5 10
One Clerk	- - -	- -	46 9 -	- -	46 9 -
One Clerk	- - -	- -	33 11 7	- -	33 11 7
One Clerk	- - -	- -	49 4 5	- -	49 4 5
One Clerk	- - -	- -	61 19 2	- -	61 19 2
One Clerk	- - -	- -	21 6 2	- -	21 6 2
One Clerk	- - -	- -	8 16 -	- -	8 16 -
Stationery	- - -	- -	255 18 3	- -	255 18 3
Postage and Petty Disbursements	- -	- -	319 - 7	- -	319 - 7
Messenger (*b*)	- - -	- -	400 - -	- -	400 - -
One Clerk	- - -	- -	192 10 -	- -	192 10 -
One Clerk	- - -	- -	140 - -	- -	140 - -
Gazette, Advertisements, Allocaturs, Stamps, and Inventories	- - -	- -	289 16 5	- -	289 16 5
Possessions	- - -	- -	1,145 6 9	- -	1,145 6 9
Travelling Expenses	- - -	- -	127 6 4	- -	127 6 4
Books, Printing, Stationery, and Petty Expenses	- -	- -	75 18 4	- -	75 18 4
Messenger	- - -	- -	56 19 8	- -	56 19 8
Possessions	- - -	- -	141 1 6	- -	141 1 6
Gazette Advertisements	- - -	- -	40 19 3½	- -	40 19 3½
Travelling Expenses	- - -	- -	11 - 9	- -	11 - 9
Stamps, Stationery, and Petty Expenses From 11 April 1865, to 2 June 1865, the day of the Death of Mr. Bodill.	- -	- -	11 16 8½	- -	11 16 8½
Other Expenses of the Court:					
One Usher	- - -	- -	80 - -	- -	80 - -
Court Keeper	- - -	- -	52 - -	- -	52 - -
Rent	- - -	- -	600 - - (less 100 *l.* sublet.)	- -	600 - -
Rates, Coals, and other Disbursements	- -	- -	341 14 9	- -	341 14 9
Stationery for Court and Offices, not included in Accounts of Official Assignee and Messenger	- - -	- -	40 10 -	- -	40 10 -
Carried forward - - - £.	- -	-	10,058 7 5	- -	10,058 7 5

(*a*) Remarks by Mr. Kinnear, the Official Assignee of the Court:—I have received for Fees of Court and received back for Stationery, Postage and Petty Expenses, 3,134 *l.* 5 *s.* 2 *d.*, and I have paid 1,632 *l.* 18 *s.* 3 *d.* to the Chief Registrar's Fund, being the surplus of receipts over the expenses of my office.

Geo. Kinnear, Official Assignee.

(*b*) Remarks by the Messenger, Mr. Badham:—I have received for Fees of Court, 3,074 *l.* 10 *s.* 1 *d.*, and I have paid 726 *l.* 18 *s.* 11 *d.* to the Chief Registrar's Fund, being the surplus of receipts over the expenses of my office.

F. O. Badham.

DISTRICT COURT OF BANKRUPTCY AT BIRMINGHAM—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
SALARIES, &c.—*continued.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - -	- - -	- - -	10,058 7 5	- - -	10,058 7 5
Other Expenses of the Court:					
Official Assignee - - - - - - -	- -	Paid out of the Chief Registrar's Fund, which consists of Fees of Court.	1,000 - -	- -	1,000 - -
One Clerk - - - - - - - -	- -	- -	300 - -	- -	300 - -
One Clerk - - - - - - - -	- -	- -	150 - -	- -	150 - -
One Clerk - - - - - - - -	- -	- -	80 - -	- -	80 - -
One Clerk - - - - - - - -	- -	- -	80 - -	- -	80 - -
One Clerk - - - - - - - -	- -	- -	15 12 -	- -	15 12 -
Rent of Offices - - - - - - -	-	- -	65 - -	- -	65 - -
Expenses of Offices; Rates, Coals, Repairs, Postages, &c. - - - - - - -	- -	- -	204 7 8	- -	204 7 8
Stationery - - - - - - - -	- -	- -	61 4 6	- -	61 4 6
Travelling Expenses of the Commissioner, Registrar, and Usher to the Division Court at Nottingham - - - - - -	- -	- -	420 13 6	- -	420 13 6
Paid for the use of the Shire Hall at Nottingham - - - - - - -	- -	- -	25 - -	- -	25 - -
Use of a Room at the "George" Hotel for the Court, when the Shire Hall was otherwise engaged - - - - - - - -	- -	- -	3 3 -	- -	3 3 -
£.	- -	- -	12,463 8 1	- -	12,463 8 1

COURT OF BANKRUPTCY FOR THE BRISTOL DISTRICT.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Fund.	TOTAL.
SALARIES:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
The Commissioner - - - - - -	- -	- -	1,800 - -	- -	1,800 - -
The Registrar - - - - - - -	- -	- -	1,000 - -	- -	1,000 - -
Official Assignee - - - - - -	- -	- -	1,000 - -	- -	1,000 - -
Messenger - - - - - - - -	- -	- -	400 - -	- -	400 - -
Usher - - - - - - - - -	- -	- -	80 - -	- -	80 - -
Housekeeper - - - - - - -	- -	- -	40 - -	- -	40 - -
Clerk, Official Assignee - - - -	- -	- -	200 - -	- -	200 - -
Clerk, Official Assignee - - - -	- -	- -	200 - -	- -	200 - -
Clerk, Official Assignee - - - -	- -	- -	100 - -	- -	100 - -
Clerk to Messenger - - - - -	- -	- -	100 - -	- -	100 - -
Clerk to Messenger - - - - -	- -	- -	120 - -	- -	120 - -
Porter to Official Assignee - - -	- -	- -	120 - -	- -	120 - -
Retired Messenger (since dead) - - -	- -	- -	26 - -	- -	26 - -
Law Books, Stationery, Coals, Candles, Gas, and Incidental Expenses - - - -	- -	- -	266 13 4	- -	266 13 4
Rent - - - - - - - - -	- -	- -	89 7 -	- -	89 7 -
	- -	- -	300 - -	- -	300 - -
£.	- -	- -	5,842 - 4	- -	5,842 - 4

COURT OF BANKRUPTCY FOR THE EXETER DISTRICT.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
SALARIES:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
The Commissioner	- -	- -	1,800 - -	- -	1,800 - -	Chief Registrar's Fund, which consist of Fees of Court.
The Registrar	- -	- -	1,000 - -	- -	1,000 - -	
Official Assignee	- -	- -	1,000 - -	- -	1,000 - -	
The Usher	- -	- -	80 - -	- -	80 - -	
The Messenger	- -	- -	400 - -	- -	400 - -	
Messenger's Clerk	- -	- -	100 - -	- -	100 - -	
Four Clerks in Official Assignee's Office, at 200 *l.*, 100 *l.*, 70 *l.*, and 45 *l.*	- -	- -	415 - -	- -	415 - -	
Expenses of Court, including Rent, Taxes, Coals, Books, Postage, &c.	- -	- -	208 11 11	- -	208 11 11	Chief Registrar's Fund as above.
Messengers, Stationery, &c.	- -	- -	34 4 10	- -	34 4 10	
Expenses of Official Assignee's Office, including Rent, Taxes, Coals, Postages, Stationery, &c.	- -	- -	359 3 11	- -	359 3 11	
TOTALS £.	- -	- -	5,397 - 8	- -	5,397 - 8	

COURT OF BANKRUPTCY FOR THE LEEDS DISTRICT.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
Salaries:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Two Commissioners, at 1,800*l.* each	- -	- -	3,600 - -	- -	3,600 - -
Two Registrars, at 1,000*l.* each -	- -	- -	2,000 - -	- -	2,000 - -
Two Ushers, at 80*l.* each - -	- -	- -	160 - -	- -	160 - -
Compensations - - - - - -	- -	- -	2,000 - -	- -	2,000 - -
Rent of Courts at Leeds - - -	- -	- -	300 - -	- -	300 - -
Books and stationery, and repairs for Courts, about - - - - -	- -	- -	100 - -	- -	100 - -
Travelling Expenses:					
Commissioners - - - -	- -	- -	117 1 3	- -	117 1 3
Registrars - - - - -	- -	- -	145 4 -	- -	145 4 -
Ushers - - - £.13 9 3					
Ditto, about - 45 - -	- -	- -	58 9 3	- -	58 9 3
£.	- -	- -	8,480 14 6	- -	8,480 14 6
Office, in Leeds, of Official Assignee.					
Salaries:					
Official Assignee - - - - -	- -	- -	1,000 - -	- -	1,000 - -
Clerk - - - - - - -	- -	- -	330 - -	- -	330 - -
Clerk - - - - - - -	- -	- -	100 - -	- -	100 - -
Clerk - - - - - - -	- -	- -	90 - -	- -	90 - -
Clerk - - - - - - -	- -	- -	70 - -	- -	70 - -
Clerk - - - - - - -	- -	- -	30 - -	- -	30 - -
Rent of offices - - - - -	- -	- -	40 - -	- -	40 - -
„ furniture - - - - -	- -	- -	8 15 -	-	8 15 -
„ book-room - - - -	- -	- -	7 5 -	-	7 5 -
Books and stationery - - - -	- -	- -	146 7 3	- -	146 7 3
Other Expenses					
Travelling expenses - - -	- -	- -	98 16 -	- -	98 16 -
Postages, rates, taxes, and petty disbursement - - - - -	- -	- -	197 7 4	- -	197 7 4
£.	- -	- -	2,118 10 7	- -	2,118 10 7
Office, in Sheffield, of Official Assignee.					
Salaries:					
Clerk - - - - - - -	- -	- -	315 - -	- -	315 - -
Clerk - - - - - - -	- -	- -	120 - -	- -	120 - -
Clerk - - - - - - -	- -	- -	30 - -	- -	30 - -
Rent of offices - - - - -	- -	- -	44 3 1	- -	44 3 1
Books and stationery - - - -	- -	- -	46 1 8	- -	46 1 8
Other Expenses:					
Postages, rates, taxes, and petty disbursement - - - - -	- -	- -	112 18 2	- -	112 18 2
£.	- -	- -	668 2 11	- -	668 2 11

COURT OF BANKRUPTCY FOR THE LEEDS DISTRICT—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
OFFICE, in Hull, of Official Assignee.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Salaries:					
1st Clerk	- -	- -	200 - -	- -	200 - -
2nd "	- -	- -	100 - -	- -	100 - -
2nd "					
3rd "	- -	- -	30 12 -	- -	30 12 -
3rd "					
Rent of offices	- -	- -	35 - -	- -	35 - -
Books and stationery	- -	- -	27 10 9	- -	27 10 9
Other Expenses:					
Postages, rates, taxes, and petty disbursement	- -	- -	60 17 1	- -	60 17 1
£.	- -	- -	453 19 10	- -	453 19 10
OFFICE of Messenger in the Court (Leeds, Hull, and Sheffield).					
Salaries:					
Two Messengers, at 400 *l.*	- -	- -	800 - -	- -	800 - -
Two Deputy Messengers and clerks, at 150 *l.*	- -	- -	300 - -	- -	300 - -
Clerk	- -	- -	52 - -	- -	52 - -
Clerk	- -	- -	19 10 -*a*	- -	19 10 -
Assistant Messenger	- -	- -	13 - -*a*	- -	13 - -
Books and stationery	- -	- -	86 5 -	- -	86 5 -
£.	- -	- -	1,270 15 -	- -	1,270 15 -

(*a*) Discontinued.

SUMMARY.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Salaries and Travelling Expenses of Commissioners, &c., brought forward from previous page	- -	- -	8,480 14 6	- -	8,480 14 6
Official Assignee:					
Office in Leeds - (ditto) -	- -	- -	2,118 10 7	- -	2,118 10 7
Ditto Sheffield - (ditto) -	- -	- -	668 2 11	- -	668 2 11
Ditto Hull - (above) -	- -	- -	453 19 10	- -	453 19 10
Messengers - - - (ditto) -	- -	- -	1,270 15 -	- -	1,270 15 -
TOTAL Expenses of the Court of Bankruptcy for the Leeds District £.	- -	- -	12,992 2 10	- -	12,992 2 10

1 February 1867.

COURT OF BANKRUPTCY FOR THE LIVERPOOL DISTRICT.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.*	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
SALARIES:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Commissioner of the above Court	- - -	- - -	1,800 - -	- -	1,800 - -
Two Registrars, each 1,000 *l.*	- - -	- - -	2,000 - -	- -	2,000 - -
Official Assignee	- - -	- - -	1,000 - -	- -	1,000 - -
Two Messengers, each 400 *l.*	- - -	- - -	800 - -	- -	800 - -
Usher	- - -	- - -	80 - -	- -	80 - -
Court Keeper	- - -	- - -	40 - -	- -	40 - -
			5,720 - -	- -	5,720 - -
RENT OF COURTS:					
This includes two Courts, two Commissioners' Rooms, two Rooms of Registrars, two Rooms of Messengers, Housekeeper's Expenses, Coals and Lights, &c.	- - -	- - -	400 - -	- -	400 - -
MISCELLANEOUS COURT EXPENSES:					
Law Books, and Books of Account, Gazettes, Court Stationery, Bookbinding, Repairs and Petty Expenses, paid for the year ending 31 March 1866	- - -	- - -	61 16 6	- -	61 16 6
£.	- - -	- - -	6,181 16 6	- -	6,181 16 6

* Which form part of the fund called "the Chief Registrar's Account" in Bankruptcy.

N.B.—There are some costs incidental to this Court, viz., the expenses of the monthly visitation to gaol to release debtors, made by the Registrar. These expenses average yearly about 10 *l.*

COURT OF BANKRUPTCY FOR THE MANCHESTER DISTRICT.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
SALARIES:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Commissioner	- - -	- - -	1,800 - -	- -	1,800 - -
Two Registrars, at 1,000 *l.* each	- - -	- - -	2,000 - -	- -	2,000 - -
Official Assignee	- - -	- - -	1,000 - -	- -	1,000 - -
Messenger	- - -	- - -	400 - -	- -	400 - -
Two Ushers, at 80 *l.* each	- - -	- - -	160 - -	- -	160 - -
Payments for Rent, Coals, Candles, Repairs, &c.	- - -	- - -	344 3 4	- -	344 3 4
Payments by the Official Assignees for Salaries of Clerks, Rent of Offices, Books, Stationery, &c.	- - -	- - -	844 9 7	- -	844 9 7
Payments by the Messenger for Salaries of Clerks, and for Books, Stationery, &c.	- - -	- - -	1,625 15 7	- -	1,625 15 7
£.	- - -	- - -	8,174 8 6	- -	8,174 8 6

COURT OF BANKRUPTCY FOR THE NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE DISTRICT.

Salaries.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Commissioner	- - -	- - -	1,800 - -*	- - -	1,800 - -
Registrar	- - -	- - -	1,000 - -	- - -	1,000 - -
Official Assignee	- - -	- - -	800 - -	- - -	800 - -
Messenger	- - -	- - -	400 - -*	- - -	400 - -
Usher	- - -	- - -	80 - -	- - -	80 - -
Payments of Rent, and other Expenses of the Rooms used for the Court and Offices:—					
Rent and taxes	- - -	- - -	237 1 8	- - -	237 1 8
Other expenses	- - -	- - -	109 5 2†	- - -	109 5 2
Payment by the Official Assignee:					
For Salaries of Clerks, Rent of Offices, Books, Stationery, &c.	- -	- -	819 12 10‡	- -	819 12 10
Payment by the Messenger:					
For Salary of Clerk, and for Books and Stationery, &c.	- - -	- - -	150 19 11‡	- - -	150 19 11
£.	- -	- -	5,396 19 7	- -	5,396 19 7

* The Messenger is not paid, as the other Officers of the Court are paid, out of "the Chief Registrar's Fund," but retains this 400 *l.* annually, besides his expenses, out of the fees derived from estates in respect of his services, and pays the difference (if any) to "the Chief Registrar's Fund."

† In these Expenses, 50 *l.* a year, paid for providing services of Court-keeper and Laundress, is included.

‡ These accounts are ascertained to 11th April in each year, and the year ending 11th April 1866 has been taken for the present Return, as the proportion to 31st March could not be given.

ABSTRACT.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Court of Bankruptcy in — London (page 56)	- -	3,428 4 -	60,410 11 8	- -	63,838 15 8
Birmingham (page 58)	- -	- -	12,463 8 1	- -	12,463 8 1
Bristol (page 58)	- -	- -	5,842 - 4	- -	5,842 - 4
Exeter (page 59)	- -	- -	5,397 - 8	- -	5,397 - 8
Leeds (page 61)	- -	- -	12,992 2 10	- -	12,992 2 10
Liverpool (page 62)	- -	- -	6,181 16 6	- -	6,181 16 6
Manchester (page 62)	- -	- -	8,174 8 6	- -	8,174 8 6
Newcastle-on-Tyne (above)	- -	- -	5,396 19 7	- -	5,396 19 7
£.	- -	3,428 4 -	116,858 8 2	- -	120,286 12 2

COURT OF BANKRUPTCY AND INSOLVENCY (IRELAND).

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
SALARIES:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Two Judges	- -	- -	4,000 - -	- -	4,000 - -
One Chief Registrar	- -	- -	800 - -	- -	800 - -
One Chief Clerk	- -	- -	650 - -	- -	650 - -
Two Assistant Registrars	- -	- -	800 - -	- -	800 - -
One Deputy Registrar	- -	- -	200 - -	- -	200 - -
One Clerk, Town and County Department in Insolvency	- -	- -	350 - -	- -	350 - -
One Clerk	- -	- -	150 - -	- -	150 - -
Two Clerks	- -	- -	250 - -	- -	250 - -
Two Messengers	- -	- -	500 - -	- -	500 - -
Court Expenses, pursuant to 84th sect. of 20 & 21 Vict. c. 60	- -	- -	400 - -	- -	400 - -
TOTAL £.	- -	- -	8,100 - -	- -	8,100 - -

Pursuant to the 20 & 21 Vict. c. 60, s. 79, these Salaries are paid in the first instance out of the Bankruptcy Fee Fund Account, and if that shall prove deficient, then out of the Suitors' Fee Fund Account of the Court of Chancery, and in the event of both funds proving deficient, the deficiency to be paid out of such funds as Parliament shall from time to time provide for the purpose.

COUNTY COURTS DEPARTMENT.

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 1.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
ALNWICK:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	47 - -	88 - -	- -	135 - -
Rents	- -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
Court Books	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Stationery	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
BELFORD:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	102 - -	18 - -	- -	120 - -
Rents	- -	14 - -	- -	- -	14 - -
Court Books	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
BELLINGHAM:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	90 - -	30 - -	- -	120 - -
Rents	- -	14 - -	- -	- -	14 - -
Court Books	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
BERWICK:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	46 - -	79 - -	- -	125 - -
Rent	- -	13 - -	- -	- -	13 - -
Court Books	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Printed Forms	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
GATESHEAD:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	464 - -	- -	464 - -
Rents	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Court Books	- -	13 - -	- -	- -	13 - -
Printed Forms	- -	12 - -	- -	- -	12 - -
Stationery	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Incidentals	- -	19 - -	- -	- -	19 - -
HEXHAM:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	140 - -	- -	140 - -
Rents	- -	18 - -	- -	- -	18 - -
Court Books	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
MORPETH:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	195 - -	- -	195 - -
Rents	- -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
Court Books	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Printed Forms	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Stationery	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
NEWCASTLE:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	708 - -	- -	708 - -
Usher	- -	103 - -	- -	- -	103 - -
Housekeeper	- -	40 - -	- -	- -	40 - -
Rents	- -	31 - -	- -	- -	31 - -
Court Books	- -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Printed Forms	- -	46 - -	- -	- -	46 - -
Stationery	- -	29 - -	- -	- -	29 - -
Incidentals	- -	43 - -	- -	- -	43 - -
Carried forward £.	- -	813 - -	1,722 - -	- -	2,535 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 1—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - -	- -	813 - -	1,722 - -	- -	2,535 - -
NORTH SHIELDS:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	380 - -	- -	380 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	42 - -	- -	- -	42 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	14 - -	- -	- -	14 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
ROTHBURY:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	101 - -	19 - -	- -	120 - -
Rents - - - - - -	- -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
WOOLER:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	80 - -	40 - -	- -	120 - -
Rent - - - - - -	- -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
High Bailiff of Circuit and his Assistant - - - -	- -	1,402 - -	401 - -	- -	1,803 - -
Judge of Circuit - { Salary - -	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,730 - -
Judge of Circuit - { Travelling Expenses	- -	230 - -	- -	- -	
Totals - - - £.	1,500 - -	2,758 - -	2,562 - -	- -	6,820 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 2.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
BISHOP AUCKLAND:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	476 - -	- -	476 - -
Rent - - - - - -	- -	35 - -	- -	- -	35 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	16 - -	- -	- -	16 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
DURHAM:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	608 - -	- -	608 - -
Usher - - - - - -	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Rent - - - - - -	- -	28 - -	- -	- -	28 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	16 - -	- -	- -	16 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	26 - -	- -	- -	26 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	23 - -	- -	- -	23 - -
Carried forward - - - £.	- -	183 - -	1,084 - -	- -	1,267 - -

COUNTY COURTS—CIRCUIT 2—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- - -	183 - -	1,084 - -	- -	1,267 - -
HARTLEPOOL:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- -	336 - -	- -	336 - -
Rent	- - -	26 - -	- -	- -	26 - -
Court Books	- - -	16 - -	- -	- -	16 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	12 - -	- -	- -	12 - -
Stationery	- - -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- - -	12 - -	- -	- -	12 - -
SEAHAM HARBOUR:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	41 - -	224 - -	- -	265 - -
Usher	- - -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Rents	- - -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Court Books	- - -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Stationery	- - -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals	- - -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
SHOTLEY BRIDGE:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- -	428 - -	- -	428 - -
Rent	- - -	60 - -	- -	- -	60 - -
Court Books	- - -	18 - -	- -	- -	18 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Stationery	- - -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals	- - -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
SOUTH SHIELDS:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- -	404 - -	- -	404 - -
Usher	- - -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Rents	- - -	50 - -	- -	- -	50 - -
Court Books	- - -	18 - -	- -	- -	18 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	14 - -	- -	- -	14 - -
Stationery	- - -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Incidentals	- - -	14 - -	- -	- -	14 - -
SUNDERLAND:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- -	756 - -	- -	756 - -
Usher	- - -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Housekeeper	- - -	25 - -	- -	- -	25 - -
Rent	- - -	27 - -	- -	- -	27 - -
Court Books	- - -	31 - -	- -	- -	31 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	26 - -	- -	- -	26 - -
Stationery	- - -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- - -	22 - -	- -	- -	22 - -
WOLSINGHAM:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	47 - -	83 - -	- -	130 - -
Rents	- - -	16 - -	- -	- -	16 - -
Court Books	- - -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Stationery	- - -	—	—	—	—
Incidentals	- - -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
High Bailiff of Circuit and his Assistants	- - -	191 - -	1,958 - -	- -	2,149 - -
Judge of Circuit — Salary	- - - 1,500 - -	- -			
Judge of Circuit — Travelling Expenses	- -	200 - -	- -	- -	1,700 - -
TOTALS	£. 1,500 - -	1,147 - -	5,273 - -	- -	7,920 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 3.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses; charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
ALSTON:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	86 2 9	33 17 3	- -	120 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	47 11 8	- -	- -	47 11 8
Rents	- - -	22 - -	- -	- -	22 - -
Court Books	- - -	5 13 3	- -	- -	5 13 3
Printed Forms	- - -	1 8 4	- -	- -	1 8 4
Stationery	- - -	- 12 8	- -	- -	- 12 8
Incidentals	- - -	1 6 4	- -	- -	1 6 4
AMBLESIDE:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	54 10 -	65 10 -	- -	120 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	90 13 1	- -	- -	90 13 1
Rents	- - -	36 - -	- -	- -	36 - -
Court Books	- - -	5 13 3	- -	- -	5 13 3
Printed Forms	- - -	1 13 10	- -	- -	1 13 10
Stationery	- - -	1 6 9	- -	- -	1 6 9
Incidentals	- - -	3 - 7	- -	- -	3 - 7
APPLEBY:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	47 14 9	72 5 3	- -	120 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	65 11 8	- -	- -	65 11 8
Rents	- - -	13 19 -	- -	- -	13 19 -
Court Books	- - -	5 15 1	- -	- -	5 15 1
Printed Forms	- - -	- 18 11	- -	- -	- 18 11
Stationery	- - -	- 17 1	- -	- -	- 17 1
Incidentals	- - -	1 18 9	- -	- -	1 18 9
BRAMPTON:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	27 16 3	127 3 9	- -	155 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	90 18 1	- -	- -	90 18 1
Rents	- - -	22 15 -	- -	- -	22 15 -
Court Books	- - -	6 11 9	- -	- -	6 11 9
Printed Forms	- - -	1 13 3	- -	- -	1 13 3
Stationery	- - -	4 4 4	- -	- -	4 4 4
Incidentals	- - -	3 10 11	- -	- -	3 10 11
CARLISLE:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- -	352 - -	- -	352 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	25 2 8	189 8 6	- -	214 11 2
Ushers	- - -	4 4 -	- -	- -	4 4 -
Rents	- - -	41 12 -	- -	- -	41 12 -
Court Books	- - -	9 18 9	- -	- -	9 18 9
Printed Forms	- - -	5 - 6	- -	- -	5 - 6
Stationery	- - -	3 17 9	- -	- -	3 17 9
Incidentals	- - -	11 18 10	- -	- -	11 18 10
COCKERMOUTH:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- -	380 - -	- -	380 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	302 15 2	74 6 -	- -	377 1 2
Rents	- - -	40 - -	- -	- -	40 - -
Court Books	- - -	6 6 1	- -	- -	6 6 1
Printed Forms	- - -	7 17 6	- -	- -	7 17 6
Stationery	- - -	9 2 5	- -	- -	9 2 5
Incidentals	- - -	10 14 11	- -	- -	10 14 11
Carried forward	- - - £.	1,130 7 11	1,294 10 9	- -	2,424 18 8

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 3—*continued.*

——	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	- -	1,130 7 11	1,294 10 9	- -	2,424 18 8
HALTWHISTLE:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	72 - -	48 - -	- -	120 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	21 - -	- -	- -	21 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidental expenses - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
KESWICK:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	55 11 6	64 8 6	- -	120 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	54 18 6	- -	- -	54 18 6
Rents - - - - -	- -	22 - -	- -	- -	22 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	5 13 3	- -	- -	5 13 3
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	1 14 3	- -	- -	1 14 3
Stationery - - - - -	- -	1 1 1	- -	- -	1 1 1
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	1 19 8	- -	- -	1 19 8
KENDAL:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	245 - -	- -	245 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	114 16 10	26 17 -	- -	141 13 10
Rents - - - - -	- -	30 - -	- -	- -	30 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	6 5 1	- -	- -	6 5 1
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	3 6 2	- -	- -	3 6 2
Stationery - - - - -	- -	2 12 1	- -	- -	2 12 1
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	7 8 5	- -	- -	7 8 5
KIRKBY LONSDALE:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	22 9 -	122 11 -	- -	145 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	104 17 7	- -	- -	104 17 7
Rents - - - - -	- -	31 - -	- -	- -	31 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	5 15 1	- -	- -	5 15 1
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	1 4 1	- -	- -	1 4 1
Stationery - - - - -	- -	1 14 2	- -	- -	1 14 2
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	3 16 10	- -	- -	3 16 10
PENRITH:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	225 - -	- -	225 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	122 14 2	30 4 3	- -	152 18 5
Rents - - - - -	- -	22 16 -	- -	- -	22 16 -
Court Books - - - -	- -	10 14 10	- -	- -	10 14 10
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	4 18 1	- -	- -	4 18 1
Stationery - - - - -	- -	3 7 11	- -	- -	3 7 11
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	6 11 11	- -	- -	6 11 11
SETTLE:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	91 - -	29 - -	- -	120 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	47 - -	- -	- -	47 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	23 - -	- -	- -	23 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
ULVERSTONE:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	428 - -	- -	428 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	130 10 5	255 15 -	- -	386 5 5
Rents - - - - -	- -	35 - -	- -	- -	35 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	7 14 7	- -	- -	7 14 7
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	7 14 8	- -	- -	7 14 8
Stationery - - - - -	- -	4 18 9	- -	- -	4 18 9
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	12 13 6	- -	- -	12 13 6
Carried forward - - - £.	- -	2,253 6 4	2,769 6 6	- -	5,022 12 10

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 3—*continued.*

—	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	- -	2,253 6 4	2,769 6 6	- -	5,022 12 10
WHITEHAVEN:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	524 - -	- -	524 - -
High Bailiff - - - - -	- -	303 6 5	210 3 9	- -	513 10 2
Ushers - - - - - -	- -	2 4 -	- -	- -	2 4 -
Rents - - - - - -	- -	101 6 10	- -	- -	101 6 10
Court Books - - - -	- -	13 17 1	- -	- -	13 17 1
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	11 11 6	- -	- -	11 11 6
Stationery - - - - -	- -	3 9 9	- -	- -	3 9 9
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	18 18 3	- -	- -	18 18 3
WIGTON:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	205 - -	- -	205 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	147 3 11	23 9 6	- -	170 13 5
Rents - - - - - -	- -	19 11 6	- -	- -	19 11 6
Court Books - - - -	- -	6 19 9	- -	- -	6 19 9
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	2 8 7	- -	- -	2 8 7
Stationery - - - - -	- -	5 8 9	- -	- -	5 8 9
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	3 14 8	- -	- -	3 14 8
Judge of Circuit - { Salary - - -	1,500 - -	-	- -	- -	1,950 - -
Judge of Circuit - { Travelling Expenses	- -	450 - -			
Totals - - - £.	1,500 - -	3,343 7 4	3,731 19 9	- -	8,575 7 1

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 4.

—	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
BLACKBURN:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	792 - -	- -	792 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	- -	562 10 -	- -	562 10 -
Assistant Bailiffs - - -	- -	55 - -	- -	- -	55 - -
Ushers - - - - - -	- -	9 4 -	- -	- -	9 4 -
Rents - - - - - -	- -	46 11 7	- -	- -	46 11 7
Court Books - - - -	- -	26 14 1	- -	- -	26 14 1
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	16 9 3	- -	- -	16 9 3
Stationery - - - - -	- -	17 12 1	- -	- -	17 12 1
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	36 1 9	- -	- -	36 1 9
CHORLEY:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	284 - -	- -	284 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	91 7 7	101 18 3	- -	193 5 10
Usher - - - - - -	- -	4 10 -	- -	- -	4 10 -
Rent - - - - - -	- -	43 - -	- -	- -	43 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	6 14 9	- -	- -	6 14 9
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	4 13 5	- -	- -	4 13 5
Stationery - - - - -	- -	4 19 9	- -	- -	4 19 9
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	25 11 1	- -	- -	25 11 1
GARSTANG:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	83 4 6	36 15 6	- -	120 - -
High Bailiff's Assistants - -	- -	22 10 -	- -	- -	22 10 -
Rents - - - - - -	- -	12 - -	- -	- -	12 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	5 13 3	- -	- -	5 13 3
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	1 1 6	- -	- -	1 1 6
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	1 3 9	- -	- -	1 3 9
Carried forward - -	- -	514 2 4	1,777 3 9	- -	2,291 6 1

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 4—*continued.*

—	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- - -	514 2 4	1,777 3 9	- -	2,291 6 1
HASLINGDEN AND ACCRINGTON:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	372 - -	- -	372 - -
Rents	- -	45 - -	- -	- -	45 - -
Court Books	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Printed Forms	- -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
Stationery	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals	- -	40 - -	- -	-	40 - -
KIRKHAM:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	56 17 6	63 2 6	- -	120 - -
High Bailiff's Assistants	- -	30 - -	- -	- -	30 - -
Rents	- -	14 - -	- -	- -	14 - -
Court Books	- -	8 - 1	- -	- -	8 - 1
Printed Forms	- -	1 12 8	- -	- -	1 12 8
Stationery	- -	- 12 5	- -	- -	- 12 5
Incidentals	- -	2 9 2	- -	- -	2 9 2
LANCASTER:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	10 7 -	184 13 -	- -	195 - -
High Bailiff's Assistants	- -	60 - -	- -	- -	60 - -
Rents	- -	23 - -	- -	- -	23 - -
Court Books	- -	6 6 1	- -	- -	6 6 1
Printed Forms	- -	1 12 5	- -	- -	1 12 5
Stationery	- -	1 - 5	- -	- -	1 - 5
Incidentals	- -	5 13 7	- -	- -	5 13 7
POULTON-LE-FYLDE:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	1 16 9	188 3 3	- -	190 - -
High Bailiff's Assistants	- -	40 - -	- -	- -	40 - -
Rents	- -	30 - -	- -	- -	30 - -
Court Books	- -	6 6 1	- -	- -	6 6 1
Printed Forms	- -	4 8 6	- -	- -	4 8 6
Stationery	- -	1 19 9	- -	- -	1 19 9
Incidentals	- -	4 11 -	- -	- -	4 11 -
PRESTON:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	436 - -	- -	436 - -
High Bailiff's Assistants	- -	- -	120 - -	- -	120 - -
Ushers	- -	12 15 -	- -	- -	12 15 -
Rents	- -	57 8 6	- -	- -	57 8 6
Court Books	- -	7 9 9	- -	- -	7 9 9
Printed Forms	- -	8 14 4	- -	- -	8 14 4
Stationery	- -	2 13 11	- -	- -	2 13 11
Incidentals	- -	25 16 7	- -	- -	25 16 7
Judge of Circuit - Salary	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,750 - -
Judge of Circuit - Travelling Expenses	- -	250 - -			
Totals £.	1,500 - -	1,298 13 10	3,141 2 6	- -	5,939 16 4

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 5.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
BACUP:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	392 - -	- -	392 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	- - -	265 - -	- -	265 - -
Rents	- - -	44 - -	- -	- -	44 - -
Court Books	- - -	17 - -	- -	- -	17 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	18 - -	- -	- -	18 - -
Stationery	- - -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Incidentals	- - -	38 - -	- -	- -	38 - -
OLDHAM:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	636 - -	- -	636 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	89 - -	346 - -	- -	435 - -
Rents	- - -	53 - -	- -	- -	53 - -
Court Books	- - -	22 - -	- -	- -	22 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	21 - -	- -	- -	21 - -
Stationery	- - -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Incidentals	- - -	47 - -	- -	- -	47 - -
ROCHDALE:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	612 - -	- -	612 - -
High Bailiff, Rochdale and Haslingden.	- -	- -	437 - -	- -	437 - -
Rochdale:					
First Under Bailiff	- -	58 - -	12 - -	- -	70 - -
Second Under Bailiff	- -	60 - -	- -	- -	60 -
Haslingden:					
Under Bailiff	- - -	80 - -	- -	- -	80 - -
Keeping Order in Court	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Rents	- - -	62 - -	- -	- -	62 - -
Court Books	- - -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	33 - -	- -	- -	33 - -
Stationery	- - -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals	- - -	61 - -	- -	- -	61 - -
SADDLEWORTH:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	19 - -	111 - -	- -	130 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	64 - -	- -	- -	64 - -
Rents	- - -	21 - -	- -	- -	21 - -
Court Books	- - -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Stationery	- - -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 -
Incidentals	- - -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
SALFORD:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	700 - -	- -	700 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	- - -	700 - -	- -	700 - -
Registrar's Clerks	- - -	- - -	750 - -	- -	750 - -
High Bailiff's Assistants	- -	- -	226 12 -	- -	226 12 -
Ushers	- - -	80 - -	- -	- -	80 - -
Rents	- - -	77 7 8	- -	- -	77 7 8
Court Books	- - -	43 - 3	- -	- -	43 - 3
Printed Forms	- - -	7 5 3	- -	- -	7 5 3
Stationery	- - -	25 2 11	- -	- -	25 2 11
Incidentals	- - -	112 3 4	- -	- -	112 3 4
Judge of Circuit - Salary	1,500 - -	- - -	- -	- -	2,000 - -
Judge of Circuit - Travelling Expenses	- -	500 - -			
TOTALS £.	1,500 - -	1,698 19 5	5,187 12 -	- -	8,386 11 5

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 6.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
LIVERPOOL:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	700 - -	- -	700 - -
Registrar's Clerks	- -	- -	1,897 11 1	- -	1,897 11 1
High Bailiff	- - -	- - -	700 - -	- -	700 - -
High Bailiff's Assistants	- -	- -	1,020 10 4	- -	1,020 10 4
Usher and Servants	- -	347 5 -	- -	- -	347 5 -
Rent	- - - -	450 - -	- -	- -	450 - -
Court Books	- - -	74 4 9	- -	- -	74 4 9
Printed Forms	- - -	141 14 10	- -	- -	141 14 10
Stationery	- - - -	44 18 5	- -	- -	44 18 5
Incidentals	- - - -	702 14 8	- -	- -	702 14 8
ORMSKIRK:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- -	288 - -	- -	288 - -
High Bailiff	- - - -	146 7 3	125 - 6	- -	271 7 9
Usher	- - - -	4 4 6	- -	- -	4 4 6
Rent	- - - - -	22 - -	- -	- -	22 - -
Court Books	- - -	6 9 1	- -	- -	6 9 1
Printed Forms	- - -	10 8 5	- -	- -	10 8 5
Stationery	- - - -	2 12 8	- -	- -	2 12 8
Incidentals	- - - -	75 6 8	- -	- -	75 6 8
ST. HELEN'S:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- -	640 - -	- -	640 - -
High Bailiff	- - - -	15 10 8	597 8 6	- -	612 19 2
Usher	- - - -	10 18 -	- -	- -	10 18 -
Rent	- - - - -	41 - -	- -	- -	41 - -
Court Books	- - -	22 11 3	- -	- -	22 11 3
Printed Forms	- - -	19 10 6	- -	- -	19 10 6
Stationery	- - - -	10 2 6	- -	- -	10 2 6
Incidentals	- - - -	175 19 9	- -	- -	175 19 9
(2) Judges of Circuit — Salaries	- - 3,000 - -	- -	- -	- -	3,310 - -
(2) Judges of Circuit — Travelling Expenses	- -	310 - -			
Totals	£. 3,000 - -	2,633 18 11	5,968 10 5	- -	11,602 9 4

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 7.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
ALTRINCHAM:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- -	288 - -	- -	288 - -
High Bailiff's Assistants	- -	61 10 3	68 9 9	- -	130 - -
Rents	- - - - -	38 13 9	- -	- -	38 13 9
Court Books	- - - -	13 3 -	- -	- -	13 3 -
Printed Forms	- - - -	8 1 2	- -	- -	8 1 2
Stationery	- - - -	2 6 4	- -	- -	2 6 4
Incidentals	- - - -	13 19 1	- -	- -	13 19 1
BIRKENHEAD:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- -	650 - -	- -	650 - -
Registrar's Clerks	- - -	- -	310 7 -	- -	310 7 -
High Bailiff	- - - -	- -	550 - -	- -	550 - -
High Bailiff's Assistants	- -	- -	335 8 -	- -	335 8 -
Rents	- - - - -	139 9 -	- -	- -	139 9 -
Court Books	- - -	46 13 -	- -	- -	46 13 -
Printed Forms	- - - -	67 10 6	- -	- -	67 10 6
Stationery	- - - -	6 2 6	- -	- -	6 2 6
Incidentals	- - - -	89 12 8	- -	- -	89 12 8
Carried forward	£. - -	487 1 3	2,202 4 9	- -	2,689 6 -

COUNTY COURTS—CIRCUIT 7—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- -	487 1 3	2,202 4 9	- -	2,689 6 -
CHESTER:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	388 - -	- -	388 - -
High Bailiff	- -	76 2 11	178 - -	- -	254 2 11
Rents	- -	50 16 4	- -	- -	50 16 4
Court Books	- -	9 1 -	- -	- -	9 1 -
Printed Forms	- -	16 13 10	- -	- -	16 13 10
Stationery	- -	8 13 11	- -	- -	8 13 11
Incidentals	- -	16 7 -	- -	- -	16 7 -
NANTWICH AND CREWE:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	428 - -	- -	428 - -
High Bailiff	- -	251 15 -	133 8 -	- -	385 3 -
Rents	- -	70 - -	- -	- -	70 - -
Court Books	- -	10 15 -	- -	- -	10 15 -
Printed Forms	- -	23 - 8	- -	- -	23 - 8
Stationery	- -	1 12 2	- -	- -	1 12 2
Incidentals	- -	16 7 6	- -	- -	16 7 6
NORTHWICH:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	496 - -	- -	496 - -
High Bailiff	- -	214 5 1	219 19 3	- -	434 4 4
Ushers	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Rents	- -	45 - -	- -	- -	45 - -
Court Books	- -	15 5 7	- -	- -	15 5 7
Printed Forms	- -	12 13 10	- -	- -	12 13 10
Stationery	- -	14 8 9	- -	- -	14 8 9
Incidentals	- -	18 6 3	- -	- -	18 6 3
OSWESTRY:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	2 - -	213 - -	- -	215 - -
High Bailiff	- -	136 - -	- -	- -	136 - -
Usher	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Court Cleaner	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Rents	- -	25 - -	- -	- -	25 - -
Court Books	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
Printed Forms	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Stationery	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Incidentals	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
RUNCORN:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	356 - -	- -	356 - -
High Bailiff	- -	114 13 4	116 11 9	- -	231 5 1
Rents	- -	36 8 -	- -	- -	36 8 -
Court Books	- -	9 9 -	- -	- -	9 9 -
Printed Forms	- -	20 5 -	- -	- -	20 5 -
Stationery	- -	3 12 10	- -	- -	3 12 10
Incidentals	- -	11 9 4	- -	- -	11 9 4
WARRINGTON:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	680 - -	- -	680 - -
High Bailiff's Assistants	- -	- -	241 16 -	- -	241 16 -
Rents	- -	25 2 9	- -	- -	25 2 9
Court Books	- -	6 9 6	- -	- -	6 9 6
Printed Forms	- -	26 3 4	- -	- -	26 3 4
Stationery	- -	10 11 7	- -	- -	10 11 7
Incidentals	- -	58 10 6	- -	- -	58 10 6
WHITCHURCH:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	11 - -	144 - -	- -	155 - -
High Bailiff	- -	85 - -	- -	- -	85 - -
Usher	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Rents	- -	57 - -	- -	- -	57 - -
Books	- -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
Forms	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Stationery	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Judge of Circuit - Salary	1,800 - -	- -	- -	- -	2,050 - -
Judge of Circuit - Travelling Expenses	- -	250 - -			
TOTALS £.	1,800 - -	2,315 1 3	5,796 19 9	- -	9,912 1 -

COUNTY COURT—Circuit 8.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
MANCHESTER:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	700 - -	- -	700 - -
Registrar's Clerks	- - -	- - -	1,510 - -	- -	1,510 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	- - -	700 - -	- -	700 - -
High Bailiff's Assistants	- - -	- - -	894 8 -	- -	894 8 -
Ushers and Servants	- - -	195 7 5	- -	- -	195 7 5
Rent	- - -	370 8 4	- -	- -	370 8 4
Court Books	- - -	51 16 -	- -	- -	51 16 -
Printed Forms	- - -	97 6 3	- -	- -	97 6 3
Stationery	- - -	51 13 8	- -	- -	51 13 8
Incidentals	- - -	312 3 11	- -	- -	312 3 11
Judge of Circuit - Salary	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,500 - -
Judge of Circuit - Travelling Expenses	- -	- Nil -			
Totals £.	1,500 - -	1,078 15 7	3,804 8 -	- -	6,383 3 7

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 9.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
ASHTON-UNDER-LYNE:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	778 - -	- -	778 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	115 15 6	387 14 6	- -	503 10 -
Rents	- - -	65 - -	- -	- -	65 - -
Court Books	- - -	26 12 5	- -	- -	26 12 5
Printed Forms	- - -	28 15 2	- -	- -	28 15 2
Stationery	- - -	14 3 7	- -	- -	14 3 7
Incidentals	- - -	44 6 11	- -	- -	44 6 11
CHAPEL-EN-LE-FRITH:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	240 - -	- -	240 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	41 - 3	48 19 9	- -	90 - -
Ushers	- - -	36 - -	- -	- -	36 - -
Rents	- - -	26 - -	- -	- -	26 - -
Court Books	- - -	9 12 6	- -	- -	9 12 6
Printed Forms	- - -	6 11 4	- -	- -	6 11 4
Stationery	- - -	2 9 11	- -	- -	2 9 11
Incidentals	- - -	7 17 5	- -	- -	7 17 5
CONGLETON AND SANDBACH:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	432 - -	- -	432 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	275 1 3	59 5 -	- -	334 6 3
Rents	- - -	27 - -	- -	- -	27 - -
Court Books	- - -	12 - 6	- -	- -	12 - 6
Printed Forms	- - -	25 15 6	- -	- -	25 15 6
Stationery	- - -	5 16 9	- -	- -	5 16 9
Incidentals	- - -	13 12 6	- -	- -	13 12 6
Carried forward £.	- -	783 11 6	1,945 19 3	- -	2,729 10 9

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 9—*continued.*

——	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	- -	783 11 6	1,945 19 3	- -	2,729 10 9
GLOSSOP:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	225 - -	- -	225 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	93 19 6	15 14 9	- -	109 14 3
Rents - - - - -	- -	44 - -	- -	- -	44 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	10 6 6	- -	- -	10 6 6
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	7 13 2	- -	- -	7 13 2
Stationery - - - - -	- -	4 15 11	- -	- -	4 15 11
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	13 7 1	- -	- -	13 7 1
HYDE:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	496 - -	- -	496 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	162 1 10	126 13 6	- -	288 15 4
Rents - - - - -	- -	27 10 -	- -	- -	27 10 -
Court Books - - - -	- -	14 11 -	- -	- -	14 11 -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	13 4 -	- -	- -	13 4 -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	3 17 4	- -	- -	3 17 4
Incidentals - - - -	- -	16 16 4	- -	- -	16 16 4
MACCLESFIELD:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	500 - -	- -	500 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	220 7 6	86 9 9	- -	306 17 3
Ushers - - - - -	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	50 - -	- -	- -	50 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	7 18 3	- -	- -	7 18 3
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	29 4 8	- -	- -	29 4 8
Stationery - - - - -	- -	8 7 11	- -	- -	8 7 11
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	30 16 10	- -	- -	30 16 10
STOCKPORT:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	708 - -	- -	708 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	77 8 3	323 6 8	- -	400 14 11
Ushers - - - - -	- -	3 5 -	- -	- -	3 5 -
Rents - - - - -	- -	55 - -	- -	- -	55 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	19 5 2	- -	- -	19 5 2
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	24 18 11	- -	- -	24 18 11
Stationery - - - - -	- -	2 6 6	- -	- -	2 6 6
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	35 - 7	- -	- -	35 - 7
Judge of Circuit - { Salary - - -	1,800 - -	- -	- -	- -	2,040 - -
Judge of Circuit - { Travelling Expenses	- -	240 - -			
Total - - - £.	1,800 - -	2,004 13 9	4,427 3 11	- -	8,231 17 8

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 10.

——	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
BOLTON:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	725 - -	- -	725 - -
Registrar's Assistants - - -	- -	- -	475 - -	- -	475 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	- -	612 10 -	- -	612 10 -
High Bailiff's Assistants - -	- -	- -	318 10 6	- -	318 10 6
Usher - - - - -	- -	6 8 -	- -	- -	6 8 -
Rent - - - - - -	- -	79 - -	- -	- -	79 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	46 4 1	- -	- -	46 4 1
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	52 6 -	- -	- -	52 6 -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	12 2 9	- -	- -	12 2 9
Incidentals - - - -	- -	229 2 5	- -	- -	229 2 5
Carried forward - - - £.	- -	425 3 3	2,131 - 6	- -	2,556 3 9

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 10—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- - -	425 3 3	2,131 - 6	- -	2,556 3 9
BURY:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	-	740 - -	- -	740 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	-	577 - -	- -	577 - -
Rents	- - -	47 - -	-	- -	47 - -
Court Books	- - -	26 - -	-	- -	26 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	33 - -	-	- -	33 - -
Stationery	- - -	8 - -	-	- -	8 - -
Incidentals	- - -	92 - -	-	- -	92 - -
LEITH:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	-	384 - -	- -	384 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	115 13 5	210 15 9	- -	326 9 2
Usher	- - -	- 16 -	-	- -	- 16 -
Rent	- - -	60 3 6	-	- -	60 3 6
Court Books	- - -	18 12 3	-	- -	18 12 3
Printed Forms	- - -	16 18 6	-	- -	16 18 6
Stationery	- - -	3 7 2	-	- -	3 7 2
Incidentals	- - -	57 - 4	-	- -	57 - 4
WIGAN:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	-	650 - -	- -	650 - -
Registrar Assistants	- - -	-	100 - -	- -	100 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	-	550 - -	- -	550 - -
High Bailiff Assistants	- - -	-	288 16 6	- -	288 16 6
Rent	- - -	100 - -	-	- -	100 - -
Court Books	- - -	32 12 7	-	- -	32 12 7
Printed Forms	- - -	36 17 6	-	- -	36 17 6
Stationery	- - -	7 9 1	-	- -	7 9 1
Incidentals	- - -	177 14 6	-	- -	177 14 6
Judge of Circuit - { Salary	- - 1,500 - -	-	-	- -	1,670 - -
Judge of Circuit - { Travelling Expenses	- -	170 - -			
TOTAL	- - - £. 1,500 - -	1,428 8 1	5,631 12 9	- -	8,560 - 10

BRADFORD (YORKSHIRE) COUNTY COURT—Circuit 11.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
BRADFORD:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- - -	-	650 - -	- -	650 - -
Registrar Clerks	- - -	-	312 - -	- -	312 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	-	550 - -	- -	550 - -
Under Bailiffs	- - -	-	335 - -	- -	335 - -
Keeping Order in Court	- -	29 - -	-	- -	29 - -
Rents	- - -	149 - -	-	- -	149 - -
Court Books	- - -	16 - -	-	- -	16 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	32 - -	-	- -	32 - -
Stationery	- - -	14 - -	-	- -	14 - -
Incidentals	- - -	59 - -	-	- -	59 - -
BURNLEY.					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	-	240 - -	- -	240 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	8 9 7	131 11 6	- -	140 1 1
Ushers	- - -	3 6 -	-	- -	3 6 -
Rents	- - -	29 - -	-	- -	29 - -
Court Books	- - -	5 16 -	-	- -	5 16 -
Printed Forms	- - -	2 9 3	-	- -	2 9 3
Stationery	- - -	2 4 6	-	- -	2 4 6
Incidentals	- - -	11 - 2	-	- -	11 - 2
Carried forward	- - - £. - -	361 5 6	2,218 11 6	- -	2,579 17 -

COUNTY COURTS—CIRCUIT 11—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	- -	361 5 6	2,218 11 6	- -	2,579 17 -
CLITHEROE:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	31 8 6	123 11 6	- -	155 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	84 12 2	- -	- -	84 12 2
Rents - - - - -	- -	21 1 6	- -	- -	21 1 6
Court Books - - - -	- -	5 15 1	- -	- -	5 15 1
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	2 2 8	- -	- -	2 2 8
Stationery - - - - -	- -	1 14 11	- -	- -	1 14 11
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	6 17 10	- -	- -	6 17 10
COLNE:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	68 6 -	51 14 -	- -	120 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	49 4 3	- -	- -	49 4 3
Rents - - - - -	- -	22 18 -	- -	- -	22 18 -
Court Books - - - -	- -	5 13 3	- -	- -	5 13 3
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	2 - 9	- -	- -	2 - 9
Stationery - - - - -	- -	- 18 8	- -	- -	- 18 8
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	1 17 1	- -	- -	1 17 1
KEIGHLEY:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	240 - -	- -	240 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	105 - -	31 - -	- -	136 - -
Keeping order in Court - -	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	22 - -	- -	- -	22 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	16 - -	- -	- -	16 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
OTLEY:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	220 - -	- -	220 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	109 17 -	34 19 -	- -	144 16 -
Usher - - - - -	- -	4 2 6	- -	- -	4 2 6
Rents, &c. - - - - -	- -	38 14 -	- -	- -	38 14 -
Court Books - - - -	- -	11 16 3	- -	- -	11 16 3
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	3 13 6	- -	- -	3 13 6
Stationery - - - - -	- -	3 3 6	- -	- -	3 3 6
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	7 - 10	- -	- -	7 - 10
SKIPTON:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	3 - -	157 - -	- -	160 -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	98 - -	- -	- -	98 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	27 - -	- -	- -	27 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
TODMORDEN:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	235 - -	- -	235 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	115 - -	17 - -	- -	132 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	33 - -	- -	- -	33 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Judge of Circuit - { Salary - - -	1,500 - -	- - -	- -	- -	1,750 - -
Judge of Circuit - { Travelling Expenses	- -	250 - -			
TOTALS - - - £.	1,500 - -	1,569 3 9	3,328 16 -	- -	6,397 19 9

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 12.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
DEWSBURY:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	650 - -	- -	650 - -
Registrar's Assistants	- - -	- - -	276 14 -	- -	276 14 -
High Bailiff	- - -	- - -	550 - -	- -	550 - -
High Bailiff's Assistants	- - -	- - -	340 - -	- -	340 - -
Courtkeeper	- - -	30 - -	- -	- -	30 - -
Rents, &c.	- - -	46 5 10	- -	- -	46 5 10
Court Books	- - -	42 18 6	- -	- -	42 18 6
Printed Forms	- - -	27 - 6	- -	- -	27 - 6
Stationery	- - -	21 5 8	- -	- -	21 5 8
Incidentals	- - -	72 - 3	- -	- -	72 - 3
HALIFAX:					
Registrars, Salaries	- - -	- - -	650 - -	- -	650 - -
Clerks	- - -	- - -	422 - -	- -	422 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	- - -	550 - -	- -	550 - -
Under Bailiffs	- - -	- - -	284 - -	- -	284 - -
Rents	- - -	80 - -	- -	- -	80 - -
Court Books	- - -	17 - -	- -	- -	17 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	37 - -	- -	- -	37 - -
Stationery	- - -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals	- - -	55 - -	- -	- -	55 - -
HOLMFIRTH:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	225 - -	- -	225 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	77 - -	60 - -	- -	137 - -
Rents	- - -	39 - -	- -	- -	39 - -
Court Books	- - -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Stationery	- - -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals	- - -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
HUDDERSFIELD:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	844 - -	- -	844 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	- - -	632 - -	- -	632 - -
Rents	- - -	89 - -	- -	- -	89 - -
Court Books	- - -	24 - -	- -	- -	24 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	26 - -	- -	- -	26 - -
Stationery	- - -	22 - -	- -	- -	22 - -
Incidentals	- - -	43 - -	- -	- -	43 - -
Judge of Circuit - Salary	- - - 1,800 - -	- - -	- -	- -	1,950 - -
Judge of Circuit - Travelling Expenses	- -	150 - -			
TOTALS £.	1,800 - -	920 10 9	5,483 14 -	- -	8,204 4 9

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 13.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
ROTHERHAM:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrars, Salaries	- - -	- - -	652 - -	- -	652 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	71 12 10	487 17 6	- -	559 10 4
Usher, &c.	- - -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
Rents, &c.	- - -	48 8 9	- -	- -	48 8 9
Court Books	- - -	33 12 -	- -	- -	33 12 -
Printed Forms	- - -	16 4 -	- -	- -	16 4 -
Stationery	- - -	7 6 -	- -	- -	7 6 -
Incidentals	- - -	42 7 5	- -	- -	42 7 5
Carried forward £.	- -	230 11 -	1,139 17 6	- -	1,370 8 6

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 13—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	- -	230 11 –	1,139 17 6	- -	1,370 8 6
SHEFFIELD:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	1,473 16 2	- -	1,473 16 2
Clerks - - - - -	- -	- -	887 2 11	- -	887 2 11
High Bailiff - - - - -	- -	- -	700 – –	- -	700 – –
Assistants - - - - -	- -	- -	639 – 10	- -	639 – 10
Usher - - - - -	- -	109 5 –	- -	- -	109 5 –
Rents - - - - -	- -	428 7 8	- -	- -	428 7 8
Court Books - - - -	- -	94 1 11	- -	- -	94 1 11
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	74 1 6	- -	- -	74 1 6
Stationery - - - - -	- -	49 15 8	- -	- -	49 15 8
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	158 8 6	- -	- -	158 8 6
Judge of Circuit - { Salary - - -	1,500 – –	- -	- -	- -	1,620 – –
Judge of Circuit - { Travelling Expenses	- -	120 – –			
TOTAL - - - £.	1,500 – –	1,264 11 3	4,839 17 5	- -	7,604 8 8

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 14.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
BARNSLEY:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	772 – –	- -	772 – –
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	148 1 2	615 4 9	- -	763 5 11
Court Keeper - - - -	- -	30 – –	- -	- -	30 – –
Rents - - - - -	- -	37 19 –	- -	- -	37 19 –
Court Books - - - -	- -	30 16 3	- -	- -	30 16 3
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	20 8 2	- -	- -	20 8 2
Stationery - - - - -	- -	13 18 5	- -	- -	13 18 5
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	64 8 4	- -	- -	64 8 4
GOOLE:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	200 – –	- -	200 – –
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	125 3 3	3 9 3	- -	128 12 6
Usher - - - - -	- -	1 10 –	- -	- -	1 10 –
Rents - - - - -	- -	13 – –	- -	- -	13 – –
Court Books - - - -	- -	5 – –	- -	- -	5 – –
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	– 10 6	- -	- -	– 10 6
Stationery - - - - -	- -	3 10 6	- -	- -	3 10 6
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	5 3 7	- -	- -	5 3 7
LEEDS:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	700 – –	- -	700 – –
Assistants - - - - -	- -	- -	787 13 10	- -	787 13 10
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	- -	675 – –	- -	675 – –
Assistants - - - - -	- -	- -	500 – –	- -	500 – –
Crier - - - - - -	- -	156 – –	- -	- -	156 – –
Court Keeper - - - -	- -	35 – –	- -	- -	35 – –
Rents - - - - -	- -	50 5 9	- -	- -	50 5 9
Court Books - - - -	- -	48 7 10	- -	- -	48 7 10
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	47 8 2	- -	- -	47 8 2
Stationery - - - - -	- -	21 19 4	- -	- -	21 19 4
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	159 10 1	- -	- -	159 10 1
Carried forward - - - £.	- -	1,018 – 4	4,253 7 10	- -	5,271 8 2

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 14—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	- -	1,018 - 4	4,253 7 10	- -	5,271 8 2
PONTEFRACT:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	440 - -	- -	440 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	110 7 8	332 19 9	- -	443 7 5
Usher - - - - -	- -	2 2 -	- -	- -	2 2 -
Rents - - - - -	- -	24 - -	- -	- -	24 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	7 15 9	- -	- -	7 15 9
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	4 1 6	- -	- -	4 1 6
Stationery - - - - -	- -	5 17 7	- -	- -	5 17 7
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	41 15 1	- -	- -	41 15 1
WAKEFIELD:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	584 - -	- -	584 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	49 13 8	425 15 8	- -	475 9 4
Usher - - - - -	- -	3 6 6	- -	- -	3 6 6
Rents - - - - -	- -	52 10 11	- -	- -	52 10 11
Court Books - - - -	- -	19 15 6	- -	- -	19 15 6
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	22 14 5	- -	- -	22 14 5
Stationery - - - - -	- -	7 1 4	- -	- -	7 1 4
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	35 1 10	- -	- -	35 1 10
Judge of Circuit - { Salary - - -	1,800 - -	- -	- -	- -	2,080 - -
Judge of Circuit - { Travelling Expenses	- -	280 - -			
Totals - - - £.	1,800 - -	1,684 4 1	6,036 3 3	- -	9,520 7 4

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 15.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
BARNARD CASTLE:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	4 - -	171 - -	- -	175 - -
High Bailiff. *See* Stockton.					
Rent - - - - - -	- -	30 - -	- -	- -	30 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
DARLINGTON:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	392 - -	- -	392 - -
High Bailiff. *See* Stockton.					
Usher - - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	16 - -	- -	- -	16 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	16 - -	- -	- -	16 - -
EASINGWOLD:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	56 19 3	63 - 9	- -	120 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	26 18 5	- -	- -	26 18 5
Usher - - - - -	- -	1 10 -	-	- -	1 10 -
Rents - - - - -	- -	15 7 -	- -	- -	15 7 -
Court Books - - - -	- -	5 - 6	- -	- -	5 - 6
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	- 18 -	- -	- -	- 18 -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	3 12 10	- -	- -	3 12 10
Carried forward - - - £.	- -	232 6 -	626 - 9	- -	858 6 9

COUNTY COURTS—CIRCUIT 15—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- -	232 6 -	626 - 9	- -	858 6 9
HELMSLEY:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	23 17 -	106 3 -	- -	130 - -
High Bailiff	- -	74 8 9	- -	- -	74 8 9
Usher	- -	- 15 -	- -	- -	- 15 -
Rents	- -	17 10 -	- -	- -	17 10 -
Court Books	- -	5 6 6	- -	- -	5 6 6
Printed Forms	- -	2 18 6	- -	- -	2 18 6
Stationery	- -	- 3 4	- -	- -	- 3 4
Incidentals	- -	3 14 9	- -	- -	3 14 9
KNARESBRO':					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	245 - -	- -	245 - -
High Bailiff	- -	13 17 -	59 14 9	- -	73 11 9
Usher	- -	4 10 -	- -	- -	4 10 -
Rents, &c.	- -	22 - -	- -	- -	22 - -
Court Books	- -	6 13 -	- -	- -	6 13 -
Printed Forms	- -	1 18 -	- -	- -	1 18 -
Stationery	- -	5 2 9	- -	- -	5 2 9
Incidentals	- -	9 15 8	- -	- -	9 15 8
LEYBURN:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	25 1 9	114 18 3	- -	140 - -
High Bailiff	- -	53 5 2	- -	- -	53 5 2
Usher	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Rents, &c.	- -	21 6 -	- -	- -	21 6 -
Court Books	- -	5 - 6	- -	- -	5 - 6
Printed Forms	- -	1 15 -	- -	- -	1 15 -
Stationery	- -	4 12 -	- -	- -	4 12 -
Incidentals	- -	4 8 7	- -	- -	4 8 7
NORTHALLERTON:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	170 - -	- -	170 - -
High Bailiff	- -	88 3 2	19 12 -	- -	107 15 2
Usher	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Rents	- -	14 - -	- -	- -	14 - -
Court Books	- -	4 18 3	- -	- -	4 18 3
Printed Forms	- -	1 14 4	- -	- -	1 14 4
Stationery	- -	- 4 -	- -	- -	- 4 -
Incidentals	- -	5 7 10	- -	- -	5 7 10
RICHMOND:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	170 - -	- -	170 - -
High Bailiff	- -	100 14 9	1 9 -	- -	102 3 9
Usher	- -	1 16 -	- -	- -	1 16 -
Rents	- -	13 - -	- -	- -	13 - -
Court Books	- -	6 5 6	- -	- -	6 5 6
Printed Forms	- -	4 3 6	- -	- -	4 3 6
Stationery	- -	- 18 9	- -	- -	- 18 9
Incidentals	- -	4 - 5	- -	- -	4 - 5
RIPON:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	34 15 3	155 4 9	- -	190 - -
High Bailiff	- -	56 8 5	- -	- -	56 8 5
Usher	- -	4 10 -	- -	- -	4 10 -
Rents, &c.	- -	26 10 -	- -	- -	26 10 -
Court Books	- -	8 14 -	- -	- -	8 14 -
Printed Forms	- -	3 16 7	- -	- -	3 16 7
Stationery	- -	1 12 -	- -	- -	1 12 -
Incidentals	- -	7 19 -	- -	- -	7 19 -
Carried forward £.	- -	933 17 -	1,668 2 6	- -	2,601 19 6

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 15—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- - -	933 17 -	1,668 2 6	- -	2,601 19 6
STOCKTON AND MIDDLESBOROUGH:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	-	888 - -	- -	888 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	1,113 - -	- -	- -	1,113 - -
Housekeeper	- - -	25 - -	- -	- -	25 - -
Rent	- - -	41 - -	- -	- -	41 - -
Court Books	- - -	24 - -	- -	- -	24 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	36 - -	- -	- -	36 - -
Stationery	- - -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Incidentals	- - -	34 - -	- -	- -	34 - -
STOKESLEY:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	4 3 -	293 17 -	- -	298 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	269 4 2	- -	- -	269 4 2
Usher	- - -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Rents	- - -	25 - -	- -	- -	25 - -
Court Books	- - -	17 11 -	- -	- -	17 11 -
Printed Forms	- - -	9 6 -	- -	- -	9 6 -
Stationery	- - -	4 14 3	- -	- -	4 14 3
Incidentals	- - -	6 12 -	- -	- -	6 12 -
TADCASTER:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	-	205 - -	- -	205 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	33 11 9	42 9 -	- -	76 - 9
Usher	- - -	2 5 -	- -	- -	2 5 -
Rents, &c.	- - -	26 - -	- -	- -	26 - -
Court Books	- - -	15 1 -	- -	- -	15 1 -
Printed Forms	- - -	5 2 6	- -	- -	5 2 6
Stationery	- - -	5 5 8	- -	- -	5 5 8
Incidentals	- - -	16 2 8	- -	- -	16 2 8
THIRSK:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	19 7 -	120 13 -	- -	140 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	71 6 3	- -	- -	71 6 3
Usher	- - -	1 10 -	- -	- -	1 10 -
Rents	- - -	11 10 -	- -	- -	11 10 -
Court Books	- - -	6 16 6	- -	- -	6 16 6
Printed Forms	- - -	1 5 6	- -	- -	1 5 6
Stationery	- - -	1 5 3	- -	- -	1 5 3
Incidentals	- - -	3 1 4	- -	- -	3 1 4
YORK:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	-	360 - -	- -	360 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	-	172 18 1	- -	172 18 1
Usher	- - -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Rents	- - -	67 17 -	- -	- -	67 17 -
Court Books	- - -	8 15 -	- -	- -	8 15 -
Printed Forms	- - -	9 1 -	- -	- -	9 1 -
Stationery	- - -	6 8 5	- -	- -	6 8 5
Incidentals	- - -	14 16 6	- -	- -	14 16 6
Judge of Circuit - Salary	1,800 - -	-	- -	- -	2,300 - -
Judge of Circuit - Travelling Expenses	- -	500 - -			
Totals £.	1,800 - -	3,384 15 9	3,750 19 7	- -	8,935 15 4

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 16.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
BEVERLEY:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- - -	19 5 9	175 14 3	- -	195 - -
Assistant Bailiff	- - -	65 - -	- -	- -	65 - -
Usher	- - -	3 10 -	- -	- -	3 10 -
Rents	- - -	14 2 -	- -	- -	14 2 -
Court Books	- - -	8 9 9	- -	- -	8 9 9
Printed Forms	- - -	2 14 8	- -	- -	2 14 8
Stationery	- - -	2 8 1	- -	- -	2 8 1
Incidentals	- - -	3 14 2	- -	- -	3 14 2
BRIDLINGTON:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	37 7 -	82 13 -	- -	120 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	63 6 -	- -	- -	63 6 -
Usher	- - -	2 10 -	- -	- -	2 10 -
Rents	- - -	17 3 1	- -	- -	17 3 1
Court Books	- - -	4 18 3	- -	- -	4 18 3
Printed Forms	- - -	2 3 -	- -	- -	2 3 -
Stationery	- - -	1 12 9	- -	- -	1 12 9
Incidentals	- - -	2 8 10	- -	- -	2 8 10
GREAT DRIFFIELD:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	26 18 6	128 1 6	- -	155 - -
Assistant Bailiff	- - -	45 - -	- -	- -	45 - -
Usher	- - -	2 10 -	- -	- -	2 10 -
Rents	- - -	25 - -	- -	- -	25 - -
Court Books	- - -	11 11 -	- -	- -	11 11 -
Printed Forms	- - -	1 12 10	- -	- -	1 12 10
Stationery	- - -	2 9 -	- -	- -	2 9 -
Incidentals	- - -	2 17 3	- -	- -	2 17 3
HEDON:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	30 10 3	104 9 9	- -	135 - -
Assistant Bailiff	- - -	45 - -	- -	- -	45 - -
Usher	- - -	2 10 -	- -	- -	2 10 -
Rents	- - -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Court Books	- - -	5 17 -	- -	- -	5 17 -
Printed Forms	- - -	1 12 6	- -	- -	1 12 6
Stationery	- - -	- 7 9	- -	- -	- 7 9
Incidentals	- - -	1 18 9	- -	- -	1 18 9
HOWDEN:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	38 18 6	116 1 6	- -	155 - -
Assistant Bailiff	- - -	55 - -	- -	- -	55 - -
Usher	- - -	2 10 -	- -	- -	2 10 -
Rents	- - -	14 17 6	- -	- -	14 17 6
Court Books	- - -	7 17 -	- -	- -	7 17 -
Printed Forms	- - -	1 15 6	- -	- -	1 15 6
Stationery	- - -	2 3 -	- -	- -	2 3 -
Incidentals	- - -	3 1 -	- -	- -	3 1 -
KINGSTON-UPON-HULL:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- -	718 - -	- -	718 - -
Clerks	- - -	- -	440 - -	- -	440 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	129 5 9	420 14 3	- -	550 - -
Assistant Bailiff	- - -	180 - -	- -	- -	180 - -
Usher	- - -	26 - -	- -	- -	26 - -
Rents	- - -	68 - -	- -	- -	68 - -
Court Books	- - -	29 8 9	- -	- -	29 8 9
Printed Forms	- - -	22 11 9	- -	- -	22 11 9
Stationery	- - -	8 13 1	- -	- -	8 13 1
Incidentals	- - -	41 9 5	- -	- -	41 9 5
Carried forward £.	- -	1,097 19 5	2,185 14 3	- -	3,283 13 8

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 16—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	- -	1,097 19 5	2,185 14 3	- -	3,283 13 8
NEW MALTON:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	2 0 3	182 10 9	- -	185 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	183 1 10	- -	- -	183 1 10
Usher - - - - -	- -	6 17 6	- -	- -	6 17 6
Rents - - - - -	- -	21 7 6	- -	- -	21 7 6
Court Books - - - -	- -	7 - 6	- -	- -	7 - 6
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	3 10 6	- -	- -	3 10 6
Stationery - - - - -	- -	1 15 9	- -	- -	1 15 9
Incidentals - - - -	- -	5 16 3	- -	- -	5 16 3
POCKLINGTON:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	46 17 6	73 2 6	- -	120 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	63 10 11	- -	- -	63 10 11
Usher - - - - -	- -	2 10 -	- -	- -	2 10 -
Rents - - - - -	- -	16 - -	- -	- -	16 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	4 19 -	- -	- -	4 19 -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	1 12 6	- -	- -	1 12 6
Stationery - - - - -	- -	1 5 9	- -	- -	1 5 9
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	1 13 7	- -	- -	1 13 7
SCARBOROUGH:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	220 - -	- -	220 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	101 7 7	22 9 9	- -	123 17 4
Usher - - - - -	- -	5 10 -	- -	- -	5 10 -
Rents - - - - -	- -	23 - -	- -	- -	23 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	7 15 9	- -	- -	7 15 9
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	2 13 4	- -	- -	2 13 4
Stationery - - - - -	- -	1 14 9	- -	- -	1 14 9
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	6 19 8	- -	- -	6 19 8
SELBY:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	11 11 6	153 8 6	- -	165 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	91 2 2	- -	- -	91 2 2
Usher - - - - -	—	—	—	—	—
Rents, &c. - - - - -	- -	22 10 -	- -	- -	22 10 -
Court Books - - - -	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	4 1 4	- -	- -	4 1 4
Stationery - - - - -	- -	- 4 6	- -	- -	- 4 6
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	7 12 10	- -	- -	7 12 10
WHITBY:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	195 - -	- -	195 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	157 17 8	5 18 -	- -	163 15 8
Usher - - - - -	- -	5 10 -	- -	- -	5 10 -
Rents - - - - -	- -	17 17 -	- -	- -	17 17 -
Court Books - - - -	- -	12 3 6	- -	- -	12 3 6
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	4 1 -	- -	- -	4 1 -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	2 12 6	- -	- -	2 12 6
Incidentals - - - -	- -	4 17 -	- -	- -	4 17 -
Judge of Circuit - {Salary - - -	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,840 - -
Judge of Circuit - {Travelling Expenses	- -	340 - -			
TOTALS - - - £.	1,500 - -	2,308 9 10	3,038 3 9	- -	6,846 13 7

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 17.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
BARTON-ON-HUMBER:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- -	22 2 6	162 17 6	- -	185 - -
High Bailiff	- -	119 11 4	- -	- -	119 11 4
Usher	- -	- 18 -	- -	- -	- 18 -
Rents	- -	10 5 -	- -	- -	10 5 -
Court Books	- -	4 18 3	- -	- -	4 18 3
Printed Forms	- -	4 5 10	- -	- -	4 5 10
Stationery	- -	- 8 6	- -	- -	- 8 6
Incidentals	- -	4 - 2	- -	- -	4 - 2
BOSTON:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	344 - -	- -	344 - -
Assistant Bailiffs	- -	- -	104 - -	- -	104 - -
Rents	- -	40 - -	- -	- -	40 - -
Court Books	- -	13 - 6	- -	- -	13 - 6
Printed Forms	- -	11 7 9	- -	- -	11 7 9
Stationery	- -	1 10 6	- -	- -	1 10 6
Incidentals	- -	22 13 -	- -	- -	22 13 -
BRIGG:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	23 6 3	156 13 9	- -	180 - -
Assistant Bailiff	- -	52 - -	- -	- -	52 - -
Usher	- -	- 15 -	- -	- -	- 15 -
Rents	- -	14 - -	- -	- -	14 - -
Court Books	- -	3 11 6	- -	- -	3 11 6
Printed Forms	- -	4 4 -	- -	- -	4 4 -
Stationery	- -	- 4 -	- -	- -	- 4 -
Incidentals	- -	18 14 8	- -	- -	18 14 8
CAISTOR:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	55 18 6	84 1 6	- -	140 - -
Assistant Bailiff	- -	52 - -	- -	- -	52 - -
Rents	- -	29 7 -	- -	- -	29 7 -
Court Books	- -	5 10 3	- -	- -	5 10 3
Printed Forms	- -	1 9 4	- -	- -	1 9 4
Stationery	- -	- 2 4	- -	- -	- 2 4
Incidentals	- -	136 6 6	- -	- -	136 6 6
GAINSBOROUGH:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	316 - -	- -	316 - -
Assistant Bailiff	- -	- -	100 - -	- -	100 - -
Usher	- -	1 18 6	- -	- -	1 18 6
Rents	- -	29 - -	- -	- -	29 - -
Court Books	- -	10 3 3	- -	- -	10 3 3
Printed Forms	- -	15 8 3	- -	- -	15 8 3
Stationery	- -	6 6 9	- -	- -	6 6 9
Incidentals	- -	10 17 9	- -	- -	10 17 9
GRIMSBY:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	308 - -	- -	308 - -
Assistant Bailiff	- -	15 3 6	64 16 6	- -	80 - -
Rents	- -	71 19 5	- -	- -	71 19 5
Court Books	- -	10 16 4	- -	- -	10 16 4
Printed Forms	- -	8 7 6	- -	- -	8 7 6
Stationery	- -	- 19 6	- -	- -	- 19 6
Incidentals	- -	10 12 7	- -	- -	10 12 7
Carried forward £.	- -	844 4 -	1,640 9 3	- -	2,484 13 3

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 17—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- - -	844 4 -	1,640 9 3	- -	2,484 13 3
HORNCASTLE:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	21 17 3	153 2 9	- -	175 - -
Assistant Bailiff	- - -	77 - -	- -	- -	77 - -
Usher	- - -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Rents	- - -	11 8 6	- -	- -	11 8 6
Court Books	- - -	3 13 3	- -	- -	3 13 3
Printed Forms	- - -	7 15 6	- -	- -	7 15 6
Stationery	- - -	1 3 3	- -	- -	1 3 3
Incidentals	- - -	103 18 1	- -	- -	103 18 1
LINCOLN:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- -	560 - -	- -	560 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	408 16 9	216 3 3	- -	625 - -
Assistant Bailiff	- - -	199 10 -	- -	- -	199 10 -
Usher	- - -	8 5 -	- -	- -	8 5 -
Rents	- - -	27 17 8	- -	- -	27 17 8
Court Books	- - -	29 19 6	- -	- -	29 19 6
Printed Forms	- - -	28 1 6	- -	- -	28 1 6
Stationery	- - -	20 1 1	- -	- -	20 1 1
Incidentals	- - -	26 16 7	- -	- -	26 16 7
LOUTH:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	12 2 9	192 17 3	- -	205 - -
Assistant Bailiff	- - -	80 - -	- -	- -	80 - -
Rents	- - -	17 3 4	- -	- -	17 3 4
Court Books	- - -	6 2 9	- -	- -	6 2 9
Printed Forms	- - -	3 2 10	- -	- -	3 2 10
Stationery	- - -	- 15 6	- -	- -	- 15 6
Incidentals	- - -	84 19 9	- -	- -	84 19 9
MARKET RASEN:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	28 12 6	171 7 6	- -	200 - -
Assistant Bailiff	- - -	72 - -	- -	- -	72 - -
Usher	- - -	1 16 -	- -	- -	1 16 -
Rents	- - -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Court Books	- - -	6 19 3	- -	- -	6 19 3
Printed Forms	- - -	5 18 10	- -	- -	5 18 10
Stationery	- - -	- 18 6	- -	- -	- 18 6
Incidentals	- - -	8 2 11	- -	- -	8 2 11
SLEAFORD:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	31 12 -	188 8 -	- -	220 - -
Assistant Bailiff	- - -	65 - -	- -	- -	65 - -
Rents	- - -	20 10 -	- -	- -	20 10 -
Court Books	- - -	2 5 3	- -	- -	2 5 3
Printed Forms	- - -	4 2 7	- -	- -	4 2 7
Stationery	- - -	1 11 -	- -	- -	1 11 -
Incidentals	- - -	7 2 10	- -	- -	7 2 10
SPILSBY:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- -	185 - -	- -	185 - -
Assistant Bailiffs	- - -	89 1 6	9 14 6	- -	98 16 -
Usher	- - -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Rents	- - -	16 - -	- -	- -	16 - -
Court Books	- - -	7 11 9	- -	- -	7 11 9
Printed Forms	- - -	5 10 -	- -	- -	5 10 -
Stationery	- - -	2 8 6	- -	- -	2 8 6
Incidentals	- - -	14 7 1	- -	- -	14 7 1
Judge of Circuit - Salary	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,820 - -
Judge of Circuit - Travelling Expenses	- -	320 - -			
TOTALS £.	1,500 - -	2,755 5 4	3,317 2 6	- -	7,572 7 10

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 18.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
BINGHAM:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	57 3 9	62 16 3	- -	120 - -
Assistant Bailiffs	- -	41 12 -	- -	- -	41 12 -
Rents	- -	16 12 -	- -	- -	16 12 -
Court Books	- -	3 16 4	- -	- -	3 16 4
Printed Forms	- -	3 5 -	- -	- -	3 5 -
Stationery	- -	- 6 4	- -	- -	- 6 4
Incidentals	- -	2 15 4	- -	- -	2 15 4
DONCASTER:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	328 - -	- -	328 - -
High Bailiff	- -	138 19 6	187 2 9	- -	326 2 3
Usher	- -	5 10 -	- -	- -	5 10 -
Rents, &c.	- -	40 - -	- -	- -	40 - -
Court Books	- -	12 13 -	- -	- -	12 13 -
Printed Forms	- -	8 - 3	- -	- -	8 - 3
Stationery	- -	12 15 6	- -	- -	12 15 6
Incidentals	- -	38 4 3	- -	- -	38 4 3
EAST RETFORD:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	195 - -	- -	195 - -
High Bailiff	- -	79 7 1	64 18 -	- -	144 5 1
Usher	- -	1 10 -	- -	- -	1 10 -
Rents	- -	14 5 6	- -	- -	14 5 6
Court Books	- -	10 10 11	- -	- -	10 10 11
Printed Forms	- -	5 - 10	- -	- -	5 - 10
Stationery	- -	6 16 5	- -	- -	6 16 5
Incidentals	- -	14 3 4	- -	- -	14 3 4
MANSFIELD:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	20 14 3	234 5 9	- -	255 - -
Assistant Bailiff	- -	83 4 -	- -	- -	83 4 -
Rents	- -	27 - 8	- -	- -	27 - 8
Court Books	- -	7 2 4	- -	- -	7 2 4
Printed Forms	- -	6 7 -	- -	- -	6 7 -
Stationery	- -	1 9 1	- -	- -	1 9 1
Incidentals	- -	10 3 9	- -	- -	10 3 9
NEWARK:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	352 - -	- -	352 - -
High Bailiff	- -	245 15 11	137 4 -	- -	382 19 11
Rents	- -	17 15 -	- -	- -	17 15 -
Court Books	- -	9 9 5	- -	- -	9 9 5
Printed Forms	- -	10 18 9	- -	- -	10 18 9
Stationery	- -	3 6 6	- -	- -	3 6 6
Incidentals	- -	15 3 9	- -	- -	15 3 9
NOTTINGHAM:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	700 - -	- -	700 - -
Assistants	- -	- -	589 18 -	- -	589 18 -
High Bailiff	- -	- -	625 - -	- -	625 - -
Assistants	- -	- -	590 15 6	- -	590 15 6
Rents	- -	156 3 4	- -	- -	156 3 4
Court Books	- -	64 19 8	- -	- -	64 19 8
Printed Forms	- -	77 2 -	- -	- -	77 2 -
Stationery	- -	27 2 8	- -	- -	27 2 8
Incidentals	- -	70 17 9	- -	- -	70 17 9
Carried forward £.	- -	1,368 3 2	4,067 - 3	- -	5,435 3 5

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 18—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- -	1,368 3 2	4,067 - 3	- -	5,435 3 5
THORNE:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	205 - -	- -	205 - -
High Bailiff	- -	180 10 -	5 15 -	- -	186 5 -
Usher	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Rents, &c.	- -	13 8 6	- -	- -	13 8 6
Court Books	- -	9 4 6	- -	- -	9 4 6
Printed Forms	- -	2 5 6	- -	- -	2 5 6
Stationery	- -	4 5 9	- -	- -	4 5 9
Incidentals	- -	11 17 7	- -	- -	11 17 7
WORKSOP:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	245 - -	- -	245 - -
High Bailiff	- -	177 12 1	25 14 3	- -	203 6 4
Usher	- -	1 10 -	- -	- -	1 10 -
Rents	- -	30 12 -	- -	- -	30 12 -
Court Books	- -	8 2 3	- -	- -	8 2 3
Printed Forms	- -	6 12 10	- -	- -	6 12 10
Stationery	- -	5 3 6	- -	- -	5 3 6
Incidentals	- -	11 5 9	- -	- -	11 5 9
Judge of Circuit - Salary	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,660 - -
Judge of Circuit - Travelling Expenses	- -	160 - -			
Totals £.	1,500 - -	1,993 13 5	4,548 9 6	- -	8,042 2 11

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 19.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
ALFRETON:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	660 - -	- -	660 - -
Usher	- -	4 10 -	- -	- -	4 10 -
Rents	- -	67 11 7	- -	- -	67 11 7
Court Books	- -	13 - 3	- -	- -	13 - 3
Printed Forms	- -	21 1 3	- -	- -	21 1 3
Stationery	- -	7 16 8	- -	- -	7 16 8
Incidentals	- -	78 15 -	- -	- -	78 15 -
ASHBORNE:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	14 1 -	175 19 -	- -	190 - -
Usher	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Rents	- -	52 19 -	- -	- -	52 19 -
Court Books	- -	10 11 9	- -	- -	10 11 9
Printed Forms	- -	17 8 5	- -	- -	17 8 5
Stationery	- -	6 12 3	- -	- -	6 12 3
Incidentals	- -	9 9 6	- -	- -	9 9 6
BAKEWELL:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	250 - -	- -	250 - -
Usher	- -	1 10 -	- -	- -	1 10 -
Rents	- -	41 7 -	- -	- -	41 7 -
Court Books	- -	1 1 3	- -	- -	1 1 3
Printed Forms	- -	- 1 -	-	- -	- 1 -
Stationery	- -	1 12 5	- -	- -	1 12 5
Incidentals	- -	9 11 -	- -	- -	9 11 -
Carried forward £.	- -	361 19 4	1,085 19 -	- -	1,447 18 4

COUNTY COURTS—CIRCUIT 19—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- - -	361 19 4	1,085 19 -	- -	1,447 18 4
BELPER:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	512 - -	- -	512 - -
High Bailiff	- -	246 3 -	202 17 -	- -	449 - -
Ushers	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Rents	- -	42 - -	- -	- -	42 - -
Court Books	- -	9 10 8	- -	- -	9 10 8
Printed Forms	- -	25 16 2	- -	- -	25 16 2
Stationery	- -	1 19 -	- -	- -	1 19 -
Incidentals	- -	37 - -	- -	- -	37 - -
BURTON-ON-TRENT:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	672 - -	- -	672 - -
High Bailiff	- -	370 - -	222 - -	- -	592 - -
Usher	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Rents	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Court Books	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Printed Forms	- -	17 - -	- -	- -	17 - -
Stationery	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Incidentals	- -	24 - -	- -	- -	24 - -
CHESTERFIELD:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	808 - -	- -	808 - -
High Bailiff	- -	82 13 -	577 19 -	- -	660 12 -
Usher	- -	5 10 -	- -	- -	5 10 -
Rents	- -	108 4 10	- -	- -	108 4 10
Court Books	- -	31 4 3	- -	- -	31 4 3
Printed Forms	- -	24 16 4	- -	- -	24 16 4
Stationery	- -	7 7 4	- -	- -	7 7 4
Incidentals	- -	65 - -	- -	- -	65 - -
DERBY:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	964 - -	- -	964 - -
High Bailiff	- -	330 13 8	504 17 3	- -	835 10 11
Ushers	- -	8 15 -	- -	- -	8 15 -
Rents	- -	37 1 6	- -	- -	37 1 6
Court Books	- -	24 13 -	- -	- -	24 13 -
Printed Forms	- -	35 14 4	- -	- -	35 14 4
Stationery	- -	9 10 6	- -	- -	9 10 6
Incidentals	- -	35 10 -	- -	- -	35 10 -
WIRKSWORTH:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	235 - -	- -	235 - -
High Bailiff	- -	521 4 6	438 15 6	- -	960 - -
Usher	- -	60 - -	- -	- -	60 - -
Rents	- -	22 1 6	- -	- -	22 1 6
Court Books	- -	6 6 -	- -	- -	6 6 -
Printed Forms	- -	4 3 6	- -	- -	4 3 6
Stationery	- -	7 - 1	- -	- -	7 - 1
Incidentals	- -	13 1 -	- -	- -	13 1 -
Judge of Circuit - Salary	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,840 - -
Judge of Circuit - Travelling Expenses	- -	340 - -			
TOTALS £.	1,500 - -	2,949 18 6	6,223 7 9	- -	10,673 6 3

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 20.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
ASHBY-DE-LA-ZOUCH:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	352 - -	- -	352 - -
High Bailiff	- -	242 - -	90 - -	- -	332 - -
Usher	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Rents	- -	25 - -	- -	- -	25 - -
Court Books	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
Printed Forms	- -	21 - -	- -	- -	21 - -
Stationery	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Incidentals	- -	21 - -	- -	- -	21 - -
GRANTHAM:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	424 - -	- -	424 - -
High Bailiff	- -	- -	390 15 6	- -	390 15 6
Rents	- -	21 6 -	- -	- -	21 6 -
Court Books	- -	4 6 9	- -	- -	4 6 9
Printed Forms	- -	12 16 10	- -	- -	12 16 10
Stationery	- -	4 11 8	- -	- -	4 11 8
Incidentals	- -	33 7 -	- -	- -	33 7 -
HINCKLEY:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	45 - -	95 - -	- -	140 - -
High Bailiff	- -	72 - -	- -	- -	72 - -
Rents	- -	27 - -	- -	- -	27 - -
Court Books	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Printed Forms	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Stationery	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
LEICESTER:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	1,032 - -	- -	1,032 - -
High Bailiff	- -	147 - -	624 - -	- -	771 - -
Usher	- -	19 - -	- -	- -	19 - -
Rents	- -	45 - -	- -	- -	45 - -
Court Books	- -	28 - -	- -	- -	28 - -
Printed Forms	- -	28 - -	- -	- -	28 - -
Stationery	- -	19 - -	- -	- -	19 - -
Incidentals	- -	49 - -	- -	- -	49 - -
LOUGHBOROUGH:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	560 - -	- -	560 - -
High Bailiff	- -	330 - -	254 - -	- -	584 - -
Usher	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Rents	- -	32 - -	- -	- -	32 - -
Court Books	- -	21 - -	- -	- -	21 - -
Printed Forms	- -	23 - -	- -	- -	23 - -
Stationery	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Incidentals	- -	24 - -	- -	- -	24 - -
LUTTERWORTH:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	39 - -	141 - -	- -	180 - -
High Bailiff	- -	128 - -	- -	- -	128 - -
Ushers	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Rents	- -	28 - -	- -	- -	28 - -
Court Books	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Printed Forms	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Incidentals	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Carried forward £.	- -	1,564 8 3	3,962 15 6	- -	5,527 3 9

COUNTY COURTS—CIRCUIT 20—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- -	1,564 8 3	3,962 15 6	- -	5,527 3 9
MARKET BOSWORTH:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	27 - -	123 - -	- -	150 - -
High Bailiff	- -	100 - -	- -	- -	100 - -
Rents	- -	23 - -	- -	- -	23 - -
Court Books	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Printed Forms	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
MARKET HARBOROUGH:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	12 - -	188 - -	- -	200 - -
High Bailiff	- -	132 - -	- -	- -	132 - -
Usher	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Rents	- -	30 - -	- -	- -	30 - -
Court Books	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Printed Forms	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Stationery	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
MELTON MOWBRAY:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	22 - -	168 - -	- -	190 - -
High Bailiff	- -	144 - -	- -	- -	144 - -
Usher	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Rents	- -	27 - -	- -	- -	27 - -
Court Books	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Printed Forms	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Stationery	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
NUNEATON:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	6 - -	310 - -	- -	316 - -
High Bailiff	- -	208 - -	- -	- -	208 - -
Usher	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Rents	- -	27 - -	- -	- -	27 - -
Court Books	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Printed Forms	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Stationery	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
Incidentals	- -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
OAKHAM:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	54 - -	101 - -	- -	155 - -
High Bailiff	- -	90 - -	- -	- -	90 - -
Rents	- -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Court Books	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Printed Forms	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Stationery	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
UPPINGHAM:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	7 - -	173 - -	- -	180 - -
High Bailiff	- -	128 - -	- -	- -	128 - -
Rents	- -	22 - -	- -	- -	22 - -
Court Books	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Printed Forms	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Stationery	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Judge of Circuit - Salary	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,800 - -
Judge of Circuit - Travelling Expenses	- -	300 - -			
TOTALS £.	1,500 - -	3,063 8 3	5,025 15 6	- -	9,589 3 9

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 21.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
ATHERSTONE:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- - -	32 - -	158 - -	- -	190 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	104 - -	- -	- -	104 - -
Rents	- - -	30 - -	- -	- -	30 - -
Court Books	- - -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Stationery	- - -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals	- - -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
BIRMINGHAM:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- -	850 - -	- -	850 - -
Assistant Clerks	- - -	- -	1,387 - -	- -	1,387 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	- -	700 - -	- -	700 - -
High Bailiff's Assistants	- -	- -	914 - -	- -	914 - -
Usher	- - -	60 - -	- -	- -	60 - -
Housekeepers	- - -	100 - -	- -	- -	100 - -
Doorkeeper	- - -	24 - -	- -	- -	24 - -
Rents	- - -	164 - -	- -	- -	164 - -
Court Books	- - -	88 - -	- -	- -	88 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	194 - -	- -	- -	194 - -
Stationery	- - -	27 - -	- -	- -	27 - -
Incidentals	- - -	261 - -	- -	- -	261 - -
TAMWORTH:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	15 - -	165 - -	- -	180 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	103 - -	- -	- -	103 - -
Usher	- - -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Rents	- - -	21 - -	- -	- -	21 - -
Court Books	- - -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Stationery	- - -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals	- - -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Judge of Circuit - Salary	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,600 - -
Judge of Circuit - Travelling Expenses	- -	100 - -			
Totals £.	1,500 - -	1,357 - -	4,174 - -	- -	7,031 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit, 22.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
ALCESTER:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- - -	44 - -	116 - -	- -	160 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	97 - -	- -	- -	97 - -
Usher	- - -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Rents	- - -	25 - -	- -	- -	25 - -
Court Books	- - -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Stationery	- - -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- - -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
BROMSGROVE:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	2 - -	184 - -	- -	186 - -
Rents	- - -	31 - -	- -	- -	31 - -
Court Books	- - -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Stationery	- - -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals	- - -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Carried forward £.	- -	235 - -	300 -	- -	535 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 22—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	- -	235 - -	300 - -	- -	535 - -
COVENTRY:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	452 - -	- -	452 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	97 - -	166 - -	- -	263 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	42 - -	- -	- -	42 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	12 - -	- -	- -	12 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	14 - -	- -	- -	14 - -
DAVENTRY:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	22 - -	203 - -	- -	225 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	143 - -	- -	- -	143 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	40 - -	- -	- -	40 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
REDDITCH:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	12 - -	258 - -	- -	270 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Books - - - - -	- -	12 - -	- -	- -	12 - -
Forms - - - - -	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
RUGBY:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	44 - -	206 - -	- -	250 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	166 - -	- -	- -	166 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	35 - -	- -	- -	35 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
SOLIHULL:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	43 - -	102 - -	- -	145 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	106 - -	- -	- -	106 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
SOUTHAM:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	57 - -	83 - -	- -	140 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	85 - -	- -	- -	85 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	35 - -	- -	- -	35 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Carried forward - - - £.	- -	1,375 - -	1,770 - -	- -	3,145 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 22—*continued.*

—	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- - -	1,375 - -	1,770 - -	- - -	3,145 - -
STOURBRIDGE:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	900 - -	- - -	900 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	- - -	589 - -	- - -	589 - -
Assistants	- - -	628 - -	- - -	- - -	628 - -
Usher	- - -	34 - -	- - -	- - -	34 - -
Rents	- - -	51 - -	- - -	- - -	51 - -
Books	- - -	20 - -	- - -	- - -	20 - -
Forms	- - -	30 - -	- - -	- - -	30 - -
Stationery	- - -	12 - -	- - -	- - -	12 - -
Incidentals	- - -	46 - -	- - -	- - -	46 - -
STRATFORD-ON-AVON:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	23 - -	197 - -	- - -	220 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	145 - -	- - -	- - -	145 - -
Usher	- - -	2 - -	- - -	- - -	2 - -
Rents	- - -	42 - -	- - -	- - -	42 - -
Court Books	- - -	8 - -	- - -	- - -	8 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	2 - -	- - -	- - -	2 - -
Stationery	- - -	1 - -	- - -	- - -	1 - -
Incidentals	- - -	7 - -	- - -	- - -	7 - -
WARWICK:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	400 - -	- - -	400 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	139 - -	120 - -	- - -	259 - -
Usher	- - -	12 - -	- - -	- - -	12 - -
Rents	- - -	25 - -	- - -	- - -	25 - -
Court Books	- - -	7 - -	- - -	- - -	7 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	4 - -	- - -	- - -	4 - -
Stationery	- - -	1 - -	- - -	- - -	1 - -
Incidentals	- - -	20 - -	- - -	- - -	20 - -
Judge of Circuit - Salary	1,650 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	2,050 - -
Judge of Circuit - Travelling Expenses	- - -	400 - -			
Totals £.	1,650 - -	3,034 - -	3,976 - -	- - -	8,660 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 23.

—	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
BROMYARD:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- - -	21 - -	127 - -	- - -	148 - -
Rents	- - -	27 - -	- - -	- - -	27 - -
Court Books	- - -	8 - -	- - -	- - -	8 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	4 - -	- - -	- - -	4 - -
Stationery	- - -	1 - -	- - -	- - -	1 - -
Incidentals	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	3 - -
DROITWICH:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	38 - -	119 - -	- - -	157 - -
Rents	- - -	18 - -	- - -	- - -	18 - -
Court Books	- - -	8 - -	- - -	- - -	8 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	2 - -	- - -	- - -	2 - -
Stationery	- - -	1 - -	- - -	- - -	1 - -
Incidentals	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	3 - -
Carried forward £.	- -	134 - -	246 - -	- -	380 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 23—*continued.*

—	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	- -	134 - -	246 - -	- -	380 - -
DUDLEY:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	650 - -	- -	650 - -
Clerks - - - - -	- -	- -	549 - -	- -	549 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	- -	575 - -	- -	575 - -
Assistants - - - - -	- -	- -	468 - -	- -	468 - -
Ushers and Servants - - -	- -	83 - -	- -	- -	83 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	39 - -	- -	- -	39 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	42 - -	- -	- -	42 - -
Forms - - - - -	- -	69 - -	- -	- -	69 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	84 - -	- -	- -	84 - -
EVESHAM:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	30 - -	216 - -	- -	246 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	12 - -	- -	- -	12 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
KIDDERMINSTER:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	420 - -	- -	420 - -
Usher - - - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Rents - - - - - -	- -	50 - -	- -	- -	50 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
LEDBURY:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	36 - -	136 - -	- -	172 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	17 - -	- -	- -	17 - -
Books - - - - -	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Forms - - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
PERSHORE:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	42 - -	116 - -	- -	58 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	29 - -	- -	- -	29 - -
Books - - - - -	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Forms - - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
TENBURY:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	41 - -	126 - -	- -	167 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	26 - -	- -	- -	26 - -
Books - - - - -	- -	14 - -	- -	- -	14 - -
Forms - - - - -	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Carried forward - - - £.	- -	872 - -	3.502 - -	- -	4,374 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 23—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	- -	872 - -	3,502 - -	- -	4,374 - -
UPTON-ON-SEVERN:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	207 - -	- -	207 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	28 - -	- -	- -	28 - -
Books - - - - -	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Forms - - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
WORCESTER:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	613 - -	- -	613 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	612 - -	357 - -	- -	969 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	101 - -	- -	- -	101 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	37 - -	- -	- -	37 - -
Books - - - - -	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Forms - - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Judge of Circuit - - { Salary - - -	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,820 - -
Judge of Circuit - - { Travelling Expenses	- -	320 - -			
Totals - - - £.	1,500 - -	2,007 - -	4,679 - -	- -	8,186 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 24.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
ABERGAVENNY:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	300 - -	- -	300 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	191 - -	23 - -	- -	214 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	27 - -	- -	- -	27 - -
Books - - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Forms - - - - -	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
CARDIFF:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	688 - -	- -	688 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	50 - -	- -	- -	50 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	12 - -	- -	- -	12 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	21 - -	- -	- -	21 - -
CHEPSTOW:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	21 - -	176 - -	- -	197 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	129 - -	- -	- -	129 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	33 - -	- -	- -	33 - -
Books - - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Forms - - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Carried forward - - - £.	- -	546 - -	1,187 - -	- -	1,733 - -

COUNTY COURTS—CIRCUIT 24—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- - -	546 - -	1,187 - -	- -	1,733 - -
CRICKHOWELL:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	20 - -	127 - -	- -	147 - -
High Bailiff	- -	84 - -	- -	- -	84 - -
Usher, Interpreter, &c.	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
Rents	- -	30 - -	- -	- -	30 - -
Court Books	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
Printed Forms	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Stationery	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Incidentals	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
MONMOUTH:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	311 - -	- -	311 - -
High Bailiff	- -	236 - -	41 - -	- -	277 - -
Rents	- -	30 - -	- -	- -	30 - -
Books	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
Forms	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Stationery	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Incidentals	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
NEWPORT:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	524 - -	- -	524 - -
High Bailiff (of 3 Courts)	- -	935 - -	62 - -	- -	997 - -
Rents	- -	29 - -	- -	- -	29 - -
Books	- -	22 - -	- -	- -	22 - -
Forms	- -	12 - -	- -	- -	12 - -
Stationery	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Incidentals	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
PONTYPOOL:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	339 - -	- -	339 - -
Usher	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Rents	- -	32 - -	- -	- -	32 - -
Books	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Forms	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Stationery	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Incidentals	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
ROSS:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	35 - -	152 - -	- -	187 - -
High Bailiff	- -	115 - -	- -	- -	115 - -
Usher	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Rents	- -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
Books	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Forms	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Stationery	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
TREDEGAR:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	716 - -	- -	716 - -
Usher	- -	26 - -	- -	- -	26 - -
Rents	- -	76 - -	- -	- -	76 - -
Books	- -	21 - -	- -	- -	21 - -
Forms	- -	24 - -	- -	- -	24 - -
Stationery	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Incidentals	- -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Carried forward £.	- -	2,432 - -	3,459 - -	- -	5,891 - -

COUNTY COURTS—CIRCUIT 24—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	- -	2,432 - -	3,459 - -	- -	5,891 - -
USK:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	23 - -	120 - -	- -	143 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	76 - -	- -	- -	76 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	16 - -	- -	- -	16 - -
Books - - - - -	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Forms - - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Judge of Circuit - { Salary - - -	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,900 - -
Judge of Circuit - { Travelling Expenses	- -	400 - -			
TOTALS - - - £.	1,500 - -	2,959 - -	3,579 - -	- -	8,038 - -

COUNTY COURTS—CIRCUIT 25.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
OLDBURY:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	650 - -	- -	650 - -
Clerks - - - - -	- -	- -	398 - -	- -	398 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	- -	550 - -	- -	550 - -
Assistants - - - - -	- -	- -	299 - -	- -	299 - -
Ushers and Servants - - -	- -	77 - -	- -	- -	77 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	19 - -	- -	- -	19 - -
Books - - - - -	- -	39 - -	- -	- -	39 - -
Forms - - - - -	- -	50 - -	- -	- -	50 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	16 - -	- -	- -	16 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	67 - -	- -	- -	67 - -
WALSALL:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	650 - -	- -	650 - -
Clerks - - - - -	- -	- -	424 - -	- -	424 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	- -	550 - -	- -	550 - -
Assistants - - - - -	- -	- -	335 - -	- -	335 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	50 - -	- -	- -	50 - -
Books - - - - -	- -	44 - -	- -	- -	44 - -
Forms - - - - -	- -	57 - -	- -	- -	57 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	27 - -	- -	- -	27 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	45 - -	- -	- -	45 - -
WOLVERHAMPTON:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	700 - -	- -	700 - -
Clerks - - - - -	- -	- -	545 - -	- -	545 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	- -	606 - -	- -	606 - -
Assistants - - - - -	- -	- -	481 - -	- -	481 - -
Ushers and Servants - - -	- -	85 - -	- -	- -	85 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	84 - -	- -	- -	84 - -
Books - - - - -	- -	55 - -	- -	- -	55 - -
Forms - - - - -	- -	53 - -	- -	- -	53 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	17 - -	- -	- -	17 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	92 - -	- -	- -	92 - -
Judge of Circuit - { Salary - - -	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,700 - -
Judge of Circuit - { Travelling Expenses	- -	200 - -			
TOTALS - - - £.	1,500 - -	1,077 - -	6,188 - -	- -	8,765 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 26.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
CHEADLE:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	250 - -	- -	250 - -
High Bailiff	- -	168 - -	11 - -	- -	179 - -
Usher	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Rents	- -	24 - -	- -	- -	24 - -
Books	- -	23 - -	- -	- -	23 - -
Forms	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Stationery	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
HANLEY, BURSLEM, AND TUNSTALL:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	1,240 - -	- -	1,240 - -
High Bailiff	- -	85 - -	964 - -	- -	1,049 - -
Usher	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
Rents	- -	99 - -	- -	- -	99 - -
Books	- -	53 - -	- -	- -	53 - -
Forms	- -	53 - -	- -	- -	53 - -
Stationery	- -	12 - -	- -	- -	12 - -
Incidentals	- -	93 - -	- -	- -	93 - -
LEEK:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	275 - -	- -	275 - -
High Bailiff	- -	167 - -	16 - -	- -	183 - -
Usher	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Rents	- -	35 - -	- -	- -	35 - -
Books	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Forms	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Stationery	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Incidentals	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
LICHFIELD:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	200 - -	- -	200 - -
High Bailiff	- -	123 - -	29 - -	- -	152 - -
Usher	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Rents	- -	19 - -	- -	- -	19 - -
Books	- -	23 - -	- -	- -	23 - -
Forms	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Stationery	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
DRAYTON:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	35 - -	100 - -	- -	135 - -
High Bailiff	- -	69 - -	- -	- -	69 - -
Usher	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Rents	- -	30 - -	- -	- -	30 - -
Books	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Forms	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Stationery	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
NEWCASTLE-UNDER-LYME:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	436 - -	- -	436 - -
High Bailiff	- -	105 - -	203 - -	- -	308 - -
Usher	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Rents	- -	18 - -	- -	- -	18 - -
Books	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Forms	- -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
Stationery	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Incidentals	- -	12 - -	- -	- -	12 - -
Carried forward £.	- -	1,383 - -	3,724 - -	- -	5,107 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 26—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- -	1,383 - -	3,724 - -	- -	5,107 - -
RUGELEY:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	33 - -	137 - -	- -	170 - -
High Bailiff	- -	81 - -	- -	- -	81 - -
Usher	- -	- 10 -	- -	- -	- 10 -
Rents	- -	19 - -	- -	- -	19 - -
Books	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Forms	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Stationery	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
STAFFORD:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	288 - -	- -	288 - -
High Bailiff	- -	135 - -	34 - -	- -	169 - -
Ushers	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Rents	- -	24 - -	- -	- -	24 - -
Books	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Forms	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Stationery	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
STOKE-UPON-TRENT:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	668 - -	- -	668 - -
High Bailiff	- -	6 - -	570 - -	- -	576 - -
Ushers	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Rents	- -	67 - -	- -	- -	67 - -
Books	- -	30 - -	- -	- -	30 - -
Forms	- -	18 - -	- -	- -	18 - -
Stationery	- -	12 - -	- -	- -	12 - -
Incidentals	- -	63 - -	- -	- -	63 - -
STONE:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	4 - -	146 - -	- -	150 - -
High Bailiff	- -	91 - -	- -	- -	91 - -
Usher	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Rents	- -	27 - -	- -	- -	27 - -
Books	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Forms	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Stationery	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
UTTOXETER:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	22 - -	138 - -	- -	160 - -
High Bailiff	- -	91 - -	- -	- -	91 - -
Usher	- -	- 17 6	- -	- -	- 17 6
Rents	- -	27 - -	- -	- -	27 - -
Books	- -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Forms	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Stationery	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Judge of Circuit - Salary	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,740 - -
Judge of Circuit - Travelling Expenses	- -	240 - -			
Totals £.	1,500 - -	2,474 7 6	5,705 - -	- -	9,679 7 6

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 27.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
BISHOP'S CASTLE:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	58 - -	87 - -	- -	145 - -
High Bailiff	- -	93 - -	- -	- -	93 - -
Ushers	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Rents	- -	22 - -	- -	- -	22 - -
Books	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
Forms	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Stationery	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
BRIDGNORTH:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	48 - -	112 - -	- -	160 - -
High Bailiff	- -	100 - -	- -	- -	100 - -
Ushers	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Rents	- -	21 - -	- -	- -	21 - -
Books	- -	16 - -	- -	- -	16 - -
Forms	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Stationery	- -	- 2 -	- -	- -	- 2 -
Incidentals	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
CLEOBURY MORTIMER:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	48 - -	127 - -	- -	175 - -
High Bailiff	- -	113 - -	- -	- -	113 - -
Ushers	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Rents	- -	27 - -	- -	- -	27 - -
Books	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Forms	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Stationery	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
HEREFORD:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	449 - -	- -	449 - -
High Bailiff	- -	81 - -	256 - -	- -	337 - -
Usher	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Rents	- -	22 - -	- -	- -	22 - -
Books	- -	17 - -	- -	- -	17 - -
Forms	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Stationery	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Incidentals	- -	12 - -	- -	- -	12 - -
LEOMINSTER:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	270 - -	- -	270 - -
High Bailiff	- -	167 - -	13 - -	- -	180 - -
Usher	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Rents	- -	27 - -	- -	- -	27 - -
Books	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
Forms	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Stationery	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Incidentals	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
LUDLOW:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	210 - -	- -	210 - -
High Bailiff	- -	132 - -	55 - -	- -	187 - -
Ushers	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Rents	- -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
Books	- -	13 - -	- -	- -	13 - -
Stationery	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Forms	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Carried forward £.	- -	1,151 2 -	1,579 - -	- -	2,730 2 -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 27—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	- -	1,151 2 -	1,579 - -	- -	2,780 2 -
MADELEY:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	664 - -	- -	664 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	232 - -	424 - -	- -	656 - -
Ushers and Servants - -	- -	67 - -	- -	- -	67 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Books - - - - -	- -	42 - -	- -	- -	42 - -
Forms - - - - -	- -	16 - -	- -	- -	16 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	24 - -	- -	- -	24 - -
NEWPORT (SALOP):					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	43 - -	132 - -	- -	175 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	106 - -	- -	- -	106 - -
Ushers - - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	31 - -	- -	- -	31 - -
Books - - - - -	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Forms - - - - -	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
SHREWSBURY:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	364 - -	- -	364 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	123 - -	218 - -	- -	341 - -
Ushers - - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	38 - -	- -	- -	38 - -
Books - - - - -	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
Forms - - - - -	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	23 - -	- -	- -	23 - -
WELCHPOOL:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	255 - -	- -	255 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	172 - -	22 - -	- -	194 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Court Cleaner - - - -	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Crier - - - - -	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	16 - -	- -	- -	16 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
WELLINGTON:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	325 - -	- -	325 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	152 - -	118 - -	- -	270 - -
Ushers - - - - -	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	36 - -	- -	- -	36 - -
Books - - - - -	- -	21 - -	- -	- -	21 - -
Forms - - - - -	- -	13 - -	- -	- -	13 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	13 - -	- -	- -	13 - -
WEM:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	19 - -	126 - -	- -	145 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	85 - -	- -	- -	85 - -
Ushers - - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	42 - -	- -	- -	42 - -
Books - - - - -	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Forms - - - - -	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Judge of Circuit - Salary - - -	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,800 - -
Judge of Circuit - Travelling Expenses	- -	300 - -			
Totals - - £.	1,500 - -	2,915 2 -	4,227 - -	- -	8,642 2 -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 28.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
ABERYSTWITH.					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	392 - -	- -	392 - -
High Bailiff	- -	127 - -	225 - -	- -	352 - -
Usher	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Court Cleaner	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Rents	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Court Books	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Printed Forms	- -	13 - -	- -	- -	13 - -
Stationery	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Incidentals	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
BALA:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	101 - -	19 - -	- -	120 - -
High Bailiff	- -	46 - -	- -	- -	46 - -
Rents	- -	21 - -	- -	- -	21 - -
Court Books	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Stationery	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
BUILTH:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	29 - -	89 - -	- -	118 - -
High Bailiff	- -	88 - -	- -	- -	88 - -
Usher, Interpreter	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Rents	- -	29 - -	- -	- -	29 - -
Court Books	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Stationery	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
CORWEN:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	72 - -	48 - -	- -	120 - -
High Bailiff	- -	69 - -	- -	- -	69 - -
Court Cleaner	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Rents	- -	30 - -	- -	- -	30 - -
Court Books	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Printed Forms	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Stationery	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
DOLGELLEY:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	23 - -	97 - -	- -	120 - -
High Bailiff	- -	91 - -	- -	- -	91 - -
Rents	- -	21 - -	- -	- -	21 - -
Court Books	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
Printed Forms	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Stationery	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
HAY:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	182 - -	- -	182 - -
High Bailiff	- -	122 - -	13 - -	- -	135 - -
Usher, &c.	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Rents	- -	21 - -	- -	- -	21 - -
Court Books	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Stationery	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Incidentals	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Carried forward £.	- -	1,068 - -	1,065 - -	- -	2,133 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 28—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- -	1,068 - -	1,065 - -	- -	2,133 - -
KINGTON:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	38 - -	105 - -	- -	143 - -
High Bailiff	- -	79 - -	- -	- -	79 - -
Rents	- -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
Books	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Forms	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Stationery	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
KNIGHTON:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	28 - -	135 - -	- -	163 - -
High Bailiff	- -	104 - -	- -	- -	104 - -
Usher	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Rents	- -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Books	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Forms	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Stationery	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Incidentals	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
LLANFYLLIN:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	4 - -	161 - -	- -	165 - -
High Bailiff	- -	121 - -	- -	- -	121 - -
Usher	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Court Cleaner	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Rents	- -	23 - -	- -	- -	23 - -
Court Books	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Printed Forms	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Stationery	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
LLANIDLOES:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	41 - -	94 - -	- -	135 - -
High Bailiff	- -	56 - -	- -	- -	56 - -
Court Cleaner	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Rents	- -	25 - -	- -	- -	25 - -
Court Books	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Stationery	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
MACHYNLLETH:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	170 - -	- -	170 - -
High Bailiff	- -	111 - -	24 - -	- -	135 - -
Usher	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Rents	- -	17 - -	- -	- -	17 - -
Court Books	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Printed Forms	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Stationery	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
NEWTOWN:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	205 - -	- -	205 - -
High Bailiff	- -	113 - -	12 - -	- -	125 - -
Usher	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Rents	- -	28 - -	- -	- -	28 - -
Court Books	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Stationery	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Carried forward £.	- -	2,017 - -	1,971 - -	- -	3,988 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 28 — *continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- - -	2,017 - -	1,971 - -	- - -	3,988 - -
PORTMADOC:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	235 - -	- - -	235 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	148 - -	38 - -	- - -	186 - -
Usher	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	3 - -
Rents	- - -	27 - -	- - -	- - -	27 - -
Court Books	- - -	9 - -	- - -	- - -	9 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	3 - -
Stationery	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	3 - -
Incidentals	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	3 - -
PRESTEIGNE:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	82 - -	38 - -	- - -	120 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	49 - -	- - -	- - -	49 - -
Forms	- - -	19 - -	- - -	- - -	19 - -
Rents	- - -	6 - -	- - -	- - -	6 - -
Books	- - -	2 - -	- - -	- - -	2 - -
Stationery	- - -	1 - -	- - -	- - -	1 - -
Incidentals	- - -	1 - -	- - -	- - -	1 - -
PWLLHELI:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	210 - -	- - -	210 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	155 - -	11 - -	- - -	166 - -
Usher	- - -	2 - -	- - -	- - -	2 - -
Court Cleaner	- - -	12 - -	- - -	- - -	12 - -
Rents	- - -	20 - -	- - -	- - -	20 - -
Court Books	- - -	6 - -	- - -	- - -	6 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	4 - -	- - -	- - -	4 - -
Stationery	- - -	2 - -	- - -	- - -	2 - -
Incidentals	- - -	4 - -	- - -	- - -	4 - -
RHAYADER:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	62 - -	56 - -	- - -	118 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	58 - -	- - -	- - -	58 - -
Rents	- - -	8 - -	- - -	- - -	8 - -
Court Books	- - -	6 - -	- - -	- - -	6 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	2 - -	- - -	- - -	2 - -
Stationery	- - -	1 - -	- - -	- - -	1 - -
Incidentals	- - -	1 - -	- - -	- - -	1 - -
Judge of Circuit — Salary	1,500 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	1,900 - -
Judge of Circuit — Travelling Expenses	- -	400 - -			
Totals £.	1,500 - -	3,116 - -	2,559 - -	- -	7,175 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 29.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries. Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
BANGOR:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	276 - -	- - -	276 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	95 - -	65 - -	- - -	160 - -
Court Cleaner	- - -	5 - -	- - -	- - -	5 - -
Rents	- - -	31 - -	- - -	- - -	31 - -
Court Books	- - -	11 - -	- - -	- - -	11 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	11 - -	- - -	- - -	11 - -
Stationery	- - -	4 - -	- - -	- - -	4 - -
Incidentals	- - -	6 - -	- - -	- - -	6 - -
Carried forward £.	- -	163 - -	341 - -	- -	504 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 29—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	- -	163 - -	341 - -	- -	504 - -
CARNARVON:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	336 - -	- -	336 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	- -	162 - -	- -	162 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Court Cleaner - - - -	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Rent - - - - - -	- -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	13 - -	- -	- -	13 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
CONWAY:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	160 - -	- -	160 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	133 - -	2 - -	- -	135 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Rents - - - - - -	- -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
DENBIGH:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	205 - -	- -	205 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	130 - -	5 - -	- -	135 - -
Rents - - - - - -	- -	21 - -	- -	- -	21 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
LLANGEFNI AND HOLYHEAD:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	215 - -	- -	215 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	182 - -	57 - -	- -	239 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Court Cleaners - - - -	- -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
Rents - - - - - -	- -	32 - -	- -	- -	32 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	16 - -	- -	- -	16 - -
HOLYWELL:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	240 - -	- -	240 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	120 - -	20 - -	- -	140 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Court Cleaner - - - -	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	14 - -	- -	- -	14 - -
LLANRWST:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	66 - -	74 - -	- -	140 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	87 - -	- -	- -	87 - -
Rents - - - - - -	- -	24 - -	- -	- -	24 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Carried forward - - - £.	- -	1,166 - -	1,817 - -	- -	2,983 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 29—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- - -	1,166 - -	1,817 - -	- -	2,983 - -
MOLD AND FLINT:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	210 - -	- -	210 - -
High Bailiff	- -	128 - -	7 - -	- -	135 - -
Usher	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Court Cleaner	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Rents	- -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
Court Books	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Stationery	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
RUTHIN:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	52 - -	128 - -	- -	180 - -
High Bailiff	- -	135 - -	- -	- -	135 - -
Rents	- -	21 - -	- -	- -	21 - -
Court Books	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Stationery	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
ST. ASAPH AND RHYL:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	276 - -	- -	276 - -
High Bailiff	- -	105 - -	23 - -	- -	128 - -
Usher	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Court Cleaner	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Rents	- -	18 - -	- -	- -	18 - -
Court Books	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Printed Forms	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Stationery	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Incidentals	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
WREXHAM:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	608 - -	- -	608 - -
High Bailiff	- -	- -	211 - -	- -	211 - -
Usher	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Court Cleaner	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Rents	- -	37 - -	- -	- -	37 - -
Court Books	- -	22 - -	- -	- -	22 - -
Printed Forms	- -	27 - -	- -	- -	27 - -
Stationery	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Incidentals	- -	17 - -	- -	- -	17 - -
Judge of Circuit - Salary	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,840 - -
Judge of Circuit - Travelling Expenses	- -	340 - -			
Totals £.	1,500 - -	2,184 - -	3,280 - -	- -	6,964 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 30.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
ABERDARE:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	715 - -	- -	715 - -
Usher, Hallkeeper, Interpreter, &c.	- -	22 - -	- -	- -	22 - -
Rents	- -	60 - -	- -	- -	60 - -
Court Books	- -	27 - -	- -	- -	27 - -
Printed Forms	- -	24 - -	- -	- -	24 - -
Stationery	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
Incidentals	- -	29 - -	- -	- -	29 - -
Carried forward £.	- -	173 - -	715 - -	- -	888 - -

COUNTY COURTS—CIRCUIT 30—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	- -	173 - -	715 - -	- -	888 - -
BRECON:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	246 - -	- -	246 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	52 - -	123 - -	- -	175 - -
Usher, Interpreter, &c. - -	- -	13 - -	- -	- -	13 - -
Rents, &c. - - - - -	- -	30 - -	- -	- -	30 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
BRIDGEND and COWBRIDGE:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	335 - -	- -	335 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	222 - -	76 - -	- -	298 - -
Usher, Interpreter, &c. - -	- -	13 - -	- -	- -	13 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	30 - -	- -	- -	30 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	14 - -	- -	- -	14 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	13 - -	- -	- -	13 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
MERTHYR TYDFIL:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	889 - -	- -	889 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	- -	668 - -	- -	668 - -
Assistants - - - - -	- -	1,908 - -	- -	- -	1,908 - -
Usher, Hall-keeper, &c. - -	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	70 - -	- -	- -	70 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	17 - -	- -	- -	17 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	18 - -	- -	- -	18 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	24 - -	- -	- -	24 - -
PONTYPRIDD:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	420 - -	- -	420 - -
Usher and Hall-keeper - -	- -	26 - -	- -	- -	26 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
SWANSEA:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	1,238 - -	- -	1,238 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	45 - -	- -	- -	45 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	22 - -	- -	- -	22 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	25 - -	- -	- -	25 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	29 - -	- -	- -	29 - -
Judge of Circuit - { Salary - - -	1,800 - -	- -	- -	- -	2,090 - -
Judge of Circuit - { Travelling Expenses	- -	290 - -			
TOTAL - - - £.	1,800 - -	3,156 - -	4,710 - -	- -	9,666 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 31.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
ABERAYRON:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- - -	64 - -	88 - -	- -	152 - -
High Bailiff	- -	68 - -	- -	- -	68 - -
Usher, Interpreter, &c.	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
Rents	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Court Books	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
CARDIGAN:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	53 - -	94 - -	- -	147 - -
High Bailiff	- -	77 - -	- -	- -	77 - -
Usher, Interpreter, &c.	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
Rents	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Court Books	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Stationery	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
CARMARTHEN:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	269 - -	- -	269 - -
High Bailiff	- -	85 - -	68 - -	- -	153 - -
Usher, Interpreter, &c.	- -	21 - -	- -	- -	21 - -
Rents	- -	35 - -	- -	- -	35 - -
Court Books	- -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Printed Forms	- -	16 - -	- -	- -	16 - -
Stationery	- -	13 - -	- -	- -	13 - -
Incidentals	- -	14 - -	- -	- -	14 - -
HAVERFORDWEST:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	53 - -	209 - -	- -	262 - -
High Bailiff	- -	172 - -	- -	- -	172 - -
Usher, Interpreter, &c.	- -	16 - -	- -	- -	16 - -
Rents	- -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Court Books	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Printed Forms	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Stationery	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Incidentals	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
LAMPETER:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	8 - -	203 - -	- -	211 - -
High Bailiff	- -	111 - -	- -	- -	111 - -
Usher, Interpreter, &c.	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Rents	- -	35 - -	- -	- -	35 - -
Court Books	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Printed Forms	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Stationery	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Incidentals	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
LLANDILO:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	34 - -	138 - -	- -	172 - -
High Bailiff	- -	104 - -	- -	- -	104 - -
Usher, Interpreter, &c.	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Rents	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
Court Books	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Printed Forms	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Stationery	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Carried forward - - - £.	- -	1,183 - -	1,069 - -	- -	2,252 - -

COUNTY COURTS—CIRCUIT 31—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - -	- -	1,183 - -	1,069 - -	- -	2,252 - -
LLANDOVERY:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	142 - -	- -	142 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	102 - -	6 - -	- -	108 - -
Usher, Interpreter, &c. - -	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
LLANELLY:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	221 - -	- -	221 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	97 - -	5 - -	- -	102 - -
Usher, Interpreter, &c. - -	- -	12 - -	- -	- -	12 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	25 - -	- -	- -	25 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
NARBERTH:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	19 - -	217 - -	- -	236 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	166 - -	- -	- -	166 - -
Usher, Interpreter, Housekeeper, &c.	- -	26 - -	- -	- -	26 - -
Rents, &c. - - - - -	- -	22 - -	- -	- -	22 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
NEATH:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	842 - -	- -	842 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	35 - -	- -	- -	35 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	18 - -	- -	- -	18 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	27 - -	- -	- -	27 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	32 - -	- -	- -	32 - -
NEWCASTLE:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	62 - -	95 - -	- -	157 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	81 - -	- -	- -	81 - -
Usher, Interpreter, &c. - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	22 - -	- -	- -	22 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
PEMBROKE:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	201 - -	- -	201 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	102 - -	22 - -	- -	124 - -
Usher, &c. - - - - -	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Judge of Circuit - { Salary - - -	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,860 - -
Judge of Circuit - { Travelling Expenses	- -	360 - -			
TOTAL - - - £.	1,500 - -	2,548 - -	2,820 - -	- -	6,868 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 32.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
ATTLEBOROUGH:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- - -	33 17 9	121 2 3	- -	155 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	107 6 4	- -	- -	107 6 4
Usher	- - -	1 1 -	- -	- -	1 1 -
Rents	- - -	27 - -	- -	- -	27 - -
Court Books	- - -	5 18 6	- -	- -	5 18 6
Printed Forms	- - -	1 18 -	- -	- -	1 18 -
Stationery	- - -	- 18 6	- -	- -	- 18 6
Incidentals	- - -	5 7 5	- -	- -	5 7 5
AYLSHAM:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	46 16 3	108 3 9	- -	155 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	120 - -	- -	- -	120 - -
Usher	- - -	1 7 6	- -	- -	1 7 6
Rents	- - -	21 17 6	- -	- -	21 17 6
Court Books	- - -	5 18 6	- -	- -	5 18 6
Printed Forms	- - -	1 12 7	- -	- -	1 12 7
Stationery	- - -	- 19 -	- -	- -	- 19 -
Incidentals	- - -	4 11 11	- -	- -	4 11 11
DOWNHAM MARKET:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	23 19 3	136 - 9	- -	160 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	110 13 9	- -	- -	110 13 9
Ushers	- - -	4 4 -	- -	- -	4 4 -
Rents	- - -	13 16 6	- -	- -	13 16 6
Court Books	- - -	7 18 10	- -	- -	7 18 10
Printed Forms	- - -	1 18 3	- -	- -	1 18 3
Stationery	- - -	4 1 4	- -	- -	4 1 4
Incidentals	- - -	2 15 10	- -	- -	2 15 10
EAST DEREHAM:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	25 - 9	164 19 3	- -	190 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	133 5 8	- -	- -	133 5 8
Rents	- - -	27 5 7	- -	- -	27 5 7
Court Books	- - -	10 16 -	- -	- -	10 16 -
Printed Forms	- - -	5 - 8	- -	- -	5 - 8
Stationery	- - -	1 12 7	- -	- -	1 12 7
Incidentals	- - -	6 16 1	- -	- -	6 16 1
HOLT:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	63 8 3	61 11 9	- -	125 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	67 9 3	- -	- -	67 9 3
Rents	- - -	19 2 -	- -	- -	19 2 -
Court Books	- - -	5 18 6	- -	- -	5 18 6
Printed Forms	- - -	1 5 4	- -	- -	1 5 4
Stationery	- - -	- 7 9	- -	- -	- 7 9
Incidentals	- - -	2 9 -	- -	- -	2 9 -
KING'S LYNN:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- -	348 - -	- -	348 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	227 17 5	47 2 9	- -	275 - 2
Ushers	- - -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Rents	- - -	30 14 1	- -	- -	30 14 1
Court Books	- - -	14 9 8	- -	- -	14 9 8
Printed Forms	- - -	6 18 5	- -	- -	6 18 5
Stationery	- - -	5 13 2	- -	- -	5 13 2
Incidentals	- - -	13 - -	- -	- -	13 - -
Carried forward	- -	1,230 8 8	987 - 6	- -	2,217 9 2

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 32—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - -	- -	1,230 8 8	987 - 6	- -	2,217 9 2
LITTLE WALSINGHAM:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	39 8 -	219 12 -	- -	259 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	206 7 8	- -	- -	206 7 8
Usher - - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	15 3 4	- -	- -	15 3 4
Court Books - - - -	- -	10 5 -	- -	- -	10 5 -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	6 11 11	- -	- -	6 11 11
Stationery - - - - -	-	3 18 6	- -	- -	3 18 6
Incidentals - - - -	- -	8 5 8	- -	- -	8 5 8
NORTH WALSHAM:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	51 19 -	88 1 -	- -	140 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	85 6 9	- -	- -	85 6 9
Rents - - - - -	- -	23 - -	- -	- -	23 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	8 4 -	- -	- -	8 4 -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	3 6 6	- -	- -	3 6 6
Stationery - - - - -	- -	- 7 -	- -	- -	- 7 -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	3 6 5	- -	- -	3 6 5
NORWICH:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	820 - -	- -	820 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	357 9 -	131 14 6	- -	489 3 6
Usher - - - - -	- -	15 12 -	- -	- -	15 12 -
Rents - - - - -	- -	55 - -	- -	- -	55 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	15 19 9	- -	- -	15 19 9
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	17 10 6	- -	- -	17 10 6
Stationery - - - - -	- -	9 4 1	- -	- -	9 4 1
Incidentals - - - -	- -	33 10 3	- -	- -	33 10 3
SWAFFHAM:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	44 4 -	100 16 -	- -	145 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	95 2 9	- -	- -	95 2 9
Usher - - - - -	- -	1 5 -	- -	- -	1 5 -
Rents - - - - -	- -	20 10 -	- -	- -	20 10 -
Court Books - - - -	- -	3 17 -	- -	- -	3 17 -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	- 19 -	- -	- -	- 19 -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	2 17 1	- -	- -	2 17 1
Incidentals - - - -	- -	3 7 10	- -	- -	3 7 10
THETFORD:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	45 11 6	94 8 6	- -	140 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	113 4 10	- -	- -	113 4 10
Rents - - - - -	- -	16 10 -	- -	- -	16 10 -
Court Books - - - -	- -	6 9 -	- -	- -	6 9 -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	2 8 7	- -	- -	2 8 7
Stationery - - - - -	- -	- 8 3	- -	- -	- 8 3
Incidentals - - - -	- -	4 10 -	- -	- -	4 10 -
WYMONDHAM:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	38 5 -	91 15 -	- -	130 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	65 4 11	- -	- -	65 4 11
Usher - - - - -	- -	1 4 -	- -	- -	1 4 -
Rents - - - - -	- -	21 - -	- -	- -	21 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	5 18 6	- -	- -	5 18 6
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	1 8 11	- -	- -	1 8 11
Stationery - - - - -	- -	1 4 6	- -	- -	1 4 6
Incidentals - - - -	- -	5 8 9	- -	- -	5 8 9
Judge of Circuit - { Salary - - -	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,880 - -
Judge of Circuit - { Travelling Expenses	- -	330 - -			
TOTAL - - - £.	1,500 - -	3,037 3 5	2,533 7 6	- -	7,070 10 11

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 33.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
BECCLES AND BUNGAY:					
Registrar, Salary	-	19 8 6	185 11 6	-	205 - -
High Bailiff	-	138 6 5	-	-	138 6 5
Ushers	-	1 7 -	-	-	1 7 -
Rents	-	23 5 2	-	-	23 5 2
Court Books	-	10 5 -	-	-	10 5 -
Printed Forms	-	3 16 10	-	-	3 16 10
Stationery	-	1 3 7	-	-	1 3 7
Incidentals	-	17 9 6	-	-	17 9 6
BURY ST. EDMUND'S:					
Registrar, Salary	-	-	300 - -	-	300 - -
High Bailiff	-	180 12 -	7 6 -	-	187 18 -
Usher	-	6 10 -	-	-	6 10 -
Rents	-	25 - -	-	-	25 - -
Court Books	-	15 2 1	-	-	15 2 1
Printed Forms	-	5 19 3	-	-	5 19 3
Stationery	-	3 10 6	-	-	3 10 6
Incidentals	-	8 1 9	-	-	8 1 9
DISS AND EYE:					
Registrar, Salary	-	28 12 -	151 8 -	-	180 - -
High Bailiff	-	125 9 3	-	-	125 9 3
Usher	-	- 17 6	-	-	- 17 6
Rents	-	22 10 6	-	-	22 10 6
Court Books	-	5 18 6	-	-	5 18 6
Printed Forms	-	2 4 9	-	-	2 4 9
Stationery	-	1 1 -	-	-	1 1 -
Incidentals	-	17 4 4	-	-	17 4 4
FRAMLINGHAM AND SAXMUNDHAM:					
Registrar, Salary	-	26 6 9	143 13 3	-	170 - -
High Bailiff	-	129 18 9	-	-	129 18 9
Rents	-	25 18 -	-	-	25 18 -
Court Books	-	5 18 6	-	-	5 18 6
Printed Forms	-	2 12 9	-	-	2 12 9
Stationery	-	3 4 3	-	-	3 4 3
Incidentals	-	15 19 2	-	-	15 19 2
GREAT YARMOUTH:					
Registrar, Salary	-	-	300 - -	-	300 - -
High Bailiff	-	80 12 7	92 9 6	-	173 2 1
Ushers	-	4 - -	-	-	4 - -
Rents	-	31 - -	-	-	31 - -
Court Books	-	12 1 3	-	-	12 1 3
Printed Forms	-	9 - -	-	-	9 - -
Stationery	-	3 2 -	-	-	3 2 -
Incidentals	-	12 8 2	-	-	12 8 2
HALESWORTH:					
Registrar, Salary	-	12 14 3	137 5 9	-	150 - -
High Bailiff	-	99 9 7	-	-	99 9 7
Usher	-	1 10 -	-	-	1 10 -
Rents	-	27 - -	-	-	27 - -
Court Books	-	6 15 -	-	-	6 15 -
Printed Forms	-	3 9 6	-	-	3 9 6
Stationery	-	2 5 6	-	-	2 5 6
Incidentals	-	5 7 8	-	-	5 7 8
Carried forward £.	-	1,184 9 1	1,317 14 -	-	2,502 3 1

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 33—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- -	1,184 9 1	1,317 14 -	- -	2,502 3 1
HARLESTON:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	9 14 3	155 5 9	- -	165 - -
High Bailiff	- -	106 2 11	- -	- -	106 2 11
Usher	- -	2 5 -	- -	- -	2 5 -
Rents	- -	27 - -	- -	- -	27 - -
Court Books	- -	9 18 6	- -	- -	9 18 6
Printed Forms	- -	2 2 3	- -	- -	2 2 3
Stationery	- -	- 10 -	- -	- -	- 10 -
Incidentals	- -	5 9 -	- -	- -	5 9 -
IPSWICH:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	404 - -	- -	404 - -
High Bailiff	- -	83 14 10	163 3 6	- -	246 18 4
Ushers	- -	12 - -	- -	- -	12 - -
Rents	- -	34 14 3	- -	- -	34 14 3
Court Books	- -	14 7 9	- -	- -	14 7 9
Printed Forms	- -	10 2 8	- -	- -	10 2 8
Stationery	- -	3 6 6	- -	- -	3 6 6
Incidentals	- -	13 17 6	- -	- -	13 17 6
LOWESTOFT:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	36 4 -	118 16 -	- -	155 - -
High Bailiff	- -	72 2 7	- -	- -	72 2 7
Rents	- -	26 10 -	- -	- -	26 10 -
Court Books	- -	11 - 3	- -	- -	11 - 3
Printed Forms	- -	4 6 6	- -	- -	4 6 6
Stationery	- -	1 9 9	- -	- -	1 9 9
Incidentals	- -	3 11 5	- -	- -	3 11 5
MILDENHALL:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	69 6 -	85 14 -	- -	155 - -
High Bailiff	- -	77 2 11	- -	- -	77 2 11
Usher	- -	1 4 -	- -	- -	1 4 -
Rents	- -	18 - -	- -	- -	18 - -
Court Books	- -	8 8 -	- -	- -	8 8 -
Printed Forms	- -	2 17 3	- -	- -	2 17 3
Incidentals	- -	2 9 11	- -	- -	2 9 11
STOWMARKET:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	14 19 6	185 - 6	- -	200 - -
High Bailiff	- -	113 3 7	- -	- -	113 3 7
Usher	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Rents	- -	35 - -	- -	- -	35 - -
Court Books	- -	6 15 6	- -	- -	6 15 6
Printed Forms	- -	3 - 8	- -	- -	3 - 8
Stationery	- -	- 6 2	- -	- -	- 6 2
Incidentals	- -	5 15 3	- -	- -	5 15 3
WOODBRIDGE:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	190 - -	- -	190 - -
High Bailiff	- -	141 14 8	- 19 3	- -	142 13 11
Usher	- -	2 16 -	- -	- -	2 16 -
Rents	- -	18 8 7	- -	- -	18 8 7
Court Books	- -	5 18 6	- -	- -	5 18 6
Printed Forms	- -	3 15 11	- -	- -	3 15 11
Stationery	- -	1 9 3	- -	- -	1 9 3
Incidentals	- -	5 9 4	- -	- -	5 9 4
Judge of Circuit - Salary	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,900 - -
Judge of Circuit - Travelling Expenses	- -	400 - -			
TOTAL £.	1,500 - -	2,616 - -	2,620 13 -	- -	6,736 13 -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 34.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
AMPTHILL:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£ s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	-	52 2 6	210 17 6	-	263 - -
High Bailiff	-	217 3 11	-	-	217 3 11
Usher	-	4 13 6	-	-	4 13 6
Hall-keeper	-	13 - -	-	-	13 - -
Court Books	-	10 9 3	-	-	10 9 3
Printed Forms	-	5 4 2	-	-	5 4 2
Stationery	-	4 8 6	-	-	4 8 6
Incidentals	-	20 10 -	-	-	20 10 -
BOURNE:					
Registrar, Salary	-	-	260 - -	-	260 - -
High Bailiff	-	198 3 9	44 1 -	-	242 4 9
Rents	-	17 15 -	-	-	17 15 -
Court Books	-	6 11 -	-	-	6 11 -
Printed Forms	-	3 - 4	-	-	3 - 4
Stationery	-	3 2 2	-	-	3 2 2
Incidentals	-	4 19 7	-	-	4 19 7
HOLBEACH:					
Registrar, Salary	-	-	230 - -	-	230 - -
High Bailiff	-	164 16 2	36 17 3	-	201 13 5
Ushers	-	1 18 6	-	-	1 18 6
Rents	-	45 4 6	-	-	45 4 6
Court Books	-	9 7 2	-	-	9 7 2
Printed Forms	-	5 12 6	-	-	5 12 6
Stationery	-	2 2 10	-	-	2 2 10
Incidentals	-	5 18 -	-	-	5 18 -
KETTERING:					
Registrar, Salary	-	5 6 6	229 13 6	-	235 - -
High Bailiff	-	154 14 8	-	-	154 14 8
Ushers	-	4 16 -	-	-	4 16 -
Rents	-	40 - -	-	-	40 - -
Court Books	-	11 19 8	-	-	11 19 8
Printed Forms	-	4 11 6	-	-	4 11 6
Stationery	-	5 1 10	-	-	5 1 10
Incidentals	-	3 4 1	-	-	3 4 1
NEWPORT PAGNELL:					
Registrar, Salary	-	-	297 - -	-	297 - -
High Bailiff	-	239 13 2	8 9 -	-	248 2 2
Usher	-	5 10 -	-	-	5 10 -
Rents	-	40 - -	-	-	40 - -
Court Books	-	14 19 3	-	-	14 19 3
Printed Forms	-	7 - 7	-	-	7 - 7
Stationery	-	10 13 10	-	-	10 13 10
Incidentals	-	14 12 10	-	-	14 12 10
NORTHAMPTON:					
Registrar, Salary	-	-	528 - -	-	528 - -
High Bailiff	-	218 6 -	109 4 3	-	327 10 3
Ushers	-	17 10 -	-	-	17 10 -
Hall-keeper and cleaning	-	8 7 6	-	-	8 7 6
Rent	-	50 - -	-	-	50 - -
Court Books	-	11 11 7	-	-	11 11 7
Printed Forms	-	58 13 3	-	-	58 13 3
Stationery	-	17 12 6	-	-	17 12 6
Incidentals	-	21 4 -	-	-	21 4 -
OUNDLE:					
Registrar, Salary	-	38 7 -	191 13 -	-	230 - -
High Bailiff	-	172 10 1	-	-	172 10 1
Ushers	-	4 4 -	-	-	4 4 -
Rents	-	40 16 -	-	-	40 16 -
Court Books	-	10 5 10	-	-	10 5 10
Printed Forms	-	5 3 4	-	-	5 3 4
Stationery	-	5 3 6	-	-	5 3 6
Incidentals	-	4 - 10	-	-	4 - 10
Carried forward	-	2,042 2 8	2,145 15 6	-	4,187 18 2

COUNTY COURTS—CIRCUIT 34—*continued.*

—	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- -	2,042 2 8	2,145 15 6	- -	4,187 18 2
PETERBOROUGH:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	384 - -	- -	384 - -
High Bailiff	- -	251 13 10	52 15 3	- -	304 9 1
Ushers	- -	4 6 8	- -	- -	4 6 8
Rents	- -	30 15 2	- -	- -	30 15 2
Court Books	- -	15 18 2	- -	- -	15 18 2
Printed Forms	- -	6 17 3	- -	- -	6 17 3
Stationery	- -	12 4 5	- -	- -	12 4 5
Incidentals	- -	9 12 2	- -	- -	9 12 2
SPALDING:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	230 - -	- -	230 - -
High Bailiff	- -	174 4 9	31 14 6	- -	205 19 3
Ushers	- -	5 10 -	- -	- -	5 10 -
Rents	- -	52 10 -	- -	- -	52 10 -
Court Books	- -	12 5 -	- -	- -	12 5 -
Printed Forms	- -	5 7 7	- -	- -	5 7 7
Stationery	- -	8 1 1	- -	- -	8 1 1
Incidentals	- -	5 5 5	- -	- -	5 5 5
STAMFORD:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	1 7 6	238 12 6	- -	240 - -
High Bailiff	- -	143 8 7	- -	- -	143 8 7
Ushers	- -	2 15 -	- -	- -	2 15 -
Rents	- -	26 2 -	- -	- -	26 2 -
Court Books	- -	9 1 10	- -	- -	9 1 10
Printed Forms	- -	4 14 7	- -	- -	4 14 7
Stationery	- -	4 18 2	- -	- -	4 18 2
Incidentals	- -	4 1 1	- -	- -	4 1 1
THRAPSTONE:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	12 8 6	207 11 6	- -	220 - -
High Bailiff	- -	142 2 4	- -	- -	142 2 4
Ushers	- -	4 4 -	- -	- -	4 4 -
Rents	- -	68 14 10	- -	- -	68 14 10
Court Books	- -	5 8 6	- -	- -	5 8 6
Printed Forms	- -	4 3 -	- -	- -	4 3 -
Stationery	- -	1 8 11	- -	- -	1 8 11
Incidentals	- -	2 17 -	- -	- -	2 17 -
TOWCESTER:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	57 1 9	137 18 3	- -	195 - -
High Bailiff	- -	135 11 6	- -	- -	135 11 6
Usher	- -	2 15 -	- -	- -	2 15 -
Hall-keeper	- -	3 13 4	- -	- -	3 13 4
Rents	- -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Court Books	- -	5 13 3	- -	- -	5 13 3
Printed Forms	- -	2 18 -	- -	- -	2 18 -
Stationery	- -	4 16 6	- -	- -	4 16 6
Incidentals	- -	9 19 7	- -	- -	9 19 7
WELLINGBOROUGH:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	37 - 3	217 19 9	- -	255 - -
High Bailiff	- -	167 18 1	- -	- -	167 18 1
Usher	- -	2 15 -	- -	- -	2 15 -
Hall-keeper	- -	2 15 -	- -	- -	2 15 -
Rents	- -	35 - -	- -	- -	35 - -
Court Books	- -	8 3 3	- -	- -	8 3 3
Printed Forms	- -	3 16 2	- -	- -	3 16 2
Stationery	- -	2 13 8	- -	- -	2 13 8
Incidentals	- -	4 16 6	- -	- -	4 16 6
Judge of Circuit - Salary	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,750 - -
Judge of Circuit - Travelling expenses	- -	250 - -			
TOTAL £.	1,500 - -	3,831 16 10	3,646 7 3	- -	8,978 4 1

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 35.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
BEDFORD:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	368 - -	- -	368 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	165 15 3	72 14 6	- -	238 9 9
Ushers	- - -	5 18 -	- -	- -	5 18 -
Rents	- - -	25 1 -	- -	- -	25 1 -
Court Books	- - -	7 9 -	- -	- -	7 9 -
Printed Forms	- - -	12 5 1	- -	- -	12 5 1
Stationery	- - -	5 1 4	- -	- -	5 1 4
Incidentals	- - -	7 12 7	- -	- -	7 12 7
BIGGLESWADE:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	37 4 9	267 15 3	- -	305 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	207 1 2	- -	- -	207 1 2
Ushers	- - -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Rents	- - -	31 16 -	- -	- -	31 16 -
Court Books	- - -	10 19 -	- -	- -	10 19 -
Printed Forms	- - -	5 1 6	- -	- -	5 1 6
Stationery	- - -	3 5 8	- -	- -	3 5 8
Incidentals	- - -	4 10 2	- -	- -	4 10 2
CAMBRIDGE:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- -	492 - -	- -	492 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	224 2 -	132 13 6	- -	356 15 6
Ushers	- - -	19 17 6	- -	- -	19 17 6
Rents	- - -	35 - -	- -	- -	35 - -
Court Books	- - -	15 2 -	- -	- -	15 2 -
Printed Forms	- - -	25 16 10	- -	- -	25 16 10
Stationery	- - -	8 3 4	- -	- -	8 3 4
Incidentals	- - -	12 3 3	- -	- -	12 3 3
ELY:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- -	215 - -	- -	215 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	134 13 4	13 2 6	- -	147 15 10
Ushers	- - -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Rents	- - -	17 - -	- -	- -	17 - -
Court Books	- - -	5 5 10	- -	- -	5 5 10
Printed Forms	- - -	4 7 11	- -	- -	4 7 11
Stationery	- - -	3 1 -	- -	- -	3 1 -
Incidentals	- - -	3 1 6	- -	- -	3 1 6
HAVERHILL:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	55 17 3	119 2 9	- -	175 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	121 14 2	- -	- -	121 14 2
Ushers	- - -	2 14 -	- -	- -	2 14 -
Rents	- - -	37 3 -	- -	- -	37 3 -
Court Books	- - -	9 17 4	- -	- -	9 17 4
Printed Forms	- - -	- 1 3	- -	- -	- 1 3
Stationery	- - -	2 4 1	- -	- -	2 4 1
Incidentals	- - -	3 16 3	- -	- -	3 16 3
HITCHIN:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	56 - -	124 - -	- -	180 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	63 - -	- -	- -	63 - -
" Assistant	- - -	64 - -	- -	- -	64 - -
Usher	- - -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Rents	- - -	39 - -	- -	- -	39 - -
Court Books	- - -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Stationery	- - -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals	- - -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Carried forward £.	- -	1,520 2 4	1,804 8 6	- -	3,324 10 10

COUNTY COURTS—CIRCUIT 35—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - - £.	- -	1,520 3 4	1,804 8 6	- -	3,324 10 10
HUNTINGDON:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	352 - -	- -	352 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	323 18 1	59 17 8	- -	383 15 9
Ushers - - - - -	- -	8 8 -	- -	- -	8 8 -
Rents - - - - -	- -	21 15 6	- -	- -	21 15 6
Court Books - - - -	- -	11 19 -	- -	- -	11 19 -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	6 2 9	- -	- -	6 2 9
Stationery - - - - -	- -	5 2 8	- -	- -	5 2 8
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	8 10 -	- -	- -	8 10 -
MARCH:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	235 - -	- -	235 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	152 14 6	11 3 6	- -	163 18 -
Ushers - - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	15 7 -	- -	- -	15 7 -
Court Books - - - -	- -	5 8 2	- -	- -	5 8 2
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	2 7 2	- -	- -	2 7 2
Stationery - - - - -	- -	5 4 7	- -	- -	5 4 7
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	4 4 9	- -	- -	4 4 9
NEWMARKET:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	27 12 3	152 7 9	- -	180 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	114 10 8	- -	- -	114 10 8
Ushers - - - - -	- -	4 16 -	- -	- -	4 16 -
Rents - - - - -	- -	71 13 -	- -	- -	71 13 -
Court Books - - - -	- -	12 7 2	- -	- -	12 7 2
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	2 11 8	- -	- -	2 11 8
Stationery - - - - -	- -	3 1 7	- -	- -	3 1 7
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	3 3 3	- -	- -	3 3 3
ROYSTON:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	20 14 6	164 5 6	- -	185 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	137 5 3	- -	- -	137 5 3
Ushers - - - - -	- -	4 4 -	- -	- -	4 4 -
Rents - - - - -	- -	11 17 6	- -	- -	11 17 6
Court Books - - - -	- -	7 16 10	- -	- -	7 16 10
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	2 14 2	- -	- -	2 14 2
Stationery - - - - -	- -	2 2 3	- -	- -	2 2 3
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	3 1 -	- -	- -	3 1 -
SAFFRON WALDEN:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	52 17 6	117 2 6	- -	170 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	108 18 7	- -	- -	108 18 7
Ushers - - - - -	- -	1 1 -	- -	- -	1 1 -
Rents - - - - -	- -	17 5 6	- -	- -	17 5 6
Court Books - - - -	- -	5 19 4	- -	- -	5 19 4
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	1 18 4	- -	- -	1 18 4
Stationery - - - - -	- -	1 13 3	- -	- -	1 13 3
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	3 2 -	- -	- -	3 2 -
ST. NEOT'S:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	27 18 9	152 1 3	- -	180 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	105 8 9	- -	- -	105 8 9
Ushers - - - - -	- -	4 8 -	- -	- -	4 8 -
Rents - - - - -	- -	80 - -	- -	- -	80 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	7 3 8	- -	- -	7 3 8
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	2 - 11	- -	- -	2 - 11
Stationery - - - - -	- -	- 8 6	- -	- -	- 8 6
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	3 17 8	- -	- -	3 17 8
Carried forward - - £.	- -	2,947 17 4	3,048 6 8	- -	5,996 4 -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 35—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - £.	- -	2,947 17 4	3,048 6 8	- -	5,996 4 -
SOHAM:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	55 18 6	74 1 6	- -	130 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	67 2 9	- -	- -	67 2 9
Ushers - - - - -	- -	- 16 -	- -	- -	- 16 -
Rents - - - - -	- -	38 8 -	- -	- -	38 8 -
Court Books - - - -	- -	6 - 2	- -	- -	6 - 2
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	2 14 8	- -	- -	2 14 8
Stationery - - - - -	- -	2 16 7	- -	- -	2 16 7
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	1 16 7	- -	- -	1 16 7
WISBEACH:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	3 13 9	256 6 3	- -	260 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	172 11 9	- -	- -	172 11 9
Ushers - - - - -	- -	2 15 -	- -	- -	2 15 -
Rents - - - - -	- -	28 13 6	- -	- -	28 13 6
Court Books - - - -	- -	8 11 8	- -	- -	8 11 8
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	6 8 10	- -	- -	6 8 10
Stationery - - - - -	- -	4 4 7	- -	- -	4 4 7
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	9 15 6	- -	- -	9 15 6
Judge of Circuit - { Salary - - -	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,740 - -
Judge of Circuit - { Travelling Expenses	- -	240 - -			
Total - - - £.	1,500 - -	3,600 5 2	3,378 14 5	- -	8,478 19 7

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 36.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
ABINGDON:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	48 16 3	106 3 9	- -	155 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	81 14 7	- -	- -	81 14 7
Usher - - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Hall-keeper - - - -	- -	12 - -	- -	- -	12 - -
Rent - - - - - -	- -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	6 14 3	- -	- -	6 14 3
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	4 8 6	- -	- -	4 8 6
Stationery - - - - -	- -	1 1 6	- -	- -	1 1 6
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	6 18 9	- -	- -	6 18 9
BANBURY:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	297 - -	- -	297 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	153 - -	42 - -	- -	195 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	35 - -	- -	- -	35 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Carried forward - - £.	- -	406 13 10	445 3 9	- -	851 17 7

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 36—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - £.	- -	406 13 10	445 3 9	- -	851 17 7
BICESTER:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	8 15 3	231 4 9	- -	240 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	186 - 7	- -	- -	186 - 7
Usher - - - - -	- -	4 10 -	- -	- -	4 10 -
Hall-keeper - - - -	- -	12 17 11	- -	- -	12 17 11
Rents - - - - -	- -	14 4 -	- -	- -	14 4 -
Court Books - - - -	- -	7 9 9	- -	- -	7 9 9
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	5 15 6	- -	- -	5 15 6
Stationery - - - - -	- -	10 - 2	- -	- -	10 - 2
Incidentals - - - -	- -	23 10 7	- -	- -	23 10 7
BRACKLEY:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	73 6 -	101 14 -	- -	175 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	102 2 7	- -	- -	102 2 7
Usher - - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Hall-keeper - - - -	- -	1 10 -	- -	- -	1 10 -
Rents - - - - -	- -	25 - -	- -	- -	25 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	8 16 3	- -	- -	8 16 3
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	1 4 -	- -	- -	1 4 -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	2 19 -	- -	- -	2 19 -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	6 10 -	- -	- -	6 10 -
BUCKINGHAM:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	55 - 3	149 19 9	- -	205 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	153 7 10	- -	- -	153 7 10
Usher - - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Hall-keeper - - - -	- -	5 6 9	- -	- -	5 6 9
Rents - - - - -	- -	32 - -	- -	- -	32 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	5 13 3	- -	- -	5 13 3
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	4 15 6	- -	- -	4 15 6
Stationery - - - - -	- -	2 15 5	- -	- -	2 15 5
Incidentals - - - -	- -	8 9 4	- -	- -	8 9 4
CHIPPING NORTON:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	63 17 6	91 2 6	- -	155 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	91 13 9	- -	- -	91 13 9
Ushers - - - - -	- -	2 10 -	- -	- -	2 10 -
Rents - - - - -	- -	32 - -	- -	- -	32 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	7 4 3	- -	- -	7 4 3
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	5 10 4	- -	- -	5 10 4
Stationery - - - - -	- -	5 4 3	- -	- -	5 4 3
Incidentals - - - -	- -	7 2 1	- -	- -	7 2 1
FARINGDON:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	9 12 9	160 7 3	- -	170 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	102 12 2	- -	- -	102 12 2
Usher - - - - -	- -	1 10 -	- -	- -	1 10 -
Hall-keeper - - - -	- -	2 5 -	- -	- -	2 5 -
Rent - - - - - -	- -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	5 13 3	- -	- -	5 13 3
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	1 18 8	- -	- -	1 18 8
Stationery - - - - -	- -	7 9 6	- -	- -	7 9 6
Incidentals - - - -	- -	7 16 5	- -	- -	7 16 5
OXFORD:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	388 - -	- -	388 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	99 5 5	100 6 6	- -	199 11 11
Usher - - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Hall-keeper and cleaning - -	- -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
Rent - - - - - -	- -	50 - -	- -	- -	50 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	16 6 9	- -	- -	16 6 9
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	34 - 7	- -	- -	34 - 7
Stationery - - - - -	- -	13 7 10	- -	- -	13 7 10
Incidentals - - - -	- -	26 11 8	- -	- -	26 11 8
Carried forward - - £.	- -	1,809 5 11	1,667 18 6	- -	3,477 4 5

COUNTY COURTS—CIRCUIT 36—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - - £.	- -	1,809 5 11	1,667 18 6	- -	3,477 4 5
SHIPSTON-ON-STOUR:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	5 - -	200 - -	- -	205 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	150 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	25 - -	- -	- -	25 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
STOW:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	56 10 9	73 9 3	- -	130 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	66 - 9	- -	- -	66 - 9
Rents - - - - -	- -	27 - -	- -	- -	27 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	6 - 6	- -	- -	6 - 6
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	2 4 4	- -	- -	2 4 4
Stationery - - - - -	- -	2 4 -	- -	- -	2 4 -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	3 18 2	- -	- -	3 18 2
THAME:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	46 15 -	118 5 -	- -	165 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	111 18 1	- -	- -	111 18 1
Usher - - - - -	- -	2 2 -	- -	- -	2 2 -
Hall-keeper, cleaning court, &c. -	- -	13 - -	- -	- -	13 - -
Rents - - - - -	—	—	—	—	—
Court Books - - - -	- -	6 - 5	- -	- -	6 - 5
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	3 9 -	- -	- -	3 9 -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	9 9 5	- -	- -	9 9 5
Incidentals - - - -	- -	18 11 11	- -	- -	18 11 11
WANTAGE:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	25 1 9	124 18 3	- -	150 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	101 3 3	- -	- -	101 3 3
Usher - - - - -	- -	1 10 -	- -	- -	1 10 -
Hall-keeper - - - -	- -	1 17 -	- -	- -	1 17 -
Rent - - - - - -	- -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	5 13 3	- -	- -	5 13 3
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	2 4 1	- -	- -	2 4 1
Stationery - - - - -	- -	3 15 -	- -	- -	3 15 -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	7 2 2	- -	- -	7 2 2
WITNEY:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	30 14 3	154 5 9	- -	185 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	132 10 -	- -	- -	132 10 -
Usher - - - - -	- -	1 10 -	- -	- -	1 10 -
Hall-keeper and cleaning - -	- -	15 12 -	- -	- -	15 12 -
Rents - - - - -	—	—	—	—	—
Court Books - - - -	- -	14 16 3	- -	- -	14 16 3
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	3 6 6	- -	- -	3 6 6
Stationery - - - - -	- -	2 2 6	- -	- -	2 2 6
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	15 2 6	- -	- -	15 2 6
WOODSTOCK:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	33 3 3	146 16 9	- -	180 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	135 3 1	- -	- -	135 3 1
Usher - - - - -	- -	1 10 -	- -	- -	1 10 -
Hall-keeper - - - -	- -	3 8 -	- -	- -	3 8 -
Rent - - - - - -	- -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	7 4 3	- -	- -	7 4 3
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	5 16 1	- -	- -	5 16 1
Stationery - - - - -	- -	6 11 3	- -	- -	6 11 3
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	5 10 9	- -	- -	5 10 9
Judge of Circuit - { Salary - - -	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,820 - -
Judge of Circuit - { Travelling Expenses	- -	320 - -			
TOTAL - - - £.	1,500 - -	3,304 17 5	2,485 13 6	- -	7,290 10 11

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 37.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
AYLESBURY:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	255 - -	- -	255 - -
High Bailiff	- -	173 13 1	6 3 -	- -	179 16 1
Hall-keeper	- -	6 7 -	- -	- -	6 7 -
Usher	- -	2 15 -	- -	- -	2 15 -
Rent	- -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Court Books	- -	5 13 3	- -	- -	5 13 3
Printed Forms	- -	4 4 6	- -	- -	4 4 6
Stationery	- -	5 16 -	- -	- -	5 16 -
Incidentals	- -	11 1 8	- -	- -	11 1 8
BARNET:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	51 - -	149 - -	- -	200 - -
High Bailiff	- -	63 - -	- -	- -	63 - -
Assistant	- -	73 - -	- -	- -	73 - -
Usher	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Rents	- -	63 - -	- -	- -	63 - -
Court Books	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
Printed Forms	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Stationery	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Incidentals	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
CHESHAM:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	67 - -	113 - -	- -	180 - -
High Bailiff	- -	63 - -	- -	- -	63 - -
Assistant	- -	70 - -	- -	- -	70 - -
Usher	- -	12 - -	- -	- -	12 - -
Rents	- -	52 - -	- -	- -	52 - -
Court Books	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Printed Forms	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Stationery	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
HENLEY-ON-THAMES:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	67 19 6	82 - 6	- -	150 - -
High Bailiff	- -	69 11 2	- -	- -	69 11 2
Usher	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Hall-keeper	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Rent	- -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Court Books	- -	9 15 9	- -	- -	9 15 9
Printed Forms	- -	- 14 -	- -	- -	- 14 -
Stationery	- -	1 14 3	- -	- -	1 14 3
Incidentals	- -	6 - 8	- -	- -	6 - 8
HIGH WYCOMBE:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	31 - -	229 - -	- -	260 - -
High Bailiff	- -	63 - -	- -	- -	63 - -
Assistant	- -	105 - -	- -	- -	105 - -
Usher	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Rents	- -	31 - -	- -	- -	31 - -
Court Books	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Printed Forms	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Stationery	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Carried forward £.	- -	1,239 5 10	834 3 6	- -	2,073 9 4

COUNTY COURTS—CIRCUIT 37—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - - £.	- -	1,239 5 10	834 3 6	- -	2,073 9 4
LEIGHTON BUZZARD:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	39 16 -	195 4 -	- -	235 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	158 10 8	- -	- -	158 10 8
Usher - - - - -	- -	2 15 -	- -	- -	2 15 -
Hall-keeper - - - -	- -	8 5 -	- -	- -	8 5 -
Rents - - - - -	- -	40 - -	- -	- -	40 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	8 - 9	- -	- -	8 - 9
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	5 8 -	- -	- -	5 8 -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	4 15 6	- -	- -	4 15 6
Incidentals - - - -	- -	9 - 6	- -	- -	9 - 6
LUTON:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	428 - -	- -	428 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	60 - -	3 - -	- -	63 - -
„ Assistant - - -	- -	149 - -	- -	- -	149 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	35 - -	- -	- -	35 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Stationery - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
ST. ALBANS:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	21 - -	261 - -	- -	282 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	63 - -	- -	- -	63 - -
„ Assistant - - -	- -	115 - -	- -	- -	115 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	30 - -	- -	- -	30 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
UXBRIDGE:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	280 - -	- -	280 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	45 - -	18 - -	- -	63 - -
„ Assistant - - -	- -	143 - -	- -	- -	143 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	12 - -	- -	- -	12 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	69 - -	- -	- -	69 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Stationery - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
WALLINGFORD:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	52 14 -	97 6 -	- -	150 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	88 10 -	- -	- -	88 10 -
Usher - - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Hall-keeper, and cleaning - -	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Rent - - - - -	- -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	10 11 9	- -	- -	10 11 9
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	5 18 9	- -	- -	5 18 9
Stationery - - - - -	- -	9 16 3	- -	- -	9 16 3
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	9 1 2	- -	- -	9 1 2
Carried forward - - - £.	- -	2,547 9 2	2,116 13 6	- -	4,664 2 8

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 37—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- -	2,547 9 2	2,116 13 6	- -	4,664 2 8
WATFORD:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	235 - -	- -	235 - -
High Bailiff	- -	14 - -	49 - -	- -	63 - -
Assistant	- -	88 - -	- -	- -	88 - -
Usher	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Housekeeper	- -	19 - -	- -	- -	19 - -
Rents	- -	16 - -	- -	- -	16 - -
Court Books	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Printed Forms	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Stationery	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Incidentals	- -	14 - -	- -	- -	14 -
WINDSOR:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	328 - -	- -	328 - -
High Bailiff	- -	120 6 5	94 1 9	- -	214 8 2
Ushers	- -	8 11 8	- -	- -	8 11 8
Hall-keeper	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
Rent	- -	50 - -	- -	- -	50 - -
Court Books	- -	13 5 9	- -	- -	13 5 9
Printed Forms	- -	16 4 -	- -	- -	16 4 -
Stationery	- -	9 5 2	- -	- -	9 5 2
Incidentals	- -	21 2 8	- -	- -	21 2 8
Judge of Circuit — Salary	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,800 - -
Judge of Circuit — Travelling Expenses	- -	300 - -			
TOTAL £.	1,500 - -	3,278 4 10	2,822 15 3	- -	7,601 - 1

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 38.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expen es, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
BISHOP STORTFORD:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- -	63 - -	157 - -	- -	220 - -
High Bailiff	- -	63 - -	- -	- -	63 - -
Assistant	- -	60 - -	- -	- -	60 - -
Usher	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Rents	- -	58 - -	- -	- -	58 - -
Court Books	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Printed Forms	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Stationery	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Incidentals	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
BRAINTREE:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	76 - -	124 - -	- -	200 - -
High Bailiff	- -	127 - -	- -	- -	127 - -
Usher	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Housekeeper	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Rents	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Court Books	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Printed Forms	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Stationery	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Carried forward	- -	492 - -	281 - -	- -	773 - -

COUNTY COURTS—CIRCUIT 38—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- -	492 - -	281 - -	- -	773 - -
BRENTWOOD:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	33 - -	167 - -	- -	200 - -
High Bailiff	- -	160 - -	- -	- -	160 - -
Usher	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Housekeeper	- -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
Rents	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Court Books	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Printed Forms	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Stationery	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Incidentals	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
CHELMSFORD:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	12 - -	213 - -	- -	225 - -
High Bailiff	- -	142 - -	- -	- -	142 - -
Usher	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Rents	- -	31 - -	- -	- -	31 - -
Court Books	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Printed Forms	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Stationery	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Incidentals	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
COLCHESTER:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	294 - -	- -	294 - -
High Bailiff	- -	190 - -	40 - -	- -	230 - -
Usher	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Rents	- -	37 - -	- -	- -	37 - -
Court Books	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Printed Forms	- -	14 - -	- -	- -	14 - -
Stationery	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
DUNMOW:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	67 - -	68 - -	- -	135 - -
High Bailiff	- -	97 - -	- -	- -	97 - -
Usher	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Rents	- -	28 - -	- -	- -	28 - -
Court Books	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Printed Forms	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Stationery	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
EDMONTON:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	364 - -	- -	364 - -
High Bailiff	- -	- -	63 - -	- -	63 - -
High Bailiff's Assistant	- -	67 - -	62 - -	- -	129 - -
Usher	- -	12 - -	- -	- -	12 - -
Housekeeper	- -	18 - -	- -	- -	18 - -
Rents	- -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
Court Books	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Printed Forms	- -	14 - -	- -	- -	14 - -
Stationery	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals	- -	13 -	- -	- -	13 - -
Carried forward	- -	1,554 - -	1,552 - -	- -	3,106 - -

COUNTY COURTS—CIRCUIT 38—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- -	1,554 - -	1,552 - -	- -	3,106 - -
HADLEIGH:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	43 - -	77 - -	- -	120 - -
High Bailiff	- -	75 - -	- -	- -	75 - -
Usher	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Rents	- -	41 - -	- -	- -	41 - -
Court Books	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Printed Forms	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Stationery	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Incidentals	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
HALSTEAD:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	61 - -	64 - -	- -	125 - -
High Bailiff	- -	59 - -	- -	- -	59 - -
Usher	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Rents	- -	50 - -	- -	- -	50 - -
Court Books	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Printed Forms	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Stationery	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Incidentals	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
HARWICH:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	54 - -	66 - -	- -	120 - -
High Bailiff	- -	78 - -	- -	- -	78 - -
Usher	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Rents	- -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Court Books	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Printed Forms	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Stationery	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
HERTFORD:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	35 - -	185 - -	- -	220 - -
High Bailiff	- -	63 - -	- -	- -	63 - -
High Bailiff's Assistant	- -	110 - -	- -	- -	110 - -
Usher	- -	12 - -	- -	- -	12 - -
Rents	- -	37 - -	- -	- -	37 - -
Court Books	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Printed Forms	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Stationery	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Incidentals	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
MALDON:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	56 - -	99 - -	- -	155 - -
High Bailiff	- -	118 - -	- -	- -	118 - -
Usher	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Housekeeper	- -	16 - -	- -	- -	16 - -
Rents	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Court Books	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Printed Forms	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Stationery	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Carried forward	- -	2,559 - -	2,043 - -	- -	4,602 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 38—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- - -	2,559 - -	2,043 - -	- -	4,602 - -
ROCHFORD:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	54 - -	146 - -	- -	200 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	138 - -	- -	- -	138 - -
Usher	- - -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Housekeeper	- - -	16 - -	- -	- -	16 - -
Rents	- - -	14 - -	- -	- -	14 - -
Court Books	- - -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Stationery	- - -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- - -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
ROMFORD:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	35 - -	245 - -	- -	280 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	220 - -	- -	- -	220 - -
Usher	- - -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Housekeeper	- - -	18 - -	- -	- -	18 - -
Rents	- - -	14 - -	- -	- -	14 - -
Court Books	- - -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Stationery	- - -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- - -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
SUDBURY:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	46 - -	174 - -	- -	220 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	147 - -	- -	- -	147 - -
Usher	- - -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Rents	- - -	21 - -	- -	- -	21 - -
Court Books	- - -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Stationery	- - -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- - -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
WALTHAM ABBEY:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	17 - -	243 - -	- -	260 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	63 - -	- -	- -	63 - -
High Bailiff's Assistant	- -	111 - -	- -	- -	111 - -
Usher	- - -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Housekeeper	- - -	19 - -	- -	- -	19 - -
Rents	- - -	26 - -	- -	- -	26 - -
Court Books	- - -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Stationery	- - -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals	- - -	89 - -	- -	- -	89 - -
Judge of Circuit - Salary	- - 1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,900 - -
Judge of Circuit - Travelling Expenses	- -	400 - -			
Totals £.	1,500 - -	4,087 - -	2,851 - -	- -	8,438 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 39.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
WHITECHAPEL:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	700 - -	- - -	700 - -
Registrar's Clerks	- - -	- - -	1,275 - -	- - -	1,275 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	- - -	625 - -	- - -	625 - -
Assistant Bailiffs	- - -	- - -	569 - -	- - -	569 - -
Usher	- - -	40 - -	- - -	- - -	40 - -
Housekeeper	- - -	75 - -	- - -	- - -	75 - -
Court Books	- - -	56 - -	- - -	- - -	56 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	72 - -	- - -	- - -	72 - -
Stationery	- - -	33 - -	- - -	- - -	33 - -
Incidentals	- - -	387 - -	- - -	- - -	387 - -
Judge of Circuit, Salary	1,500 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	1,500 - -
Totals £.	1,500 - -	663 - -	3,169 - -	- -	5,332 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 40.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
BOW:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	700 - -	- - -	700 - -
Registrar's Clerks	- - -	- - -	912 - -	- - -	912 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	- - -	600 - -	- - -	600 - -
High Bailiff's Assistants	- - -	- - -	571 - -	- - -	571 - -
Ushers	- - -	62 - -	- - -	- - -	62 - -
Housekeeper	- - -	100 - -	- - -	- - -	100 - -
Rents	- - -	76 - -	- - -	- - -	76 - -
Court Books	- - -	37 - -	- - -	- - -	37 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	63 - -	- - -	- - -	63 - -
Stationery	- - -	15 - -	- - -	- - -	15 - -
Incidentals	- - -	104 - -	- - -	- - -	104 - -
SHOREDITCH:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	700 - -	- - -	700 -
Registrar's Clerks	- - -	- - -	1,481 - -	- - -	1,481 -
High Bailiff	- - -	- - -	625 - -	- - -	625 - -
High Bailiff's Assistants	- - -	- - -	645 - -	- - -	645 - -
Usher	- - -	52 - -	- - -	- - -	52 - -
Housekeeper	- - -	75 - -	- - -	- - -	75 - -
Rents	- - -	181 - -	- - -	- - -	181 - -
Court Books	- - -	70 - -	- - -	- - -	70 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	87 - -	- - -	- - -	87 - -
Stationery	- - -	25 - -	- - -	- - -	25 - -
Incidentals	- - -	130 - -	- - -	- - -	130 - -
Judge of Circuit - Salary	1,500 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	1,550 - -
Judge of Circuit - Travelling Expenses	- - -	50 - -			
Totals £.	1,500 - -	1,127 - -	6,234 - -	- -	8,861 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 41.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
CLERKENWELL:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	700 - -	- - -	700 - -
Registrar's Clerks	- - -	- - -	1,540 - -	- - -	1,540 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	- - -	700 - -	- - -	700 - -
High Bailiff's Assistants	- - -	- - -	676 - -	- - -	676 - -
Usher	- - -	77 - -	- - -	- - -	77 - -
Housekeeper	- - -	120 - -	- - -	- - -	120 - -
Rents	- - -	120 - -	- - -	- - -	120 - -
Court Books	- - -	66 - -	- - -	- - -	66 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	98 - -	- - -	- - -	98 - -
Stationery	- - -	31 - -	- - -	- - -	31 - -
Incidentals	- - -	135 - -	- - -	- - -	135 - -
Judge of Circuit, Salary	1,500 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	1,500 - -
TOTALS £.	1,500 - -	647 - -	3,616 - -	- -	5,763 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 42.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
BLOOMSBURY:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	700 - -	- - -	700 - -
Registrar's Clerks	- - -	- - -	1,288 - -	- - -	1,288 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	- - -	650 - -	- - -	650 - -
High Bailiff's Assistants	- - -	- - -	684 - -	- - -	684 - -
Usher	- - -	125 - -	- - -	- - -	125 - -
Housekeeper	- - -	100 - -	- - -	- - -	100 - -
Rent	- - -	240 - -	- - -	- - -	240 - -
Court Books	- - -	96 - -	- - -	- - -	96 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	116 - -	- - -	- - -	116 - -
Stationery	- - -	25 - -	- - -	- - -	25 - -
Incidentals	- - -	392 - -	- - -	- - -	392 - -
Judge of Circuit, Salary	1,500 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	1,500 - -
TOTAL £.	1,500 - -	1,094 - -	3,322 - -	- -	5,916 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 43.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
BRENTFORD:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	436 - -	- - -	436 - -
High Bailiff	- Charged in Marylebone.		—	—	—
High Bailiff's Assistants	- -	- - -	126 - -	- - -	126 - -
Ushers	- - -	40 - -	- - -	- - -	40 - -
Rents	- - -	75 - -	- - -	- - -	75 - -
Books	- - -	6 - -	- - -	- - -	6 - -
Printing	- - -	22 - -	- - -	- - -	22 - -
Stationery	- - -	8 - -	- - -	- - -	8 - -
Incidentals	- - -	24 - -	- - -	- - -	24 - -
Carried forward	- -	175 - -	562 - -	- -	737 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 43—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- - -	175 - -	562 - -	- -	737 - -
BROMPTON:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	650 - -	- -	650 - -
Registrar's Clerks	- -	- -	550 - -	- -	550 - -
High Bailiff	- -	- -	437 - -	- -	437 - -
High Bailiff's Assistants	- -	- -	475 - -	- -	475 - -
Usher	- -	141 - -	- -	- -	141 - -
Housekeeper	- -	60 - -	- -	- -	60 - -
Rents	- -	105 - -	- -	- -	105 - -
Court Books	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Printing	- -	34 - -	- -	- -	34 - -
Stationery	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Incidentals	- -	246 - -	- -	- -	246 - -
MARYLEBONE:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	650 - -	- -	650 - -
Registrar's Clerks	- -	- -	850 - -	- -	850 - -
High Bailiff	- -	- -	623 - -	- -	623 - -
High Bailiff's Assistants	- -	- -	559 - -	- -	559 - -
Usher	- -	48 - -	- -	- -	48 - -
Housekeeper	- -	100 - -	- -	- -	100 - -
Court Books	- -	55 - -	- -	- -	55 - -
Printed Forms	- -	90 - -	- -	- -	90 - -
Stationery	- -	21 - -	- -	- -	21 - -
Incidentals	- -	189 - -	- -	- -	189 - -
Judge of Circuit - Salary	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,550 - -
Judge of Circuit - Travelling Expenses	- -	50 - -			
Totals £.	1,500 - -	1,329 - -	5,356 - -	- -	8,185 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 44.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
WESTMINSTER:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	700 - -	- -	700 - -
Registrar's Clerks	- -	- -	1,550 - -	- -	1,550 - -
High Bailiff	- -	- -	675 - -	- -	675 - -
High Bailiff's Assistants	- -	- -	667 - -	- -	667 - -
Ushers	- -	165 - -	- -	- -	165 - -
Housekeeper	- -	120 - -	- -	- -	120 - -
Rent	- -	200 - -	- -	- -	200 - -
Court Books	- -	51 - -	- -	- -	51 - -
Printed Forms	- -	130 - -	- -	- -	130 - -
Stationery	- -	40 - -	- -	- -	40 - -
Incidentals	- -	462 - -	- -	- -	462 - -
Judge of Circuit, Salary	1,800 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,800 - -
Totals £.	1,800 - -	1,168 - -	3,592 - -	- -	6,560 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 45.

—	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
CHERTSEY:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	245 - -	- - -	245 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	175 - -	53 - -	- - -	228 - -
Rent	- - -	50 - -	- - -	- - -	50 - -
Court Books	—	—	—	—	—
Printed Forms	- - -	1 - -	- - -	- - -	1 - -
Stationery	—	—	—	—	—
Incidentals	- - -	6 - -	- - -	- - -	6 - -
CROYDON:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	360 - -	- - -	360 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	- - -	241 - -	- - -	241 - -
Ushers	- - -	8 - -	- - -	- - -	8 - -
Rents	- - -	39 - -	- - -	- - -	39 - -
Court Books	- - -	13 - -	- - -	- - -	13 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	22 - -	- - -	- - -	22 - -
Stationery	- - -	11 - -	- - -	- - -	11 - -
Incidentals	- - -	24 - -	- - -	- - -	24 - -
EPSOM:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	150 - -	- - -	150 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	90 - -	11 - -	- - -	101 - -
Rents	- - -	60 - -	- - -	- - -	60 - -
Books	- - -	2 - -	- - -	- - -	2 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	3 - -
Stationery	- - -	2 - -	- - -	- - -	2 - -
Incidentals	- - -	5 - -	- - -	- - -	5 - -
FARNHAM:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	245 - -	- - -	245 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	216 - -	63 - -	- - -	279 - -
Rents	- - -	35 - -	- - -	- - -	35 - -
Court Books	- - -	10 - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	9 - -	- - -	- - -	9 - -
Stationery	- - -	1 - -	- - -	- - -	1 - -
Incidentals	- - -	10 - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -
GODALMING:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	145 - -	- - -	145 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	102 - -	7 - -	- - -	109 - -
Rents	- - -	25 - -	- - -	- - -	25 - -
Court Books	—	—	—	—	—
Printed Forms	- - -	7 - -	- - -	- - -	7 - -
Stationery	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	3 - -
Incidentals	- - -	10 - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -
GUILDFORD:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	1 - -	174 - -	- - -	175 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	96 - -	- - -	- - -	96 - -
Rents	- - -	45 - -	- - -	- - -	45 - -
Court Books	- - -	9 - -	- - -	- - -	9 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	13 - -	- - -	- - -	13 - -
Stationery	- - -	5 - -	- - -	- - -	5 - -
Incidentals	- - -	8 - -	- - -	- - -	8 - -
Carried forward	- - -	1,116 - -	1,694 - -	- -	2,810 - -

COUNTY COURTS—CIRCUIT 45—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - - £.	-	1,116 - -	1,694 - -	- -	2,810 - -
HUNGERFORD:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	43 3 -	106 17 -	- -	150 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	105 16 5	- -	- -	105 16 5
Usher - - - - -	- -	2 5 -	- -	- -	2 5 -
Hallkeeper - - - - -	- -	2 18 -	- -	- -	2 18 -
Rent - - - - - -	- -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	10 16 3	- -	- -	10 16 3
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	4 9 9	- -	- -	4 9 9
Stationery - - - - -	- -	1 3 -	- -	- -	1 3 -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	4 15 6	- -	- -	4 15 6
KINGSTON:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	285 - -	- -	285 - -
Bailiff - - - - -	- -	86 - -	75 - -	- -	161 - -
Ushers - - - - -	- -	13 - -	- -	- -	13 - -
Rents - - - - - -	- -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
Stationery - - - - -	—	—	—	—	—
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	19 - -	- -	- -	19 - -
NEWBURY:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	230 - -	- -	230 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	94 6 3	48 1 -	- -	142 7 3
Usher - - - - -	- -	4 15 -	- -	- -	4 15 -
Hallkeeper and Cleaning - -	- -	8 5 -	- -	- -	8 5 -
Rent - - - - - -	- -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	6 4 3	- -	- -	6 4 3
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	6 17 6	- -	- -	6 17 6
Stationery - - - - -	- -	4 9 4	- -	- -	4 9 4
Incidentals - - - -	- -	11 3 7	- -	- -	11 3 7
READING:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	372 - -	- -	372 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	134 1 5	118 10 9	- -	252 12 2
Usher - - - - -	- -	8 5 -	- -	- -	8 5 -
Rent - - - - - -	- -	40 - -	- -	- -	40 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	19 3 3	- -	- -	19 3 3
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	40 18 4	- -	- -	40 18 4
Stationery - - - - -	- -	25 9 7	- -	- -	25 9 7
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	43 6 10	- -	- -	43 6 10
WANDSWORTH:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	574 - -	- -	574 - -
Bailiff - - - - -	- -	5 - -	433 - -	- -	438 - -
Usher and Housekeeper - -	- -	100 - -	- -	- -	100 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	27 - -	- -	- -	27 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	17 - -	- -	- -	17 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	121 - -	- -	- -	121 - -
Judge of Circuit { Salary - - -	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,660 - -
Judge of Circuit { Travelling Expenses -	- -	160 - -			
TOTALS - - - - £.	1,500 - -	2,366 12 3	3,936 8 9	- -	7,803 1 -

COUNTY COURT—Circuit 46.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
SOUTHWARK:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	700 - -	- -	700 - -
Registrar's Clerks	- -	- -	1,530 - -	- -	1,530 - -
High Bailiff	- -	- -	700 - -	- -	700 - -
High Bailiff's Assistants	- -	- -	685 - -	- -	685 - -
Housekeeper	- -	110 - -	- -	- -	110 - -
Usher	- -	110 - -	- -	- -	110 - -
Rent	- -	401 - -	- -	- -	401 - -
Court Books	- -	92 - -	- -	- -	92 - -
Printed Forms	- -	140 - -	- -	- -	140 - -
Stationery	- -	48 - -	- -	- -	48 - -
Incidentals	- -	193 - -	- -	- -	193 - -
Judge of Circuit, Salary	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,500 - -
Totals £.	1,500 - -	1,094 - -	3,615 - -	- -	6,209 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 47.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
GREENWICH AND WOOLWICH:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	650 - -	- -	650 - -
Registrar's Clerks	- -	- -	670 - -	- -	670 - -
High Bailiff, Salary	- -	100 - -	450 - -	- -	550 - -
Officers	- -	273 - -	- -	- -	273 - -
Court Keeper (Greenwich)	- -	90 - -	- -	- -	90 - -
Court Keeper (Woolwich)	- -	70 - -	- -	- -	70 - -
Doorkeepers for both Courts	- -	12 - -	- -	- -	12 - -
Rents	- -	152 - -	- -	- -	152 - -
Court Books	- -	47 - -	- -	- -	47 - -
Printed Forms	- -	48 - -	- -	- -	48 - -
Stationery	- -	32 - -	- -	- -	32 - -
Incidentals	- -	99 - -	- -	- -	99 - -
LAMBETH:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	650 - -	- -	650 - -
Registrar's Clerks	- -	- -	1,060 - -	- -	1,060 - -
High Bailiff, Salary	- -	- -	550 - -	- -	550 - -
Clerks	- -	79 - -	311 - -	- -	390 - -
Court Keeper	- -	110 - -	- -	- -	110 - -
Rents, &c.	- -	154 - -	- -	- -	154 - -
Court Books	- -	48 - -	- -	- -	48 - -
Printed Forms	- -	79 - -	- -	- -	79 - -
Stationery	- -	27 - -	- -	- -	27 - -
Incidentals	- -	108 - -	- -	- -	108 - -
Judge of Circuit { Salary	1,800 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,900 - -
Judge of Circuit { Travelling Expenses	- -	100 - -			
Totals £.	1,800 - -	1,628 - -	4,341 - -	- -	7,769 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 48.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
BROMLEY:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	175 - -	- - -	175 - -
High Bailiff, Salary	- - -	104 - -	1 - -	- - -	105 - -
Ushers or Peace Officers	- - -	12 - -	- - -	- - -	12 - -
Rents, &c.	- - -	45 - -	- - -	- - -	45 - -
Court Books	- - -	5 - -	- - -	- - -	5 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	6 - -	- - -	- - -	6 - -
Stationery	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	3 - -
Incidentals	- - -	4 - -	- - -	- - -	4 - -
DARTFORD:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	368 - -	- - -	368 - -
High Bailiff, Salary	- - -	162 - -	103 - -	- - -	265 - -
Ushers or Peace Officers	- - -	13 - -	- - -	- - -	13 - -
Rents, &c.	- - -	14 - -	- - -	- - -	14 - -
Court Books	- - -	15 - -	- - -	- - -	15 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	10 - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -
Stationery	- - -	7 - -	- - -	- - -	7 - -
Incidentals	- - -	14 - -	- - -	- - -	14 - -
GRAVESEND:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	468 - -	- - -	468 - -
High Bailiff, Salary	- - -	88 - -	120 - -	- - -	208 - -
Ushers or Peace Officers	- - -	23 - -	- - -	- - -	23 - -
Rents, &c.	- - -	70 - -	- - -	- - -	70 - -
Court Books	- - -	15 - -	- - -	- - -	15 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	24 - -	- - -	- - -	24 - -
Stationery	- - -	9 - -	- - -	- - -	9 - -
Incidentals	- - -	28 - -	- - -	- - -	28 - -
MAIDSTONE:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	504 - -	- - -	504 - -
High Bailiff, Salary	- - -	157 - -	227 - -	- - -	384 - -
Ushers or Peace Officers, Court Keeper	- - -	43 - -	- - -	- - -	43 - -
Rents, &c.	- - -	60 - -	- - -	- - -	60 - -
Court Books	- - -	19 - -	- - -	- - -	19 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	23 - -	- - -	- - -	23 - -
Stationery	- - -	7 - -	- - -	- - -	7 - -
Incidentals	- - -	28 - -	- - -	- - -	28 - -
ROCHESTER:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	650 - -	- - -	650 - -
Ditto for Clerks	- - -	- - -	500 - -	- - -	500 - -
High Bailiff, Salary	- - -	- - -	575 - -	- - -	575 - -
High Bailiff's Officers	- - -	393 - -	46 - -	- - -	439 - -
Court Keeper	- - -	75 - -	- - -	- - -	75 - -
Ushers and Peace Officers	- - -	34 - -	- - -	- - -	34 - -
Rents, &c.	- - -	33 - -	- - -	- - -	33 - -
Court Books	- - -	54 - -	- - -	- - -	54 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	72 - -	- - -	- - -	72 - -
Stationery	- - -	35 - -	- - -	- - -	35 - -
Incidentals	- - -	82 - -	- - -	- - -	82 - -
Carried forward £.	- -	1,786 - -	3,737 - -	- -	5,523 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 48—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - - £.	- - -	1,786 - -	3,737 - -	- - -	5,523 - -
SEVENOAKS:					
Registrar, Salary - - - -	- - -	2 - -	143 - -	- - -	145 - -
High Bailiff, Salary - - -	- - -	73 - -	- - -	- - -	73 - -
Ushers or Peace Officers - -	- - -	17 - -	- - -	- - -	17 - -
Rents, &c. - - - - -	- - -	60 - -	- - -	- - -	60 - -
Court Books - - - -	- - -	10 - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -
Printed forms - - - -	- - -	8 - -	- - -	- - -	8 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	3 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- - -	6 - -	- - -	- - -	6 - -
SHEERNESS:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- - -	- - -	348 - -	- - -	348 - -
Ushers - - - - - -	- - -	39 - -	- - -	- - -	39 - -
Rents, &c. - - - - -	- - -	312 - -	- - -	- - -	312 - -
Court Books - - - -	- - -	11 - -	- - -	- - -	11 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- - -	21 - -	- - -	- - -	21 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- - -	4 - -	- - -	- - -	4 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- - -	24 - -	- - -	- - -	24 - -
TONBRIDGE:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- - -	- - -	145 - -	- - -	145 - -
High Bailiff, Salary - - -	- - -	61 - -	13 - -	- - -	74 - -
Usher or Peace Officer - -	- - -	15 - -	- - -	- - -	15 - -
Rents, &c. - - - - -	- - -	66 - -	- - -	- - -	66 - -
Court Books - - - -	- - -	7 - -	- - -	- - -	7 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- - -	6 - -	- - -	- - -	6 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- - -	5 - -	- - -	- - -	5 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- - -	9 - -	- - -	- - -	9 - -
TONBRIDGE WELLS:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- - -	- - -	292 - -	- - -	292 - -
High Bailiff, Salary - - -	- - -	112 - -	93 - -	- - -	205 - -
Ushers or Peace Officers - -	- - -	17 - -	- - -	- - -	17 - -
Rents, &c. - - - - -	- - -	41 - -	- - -	- - -	41 - -
Court Books - - - -	- - -	12 - -	- - -	- - -	12 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- - -	11 - -	- - -	- - -	11 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- - -	4 - -	- - -	- - -	4 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- - -	17 - -	- - -	- - -	17 - -
Judge of Circuit — Salary - - -	1,500 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	1,760 - -
Judge of Circuit — Travelling Expenses -	- - -	260 - -			
Totals - - £.	1,500 - -	3,019 - -	4,771 - -	- - -	9,290 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 49.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
ASHFORD:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	43 - -	157 - -	- -	200 - -
High Bailiff, Salary	- - -	122 - -	- -	- -	122 - -
Usher or Peace Officers	- -	13 - -	- -	- -	13 - -
Rents, &c.	- - - -	47 - -	- -	- -	47 - -
Court Books	- - - -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Printed Forms	- - - -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Stationery	- - - -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Incidentals	- - - -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
CANTERBURY:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- -	304 - -	- -	304 - -
High Bailiff, Salary	- - -	110 - -	105 - -	- -	215 - -
Usher or Peace Officers	- -	13 - -	- -	- -	13 - -
Rents, &c.	- - - -	45 - -	- -	- -	45 - -
Court Books	- - - -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
Printed Forms	- - - -	13 - -	- -	- -	13 - -
Stationery	- - - -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- - - -	14 - -	- -	- -	14 - -
DEAL AND SANDWICH:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	5 - -	190 - -	- -	195 - -
High Bailiff, Salary	- - -	105 - -	- -	- -	105 - -
Usher or Peace Officer's Clerk at Sandwich	- - - -	86 - -	- -	- -	86 - -
Rents, &c.	- - - -	65 - -	- -	- -	65 - -
Court Books	- - - -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
Printed Forms	- - - -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Stationery	- - - -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- - - -	16 - -	- -	- -	16 - -
DOVER:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- -	240 - -	- -	240 - -
High Bailiff, Salary	- - -	98 - -	10 - -	- -	108 - -
Ushers or Peace Officers	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Rents, &c.	- - - -	31 - -	- -	- -	31 - -
Court Books	- - - -	12 - -	- -	- -	12 - -
Printed Forms	- - - -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Stationery	- - - -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- - - -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
FAVERSHAM:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- -	185 - -	- -	185 - -
High Bailiff, Salary	- - -	77 - -	21 - -	- -	98 - -
Ushers or Peace Officers	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Rents, &c.	- - - -	38 - -	- -	- -	38 - -
Court Books	- - - -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
Printed Forms	- - - -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Stationery	- - - -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Incidentals	- - - -	13 - -	- -	- -	13 - -
FOLKESTONE:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	17 - -	178 - -	- -	195 - -
High Bailiff, Salary	- - -	86 - -	- -	- -	86 - -
Ushers or Peace Officers	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Rents, &c.	- - - -	25 - -	- -	- -	25 - -
Court Books	- - - -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Printed Forms	- - - -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Stationery	- - - -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- - - -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Carried forward	£. - -	1,224 - -	1,390 - -	- -	2,614 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 49—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - - £.	- -	1,224 - -	1,390 - -	- -	2,614 - -
HYTHE:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	67 - -	53 - -	- -	120 - -
High Bailiff, Salary - - -	- -	54 - -	- -	- -	54 - -
Usher or Peace Officers - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Rents, &c. - - - - -	- -	18 - -	- -	- -	18 - -
Court Books - - - - -	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
MARGATE:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	54 - -	96 - -	- -	150 - -
High Bailiff, Salary - - -	- -	65 - -	- -	- -	65 - -
Usher or Peace Officers - -	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Rents, &c. - - - - -	- -	35 - -	- -	- -	35 - -
Court Books - - - - -	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
RAMSGATE:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	23 - -	162 - -	- -	185 - -
High Bailiff, Salary - - -	- -	83 - -	- -	- -	83 - -
Ushers or Peace Officers - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Rents, &c. - - - - -	- -	35 - -	- -	- -	35 - -
Court Books - - - - -	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
ROMNEY:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	95 - -	25 - -	- -	120 - -
High Bailiff, Salary - - -	- -	49 - -	- -	- -	49 - -
Ushers or Peace Officers - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Rents, &c. - - - - -	- -	16 - -	- -	- -	16 - -
Court Books - - - - -	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
SITTINGBOURNE:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	215 - -	- -	215 - -
High Bailiff, Salary - - -	- -	145 - -	1 - -	- -	146 - -
Ushers or Peace Officers - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Rents, &c. - - - - -	- -	64 - -	- -	- -	64 - -
Court Books - - - - -	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
TENTERDEN AND CRANBROOK:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	58 - -	82 - -	- -	140 - -
High Bailiff, Salary - - -	- -	96 - -	- -	- -	96 - -
Ushers or Peace Officers - -	- -	14 - -	- -	- -	14 - -
Rents, &c. - - - - -	- -	44 - -	- -	- -	44 - -
Court Books - - - - -	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	24 - -	- -	- -	24 - -
Judge of Circuit { Salary - - -	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,750 - -
Judge of Circuit { Travelling Expenses -	- -	250 - -			
TOTALS - - - £.	1,500 - -	2,639 - -	2,024 - -	- -	6,163 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 50.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
ARUNDEL:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- - -	58 - -	92 - -	- - -	150 - -
Rents &c.	- - -	19 - -	- - -	- - -	19 - -
Court Books	- - -	5 - -	- - -	- - -	5 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	7 - -	- - -	- - -	7 - -
Stationery	- - -	1 - -	- - -	- - -	1 - -
Incidentals	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	3 - -
BRIGHTON:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	936 - -	- - -	936 - -
High Bailiff, Arundel, Hastings, and Rye	- - -	245 - -	840 - -	- - -	1,085 - -
Usher	- - -	111 - -	- - -	- - -	111 - -
Rents	- - -	110 - -	- - -	- - -	110 - -
Court Books	- - -	36 - -	- - -	- - -	36 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	93 - -	- - -	- - -	93 - -
Stationery	- - -	38 - -	- - -	- - -	38 - -
Incidentals	- - -	50 - -	- - -	- - -	50 - -
CHICHESTER:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	260 - -	- - -	260 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	126 - -	42 - -	- - -	168 - -
Rents	- - -	21 - -	- - -	- - -	21 - -
Court Books	- - -	11 - -	- - -	- - -	11 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	9 - -	- - -	- - -	9 - -
Stationery	- - -	2 - -	- - -	- - -	2 - -
Incidentals	- - -	6 - -	- - -	- - -	6 - -
CUCKFIELD:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	23 - -	122 - -	- - -	145 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	89 - -	- - -	- - -	89 - -
Usher	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	3 - -
Rents	- - -	38 - -	- - -	- - -	38 - -
Court Books	- - -	5 - -	- - -	- - -	5 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	6 - -	- - -	- - -	6 - -
Stationery	- - -	1 - -	- - -	- - -	1 - -
Incidentals	- - -	6 - -	- - -	- - -	6 - -
DORKING:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	27 - -	103 - -	- - -	130 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	61 - -	- - -	- - -	61 - -
Rents	- - -	50 - -	- - -	- - -	50 - -
Court Books	- - -	6 - -	- - -	- - -	6 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	3 - -
Stationery	- - -	1 - -	- - -	- - -	1 - -
Incidentals	- - -	2 - -	- - -	- - -	2 - -
EAST GRINSTEAD:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	28 - -	92 - -	- - -	120 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	65 - -	- - -	- - -	65 - -
Rents	- - -	40 - -	- - -	- - -	40 - -
Court Books	- - -	6 - -	- - -	- - -	6 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	3 - -
Stationery	- - -	1 - -	- - -	- - -	1 - -
Incidentals	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	3 - -
HASTINGS:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	324 - -	- - -	324 - -
Usher	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	3 - -
Rents	- - -	25 - -	- - -	- - -	25 - -
Court Books	- - -	6 - -	- - -	- - -	6 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	14 - -	- - -	- - -	14 - -
Stationery	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	3 - -
Incidentals	- - -	9 - -	- - -	- - -	9 - -
Carried forward £.	- -	1,478 - -	2,811 - -	- -	4,289 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 50—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - - £.	- -	1,478 - -	2,811 - -	- -	4,289 - -
HORSHAM:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	155 - -	- -	155 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	77 - -	3 - -	- -	80 - -
Ushers - - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	13 - -	- -	- -	13 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed forms - - - -	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
LEWES:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	352 - -	- -	352 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	399 - -	29 - -	- -	428 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	18 - -	- -	- -	18 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	21 - -	- -	- -	21 - -
MIDHURST:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	20 - -	100 - -	- -	120 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	74 - -	- -	- -	74 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	12 - -	- -	- -	12 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
PETWORTH:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	27 - -	123 - -	- -	150 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	88 - -	- -	- -	88 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	25 - -	- -	- -	25 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
REIGATE:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	150 - -	- -	150 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	63 - -	24 - -	- -	87 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	35 - -	- -	- -	35 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
RYE:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	78 - -	42 - -	- -	120 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
WORTHING:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	55 - -	95 - -	- -	150 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	66 - -	- -	- -	66 - -
Rents, &c. - - - -	- -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Judge of Circuit { Salary - - -	1,650 - -	- -	- -	- -	2,010 - -
Judge of Circuit { Travelling Expenses -	- -	360 - -	- -	- -	
Totals - - - £.	1,650 - -	3,066 - -	3,884 - -	- -	8,600 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 51.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
ALTON:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	36 - -	109 - -	- - -	145 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	79 - -	- - -	- - -	79 - -
Rents	- - -	19 - -	- - -	- - -	19 - -
Court Books	- - -	5 - -	- - -	- - -	5 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	4 - -	- - -	- - -	4 - -
Stationery	—	—	—	—	—
Incidentals	- - -	2 - -	- - -	- - -	2 - -
BASINGSTOKE:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	170 - -	- - -	170 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	107 - -	5 - -	- - -	112 - -
Rents	- - -	21 - -	- - -	- - -	21 - -
Court Books	- - -	7 - -	- - -	- - -	7 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	3 - -
Stationery	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	3 - -
Incidentals	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	3 - -
BISHOP'S WALTHAM:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	35 - -	90 - -	- - -	125 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	79 - -	- - -	- - -	79 - -
Usher	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	3 - -
Rents	- - -	30 - -	- - -	- - -	30 - -
Court Books	- - -	5 - -	- - -	- - -	5 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	3 - -
Stationery	- - -	1 - -	- - -	- - -	1 - -
Incidentals	- - -	1 - -	- - -	- - -	1 - -
LYMINGTON:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	33 - -	122 - -	- - -	155 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	85 - -	- - -	- - -	85 - -
Rents	- - -	25 - -	- - -	- - -	25 - -
Court Books	- - -	5 13 3	- - -	- - -	5 13 3
Printed Forms	- - -	2 17 11	- - -	- - -	2 17 11
Stationery	- - -	3 5 3	- - -	- - -	3 5 3
Incidentals	- - -	2 18 9	- - -	- - -	2 18 9
NEWPORT AND RYDE:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	392 - -	- - -	392 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	159 - -	256 - -	- - -	415 - -
Usher	- - -	5 - -	- - -	- - -	5 - -
Rents	- - -	20 - -	- - -	- - -	20 - -
Court Books	- - -	12 - -	- - -	- - -	12 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	14 - -	- - -	- - -	14 - -
Stationery	- - -	5 - -	- - -	- - -	5 - -
Incidentals	- - -	15 - -	- - -	- - -	15 - -
PETERSFIELD:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	72 - -	48 - -	- - -	120 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	55 - -	- - -	- - -	55 - -
Usher	- - -	1 - -	- - -	- - -	1 - -
Rents	- - -	10 - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -
Court Books	- - -	5 - -	- - -	- - -	5 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	2 - -	- - -	- - -	2 - -
Stationery	- - -	1 - -	- - -	- - -	1 - -
Incidentals	- - -	2 - -	- - -	- - -	2 - -
PORTSMOUTH:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	948 - -	- - -	948 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	- - -	735 - -	- - -	735 - -
Usher	- - -	26 - -	- - -	- - -	26 - -
Rents	- - -	24 - -	- - -	- - -	24 - -
Court Books	- - -	25 - -	- - -	- - -	25 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	36 - -	- - -	- - -	36 - -
Stationery	- - -	10 - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -
Incidentals	- - -	40 - -	- - -	- - -	40 - -
Carried forward £.	- -	1,142 15 2	2,875 - -	- -	4,017 15 2

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 51—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	- -	1,142 15 2	2,875 - -	- -	4,017 15 2
ROMSEY:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	15 - -	135 - -	- -	150 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	106 - -	- -	- -	106 - -
New Court House - - -	- -	750 - -	- -	- -	750 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	27 - -	- -	- -	27 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	-	3 - -
SOUTHAMPTON:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	724 - -	- -	724 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	- -	484 - -	- -	484 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	80 - -	- -	- -	80 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	34 - -	- -	- -	34 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	18 - -	- -	- -	18 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	32 - -	- -	- -	32 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	13 - -	- -	- -	13 - -
Incidentals - - - -	-	22 - -	- -	- -	22 - -
WINCHESTER:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	277 - -	- -	277 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	122 - -	64 - -	- -	186 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	13 - -	- -	- -	13 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Judge of Circuit - - { Salary - - -	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,840 - -
{ Travelling Expenses	- -	340 - -			
Totals - - - £.	1,500 - -	2,778 15 2	4,559 - -	- -	8,837 15 2

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 52.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
BATH:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	664 - -	- -	664 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	177 2 2	290 2 6	-	467 4 8
Ushers - - - - -	- -	12 - -	- -	- -	12 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	68 11 -	- -	- -	68 11 -
Court Books - - - -	- -	17 2 -	- -	- -	17 2 -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	20 14 6	- -	- -	20 14 6
Stationery - - - - -	- -	3 19 6	- -	- -	3 19 6
Incidentals - - - -	- -	25 12 -	- -	- -	25 12 -
BRADFORD (WILTS.):					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	35 13 9	89 6 3	- -	125 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	55 7 5	- -	- -	55 7 5
Rents - - - - -	- -	40 - -	- -	- -	40 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	7 10 6	- -	- -	7 10 6
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	1 11 -	- -	- -	1 11 -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	- 4 6	- -	- -	- 4 6
Incidentals - - - -	- -	2 - 1	- -	- -	2 - 1
Carried forward - - - £.	-	467 8 5	1,043 8 9	- -	1,510 17 2

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 52—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensation Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	- -	467 8 5	1,043 8 9	- -	1,510 17 2
CALNE:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	67 5 5	67 14 7	- -	135 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	93 8 9	- -	- -	93 8 9
Rents - - - - -	- -	18 - -	- -	- -	18 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	10 2 11	- -	- -	10 2 11
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	4 8 9	- -	- -	4 8 9
Stationery - - - - -	- -	2 18 11	- -	- -	2 18 11
Incidentals - - - -	- -	3 6 4	- -	- -	3 6 4
CHIPPENHAM:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	23 - 6	156 19 6	- -	180 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	110 9 1	- -	- -	110 9 1
Rents - - - - -	- -	103 13 -	- -	- -	103 13 -
Court Books - - -	—	—	—	—	—
Printed Forms - - - -	—	—	—	—	—
Stationery - - - - -	—	—	—	—	—
Incidentals - - - -	- -	3 14 6	- -	- -	3 14 6
DEVIZES:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	34 8 3	140 11 9	- -	175 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	75 12 9	- -	- -	75 12 9
Rents - - - - -	- -	40 - -	- -	- -	40 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	7 19 6	- -	- -	7 19 6
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	5 7 10	- -	- -	5 7 10
Stationery - - - - -	- -	5 3 3	- -	- -	5 3 3
Incidentals - - - -	- -	5 6 11	- -	- -	5 6 11
FROME:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	40 - 9	295 19 3	- -	336 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	210 11 4	- -	- -	210 11 4
Ushers - - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	50 - -	- -	- -	50 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	11 4 6	- -	- -	11 4 6
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	5 13 6	- -	- -	5 13 6
Stationery - - - - -	- -	4 10 6	- -	- -	4 10 6
Incidentals - - - -	- -	9 14 10	- -	- -	9 14 10
MARLBOROUGH:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	41 1 6	118 18 6	- -	160 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	114 - -	- -	- -	114 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	21 7 -	- -	- -	21 7 -
Court Books - - - -	- -	6 - 6	- -	- -	6 - 6
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	2 4 3	- -	- -	2 4 3
Stationery - - - - -	- -	- 7 9	- -	- -	- 7 9
Incidentals - - - -	- -	3 5 1	- -	- -	3 5 1
MELKSHAM:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	94 - 9	25 19 3	- -	120 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	49 3 1	- -	- -	49 3 1
Rents - - - - -	- -	29 8 -	- -	- -	29 8 -
Court Books - - - -	- -	8 16 7	- -	- -	8 16 7
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	1 9 10	- -	- -	1 9 10
Stationery - - - - -	- -	- 13 -	- -	- -	- 13 -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	1 14 -	- -	- -	1 14 -
SWINDON:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	304 - -	- -	304 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	200 13 8	7 5 6	- -	207 19 2
Rents - - - - -	- -	35 15 -	- -	- -	35 15 -
Court Books - - - -	- -	14 9 6	- -	- -	14 9 6
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	4 19 8	- -	- -	4 19 8
Stationery - - - - -	- -	5 8 6	- -	- -	5 8 6
Incidentals - - - -	- -	8 12 4	- -	- -	8 12 4
Carried forward - - - £.	- -	2,060 - 6	2,160 17 1	- -	4,220 17 7

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 52—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	- -	2,060 - 6	2,160 17 1	- -	4,220 17 7
TROWBRIDGE:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	41 13 9	78 6 3	- -	120 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	51 17 3	- -	- -	51 17 3
Rents - - - - -	- -	46 17 4	- -	- -	46 17 4
Court Books - - - -	- -	5 16 -	- -	- -	5 16 -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	1 7 6	- -	- -	1 7 6
Stationery - - - - -	- -	- 13 6	- -	- -	- 13 6
Incidentals - - - -	- -	1 14 -	- -	- -	1 14 -
WARMINSTER:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	16 4 6	158 15 6	- -	175 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	95 8 5	- -	- -	95 8 5
Rents - - - - -	- -	20 16 6	- -	- -	20 16 6
Court Books - - - -	- -	6 - 6	- -	- -	6 - 6
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	3 13 5	- -	- -	3 13 5
Stationery - - - - -	- -	3 7 2	- -	- -	3 7 2
Incidentals - - - -	- -	4 14 2	- -	- -	4 14 2
WESTBURY:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	84 - 9	50 19 3	- -	135 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	56 14 5	- -	- -	56 14 5
Ushers - - - - -	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	5 16 -	- -	- -	5 16 -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	1 11 9	- -	- -	1 11 9
Incidentals - - - -	- -	2 3 4	- -	- -	2 3 4
Judge of Circuit - { Salary - - -	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,810 - -
Judge of Circuit - { Travelling Expenses	- -	310 - -			
Total - - - £.	1,500 - -	2,839 10 9	2,448 18 1	- -	6,788 8 10

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 53.

	Salaries. Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses. charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
CHELTENHAM:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	468 - -	- -	468 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	2 17 9	224 9 6	- -	227 7 3
Ushers - - - - -	- -	14 - -	- -	- -	14 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	53 3 11	- -	- -	53 3 11
Court Books - - - -	- -	17 10 6	- -	- -	17 10 6
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	9 18 6	- -	- -	9 18 6
Stationery - - - - -	- -	3 13 -	- -	- -	3 13 -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	17 17 6	- -	- -	17 17 6
Carried forward - - - £.	- -	119 1 2	692 9 6	- -	811 10 8

COUNTY COURTS—CIRCUIT 53—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- -	119 1 2	692 9 6	- -	811 10 8
CIRENCESTER:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	59 - 6	180 19 6	- -	240 - -
High Bailiff	- -	143 8 8	- -	- -	143 8 8
Rents	- -	38 - -	- -	- -	38 - -
Court Books	- -	8 1 -	- -	- -	8 1 -
Printed Forms	- -	5 9 3	- -	- -	5 9 3
Stationery	- -	1 12 9	- -	- -	1 12 9
Incidentals	- -	3 12 11	- -	- -	3 12 11
DURSLEY:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	125 - -	- -	125 - -
High Bailiff	- -	104 9 8	36 13 -	- -	141 2 8
Rents	- -	15 18 6	- -	- -	15 18 6
Court Books	- -	9 7 -	- -	- -	9 7 -
Printed Forms	- -	6 13 8	- -	- -	6 13 8
Stationery	- -	3 14 -	- -	- -	3 14 -
Incidentals	- -	7 18 11	- -	- -	7 18 11
GLOUCESTER:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	528 - -	- -	528 - -
High Bailiff	- -	140 10 10	144 2 9	- -	284 13 7
Ushers	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Rents	- -	31 - -	- -	- -	31 - -
Court Books	- -	12 8 2	- -	- -	12 8 2
Printed Forms	- -	14 1 7	- -	- -	14 1 7
Stationery	- -	1 5 9	- -	- -	1 5 9
Incidentals	- -	14 11 5	- -	- -	14 11 5
MALMESBURY:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	57 3 9	152 16 3	- -	210 - -
High Bailiff	- -	139 13 6	- -	- -	139 13 6
Rents	- -	44 - -	- -	- -	44 - -
Court Books	- -	6 16 9	- -	- -	6 16 9
Printed Forms	- -	4 6 11	- -	- -	4 6 11
Stationery	- -	2 17 10	- -	- -	2 17 10
Incidentals	- -	3 14 10	- -	- -	3 14 10
NEWENT:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	52 13 6	122 6 6	- -	175 - -
High Bailiff	- -	109 8 5	- -	- -	109 8 5
Rents	- -	22 10 -	- -	- -	22 10 -
Court Books	- -	1 7 -	- -	- -	1 7 -
Printed Forms	- -	2 16 6	- -	- -	2 16 6
Stationery	- -	- 17 6	- -	- -	- 17 6
Incidentals	- -	4 6 10	- -	- -	4 6 10
NEWNHAM:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	400 - -	- -	400 - -
High Bailiff	- -	297 11 7	15 15 3	- -	313 6 10
Ushers	- -	1 10 -	- -	- -	1 10 -
Rents	- -	40 - -	- -	- -	40 - -
Court Books	- -	10 5 3	- -	- -	10 5 3
Printed Forms	- -	8 8 4	- -	- -	8 8 4
Stationery	- -	9 14 3	- -	- -	9 14 3
Incidentals	- -	13 9 3	- -	- -	13 9 3
NORTHLEACH:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	50 4 3	74 15 9	- -	125 - -
High Bailiff	- -	64 15 4	- -	- -	64 15 4
Rents	- -	27 - -	- -	- -	27 - -
Court Books	- -	8 12 -	- -	- -	8 12 -
Printed Forms	- -	1 13 1	- -	- -	1 13 1
Stationery	- -	3 8 6	- -	- -	3 8 6
Incidentals	- -	1 18 1	- -	- -	1 18 1
Carried forward £.	- -	1,737 9 -	2,472 18 6	- -	4,210 7 6

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 53—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	-	1,737 9 -	2,472 18 6	-	4,210 7 6
STROUD:					
Registrar, Salary	-	39 8 9	332 11 3	-	372 - -
High Bailiff	-	220 7 5	-	-	220 7 5
Rents	-	51 1 -	-	-	51 1 -
Court Books	-	10 11 -	-	-	10 11 -
Printed Forms	-	6 2 10	-	-	6 2 10
Stationery	-	2 3 6	-	-	2 3 6
Incidentals	-	7 - 9	-	-	7 - 9
TEWKESBURY:					
Registrar, Salary	-	54 19 -	95 1 -	-	150 - -
High Bailiff	-	77 1 7	-	-	77 1 7
Ushers	-	- 15 -	-	-	- 15 -
Rents	-	25 - -	-	-	25 - -
Court Books	-	6 - 10	-	-	6 - 10
Printed Forms	-	1 18 3	-	-	1 18 3
Stationery	-	- 16 3	-	-	- 16 3
Incidentals	-	3 - -	-	-	3 - -
WINCHCOMB:					
Registrar, Salary	-	58 12 3	81 7 9	-	140 - -
High Bailiff	-	75 11 3	-	-	75 11 3
Rents	-	33 10 -	-	-	33 10 -
Court Books	-	5 16 -	-	-	5 16 -
Printed Forms	-	2 8 2	-	-	2 8 2
Stationery	-	3 16 6	-	-	3 16 6
Incidentals	-	5 11 8	-	-	5 11 8
Judge of Circuit — Salary	1,500 - -	-	-	-	1,780 - -
Judge of Circuit — Travelling Expenses	-	280 - -			
TOTAL £.	1,500 - -	2,709 1 -	2,981 18 6	-	7,190 19 6

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 54.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
BRISTOL:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	-	-	700 - -	-	700 - -
Registrar's Clerks	-	-	1,316 1 8	-	1,316 1 8
High Bailiffs	-	-	625 - -	-	625 - -
Assistants	-	404 13 5	341 6 7	-	746 - -
Ushers	-	82 13 7	-	-	82 13 7
Rents	-	144 4 7	-	-	144 4 7
Court Books	-	34 1 11	-	-	34 1 11
Printed Forms	-	58 15 5	-	-	58 15 5
Stationery	-	15 19 3	-	-	15 19 3
Incidentals	-	68 19 3	-	-	68 19 3
CHIPPING SODBURY:					
Registrar, Salary	-	52 3 -	67 17 -	-	120 -
High Bailiff	-	71 10 -	-	-	71 10 -
Rents	-	30 - -	-	-	30 - -
Court Books	-	9 18 -	-	-	9 18 -
Printed Forms	-	1 15 6	-	-	1 15 6
Stationery	-	- 16 6	-	-	- 16 6
Incidentals	-	4 4 10	-	-	4 4 10
Carried forward £.	-	979 15 3	3,050 5 3	-	4,030 - 6

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 54—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	- -	979 15 3	3,050 5 3	- -	4,030 - 6
THORNBURY:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	70 19 3	49 - 9	- -	120 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	120 8 2	- -	- -	120 8 2
Rents - - - - -	- -	23 - -	- -	- -	23 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	7 15 -	- -	- -	7 15 -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	1 14 3	- -	- -	1 14 3
Incidentals - - - -	- -	2 11 10	- -	- -	2 11 10
Judge of Circuit - { Salary - - -	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,560 - -
Judge of Circuit - { Travelling Expenses	- -	60 - -			
TOTAL - - - £.	1,500 - -	1,266 3 9	3,099 6 -	- -	5,865 9 9

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 55.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
ANDOVER:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	46 - -	139 - -	- -	185 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	113 - -	- -	- -	113 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	16 - -	- -	- -	16 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
BLANDFORD:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	21 - -	219 - -	- -	240 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	173 - -	- -	- -	173 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	12 12 -	- -	- -	12 12 -
Court Books - - - -	- -	7 2 -	- -	- -	7 2 -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	3 16 3	- -	- -	3 16 3
Incidentals - - -	- -	4 17 5	- -	- -	4 17 5
BRIDPORT:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	64 - -	244 - -	- -	308 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	191 - -	- -	- -	191 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	2 2 -	- -	- -	5 14 -
		2 2 -			
		1 10 -			
Rents - - - - -	- -	20 6 6	- -	- -	20 6 6
Court Books - - - -	- -	7 18 -	- -	- -	7 18 -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	11 11 4	- -	- -	11 11 4
Incidentals - - - -	- -	6 16 7	- -	- -	6 16 7
CHRISTCHURCH:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	60 - -	70 - -	- -	130 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	69 - -	- -	- -	69 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	11 5 -	- -	- -	11 5 -
Court Books - - - -	- -	5 5 -	- -	- -	5 5 -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	- 17 8	- -	- -	- 17 8
Stationery - - - - -	- -	1 4 2	- -	- -	1 4 2
Incidentals - - - -	- -	1 18 4	- -	- -	1 18 4
Carried forward - - - £.	- -	870 4 3	672 - -	- -	1,542 4 3

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 55—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£ s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	- -	870 4 3	672 - -	- -	1,542 4 3
DORCHESTER:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	44 - -	151 - -	- -	195 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	137 - -	- -	- -	137 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	14 9 6	- -	- -	14 9 6
Court Books - - - -	- -	5 13 3	- -	- -	5 13 3
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	3 15 2	- -	- -	3 15 2
Stationery - - - - -	- -	4 2 7	- -	- -	4 2 7
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	5 7 1	- -	- -	5 7 1
FORDINGBRIDGE:					
Registrar, Salary - - - -	- -	43 - -	92 - -	- -	135 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	76 - -	- -	- -	76 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	11 10 -	- -	- -	11 10 -
Court Books - - - -	- -	5 5 -	- -	- -	5 5 -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	2 2 3	- -	- -	2 2 3
Stationery - - - - -	- -	1 12 -	- -	- -	1 12 -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	2 13 9	- -	- -	2 13 9
POOLE:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	42 - -	163 - -	- -	205 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	107 - -	- -	- -	107 - -
Rents - - - - - -	- -	14 - -	- -	- -	14 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	6 14 -	- -	- -	6 14 -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	3 18 3	- -	- -	3 18 3
Stationery - - - - -	- -	1 - 7	- -	- -	1 - 7
Incidentals - - - -	- -	3 11 5	- -	- -	3 11 5
SALISBURY:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	308 - -	- -	308 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	162 - -	60 - -	- -	222 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	3 6 -	- -	- -	3 6 -
Rents - - - - -	- -	16 - -	- -	- -	16 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	9 2 -	- -	- -	9 2 -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	15 7 2	- -	- -	15 7 2
Stationery - - - - -	- -	1 17 6	- -	- -	1 17 6
Incidentals - - - -	- -	8 8 6	- -	- -	8 8 6
SHAFTESBURY:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	46 - -	204 - -	- -	250 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	217 - -	- -	- -	217 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	2 5 -	- -	- -	2 5 -
Rents - - - - -	- -	12 4 6	- -	- -	12 4 6
Court Books - - - -	- -	5 13 3	- -	- -	5 13 3
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	3 17 -	- -	- -	3 17 -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	3 3 5	- -	- -	3 3 5
Incidentals - - - -	- -	6 1 -	- -	- -	6 1 -
WAREHAM:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	55 - -	75 - -	- -	130 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	79 - -	- -	- -	79 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	12 - -	- -	- -	12 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	5 13 3	- -	- -	5 13 3
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	1 9 11	- -	- -	1 9 11
Stationery - - - - -	- -	- 5 -	- -	- -	- 5 -
Incidentals - - - -	- -	2 17 11	- -	- -	2 17 11
Carried forward - - - £.	- -	2,073 10 6	1,725 - -	- -	3,798 10 6

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 55—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- -	2,073 10 6	1,725 - -	- -	3,798 10 6
WEYMOUTH:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	285 - -	- -	285 - -
High Bailiff	- -	150 - -	21 - -	- -	171 - -
Usher	- -	1 2 6	- -	- -	1 2 6
Rents	- -	13 - -	- -	- -	13 - -
Court Books	- -	12 12 3	- -	- -	12 12 3
Printed Forms	- -	5 5 7	- -	- -	5 5 7
Stationery	- -	2 15 9	- -	- -	2 15 9
Incidentals	- -	10 - 6	- -	- -	10 - 6
WIMBORNE:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	42 - -	155 - -	- -	197 - -
High Bailiff	- -	149 - -	- -	- -	149 - -
Usher	- -	- 15 -	- -	- -	- 15 -
Rents	- -	25 - -	- -	- -	25 - -
Court Books	- -	8 19 3	- -	- -	8 19 3
Printed Forms	- -	4 3 -	- -	- -	4 3 -
Stationery	- -	2 19 4	- -	- -	2 19 4
Incidentals	- -	7 14 3	- -	- -	7 14 3
WINCANTON:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	6 - -	189 - -	- -	195 - -
High Bailiff	- -	148 - -	- -	- -	148 - -
Usher	- -	2 2 - / 2 2 - / 1 10 -	- -	- -	5 14 -
Rents	- -	12 7 -	- -	- -	12 7 -
Court Books	- -	12 2 3	- -	- -	12 2 3
Printed Forms	- -	3 18 2	- -	- -	3 18 2
Stationery	- -	1 7 1	- -	- -	1 7 1
Incidentals	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Judge of Circuit - Salary	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,780 - -
Judge of Circuit - Travelling Expenses	- -	280 - -			
Totals £.	1,500 - -	2,983 6 5	2,375 - -	- -	6,858 6 5

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 56.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
AXBRIDGE:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- -	2 - -	163 - -	- -	165 - -
Assistant Bailiff	- -	110 - -	- -	- -	110 - -
Usher	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Rents	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Court Books	- -	6 - 11	- -	- -	6 - 11
Printed Forms	- -	4 - 9	- -	- -	4 - 9
Stationery	- -	2 17 -	- -	- -	2 17 -
Incidentals	- -	4 6 7	- -	- -	4 6 7
BRIDGWATER:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	488 - -	- -	488 - -
Assistant Bailiff	- -	- -	170 - -	- -	170 - -
Usher	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Rents	- -	20 17 4	- -	- -	20 17 4
Court Books	- -	8 7 3	- -	- -	8 7 3
Printed Forms	- -	11 5 8	- -	- -	11 5 8
Stationery	- -	2 13 6	- -	- -	2 13 6
Incidentals	- -	10 6 10	- -	- -	10 6 10
Carried forward £.	- -	205 15 10	821 - -	- -	1,026 15 10

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 56—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- - -	205 15 10	821 - -	- - -	1,026 15 10
CHARD:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	55 - -	140 - -	- - -	195 - -
Assistant Bailiff	- - -	70 - -	- - -	- - -	70 - -
Usher	- - -	4 13 6	- - -	- - -	4 13 6
Rents	- - -	18 6 -	- - -	- - -	18 6 -
Court Books	- - -	5 5 -	- - -	- - -	5 5 -
Printed Forms	- - -	4 17 10	- - -	- - -	4 17 10
Stationery	- - -	2 - -	- - -	- - -	2 - -
Incidentals	- - -	4 7 2	- - -	- - -	4 7 2
CREWKERNE:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	57 - -	133 - -	- - -	190 - -
Assistant Bailiff	- - -	60 - -	- - -	- - -	60 - -
Usher	- - -	6 8 6	- - -	- - -	6 8 6
Rents	- - -	20 2 -	- - -	- - -	20 2 -
Court Books	- - -	9 7 3	- - -	- - -	9 7 3
Printed Forms	- - -	4 9 7	- - -	- - -	4 9 7
Stationery	- - -	- 16 -	- - -	- - -	- 16 -
Incidentals	- - -	3 14 2	- - -	- - -	3 14 2
LANGPORT:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	50 - -	194 - -	- - -	244 - -
Assistant Bailiff	- - -	110 - -	- - -	- - -	110 - -
Usher	- - -	6 12 -	- - -	- - -	6 12 -
Rents	- - -	11 11 6	- - -	- - -	11 11 6
Court Books	- - -	10 8 9	- - -	- - -	10 8 9
Printed Forms	- - -	1 15 6	- - -	- - -	1 15 6
Stationery	- - -	2 10 4	- - -	- - -	2 10 4
Incidentals	- - -	4 7 3	- - -	- - -	4 7 3
TAUNTON:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	8 - -	276 - -	- - -	284 - -
Assistant Bailiff	- - -	140 - -	- - -	- - -	140 - -
Usher	- - -	9 18 -	- - -	- - -	9 18 -
Rents	- - -	29 4 -	- - -	- - -	29 4 -
Court Books	- - -	7 10 6	- - -	- - -	7 10 6
Printed Forms	- - -	5 16 10	- - -	- - -	5 16 10
Stationery	- - -	- 15 6	- - -	- - -	- 15 6
Incidentals	- - -	6 2 9	- - -	- - -	6 2 9
TEMPLE CLOUD:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	71 - -	129 - -	- - -	200 - -
Assistant Bailiff	- - -	110 - -	- - -	- - -	110 - -
Usher	- - -	6 12 -	- - -	- - -	6 12 -
Rents	- - -	60 15 3	- - -	- - -	60 15 3
Court Books	- - -	8 2 2	- - -	- - -	8 2 2
Printed Forms	- - -	4 19 7	- - -	- - -	4 19 7
Stationery	- - -	—	—	—	—
Incidentals	- - -	3 12 10	- - -	- - -	3 12 10
WELLINGTON:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	12 - -	218 - -	- - -	230 - -
Assistant Bailiff	- - -	100 - -	- - -	- - -	100 - -
Usher	- - -	5 17 -	- - -	- - -	5 17 -
Rents	- - -	71 12 3	- - -	- - -	71 12 3
Court Books	- - -	5 5 -	- - -	- - -	5 5 -
Printed Forms	- - -	3 8 6	- - -	- - -	3 8 6
Stationery	- - -	1 17 10	- - -	- - -	1 17 10
Incidentals	- - -	4 11 -	- - -	- - -	4 11 -
WELLS:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- - -	328 - -	- - -	328 - -
Assistant Bailiff	- - -	88 - -	32 - -	- - -	120 - -
Usher	- - -	5 17 -	- - -	- - -	5 17 -
Rents	- - -	30 6 -	- - -	- - -	30 6 -
Court Books	- - -	9 18 3	- - -	- - -	9 18 3
Printed Forms	- - -	8 6 11	- - -	- - -	8 6 11
Stationery	- - -	3 12 3	- - -	- - -	3 12 3
Incidentals	- - -	8 18 6	- - -	- - -	8 18 6
Carried forward £.	- -	1,561 8 1	2,271 - -	- - -	3,832 8 1

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 56—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- - -	1,561 8 1	2,271 - -	- -	3,832 8 1
WESTON-SUPER-MARE:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	290 - -	- -	290 - -
Assistant Bailiff	- -	74 - -	26 - -	- -	100 - -
Ushers	- -	6 12 -	- -	- -	6 12 -
Rents	- -	17 13 -	- -	- -	17 13 -
Court Books	- -	15 - 3	- -	- -	15 - 3
Printed Forms	- -	9 6 1	- -	- -	9 6 1
Stationery	- -	1 12 1	- -	- -	1 12 1
Incidentals	- -	5 19 6	- -	- -	5 19 6
WILLITON:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	53 - -	147 - -	- -	200 - -
Assistant Bailiff	- -	85 - -	- -	- -	85 - -
Usher	- -	6 8 -	- -	- -	6 8 -
Rents	- -	14 1 7	- -	- -	14 1 7
Court Books	- -	7 18 5	- -	- -	7 18 5
Printed Forms	- -	1 18 -	- -	- -	1 18 -
Stationery	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- -	5 12 1	- -	- -	5 12 1
YEOVIL:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	312 - -	- -	312 - -
Assistant Bailiff	- -	118 - -	2 - -	- -	120 - -
Usher	- -	6 12 -	- -	- -	6 12 -
Rents	- -	43 - -	- -	- -	43 - -
Court Books	- -	7 6 -	- -	- -	7 6 -
Printed Forms	- -	7 13 9	- -	- -	7 13 9
Stationery	- -	1 - 6	- -	- -	1 - 6
Incidentals	- -	5 16 4	- -	- -	5 16 4
Judge of Circuit - Salary	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,820 - -
Judge of Circuit - Travelling Expenses	- -	320 - -			
High Bailiff of Circuit	- -	875 - -	- -	- -	875 - -
TOTALS £.	1,500 - -	3,251 17 8	3,048 - -	- -	7,799 17 8

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 57.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
AXMINSTER:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- - -	2 - -	179 - -	- -	181 - -
High Bailiff	- -	133 - -	- -	- -	133 - -
Usher	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Rents	- -	29 - -	- -	- -	29 - -
Court Books	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Stationery	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
BARNSTAPLE:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	353 - -	- -	353 - -
High Bailiff	- -	214 - -	47 - -	- -	261 - -
Usher	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Rents	- -	23 - -	- -	- -	23 - -
Court Books	- -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
Printed Forms	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Stationery	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Incidentals	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Carried forward £.	- -	464 - -	579 - -	- -	1,043 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 57—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- -	464 - -	579 - -	- -	1,043 - -
BIDEFORD:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	46 - -	174 - -	- -	220 - -
High Bailiff	- -	143 - -	- -	- -	143 - -
Usher	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Rents	- -	21 - -	- -	- -	21 - -
Court Books	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Printed Forms	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
CREDITON:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	65 - -	132 - -	- -	197 - -
High Bailiff	- -	153 - -	- -	- -	153 - -
Usher	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Rents	- -	30 - -	- -	- -	30 - -
Court Books	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Printed Forms	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Stationery	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
EXETER:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	574 - -	- -	574 - -
High Bailiff	- -	198 - -	235 - -	- -	433 - -
Usher	- -	14 - -	- -	- -	14 - -
Rents	- -	40 - -	- -	- -	40 - -
Court Books	- -	25 - -	- -	- -	25 - -
Printed Forms	- -	30 - -	- -	- -	30 - -
Stationery	- -	14 - -	- -	- -	14 - -
Incidentals	- -	43 - -	- -	- -	43 - -
HONITON:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	8 - -	188 - -	- -	196 - -
High Bailiff	- -	147 - -	- -	- -	147 - -
Usher, &c.	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Rents	- -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
Court Books	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Printed Forms	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Stationery	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
NEWTON ABBOTT AND TORQUAY:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	353 - -	- -	353 - -
High Bailiff	- -	210 - -	141 - -	- -	351 - -
Usher	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Rents	- -	33 - -	- -	- -	33 - -
Court Books	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Printed Forms	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Stationery	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals	- -	27 - -	- -	- -	27 - -
SOUTHMOLTON:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	42 - -	134 - -	- -	176 - -
High Bailiff	- -	151 - -	- -	- -	151 - -
Usher	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Rents	- -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
Court Books	- -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Printed Forms	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Carried forward £.	- -	2,041 - -	2,510 - -	- -	4,551 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 57—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- - -	2,041 - -	2,510 - -	- -	4,551 - -
TIVERTON:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	38 - -	254 - -	- -	292 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	246 - -	- -	- -	246 - -
Usher	- - -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Rents	- - -	34 - -	- -	- -	34 - -
Court Books	- - -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Stationery	- - -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- - -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
TORRINGTON:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	50 - -	87 - -	- -	137 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	88 - -	- -	- -	88 - -
Usher	- - -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Rents	- - -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Court Books	- - -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- - -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Judge of Circuit - Salary	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,880 - -
Judge of Circuit - Travelling Expenses	- -	380 - -			
Totals £.	1,500 - -	2,930 - -	2,851 - -	- -	7,281 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 58.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
CAMELFORD:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- - -	68 - -	45 - -	- -	113 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	65 - -	- -	- -	65 - -
Usher	- - -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Rents	- - -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Court Books	- - -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Stationery	- - -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals	- - -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
EAST STONEHOUSE:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- -	912 - -	- -	912 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	11 - -	882 - -	- -	893 - -
Usher, &c.	- - -	28 - -	- -	- -	28 - -
Rents, &c.	- - -	134 - -	- -	- -	134 - -
Court Books	- - -	48 - -	- -	- -	48 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	28 - -	- -	- -	28 - -
Stationery	- - -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Incidentals	- - -	41 - -	- -	- -	41 - -
HOLSWORTHY:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	32 - -	115 - -	- -	147 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	114 - -	- -	- -	114 - -
Rents	- - -	21 - -	- -	- -	21 - -
Court Books	- - -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- - -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Carried forward £.	- -	634 - -	1,954 - -	- -	2,588 - -

COUNTY COURTS—CIRCUIT 58—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- - -	634 - -	1,954 - -	- -	2,588 - -
KINGSBRIDGE:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	60 - -	72 - -	- -	132 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	72 - -	- -	- -	72 - -
Usher	- - -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Rents	- - -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Court Books	- - -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Stationery	- - -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals	- - -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
LAUNCESTON:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	39 - -	157 - -	- -	196 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	144 - -	- -	- -	144 - -
Rents, &c.	- - -	30 - -	- -	- -	30 - -
Court Books	- - -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Stationery	- - -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals	- - -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
LISKEARD:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- -	310 - -	- -	310 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	178 - -	112 - -	- -	290 - -
Usher, &c.	- - -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Rents, &c.	- - -	7 - -	- -	- -	7 - -
Court Books	- - -	13 - -	- -	- -	13 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Stationery	- - -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- - -	12 - -	- -	- -	12 - -
OKEHAMPTON:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	29 - -	89 - -	- -	118 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	78 - -	- -	- -	78 - -
Usher	- - -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Rents	- - -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
Court Books	- - -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals	- - -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
TAVISTOCK:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	- -	266 - -	- -	266 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	135 - -	68 - -	- -	203 - -
Usher	- - -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Rents	- - -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Court Books	- - -	14 - -	- -	- -	14 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Stationery	- - -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Incidentals	- - -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
TOTNES:					
Registrar, Salary	- - -	14 - -	167 - -	- -	181 - -
High Bailiff	- - -	169 - -	- -	- -	169 - -
Usher	- - -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Rents	- - -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
Court Books	- - -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Printed Forms	- - -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Stationery	- - -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Incidentals	- - -	12 - -	- -	- -	12 - -
Judge of Circuit - Salary	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,900 - -
Judge of Circuit - Travelling Expenses	- -	400 - -			
TOTALS £.	1,500 - -	2,205 - -	3,195 - -	- -	6,900 - -

COUNTY COURTS—Circuit 59.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
BODMIN:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar, Salary	- -	19 - -	133 - -	- -	152 - -
High Bailiff	- -	93 - -	- -	- -	93 - -
Usher	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Rents	- -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
Court Books	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Stationery	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Incidentals	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
FALMOUTH:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	186 - -	- -	186 - -
High Bailiff	- -	110 - -	47 - -	- -	157 - -
Usher, &c.	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
Rents	- -	38 - -	- -	- -	38 - -
Court Books	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Printed Forms	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Stationery	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
HELSTON:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	196 - -	- -	196 - -
High Bailiff	- -	127 - -	45 - -	- -	172 - -
Usher	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Rents	- -	25 - -	- -	- -	25 - -
Court Books	- -	13 - -	- -	- -	13 - -
Printed Forms	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Stationery	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals	- -	9 - -	- -	- -	9 - -
PENZANCE:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	409 - -	- -	409 - -
High Bailiff	- -	278 - -	195 - -	- -	473 - -
Usher, &c.	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Rents	- -	32 - -	- -	- -	32 - -
Court Books	- -	21 - -	-	- -	21 - -
Printed Forms	- -	12 - -	- -	- -	12 - -
Stationery	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Incidentals	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
REDRUTH:					
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	689 - -	- -	689 - -
High Bailiff	- -	343 - -	501 - -	- -	844 - -
Usher	- -	15 - -	- -	- -	15 - -
Rents	- -	79 - -	- -	- -	79 - -
Court Books	- -	18 - -	- -	- -	18 - -
Printed Forms	- -	19 - -	- -	- -	19 - -
Stationery	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Incidentals	- -	30 - -	- -	- -	30 - -
Carried forward £.	- -	1,396 - -	2,401 - -	- -	3,797 - -

COUNTY COURTS—CIRCUIT 59—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - -	- -	1,396 - -	2,401 - -	- -	3,797 - -
ST. AUSTELL:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	302 - -	- -	302 - -
High Bailiff - - -	- -	207 - -	71 - -	- -	278 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	26 - -	- -	- -	26 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	16 - -	- -	- -	16 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	8 - -	- -	- -	8 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	11 - -	- -	- -	11 - -
ST. COLUMB:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	32 - -	90 - -	- -	122 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	92 - -	- -	- -	92 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	3 - -	- -	- -	3 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	33 - -	- -	- -	33 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	6 - -	- -	- -	6 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	1 - -	- -	- -	1 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	5 - -	- -	- -	5 - -
TRURO:					
Registrar, Salary - - -	- -	- -	473 - -	- -	473 - -
High Bailiff - - - -	- -	172 - -	270 - -	- -	442 - -
Usher - - - - -	- -	10 - -	- -	- -	10 - -
Rents - - - - -	- -	23 - -	- -	- -	23 - -
Court Books - - - -	- -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
Printed Forms - - - -	- -	13 - -	- -	- -	13 - -
Stationery - - - - -	- -	4 - -	- -	- -	4 - -
Incidentals - - - - -	- -	24 - -	- -	- -	24 - -
Judge of Circuit - { Salary - - -	1,500 - -	- -	- -	- -	1,900 - -
Judge of Circuit - { Travelling Expenses	- -	400 - -			
TOTALS - - - £.	1,500 - -	2,511 - -	3,607 - -	- -	7,618 - -

COUNTY COURTS—*continued.*

SUMMARY.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Circuit 1 - (page 66)	1,500 - -	2,758 - -	2,562 - -	- -	6,820 - -
Circuit 2 - („ 67)	1,500 - -	1,147 - -	5,273 - -	- -	7,920 - -
Circuit 3 - („ 70)	1,500 - -	3,343 7 4	3,731 19 9	- -	8,575 7 1
Circuit 4 - („ 71)	1,500 - -	1,298 13 10	3,141 2 6	- -	5,939 16 4
Circuit 5 - („ 72)	1,500 - -	1,698 19 5	5,187 12 -	- -	8,386 11 5
Circuit 6 - („ 73)	3,000 - -	2,633 18 11	5,968 10 5	- -	11,602 9 4
Circuit 7 - („ 74)	1,800 - -	2,315 1 3	5,796 19 9	- -	9,912 1 -
Circuit 8 - („ 75)	1,500 - -	1,078 15 7	3,804 8 -	- -	6,383 3 7
Circuit 9 - („ 76)	1,800 - -	2,004 13 9	4,427 3 11	- -	8,231 17 8
Circuit 10 - („ 77)	1,500 - -	1,428 8 1	5,631 12 9	- -	8,560 - 10
Circuit 11 - („ 78)	1,500 - -	1,569 3 9	3,328 16 -	- -	6,397 19 9
Circuit 12 - („ 79)	1,800 - -	920 10 9	5,483 14 -	- -	8,204 4 9
Circuit 13 - („ 80)	1,500 - -	1,264 11 3	4,839 17 5	- -	7,604 8 8
Circuit 14 - („ 81)	1,800 - -	1,684 4 1	6,036 3 3	- -	9,520 7 4
Circuit 15 - („ 83)	1,800 - -	3,384 15 9	3,750 19 7	- -	8,935 15 4
Circuit 16 - („ 85)	1,500 - -	2,308 9 10	3,038 3 9	- -	6,846 13 7
Circuit 17 - („ 87)	1,500 - -	2,755 5 4	3,317 2 6	- -	7,572 7 10
Circuit 18 - („ 89)	1,500 - -	1,993 13 5	4,548 9 6	- -	8,042 2 11
Circuit 19 - („ 90)	1,500 - -	2,949 18 6	6,223 7 9	- -	10,673 6 3
Circuit 20 - („ 92)	1,500 - -	3,063 8 3	5,025 15 6	- -	9,589 3 9
Circuit 21 - („ 93)	1,500 - -	1,357 - -	4,174 - -	- -	7,031 - -
Circuit 22 - („ 95)	1,650 - -	3,034 - -	3,976 - -	- -	8,660 - -
Circuit 23 - („ 97)	1,500 - -	2,007 - -	4,679 - -	- -	8,186 - -
Circuit 24 - („ 99)	1,500 - -	2,959 - -	3,579 - -	- -	8,038 - -
Circuit 25 - („ 99)	1,500 - -	1,077 - -	6,188 - -	- -	8,765 - -
Circuit 26 - („ 101)	1,500 - -	2,474 7 6	5,705 - -	- -	9,679 7 6
Circuit 27 - („ 103)	1,500 - -	2,915 2 -	4,227 - -	- -	8,642 2 -
Circuit 28 - („ 106)	1,500 - -	3,116 - -	2,559 - -	- -	7,175 - -
Circuit 29 - („ 108)	1,500 - -	2,184 - -	3,280 - -	- -	6,964 - -
Circuit 30 - („ 109)	1,800 - -	3,156 - -	4,710 - -	- -	9,666 - -
Circuit 31 - („ 111)	1,500 - -	2,548 - -	2,820 - -	- -	6,868 - -
Circuit 32 - („ 113)	1,500 - -	3,037 3 5	2,533 7 6	- -	7,070 10 11
Circuit 33 - („ 115)	1,500 - -	2,616 - -	2,620 13 -	- -	6,736 13 -
Circuit 34 - („ 117)	1,500 - -	3,831 16 10	3,646 7 3	- -	8,978 4 1
Circuit 35 - („ 120)	1,500 - -	3,600 5 2	3,378 14 5	- -	8,478 19 7
Circuit 36 - („ 122)	1,500 - -	3,304 17 5	2,485 13 6	- -	7,290 10 11
Circuit 37 - („ 125)	1,500 - -	3,278 4 10	2,822 15 3	- -	7,601 - 1
Circuit 38 - („ 128)	1,500 - -	4,087 - -	2,851 - -	- -	8,438 - -
Circuit 39 - („ 129)	1,500 - -	663 - -	3,169 - -	- -	5,332 - -
Circuit 40 - („ 129)	1,500 - -	1,127 - -	6,234 - -	- -	8,861 - -
Carried forward - £.	63,450 - -	93,973 16 3	166,755 9 3	- -	324,179 5 6

COUNTY COURTS—SUMMARY—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward -	63,450 - -	93,973 16 3	166,755 9 3	- -	324,179 5 6
Circuit 41 - (page 130)	1,500 - -	647 - -	3,616 - -	- -	5,763 - -
Circuit 42 - („ 130)	1,500 - -	1,094 - -	3,322 - -	- -	5,916 - -
Circuit 43 - („ 131)	1,500 - -	1,329 - -	5,356 - -	- -	8,185 - -
Circuit 44 - („ 131)	1,800 - -	1,168 - -	3,592 - -	- -	6,560 - -
Circuit 45 - („ 133)	1,500 - -	2,366 12 3	3,936 8 9	- -	7,803 1 -
Circuit 46 - („ 134)	1,500 - -	1,094 - -	3,615 - -	- -	6,209 - -
Circuit 47 - („ 134)	1,800 - -	1,628 - -	4,341 - -	- -	7,769 - -
Circuit 48 - („ 136)	1,500 - -	3,019 - -	4,771 - -	- -	9,290 - -
Circuit 49 - („ 138)	1,500 - -	2,639 - -	2,024 - -	- -	6,163 - -
Circuit 50 - („ 140)	1,650 - -	3,066 - -	3,884 - -	- -	8,600 - -
Circuit 51 - („ 142)	1,500 - -	2,778 15 2	4,559 - -	- -	8,837 15 2
Circuit 52 - („ 144)	1,500 - -	2,839 10 9	2,448 18 1	- -	6,788 8 10
Circuit 53 - („ 146)	1,500 - -	2,709 1 -	2,981 18 6	- -	7,190 19 6
Circuit 54 - („ 147)	1,500 - -	1,266 3 9	3,099 6 -	- -	5,865 9 9
Circuit 55 - („ 149)	1,500 - -	2,983 6 5	2,375 - -	- -	6,858 6 5
Circuit 56 - („ 151)	1,500 - -	3,251 17 8	3,048 - -	- -	7,799 17 8
Circuit 57 - („ 153)	1,500 - -	2,930 - -	2,851 - -	- -	7,281 - -
Circuit 58 - („ 154)	1,500 - -	2,205 - -	3,195 - -	- -	6,900 - -
Circuit 59 - („ 156)	1,500 - -	2,511 - -	3,607 - -	- -	7,618 - -
23 Treasurers :					
Salaries - -	- - -	18,168 - -	- - -	- -	18,168 - -
Allowance for Clerks	- - -	4,113 10 -	- - -	- -	4,113 10 -
Allowance for their Clerks' Travelling Expenses - -	- - -	4,736 - -	- - -	- -	4,736 - -
Incidentals - -	- - -	450 - -	- - -	- -	450 - -
Registrars of County Court Judgments :					
Salary - - -	- - -	700 - -	- - -	- -	700 - -
Salaries of Clerks -	- - -	275 8 -	162 2 -	- -	437 10 -
Incidentals - -	- - -	- - -	142 10 1	- -	142 10 1
Superintendent of County Court Department :					
Salary - - -	- - -	1,156 5 -	- - -	- -	1,156 5 -
Assistant's Salary -	- - -	455 - -	- - -	- -	455 - -
TOTAL - - £.	92,700 - -	165,553 6 3	233,682 12 8	- -	491,935 18 11

CENTRAL CRIMINAL COURT.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
The Judge of the Sheriff's Court of London, for his services in this Court	- -	- -	- -	(a) 300 - -	(a) 300 - -
The Clerk of the Court Out of which he pays salaries to his officers and clerks (eight in number), stationery, printing, postage, and all expenses.	- -	3,000 - -	- -	- -	3,000 - -
Three Bailiffs or Criers, each a salary of 64 *l.*	- -	192 - -	- -	- -	192 - -
Two ditto - ditto, at 55 *l.*	- -	110 - -	- -	- -	110 - -
Three ditto - ditto, at 45 *l.*	- -	135 - -	- -	- -	135 - -
One ditto - ditto	- -	40 - -	- -	- -	40 - -
TOTAL £.	- -	3,477 - -	- -	300 - -	3,777 - -

(*a*) Paid from funds of the Corporation of London.

In addition to the above a Messenger and two Doorkeepers are paid respectively 7 *s.*, 5 *s.*, and 4 *s.* a day during the sitting of the Court only.

COURT FOR CROWN CASES RESERVED.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Clerk of Court	- -	100 - -	- -	- -	100 - -
Incidental Expenses	- -	163 19 4	- -	- -	163 19 4
TOTAL £.	- -	263 19 4	- -	- -	263 19 4

GENERAL QUARTER SESSIONS OF THE PEACE, MIDDLESEX.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Assistant Judge	1,200 – –	– –	– –	300 – –	1,500 – –
Deputy Assistant Judge	– –	735 – –	– –	– –	735 – –
Beadle	– –	– –	– –	100 – –	100 – –
Messenger	– –	– –	– –	100 – –	100 – –
Keeper of the Guildhall, Westminster	– –	– –	– –	115 – –	115 – –
Keeper of Sessions House, Clerkenwell.	– –	– –	– –	280 – –	280 – –
Crier of the Second Court	– –	– –	– –	80 – –	80 – –
TOTAL £.	1,200 – –	735 – –	– –	975 – –	2,910 – –

The Clerk of the Peace and the Crier of the First Court are not paid by Salaries, but by Fees payable by Prosecutors.

CHAIRMEN OF QUARTER SESSIONS (IRELAND) AND PROCESS SERVERS.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
SALARIES:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Fifteen Chairmen of Quarter Sessions, at 1,100 *l.* each	16,500 – –	– –	– –	–	16,500 – –
Ten Chairmen of Quarter Sessions, at 900 *l.* each	9,000 – –	– –	– –	– –	9,000 – –
Seven Chairmen of Quarter Sessions, at 700 *l.* each	4,900 – –	– –	– –	– –	4,900 – –
One Chairman of Quarter Sessions, at	696 2 3	– –	– –	– –	696 2 3
Recorder of City of Dublin	250 – –	– –	– –	– –	250 – –
Recorder of Borough of Cork	100 – –	– –	– –	– –	100 – –
Recorder of Galway, in lieu of Fees	– –	617 7 9	– –	– –	617 7 9
Process Servers	– –	8,430 – –	– –	– –	8,430 – –
TOTAL £.	31,446 2 3	9,047 7 9	– –	– –	40,493 10 –

POLICE COURTS.

——	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
BOW STREET:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
One Chief Magistrate	1,500 – –	– –	– –	– –	1,500 – –
Two Magistrates, at 1,200 *l.* each	2,400 – –	– –	– –	– –	2,400 – –
One Chief Clerk	– –	600 – –	– –	– –	600 – –
One Clerk	– –	162 10 –	– –	– –	162 10 –
Ditto	– –	57 14 2	– –	– –	57 14 2
Ditto	– –	10 8 4	– –	– –	10 8 4
One Usher	– –	100 – –	– –	– –	100 – –
Ditto	– –	90 – –	– –	– –	90 – –
One Messenger	– –	70 – –	– –	– –	70 – –
Doorkeeper	– –	80 – –	– –	– –	80 – –
Gaoler	– –	69 17 10	– –	– –	69 17 10
Expenses of Court	– –	181 12 2	– –	– –	181 12 2
TOTAL £.	3,900 – –	1,422 2 6	– –	– –	5,322 2 6
CLERKENWELL:					
Two Magistrates, at 1,200 *l.* each	2,400 – –	– –	– –	– –	2,400 – –
One Clerk	– –	285 – –	– –	– –	285 – –
Ditto	– –	152 10 –	– –	– –	152 10 –
One Usher	– –	100 – –	– –	– –	100 – –
Ditto	– –	90 – –	– –	– –	90 – –
One Gaoler	– –	80 – –	– –	– –	80 – –
Doorkeeper	– –	80 – –	– –	– –	80 – –
One Messenger	– –	70 – –	– –	– –	70 – –
Expenses of Court	– –	84 10 3	– –	– –	84 10 3
TOTAL £.	2,400 – –	942 – 3	– –	– –	3,342 – 3
GREENWICH AND WOOLWICH:					
Two Magistrates, at 1,200 *l.* each	2,400 – –	– –	– –	– –	2,400 – –
One Clerk	– –	500 – –	– –	– –	500 – –
Ditto	– –	145 – –	– –	– –	145 – –
One Usher	– –	94 4 4	– –	– –	94 4 4
Ditto	– –	62 14 6	– –	– –	62 14 6
Expenses of Court	– –	144 18 –	– –	– –	144 18 –
TOTAL £.	2,400 – –	946 16 10	– –	– –	3,346 16 10

POLICE COURTS—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
HAMMERSMITH AND WANDSWORTH:					
Two Magistrates, at 1,200 *l.* each	2,400 – –	– –	– –	– –	2,400 – –
One Clerk	– –	500 – –	– –	– –	500 – –
Ditto	– –	190 – –	– –	– –	190 – –
One Usher	– –	100 – –	– –	– –	100 – –
Ditto	– –	90 – –	– –	– –	90 – –
One Gaoler	– –	80 – –	– –	– –	80 – –
Expenses of Court	– –	161 10 3	– –	– –	161 10 3
TOTAL £	2,400 – –	1,121 10 3	– –	– –	3,521 10 3
LAMBETH:					
Two Magistrates, at 1,200 *l.* each	2,400 – –	– –	– –	– –	2,400 – –
One Clerk	– –	500 – –	– –	– –	500 – –
Ditto	– –	205 – –	– –	– –	205 – –
One Usher	– –	100 – –	– –	– –	100 – –
Ditto	– –	90 – –	– –	– –	90 – –
Ditto	– –	40 9 1	– –	– –	40 9 1
Ditto	– –	16 14 11	– –	– –	16 14 11
One Messenger	– –	3 9 7	– –	– –	3 9 7
One Doorkeeper	– –	80 – –	– –	– –	80 – –
One Gaoler	– –	80 – –	– –	– –	80 – –
Expenses of Court	– –	98 5 9	– –	– –	98 5 9
TOTAL £.	2,400 – –	1,213 19 4	– –	– –	3,613 19 4
MARLBOROUGH STREET:					
Two Magistrates, at 1,200 *l.* each	2,400 – –	– –	– –	– –	2,400 – –
One Clerk	– –	320 – –	– –	– –	320 – –
Ditto	– –	192 10 –	– –	– –	192 10 –
One Usher	– –	100 – –	– –	– –	100 – –
Ditto	– –	90 – –	– –	– –	90 – –
Ditto	– –	80 – –	– –	– –	80 – –
One Gaoler	– –	80 – –	– –	– –	80 – –
One Messenger	– –	70 – –	– –	– –	70 – –
Expenses of Court	– –	115 12 9	– –	– –	115 12 9
TOTAL £.	2,400 – –	1,048 2 9	– –	– –	3,448 2 9

POLICE COURTS—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
MARYLEBONE:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Two Magistrates, at 1,200*l.* each	2,400 – –	– –	– –	– –	2,400 – –
One Clerk	– –	270 – –	– –	– –	270 – –
Ditto	– –	142 10 –	– –	– –	142 10 –
One Usher	– –	100 – –	– –	– –	100 – –
Ditto	– –	90 – –	– –	– –	90 – –
One Gaoler	– –	80 – –	– –	– –	80 – –
One Doorkeeper	– –	80 – –	– –	– –	80 – –
One Messenger	– –	70 – –	– –	– –	70 – –
Expenses of Court	– –	66 9 8	– –	– –	66 9 8
TOTAL £.	2,400 – –	898 19 8	– –	– –	3,298 19 8
SOUTHWARK:					
Two Magistrates, at 1,200*l.* each	2,400 – –	– –	– –	– –	2,400 – –
One Clerk	– –	543 17 2	– –	– –	543 17 2
Ditto	– –	147 10 –	– –	– –	147 10 –
One Usher	– –	100 – –	– –	– –	100 – –
Ditto	– –	90 – –	– –	– –	90 – –
One Gaoler	– –	80 – –	– –	– –	80 – –
One Messenger	– –	70 – –	– –	– –	70 – –
One Doorkeeper	– –	80 – –	– –	– –	80 – –
Expenses of Court	– –	191 4 4	– –	– –	191 4 4
TOTAL £.	2,400 – –	1,302 11 6	– –	– –	3,702 11 6
THAMES:					
Two Magistrates, at 1,200*l.* each	2,400 – –	– –	– –	– –	2,400 – –
One Clerk	– –	460 – –	– –	– –	460 – –
Ditto	– –	240 – –	– –	– –	240 – –
One Usher	– –	100 – –	– –	– –	100 – –
Ditto	– –	90 – –	– –	– –	90 – –
Ditto	– –	80 – –	– –	– –	80 – –
One Doorkeeper	– –	80 – –	– –	– –	80 – –
One Messenger	– –	70 – –	– –	– –	70 – –
Expenses of Court	– –	154 5 11	– –	– –	154 5 11
TOTAL £.	2,400 – –	1,274 5 11	– –	– –	3,674 5 11
WESTMINSTER:					
Two Magistrates, at 1,200*l.* each	2,400 – –	– –	– –	– –	2,400 – –
One Clerk	– –	500 – –	– –	– –	500 – –
Ditto	– –	267 10 –	– –	– –	267 10 –
One Usher	– –	100 – –	– –	– –	100 – –
Ditto	– –	90 – –	– –	– –	90 – –
Ditto	– –	80 – –	– –	– –	80 – –
One Doorkeeper	– –	80 – –	– –	– –	80 – –
One Messenger	– –	70 – –	– –	– –	70 – –
Expenses of Court	– –	140 3 8	– –	– –	140 3 8
TOTAL £.	2,400 – –	1,327 13 8	– –	– –	3,727 13 8

POLICE COURTS—*continued.*

—	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
WORSHIP STREET:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Two Magistrates, at 1,200 *l.* each	2,400 – –	– –	– –	– –	2,400 – –
One Clerk	– –	455 – –	– –	– –	455 – –
Ditto	– –	169 9 5	– –	– –	169 9 5
Ditto	– –	32 5 6	– –	– –	32 5 6
One Usher	– –	100 – –	– –	– –	100 – –
Ditto	– –	90 – –	– –	– –	90 – –
Ditto	– –	80 – –	– –	– –	80 – –
Doorkeeper	– –	50 – –	– –	– –	50 – –
One Office-keeper	– –	30 – –	– –	– –	30 – –
One Messenger	– –	70 – –	– –	– –	70 – –
Expenses of Court	– –	277 9 2	– –	– –	277 9 2
TOTAL £.	2,400 – –	1,669 4 1	– –	– –	3,754 4 1

GENERAL ABSTRACT.

—	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Bow Street (page 161)	3,900 – –	1,422 2 6	– –	– –	5,322 2 6
Clerkenwell (page 161)	2,400 – –	942 – 3	– –	– –	3,342 – 3
Greenwich and Woolwich (page 161)	2,400 – –	946 16 10	– –	– –	3,346 16 10
Hammersmith and Wandsworth (page 162)	2,400 – –	1,121 10 3	– –	– –	3,521 10 3
Lambeth (page 162)	2,400 – –	1,213 19 4	– –	– –	3,613 19 4
Marlborough Street (page 162)	2,400 – –	1,048 2 9	– –	– –	3,448 2 9
Marylebone (page 163)	2,400 – –	898 19 8	– –	– –	3,298 19 8
Southwark (page 163)	2,400 – –	1,302 11 6	– –	– –	3,702 11 6
Thames (page 163)	2,400 – –	1,274 5 11	– –	– –	3,674 5 11
Westminster (page 163)	2,400 – –	1,327 13 8	– –	– –	3,727 13 8
Worship Street (page 164)	2,400 – –	1,354 4 1	– –	– –	3,754 4 1
TOTAL £.	27,900 – –	12,852 6 9	– –	– –	40,752 6 9

CROWN OFFICE IN THE COUNTY PALATINE OF DURHAM.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Clerk of the Crown - - -	- -	300 - -	- -	- -	300 - -
CIVIL SIDE:					
Prothonotary - - - -	335 12 3	- -	140 2 8	- -	475 14 11
TOTAL - - - £.	335 12 3	300 - -	140 2 8	- -	775 14 11

OFFICE OF THE DUCHY OF LANCASTER.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, or Expenses, charged on Special Funds.	TOTAL.
LAW OFFICERS of the DUCHY of LANCASTER:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Attorney General, Salary and Fees	- -	- -	- -	184 5 -	184 5 -
Queen's Serjeant, Salary - -	- -	- -	- -	4 3 4	4 3 4
Queen's Counsel, Salary - -	- -	- -	- -	2 - -	2 - -
Queen's Counsel, Salary and Fees -	- -	- -	- -	40 4 -	40 4 -
Solicitor, Salary and Profits (*a*) -	- -	- -	- -	791 1 2	791 1 2
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	- -	1,021 13 6	1,021 13 6
LAW OFFICERS of the COUNTY PALATINE:					
Vice Chancellor, Salary - -	- -	- -	- -	1,000 - -	1,000 - -
Attorney and Serjeant, Salary -	- -	- -	- -	6 13 4	6 13 4
Clerk of the Crown, Salary (*b*) -	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -
Clerk to Vice Chancellor, Salary -	- -	- -	- -	26 - -	26 - -
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	- -	1,037 13 4	1,037 13 4

(*a*) The Duchy Solicitor's salary includes an allowance of 100 *l.* a year to be paid to a Clerk; and the profits include disbursements also.

(*b*) *See* separate return for Clerk of the Crown (page 168).

OFFICE OF PRINCIPAL REGISTRAR OF THE COURT OF CHANCERY OF THE COUNTY PALATINE OF LANCASTER,

Whose duties now consist in acting as Taxing Master and Accountant General of the said Court for the Preston District.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Salary awarded in the nature of compensation when the Liverpool and Manchester districts were formed	- -	- -	200 - - (a)	- -	200 - -
Fees and emoluments as Taxing Master and Accountant General	- -	- -	340 5 2 (b)	- -	340 5 2
TOTAL £.	- -	- -	540 5 2	- -	540 5 2

(a) Received from the Fee Fund of the Court.
(b) Received from suitors, and the banker's allowance for interest.
Out of the 540 *l.* 5 *s.* 2 *d.* the sum of 100 *l.* per annum is paid to the Duchy.

REGISTRAR OF THE PRESTON DISTRICT OF THE COURT OF CHANCERY FOR THE COUNTY PALATINE OF LANCASTER.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
The District Registrar	- -	- -	141 18 9	- -	141 18 9
One Clerk	- -	- -	65 - -	- -	65 - -
The Comptroller of the Preston District	72 11 6	- -	184 - -	- -	256 11 6
Payments for an occasional Clerk, Rent, Stationery, Taxes, and other necessary disbursements	- -	- -	76 18 9	- -	76 18 9
TOTAL £.	72 11 6	- -	467 17 6	- -	540 9 -

The Fee Fund Fees, amounting to 24 *l.* 5 *s.* 6 *d.*, are not included in this return.

OFFICE OF THE COURT OF CHANCERY OF THE COUNTY PALATINE OF LANCASTER FOR THE LIVERPOOL DISTRICT.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
District Registrar:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Salary	- -	- -	700 – –		
Fees	- -	- -	462 7 4	- -	1,162 7 4
Comptroller	- -	- -	50 – –	- -	50 – –
Chief Clerk:					
Salary	- -	- -	100 – –		
Fees £. 215 7 2					
Less expenses for copying 106 6 8				- -	209 – 6
	- -	- -	109 – 6		
Expenses incurred for copying	- -	- -	106 6 8	- -	106 6 8
TOTAL £.	- -	- -	1,527 14 6	- -	1,527 14 6

COURT OF CHANCERY OF LANCASHIRE FOR THE MANCHESTER DISTRICT.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar of the Manchester District	- -	- -	363 4 8	- -	363 4 8
Clerk to the Registrar of the said District	- -	- -	109 1 6	- -	109 1 6
Comptroller	- -	- -	50 – –	- -	50 – –
Rent	- -	- -	40 – –	- -	40 – –
Other Expenses of the Court	- -	- -	14 14 6	- -	14 14 6
TOTAL £.	- -	- -	577 – 8	- -	577 – 8

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS AT LANCASTER, AND THE OFFICES OF PROTHONOTARY AND ASSOCIATE.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Prothonotary—Balance of Fees -	- -	- -	846 17 3	- -	846 17 3
Acting Prothonotary - - -	- -	- -	600 - -	- -	600 - -
One Clerk - - - - - -	- -	- -	107 - -	- -	107 - -
Ditto - - - - - -	- -	- -	54 - -	- -	54 - -
Expenses - - - - - -	- -	- -	157 3 11	- -	157 3 11
Stationery, Rent, and Petty Disbursements - - - - -	- -	- -	102 13 9	- -	102 13 9
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	1,867 14 11	- -	1,867 14 11

CLERK OF THE CROWN AND CLERK OF THE DELIVERY OF THE GAOL FOR THE COUNTY PALATINE OF LANCASTER.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Salary - - - - - -	- -	989 15 -	- -	- -	989 15 -
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	989 15 -	- -	- -	989 15 -

CROWN OFFICE BAILIFF FOR THE COUNTY PALATINE OF LANCASTER.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Salary - - - - - -	- -	66 15 –	- -	- -	66 15 –
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	66 15 –	- -	- -	66 15 –

ABSTRACT OF THE DUCHY AND COUNTY PALATINE OF LANCASTER.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Law Officers of the Duchy of Lancaster - - - (page 165)	- -	- -	- -	1,021 13 6	1,021 13 6
Law Officers of the County Palatine of Lancaster - (page 165)	- -	- -	- -	1,037 13 4	1,037 13 4
Court of Chancery of the County Palatine of Lancaster, Principal Registrar - - (page 166)	- -	- -	540 5 2	- -	540 5 2
Court of Chancery of the County Palatine of Lancaster, District Registrar of the Preston District - - - (page 166)	72 11 6	- -	467 17 6	- -	540 9 –
Court of Chancery of the County Palatine of Lancaster, District Registrar of the Liverpool District - - - (page 167)	- -	- -	1,527 14 6	- -	1,527 14 6
Court of Chancery of the County Palatine of Lancaster, District Registrar of the Manchester District - - - (page 167)	- -	- -	577 – 8	- -	577 – 8
Court of Common Pleas at Lancaster - - - (page 168)	- -	- -	1,867 14 11	- -	1,867 14 11
Clerk of the Crown - (page 168)	- -	989 15 –	- -	- -	989 15 –
Crown Bailiff - - (above)	- -	66 15 –	- -	- -	66 15 –
TOTAL - - - £.	72 11 6	1,056 10 –	4,980 12 9	2,059 6 10	8,169 1 1

ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR GENERAL.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
FEES UNDER THE PATENT LAW AMENDMENT ACT:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Attorney General and his Clerk -	- -	5,093 6 –	- -	- -	5,093 6 –
Solicitor General and his Clerk -	- -	5,114 8 –	- -	- -	5,114 8 –
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	10,207 14 –	- -	- -	10,207 14 –
COMPENSATIONS UNDER THE PATENT LAW AMENDMENT ACT:					
ENGLAND:					
Patent Clerk to the Attorney and Solicitor General - - -	- -	1,378 – –	- -	- -	1,378 – –
IRELAND:					
Attorney General - - -	- -	1,200 – –	- -	- -	1,200 – –
Solicitor General - - -	- -	800 – –	- -	- -	800 – –
Clerk to Attorney General - -	- -	300 – –	- -	- -	300 – –
Clerk, Patent Office - - -	- -	56 – –	- -	- -	56 – –
Clerk, Crown Office - - -	- -	14 – –	- -	- -	14 – –
Clerk, Rolls Office - - -	- -	16 – –	- -	- -	16 – –
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	2,386 – –	- -	- -	2,386 – –
SCOTLAND:					
Lord Advocate - - - -	- -	850 – –	- -	- -	850 – –
Clerk to ditto - - - -	- -	300 – –	- -	- -	300 – –
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	1,150 – –	- -	- -	1,150 – –

LAW OFFICERS (IRELAND).

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
LAW CHARGES, &c.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
SALARIES:					
Attorney General - - -	- -	1,158 13 6	- -	- -	1,158 13 6
Solicitor General - - -	- -	974 1 –	- -	- -	974 1 –
Law Adviser (resigned 8 July 1865)	- -	115 7 8	- -	- -	115 7 8
Queen's Advocate (changed) -	- -	140 3 7	- -	- -	140 3 7
Crown and Treasury Solicitor -	- -	2,100 – –	- -	- -	2,100 – –
Crown Prosecutor (Dublin County and City) - - - - -	- -	900 – –	- -	- -	900 – –
Crown Solicitors, viz.:					
Leinster Circuit - - - -	- -	1,900 – –	- -	- -	1,900 – –
North East Circuit - - -	- -	2,200 – –	- -	- -	2,200 – –
Limerick County and City -	- -	750 – –	- -	- -	750 – –
Kerry and Clare - - - -	- -	700 – –	- -	- -	700 – –
Cork County and City - -	- -	750 – –	- -	- -	750 – –
Longford and Cavan (from 3 August 1865) - - - - -	- -	462 4 6	- -	- -	462 4 6
Fermanagh and Tyrone - -	- -	750 – –	- -	- -	750 – –
Donegal and Londonderry - -	- -	800 – –	- -	- -	800 – –
Meath and Kildare - - -	- -	1,000 – –	- -	- -	1,000 – –
Westmeath and King's - -	- -	700 – –	- -	- -	700 – –
Carlow and Queen's - - -	- -	700 – –	- -	- -	700 – –
Roscommon, Leitrim, and Sligo -	- -	800 – –	- -	- -	800 – –
Mayo - - - - - -	- -	700 – –	- -	- -	700 – –
County and Town of Galway -	- -	700 – –	- -	- -	700 – –
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	18,300 10 3	- -	- -	18,300 10 3

Including Office Allowances.

OFFICE OF CLERK OF THE CROWN.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Clerk of the Crown	1,200 – –	– –	– –	– –	1,200 – –
Chief Clerk	– –	– –	500 – –	– –	500 – –
Second Clerk	– –	– –	240 – –	– –	240 – –
Third Clerk	– –	– –	120 – –	– –	120 – –
Messenger	– –	– –	100 – –	– –	100 – –
Expenses, petty cash	– –	– –	17 8 9	– –	17 8 9
Amount of Stationer's bill	– –	– –	21 15 6	– –	21 15 6
TOTAL £.	1,200 – –	– –	999 4 3	– –	2,199 4 3

MISCELLANEOUS CHARGES (COURTS OF JUSTICE).

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Preacher of the Rolls Chapel, for Expenses	225 – –	– –	– –	– –	225 – –
Clerk of the Patents	400 – –	– –	– –	– –	400 – –
TOTAL £.	625 – –	– –	– –	– –	625 – –

OFFICE OF LAND REGISTRY.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Registrar	– –	2,500 – –	– –	– –	2,500 – –
Assistant Registrar	– –	1,500 – –	– –	– –	1,500 – –
Chief Clerk	– –	400 – –	– –	– –	400 – –
Clerk	– –	250 – –	– –	– –	250 – –
Clerk	– –	86 1 – the proportional part of a salary of 250 *l.**	– –	– –	86 1 –
House Porter	– –	80 – –	–	– –	80 – –
Housekeeper	– –	50 – –	– –	– –	50 – –
Expenses for Engrossing and Contingencies	– –	369 2 1	– –	– –	369 2 1
£.	– –	5,235 3 1	– –	– –	5,235 3 1

* A payment to cover 250 *l.* per annum on account of this salary, until a Table of Fees can be fixed, is made by the Land Securities Company, and carried to the account of the Exchequer.

LAW CHARGES DEFRAYED BY THE SOLICITOR TO THE TREASURY.

—	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Prosecutions, Fees to Counsel, &c.	- -	25,731 5 5	- -	- -	25,731 5 5
Coin Prosecutions	- -	2,828 6 4	- -	- -	2,828 6 4
For assistance in preparing Bills and other legal services, and for Rewards and other expenses connected with Criminal Justice heretofore provided for out of Civil Contingencies	- -	6,148 13 5	- -	- -	6,148 13 5
£.	- -	34,708 5 2	- -	- -	34,708 5 2

EXPENSES OF CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS,

For the Year ended 31 December 1865.

—	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Bedfordshire	- -	769 10 6	- -	- -	769 10 6
Bedford (Borough)	- -	74 15 10	- -	- -	74 15 10
Berks	- -	969 17 9	- -	- -	969 17 9
Abingdon	- -	42 6 6	- -	- -	42 6 6
Newbury	- -	78 4 4	- -	- -	78 4 4
Reading	- -	165 9 4	- -	- -	165 9 4
Windsor	- -	130 - -	- -	- -	130 - -
Bucks	- -	982 6 3	- -	- -	982 6 3
Cambridge	- -	645 1 1	- -	- -	645 1 1
Cambridge (Borough)	- -	173 17 4	- -	- -	173 17 4
Ely, Isle of (Liberty)	- -	571 16 7	- -	- -	571 16 7
Cheshire	- -	5,049 18 10	- -	- -	5,049 18 10
Chester (Borough)	- -	263 8 11	- -	- -	263 8 11
Cornwall	- -	1,784 13 9	- -	- -	1,784 13 9
Falmouth	- -	24 16 8	- -	- -	24 16 8
Helston	- -	12 18 6	- -	- -	12 18 6
Penzance	- -	7 8 6	- -	- -	7 8 6
Carried forward £.	- -	11,746 10 8	- -	- -	11,746 10 8

EXPENSES OF CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	- -	11,746 10 8	- -	- -	11,746 10 8
Cumberland - - - - - -	- -	1,115 18 9	- -	- -	1,115 18 9
Derbyshire - - - - - -	- -	1,783 6 2	- -	- -	1,783 6 2
Derby (Borough) - - - -	- -	351 3 8	- -	- -	351 3 8
Devon - - - - - - -	- -	2,985 10 7	- -	- -	2,985 10 7
Barnstable - - - - -	- -	16 10 8	- -	- -	16 10 8
Devonport - - - - -	- -	367 6 -	- -	- -	367 6 -
Exeter - - - - - -	- -	222 10 3	- -	- -	222 10 3
Plymouth - - - - -	- -	371 17 3	- -	- -	371 17 3
Dorset - - - - - - -	- -	1,050 6 9	- -	- -	1,050 6 9
Poole - - - - - -	- -	39 12 10	- -	- -	39 12 10
Durham - - - - - -	- -	3,326 11 4	- -	- -	3,326 11 4
Essex - - - - - - -	- -	1,872 - 8	- -	- -	1,872 - 8
Colchester - - - - -	- -	214 - -	- -	- -	214 - -
Harwich - - - - -	- -	47 4 10	- -	- -	47 4 10
Havering-atte-Bower (Liberty)	- -	39 3 -	- -	- -	39 3 -
Saffron Walden - - - -	- -	5 6 -	- -	- -	5 6 -
Gloucestershire - - - - -	- -	2,408 16 5	- -	- -	2,408 16 5
Gloucester (City) - - - -	- -	242 9 7	- -	- -	242 9 7
Bristol - - - - - -	- -	830 5 4	- -	- -	830 5 4
Tewkesbury - - - - -	- -	28 8 6	- -	- -	28 8 6
Herefordshire - - - - -	- -	746 15 6	- -	- -	746 15 6
Hereford (City) - - - -	- -	320 14 11	- -	- -	320 14 11
Hertfordshire - - - - -	- -	866 3 3	- -	- -	866 3 3
St. Albans (Liberty) - - -	- -	331 2 2	- -	- -	331 2 2
Huntingdonshire - - - - -	- -	432 9 3	- -	- -	432 9 3
Kent - - - - - - -	- -	4,351 5 1	- -	- -	4,351 5 1
Canterbury - - - - -	- -	75 4 2	- -	- -	75 4 2
Deal - - - - - -	- -	24 12 2	- -	- -	24 12 2
Dover - - - - - -	- -	296 13 7	- -	- -	296 13 7
Folkestone - - - - -	- -	72 15 5	- -	- -	72 15 5
Gravesend - - - - -	- -	126 16 4	- -	- -	126 16 4
Maidstone - - - - -	- -	159 16 5	- -	- -	159 16 5
Rochester - - - - -	- -	111 13 7	- -	- -	111 13 7
Sandwich - - - - -	- -	106 1 6	- -	- -	106 1 6
Lancashire - - - - - -	- -	16,485 3 8	- -	- -	16,485 3 8
Bolton - - - - - -	- -	972 6 11	- -	- -	972 6 11
Liverpool - - - - -	- -	6,988 5 -	- -	- -	6,988 5 -
Manchester - - - - -	- -	3,285 2 9	- -	- -	3,285 2 9
Wigan - - - - - -	- -	263 10 7	- -	- -	263 10 7
Leicestershire - - - - -	- -	792 15 4	- -	- -	792 15 4
Leicester (Borough) - - -	- -	527 8 10	- -	- -	527 8 10
Lincolnshire - - - - - -	- -	2,706 3 5	- -	- -	2,706 3 5
Lincoln (City) - - - -	- -	153 6 1	- -	- -	153 6 1
Grantham - - - - -	- -	133 9 2	- -	- -	133 9 2
Stamford - - - - -	- -	78 1 -	- -	- -	78 1 -
Middlesex - - - - - -	- -	10,071 16 -	- -	- -	10,071 16 -
London - - - - - -	- -	2,066 6 9	- -	- -	2,066 6 9
Tower of London (Liberty) - -	- -	31 11 6	- -	- -	31 11 6
Monmouthshire - - - - -	- -	2,131 19 10	- -	- -	2,131 19 10
Carried forward - - - £.	- -	83,774 9 5	- -	- -	83,774 9 5

EXPENSES OF CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward	- -	83,774 9 5	- -	- -	83,774 9 5
Norfolk	- -	1,852 19 4	- -	- -	1,852 19 4
King's Lynn	- -	64 7 5	- -	- -	64 7 5
Norwich	- -	654 16 11	- -	- -	654 16 11
Yarmouth	- -	542 13 4	- -	- -	542 13 4
Northamptonshire	- -	987 8 5	- -	- -	987 8 5
Northampton (Borough)	- -	482 - 7	- -	- -	482 - 7
Peterborough (Liberty)	- -	312 19 7	- -	- -	312 19 7
Northumberland	- -	975 5 11	- -	- -	975 5 11
Berwick	- -	52 19 9	- -	- -	52 19 9
Newcastle-on-Tyne	- -	598 5 10	- -	- -	598 5 10
Nottinghamshire	- -	1,672 11 2	- -	- -	1,672 11 2
Nottingham (Borough)	- -	447 18 -	- -	- -	447 18 -
Newark	- -	54 1 2	- -	- -	54 1 2
Oxfordshire	- -	1,109 17 4	- -	- -	1,109 17 4
Oxford (City)	- -	179 1 7	- -	- -	179 1 7
Banbury	- -	37 14 2	- -	- -	37 14 2
Rutlandshire	- -	29 10 8	- -	- -	29 10 8
Shropshire	- -	1,612 12 11	- -	- -	1,612 12 11
Ludlow	- -	45 3 4	- -	- -	45 3 4
Oswestry	- -	31 1 7	- -	- -	31 1 7
Shrewsbury	- -	213 4 4	- -	- -	213 4 4
Wenlock	- -	75 13 -	- -	- -	75 13 -
Somerset	- -	3,279 10 10	- -	- -	3,279 10 10
Bath	- -	720 12 11	- -	- -	720 12 11
Bridgwater	- -	25 9 7	- -	- -	25 9 7
Southampton (Hants)	- -	3,691 17 1	- -	- -	3,691 17 1
Southampton (Borough)	- -	407 13 11	- -	- -	407 13 11
Andover	- -	17 - 4	- -	- -	17 - 4
Portsmouth	- -	1,062 18 2	- -	- -	1,062 18 2
Winchester	- -	217 1 3	- -	- -	217 1 3
Staffordshire	- -	4,260 1 1	- -	- -	4,260 1 1
Lichfield	- -	27 10 7	- -	- -	27 10 7
Newcastle-under-Lyme	- -	119 18 7	- -	- -	119 18 7
Walsall	- -	216 1 10	- -	- -	216 1 10
Wolverhampton	- -	922 11 1	- -	- -	922 11 1
Suffolk	- -	1,255 6 4	- -	- -	1,255 6 4
Bury St. Edmunds	- -	101 5 -	- -	- -	101 5 -
Ipswich	- -	263 17 2	- -	- -	263 17 2
Sudbury	- -	13 7 9	- -	- -	13 7 9
Surrey	- -	3,612 9 -	- -	- -	3,612 9 -
Guildford	- -	25 16 2	- -	- -	25 16 2
Sussex	- -	1,952 5 2	- -	- -	1,952 5 2
Brighton	- -	965 9 1	- -	- -	965 9 1
Chichester	- -	73 5 11	- -	- -	73 5 11
Hastings	- -	15 3 2	- -	- -	15 3 2
Pevensey (Liberty)	- -	10 3 4	- -	- -	10 3 4
Warwickshire	- -	1,871 9 1	- -	- -	1,871 9 1
Warwick (Borough)	- -	110 13 7	- -	- -	110 13 7
Birmingham	- -	2,590 5 9	- -	- -	2,590 5 9
Westmorland	- -	316 8 2	- -	- -	316 8 2
Carried forward £.	- -	123,952 7 8	- -	- -	123,952 7 8

EXPENSES OF CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	- -	123,952 7 8	- -	- -	123,952 7 8
Wiltshire - - - - - -	- -	1,775 12 11	- -	- -	1,775 12 11
Devizes - - - - -	- -	63 17 6	- -	- -	63 17 6
Salisbury or New Sarum - -	- -	100 14 8	- -	- -	100 14 8
Worcestershire - - - - -	- -	2,447 9 4	- -	- -	2,447 9 4
Worcester (City) - - - -	- -	576 13 6	- -	- -	576 13 6
Yorkshire - - - - - -	- -	12,311 16 10	- -	- -	12,311 16 10
York (City) - - - - -	- -	117 14 2	- -	- -	117 14 2
Doncaster - - - - -	- -	293 13 5	- -	- -	293 13 5
Hull - - - - - -	- -	1,253 9 8	- -	- -	1,253 9 8
Leeds - - - - - -	- -	2,441 10 2	- -	- -	2,441 10 2
Pontefract - - - - -	- -	18 19 -	- -	- -	18 19 -
Richmond - - - - -	- -	4 5 -	- -	- -	4 5 -
Ripon (Liberty) - - - -	- -	45 - 8	- -	- -	45 - 8
Scarborough - - - - -	- -	158 8 -	- -	- -	158 8 -
Anglesey - - - - - -	- -	270 18 -	- -	- -	270 18 -
Breconshire - - - - - -	- -	651 6 11	- -	- -	651 6 11
Cardiganshire - - - - -	- -	224 4 10	- -	- -	224 4 10
Carmarthenshire - - - - -	- -	304 19 10	- -	- -	304 19 10
Carmarthen (Borough) - - -	- -	25 17 6	- -	- -	25 17 6
Carnarvonshire - - - - -	- -	211 2 4	- -	- -	211 2 4
Denbighshire - - - - -	- -	695 17 3	- -	- -	695 17 3
Flintshire - - - - - -	- -	459 - -	- -	- -	459 - -
Glamorganshire - - - - -	- -	3,008 1 2	- -	- -	3,008 1 2
Merionethshire - - - - -	- -	354 4 2	- -	- -	354 4 2
Montgomeryshire - - - -	- -	537 5 8	- -	- -	537 5 8
Pembrokeshire - - - - -	- -	195 14 6	- -	- -	195 14 6
Haverfordwest - - - -	- -	86 1 8	- -	- -	86 1 8
Radnorshire - - - - -	- -	125 - 2	- -	- -	125 - 2
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	152,711 6 6	- -	- -	152,711 6 6

SHERIFFS' EXPENSES.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Bedford	- -	125 - 10	- -	- -	125 - 10
Berks	- -	262 7 -	- -	- -	262 7 -
Buckingham	- -	292 8 -	- -	- -	292 8 -
Chester	- -	146 5 -	- -	- -	146 5 -
Cornwall	- -	167 1 -	- -	- -	167 1 -
Cambridge and Hunts	- -	191 - 6	- -	- -	191 - 6
Cumberland	- -	132 19 -	- -	- -	132 19 -
Derby	- -	75 11 6	- -	- -	75 11 6
Devon	- -	266 11 1	- -	-	266 11 1
Dorset	- -	153 18 -	- -	- -	153 18 -
Durham	- -	276 9 2	- -	- -	276 9 2
Essex	- -	429 9 -	- -	- -	429 9 -
Gloucester	- -	337 1 6	- -	- -	337 1 6
Hereford	- -	110 3 -	- -	- -	110 3 -
Hertford	- -	314 11 8	- -	- -	314 11 8
Kent	- -	431 3 3	- -	- -	431 3 3
Lancaster	- -	645 8 8	- -	- -	645 8 8
Leicester	- -	153 11 10	- -	- -	153 11 10
Lincoln	- -	121 3 3	- -	- -	121 3 3
Middlesex	- -	273 4 -	- -	- -	273 4 -
Monmouth	- -	152 7 -	- -	- -	152 7 -
Newcastle-on-Tyne	- -	2 - -	- -	- -	2 - -
Norfolk	- -	175 - -	- -	- -	175 - -
Northumberland	- -	34 15 -	- -	- -	34 15 -
Northampton	- -	119 17 -	- -	- -	119 17 -
Nottingham	- -	110 15 6	- -	- -	110 15 6
Oxford	- -	244 18 8	- -	- -	244 18 8
Rutland	- -	77 13 -	- -	- -	77 13 -
Salop	- -	129 6 -	- -	- -	129 6 -
Somerset	- -	284 15 8	- -	- -	284 15 8
Stafford	- -	289 3 10	- -	- -	289 3 10
Southampton	- -	376 3 1	- -	- -	376 3 1
Suffolk	- -	227 4 6	- -	- -	227 4 6
Surrey	- -	275 5 -	- -	- -	275 5 -
Sussex	- -	296 17 6	- -	- -	296 17 6
Warwick	- -	187 19 6	- -	- -	187 19 6
Wilts	- -	171 19 -	- -	- -	171 19 -
Worcester	- -	360 3 2	- -	- -	360 3 2
Westmorland	- -	97 5 -	- -	- -	97 5 -
York	- -	438 18 1	- -	- -	438 18 1
Wales, Counties in (including 180*l.* for Examiner's Salary)	- -	422 14 6	- -	- -	422 14 6
TOTALS £.	- -	9,380 8 3	- -	- -	9,380 8 3

OFFICE OF EXAMINERS OF CRIMINAL LAW ACCOUNTS.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Two Examiners, at 1,000 *l.* each	- -	2,000 - -	- -	- -	2,000 - -
One Chief Clerk	- -	500 - -	- -	- -	500 - -
One First Class Clerk	- -	390 - -	- -	- -	390 - -
Second Class:					
First Clerk	- -	211 12 9	- -	- -	211 12 9
Second Clerk	- -	210 13 4	- -	- -	210 13 4
Third Clerk	- -	187 6 1	- -	- -	187 6 1
Third Class:					
First Clerk	- -	147 10 -	- -	- -	147 10 -
Second Clerk	- -	122 10 -	- -	- -	122 10 -
Third Clerk	- -	84 - 2	- -	- -	84 - 2
One Messenger	- -	60 - -	- -	- -	60 - -
£.	- -	3,913 12 4	- -	- -	3,913 12 4

PAYMENTS TO CLERKS OF THE PEACE AND OTHERS UNDER THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE ACT (18 & 19 VICT. CAP. 126).

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
ENGLAND:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Banbury, Clerk of the Peace	- -	15 7 4	8 2 -	- -	23 9 4
Bath, Clerk of the Peace	- -	128 3 3	176 11 -	- -	304 14 3
Bideford, Clerk of the Peace	- -	5 17 3	7 8 1	- -	13 5 4
Bristol, Clerk of the Peace	- -	260 11 7	267 - 5	- -	527 12 -
Bridgwater, Clerk of the Peace	- -	27 4 2	12 3 -	- -	39 7 2
Berks, Clerk of the Peace	- -	248 8 9	115 13 10	- -	364 2 7
Bucks, Clerk of the Peace	- -	278 8 -	96 13 2	- -	375 1 2
Buckingham, Clerk of the Peace	- -	11 6 3	- -	- -	11 6 3
Bath, Bailiff	- -	1 5 2	3 14 -	- -	4 19 2
Berks, County, Crier	- -	14 3 -	13 10 -	- -	27 13 -
Cambridge, County, Clerk of the Peace	- -	98 9 11	64 2 -	- -	162 11 11
Chichester, Clerk of the Peace	- -	9 17 -	13 13 -	- -	23 10 -
Cumberland, Clerk of the Peace	- -	134 14 2	197 7 4	- -	332 1 6
Cheshire, Crier	- -	39 19 6	52 7 6	- -	92 7 -
Denbighshire, Clerk of the Peace	- -	107 8 7	113 11 4	- -	220 19 11
Devizes, Clerk of the Peace	- -	14 5 2	2 12 -	- -	16 17 2
Dover, Clerk of the Peace	- -	91 19 11	98 1 6	- -	190 1 5
Devon, County, Crier	- -	27 6 -	37 18 -	- -	65 4 -
Ely, Crier	- -	3 4 2	5 19 -	- -	9 3 2
Clerk of the Peace	- -	61 11 4	148 6 2	- -	209 17 6
Essex, Crier	- -	16 17 6	14 8 6	- -	31 6 -
Flint, County, Clerk of the Peace	- -	91 16 5	27 4 6	- -	119 - 11
Carried forward £.	- -	1,688 4 5	1,476 6 4	- -	3,164 10 9

PAYMENTS TO CLERKS OF THE PEACE, &c. (18 & 19 Vict. Cap. 126)—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	- -	1,688 4 5	1,476 6 4	- -	3,164 10 9
ENGLAND—*continued.*					
Gloucester, City, Clerk of the Peace -	- -	113 5 10	40 17 6	- -	154 3 4
Gloucester, County, Clerk of Indictments	- -	40 4 11	51 15 –	- -	91 19 11
Tipstaff - - - - - - -	- -	5 10 3	4 – –	- -	9 10 3
Crier - - - - - - -	- -	22 16 –	24 14 6	- -	47 10 6
Gravesend, Clerk of the Peace - -	- -	90 12 7	15 16 –	- -	106 8 7
Guildford, Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	15 13 –	5 16 –	- -	21 9 –
Haverfordwest, Clerk of the Peace - -	- -	5 10 9	13 – –	- -	18 10 9
Helston, Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	2 9 4	3 17 –	- -	6 6 4
Hereford, County, Crier - - - -	- -	36 8 9	- -	- -	36 8 9
Clerk of the Peace - - - -	- -	134 4 9	65 8 2	- -	199 12 11
Hereford, City, Clerk of the Peace - -	- -	35 9 9	73 3 4	- -	108 13 1
Hants, Crier - - - - - - -	- -	34 3 10	28 9 6	- -	62 13 4
Kent, Clerk of the Peace (to 23rd May 1865).	- -	89 7 2	366 6 –	- -	455 13 2
Leicester, Borough, Clerk of the Peace -	- -	99 13 6	187 6 6	- -	287 – –
Leicester, County, Clerk of the Peace -	- -	186 1 10	180 18 –	- -	366 19 10
Lichfield, Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	30 18 10	5 16 6	- -	36 15 4
Lynn, Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	64 9 7	14 17 6	- -	79 7 1
Maidstone, Clerk of the Peace - -	- -	51 – 8	30 10 6	- -	81 11 2
Monmouth, County - - - - -	- -	236 – 5	304 1 6	- -	540 1 11
Montgomery, County - - - -	- -	61 16 4	76 13 6	- -	138 9 10
Monmouth, County, Crier - - -	- -	40 8 –	11 7 –	- -	51 15 –
Norfolk, Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	267 4 11	126 14 6	- -	393 19 5
Northampton, Clerk of the Peace - -	- -	163 11 4	107 1 10	- -	270 13 2
Crier - - - - - - -	- -	17 17 10	12 17 –	- -	30 14 10
Newcastle-on-Tyne, Clerk of the Peace -	- -	117 4 7	118 7 10	- -	235 12 5
Norfolk, Crier - - - - - -	- -	25 2 2	9 6 –	- -	34 8 2
Notts, Sheriff's Officer - - - -	- -	3 1 9	1 19 –	- -	5 – 9
Northumberland, Clerk of the Peace -	- -	56 19 10	113 9 8	- -	170 9 6
Norwich, Crier - - - - - -	- -	9 14 –	12 11 6	- -	22 5 6
Newbury, Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	23 11 9	21 2 9	- -	44 14 6
Reading, Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	83 3 6	56 10 6	- -	139 14 –
Rochester, Clerk of the Peace - -	- -	81 4 1	30 17 –	- -	112 1 1
Stamford, Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	18 12 9	6 7 6	- -	25 – 3
Somerset, Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	383 6 2	229 3 11	- -	612 10 1
Crier - - - - - - -	- -	46 9 7	14 18 –	- -	61 7 7
Grand Jury Bailiff - - - -	- -	3 15 2	2 8 –	- -	6 3 2
Southampton, Clerk of the Peace - -	- -	195 17 9	80 18 6	- -	276 16 3
Bailiff - - - - - - -	- -	4 5 7	1 1 –	- -	5 6 7
Suffolk, Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	589 2 5	115 12 6	- -	704 14 11
Sussex, Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	502 17 5	302 9 10	- -	805 7 3
Salisbury, Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	31 11 10	28 14 –	- -	60 5 10
Saffron Walden, Clerk of the Peace -	- -	11 12 6	- -	- -	11 12 6
Surrey, Bailiff - - - - - -	- -	7 12 4	13 17 6	- -	21 9 10
Crier - - - - - - -	- -	34 7 8	56 14 –	- -	91 1 8
Staffordshire, Crier - - - -	- -	50 5 6	51 11 6	- -	101 17 –
Walsall, Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	65 9 –	53 6 6	- -	118 15 6
Warwick, Borough, Clerk of the Peace -	- -	26 18 11	45 9 2	- -	72 8 1
Warwick, County, Clerk of the Peace -	- -	38 11 11	214 15 3	- -	253 7 2
Wigan, Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	20 16 6	65 18 1	- -	86 14 7
Winchester, Clerk of the Peace - -	- -	41 15 8	26 6 6	- -	68 2 2
Carried forward - - - £.	- -	6,006 14 11	4,901 9 8	- -	10,908 4 7

PAYMENTS TO CLERKS OF THE PEACE, &c. (18 & 19 Vict. Cap. 126)—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Peosions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	- -	6,006 14 11	4,901 9 8	- -	10,908 4 7
ENGLAND—*continued.*					
Worcestershire, Clerk of the Peace - -	- -	130 4 10	325 - 2	- -	455 5 -
Warwickshire, Crier - - - -	- -	7 17 3	23 - -	- -	30 17 3
Wisbeach, Crier - - - - -	- -	4 7 2	6 3 -	- -	10 10 2
Yarmouth, Clerk of the Peace - -	- -	70 17 -	44 6 -	- -	115 3 -
Crier - - - - - - -	- -	5 19 8	3 19 -	- -	9 18 8
Yorkshire (North Riding) Clerk of the Peace - - - - - - -	- -	120 7 10	69 1 2	- -	189 9 -
Yorkshire (East Riding) Clerk of the Peace - - - - - - -	- -	37 11 9	47 15 8	- -	85 7 5
Crier - - - - - - -	- -	8 16 1	8 10 -	- -	17 6 1
£.	- -	6,392 16 6	5,429 4 8	- -	11,822 1 2
IRELAND:					
Cork, Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	81 18 6	30 3 4	- -	112 1 10
Carlow, Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	6 3 11	13 1 3	- -	19 5 2
Dublin, Crier - - - - -	- -	19 3 8	27 13 8	- -	46 17 4
Drogheda, Clerk of the Peace - -	- -	12 13 10	1 18 5	- -	14 12 3
King's County, Clerk of the Peace - -	- -	63 3 4	34 6 11	- -	97 10 3
Louth, Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	41 9 5	18 5 7	- -	59 15 -
Tipperary, Clerk of the Peace - -	- -	60 14 2	40 5 10	- -	101 - -
Waterford, Clerk of the Peace - -	- -	13 10 5	10 1 3	- -	23 11 8
£.	- -	298 17 3	175 16 3	- -	474 13 6

SESSIONAL CROWN PROSECUTIONS (IRELAND).

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Payments to Crown Solicitors to enable them to pay the Salaries of the Sessional Crown Prosecutors - - - - -	- -	5,793 15 -	- -	- -	5,793 15 -
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	5,793 15 -	- -	- -	5,793 15 -

EXPENSES OF PROSECUTORS AND WITNESSES AT ASSIZES AND QUARTER SESSIONS (IRELAND).

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Antrim	- -	680 6 –	- -	- -	680 6 –
Armagh	- -	469 7 4	- -	- -	469 7 4
Carlow	- -	150 9 7	- -	- -	150 9 7
Carrickfergus	- -	– 7 –	- -	- -	– 7 –
Cavan	- -	191 10 4	- -	- -	191 10 4
Clare	- -	326 18 1	- -	- -	326 18 1
Cork	- -	1,211 5 4	- -	- -	1,211 5 4
Cork (City)	- -	385 4 6	- -	- -	385 4 6
Donegal	- -	474 9 –	- -	- -	474 9 –
Down	- -	251 17 2	- -	- -	251 17 2
Drogheda	- -	21 9 1	- -	- -	21 9 1
Dublin (County) half year only	- -	522 17 –	- -	- -	522 17 –
Dublin (City)	- -	539 – –	- -	- -	539 – –
Fermanagh	- -	147 19 –	- -	- -	147 19 –
Galway (County)	- -	424 – 10	- -	- -	424 – 10
Galway (Town)	- -	35 1 6	- -	- -	35 1 6
Kerry	- -	489 18 6	- -	- -	489 18 6
Kildare	- -	670 17 4	- -	- -	670 17 4
Kilkenny	- -	176 4 8	- -	- -	176 4 8
Kilkenny (City)	- -	23 8 2	- -	- -	23 8 2
King's County	- -	248 18 3	- -	- -	248 18 3
Leitrim	- -	226 4 –	- -	- -	226 4 –
Limerick	- -	355 3 7	- -	- -	355 3 7
Limerick (City)	- -	71 18 –	- -	- -	71 18 –
Londonderry	- -	288 7 6	- -	- -	288 7 6
Longford	- -	108 – –	- -	- -	108 – –
Louth	- -	42 2 9	- -	- -	42 2 9
Mayo	- -	557 19 11	- -	- -	557 19 11
Meath	- -	132 3 8	- -	- -	132 3 8
Monaghan	- -	198 12 8	- -	- -	198 12 8
Queen's County	- -	248 11 5	- -	- -	248 11 5
Roscommon	- -	277 18 6	- -	- -	277 18 6
Sligo	- -	198 16 6	- -	- -	198 16 6
Tipperary (North Riding)	- -	224 9 6	- -	- -	224 9 6
Tipperary (South Riding)	- -	359 6 1	- -	- -	359 6 1
Tyrone	- -	367 15 11	- -	- -	367 15 11
Waterford	- -	206 2 11	- -	- -	206 2 11
Waterford (City)	- -	58 12 4	- -	- -	58 12 4
Westmeath	- -	247 9 7	- -	- -	247 9 7
Wexford	- -	141 2 1	- -	- -	141 2 1
Wicklow	- -	159 14 10	- -	- -	159 14 10
TOTAL £.	- -	11,912 – 5	- -	- -	11,912 – 5

EXPENDITURE INCURRED BY THE COMMISSIONERS OF HER MAJESTY'S WORKS AND PUBLIC BUILDINGS ON ACCOUNT OF THE COURTS OF LAW AND JUSTICE, AND LEGAL DEPARTMENTS IN THEIR CHARGE IN ENGLAND AND SCOTLAND.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Rent	- -	2,926 18 5	- -	- -	2,926 18 5
Rates	- -	952 3 4	- -	- -	952 3 4
Maintenance and repair of buildings	- -	7,315 8 6	- -	- -	7,315 8 6
Lighting	- -	708 14 3	- -	- -	708 14 3
Fuel	- -	998 9 7	- -	- -	998 9 7
Furniture	- -	1,601 18 7	- -	- -	1,601 18 7
TOTALS £.	- -	14,503 12 8	- -	- -	14,503 12 8

Note.—A portion of this sum is properly chargeable to Scotland.

EXPENSES INCURRED BY THE BOARD OF WORKS (IRELAND), FOR RENT AND REPAIRS OF COURTS OF JUSTICE.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions. or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
COURT OF PROBATE, DUBLIN:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Ordinary maintenance, repairs, fuel, &c.	- -	83 8 9	- -	- -	83 8 9
DISTRICT PROBATE REGISTRY OFFICES, IRELAND:					
Ordinary maintenance, repairs, furniture, fuel, and gas light	- -	175 3 11	- -	- -	175 3 11
Rents and taxes	- -	181 13 –	- -	- -	181 13 –
FOUR COURTS, &c. DUBLIN:					
Ordinary maintenance, furniture, repairs, &c., fuel, and gas light	- -	3,119 2 7	- -	- -	3,119 2 7
Taxes	- -	330 10 9	- -	- -	330 10 9
FOUR COURTS, MARSHALSEA:					
Ordinary maintenance, repairs, fuel, &c.	- -	355 12 1	- -	- -	355 12 1
Rent	- -	27 13 10	- -	- -	27 13 10
REGISTRAR OF DEEDS' OFFICE:					
Maintenance, repairs, fuel, gas light, &c.	- -	312 7 2	- -	- -	312 7 2
Taxes	- -	36 17 4	- -	- -	36 17 4
TOTALS £.	- -	4,622 9 5	- -	- -	4,622 9 5

STATIONERY.

RETURN of the Cost of Stationery supplied to, and Printing and Binding Work executed for, the following Courts of Law and Justice and Legal Departments, in the Year ended 31st March 1866.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
ENGLAND:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Court of Queen's Bench, Masters, &c.	- - -	362 8 7	- -	- -	362 8 7
Court of Common Pleas, Masters, &c.	- - -	268 5 -	- -	- -	268 5 -
Court of Exchequer, Masters, &c.	- - -	288 17 7	- -	- -	288 17 7
Court of Admiralty	- - -	341 13 -	- -	- -	341 13 -
Court of Probate and Divorce	- - -	4,315 8 7	- -	- -	4,315 8 7
Court of Insolvency, &c.	- - -	8 7 1	- -	- -	8 7 1
Committee of County Court Judges	- - -	128 2 -	- -	- -	128 2 -
Registry of County Court Judgments	- - -	17 14 6	- -	- -	17 4 6
Examiners of Criminal Law Accounts	- - -	21 1 2	- -	- -	21 1 2
Metropolitan Police Courts and Forms	- - -	520 10 4	- -	- -	520 10 4
Land Registry	- - -	75 3 7	- -	- -	75 3 7
Attorney General	- - -	2 - 8	- -	- -	2 - 8
	£.	6,349 12 1	- -	- -	6,349 12 1
SCOTLAND:					
Court of Session	- - -	8 5 1	- -	- -	8 5 1
Justiciary Court and Crown Office	- - -	531 12 7	- -	- -	531 12 7
Lord Advocate	- - -	58 10 10	- -	- -	58 10 10
Jury Court	- - -	3 15 2	- -	- -	3 15 2
Sheriff's Court	- - -	537 12 7	- -	- -	537 12 7
Exchequer	- - -	95 13 4	- -	- -	95 13 4
Commissary Clerk	- - -	5 6 8	- -	- -	5 6 8
Accountant in Bankruptcy	- - -	29 12 -	- -	- -	29 12 -
	£.	1,270 8 3	- -	- -	1,270 8 3
IRELAND:					
Chancery Court and Taxing Officer	- - -	64 12 3	- -	- -	64 12 3
Queen's Bench	- - -	153 7 3	- -	- -	153 7 3
Common Pleas	- - -	209 13 6	- -	- -	209 13 6
Exchequer	- - -	137 16 5	- -	- -	137 16 5
Rolls Court	- - -	72 9 3	- -	- -	72 9 3
Bankruptcy and Insolvency Court	- - -	63 4 7	- -	- -	63 4 7
Admiralty Court	- - -	16 2 10	- -	- -	16 2 10
Probate Court	- - -	479 18 1	- -	- -	479 18 1
Landed Estates Court	- - -	568 2 5	- -	- -	568 2 5
Register of Judgments	- - -	61 - 7	- -	- -	61 - 7
Writ Office	- - -	8 5 9	- -	- -	8 5 9
Charitable Bequests	- - -	11 2 4	- -	- -	11 2 4
	£.	1,845 15 3	- -	- -	1,845 15 3

PENSIONS, COMPENSATIONS, AND SUPERANNUATIONS.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
ENGLAND:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Judicial Services	42,476 19 10	- - -	- -	- -	42,476 19 10
Court of Chancery	6,877 18 4	- -	- -	19,920 19 4	26,798 17 8
Queen's Bench	11,667 2 4	- -	- -	- -	11,667 2 4
Common Pleas	4,714 19 4	- -	- -	- -	4,714 19 4
Exchequer	4,286 4 –	- -	- -	- -	4,286 4 –
Courts of Requests	8,169 4 7	- -	- -	- -	8,169 4 7
Marshalsea	1,807 16 2	- -	- -	- -	1,807 16 2
Post Fines	284 16 5	- -	- -	- -	284 16 5
Ecclesiastical and Prerogative Courts	93,838 9 11	- -	- -	- -	93,838 9 11
Divorce Court	- -	629 12 4	- -	- -	629 12 4
Court of Admiralty	- -	287 18 6	- -	- -	287 18 6
Registrars of County Courts	- -	3,545 7 4	- -	- -	3,545 7 4
Miscellaneous Courts of Justice	588 17 9	88 11 4	2,071 6 8	- -	2,748 15 9
County Palatine of Lancaster	- -	- -	- -	125 – –	125 – –
Police Courts	- -	4,896 2 6	- -	- -	4,896 2 6
Court of Bankruptcy (England)	- -	14,244 15 9	10,002 12 6	- -	24,247 8 3
TOTAL £.	174,712 8 8	23,692 7 9	12,073 19 2	20,045 19 4	230,524 14 11
SCOTLAND:					
Court of Session, Consistorial Court, Commissary Courts, and Sheriff Court	11,360 16 10	173 2 –	- -	- -	11,533 18 10
IRELAND:					
Judicial Pensions	21,163 16 1	- -	- -	- -	21,163 16 1
Court of Chancery	- -	- -	(a) 16,888 – –	- -	16,888 – –
Queen's Bench	3,506 18 2	- -	- -	- -	3,506 18 2
Common Pleas	1,910 12 4	- -	- -	- -	1,910 12 4
Exchequer	3,568 10 1	- -	- -	- -	3,568 10 1
Ecclesiastical and Prerogative Court	5,678 12 11	- -	- -	- -	5,678 12 11
Court of Bankruptcy	- -	- -	(b) 1,437 8 8	- -	1,437 8 8
Manor Courts	- -	2,121 14 11	- -	- -	2,121 14 11
Miscellaneous Courts of Justice	1,846 3 4	4,141 13 3	- -	- -	5,987 16 7
Registrar of Deeds	- -	801 2 4	- -	- -	801 2 4
TOTAL £.	37,674 12 11	7,064 10 6	18,325 8 8	- -	63,064 12 1

ABSTRACT.

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
ENGLAND	174,712 8 8	23,692 7 9	12,073 19 2	20,045 19 4	230,524 14 11
SCOTLAND	11,360 16 10	173 2 –	- -	- -	11,533 18 10
IRELAND	37,674 12 11	7,064 10 6	18,325 8 8	- -	63,064 12 1
£.	223,747 18 5	30,930 – 3	30,399 7 10	20,045 19 4	305,123 5 10

(a) The deficiency of the Fee Fund for payment of Salaries and Expenses is paid out of the Consolidated Fund; the amount thus paid in 1865-6, was 27,300 *l.*

(b) Deficiency of Fee Fund paid out of Sums Voted by Parliament.

OFFICE OF SOLICITOR OF THE TREASURY.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
One Solicitor	- - -	2,000 - -	- -	- -	2,000 - -
One Assistant Solicitor	- -	1,500 - -	- -	- -	1,500 - -
Two 1st Class Clerks { one at 725 *l.* / one at 775 *l.* }	- -	1,500 - -	- -	- -	1,500 - -
One Accountant	- -	500 - -	- -	- -	500 - -
Three 2nd Class Clerks at 450 *l.* each	- -	1,350 - -	- -	- -	1,350 - -
Two 3rd Class Clerks { one at 300 *l.* / one at 285 *l.* }	- -	585 - -	- -	- -	585 - -
Two Supplementary Clerks at 160 *l.* each	- -	320 - -	- -	- -	320 - -
Three Messengers	- -	305 - -	- -	- -	305 - -
£.	- -	8,060 - -	- -	- -	8,060 - -

The Salaries of the three Messengers are paid out of the Vote of the Treasury, not out of the Vote for "Law Charges."

OFFICE OF THE HOME OFFICE COUNSEL.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Counsel	- -	2,000 - -	- -	- -	2,000 - -
Clerk	- -	200 - -	- -	- -	200 - -
Clerk	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	150 - -
Office and Housekeeper	- -	100 - -	- -	- -	100 - -
One Clerk, superannuated	- -	32 10 -	- -	- -	32 10 -
Contingencies	- -	68 3 10	- -	- -	68 3 10
£.	- -	2,550 13 10	- -	- -	2,550 13 10

WAR DEPARTMENT.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
Army Votes:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Solicitor	- -	1,200 - -	- -	- -	1,200 - -
Assistant Solicitor	- -	900 - -	- -	- -	900 - -
One Clerk, 2nd Class	- -	435 - -	- -	- -	435 - -
One Clerk, 3rd Class	- -	190 - -	- -	- -	190 - -
Ditto	- -	180 - -	- -	- -	180 - -
One Clerk (Special)	- -	250 - -	- -	- -	250 - -
Law Charges for Costs, &c., including Law Agency	- -	4,646 - -	- -	- -	4,646 - -
Defence Loan:					
Salaries, &c.	- -	- -	- -	510 4 1	510 4 1
£.	- -	7,801 - -	- -	510 4 1	8,311 4 1

OFFICE OF SOLICITOR OF THE ADMIRALTY.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Solicitor for the Admiralty	- -	1,600 - -	- -	- -	1,600 - -
Solicitor for an Office and assistance of Clerks	- -	1,055 16 8	- -	- -	1,055 16 8
Pension to the late Solicitor	- -	746 13 4	- -	- -	746 13 4
Advocate General of the Office of Lord High Admiral	- -	13 6 8	- -	- -	13 6 8
Fees	- -	113 16 -	- -	- -	113 16 -
Counsel and Judge Advocate for the Affairs of the Admiralty and Navy	- -	100 - -	- -	- -	100 - -
Fees	- -	567 17 -	- -	- -	567 17 -
Fees to Counsel, and personal Charges of Law Agents employed by the Solicitor on Admiralty business	- -	5,452 17 8	- -	- -	5,452 17 8
For Expenses attendant on the Purchase of Property, and other legal proceedings connected with Naval business (exclusive of Fees to Counsel, &c., as above)	- -	2,547 10 6	- -	- -	2,547 10 6
£.		12,197 17 10	- -	- -	12,197 17 10

BOARD OF TRADE.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Salary of Legal Assistant	- - -	1,000 - -	- -	- -	1,000 - -
Fees to Magistrates for inquiries held under the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854, and paid out of the Mercantile Marine Fund	- -	- -	- -	152 - -	152 - -
	£.	1,000 - -	- -	152 - -	1,152 - -

Note.—This Return only includes sums paid out of funds in the hands of the Board of Trade; other expenses being paid from the Vote for Law Charges, and included in return from Solicitor to the Treasury.

COMMITTEE OF COUNCIL ON EDUCATION.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Counsel, salary charged on Vote for Education	- -	400 - -	- -	- -	400 - -

SOLICITOR TO THE OFFICE OF HER MAJESTY'S WORKS AND PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
The Solicitor	- -	1,800 - -	- -	- -	1,800 - -
First Clerk	- -	441 5 -	- -	- -	441 5 -
Second Clerk	- -	277 10 -	- -	- -	277 10 -
Third Clerk	- -	191 5 -	- -	- -	191 5 -
Fourth Clerk	- -	136 5 -	- -	- -	136 5 -
Messenger	- -	80 - -	- -	- -	80 - -
		2,926 5 -			2,926 5 -
PENSION:					
William Charlton, late Chief Clerk, Solicitor's Department	- -	333 6 8	- -	- -	333 6 8
Expenses *	- -	558 13 9	- -	- -	558 13 9
TOTAL £.		3,818 5 5	- -	- -	3,818 5 5

* The Solicitor of the Board in Scotland was paid the usual solicitor's bills, which are here treated as expenses.

SOLICITOR'S DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF PUBLIC WORKS (IRELAND).

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Solicitor's salary	- -	1,800 - -	- -	- -	1,800 - -
Travelling and hotel expenses	- -	63 17 1	- -	- -	63 17 1
Allowance to cover salaries of clerks, &c.	- -	550 - -	- -	- -	550 - -
TOTALS £.	- -	2,413 17 1	- -	- -	2,413 17 1

OFFICE OF SOLICITOR TO HER MAJESTY'S CUSTOMS.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
ENGLAND:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
One Solicitor	- -	2,000 - -	- -	- -	2,000 - -
Two Assistant Solicitors, at 80 *l.*	- -	1,600 - -	- -	- -	1,600 - -
One Clerk	- -	500 - -	- -	- -	500 - -
Ditto	- -	450 - -	- -	- -	450 - -
Ditto	- -	300 - -	- -	- -	300 - -
Ditto	- -	250 - -	- -	- -	250 - -
Ditto	- -	200 - -	- -	- -	200 - -
Ditto	- -	175 - -	- -	- -	175 - -
Ditto	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	150 - -
Ditto	- -	125 - -	- -	- -	125 - -
One Arresting Officer, and	- -	200 - -	- -	- -	200 - -
Registrar of Licensed Lightermen	- -	20 - -	- -	- -	20 - -
		5,970 - -	- -	- -	5,970 - -
SCOTLAND:					
One Solicitor	- -	200 - -	- -	- -	200 - -
IRELAND:					
One Clerk	- -	350 - -	- -	- -	350 - -
TOTAL Salaries £.	- -	6,520 - -	- -	- -	6,520 - -

OFFICE OF SOLICITOR TO HER MAJESTY'S CUSTOMS—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Incidental Expenses on account of the Capture and Prosecution of Smugglers:					
England	- -	3,084 13 5	- -	- -	3,084 13 5
Scotland	- -	199 16 7	- -	- -	199 16 7
Ireland	- -	76 5 -	- -	- -	76 5 -
Incidental Expenses on account of Suits or Prosecutions, or otherwise carrying into effect certain provisions of the "Merchant Shipping Act, 1854":					
England	- -	2,152 13 6	- -	- -	2,152 13 6
Scotland	- -	56 13 -	- -	- -	56 13 -
Ireland	- -	165 17 3	- -	- -	165 17 3
TOTAL Incidental Expenses - - - £.		5,735 18 9	- -	- -	5,735 18 9
TOTAL Salaries - - - - - -		6,520 - -	- -	- -	6,520 - -
TOTAL Incidental Expenses - -		5,735 18 9	- -	- -	5,735 18 9
TOTAL Paid out of VOTE No. 1 - - £.		12,255 18 9	- -	- -	12,255 18 9
COMPENSATIONS, &c.:					
One Assistant Solicitor, Superannuation	- -	800 - -	- -	- -	800 - -
One Clerk, Compensation - - -	- -	483 6 8	- -	- -	483 6 8
TOTAL Paid out of Vote No. 4 - - - - £.		1,283 6 8	- -	- -	1,283 6 8
TOTAL Paid out of VOTES of PARLIAMENT for the Year ended 31st March 1866 - £.		13,539 5 5	- -	- -	13,539 5 5

ABSTRACT.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
SALARIES AND INCIDENTAL EXPENSES:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
England — (page 187) 5,970 - -; (page 188) 3,084 13 5; (page 188) 2,152 13 6	- -	11,207 6 11	- -	- -	11,207 6 11
Scotland — (page 187) 200 - -; (page 188) 199 16 7; (page 188) 56 13 -	- -	456 9 7	- -	- -	456 9 7
Ireland — (page 187) 350 - -; (page 188) 76 5 -; (page 188) 165 17 3	- -	592 2 3	- -	- -	592 2 3
COMPENSATIONS (page 188) - - -	- -	1,283 6 8	- -	- -	1,283 6 8
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	13,539 5 5	- -	- -	13,539 5 5

OFFICE OF INLAND REVENUE.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
ENGLAND:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Salaries:					
One Solicitor	- -	2,000 - -	- -	- -	2,000 - -
One Assistant Solicitor	- -	1,200 - -	- -	- -	1,200 - -
Two Chief Clerks, at 700 *l.*	- -	1,400 - -	- -	- -	1,400 - -
One Chief Clerk	- -	680 - -	- -	- -	680 - -
One Clerk, 1st Class	- -	530 - -	- -	- -	530 - -
One Clerk - ditto	- -	510 - -	- -	- -	510 - -
One Clerk - ditto	- -	470 - -	- -	- -	470 - -
One Clerk, 2nd Class	- -	450 - -	- -	- -	450 - -
One Clerk - ditto	- -	430 - -	- -	- -	430 - -
One Clerk - ditto	- -	410 - -	- -	- -	410 - -
One Clerk - ditto	- -	370 - -	- -	- -	370 - -
Four Clerks, 3rd Class, at 240 *l.*	- -	960 - -	- -	- -	960 - -
Two Clerks, 3rd Class, at 210 *l.*	- -	420 - -	- -	- -	420 - -
Two Clerks, 4th Class, at 190 *l.*	- -	380 - -	- -	- -	380 - -
One Clerk, 4th Class	- -	130 - -	- -	- -	130 - -
One Clerk - ditto	- -	120 - -	- -	- -	120 - -
Four Clerks, 4th Class, at 100 *l.*	- -	400 - -	- -	- -	400 - -
Two Clerks, 4th Class, at 90 *l.*	- -	180 - -	- -	- -	180 - -
One Extra Clerk	- -	130 - -	- -	- -	130 - -
One - ditto	- -	100 - -	- -	- -	100 - -
Pensions:					
One Solicitor	- -	1,800 - -	- -	- -	1,800 - -
Three Clerks	- -	909 - -	- -	- -	909 - -
Law Charges	- -	3,114 - -	- -	- -	3,114 - -
Expenses in Manufacture of Stamps for Courts of—					
Bankruptcy	- -	- -	966 - -	- -	966 - -
Chancery	- -	- -	775 - -	- -	775 - -
Common Law (Superior)	- -	- -	1,950 - -	- -	1,950 - -
TOTAL, ENGLAND £.	- -	17,093 - -	3,691 - -	- -	20,784 - -
SCOTLAND:					
Salaries:					
One Solicitor	- -	1,600 - -	- -	- -	1,600 - -
One Chief Clerk	- -	690 - -	- -	- -	690 - -
Two Clerks, at 230 *l.*	- -	460 - -	- -	- -	460 - -
One Clerk	- -	190 - -	- -	- -	190 - -
One Clerk	- -	150 - -	- -	- -	150 - -
One Clerk	- -	110 - -	- -	- -	110 - -
One Clerk	- -	100 - -	- -	- -	100 - -
Pensions	- - -	Nil.			
Law Charges	- -	959 - -	- -	- -	959 - -
TOTAL, SCOTLAND £.	- -	4,259 - -	- -	- -	4,259 - -

OFFICE OF INLAND REVENUE—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
IRELAND:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Salaries:					
One Solicitor	- -	1,600 - -	- -	- -	1,600 - -
One Chief Clerk	- -	500 - -	- -	- -	500 - -
One Clerk, 1st Class	- -	400 - -	- -	- -	400 - -
One Clerk - ditto	- -	340 - -	- -	- -	340 - -
One Clerk, 2nd Class	- -	260 - -	- -	- -	260 - -
One Clerk - ditto	- -	220 - -	- -	- -	220 - -
One Clerk, 3rd Class	- -	110 - -	- -	- -	110 - -
One Clerk - ditto	- -	90 - -	- -	- -	90 - -
Pensions	- - Nil.				
Law Charges	- -	769 - -	- -	- -	769 - -
TOTAL, IRELAND £.	- -	4,289 - -	- -	- -	4,289 - -

ABSTRACT.

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
ENGLAND (page 189)	- -	17,093 - -	3,691 - -	- -	20,784 - -
SCOTLAND (page 189)	- -	4,259 - -	- -	- -	4,259 - -
IRELAND (above)	- -	4,289 - -	- -	- -	4,289 - -
UNITED KINGDOM £.	- -	25,641 - -	3,691 - -	- -	29,332 - -

POST OFFICE.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
ENGLAND AND WALES:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
SALARIES charged on VOTES of PARLIAMENT:					
Solicitors' Office:					
Solicitor at 1,500 *l.* per annum	- - -	1,500 - -	- - -	- - -	1,500 - -
Assistant Solicitor at 800 *l.* per annum	- - -	800 - -	- - -	- - -	800 - -
One 2nd Class Clerk, at salary from 260 *l.* to 380 *l.* per annum, by 15 *l.* per annum	- - -	317 15 11	- - -	- - -	317 15 11
Two 3rd Class Clerks, at salaries from 120 *l.* to 240 *l.* per annum, by 10 *l.* per annum	- - -	315 15 1	- - -	- - -	315 15 1
One 4th Class Clerk, at salary from 80 *l.* to 150 *l.* per annum, by 5 *l.* per annum	- - -	94 3 -	- - -	- - -	94 3 -
One Boy Messenger, at wages of 7 *s.* to 10 *s.* a week, by 6 *d.* a week every six months	- - -	19 16 11	- - -	- - -	19 16 11
Two Clerks temporarily employed under the Post Office Extension Act:					
One at 300 *l.* per annum	- - -	164 13 6	- - -	- - -	164 13 6
One at 80 *l.* per annum	- - -	43 9 7	- - -	- - -	43 9 7
Compensations	—	—	—	—	—
Pensions	—	—	—	—	—
OTHER EXPENSES charged on VOTES of PARLIAMENT:					
Law Charges paid during the Year, viz.:					
Fees to Counsel on account of prosecutions	- - -	1,037 8 6	- - -	- - -	1,037 8 6
Fees to Counsel for miscellaneous purposes	- - -	1,333 15 5	- - -	- - -	1,333 15 5
Fees to Counsel under Post Office Extension Act	- - -	267 17 -	- - -	- - -	267 17 -
Miscellaneous law charges under the Post Office Extension Act	- - -	443 3 -	- - -	- - -	443 3 -
Stamps	- - -	653 7 -	- - -	- - -	653 7 -
Law charges in connexion with obtaining new sites for Post Offices, or for the extension of Post Office premises	- - -	255 6 7	- - -	- - -	255 6 7
Law Stationer's bills	- - -	310 7 9	- - -	- - -	310 7 9
Travelling charges, Witnesses' expenses in connexion with prosecutions and other miscellaneous disbursements	- - -	1,400 19 4	- - -	- - -	1,400 19 4
LAW EXPENSES charged on the SAVINGS BANK FUND, viz:					
Salaries:					
Consulting Barrister at 200 *l.* per annum	- - -	- - -	- - -	(*a*) 200 - -	200 - -
Miscellaneous expenses	- - -	- - -	- - -	229 14 1	229 14 1
TOTAL ENGLAND AND WALES £.	- -	8,957 18 7	- -	429 14 1	9,387 12 8

(*a*) These charges were incurred in connexion with the Post Office Savings Banks, and were paid out of moneys received under authority of the Act 24 Vict. c. 14, s. 15 (Post Office Savings Banks Act).

POST OFFICE—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
IRELAND:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Solicitors' Office:					
Solicitor at 1,000 *l.* per annum	- - -	1,000 - -	- - -	- - -	1,000 - -
First Clerk under 5 years, 200 *l.*					
„ 5 to 10 years, 225 *l.*	- - -	299 10 -	- - -	- - -	299 10 -
„ Above 10 years, 250 *l.*					
Present holder of office to 300 *l.*					
Second Clerk under 5 years, 90 *l.*					
„ 5 to 10 years, 120 *l.*	- - -	199 - -	- - -	- - -	199 - -
„ Above 10 years, 150 *l.*					
Present holder of office to 200 *l.*					
Compensations	—	—	—	—	—
Pensions	—	—	—	—	—
EXPENSES charged on VOTES of PARLIAMENT:					
Law Charges paid during the Year, viz.:					
Fees to Counsel on account of prosecutions	- - -	336 - -	- - -	- - -	336 - -
Fees to Counsel for miscellaneous purposes	- - -	4 4 -	- - -	- - -	4 4 -
Stamps	- - -	188 4 3	- - -	- - -	188 4 3
Law Stationer's bill	- - -	5 4 2	- - -	- - -	5 4 2
Travelling charges, Witnesses' expenses in connexion with prosecutions, and other miscellaneous disbursements	- - -	447 13 5	- - -	- - -	447 13 5
TOTAL, IRELAND £.	- - -	2,479 15 10	- - -	- - -	2,479 15 10
SCOTLAND:					
Solicitor at 400 *l.* per annum	- - -	400 - -	- - -	- - -	400 - -
Clerk and office rent, at 100 *l.* per annum	- - -	100 - -	- - -	- - -	100 - -
Compensations	—	—	—	—	—
Pensions	—	—	—	—	—
EXPENSES charged on VOTES of PARLIAMENT:					
Law Charges paid during the Year, viz.:					
Fees to Counsel on account of prosecutions (*a*)	—	—	—	—	—
Fees to Counsel for miscellaneous purposes	—	—	—	—	—
Stamps	- - -	118 - 6	- - -	- - -	118 - 6
Law Stationer's bill	- - -	- 12 1	- - -	- - -	- 12 1
Travelling charges, Witnesses' expenses in connexion with prosecutions and other miscellaneous disbursements	- - -	4 11 -	- - -	- - -	4 11 -
TOTAL, SCOTLAND £.	- - -	623 3 7	- - -	- - -	623 3 7
TOTAL, UNITED KINGDOM £.	- - -	12,060 18 -	- - -	429 14 1	12,490 12 1

(*a*) All criminal prosecutions are conducted by the Public Prosecutor in Scotland.

ABSTRACT.

ENGLAND (page 191)	- -	8,957 18 7	- -	429 14 1	9,387 12 8
SCOTLAND (above)	- -	2,479 15 10	- -	- -	2,479 15 10
IRELAND (above)	- -	623 3 7	- -	- -	623 3 7
TOTAL £.	- -	12,060 18 -	- -	429 14 1	12,490 12 1

OFFICE OF WOODS, &c.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
ENGLAND, WALES, &c.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
SALARIES.					
The Solicitor for the Department of Land Revenue, England and Wales	- - -	1,500 - -	- - -	- - -	1,500 - -
First Clerk	- - -	492 10 -	- - -	- - -	492 10 -
Second Clerk	- - -	283 6 10	- - -	- - -	283 6 10
Third Clerk	- - -	220 - -	- - -	- - -	220 - -
Fourth Clerk	- - -	180 - -	- - -	- - -	180 - -
The Solicitor for the Department of Royal Forests	- - -	(a) —	—	—	—
Clerks to ditto	- - -	(a) —	—	—	—
TOTAL SALARIES, ENGLAND and WALES	£.	2,675 16 10	- - -	- - -	2,675 16 10
PENSIONS.					
Superannuation Allowance, 500*l.* p'annum	- - -	(b) 500 - -	- - -	- - -	500 - -
TOTAL PENSIONS, ENGLAND and WALES	£.	500 - -	- - -	- - -	500 - -
EXPENSES.					
Fees to Counsel	- - -	1,315 2 8	- - -	- - -	1,315 2 8
Bills of Costs	- - -	1,335 - -	- - -	- - -	1,335 - -
Fees from 30th June 1864 to 31st December 1865	- - -	20 7 2	- - -	- - -	20 7 2
Printing	- - -	37 16 -	- - -	- - -	37 16 -
Law Stationers' Incidental and Petty Disbursements	- - -	1,051 6 11	- - -	- - -	1,051 6 11
Bill of Costs for prosecutions, &c., New Forest	- - -	- - -	- - -	129 6 8	129 6 8
Legal expenses, Dean Forest	- - -	- - -	- - -	7 6 2	7 6 2
TOTAL EXPENSES, ENGLAND and WALES	£.	3,759 12 9	TOTAL charged on Income of the Land Revenue	136 12 10	3,896 5 7
SCOTLAND.					
EXPENSES: Bills of Costs	- - -	3,320 17 11	- - -	- - -	3,320 17 11
IRELAND.					
EXPENSES: Bill of Costs	- - -	606 18 11	- - -	- - -	606 18 11
ISLE OF MAN.					
EXPENSES: Moiety of bill of costs for investigating claims under the Disafforestation Compensation Act of Tynwald	- - -	49 13 7	- - -	- - -	49 13 7

ABSTRACT.

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
ENGLAND, WALES, &c.:					
SALARIES	- - -	2,675 16 10	- - -	- - -	2,675 16 10
PENSIONS	- - -	500 - -	- - -	- - -	500 - -
EXPENSES	- - -	3,759 12 9	- - -	- - -	3,759 12 9
Ditto	- - -	- - -	- - -	136 12 10	136 12 10
ISLE OF MAN:					
EXPENSES	- - -	49 13 7	- - -	- - -	49 13 7
		6,985 3 2	- - -	136 12 10	7,121 16 -
SCOTLAND:					
EXPENSES	- - -	3,320 17 11	- - -	- - -	3,320 17 11
IRELAND:					
EXPENSES	- - -	606 18 11	- - -	- - -	606 18 11
	£.	10,913 - -	- - -	136 12 10	11,049 12 10

(a) These salaries are paid by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works, &c., and are charged against the Vote of Parliament.
(b) This allowance is paid by the Paymaster General out of Vote of Parliament.

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 7 August 1866;—*for*,

"RETURN showing in detail, with a GENERAL ABSTRACT, the EXPENDITURE for the Year 1865-6, in each of the Three Kingdoms, on Account of all COURTS of LAW and JUSTICE and LEGAL DEPARTMENTS, defrayed wholly or in part from PUBLIC FUNDS; distinguishing the Charges on the Consolidated Fund, on Votes of Parliament, on Fees of Court, and on Special or Local Funds:"

"And, similar RETURN for all COURTS of JUSTICE, the EXPENDITURE of which is defrayed from COUNTY, BOROUGH, or LOCAL FUNDS:—The Returns to include Pensions and Compensations on Account of any present or former Office in each Court or Department, to show the Rate of Salary in each Case where the Officer is Paid by Annual Salary, and the Number of Persons of each Class Employed, whether Paid by Salary, Wages, or Fees."

(*Mr. Childers.*)

PART II.

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
10 *April* 1867.

GENERAL ABSTRACT.

	Page	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund. £. s. d.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament. £. s. d.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses charged on Fees of Court. £. s. d.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds. £. s. d.	Total. £. s. d.
County Quarter Sessions - -	1	1,945 2 1	1,019 10 3	2,386 1 2	36,505 – 9	41,855 14 3
County Petty Sessions - - -	13	- -	- -	16,826 13 5	7,649 15 6	24,476 8 11
Borough Quarter Sessions - -	35	610 15 4	3,443 19 10	1,378 6 10	16,565 5 1	21,998 7 1
Borough Petty Sessions - -	47	26 10 –	- -	6,874 12 8	21,682 6 6	28,583 9 2
Local Courts of Civil Jurisdiction	53	176 5 5	- -	8,527 7 –	4,804 12 –	13,508 4 5
TOTAL England and Wales	–	2,758 12 10	4,463 10 1	35,993 1 1	87,206 19 10	130,422 3 10
Ireland - - -	59	4,688 1 10	- -	161 17 10	50,802 6 –	55,652 5 8
Scotland - - -	78	2 18 –	- -	21,277 1 –	6,560 9 4	27,840 8 4
GRAND TOTAL - - -	£.	7,449 12 8	4,463 10 1	57,431 19 11	144,569 15 2	213,914 17 10

RETURN showing in Detail, with a GENERAL ABSTRACT, the EXPENDITURE for the Year 1865-6, on Account of all COURTS of JUSTICE in each of the Three Kingdoms, which is defrayed from COUNTY, BOROUGH, or LOCAL FUNDS.

ENGLAND AND WALES.

COUNTY COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS.*

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
ENGLAND.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
COUNTY OF BEDFORD:						
Clerk of the Peace - £. 650	45 – –	– –	– –	– –	45 – –	– – The Sessions are held in the Shire Hall, the expenses of which are paid in equal moieties by the County and Borough of Bedford. The moiety of such expenses for the year ending 31st March 1866 amounted to 40 *l.* 2 *s.* 8 *d.*, including 34 *l.* paid to Hall Keeper.
Rent of Offices - - - 50	– –	– –	– –	600 – –	600 – –	
Crier - - - - - -	12 14 –	– –	– –	– –	12 14 –	
Hallkeeper - - - -	– –	– –	– –	34 – –	34 – –	
Repairs of Shire Hall, and Lighting	– –	– –	– –	6 2 8	6 2 8	
TOTAL - - - £.	57 14 –	– –	– –	640 2 8	697 16 8	
COUNTY OF BERKS:						In the County of Berks the Clerk of the Peace is paid by salary, and no specific sum is given as officer of the Court of Quarter Sessions. The Courts, both at Reading and Abingdon, are county buildings; the former under the charge of the county constabulary, and the latter under the care of the Governor of the Gaol, and in neither place is any salary given. No separate account is kept of expense of gas and fuel used at Sessions and Assizes, nor of stationery, &c., then provided by the Chief Constable at Reading, and the Governor of the Goal at Abingdon.
Clerk of the Peace - - -	– –	– –	– –	– –	– –	
COUNTY OF BUCKINGHAM:						
Clerk of the Peace, proportion of his Salary for providing a Deputy in the Second Court.	– –	– –	– –	21 – –	21 – –	– – The Clerk of the Peace is paid an annual salary for his general duties to the county, and nothing specifically as officer of the Court of Quarter Sessions, excepting as mentioned in this Account.
Criers of the Court - - -	– –	– –	– –	16 16 –	16 16 –	
Hallkeepers - - - - -	– –	– –	– –	10 4 –	10 4 –	
Quota of Hallkeeper's Salary for cleaning the Courts at Quarter Sessions.	– –	– –	– –	5 – –	5 – –	
Fuel and Gas - - - - -	– –	– –	– –	3 10 –	3 10 –	
Books and Stationery - -	– –	– –	– –	10 – –	10 – –	
Printing Calendars of Prisoners -	– –	– –	– –	20 – –	20 – –	
TOTAL - - -	– –	– –	– –	86 10 –	86 10 –	All paid out of the County Rates.
COUNTY OF CAMBRIDGE:						
Clerk of the Peace - - -	– –	– –	– –	480 – –	480 – –	– – This salary compensates for the performance of many other duties besides those connected with the Court of Quarter Sessions.
Crier of the Court - - -	– –	– –	– –	3 – –	3 – –	– – So much of the salary of 480 *l.* as is equivalent to the amount of the deficiency in the Clerk of the Peace's Fees on criminal prosecutions, caused by the passing of the Criminal Justice Act, is charged on the Consolidated Fund. 15 *s.* per diem, usually four days only in the year.
TOTAL - - -	– –	– –	– –	483 – –	483 – –	

* From Returns furnished by the Clerks of the Peace.

COUNTY COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS—*continued.*

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
COUNTY OF CORNWALL:						
Clerk of the Peace for Cornwall, Fees on Indictments.	85 12 2	- -	- -	- -	85 12 2	- - Out of this sum the Clerk of Indictments was paid 13 *l.* 13 *s.*
General Bills of Costs as Clerk of the Peace and County Solicitor, from 31st March to 31st December 1865.	- -	- -	- -	640 7 9	640 7 9	- - Those bills include the work of the Clerk of the Peace both in and out of court, county registration charges for preparation of jurors' book and general business and disbursements for printer's bills, stamps, &c., amounting to 101 *l.* 13 *s.* 1 *d.*
Proportion of Salary in lieu of Fees and Bills of Costs from 31st December 1865 to 31st March 1866.	- -	- -	- -	225 - -	225 - -	- - Out of this sum the Clerk of Indictments was paid 4 *l.* 11 *s.*
Quarter Sessions - - -	- -	- -	- -	1 18 1	1 18 1	Postages for the quarter.
Deputy Clerk of the Peace - -	- -	- -	- -	14 14 -	14 14 -	
Crier of the Court, and Assistant	5 7 -	- -	- -	17 2 -	22 9 -	
Cleaning Courts - - - -	- -	- -	- -	14 9 -	14 9 -	
Calendars and Stationery - -	- -	- -	- -	18 11 7	18 11 7	
Attendants in charge of Court -	- -	- -	- -	3 10 -	3 10 -	
TOTAL - - - £.	90 19 2	- -	- -	935 12 5	1,026 11 7	
COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND:						
Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	135 18 2	- -	196 3 4	332 1 6	- - This amount is made up to the 14th of August in each year. The total is always the same, but the proportion payable by the Treasury varies with the total amount of fees received by the clerk on criminal prosecutions.
Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	- -	- -	200 - -	200 - -	- - Salary for general business, exclusive of registration of voters, for which the clerk receives 150 *l.* a year.
Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	- -	- -	103 14 -	103 14 -	For advertising, postages, &c.
County Treasurer - - -	- -	- -	- -	130 - -	130 - -	Salary.
Court Crier - - - -	- -	7 11 -	- -	4 4 -	11 15 -	Salary and fees.
Police Constables - - -	- -	- -	- -	5 11 11	5 11 11	For keeping order in court.
						This Return does not show the amount expended on the repairs, &c., of the buildings.
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	143 9 2	- -	639 13 3	783 2 5	
COUNTY OF DERBY:						
Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	- -	- -	850 - -	850 - -	
County Hallkeeper - - -	- -	- -	- -	45 - -	45 - -	
Crier of Court - - - -	- -	- -	- -	23 12 -	23 12 -	
Stationery and other expenses -	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	40 - -	
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	- -	958 12 -	958 12 -	
COUNTY OF DEVON:						
Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	- -	- -	1,150 - -	1,150 - -	- - This includes remuneration for business, not only connected with the Court of Quarter Sessions, but for the transaction of the general business of the county as Clerk of the Peace. All fees received (excepting fees for indictments and on deposit of plans and extracts from them) being accounted for to the county.
Clerk of Indictments - - -	- -	- -	52 16 6	- -	52 16 6	
Officer appointed to act in Second Court.	- -	- -	- -	29 8 -	29 8 -	
Crier of Court - - - -	33 4 -	- -	32 - -	- -	65 4 -	
Keeper of Sessions House - -	- -	- -	- -	20 - -	20 - -	
Three Marshals - - - -	- -	- -	- -	28 10 -	28 10 -	
Doorkeepers - - - -	- -	- -	- -	6 7 6	6 7 6	
Stationery - - - - -	- -	- -	- -	8 8 -	8 8 -	
Note Books - - - -	- -	- -	- -	1 - -	1 - -	
TOTAL - - - £.	33 4 -	- -	84 16 6	1,243 13 6	1,361 14 -	

COUNTY COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS—*continued.*

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
COUNTY OF DORSET:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Clerk of the Peace, annual Salary for general business, exclusive of the following items.	- -	- -	- -	500 - -	500 - -	
Registration of Voters - -	- -	- -	- -	115 - 10	115 - 10	- - Including 14 *l.* 4 *s.* 4 *d.* for advertising.
Militia and Deputy Lieutenancy	- -	- -	- -	3 5 4	5 5 4	- - Including 1 *l.* 12 *s.* for advertising.
Clerk to Police Committee -	- -	- -	- -	25 - -	25 - -	
Fees on Indictments, Orders of Court, &c.	- -	- -	- -	134 11 11	134 11 11	
Acquittal Fees - - -	- -	- -	- -	44 10 -	44 10 -	
Filing Depositions under 18 & 19 Vict. c. 126.	- -	- -	- -	26 - -	26 - -	
Filing other Convictions -	- -	- -	- -	49 14 -	49 14 -	
Sundries as County Solicitor -	- -	- -	- -	11 - 6	11 - 6	
Advertising Orders of Sessions, &c. for the year.	- -	- -	- -	64 11 -	64 11 -	
Printing and Stationery for the year	- -	- -	- -	74 8 1	74 8 1	- - Including the cost of stationery, &c. used in the office of the Clerk of the Peace.
Printing 50 copies of the Register of Voters.	- -	- -	- -	38 17 -	38 17 -	
Assistant Clerk of the Peace in the Second Court, three guineas per diem.	- -	- -	- -	15 15 -	15 15 -	*N.B.*—This Return does not include the salaries of the various other county officers, such as the County Treasurer, Governor of the Prison, &c., nor the incidental expenses of advertising by those officers; nor does it include the other expenditure incidental to the Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions, *e. g.* prosecution of offenders and maintenance of prisoners, nor the alterations and improvements of the Shire Hall.
Crier of the Court, annual Salary	- -	- -	- -	8 8 -	8 8 -	
On Acquittal of Prisoners - -	- -	- -	- -	1 1 -	1 1 -	
Crier of the Second Court, 1 *l.* 1 *s.* per diem.	- -	- -	- -	5 5 -	5 5 -	
Usher of the First Court, annual Salary.	- -	- -	- -	8 - -	8 - -	
Usher of the Second Court, 10 *s.* per diem.	- -	- -	- -	2 10 -	2 10 -	
Hallkeeper, annual Salary - -	- -	- -	- -	6 6 -	6 6 -	
Expenses, viz. 5 *s.* per diem for attendance at Sessions and Assizes, and at other Justice Meetings, for Firing, &c.	- -	- -	- -	61 2 6	61 2 6	
Gas Company for Lighting, Attendance, &c.	- -	- -	- -	78 12 5	78 12 5	
Rates, Taxes, Water Supply, &c. -	- -	- -	- -	17 9 -	17 9 -	
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	- -	1,293 7 7	1,293 7 7	
COUNTY OF DURHAM:						
Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	- -	- -	900 - -	900 - -	
Court Attendant - - - -	- -	- -	- -	18 11 -	18 11 -	
Books and Stationery for use of Court.	- -	- -	- -	19 12 6	19 12 6	
Fuel and other expenses of the Court.	- -	- -	- -	30 19 6	30 19 6	
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	- -	969 3 -	969 3 -	- - This amount is paid out of the County Rate.
ISLE OF ELY:						
Salary received by the Clerk of the Peace for the Isle of Ely.	- -	- -	- -	450 - -	450 - -	
COUNTY OF ESSEX:						
Remuneration on division of the Court, viz.:						
Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	- -	- -	52 10 -	52 10 -	
Assistant Crier - - - -	- -	- -	- -	16 6 -	16 6 -	
Principal Crier of the Court -	- -	- -	31 6 -	10 - -	41 6 -	
Bailiff - - - - - -	- -	- -	18 8 2	- -	18 8 2	
Books, Stationery, &c. - -	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	49 14 2	88 16 -	138 10 2	

COUNTY COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS—*continued.*

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
COUNTY OF GLOUCESTER:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Clerk of the Peace Assistant to ditto for the Second Court on the Trial of Prisoners. Two Clerks	- -	- -	- -	1,100 - -	1,100 - -	This salary is for general business as well as business and duties incidental to the Court of Quarter Sessions. If divided, the proportion belonging to the latter would be about 550 *l.* to 600 *l.*, exclusive of fees of 17 *s.* 10 *d.* on the trial of each prisoner for felony, not now charged.
Clerk of Indictments	40 8 11	- -	47 12 6	- -	88 1 5	
Crier	22 16 -	- -	22 13 6	12 - -	57 9 6	
Bailiff attending on Grand Jury	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - Duties now performed by a police constable.
Tipstaff	- -	- -	4 6 -	- -	4 6 -	- - This is a fee of 6 *d.* on each indictment.
Hallkeeper	- -	- -	- -	24 - -	24 - -	- - The hallkeeper is also paid 20 *l.* from the funds of the City of Gloucester.
Rates and Taxes, Fuel, Gas, Stationery, and Assistants.	- -	- -	- -	181 7 7	181 7 7	These items mainly belong to the Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions and offices connected therewith, yet the building and courts are used for County Courts, Sheriffs' Courts, Registration Courts, and other public purposes. Probably one-fourth of these items would belong to the latter.
Repairs and Alterations	- -	- -	- -	313 14 6	313 14 6	
Additions and Repairs to Heating Apparatus.	- -	- -	- -	101 15 -	101 15 -	
Books, Reports, Printing Calendars, &c.	- -	- -	72 12 3	- -	72 12 3	
TOTAL - - - £.	63 4 11	- -	147 4 3	1,732 17 1	1,943 6 3	
COUNTY OF HEREFORD:						
Fees received by the Clerk of the Peace.	- -	- -	123 3 6	- -	123 3 6	
Compensation under Criminal Justice Act.	- -	132 - 1	- -	- -	132 - 1	
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	132 - 1	123 3 6	- -	255 3 7	
COUNTY OF HERTFORD:						
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	500 - -	500 - -	
Hallkeeper	- -	- -	- -	11 - -	11 - -	
Crier	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -	
Police	- -	- -	- -	4 - -	4 - -	
Lighting	- -	- -	- -	24 12 6	24 12 6	
Coals	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -	
Stationery and Books, &c.	- -	- -	- -	2 4 9	2 4 9	
Insurance	- -	- -	- -	17 10 -	17 10 -	
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	- -	569 7 3	569 7 3	
COUNTY OF HUNTINGDON: Nil.	—	—	—	—	—	
COUNTY OF KENT:						
Sessions House, St. Augustine's, near Canterbury.	- -	- -	- -	22 4 6	22 4 6	- - Of this sum 6 *l.* is for the salary of the Courtkeeper, and the rest for fuel and light, stationery and repairs.
Courts of Justice, Maidstone	- -	- -	- -	203 3 5	203 3 5	- - Of this sum 52 *l.* is for the salary of the Courtkeeper, and the rest for fuel and light, stationery and repairs.
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	- -	225 7 11	225 7 11	
COUNTY OF LANCASTER:						
Clerk of the Peace's Fees for Prosecutions, levying County Rates, and other County Business, including 171 *l.* 3 *s.* 2 *d.* paid to the Crier of the Court.	- -	- -	- -	1,185 17 7	1,185 17 7	*N.B.*—This return does not include the amount paid by the Treasury for costs of prosecutions at Sessions.
Salary of the Chairman of the Salford Quarter Sessions.	- -	- -	- -	600 - -	600 - -	
Courtkeepers, Petty Officers, and Printing Calendars.	- -	- -	- -	322 10 9	322 10 9	
Miscellaneous disbursements	- -	- -	- -	93 4 6	93 4 6	
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	- -	2,201 12 10	2,201 12 10	

COUNTY COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS—*continued.*

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
COUNTY OF LEICESTER:						
One Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	1,000 - -	1,000 - -	- - The cost of the salary of the Clerk of the Peace is diminished to the county by the fees he pays over.
One Castle-keeper	- -	- -	- -	45 - -	45 - -	
One Bailiff	- -	- -	- -	1 - -	1 - -	
Two Criers of Court	- -	- -	- -	15 - -	15 - -	- - 1 *s.* each witness sworn in Court, besides fees, the amount of which varies every session.
Books and Stationery (average)	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Two Assistants at the Court (average).	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Gas, Water, Coals, and Sundries (average).	- -	- -	- -	20 - -	20 - -	
TOTAL £.	- -	- -	- -	1,101 - -	1,101 - -	
COUNTY OF LINCOLN (PARTS OF HOLLAND):						
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	600 - -	600 - -	
COUNTY OF LINCOLN (PARTS OF KESTEVEN):						
Clerk of the Peace and Keeper of the Records.	- -	- -	- -	840 - -	840 - -	Payable out of the County Rate.
COUNTY OF LINCOLN (PARTS OF LINDSEY):						
Sheriffs' Officers	- -	- -	- -	31 - -	31 - -	All charged on the County Rates.
Advertisements, Printing, Books, and Stationery.	- -	- -	- -	62 - -	62 - -	
Lighting, Warming, and Cleaning	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
TOTAL £.	- -	- -	- -	103 - -	103 - -	
TOWER OF LONDON (LIBERTY OF):						
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	35 - -	35 - -	- - In lieu of fees given by statute 14 & 15 Vict. c. 55.
Chief Bailiff	- -	82 11 5	- -	- -	82 11 5	- - 85 *l.* estimated in Class VII. Civil Service Estimates, s. 13.
Clerk to Justices	- -	- -	15 - -	- -	15 - -	- - The only fees received are those arising from licenses to victuallers, under 9 Geo. 4, c. 61.
TOTAL £.	- -	82 11 5	15 - -	35 - -	132 11 5	
COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX:						
Assistant Judge	1,200 - -	- -	- -	300 - -	1,500 - -	£. 300 payable out of County Rates.
Deputy Assistant Judge	500 - -	- -	- -	- -	500 - -	- - £. 5. 5 *s.* per day during the sitting of the Court, amounting to about 500 *l.* per annum.
Beadle	- -	- -	- -	100 - -	100 - -	Payable out of County Rate.
Messenger	- -	- -	- -	100 - -	100 - -	The like.
Keeper of the Guildhall, Westminster.	- -	- -	- -	115 - -	115 - -	- - Salary and allowances payable out of the County Rate.
Keeper of the Sessions House, Clerkenwell.	- -	- -	- -	280 - -	280 - -	The like.
Crier of the Second Court	- -	- -	- -	80 - -	80 - -	Payable out of the County Rates.
The Clerk of the Peace and the Crier of the First Court.	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - These officers are not paid salaries but by fees payable by prosecutors.
TOTAL £.	1,700 - -	- -	- -	975 - -	2,675 - -	
COUNTY OF MONMOUTH:						
Clerk of the Peace	- -	*232 1 9	247 9 -	909 11 6	1,389 2 3	*On County Rate for the year ended 14th August 1865, exclusive of a small sum paid the Crier of the Court.

COUNTY COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS—*continued.*

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
COUNTY OF NORFOLK:						
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	1,200 - -	1,200 - -	- - Salary for all duties to the county as Clerk of the Peace. Fees and compensation received by the county treasurer in reduction of the Clerk of the Peace's salary, 382 *l.* 5 *s.* 11 *d.*
Deputy (Second Court)	- -	- -	- -	22 1 -	22 1 -	
Crier	- -	- -	30 - -	16 16 -	46 16 -	
Bailiff	- -	- -	- -	7 7 -	7 7 -	
Hallkeepers	- -	- -	- -	49 3 6	49 3 6	
Repairs	- -	- -	- -	178 7 7	178 7 7	
Incidentals	- -	- -	- -	12 10 -	12 10 -	
TOTAL £.	- -	- -	30 - -	1,486 5 1	1,516 5 1	
COUNTY OF NORTHAMPTON:						
Clerk of the Peace	- -	172 8 8	98 4 6	- -	270 13 2	No special payments are made for rent, books, stationery, or other expenses of the Courts.
Crier of the Court	- -	17 10 4	13 4 6	- -	30 14 10	
Grand Jury Bailiff	- -	- -	2 19 -	- -	2 19 -	
Hallkeeper	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	40 - -	
TOTAL £.	- -	189 19 -	114 8 -	40 - -	344 7 -	
COUNTY OF NORTHUMBERLAND:						
Clerk of the Peace—Salary	- -	- -	- -	800 - -		
Compensation under the Criminal Justice Act.	- -	170 9 6	- -	- -	1,010 6 11	
Payment for Stamp Duties and other outlay.	- -	- -	- -	39 17 5		
Keeper of the Moot Hall—Salary	- -	- -	- -	54 - -	254 2 1	
Repairs, Rates, Coals, Gas, and Insurance at Moot Hall.	- -	- -	- -	200 2 1		
Salary of the late Keeper of the Court of Quarter Sessions at Hexham.	- -	- -	- -	20 - -	87 16 10	
Expenses attending the Court Houses of Hexham, Alnwick, and Morpeth.	- -	- -	- -	67 16 10		
TOTAL £.	- -	170 9 6	- -	1,181 16 4	1,352 5 10	
COUNTY OF NOTTINGHAM:						
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	275 16 2	- -	275 16 2	The only paid officers of the Court of Quarter Sessions for the county of Nottingham are the Clerk of the Peace and the Bailiff, and they are paid by fees charged under the head of court fees in every criminal prosecution in which costs are allowed. There are no other expenses of the court, except a trifling payment for cleansing the same.
Bailiff of the Nottingham Court	- -	- -	27 8 -	- -	27 8 -	
Bailiff of the Newark Court	- -	- -	1 18 -	- -	1 18 -	
Bailiff of the Retford Court	- -	- -	2 10 -	- -	2 10 -	
TOTAL £.	- -	- -	307 12 2	- -	307 12 2	
COUNTY OF OXFORD:						
Clerk of the Peace—Proportion of his Salary for providing a Deputy in Second Court.	- -	- -	- -	18 18 -	18 18 -	- - The Clerk of the Peace is paid an annual salary for his general duties to the county, and nothing specifically as officer of the Court of Quarter Sessions, except as herein stated.
Criers of the Court	- -	- -	- -	3 - -	3 - -	
Bailiff attending the Grand Jury	- -	- -	- -	4 - -	4 - -	
Quota of Hallkeeper's Salary	- -	- -	- -	30 - -	30 - -	
Fuel and Gas	- -	- -	- -	4 10 -	4 10 -	
Books and Stationery	- -	- -	- -	11 - -	11 - -	
TOTAL £.	- -	- -	- -	71 8 -	71 8 -	

COUNTY COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS—*continued.*

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
LIBERTY OF RIPON (County of York):						
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	84 - -	84 - -	
Repairs of Court-house	- -	- -	- -	6 16 5	6 16 5	
Sundry Payments on account of same.	- -	- -	- -	3 17 8	3 17 8	
Rates and Taxes	- -	- -	- -	- 11 8	- 11 8	
Coals, Firewood, and Gas, for Court-house.	- -	- -	- -	5 7 8	5 7 8	
Total £.	- -	- -	- -	100 13 5	100 13 5	
COUNTY OF RUTLAND:						
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	4 11 8	45 19 11	50 11 7	The fees of Court are repaid by the Treasury.
Bailiff	- -	- -	- 3 -	- -	- 3 -	
Repairs and Warming the Court	- -	- -	- -	259 10 7	259 10 7	- - This includes the cost of a new heating apparatus.
Total £.	- -	- -	4 14 8	305 10 6	310 5 2	
SAINT ALBAN (Liberty of):						
Clerk of the Peace, uncertain in amount, being paid by Bills (about).	- -	- -	- -	200 - -	200 - -	
Hallkeeper	- -	- -	- -	18 - -	18 - -	
Crier	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -	
Police	- -	- -	- -	3 - -	3 - -	
Lighting	- -	- -	- -	3 - -	3 - -	
Coals	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Stationery and Books, &c.	- -	- -	- -	2 17 6	2 17 6	
Insurance	- -	- -	- -	17 10 -	17 10 -	
Total £.	- -	- -	- -	259 7 6	259 7 6	
COUNTY OF STAFFORD:						
Clerk of the Peace, including work as County Solicitor.	- -	- -	700 - -	600 - -	1,300 - -	- - It is estimated that 700 *l.* arises from fees, and 600 *l.* for county business.
The Crier	- -	- -	80 - -	- -	80 - -	
Total £.	- -	- -	780 - -	600 - -	1,380 - -	
COUNTY OF SALOP:						
Clerk of the Peace, portion of Salary, say one-fourth.	- -	- -	- -	125 - -	125 - -	
Clerk of the Peace, Court Fees	- -	- -	79 18 8	- -	79 18 8	
Crier of the Court, a Fee of 4 *d.* for each Witness sworn; Grand Jury Bailiff, a fee of 1 *s.* upon each Indictment; Treasurer of the County, portion of Salary, say one-fourth.	- -	- -	- -	30 - -	30 - -	
Hallkeeper, portion of Salary, say one-fourth.	- -	- -	- -	12 10 -	12 10 -	
Portion of Repairs, Alterations, &c.	- -	- -	- -	17 14 10	17 14 10	
Portion of Candles, Coals, and Sundries.	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -	
Total £.	- -	- -	79 18 8	190 4 10	270 3 6	

COUNTY COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS—*continued.*

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
COUNTY OF SOMERSET:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	1,800 - -	1,800 - -	- - This salary is fixed under 14 & 15 Vict. c. 55, and includes all expenses of office, &c.; and the Clerk of the Peace receives all fees and pays them over to the County.
Treasurer	- -	- -	- -	300 - -	300 - -	Including all expenses of office, &c. &c.
Crier of the Court	- -	- -	61 7 7	- -	61 7 7	
Second Crier of the Court (30 *s.* for each day employed).	- -	- -	- -	10 10 -	10 10 -	
Grand Jury Bailiff at Taunton	- -	- -	6 3 2	- -	6 3 2	
Grand Jury Bailiff at Wells	- -	- -	2 2 -	- -	2 2 -	
Tipstaff at both places	- -	- -	3 10 -	- -	3 10 -	
Constables or Messengers at—						
Wells—Spring Session 1865; seven men, two days each, at 5 *s.* per day.	- -	- -	- -	3 10 -		
Michaelmas Session 1865; 10 men, three days each, at 5 *s.* per day.	- -	- -	- -	7 10 -		
One man, two days, at 5 *s.* per day.	- -	- -	- -	- 10 -	24 5 -	
Taunton—Midsummer Session 1865; eight men, three days each, at 5 *s.* per day.	- -	- -	- -	6 - -		
Epiphany 1866; nine men, three days each, at 5 *s.* per day.	- -	- -	- -	6 15 -		
Rent	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - The Shire Hall and Judges' lodgings at Taunton are the property of the County, and the Courts at Wells are leased to the County at a peppercorn rent.
Insurance of Shire Hall, &c., at Taunton.	- -	- -	- -	30 5 -	30 5 -	
Hallkeeper at Taunton	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - -	
Stationery	- -	- -	- -	12 - 2	12 - 2	
Printing Calendars of Prisoners	- -	- -	- -	33 17 -	33 17 -	
Coals, Gas, Repairs, &c., at Taunton Shire Hall.	- -	- -	- -	52 17 1	52 17 1	- - Including the cost of coals, gas, &c., used in Courts at Assizes, and in the Judges' lodgings, which are attached to the Courts.
Fires, &c., at Wells Court	- -	- -	- -	6 10 3	6 10 3	
TOTAL £.	- -	- -	73 2 9	2,320 4 6	2,393 7 3	
COUNTY OF SOUTHAMPTON:						
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	286 5 -	- -	286 5 -	- - The Clerk of the Peace is paid by fees for criminal business, but these fees are repaid to the County by the Treasury.
Crier	- -	26 17 4	35 16 -	- -	62 13 4	- - The Crier is paid partly by fees and partly by compensation. The fees are repaid to the County by the Treasury.
Assistant Crier	- -	- -	- -	5 5 -	5 5 -	
Grand Jury Bailiff	- -	- -	- -	5 3 6	5 3 6	
Messenger	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Hall or Court Keeper	- -	- -	- -	20 - -	20 - -	
Books and Stationery	- -	- -	- -	29 3 10	29 3 10	
Gas and Fires	- -	- -	- -	13 16 1	13 16 1	
Sundries	- -	- -	- -	3 12 8	3 12 8	
TOTAL £.	- -	26 17 4	322 1 -	87 1 1	435 19 5	
COUNTY OF SUFFOLK:						
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	1,550 - -	1,550 - -	- - In addition to the above salary, the Clerk of the Peace receives from the Treasury the difference in each year between receipts for fees on criminal prosecutions on average for five years to 14th August 1855, which he accounts for under 18 & 19 Vict. c. 126, s. 18.
Assistants for Second Courts, when wanted.	- -	- -	- -	46 4 -	46 4 -	
Crier and Bailiff	- -	- -	- -	23 1 -	23 1 -	
Hallkeepers (Shire Hall) and Judges' Lodgings.	- -	- -	- -	204 18 7	204 18 7	
County Treasurers	- -	- -	- -	180 6 -	180 6 -	
Books, Stationery, and Advertisements.	- -	- -	- -	248 17 6	248 17 6	
Parliamentary Voters' Registration	- -	- -	- -	375 - -	375 - -	[This return is made according to the County Treasurer's books for the year ending Michaelmas 1866].
Law Expenses, Counsels' Fees, and Parliamentary Agents.	- -	- -	- -	373 5 4	373 5 4	
High Constables	- -	- -	- -	270 5 2	270 5 2	
Messenger in Court	- -	- -	- -	- 16 -	- 16 -	
TOTAL £.	- -	- -	- -	3,272 13 7	3,272 13 7	

COUNTY COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS—*continued.*

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
COUNTY OF SURREY:						
One Housekeeper of the Sessions House at Newington.	- -	- -	- -	120 - -	120 - -	
One Assistant Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	200 - -	200 - -	
One Crier - - - - - -	- -	34 7 8	- -	12 - -	46 7 8	
One Assistant Crier - - -	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	40 - -	
One Grand Jury Bailiff - -	- -	7 14 4	- -	- -	7 14 4	
Cleansing, Lighting, and Warming	- -	- -	- -	211 1 6	211 1 6	
Copying Depositions, Stationery, &c.	- -	- -	- -	19 4 5	19 4 5	
Repairs, &c. - - - - -	- -	- -	- -	64 1 10	64 1 10	
Property Tax - - - -	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -	
Advertisements - - - -	- -	- -	- -	150 16 6	150 16 6	
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	42 2 -	- -	822 4 3	864 6 3	
COUNTY OF SUSSEX: (EASTERN AND WESTERN DIVISIONS).						
COUNTY HALL (LEWES):						
Keeper's salary - - - -	- -	- -	- -	52 - -	52 - -	
Crier of the Court - - -	- -	- -	- -	8 8 -	8 8 -	
Assistant Crier - - - -	- -	- -	- -	1 15 -	1 15 -	
Two Officers to keep Jury Boxes -	- -	- -	- -	3 10 -	3 10 -	
Seven Doorkeepers - - -	- -	- -	- -	8 15 -	8 15 -	
Repairs - - - - - -	- -	- -	- -	21 4 -	21 4 -	
Lighting and Warming - -	- -	- -	- -	50 10 5	50 10 5	
Cleaning - - - - - -	- -	- -	- -	16 17 10	16 17 10	
Printing - - - - -	- -	- -	- -	1 17 4	1 17 4	
Insurance - - - - -	- -	- -	- -	27 - -	27 - -	
Rates - - - - - -	- -	- -	- -	16 15 1	16 15 1	
COUNCIL CHAMBER (CHICHESTER):						
Fitting up a Room for holding a Second Court.	- -	- -	- -	5 17 -	5 17 -	
Room for the use of the Grand Inquest.	- -	- -	- -	2 2 -	2 2 -	
Assistants keeping the Courts, and for Stationery.	- -	- -	- -	2 17 -	2 17 -	
TOWN HALL (PETWORTH):						
Fitting up a Room for holding a Second Court.	- -	- -	- -	8 12 6	8 12 6	
Assistants keeping the Courts, and for Stationery.	- -	- -	- -	6 12 6	6 12 6	
TOWN HALL (HORSHAM):						
Assistants keeping the Courts, and for Stationery.	- -	- -	- -	5 2 -	5 2 -	
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	- -	239 15 -	239 15 -	
COUNTY OF WARWICK:						
Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	- -	- -	800 - -	800 - -	Paid by salary.
Crier of the Court - - -	- -	- -	- -	16 8 6	16 8 6	Fees.
Crier of Second Court - -	- -	- -	- -	3 13 6	3 13 6	10*s.* 6*d.* per day.
Bailiff at Grand Jury Room	- -	- -	- -	5 14 -	5 14 -	Fees.
Fire and Light - - - -	- -	- -	- -	26 8 6	26 8 6	
Stationery - - - - -	- -	- -	- -	3 13 2	3 13 2	
Hallkeeper - - - -	- -	- -	- -	31 14 3	31 14 3	
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	- -	887 11 11	887 11 11	
COUNTY OF WESTMORLAND:						
Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	- -	6 16 6	120 - -	126 16 6	
Disbursements - - - -	- -	- -	- -	14 7 2	14 7 2	
Rent of Sessions House - -	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - -	
Court Crier - - - - -	- -	- -	- -	5 5 -	5 5 -	
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	6 16 6	189 12 2	196 8 8	

COUNTY COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS—*continued.*

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
COUNTY OF WILTS:						
Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	- -	- -	160 - -	160 -	The Clerk of the Peace is paid out of the General County Rate by salary, which includes payments of expenses for Sessions. He has to provide, in addition to his own attendance, Assistant for Second Court, Clerk of Indictments, Clerk to make out Prosecutor's Orders, Criers for two Courts, stationery for Courts, and cleaning same; the cost of which, exclusive of the Clerk of the Peace's own time and expenses, would be for the year at least 160 *l.*
COUNTY OF WORCESTER:						
Clerk of the Peace, proportion of his Salary for providing a Deputy in Second Court.	- -	- -	- -	14 14 -	14 14 -	- - The Clerk of the Peace is paid a salary of 1,300 *l.* a year for general county business, including that connected with the Court of Quarter Sessions; he also receives fees in Criminal Prosecutions, which he pays over to the County Treasurer. The average annual amount of fees so paid over has been 441 *l.*
Criers - - - - - -	- -	- -	- -	24 - -	24 - -	
Doorkeeper of Grand Jury Room	- -	- -	- -	8 11 -	8 11 -	
Housekeeper of Judge's and Magistrate's House.	- -	- -	- -	130 - -	130 - -	
Insurance, Rates, Fuel, &c., ditto	- -	- -	- -	266 - -	266 - -	
Repairs, ditto - - - -	- -	- -	- -	236 - -	236 - -	
Hallkeeper - - - -	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	40 - -	
Stationery, &c. - - - -	- -	- -	- -	17 - -	17 - -	
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	- -	736 5 -	736 5 -	
COUNTY OF YORK (EAST RIDING):						
Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	- -	- -	700 - -	700 - -	- - The 700 *l.* per annum paid to the Clerk of the Peace is the salary for all the duties he has to perform relative to the Clerk of the Peace. All fees received by him are paid over to the Treasurer of the Riding.
Crier of the Court - - -	- -	- -	- -	2 2 -	2 2 -	- - The Crier is paid also 6 *d.* for each oath administered to witnesses in cases of prosecutions.
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	- -	702 2 -	702 2 -	
COUNTY OF YORK (NORTH RIDING):						
Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	- -	- -	889 - -	889 - -	
Crier of the Court - - -	- -	- -	- -	4 - -	4 - -	
Expenses of the Court, Books, Stationery, and other Expenses of the Court.	- -	- -	- -	841 9 10	841 9 10	
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	- -	1,734 9 10	1,734 9 10	
COUNTY OF YORK (WEST RIDING):						
Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - Paid by fees; amount unknown. By salary of 2,000 *l.* per annum from 2nd March 1866.
Clerk of Indictments - - -	- -	- -	- -	100 - -	100 - -	Also fees; amount unknown.
Ditto for Printing Forms - -	- -	- -	- -	25 - -	25 - -	
Assistant in Second Court - -	- -	- -	- -	106 19 -	106 19 -	
Clerk of Peace (Liberty of Cawood)	- -	- -	- -	32 1 -	32 1 -	} Compensation under Order in Council.
Chief Bailiff (Liberty of Cawood)	- -	- -	- -	13 1 -	13 1 -	
Crier of the Court - - -	- -	- -	- -	122 16 -	122 16 -	
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	- -	399 17 -	399 17 -	

COUNTY COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS—*continued.*

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
WALES.						
COUNTY OF ANGLESEY:						
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	80 - -	80 - -	Annual Salary.
Crier of the Court	- -	- -	- -	2 2 -	2 2 -	Annual Salary, and 1 *s.* fee allowed for each witness.
Trumpeter	- -	- -	- -	2 2 -	2 2 -	Annual Salary.
Grand Jury Bailiff	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- - -	1 *s.* fee on each case.
Amount of Expenses of Repairs, Furniture, Stationery, &c., &c., for County Hall for the past Year.	- -	- -	- -	52 12 5	52 12 5	- - This sum varies. In the previous year the amount was 11 *l.* 9 *s.* 2 *d.*
TOTAL £.	- -	- -	- -	136 16 5	136 16 5	
COUNTY OF BRECON:						
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	200 - -	200 - -	
County Prosecutor	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - -	
Hallkeeper and Crier of the Court of Quarter Sessions.	- -	- -	- -	22 2 -	22 2 -	
Shire Hall	- -	- -	- -	105 18 10	105 18 10	- - This includes repairs, firing, furniture, and other expenses, for the year ended the 31st March 1866, of the Shire Hall, in which the Assizes and General Quarter Sessions are held.
TOTAL £.	- -	- -	- -	378 - 10	378 - 10	
COUNTY OF CARDIGAN:						
Clerk of the Peace £.	- -	- -	- -	300 - -	300 - -	- - In addition to this salary the Clerk of the Peace receives the Court Fees, not payable out of the County Rate.
COUNTY OF CARMARTHEN:						
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	350 - -	350 - -	Including Registration of Voters, &c.
Hallkeepers at Carmarthen and Llandilo.	- -	- -	- -	70 17 6	70 17 6	- - Including stationery, coals, lights, &c., &c.
Crier	- -	- -	- -	12 - -	12 - -	- - Including travelling expenses to Llandilo.
Trumpeter	- -	- -	- -	7 - -	7 - -	- - Including travelling expenses to Llandilo.
Tradesmen's Bills for Shire Hall, at Carmarthen.	- -	- -	- -	9 14 5	9 14 5	- - £. 3,000 has been recently laid out in altering Shire Hall at Carmarthen.
Court of Petty Sessions:						
Hallkeepers at Llanelly, Llandovery, and Newcastle Emlyn.	- -	- -	- -	34 17 -	34 17 -	Including stationery, coals, lights, &c.
TOTAL £.	- -	- -	- -	484 8 11	484 8 11	
COUNTY OF CARNARVON:						
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	400 - -	400 - -	
Crier of the Court	- -	- -	- -	25 - -	25 - -	
Stationery, Gas, Coals and Cleaning	- -	- -	- -	20 2 4	20 2 4	
TOTAL £.	- -	- -	- -	445 2 4	445 2 4	
COUNTY OF DENBIGH:	No return.	—	—	—	—	
COUNTY OF FLINT:						
As Clerk of the Peace, 450 *l.* / As Clerk to the Police Committee, 50 *l.*	- -	- -	- -	500 - -	500 - -	
Books, Stationery, &c.	- -	- -	- -	20 - -	20 - -	
Crier of the Court	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -	
TOTAL £.	- -	- -	- -	525 - -	525 - -	

COUNTY COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS—*continued.*

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
COUNTY OF GLAMORGAN:						
Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	- -	- -	405 9 2	405 9 2	
Clerk of the Peace, as a Compensation in lieu of Fees for certain general business done by him for the County.	- -	- -	- -	200 - -	200 - -	
Deputy Clerk of the Peace, for his attendance at the several Quarter Sessions.	- -	- -	- -	50 8 -	50 8 -	
Crier - - - - - - -	- -	- -	- -	67 9 -	67 9 -	
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	- -	723 6 -	723 6 -	
COUNTY OF MERIONETH:	Nil.	—	—	—	—	
COUNTY OF MONTGOMERY:						
Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	- -	- -	250 - -	250 - -	- - This salary is for county business, and is paid from the County Rate. It does not include fees for criminal prosecutions, nor amount of compensation paid to Clerk of the Peace under Criminal Justice Act.
Crier of the Court - - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - He is allowed a fee of 4 *s.* for swearing every fresh jury, and 6 *d.* for each witness.
Printing and Stationery for Sessions.	- -	- -	- -	7 12 6	7 12 6	
Gas for Lighting and Warming Court.	- -	- -	- -	1 11 6	1 11 6	
Attendance on Magistrates and Cleaning Court.	- -	- -	- -	4 - -	4 - -	
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	- -	263 4 -	263 4 -	
COUNTY OF PEMBROKE:						
Clerk of the Peace - - -	- -	- -	- -	213 - -	213 - -	
Bailiff of the County - - -	- -	- -	- -	26 5 -	26 5 -	
Printer - - - - - -	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - -	
Hallkeeper - - - - -	- -	- -	- -	15 - -	15 - -	
Crier of the Court - - -	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Books, Stationery, &c. - -	- -	- -	- -	66 8 3	66 8 3	
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	- -	380 13 3	380 13 3	
COUNTY OF RADNOR:	No Return.	—	—	—	—	
TOTAL, ENGLAND AND WALES -	1,945 2 1	1,019 10 3	2,386 1 2	36,505 - 9	41,855 14 3	

COUNTY PETTY SESSIONS,*

Alphabetically Arranged.

PETTY SESSIONAL DIVISION, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	Total.	REMARKS.
ENGLAND:						
BEDFORD.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Bedford Division: Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	180 19 7	- -	180 19 7	- - Paid for forms, stationery, and hire of room, 6 *l.* 5 *s.* 11 *d.*
Biggleswade Division - -	- -	- -	- -	12 - -	12 - -	Paid out of the county rate.
Leighton Buzzard Division -	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	Paid out of the county rate.
Total - - - £.	- -	- -	180 19 7	22 - -	202 19 7	
BERKS.						
Hungerford Division: Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	15 - -	- -	15 - -	- - The clerk provides all requisite stationery, firing, lighting, books, &c. at his own expense. - The sum of 1 *l.* 4 *s.* is paid annually by the clerk to the justices to the county police fund for coals for the use of the magistrates' rooms.
Maidenhead Division: Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	1 4 -	- -	1 4 -	
Newbury Division: Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	150 - -	- -	150 - -	
Wantage Division: Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	75 - -	- -	75 - -	
Total - - - £.	- -	- -	241 4 -	- -	241 4 -	
CAMBRIDGE.						
Arrington and Melbourn Division: Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	2 1 -	2 1 -	- - The clerk is paid entirely by fees.
Ely Division: Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	145 7 -	- -	145 7 -	
Hall-keeper - - -	- -	- -	- -	7 - -	7 - -	
Linton Division: Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	110 7 9	- -	110 7 9	- - The clerk is not paid by salary, but by fees taken according to the table for the county of Cambridge, duly confirmed.
North Witchford Division (Isle of Ely).	- -	- -	- -	26 2 10	26 2 10	- - Expenses paid out of the Isle rates, for court keeping, fuel, stationery, &c., and fees allowed on proceedings not otherwise provided for. The clerk is paid by fees.
Total - - - £.	- -	- -	255 14 9	35 3 10	290 18 7	
CHESTER.						
Broxton Division: Clerks to Justices - -	- -	- -	233 19 -	- -	233 19 -	- - The clerks are paid by fees of court, and not by salary. The books, stationery, and other expenses of the court amount to about 50 *l.* per annum. There is no rent paid for the court-room.
Bucklow, East, Division: Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	221 8 8	- -	221 8 8	
Hyde Division: Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	435 18 4	- -	435 18 4	- - Paid for salaries, rent, books, stationery, and other expenses, the sum of 150 *l.*
Total - - - £.	- -	- -	891 6 -	- -	891 6 -	

* From Returns furnished by the Clerks of Petty Sessions, many of the Returns received were Nil; in some, the Clerks stated that they are paid by fees, but did not give the amount.

COUNTY PETTY SESSIONS—*continued.*

PETTY SESSIONAL DIVISION, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	Total.	REMARKS.
CORNWALL.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Kerrier, West, Division: Clerk to Justices	- -	- -	69 13 7	- -	69 13 7	
Tywardreath Division	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -	--The annual rent of 5 *l.* is paid by the county for the use of the justice-hall by the justices of the division.
Total £.	- -	- -	69 13 7	5 - -	74 13 7	
CUMBERLAND.						
Longtown Division	- -	- -	- -	7 - -	7 - -	--Rent of office paid out of the county rate.
DERBY.						
Chesterfield Division: Clerk to Justices	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	Paid by fees.
Rent of Hall from Corporation of Chesterfield for holding Petty Sessions.	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	Paid out of the county rate.
Glossop Division: Clerk to Justices	- -	- -	131 17 3	- -	131 17 3	
High Peak Division: Clerks to Magistrates	- -	- -	289 5 5	- -	289 5 5	Paid by fees.
Repton and Gresley Division	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	--Rent of room for petty sessions is 10 *l.* a year, which is paid by the county.
Smalley Division	- -	- -	- -	16 9 -	16 9 -	Paid out of the county rate.
Total £.	- -	- -	421 2 8	36 9 -	457 11 8	
DEVON.						
Braunton Division: Clerks to Magistrates (Paid by fees.)	- -	- -	- -	10 10 -	10 10 -	--Paid by county treasurer for use of court in which petty sessions are held.
Crockernwell Division: Clerk to Justices	- -	- -	74 7 9	- -	74 7 9	
Ermington and Plympton Division: Clerk to Justices	- -	- -	200 - -	- -	200 - -	--The clerk does not receive any salary, but is paid by fees on summonses, &c., cases heard at the sessions, and on the appointment of parish officers, constables, &c.
Hatherleigh Division: Clerk to Justices	- -	- -	70 - -	- -	70 - -	
Holsworthy Division: Clerk to Justices	- -	- -	60 - -	- -	60 - -	
Honiton Division	- -	- -	- -	2 2 -	2 2 -	--The petty sessions room for the division of Honiton, Devon, was built and is kept in repair by the county. A sum of 2 *l.* 2 *s.* per annum is allowed by the county for the cleaning and warming the room.
Carried forward £.	- -	- -	404 7 9	12 12 -	416 19 9	

COUNTY PETTY SESSIONS—*continued.*

PETTY SESSIONAL DIVISION, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	Total.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Brought forward - -	- -	- -	404 7 9	12 12 -	416 19 9	
DEVON—*continued.*						
Ottery St. Mary Division: Rent paid to Treasurer of Town Hall Trustees.	- -	- -	- -	10 10 -	10 10 -	- - Paid by Court of Quarter Sessions for the county of Devon. No salaries paid to any officer.
Tavistock Division: Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	2 - -	2 - -	- - £. 2 a year is paid from the county rates to a person for cleaning and warming the petty sessions room.
Teignbridge Division: Clerks to Justices - -	- -	- -	312 7 6	- -	312 7 6	
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	716 15 3	25 2 -	741 17 3	
DORSET.						
Blandford Division: Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	115 - -	115 - -	} Paid out of the county rate.
Use of Town Hall - -	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Cerne Division: Magistrates' Clerk - -	- -	- -	- -	60 - -	60 - -	- - £. 60 a year (in lieu of fees, which are paid over to the county treasurer).
Dorchester Division: Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	150 - -	*10 - -	160 - -	- - *Paid for use of Weymouth Guildhall out of county rate.
Shaftesbury Division - - -	- -	- -	- -	115 - -	115 - -	- - The only salary in this division is that to the clerk, of 115 *l.*
Sherborne Division: Clerks to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	90 - -	90 - -	Paid out of the county rate.
Sturminster Division: Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	115 - -	115 - -	
Wareham Division: Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	100 - -	100 - -	} Paid out of the county rate.
For rent of Town Hall for holding Petty Sessions.	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Wimborne Division: Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	135 - -	135 - -	
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	150 - -	760 - -	910 - -	
DURHAM.						
Chester Ward, East Division: Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	150 - -	- -	150 - -	- - The clerk to the justices is paid by fees, which average 150 *l.* per year.
ESSEX.						
Beacontree Division (Liberty of Havering-atte-Bower): Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	20 - -	20 - -	- - The sum of 20 *l.* a year is paid by the county for the rent of a room, used by the justices of the Beacontree Division, at Stratford, for the transaction of magisterial business, but the books (other than the statutes at large), forms, stationery, &c., are provided by the clerk.
Billericay Division: Rent of Justices' room -	- -	- -	- -	8 - -	8 - -	
Dengie Division: Expenses charged on Local Funds.	- -	- -	- -	7 11 6	7 11 6	
Carried forward - - £.	- -	- -	- -	35 11 6	35 11 6	

COUNTY PETTY SESSIONS—*continued.*

PETTY SESSIONAL DIVISION, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Brought forward - -	- -	- -	- -	35 11 6	35 11 6	
ESSEX—*continued.*						
Freshwell Division: Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	14 7 6	14 7 6	- - The rent of the court-house, and the expenses of cleaning and warming the court, are paid out of the county rate.
Hinckford, South, Division: Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	105 - -	7 10 -	112 10 -	- - Lighting, warming, and cleaning the petty sessions room; the average cost of which is 7 *l.* 10 *s.* per annum, is paid by the county.
Rochford Division: Rent - - - - - -	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	From county rate.
Expenses of lighting, warming, and cleaning.	- -	- -	- -	4 7 -	4 7 -	- Ditto.
Walden Division: Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	147 6 -	- -	147 6 -	- - The clerk is not paid by salary, but by fees taken according to the table for the county of Essex, duly confirmed. The fees amounted, last year, to about 147 *l.* 6 *s.*
Winstree and Lexden Division -	- -	- -	- -	20 - -	20 - -	- - A rent of 20 *l.* per annum is paid, out of the county rates, to the corporation of Colchester, for the use of a part of the Town Hall for the county magistrates to hold their petty sessions, and which includes the cost of warming and cleaning the same.
Witham Division - - -	- -	- -	- -	10 17 -	10 17 -	- - For warming, cleaning, and whitewashing room at police station at Witham, at which petty sessions are held; paid out of the county rate.
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	252 6 -	102 13 -	354 19 -	
GLOUCESTER.						
Chipping Campden Division: For the use of Town Hall -	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -	Paid out of county fund.
Coleford and Lydney Divisions: No salary paid to the clerk of these divisions, but salaries are paid to the police officers out of the county rate.						
Fees - - - - - -	- -	- -	150 - -	- -	150 - -	- - The business being done in connexion with general business, part of these expenses, though necessary if the court business were done separately, refer to the other also. Two other persons are employed occasionally to assist. The business of Lydney Division is done chiefly at Coleford, with which its accounts are so blended as to be indivisible.
Out of which the following expenses are deducted: Assistant clerks, 80 *l.* Private office, taxes, and repairs, 30 *l.* Printed forms, books, and stationery, 12 *l.* Travelling expenses to Lydney, 12 *l.*						
Northleach Division - - -	- -	- -	80 17 6	- -	80 17 6	- - The fees are for the various matters done at petty sessions of the Northleach Division. All expenses of stationery, forms, &c. are defrayed by the clerk; no other person is paid. The court is held at what was formerly the House of Correction, now the police station, and provided by the county.
Carried forward - - £.	- -	- -	230 17 6	5 - -	235 17 6	

COUNTY PETTY SESSIONS—*continued.*

PETTY SESSIONAL DIVISION, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Brought forward - -	- -	- -	230 17 6	5 - -	235 17 6	
GLOUCESTER—*continued.*						
Stroud Division - - - -	- -	- -	- -	6 6 -	6 6 -	- - Rent of room for petty sessions paid out of the county rate.
Tewkesbury Division:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	50 - -	- -	50 - -	
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	280 17 6	11 6 -	292 3 6	
HANTS.						
Alresford Division:						
Clerks to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	Paid wholly by fees.
Petersfield Division:						£. 5 a year paid by the clerks to the justices out of their own pocket, for use of room for magisterial meetings.
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	91 7 -	39 3 -	130 10 -	
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	91 7 -	39 3 -	130 10 -	
HEREFORD.						
Kington Division:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	114 16 4	- -	114 16 4	
HERTFORD.						
Bishop Stortford Division - -	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	- - £. 10 per annum for the rent of the room in which the sessions are held, paid by the treasurer of the county out of the county rate.
Chipping Barnet Division (Liberty of St. Alban):						
For use of Petty Sessions Court.	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Hitchin Division - - - -	- -	- -	- -	14 - -	14 - -	- - £. 14 was paid out of the county rates for the county of Hertford, for the rent and expenses attending the room in which the petty sessions for the division of Hitchin in the county of Hertford were held for the year ending 31st March 1866; and that is the only expenditure on account of that court, which was defrayed during that year out of any public fund.
Ware Division - - - - -	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	- - £. 10 per annum is paid by the county for the use of the court where the petty sessions are held.
Watford Division (Liberty of St. Alban).	- -	- -	- -	20 - -	20 - -	- - The petty sessions are held at the County Court-house, for the use of which an annual payment of 20 *l.* is paid out of the liberty rate, in the nature of a county rate, to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury. The clerk to the justices is paid by fees, and he provides, at his own cost, the necessary stationery, books, &c.
Welwyn Division:						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -	- - Paid by fees. Rent of petty sessions room paid out of county rates.
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	- -	69 - -	69 - -	

COUNTY PETTY SESSIONS—*continued.*

PETTY SESSIONAL DIVISION, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	Total.	REMARKS.
HUNTINGDON.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Norman Cross Division:						
Clerk to Magistrates - -	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	- - The petty sessions are now held in a room at Fletton, for which the county pays a rent of 10 *l.* a year out of the county rate.
KENT.						
Bromley Division - - -	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	- - Payable by the county treasurer for the use of the Town Hall for holding the Petty Sessions Court.
Lathe of Scray, Cranbrook (Lower Division).	- -	- -	- -	12 12 -	12 12 -	The clerk is the only officer employed, and his payment is by fees, according to the authorised scale.
Ramsgate Division (Liberties of the Cinque Ports) and Ramsgate Division (County of Kent):						
Clerk to Justices:						
Liberties:						
Sandwich Liberty Rate: Vagrant and General Business Expenses.	- -	- -	- -	35 7 2	35 7 2	
Sandwich Liberty Rate: Criminal Justice and Juvenile Offenders.	- -	- -	- -	31 12 9	31 12 9	
Ramsgate Highway Rate, under Local Act.	- -	- -	- -	12 - -	12 - -	
Ramsgate Poor Rate -	- -	- -	- -	10 8 9	10 8 9	
County:						
County Rate: Criminal Justice and Commitments for Trial.	- -	- -	- -	9 8 3	9 8 3	
Poor Rates: St. Lawrence, Minster, Monkton, St. Nicholas-at-Wade, and Stonar.	- -	- -	- -	17 5 5	17 5 5	
Wingham Division - - -	- -	- -	- -	16 - -	16 - -	- - Rent of petty sessions rooms paid out of county rate.
Total - - - £.	- -	- -	- -	154 14 4	154 14 4	
LANCASTER.						
Bacup and Rawtenstall Division:						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	300 - -	- -	300 - -	- - Paid by fees. Books and stationery paid for by the clerk.
Blackburn (Lower Division):						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	314 6 2	- -	314 6 2	- - The clerk receives the fees, &c., as a remuneration for his services.
Paid Books, Advertisements, Forms, &c., 16 *l.* 12 *s.* 10 *d.*						
Paid Assistant Clerk, 70 *l.*						
Bolton Division - - -	- -	- -	- -	25 - -	25 - -	- - £. 25 paid by the county of Lancaster, for rent of court-house, and cleaning court-house.
Hawkshead Division:						
Clerk - - - - -	- -	- -	10 - -	- -	10 - -	
Rent - - - - -	- -	- -	3 - -	- -	3 - -	
Stationery - - - -	- -	- -	8 19 8	- -	8 19 8	
Sundries - - - -	- -	- -	- 10 -	- -	- 10 -	
Carried forward - - £.	- -	- -	636 15 10	25 - -	661 15 10	

COUNTY PETTY SESSIONS—*continued.*

PETTY SESSIONAL DIVISION, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Brought forward - -	- -	- -	636 15 10	25 - -	661 15 10	
LANCASTER—*continued.*						
Kirkdale Division:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	700 - -	- -	700 - -	--Paid by fees. Two assistant clerks, printing, rent, taxes, cleaning court, books, &c., paid by clerk.
Manchester Division:						
Stipendiary Magistrate* -	- -	- -	420 - -	- -	420 - -	These expenses are charged on fees of court, and by a rate on the Division of Manchester. The rate for several years past has averaged 187*l.* 7*s.* 10*d.*; the rest is paid by fees of court. *The stipendiary magistrate acts for the Borough of Salford as well as for the Division of Manchester, and his joint salary is 840*l.*
Clerk - - - - - -	- -	- -	450 - -	- -	450 - -	
Messenger - - - -	- -	- -	5 - -	- -	5 - -	
Expenses attending the holding of Petty Sessions at Worsley, horse and carriage hire, &c.	- -	- -	26 4 -	- -	26 4 -	
Printing, stationery, &c. -	- -	- -	52 4 4	- -	52 4 4	
Clerk of the peace, for filing convictions.	- -	- -	60 2 4	- -	60 2 4	
Stamps, postages, &c. - -	- -	- -	5 3 7	- -	5 3 7	
Over Darwen Division:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	306 1 -	- -	306 1 -	--This is subject to the assistant clerk's salary, at 100*l.* per annum. Printing, books, stationery, &c., 10*l.* 17*s.* 3*d.*
Prescot, Woolton, and Wavertree Division:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	971 8 2	- -	971 8 2	
Todmorden Division:						
Magistrates' Clerk - -	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -	Fees paid by the suitors.
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	3,632 19 3	30 - -	3,662 19 3	
LINCOLN.						
Barton-on-Humber (Parts of Lindsey):						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	135 8 10	- -	135 8 10	
Brigg Division (Parts of Lindsey)	- -	- -	- -	7 - -	7 - -	--The stationery required by the justices whilst acting in petty sessions is procured by the superintendent of police, and the expense thereof, and also the expense of warming the justice room, is paid out of the county rates. The amount of such expenses for the quarter ended March last was 7*l.*
Calceworth Division (Parts of Lindsey):						
Expenses incurred for Cleaning, &c.						
Cleaning offices and court	- -	- -	- -	2 10 -	2 10 -	--There are no ushers, &c. in this court, and the doors are kept, as well as various other duties performed, by county police constables, to whom no extra salaries are paid or fees given beyond their regular pay.
Coals and firewood -	- -	- -	- -	3 - -	3 - -	
Stationery - - -	- -	- -	- -	1 16 9	1 16 9	
Books - - - -	- -	- -	- -	1 6 6	1 6 6	
Ellor Division (Parts of Holland)	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	--The clerk of the court is paid by fees, according to a duly fixed table.
Hall keeper, &c. - - -	- -	- -	- -	36 - -	* 36 - -	Paid for out of county rate.
Sundry bills paid for repairs, insurances, cleaning, &c. &c.	- -	- -	- -	91 16 11	* 91 16 11	--The sessions or court house at Spalding was built out of the county rates, and there is no charge now upon it, but the yearly expenses here returned. *Against these sums (making a total of 140*l.* 2*s.* 11*d.*) has to be set off 37*l.* 10*s.* received yearly for the use of the court house at Spalding, for county court purposes.
Hire of rooms at Holbeach and Long Sutton respectively, for holding Petty Sessions there alternate months.	- -	- -	- -	12 6 -	* 12 6 -	
Carried forward - - £.	- -	- -	135 8 10	155 16 2	291 5 -	

COUNTY PETTY SESSIONS—*continued.*

PETTY SESSIONAL DIVISION, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	Total.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Brought forward - -	- -	- -	135 8 10	155 16 2	291 5 -	
LINCOLN—*continued.*						
Gainsborough Division:						
Compensations - - -	- -	- -	206 5 -	40 11 -	246 16 -	
Payments for books, stationery, &c.	- -	- -	11 13 -	- -	11 13 -	
Horncastle Division:						
Rent of office - - -	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	*5 - -	-- Not now payable, the petty sessions being held at the County Court-house. * These sums have been paid out of the county rate.
Stationery - - - -	- -	- -	- -	4 18 -	*4 18 -	
Lighting, warming, and cleaning Court-house.	- -	- -	- -	9 3 4	*9 3 4	
Other expenses - - -	- -	- -	- -	1 11 10	*1 11 10	
Kirton and Skirbeck Division (Parts of Holland):						
Clerk of Petty Sessions -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	Paid by fees.
Messenger - - - -	- -	- -	- -	14 - -	14 - -	
Books, stationery, &c. - -	- -	- -	- -	16 7 -	16 7 -	No rent paid.
Lincoln (Bail and Close of) Division (Parts of Lindsey):						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	252 10 11	- -	252 10 11	
Winnibriggs and Threeo and Loveden Division (Parts of Kesteven):						
Clerks to Justices - -	- -	- -	275 - -	- -	275 - -	From 250 *l.* to 300 *l.* The expenses of books, printing, &c., as near as can be ascertained, would be about 10 *l.* per annum.
Winterton Division (Parts of Lindsey).	- -	- -	- -	3 8 -	3 8 -	-- The stationery required by the justices whilst acting in petty sessions is procured by the superintendent of police, and the expense thereof, and also the expense of warming the justice room is paid out of the county rates. The amount of such expenses for the year ended March last, was 3 *l.* 8 *s.*
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	880 17 9	250 15 4	1,131 13 1	
LEICESTER.						
Ashby-de-la-Zouch Division:						
Clerk to Magistrates - -	- -	- -	- -	200 - -	200 - -	-- No payments are made for rent, books, stationery, or other expenses. The clerk finds stationery out of his salary.
Belvoir Division:						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	70 - -	70 - -	-- The salary is charged on the county rate, the clerk receiving and paying over quarterly to the county treasurer all fees.
Leicester Division:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	- -	280 - -	280 - -	-- Charged on the county rates; the fees being paid to the county treasurer. The clerk pays for stationery and assistance of one clerk. The office being the property of the county, no rent is paid for it.
Loughborough Division;						
Clerk to Magistrates - -	- -	- -	330 - -	- -	330 - -	-- The salary is paid quarterly out of the county rate, but refunded by the fees received at the court.
Carried forward - - £.	- -	- -	330 - -	550 - -	880 - -	

COUNTY PETTY SESSIONS—*continued.*

PETTY SESSIONAL DIVISION, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	Total.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Brought forward - -	- -	- -	330 - -	550 - -	880 - -	
LEICESTER—*continued.*						
Lutterworth Division:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	- -	139 - -	139 - -	- - £.127 charged on county rate, out of which the clerk provides all books, stationery, &c. £.12 is also paid out of county rate for the use of the Town Hall at Lutterworth, for holding the petty sessions.
Market Bosworth Division:						
Clerk to Justices - - - -	- -	- -	- -	273 - -	273 - -	- - On county funds, being the salary of the clerk. Fees paid over to county treasurer, who pays the salary and court-house rents.
Forms, printing, stationery, postages, &c., and travelling expenses (there being Courts held at Hinckley and Market Bosworth in alternate weeks), are provided and paid by the Clerk out of the Salary.						
For Rent of Court-houses at Hinckley and Market Bosworth.	- -	- -	- -	15 - -	15 - -	Paid for out of county funds.
Market Harborough Division:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	- -	130 - -	130 - -	- - Salary paid by county. The clerk gives his whole time to the magistrates' business. He finds, out of his salary, law books, precedents, printing, stationery, &c., which payments average from 8*l.* to 10*l.* per year. The clerk has attended the justices as assistant clerk, deputy, and principal, for 42 years; but he is not aware of any Act under which any pension could be granted to him for long service, or otherwise, on retirement. The fees received for business done paid into the county fund.
Melton Mowbray Division:						
Clerk to Magistrates:						
Salary - - - - -	- -	- -	- -	205 - -	205 - -	- - The clerk to the justices at Melton Mowbray pays over to the county rate the fees received by him as clerk, which equal the salary he is paid. He finds the stationery out of his salary.
Rent - - - - -	- -	- -	- -	13 - -	13 - -	
Norton, East, Division:						
Clerk to Magistrates - -	- -	- -	- -	80 - -	80 - -	Paid out of county rate.
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	330 - -	1,405 - -	1,735 - -	
MIDDLESEX:						
Brentford Division:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - -	- - Paid out of the county rate as rent for the use of rooms in the Town Hall, New Brentford, for holding special and petty sessions. The clerk to the justices is remunerated by the fees of court, out of which he pays all expenses, with the exception of the 50*l.*
Gore Division - - - -	- -	- -	- -	30 - -	30 - -	- - Paid out of the county rate for the court-house.
Carried forward - - £.	- -	- -	- -	80 - -	80 - -	

COUNTY PETTY SESSIONS—*continued.*

PETTY SESSIONAL DIVISION, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	Total.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Brought forward - -	- -	- -	- -	80 - -	80 - -	
MIDDLESEX—*continued.*						
Kensington Division:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	265 - -	30 - -	295 - -	- - The clerk is not paid a salary, but by fees. The fees amount to about 265 *l.* per annum. £. 30 per annum is paid by the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the county of Middlesex to the vestry of Kensington for rent of the Vestry Hall, wherein the justices of the division hold their petty sessions. All the fees are received by the clerk, out of which he pays 45 *l.* per annum for assistance, and about 10 *l.* for books, stationery, printing, postage, &c.
Strand Division - - -	- -	- -	- -	30 - -	30 - -	- - Rent of court-room payable out of county rate. Stationery and binding Acts of Parliament are paid for by the clerk out of his statutable fees.
Uxbridge Division:						
Clerks to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	40 - -	- - The clerks are paid by fees, and by no regular salary. The rent of the Petty Sessions Court is 40 *l.* per annum, which includes rates and taxes, and is paid by the county magistrates in quarter sessions.
Total - - - £.	- -	- -	265 - -	180 - -	445 - -	
MONMOUTH.						
Chepstow Division:						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	235 12 -	- -	235 12 -	- - Paid by fees, amounting to 235 *l.* 12 *s.*
For use of Room for Petty Sessions.	- -	- -	- -	15 - -	15 - -	Paid by the county treasurer.
Christ Church Division:						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	20 - -	20 - -	- - Chargeable on county rate for rent of court-room in Newport, for this division and that of Newport. The clerk to the justices is paid by fees received from the litigants.
Newport Division:						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	20 - -	20 - -	- - Chargeable on the county rate for rent of court-room in Newport, in conjunction with the Division of Christ Church. The clerk to the justices is paid by fees received from the litigants.
Total - - - £.	- -	- -	235 12 -	55 - -	290 12 -	
NORFOLK.						
Blofield and Walsham Division:						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	118 12 6	- -	118 12 6	- - The amount of fees paid to the clerk of the court in the year ended 31 March 1866; out of which sum 5 *l.* 5 *s.* was paid for books, stationery, &c.
Clackclose Division:						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	225 - -	- -	225 - -	- - The clerk is paid by fees, and there is an allowance to him paid by the county for rent, &c., of the room where the justices meet in petty sessions.
Allowance for Rent -	- -	- -	- -	6 - -	6 - -	
Carried forward - - £.	- -	- -	343 12 6	6 - -	349 12 6	

COUNTY PETTY SESSIONS—*continued.*

PETTY SESSIONAL DIVISION, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Brought forward - -	- -	- -	343 12 6	6 - -	349 12 6	
NORFOLK—*continued.*						
Erpingham, North, Division: Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	117 10 -	- -	117 10 -	- - The clerk is not paid by salary, but by the suitors in the court, according to a table of fees made by Her Majesty's justices of the peace, assembled at the General Quarter Session held at the Castle of Norwich, in and for the said county of Norfolk, 17th October 1860, and certified by Her Majesty's principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, pursuant to the Statute 11 & 12 Vict. c. 43. The amount of fees varies every year with the amount of business. The average amount received is from 115 *l.* to 120 *l.*, out of which the clerk has to provide all necessary law-books, postage, and horse hire.
Freebridge Marshland Division: Station-keeper - - -	- -	- -	- -	1 - -	1 - -	- - The police-station is used for holding the court, and the only expense is for fuel. The value of the room used for the petty sessions is about 4 *l.* per annum, but it is the property of the county, having been built by them.
Gallow Division: Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	106 18 -	- -	106 18 -	- - The 106 *l.* 18 *s.* is composed of fees for informations, summonses, orders, convictions, warrants of committal, licenses, &c., according to a table of fees approved by Her Majesty's judges.
Greenhoe, South, Division: Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	156 - -	- -	156 - -	- - The amount of fees received of course varies in each year.
Grimshoe Division: Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	106 5 -	- -	106 5 -	- - The amount of fees received of course varies in each year.
Harleston Division: Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	81 11 6	- -	81 11 6	- - This is the gross amount of fees for the year. The rent for the Corn Hall, where the petty sessions are held, is 6 *l.*, and is paid by the county. The stationery is provided by the clerk, and amounts to about 10 *l.* a year.
Launditch Division: Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	181 2 8	- -	181 2 8	- - The amount of fees received of course varies in each year, but the annual outgoings are nearly alike in each year. The petty sessions for this division are held 13 times a year, in alternate months, at North Elmham and Litcham, at the inns or public-houses in those places.
Mitford Division: Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	155 8 6	- -	155 8 6	- - The amount of fees received of course varies in each year. The annual outgoings are nearly alike in each year, and the petty sessions are held once in each fortnight at the Assembly Rooms in East Dereham.
Allowance by County towards use of Room for holding Petty Sessions, and paid out of the County Rate.	- -	- -	- -	6 - -	6 - -	
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	1,248 8 2	13 - -	1,261 8 2	

COUNTY PETTY SESSIONS—*continued.*

PETTY SESSIONAL DIVISION, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	Total.	REMARKS.
NORTHUMBERLAND.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Glendale Ward:						
Clerk to Justices	- -	- -	95 - -	- -	95 - -	Arising from fees of court.
Stationery, Binding Statutes, and Rent of Room at Ford.	- -	- -	- -	1 15 -	1 15 -	Received from county rate.
						The county have provided a lock-up and place for holding justice meetings at Wooler, kept by a serjeant in the county constabulary. At Ford the petty sessions are held in a private house. There are no messengers, or compensations, pensions, &c. payable to any person.
Thirteen Petty Sessions Courts:						
Clerks to Justices	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - No salaries to the clerks to justices.
Charged on the County Rates:						The year's accounts not being made up, which includes that portion of the accounts from 29th September 1865 to 31st March 1866, the best approximation is made that can be arrived at.
Rents of Petty Sessions Courts, and for Repairs.	- -	- -	- -	110 7 11	151 14 8	
Salaries of Keepers and Messengers.	- -	- -	- -	41 6 9		
Stationery for all the Courts	- -	- -	- -	38 15 6	38 15 6	
Binding of Books for Courts	- -	- -	- -	1 5 -	1 5 -	
Total £.	- -	- -	95 - -	193 10 2	288 10 2	
NOTTINGHAM.						
Newark Division:						
Clerk to Magistrates	- -	- -	- -	33 19 9	33 19 9	- - These expenses are paid by the clerk to the magistrates, and repaid to him by the county treasurer. They are incurred for cleaning the sessions-rooms, coals, water, rent, rates, taxes, and stationery for the magistrates' use.
Southwell Division	- -	- -	- -	15 - -	15 - -	- - Paid by the county for use of a large room, so far as it is required for holding petty sessions, and transacting other justice business. The only officer or other person employed is the clerk of petty sessions, who is paid by fees according to the table of fees ordered by the Court of Quarter Sessions. These fees amount to about 80 *l.* yearly. There are no expenses of the court besides the above rent. The county police attend petty sessions and other justice business.
Worksop Division:						
Clerk to Justices	- -	- -	140 - -	- -	140 - -	- - This sum is made up of fees paid to the clerk to the justices by the suitors in the court, and by the different parish officers on their appointment by the justices to their several offices of parish constables, overseers of the poor, and for certificates on granting licenses to publicans, and passing jury lists.
Total £.	- -	- -	140 - -	48 19 9	188 19 9	

COUNTY PETTY SESSIONS—*continued.*

PETTY SESSIONAL DIVISION, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
OXFORD.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Bampton, West Division:						
Clerk to Justices	- -	- -	79 16 2	- -	79 16 2	-- Received of the public for fees. The rent of the room in which the petty sessions are held (not in an inn) is found by the county at 8 *l.* per annum. The clerk pays about 28 *s.* for rates, 20 *s.* for cleansing, and about 26 *s.* for coals. He also pays about 40 *s.* for forms, and about 65 *s.* for fees to the clerk of the peace on filing convictions (all annually).
Wootton, North, Division	- -	- -	- -	3 - -	3 - -	-- Paid by the county for the use of a room. The clerk takes the fees.
TOTAL £.	- -	- -	79 16 2	3 - -	82 16 2	
RUTLAND.						
Rutland Petty Sessions:						
Clerk	- -	- -	45 - -	- -	45 - -	
Stationery, &c.	- -	- -	14 18 -	- -	14 18 -	
TOTAL £.	- -	- -	59 18 -	- -	59 18 -	
SALOP.						
Bishops Castle Division:						
Clerk to Justices	- -	- -	25 - -	- -	25 - -	-- There is no fund whatever connected with this borough, and no salaries or compensation paid to its officers, and the only fees paid to the justices' clerk are for plaint summonses, &c., which, last year, amounted to about 25 *l.*
Chelmarsh, Sottesdon, and Brimstree, South, Division:						
Clerk	- -	- -	113 17 6	- -	113 17 6	-- The fees are payable under the county table, pursuant to 11 & 12 Vict. c. 43.
Salary of the Hall Keeper	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	-- Paid by the clerk out of the fees of the court.
Rent payable for use of Court Room, 1 *l.*						
Stationery and other incidentals, 23 *l.* 5 *s.*						
Newport Division:						
Clerk to Justices	- -	- -	129 9 3	13 18 -	143 7 3	-- The 129 *l.* 9 *s.* 3 *d.* is the amount of fees received by the clerk.
Shiffnal Division:						
Clerk to Justices	- -	- -	112 - -	- -	112 - -	-- Fees received, less clerk's wages, and forms for use, to be deducted.
TOTAL £.	- -	- -	380 6 9	13 18 -	394 4 9	
SOMERSET.						
Bishops Lydeard Division:						
Clerk to Justices	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	-- Paid according to the table of fees in force in the county of Somerset; all expenses (except 15 *l.* for the hire of the court-house at Bishops Lydeard, which is paid out of the county rate) are borne by him. All books, stationery, and clerks are provided and paid for by the clerk.
Hire of Court-house	- -	- -	- -	15 - -	15 - -	-- Paid by the treasurer of the county, out of the county rate.
Carried forward £.	- -	- -	- -	15 - -	15 - -	

COUNTY PETTY SESSIONS—*continued.*

PETTY SESSIONAL DIVISION, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	Total.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Brought forward - -	- -	- -	- -	15 - -	15 - -	
SOMERSET—*continued.*						
Crewkerne Division:						
Clerks to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - The justices' clerks are paid solely from the fees incident to the business transacted, which are paid by the parties (complainants and defendants). They receive nothing from any public or local funds, nor do they receive anything for rent, books, stationery, or other expenses of court.
Rent of Court - - -	- -	- -	- -	12 - -	12 - -	- - Paid from the county rate for the rent of the court in the Town Hall, where the justice meetings are held.
Dulverton Division:						
Justices' Clerks - - -	- -	- -	80 - -	- -	80 - -	Justices' clerks' fees.
Rent of Court-house - -	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	County rate.
Stationery, Books, &c. -	- -	- -	3 - -	- -	3 - -	
Somerton Division:						
Clerks to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - The magistrates' clerks of this division are not paid by salaries, compensations, or pensions. Their remuneration is derived from fees on convictions paid upon each case, which are not charged upon any public fund, but are paid by individuals, in some cases by the prosecutors, but in most by the defendants or persons charged. There are no other officers or persons employed in the Court of Petty Sessions above specified, and all books, stationery, &c., are found by the magistrates' clerks themselves.
Rent of Town Hall - -	- -	- -	- -	12 10 -	12 10 -	- - This sum is received by the Town Hall trustees from the county treasurer, and is defrayed from the county rate.
Wiveliscombe Division:						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - The clerk to the justices receives fees according to the Table of Fees in force within the county of Somerset. All expenses (except 12 *l.* for the hire of the Town Hall at Wiveliscombe, which is paid out of the county rate) are borne by him. All books, stationery, and clerks are provided and paid for by the clerk.
Hire of Town Hall - -	- -	- -	- -	12 - -	12 - -	- - Paid by the treasurer of the county out of the county rate.
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	83 - -	61 10 -	144 10 -	
STAFFORD.						
Eccleshall Division:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	95 12 6	7 8 2	103 - 8	- - Both officers are paid wholly by fees. The expenses (7*l.* 8*s.* 2*d.*) are for vagrancy and police cases, which have been paid from special or local funds, in consequence of nonpayment by the defendants.
Police, for services of Summonses, &c.	- -	- -	28 19 8	- -	28 19 8	
Kingswinford and Wordsley Division:						
Clerks to Justices - -	- -	- -	343 5 4	- -	343 5 4	
Deputy Clerk - - -	- -	- -	70 - -	- -	70 - -	
Assistant Clerk - - -	- -	- -	7 15 -	- -	7 15 -	
Stationery, Books, &c. -	- -	- -	39 6 8	- -	39 6 8	
Carried forward - - £.	- -	- -	584 19 2	7 8 2	592 7 4	

COUNTY PETTY SESSIONS—*continued.*

PETTY SESSIONAL DIVISION, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	Total.	REMARKS
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Brought forward - -	- -	- -	584 19 2	7 8 2	592 7 4	
Stafford—*continued.*						
Leek Division:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - The clerk and assistants are not paid from any public, county, borough, or local funds. The clerk is remunerated by fees paid by the litigants, &c., and he pays his own assistants.
Rent of Room in which the Petty Sessions are held, and paid for by the County.	- -	- -	- -	20 - -	20 - -	
Penkridge Division:						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	270 - -	- -	270 - -	- - This amount is about the annual average for the last three years received in fees, out of which all stationery, forms, and books required are paid.
Wolverhampton Division:						
Compensation by Fees of the Court of Petty Sessions.	- -	- -	235 - -	- -	235 - -	
Rent of Offices - - -	- -	- -	35 - -	- -	35 - -	Paid out of clerk's fees.
Books, Stationery, and other Expenses, 14 *l.*	—	--	—	—	—	
Total - - - £.	- -	- -	1,124 19 2	27 8 2	1,152 7 4	
SUFFOLK.						
Blything Division:						
Clerk to Magistrates - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	No salary.
Rent - - - - - -	- -	- -	- -	10 5 -	10 5 -	Paid out of county rate.
Bungay Division:						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - The clerk to the justices is paid by fees only.
For use of Room for holding Petty Sessions.	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -	Charged on county rate.
Cosford Division - - -	- -	- -	53 2 6	- -	53 2 6	- - The magistrates of this division are unpaid, and their clerks are paid by the fees of the court, received of the defendants, &c., they finding all forms required. The amount of fees received for the year ending 1st April last was 53 *l.* 2 *s.* 6 *d.*, of which 31 *l.* 9 *s.* was paid by the defendants, 17 *l.* 17 *s.* by the treasurer of the county out of the county rate, and 3 *l.* 16 *s.* 6 *d.* by the police force committee.
Total - - - £.	- -	- -	53 2 6	15 5 -	68 7 6	
SURREY.						
Chertsey Division:						
Clerk to Magistrates - -	- -	- -	200 - -	- -	200 - -	- - The clerk of petty sessions was reimbursed by the fees received for business done, and no charge was made on any particular fund; the fees amounted to about 200 *l.* per annum. The magistrates in quarter sessions have awarded a salary of 200 *l.* per annum to the clerk from the 1st July 1866; the fees received being paid over to the county treasurer.
Rent of Room - - -	- -	- -	- -	15 - -	15 - -	Paid out of the county rate.
Croydon Division:						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	600 - -	600 - -	Charged on county rate.
Dorking Division:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	- -	140 - -	140 - -	Paid by the county.
Rent for Court - - -	- -	- -	- -	15 - -	15 - -	
Carried forward - - £.	- -	- -	200 - -	770 - -	970 - -	

COUNTY PETTY SESSIONS—*continued.*

PETTY SESSIONAL DIVISION, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	Total.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Brought forward - -	- -	- -	200 - -	770 - -	970 - -	
Surrey—*continued.*						
Epsom Division: Clerk to Justices -	- -	- -	260 - -	- -	260 - -	- - During the year ending 31st March 1866 the clerk of the petty sessions received the fees to his own use, and had no other compensation; these fees amounted to about 260 *l.* The rent of the court and any other expenses connected therewith can be furnished by the clerk of the peace for the county of Surrey.
Guildford Division: Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - The county of Surrey have decided to pay the clerks of petty sessions by salary, from 30th June 1866.
Rent of Room - - -	- -	- -	- -	21 - -	21 - -	- - Paid by county of Surrey from county rate.
Kingston Division: Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	330 - -	- -	330 - -	- - The clerk was paid by fees this year, amounting to about 330 *l.*
Use of Room - - -	- -	- -	- -	15 - -	15 - -	- - Paid by justices of the county of Surrey.
Reigate Division: Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	250 - -	- -	250 - -	
Rent of Court-house - -	- -	- -	- -	15 - -	15 - -	
Richmond Division: Clerks to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - Up to 30th June 1866 there were no salaries attached to the Richmond Petty Sessions Court, the clerks being paid by the fees. Since that day a salary of 380 *l.* is paid to the clerks by the county, they accounting for the fees to the county.
Use of Room - - -	- -	- -	- -	30 - -	30 - -	- - Paid by the county to the parish of Richmond.
Wandsworth Division - -	- -	- -	-	15 -	15 - -	Rent, paid out of county rate.
Total - - - £.	- -	- -	1,040 - -	866 - -	1,906 - -	
SUSSEX.						
Battle Division: Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	120 6 -	- -	120 6 -	- - The only officer in connexion with the court of petty sessions at Battle is the clerk, who receives the fees as remuneration.
Midhurst Division: Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	171 16 6	- -	171 16 6	- - The amount of fees received by the clerk for the year ending 31st March 1866 amounted to 171 *l.* 16 *s.* 6 *d.*; viz., 139 *l.* 3 *s.* 6 *d.* paid by the parties taking proceedings; 18 *l.* 11 *s* 6 *d.* preliminary expenses in prosecutions; and 14 *l.* 16 *s.*, fees for attending special sessions, paid by the county. The office, books, stationery, and other expenses are provided and paid for by the clerk.
Steyning Division - - -	- -	- -	200 6 6	15 3 -	215 9 6	
Uckfield Division: Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	80 - -	30 - -	110 - -	- - Fees of proceedings paid by the parties, 170 *l.* Special sessions fees paid out of county rate, 30 *l.* Clerk's salary, 60 *l.* For forms, printing, stationery, &c., 20 *l.*
Total - - - £.	- -	- -	572 9 -	45 3 -	617 12 -	

COUNTY PETTY SESSIONS—*continued.*

PETTY SESSIONAL DIVISION, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
WARWICK.						
Atherstone Division:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	- -	319 - -	319 - -	- - Paid by salary (quarterly) in lieu of fees, which are paid over to the county treasurer. Out of this salary the clerk pays his deputy clerks at Nuneaton and Tamworth.
Rent of Town Hall, Atherstone (being private property), for holding the Special and Petty Sessions.	- -	- -	- -	12 - -	12 - -	Paid out of the county rates.
The like for rooms at Nuneaton for holding the Petty Sessions.	- -	- -	- -	8 - -	8 - -	
Birmingham Division:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	- -	210 - -	210 - -	- - Payable out of county rate. The clerk provides forms, books, and under clerks at his own expense. All fees received by the clerk are paid in to the county rate.
Brailes Division:						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	122 - -	122 - -	- - Paid out of the county fund. The fees received are paid over to the treasurer of the county.
Coleshill Division:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	- -	148 - -	148 - -	- - In lieu of fees, payable out of the county rates.
Henley Division:						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	102 - -	- -	102 - -	
Kenilworth Division:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	- -	260 - -	260 - -	Paid out of the county rate.
Kineton and Burton Dassett Divisions:						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	90 - -	90 - -	Paid out of the county funds. The fees received are paid over to the treasurer of the county.
Kirby Division:						
Clerk to Magistrates - -	- -	- -	- -	351 - -	351 - -	- - All fees are remitted to the county treasurer, and he pays the salary quarterly.
Rugby Division:						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	198 - -	198 - -	Paid from county rate. All justice fees received by the clerk are paid over to the county treasurer. The county pays the rent of the court-room, but the money does not pass through the clerk's hands. Stationery and justice forms, and assistant clerk's salary paid out of the above sum. Justice forms amount to about 15 *l.*, and clerk's salary from 30 *l.* to 60 *l.* per annum.
Solihull Division:						
Clerk to Petty Sessions -	- -	- -	- -	117 - -	117 - -	- - Payable out of the county rate (quarterly).
Carried forward - - £.	- -	- -	102 - -	1,835 - -	1,937 - -	

COUNTY PETTY SESSIONS—*continued.*

PETTY SESSIONAL DIVISION, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	Total.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Brought forward - -	- - -	- -	102 - -	1,835 - -	1,937 - -	
WARWICK—*continued.*						
Stratford and Snitterfield Division:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	- -	168 - -	168 - -	- - Paid from the county funds. There are no other paid officers of the court. The clerk has to provide and pay for all books, stationery, assistant clerks, and other expenses out of his salary.
Warwick Division:						The fees are paid over to the treasurer of the county.
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	- -	121 - -	121 - -	Payable out of the county rate.
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	102 - -	2,124 - -	2,226 - -	Paid to county treasurer, 110 *l.* 3 *s.* 8 *d.* for fees received during the year.
WILTS.						
Everley and Pewsey Division -	- -	- -	- -	15 - -	15 - -	- - Rental repaid by the county of Wilts, under an order made at the quarter sessions held at Warminster a few years ago.
Malmesbury Division - -	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	- - Rent of town hall, in which the sessions are usually holden, as allowed by the court of quarter sessions, and charged on the county rate.
Marlborough and Ramsbury Division:						
Clerk to Magistrates - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - Appointed by the justices, and paid wholly by fees.
Cleaning, Attendance, and Fires at the Town Hall.	- -	- -	- -	8 - -	8 - -	
Binding the Statutes for use of the Magistrates.	- -	- -	- -	- 5 -	- 5 -	- - Paid by the county treasurer out of the county rate.
Melksham Division:						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	47 17 9	- -	47 17 9	- - The clerk receives fees awarded by justices, according to the scale fixed by Her Majesty's justices of the peace at the general quarter sessions, and allowed by Her Majesty's Secretary of State. Those fees amounted to 47 *l.* 17 *s.* 9 *d.* during the year 1865.
Trowbridge Sub-Division:						
Clerks to Justices - -	- -	- -	55 12 6	- -	55 12 6	- - Expenses for stationery, &c. 5 *l.* 12 *s.* 6 *d.*, leaving net income to clerk, 50 *l.*
Warminster Division:						
Clerk to Magistrates - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	The clerk is paid by fees only.
Use of Court-house - -	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	- - Paid by the treasurer of the county out of the county rate.
Westbury Division:						
Clerk to Justices -	- -	- -	50 - -	- -	50 - -	- - Paid by fees received at the petty sessions, which, in the year ending 31st March 1866, amounted to 50 *l.*
TOTAL - - £.	- -	- -	153 10 3	43 5 -	196 15 3	
WORCESTER.						
Kidderminster Division:						
Rent of Petty Sessions Room	- -	- -	- -	20 - -	20 - -	- - These sums are paid by the county.
Paid to Superintendent of Police for Kidderminster Borough, for keep and care of County Prisoners.	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -	
Stourbridge Division:						
Clerks to Justices - -	- -	- -	278 5 4	- -	278 5 4	
Deputy Clerk - - -	- -	- -	70 - -	- -	70 - -	
Assistant Clerk - - -	- -	- -	7 15 -	- -	7 15 -	
Messenger - - - -	- -	- -	7 16 -	- -	7 16 -	
Stationery, Books, &c. -	- -	- -	40 14 8	- -	40 14 8	
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	404 11 -	25 - -	429 11 -	

COUNTY PETTY SESSIONS—*continued.*

PETTY SESSIONAL DIVISION, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
YORK.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Ainsty Wapentake, Eastern Division (West Riding):						
Office keeper - - -	- -	- -	- -	2 - -	2 - -	
Bainton Beacon Division (East Riding):						
Rent of Court-house, including fires and attendance.	- -	- -	- -	15 - -	15 - -	
Bulmer, East (Lobster House) Division (North Riding):						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - No salaries are attached to this court; the duties of the clerk are discharged in consideration of his receiving the fees.
Rent of Justice Room - -	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -	Paid out of the county rate.
High Constable - - -	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	- - Paid out of the county rate for certain duties performed by him as high constable of the hundred.
Gilling, West, Division (North Riding):						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - The fees of the court are received by the clerk as compensation for his services.
Rent of Town Hall for holding Petty Sessions.	- -	- -	- -	4 - -	4 - -	- - Paid by North Riding treasurer.
Gisborough Division (North Riding):						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	186 3 3	- -	186 3 3	
Greta Bridge Division (North Riding):						
Rent of Court Room - -	- -	- -	- -	2 10 -	2 10 -	Charged on county rate.
Hallikeld Division (North Riding):						
Rent of Room where Petty Sessions are held.	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -	
Hang, East, Division (North Riding):						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - Paid by fees received from suitors.
Rent - - - - - -	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Hang, West, Division (North Riding):						
Rent of Town Hall, where Sessions are held.	- -	- -	5 - -	- -	5 - -	
Hunsley Beacon, South, Division (East Riding):						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	75 - -	- -	75 - -	
Langbaurgh, North, Division (North Riding):						
Rent of Justice Room at Middlesborough.	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	- - Paid by North Riding treasurer.
Langbaurgh, West, Division (North Riding):						
Clerks to Magistrates - -	- -	- -	94 - 11	- -	94 - 11	
Carried forward - - £.	- -	- -	360 4 2	63 10 -	423 14 2	

COUNTY PETTY SESSIONS—*continued.*

PETTY SESSIONAL DIVISION, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Brought forward - -	- -	- -	360 4 2	63 10 –	423 14 2	
YORK—*continued.*						
Otley Division (West Riding):						
Clerk of Petty Sessions -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - Paid by fees charged to parties to the proceedings.
Rent of Court-house - -	- -	- -	- -	20 – –	20 – –	Charged on county rate.
Court Keeper - - -	- -	- -	- -	5 – –	5 – –	- - Ditto.
Inspector of Weights and Measures.	- -	- -	- -	41 7 9	41 7 9	- - Charged on county rates; amount variable.
Ouse and Derwent Division (East Riding):						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	47 10 –	- -	47 10 –	- - Paid by fees, which average from 45 *l.* to 50 *l.*
Pickering-Lythe, West, Division (North Riding):						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	60 – –	- -	60 – –	- - Out of which the clerk pays for printing and stationery 8 *l.*, and 3 *l.* for rent over the 5 *l.* allowed by North Riding for rent of justice room.
Rent - - - - - -	- -	- -	- -	5 – –	5 – –	Paid from county rate. The county police attend the justices.
Staincliffe, East, Division (West Riding):						
Rent of the Town Hall, Skipton, used for the Weekly Petty Sessions and other occasional Petty Sessions, inclusive of heating and attendance, &c.	- -	- -	- -	50 – –	50 – –	Paid out of the county rate.
Strafforth, Lower, and Tickhill Division (West Riding):						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - The clerk to Her Majesty's justices of the peace, acting in petty sessions at Doncaster, for the Division of Lower Strafforth and Tickhill, in the West Riding of the county of York, is paid by fees, out of which he pays all costs of printing, stationery, &c.
Rent - - - - - -	- -	- -	- -	25 – –	25 – –	- - Paid to the Corporation of Doncaster, out of the county rate, for the use of the building where the petty sessions are held.
Strafforth, Upper, and Tickhill Division (West Riding):						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	181 – –	- -	181 – –	- - Paid out of fees received by the clerk to the magistrates of the Sheffield district of the Division of Upper Strafforth and Tickhill, but the major part of the business is transacted at the petty sessions at Rotherham.
Whitby Strand Division (North Riding):						
Clerks to Justices - -	- -	- -	259 6 9	- -	259 6 9	- - The amount returned is the gross sum received; the cost of stationery, forms, and books, with clerks' salaries and other expenses, are defrayed out of this.
Yarm Division (North Riding):						
Cleaning Justice-room -	- -	- -	- -	1 6 –	1 6 –	Paid out of the county rates.
Rent of Justice room -	- -	- -	- -	5 – –	5 – –	
TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	908 – 11	216 3 9	1,124 4 8	

COUNTY PETTY SESSIONS—*continued.*

PETTY SESSIONAL DIVISION, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	Total.	REMARKS.
WALES:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
BRECON.						
Crickhowell and Brynmawr Divisions:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	249 11 2	- -	249 11 2	Paid by fees.
Orders on Treasurer of County	- -	- -	- -	12 2 -	12 2 -	Criminal cases.
Orders on Overseers - -	- -	- -	- -	19 17 6	19 17 6	Criminal cases.
						The orders on the treasurer comprise the costs on summary convictions for larceny, and fees before commitment in assize and quarter session cases. The orders on overseers are generally on summary convictions, where defendants are committed to House of Correction, and no other means of obtaining payment.
Ystradgunlais Division:						
Clerk to Petty Sessions -	- -	- -	60 - -	- -	60 - -	- - The county rate provides for the court, and pays some small fees for the bastardy return, &c.
For Bastardy return and Binding the Statutes at large.	- -	- -	- -	4 - -	4 - -	
Total - - - £.	- -	- -	309 11 2	35 19 6	345 10 8	The forms and all other expenses are defrayed by the clerk.
CARMARTHEN.						
Llanboidy Division:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	60 - -	- -	60 - -	- - No fees received, except from overseers of the different parishes within the district, for the usual parish business, together with the usual fees for summonses, warrants, and publicans' licenses, for 14 parishes, amounting to about 60 *l.*
Llanelly Division:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	200 - -	- -	200 - -	- - The only officer employed is the clerk, who receives the court fees, amounting to abont 200 *l.*
Books, stationery, and forms	- -	- -	10 - -	- -	10 - -	
Total - - - £.	- -	- -	270 - -	- -	270 - -	
FLINT.						
Caerwys Division:						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	52 - -	52 - -	Charged on county rate. This includes stationery and travelling expenses. The fees are paid to the county treasurer, on account of county rate.
Marlow Division:						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	80 - -	80 - -	- - The fees are paid by the clerk to the county treasurer every three months.
Rent of Room - - -	- -	- -	- -	4 - -	4 - -	
Mold, Hope, Hawarden, and Northop Divisions:						
Clerks to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	365 - -	365 - -	Paid out of the county rate.
Use of Magistrates' Rooms at Pontblyddyn, Caergwyle, Hawarden, Broughton, and Northop.	- -	- -	- -	2 10 -	2 10 -	Paid out of the county rate.
Prestatyn and Rhuddlan Divisions:						
Clerks to Justices - -	- -	- -	190 - -	- -	190 - -	- - Paid by the county. All fees arising in petty sessions are paid over to the county quarterly. The office and travelling expenses, as also expenses of books, stationery, and forms, are paid by the clerks out of the 190 *l.*, and amount on the average, including clerk, to 100 *l.*
Total - - - £	- -	- -	190 - -	503 10 -	693 10 -	

COUNTY PETTY SESSIONS—*continued.*

PETTY SESSIONAL DIVISION, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	Total.	REMARKS.
GLAMORGAN.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Higher Caerphilly and Higher Miskin Divisions:						
£. s. d.						
Stipendiary Justice 600 – –						
His Clerk - - 150 – –						
Treasurer - - 10 – –						
Clerk of the Peace 12 12 –						
Books - - 4 3 2						
Stationery - - 28 1 –						
Woman for keeping and cleaning Merthyr Court-rooms - - 11 8 8	- -	- -	572 18 8	257 19 8	830 18 4	- - The fees are applied to the payment of salaries and other expenses, and the deficiency of 257 *l.* 19 *s.* 8 *d.* is paid out of the poor rates for the parishes and hamlets constituting the stipendiary magistrate's district.
Repairs and Sundries to same - 4 19 3						
Woman for cleaning and keeping Aberdare Court-rooms - - 7 9 10						
Repairs and Sundries to same - 2 4 5						
Total - - - £.	- -	- -	572 18 8	257 19 8	830 18 4	
MONTGOMERY.						
Caurse Division:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - The clerk is paid by fees, and not by salary.
Hall-keeper for cleaning room	- -	- -	- -	2 – –	2 – –	- - By order of court of quarter sessions, from county rate.
Llanfyllin, Upper and Lower Divisions, and Pool, Lower Division:						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	89 17 –	- -	89 17 –	- - Fees from every source due, not including police charges.
Montgomery, Lower Division:						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - The clerk is paid by fees, and not by salary.
Hall-keeper for cleaning room	- -	- -	- -	2 – –	2 – –	- - By order of court of quarter sessions, from county rate.
Montgomery, Upper Division:						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	30 – –	- -	30 – –	- - Paid by fees, which amount to about 30 *l.* a year, out of which 1 *l.* is paid by the clerk for the use of a room.
Total - - - £.	- -	- -	119 17 –	4 – –	123 17 –	
TOTAL OF ENGLAND AND WALES £.	- -	- -	16,826 13 5	7,649 15 6	24,476 8 11	

BOROUGH COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS.*

BOROUGH COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	Total.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Borough of Abingdon:						
Recorder	-	-	-	40 - -	40 - -	
Town Clerk	-	-	-	150 - -	150 - -	
					190 - -	
Borough of Andover:						
Recorder	-	-	-	40 - -	40 - -	- - The officer of the court who delivers summonses, &c. is an officer appointed by the town council, and discharges various duties, and is paid one salary.
Clerk of the Peace	-	-	-	22 14 7	22 14 7	
					62 14 7	
Borough of Banbury:						
Recorder	-	-	-	52 10 -	52 10 -	
Clerk of the Peace	-	-	-	18 - -	18 - -	
Stationery	-	-	-	2 - -	2 - -	
					72 10 -	
Borough of Barnstaple:						
Recorder	-	-	-	42 - -	42 - -	
Borough of Bath:						
Recorder	-	-	-	150 - -	150 - -	
Clerk of the Peace (Bills)	-	-	-	92 9 9	92 9 9	
Cost of Prosecutions	-	-	-	422 18 1	422 18 1	
Printing, Stationery, and Advertising.	-	-	-	5 8 3	5 8 3	
					670 16 1	
Borough of Bedford:						
Recorder	-	-	-	50 - -	50 - -	- - The sessions are held in the shire hall, the expenses of which are paid in equal moieties by the county and borough of Bedford. The moiety of such expenses for the year ending 31st March 1866 amounted to 40*l.* 2*s.* 8*d.*
Clerk of the Peace	17 2 6	-	-	80 - -	97 2 6	
Crier	3 8 -	-	-	- -	3 8 -	
Hallkeeper	-	-	-	34 - -	34 - -	
Repairs of Shire Hall, and Lighting.	-	-	-	6 2 8	6 2 8	
Expenses of ditto	-	-	-	40 2 8	40 2 8	
					230 15 10	
Borough of Berwick-upon-Tweed:						
Recorder	-	-	-	120 - -	120 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	-	-	35 - -	- -	35 - -	
					155 - -	
Borough of Bideford:						
Recorder	-	-	-	40 - -	40 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	-	-	-	7 10 -	7 10 -	
Ditto	-	-	-	10 8 4	10 8 4	- - Fees, summoning court, &c., from 30th June 1865 to 31st March 1866.
Ditto	-	10 13 3	-	- -	10 13 3	
Senior Serjeant-at-Mace	-	-	-	6 - -	6 - -	
Junior ditto	-	-	-	3 - -	3 - -	
Hallkeeper	-	-	-	1 - -	1 - -	
Cost of Prosecutions	18 16 1	-	-	- -	18 16 1	
					97 7 8	

* From Returns furnished by the Clerks of the Peace.

BOROUGH COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS—*continued.*

BOROUGH COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Borough of Birmingham:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	319 2 11	319 2 11	
Ditto	- -	- -	- -	60 16 5	60 16 5	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	600 - -	600 - -	
Deputy Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	250 - -	250 - -	
Crier of the Court	- -	- -	- -	30 - -	30 - -	
Compensation Annuities:						
Late Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	231 - -	231 - -	
Late Crier of the Court	- -	- -	- -	22 1 9	22 1 9	
					1,513 1 1	
Borough of Bolton:						
County Coroner	- -	- -	- -	60 12 4	60 12 4	Compensation for loss of office.
County Clerks of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	60 8 1	60 8 1	- - ditto.
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	200 - -	200 - -	Salary.
Clerk of the Peace	- -	245 16 -	- -	17 12 -	263 8 -	Fees.
Borough Coroner	- -	- -	- -	171 15 8	171 15 8	Fees.
Public Prosecutor	- -	200 - -	- -	- -	200 - -	Salary.
Miscellaneous Expenses	- -	- -	- -	286 - 10	286 - 10	
					1,242 4 11	
Borough of Bridgnorth:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	40 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	22 18 -	- -	- -	- -	32 18 -	
Ditto	- -	- -	- -	31 10 8	31 10 8	
Crier of the Court and Messenger.	- -	- -	- -	2 1 6	2 1 6	
					106 10 2	
Borough of Bridgwater:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	40 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	28 14 2	- -	- -	28 14 2	
Compensation for the Loss of Office of Town Clerk.	- -	- -	- -	101 12 4	101 12 4	These sums are payable under 5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 76, s. 66.
Compensation for the Loss of Office of Clerk to the Borough Justices.	- -	- -	- -	71 16 8	71 16 8	
					242 3 2	
Borough of Brighton:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	200 - -	200 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - The whole of the court fees are retained by the clerk of the peace.
Crier of the Court	- -	- -	- -	20 - -	20 - -	
					220 - -	
City and County of Bristol:						
Recorder, and as Judge of Tolzey Court.	- -	- -	- -	500 - -	500 - -	

BOROUGH COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS—*continued.*

BOROUGH COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	Total.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Borough of Buckingham:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	25 - -	25 - -	
Ditto - (Fees)	- -	- -	- -	6 18 -	6 18 -	
Clerk to Borough Magistrates	- -	- -	- -	25 - -	25 - -	
Clerk to Visiting Justices	- -	- -	- -	15 - -	15 - -	
					121 18 -	
Borough of Bury St. Edmunds:						
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	50 - -	- -	50 - -	
Crier of the Court (average)	- -	- -	4 - -	- -	4 - -	
					54 - -	
Borough of Canterbury:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	40 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	76 - -	76 - -	- - Bill of the clerk of the peace; in addition to which he receives fees for indictments, &c., which vary according to the number of cases.
Court Crier	- -	- -	- -	1 - -	1 - -	
					117 - -	
Borough of Carmarthen:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	40 - -	
Borough of Chester:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	100 - -	100 - -	
Crier of Court	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Stationery	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -	
					115 - -	
City of Chichester:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	40 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	22 18 10	22 18 10	Paid by fees.
					62 18 10	
Borough of Colchester:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	60 - -	60 - -	
Crier	- -	- -	- -	57 12 -	57 12 -	
Stationery, &c.	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
					127 12 -	
Borough of Dartmouth:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	40 - -	
Late Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk, and Clerk to Justices.	- -	- -	- -	136 14 -	136 14 -	- - Paid out of borough fund. This amount was awarded to Mr. Prideaux, as compensation for deprivation from these offices, shortly after the passing of the Municipal Corporation Act. The sum of 136 *l.* 14 *s.* was not apportioned.
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - No salary; paid by fees out of borough fund.
Rooms	- -	- -	- -	20 - -	20 - -	- - This sum is paid by the council and local board for the use of rooms in which the council and local board business, magistrates and quarter sessions business, are carried on.
					196 14 -	
Borough of Deal:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	30 - -	30 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	41 12 10	41 12 10	
Town Serjeant	- -	- -	- -	5 16 -	5 16 -	
					77 8 10	

BOROUGH COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS—*continued.*

BOROUGH COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Borough of Derby:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - -	
Borough of Devizes:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	31 10 -	31 10 -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	23 8 8	23 8 8	
					54 18 8	
Borough of Devonport:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	105 - -	105 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	Paid by fees.
					105 - -	
Borough of Doncaster:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	40 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	Paid by fees.
Crier of the Court	- -	- -	- -	12 - -	12 - -	
					52 - -	
Borough of Dover:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	52 10 -	52 10 -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	*90 9 4	- -	162 18 8	253 8 -	* Under 18 & 19 Vict. c. 126, s. 18. This account is made up from August in each year, and payable about November, and the amount inserted was paid last November.
Justices' Clerk	- -	- -	- -	25 10 -	25 10 -	
Crier of Court	- -	- -	- -	5 - 2	5 - 2	
Deputy Water Bailiff	- -	- -	- -	5 3 8	5 3 8	
Advertisements, Volume of Statutes, Jury Lists, and serving Summonses in Liberties.	- -	- -	- -	48 2 8	48 2 8	
					389 14 6	
City and County of Exeter:						
Recorder and Clerk	- -	- -	- -	109 4 -	109 4 -	
Borough of Falmouth:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	40 - -	This office has been abolished from 31st December 1865. The Recorder receives full salary as compensation.
Clerk of Gaol Sessions	- -	- -	- -	5 14 3	5 14 3	These offices are also abolished from 31st December last. No compensation.
Clerk of the Peace	- 15 6	- -	- -	14 3 2	14 18 8	
Constables, for attendance at Sessions.	- -	- -	- -	3 3 -	3 3 -	
Repairs of Town Hall, &c.	- -	- -	- -	6 6 4	6 6 4	
					70 2 3	
Borough of Faversham:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	40 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	40 - -	
Messenger	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Stationery and Advertising Sessions.	- -	- -	- -	12 - -	12 - -	
					102 - -	
Borough of Folkestone:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	30 - -	30 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	14 14 6	14 14 6	
					44 14 6	

BOROUGH COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS—*continued.*

BOROUGH COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court,	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	Total.	REMARKS.
City of Gloucester:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	100 - -	100 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	50 - -	- -	100 - -	- -	150 - -	- - The clerk of the peace takes fees upon each prosecution at the city sessions, and, it is understood, obtains from the Government a sum equal to the difference between the sum so received and 150 *l.* per annum; but the precise amount received from each source is not known.
Crier of the Court	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - The crier of the court takes fees upon each case brought before the court; but the total amount is not known. These fees form part of the prosecution expenses, part of which are paid out of the Consolidated Fund.
					250 - -	
Borough of Grantham:						
Recorder	40 - -	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	36 7 6	- -	36 7 6	Paid by fees.
					76 7 6	
Borough of Gravesend:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	80 - -	80 - -	
Compensation	- -	- -	- -	106 - -	106 - -	
Court Keeper and Crier	- -	- -	- -	2 - -	2 - -	
					238 - -	
Borough of Guildford:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	52 10 -	52 10 -	
Clerk of the Peace	15 17 -	- -	5 12 -	- -	21 9 -	
Professional Services	- -	- -	- -	28 1 4	28 1 4	
					102 - 4	
Borough of Hastings:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	42 - -	42 - -	
Hallkeeper	- -	- -	- -	8 - -	8 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	97 14 4	- -	97 14 4	
Clerk to Justices	- -	- -	93 10 -	- -	93 10 -	
Books and Stationery	- -	- -	- -	4 2 -	4 2 -	
					245 6 4	
Town and County of Haverfordwest:						
Treasurer	- -	- -	- -	20 - -	20 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Coroner	- -	- -	- -	7 10 -	7 10 -	
Inspector of Weights and Measures.	- -	- -	- -	6 - -	6 - -	
Hallkeeper	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -	
Crier of the Court	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -	
Bridge Surveyor	- -	- -	- -	3 3 -	3 3 -	
Sheriff for summoning Juries	- -	- -	- -	4 16 -	4 16 -	
Books, Stationery, Printing, &c.	- -	- -	- -	27 13 4	27 13 4	
Prosecutions	- -	- -	- -	80 9 5	80 9 5	
					169 11 9	

BOROUGH COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS—*continued.*

BOROUGH COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament,	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	Total.	REMARKS.
Borough of Helston:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Recorder	- - -	- - -	- - -	40 - -	40 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	16 10 -	16 10	- - No salary, but fees and other charges.
					56 10 -	
City of Hereford:						
Recorder	- - -	- - -	- -	53 7 6	53 7 6	
Clerk of the Peace	64 18 6	- -	- -	60 17 -	125 15 6	
Ditto, Fees under Criminal Justice and Juvenile Offenders Act.	4 - -	- -	- -	- -	4 - -	
Coroner	- - -	- -	- -	40 - -	40 - -	
Advertisements, &c.	- -	- -	- -	15 - -	15 - -	
Crier's Salary	- -	- -	- -	10 10 -	10 10 -	
Crier's by Fees, paid by Town Council.	6 3 -	- -	- -	- -	6 3 -	
Bailiff - ditto - ditto	1 15 -	- -	- -	- -	1 15 -	
					256 11 -	
Borough of Hull:						
Recorder	- - -	- - -	- -	200 - -	200 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - -	
Chief Constable	- -	- -	- -	20 - -	20 - -	
Charges for Books, Stationery, Printing, and Advertisements.	- -	- -	- -	80 5 9	80 5 9	
					350 5 9	
Borough of Hythe:						
Recorder	- - -	- - -	- -	30 - -	30 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	32 12 8	32 12 8	
					62 12 8	
Borough of Ipswich:						
Recorder	- - -	- - -	- -	42 - -	42 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	Paid by fees.
Crier	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- ditto.
Serjeants-at-Mace	- -	- -	- -	2 - -	2 - -	
Stationery	- - -	- -	- -	2 10 -	2 10 -	
					46 10 -	
Borough of King's Lynn:						
Recorder	- - -	- - -	- -	63 - -	63 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	20 7 8	20 7 8	
Crier	- - -	- -	- -	1 - -	1 - -	
Summoning Officer	-	- -	- -	- 10 -	- 10 -	
					84 17 8	
Borough of Leeds:						
Quarter Sessions:						
Easter, 1865	- - -	477 12 4	- -	- -	477 12 4	
Midsummer, 1865	- -	357 4 7	- -	- -	357 4 7	
Michaelmas, 1865	- -	529 10 7	- -	- -	529 10 7	
Christmas, 1865	- -	718 17 2	- -	- -	718 17 2	
Recorder	- - -	- -	- -	200 - -	200 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	150 - -	150 - -	
Assistant Barrister	- -	- -	- -	84 - -	84 - -	
Assistant Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	16 16 -	16 16 -	
Crier	- - - -	- -	- -	4 4 -	4 4 -	
					2,538 4 8	

BOROUGH COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS—*continued.*

BOROUGH COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Borough of Leicester:						
Recorder	- - -	- - -	- - -	136 10 -	136 10 -	
Clerk of the Peace	- - -	- - -	- - -	107 3 4	107 3 4	
Refreshments at Quarter Sessions.	- - -	- - -	- - -	28 8 -	28 8 -	
					272 1 4	
City and County of Lichfield:						
Recorder	- - -	- - -	- - -	63 - -	63 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	20 7 4	- - -	16 8 -	59 14 4	96 9 8	
Crier	- - -	- - -	1 - -	- - -	1 - -	
Serjeants-at-Mace	- - -	- - -	- 10 -	- - -	- 10 -	
					160 19 8	
City of Lincoln:						
Recorder	- - -	- - -	- - -	50 - -	50 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- - -	- - -	- - -	57 6 10	57 6 10	
					107 6 10	
Borough of Liverpool:						
Recorder	- - -	- - -	- - -	525 - -	525 - -	
The Recorder is also paid 50 *l.* per Session for each extra Session; these have amounted to six.	- - -	- - -	- - -	300 - -	300 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- - -	- - -	- - -	1,000 - -	1,000 - -	
Expenses of the Second Court:						
Presiding Assistant Barrister.	- - -	- - -	- - -	168 - -	210 - -	- - These sessions are held at St. George's Hall, for which no rent or other expenditure is charged.
Deputy Clerk of the Peace	- - -	- - -	- - -	33 12 -		
Deputy Crier	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 8 -		
Printing, Stationery, and Disbursements.	- - -	- - -	- - -	150 - -	150 - -	
					2,185 - -	
Borough of Ludlow:						
Recorder	- - -	- - -	- - -	50 - -	50 - -	
Borough of Maidstone:						
Recorder	- - -	- - -	- - -	50 - -	50 - -	
Borough of Maldon:						
Recorder	- - -	- - -	- - -	40 - -	40 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- - -	- - -	- - -	30 - -	30 - -	
Crier	- - -	- - -	- - -	1 - -	1 - -	
					71 - -	
City of Manchester:						
Recorder	- - -	- - -	- - -	500 - -	975 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- - -	- - -	- - -	450 - -		
Crier of the Court	- - -	- - -	- - -	25 - -		
Fees paid for holding the Second Court of Sessions, viz.:						
Assistant Barrister	- - -	- - -	- - -	168 - -	210 - -	
Assistant to Clerk of the Peace.	- - -	- - -	- - -	33 12 -		
Crier	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 8 -		
Rent for Accommodation at Assize Courts.	- - -	- - -	- - -	600 - -	600 - -	
Books, Stationery, and other Expenses.	- - -	- - -	- - -	55 - 6	55 - 6	
					1,840 - 6	

BOROUGH COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS—*continued.*

BOROUGH COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensatiosn, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	Total.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Borough of Newark:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	42 - -	42 - -	- - The only other officers are the clerk of the peace and two bailiffs, who are all paid by fees. There are no other expenses of the court.
Borough of Newbury:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	40 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	23 3 1	- -	- -	- -	23 3 1	- - Compensation for loss of fees by Juvenile Offenders' Act.
Ditto	- -	- -	- -	29 8 -	29 8 -	Fees at sessions, &c.
Expenses of Fitting up Court, &c.	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -	
					97 11 1	
Borough of Newcastle-under-Lyme:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	22 - -	22 - -	- - The clerk of the peace is also, in part, paid by fees.
Ditto	- -	20 5 -	- -	- -	20 5 -	Compensation.
Other Expenses of Court of Quarter Sessions.	- -	- -	- -	15 - -	15 - -	
					107 5 -	
Borough of Newcastle-upon-Tyne:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	250 - -	250 - -	The court is held in the public hall of the town, for which no rent is paid. An allowance of 25 guineas is annually made to the clerk of the peace, in lieu of stationery; but this includes assize courts and other purposes connected with his appointment.
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - -	
Usher	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Prosecutions at Sessions, including Payments to Witnesses.	- -	- -	- -	188 3 2	188 3 2	
					498 3 2	
Borough of Northampton:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	100 - -	100 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	92 18 -	37 19 -	130 17 -	
					230 17 -	
Borough of Norwich:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	150 - -	150 - -	
Expenses of Prosecutions:						
Sessions - 26 June 1865	- -	77 5 6	- -	20 7 -	97 12 6	
„ - 17 Oct. „	- -	98 13 6	- -	31 8 6	120 2 -	
„ - 8 Jan. 1866	- -	88 19 6	- -	- -	88 19 6	- - These expenses have not been audited by the Government, and it is, therefore not known how much will be charged on the local funds.
„ - 16 Mar. „	- -	120 19 3	- -	- -	120 19 3	
Summoner of Jurors, &c.	- -	- -	- -	24 4 -	24 4 -	
Gas, Firing, Lighting, and Warming Sessions Court.	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -	
					606 17 3	
Borough of Nottingham:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	168 - -	168 - -	
Expenses of Prosecutions	215 15 3	- -	- -	- -	215 15 3	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	133 17 -	133 17 -	
					517 12 3	

BOROUGH COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS—*continued.*

BOROUGH COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d	
Borough of Oswestry:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	40 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	5 5 -	35 17 7	41 2 7	
					81 2 7	
City of Oxford:						
Recorder	- -	- -	52 10 -	- -	52 10 -	
Clerk of the Peace and Registrar.	- -	- -	150 - -	- -	150 - -	
Hallkeeper	- -	- -	30 - -	- -	30 - -	
Miscellaneous Expenses	- -	- -	67 10 -	- -	67 10 -	
					300 - -	
Borough of Penzance:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	20 14 1	20 14 1	
Prosecutions	- -	32 8 -	- -	- -	32 8 -	
					83 2 1	
Borough of Plymouth:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	105 - -	105 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	97 14 8	97 14 8	
Clerk of the Peace, Fees and expenses of Prosecutions included in Orders of Court.	- -	281 2 8	- -	- -	281 2 8	- - Paid by borough treasurer, and repaid by Treasury.
					483 17 4	
Borough of Pontefract:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	40 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	22 18 -	- -	22 18 -	
Compensation for loss of Clerk of the Peace's Office by a former officer.	- -	- -	- -	17 - -	17 - -	
Stationery	- -	- -	- -	6 - -	6 - -	
Prosecutions	- -	- -	- -	21 7 8	21 7 8	- - Part of the costs of prosecutions is borne by Government.
Borough proportion of the expenses of the West Riding.	- -	- -	- -	84 12 7	84 12 7	
					191 18 3	
Borough of Portsmouth:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	105 - -	105 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	250 - -	250 - -	
Crier	- -	- -	- -	26 5 -	26 5 -	
Cost of Prosecutions	- -	- -	- -	100 - -	100 - -	
Stationery	- -	- -	- -	12 - -	12 - -	
					493 5 -	
Borough of Reading:						
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	139 14 -	- -	139 14 -	
Borough of Richmond:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	40 - -	Quarter sessions held in the common hall, for which no charge is made.
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	19 16 8	19 16 8	
					59 16 8	

BOROUGH COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS—*continued.*

BOROUGH COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	Total.	REMARKS.
City of Rochester:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Recorder	- - -	- - -	- - -	40 - -	40 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	95 16 1	- -	21 17 6	80 - -	197 13 7	
Crier	- -	- -	1 4 -	- -	1 4 -	
					238 17 7	
Borough of Rye:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	40 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	9 9 -	9 9 -	
					49 9 -	
Borough of Saffron Walden:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	40 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	25 1 2	25 1 2	
Serjeant-at-Mace	- -	- -	- -	4 - -	4 - -	- - Charged on borough fund. The salary of the serjeant-at-mace is 8*l.* per annum; and as he has duties to perform, as a corporation officer, apart from the court of quarter sessions, this sum has been fixed as a proper sum to charge.
					69 1 2	
City of New Sarum:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	105 - -	105 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	40 - -	
					145 - -	
Borough of Scarborough:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	56 17 -	*40 11 -	97 8 -	* £. 6. 16*s.* of this amount is for filing convictions under the Criminal Justice and Juvenile Offenders Acts.
Serjeant-at-Mace, for serving Jury Summonses and attending Sessions.	- -	- -	- -	2 5 -	2 5 -	
					149 13 -	
Borough of Shrewsbury:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	65 - -	- -	65 - -	
					115 - -	
Borough of Southmolton:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - -	- - The whole of these salaries and fees are paid out of the borough fund.
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	26 4 10	26 4 10	
Serjeants-at-Mace	- -	- -	- -	4 4 -	4 4 -	
					80 8 10	

BOROUGH COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS—*continued.*

BOROUGH COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	Total.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Borough of Stamford:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	42 - -	42 - -	
Borough of Sudbury:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- 18 -	42 13 -	43 11 -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	25 - -	25 - -	
					68 11 -	
Borough of Tenterden:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	40 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	19 17 8	19 17 8	
Court Keeper	- -	- -	- -	3 - -	3 - -	
					89 17 8	
Borough of Tewkesbury:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	40 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	30 - -	30 - -	
Serjeants-at-Mace, and Paper, Parchment, &c.	- -	-	- -	7 - -	7 - -	
					77 - -	
Borough of Thetford:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	40 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	- -	-	Paid by fees.
Crier of the Court	- -	- -	- -	- -	-	Ditto.
					40 - -	
Borough of Tiverton:						
Recorder	- -	-	- -	40 - -	40 - -	
Borough of Walsall:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	65 9 -	- -	- -	65 9 -	- - Compensation for loss of fees, under Criminal Justice Act.
Ditto	- -	- -	- -	50 7 8	50 7 8	Fees, paid out of borough fund.
					165 16 8	
Borough of Warwick:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	26 19 11	26 19 11	Varies according to averages.
Crier	- -	- -	- -	2 10 -	2 10 -	
					79 9 11	
Borough of Wigan:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	32 2 4	32 2 4	- - For expenses, including books, stationery, and advertising.
					82 2 4	

BOROUGH COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS—*continued.*

BOROUGH COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	Total.	REMARKS.
City of Winchester:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	25 19 -	22 2 3	48 1 3	
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	42 - -	42 - -	
Rent of Court	- -	- -	- -	12 - -	12 - -	
					102 1 3	
Borough of New Windsor:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	63 - -	63 - -	
Paid for his Clerk	- -	- -	- -	4 4 -	4 4 -	
					67 4 -	
Borough of Wolverhampton:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	150 - -	150 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	150 - -	70 - -	220 - -	- - The clerk of the peace is paid 1 *l.* 11 *s.* 6 *d.* for each prisoner indicted; charged with the fees of court. He also receives the amount of certain charges made for each session, and paid out of the local funds. He is also entitled to fees for filing convictions under the Criminal Justices and Juvenile Offenders Acts. The average charges are inserted in the respective columns.
Crier of the Court	- -	- -	- -	6 6 -	6 6 -	
					376 6 6	
City of Worcester:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	100 - -	100 - -	Salary.
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	76 17 7	76 17 7	Fees.
Books, Stationery, and other expenses of the Court.	- -	- -	- -	25 - -	25 - -	Expenses.
					201 17 7	
City of York:						
Recorder	- -	- -	- -	136 10 -	136 10 -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	91 9 4	91 9 4	One year's expenses.
Ditto	- -	- -	12 8 6	- -	12 8 6	One year's fees.
Crier of the Court	- -	- -	43 6 -	- -	43 6 -	Ditto.
Advertising, Stationery, Books, &c.	- -	- -	- -	20 - -	20 - -	
					303 13 10	
Total £.	610 15 4	3,443 19 10	1,378 6 10	16,565 5 1	21,998 7 1	

BOROUGH COURTS OF PETTY SESSIONS.*

CITY OF LONDON PETTY SESSIONS†.

CITY OF LONDON PETTY SESSIONS.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
City of London:						
Guildhall Justice Room:						
Chief Clerk	- - -	- - -	- - -	500 - -	500 - -	
Ditto Insurance	- - -	- - -	- - -	5 7 4	5 7 4	
Assistant Clerk	- - -	- - -	- - -	300 - -	300 - -	
Ditto for Parliamentary Return	- - -	- - -	- - -	25 - -	25 - -	
Clerk and Cashier	- - -	- - -	- - -	250 - -	250 - -	
Auditor	- - -	- - -	- - -	50 - -	50 - -	
Summoning Officer	- - -	- - -	- - -	119 12 -	119 12 -	
Ditto Fees in lieu of Salary	- - -	- - -	194 17 -	- - -	194 17 -	
Gaoler	- - -	- - -	- - -	91 - -	91 - -	
Messenger	- - -	- - -	- - -	78 - -	78 - -	
Assistant Messenger (Police Constable and expenses of the same).	- - -	- - -	- - -	85 - -	85 - -	
Charwoman	- - -	- - -	- - -	52 - -	52 - -	
Pensions:						
Assistant Clerk (since deceased)	- - -	- - -	- - -	200 - -	200 - -	
Cashier and Accountant	- - -	- - -	- - -	175 - -	175 - -	
Expenses:						
Printing	- - -	- - -	- - -	49 10 -	49 10 -	
Stationery	- - -	- - -	- - -	56 16 4	56 16 4	
Newspapers	- - -	- - -	- - -	11 3 -	11 3 -	
Law Books	- - -	- - -	- - -	12 5 6	12 5 6	
Winding Clocks	- - -	- - -	- - -	2 2 -	2 2 -	
Repairs—Carpenter	- - -	- - -	- - -	20 19 7	20 19 7	
Upholsterer	- - -	- - -	- - -	9 6 8	9 6 8	
Petty Disbursements	- - -	- - -	- - -	94 4 4	94 4 4	
Officers' Clothing	- - -	- - -	- - -	5 1 3	5 1 3	
					2,387 5 -	
Justice Room, Mansion House:						
Chief Clerk	- - -	- - -	- - -	650 - -	650 - -	
Assistant Clerk	- - -	- - -	- - -	300 - -	300 - -	
Accountant and Cashier	- - -	- - -	- - -	200 - -	200 - -	
Accountant for making Parliamentary Return.	- - -	- - -	- - -	26 - -	26 - -	
Junior Clerk	- - -	- - -	- - -	50 - -	50 - -	
Auditor	- - -	- - -	- - -	50 - -	50 - -	
Summoning Officer	- - -	- - -	- - -	91 - -	91 - -	
Ditto for Fees	- - -	- - -	8 17 -	- - -	8 17 -	
Gaoler	- - -	- - -	- - -	104 - -	104 - -	
Assistant Gaoler	- - -	- - -	- - -	78 - -	78 - -	
Messenger	- - -	- - -	- - -	78 - -	78 - -	
Charwoman	- - -	- - -	- - -	31 - -	31 - -	
Pensions:						
Chief Clerk	- - -	- - -	- - -	700 - -	700 - -	
Assistant Clerk	- - -	- - -	- - -	73 - -	73 - -	
Ditto for Insurance	- - -	- - -	- - -	57 18 4	57 18 4	
Cashier	- - -	- - -	- - -	250 - -	250 - -	
Summons Clerk	- - -	- - -	- - -	150 - -	150 - -	
Summoning Officer	- - -	- - -	- - -	91 - -	91 - -	
Expenses	- - -	- - -	- - -	209 5 8	209 5 8	
					3,148 1 -	
Office of Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	200 - -	200 - -	- - The fees received amount to less than the salary, and are paid in gross into the Chamber of London. No rent is paid, the building being corporate property. All expenses of whatsoever description are paid by the clerk of the peace out of the salary.
Office of Clerk of Special Sessions.	- -	- -	- -	300 - -	300 - -	- - The fees received amount to less than the salary, and are paid into the city's cash. No rent is paid, the room occupied being corporate property. The books, stationery, &c., are the same as in use at the Guildhall Justice Room, and are charged to that account.

* From Returns furnished by the Mayors.

† From Returns furnished by the Chief Clerks.

BOROUGH COURTS OF PETTY SESSIONS—*continued.*

BOROUGH COURTS OF PETTY SESSIONS.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	Total.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Borough of Abingdon:						
Clerk to Justices	- -	- -	39 1 6	33 2 6	72 4 -	
Borough of Arundel:						
Town Clerk	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - -	
Borough of Ashton under-Lyne:						
Clerk to Justices	- -	- -	350 - -	- -	373 16 5	
Stationery	- -	- -	23 16 5			
Borough of Basingstoke:						
Stationery, Fire, Attendance of Hall Keeper, &c.	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	13 3 -	
Use of Room for County Sessions.	- -	- -	- -	3 3 -		
Borough of Bath:						No salary allowed.
Clerk to Justices (Police Expenses).	- -	- -	- -	150 9 6	- -	
Cost of summary Convictions, Expenses of Constables under Magistrates' orders; less Fines and Penalties received from Clerk to Justices.	- -	- -	- -	58 19 7	209 9 1	
Borough of Beccles:						
Fees received by the Clerk to Justices.	- -	- -	87 8 -	- -	92 17 9	
Care and Repair of Court-house.	- -	- -	5 9 9			
Borough of Bedford:						
Amount of Fees received by Justices' Clerk.	- -	- -	111 9 5	- -	116 4 11	
Forms and Stationery	- -	- -	4 15 6			
Borough of Berwick-upon-Tweed:						
Justices' Clerks' Fees	- -	- -	169 - -	- -	169 - -	
Borough of Birmingham:						- - The following charges are paid by the Clerks out of the Gross Salary, viz.:
Stipendiary Magistrate	- -	- -	- -	1,000 - -	3,100 - -	Assistant and Writing Clerks £. 515
Magistrates' Clerks	- -	- -	- -	2,100 - -		Stationery 150
						Rent 40
						Income Tax 30
						Petty Cash and incidental Expenses 60
						Total £. 795
Borough of Blackburn:						- - No rent is paid, the Sessions being held at the Town Hall.
Clerk to Justices	- -	- -	- -	330 - -	338 13 8	
Books and Stationery	- -	- -	- -	8 13 8		
Borough of Bolton:						
Clerk to Justices	- -	- -	415 10 -	- -	415 10 -	
Borough of Boston:						- - The Court fees are paid to the Clerk, as compensation in lieu of a salary.
Expenses	- -	- -	- -	70 14 8	70 14 8	
Borough of Bridgnorth:						
Clerk to Petty Sessions	- -	- -	- -	35 - -	58 - -	
Compensation to former Clerk by Annuity for Life.	- -	- -	- -	23 - -		

BOROUGH COURTS OF PETTY SESSIONS—*continued.*

BOROUGH COURTS OF PETTY SESSIONS.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	Total.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Borough of Brighton:						
Stipendiary Magistrate -	- - -	- -	- - -	800 - -	800 - -	
Clerk to Justices - - -	- - -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- - The whole of the Court fees are retained by the Clerk to the Justices.
City of Bristol:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- - -	- -	- - -	1,000 - -	1,300 - -	
Allowance for Clerks - -	- - -	- -	- - -	300 - -		
Borough of Buckingham:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- - -	- -	- - -	15 - -	15 - -	
City and Borough of Canterbury:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- - -	- -	- - -	190 - -	190 - -	
Borough of Cardiff:						
Stipendiary Magistrate -	- - -	- -	- - -	600 - -	878 13 -	
Clerk to Justices - - -	- - -	- -	250 - -	- -		
Payments for Books, Stationery, Printing, Postages, &c.	- - -	- -	28 13 -	- -		
City of Carlisle:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- - -	- -	- - -	100 - -	100 - -	
Borough of Chard:						
Clerk to Magistrates - -	- - -	- -	- - -	5 4 -	5 4 -	
Borough of Chesterfield:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- - -	- -	105 15 7	27 11 -	133 6 7	Paid by fees.
Borough of Chipping Norton:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- - -	- -	13 - -	- -	13 - -	
Borough of Dartmouth:						
Use of Room - - -	- - -	- -	- - -	20 - -	20 - -	- - The clerk to the justices is paid by fees.
Borough of Deal:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- - -	- -	- - -	36 9 -	44 17 9	
Disbursements - - -	- - -	- -	- - -	8 8 9		
Borough of Derby:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- - -	- -	- - -	65 10 6	65 10 6	- - There are no salaries, compensations or pensions, paid on account of this court. There are two clerks who are paid by fees, received for the most part from private prosecutors and complainants. The sum of 65 *l.* 10 *s.* 6 *d.* was charged by them during the year to the corporation for proceedings against persons brought up or charged by the police. The court room, with fire and gas, is provided by the corporation, of which expense there is no separate account kept. No other payment is made out of any public fund for the maintenance of this court.
Borough of Devizes:						
Magistrates' Clerk attending Special Sessions.	- -	- -	- -	17 8 6	17 8 6	- - The fees are paid direct to the magistrates' clerk, and retained by him.
Borough of Dorchester:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	25 - -	- -	25 - -	

BOROUGH COURTS OF PETTY SESSIONS—*continued.*

BOROUGH COURTS OF PETTY SESSIONS.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	Total.	Remarks.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Borough of Dover:						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	166 15 5	166 15 5	
Borough of Folkestone:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	- -	57 5 11	57 5 11	- - Fees for cases of prosecution by the police, when no order is made for payment on the defendants, or where the amount of such orders, if made, cannot be recovered, and does not include the fees for business brought before the Petty Sessions by parties not connected with the police.
Borough of Godalming:						
Town Clerk - - -	- -	- -	13 18 6	- - -	16 - 6	
Stationery - - - -	- -	- -	- -	2 2 -		
City of Gloucester:						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	80 - -	216 4 -	
Candles - - - -	- -	- -	- -	- 2 -		
Coal - - - - -	- -	- -	- -	2 2 -		
Keeper of the Court - -	- -	- -	- -	20 - -		
Compensations, late Clerk to Justices.	- -	- -	- -	114 - -		
Borough of Gravesend:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	55 - -	- -	55 - -	
Borough of Great Grimsby:						
Magistrates' Clerk's Fees -	- -	- -	63 17 6	- -	63 17 6	
Borough of Hartlepool:						
Keeper of the Town Hall -	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	17 10 -	
Keeping the Hall clean, Lighting Fires, &c.	- -	- -	- -	7 10 -		
Stationery and other minor expenses.	- -	- -	- -	5 - -		
City of Hereford:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	-	- -	- -	46 4 -	46 4 -	
Borough of King's Lynn:						
Clerk to Justices - -	- -	- -	- -	101 3 -	101 3 -	- - In addition the Clerk receives the Fees of Court.
Borough of Kingston-upon-Hull:						
Stipendiary Magistrate -	- -	- -	- -	800 - -	800 - -	- - Clerk to Justices paid by fees. There are two assistant clerks, who are paid by the Clerk to the Justices. The Clerk to the Justices also pays for all printing and extra copying and postages, and other incidental expenses. The Borough also provides the Police Court, free of rent, and also all stationery and books.
Borough of Leeds:						
Clerk to the Magistrates, Fees	- -	- -	535 - -	- -	535 - -	
Borough of Leicester:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	- -	159 19 3	159 19 3	

BOROUGH COURTS OF PETTY SESSIONS—*continued.*

BOROUGH COURTS OF PETTY SESSIONS.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	Total.	REMARKS.
Borough of Liverpool:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Clerk to Justices	- -	- -	- -	800 - -		
Assistant Clerk	- -	- -	- -	300 - -		
Ditto	- -	- -	- -	300 - -		
Ditto	- -	- -	- -	270 - -		
Ditto	- -	- -	- -	250 - -		
Ditto	- -	- -	- -	150 - -		
Ditto	- -	- -	- -	120 - -	- -	- - This salary has been increased to 140 *l.* Also another clerk, at 70 *l.* per annum, has been added to this staff.
Ditto	- -	- -	- -	100 - -		
Ditto	- -	- -	- -	90 - -	5,206 1 10	
Ditto	- -	- -	- -	80 - -		
Stipendiary Magistrate	- -	- -	- -	1,200 - -		A building has been provided for the transaction of the business of this Court, at an expense of 40,000 *l.*, for which no rent is charged.
Deputy ditto during his absence.	- -	- -	- -	151 4 -		
For Printing, Stationery, and other disbursements of the Office.	- -	- -	- -	362 7 10		
For Cleaning, Repairs, Warming, Lighting, &c.	- -	- -	- -	1,032 10 -		
Borough of Llanidloes:						
Clerk to Justices	- -	- -	45 - -	- -	45 - -	
Borough of Lyme Regis:						
Magistrates' Clerk	- -	- -	- -	8 - -	8 - -	
Borough of Maldon:						
Clerk to Justices	- -	- -	- -	60 - -		
Keeper of Lock-up	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	75 -	
Matron of Lock-up	- -	- -	- -	5 - -		
Stationery	- -	- -	- -	5 - -		
Borough of Margate, and Thanet Division of Dover:						
Clerk to Justices	- -	- -	210 13 10	- -	210 13 10	
Borough of Newark:						
Stationery	- -	- -	- -	3 - -	3 - -	- - The only officer is the Clerk to the Magistrates, who is paid by fees only. There are no other expenses of the Court.
Borough of Newbury:						
Cleaning Room, Fires, &c.	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	- - The room for the Petty Sessions was provided by the Town Council of the Borough.
Stationery, &c.	- -	- -	- -	2 - -	2 - -	
Borough of Newcastle-upon-Tyne:						
Clerks to Justices	- -	- -	625 - -	- -	688 8 9	
Books and Stationery	- -	- -	63 8 9			
Borough of Norwich:						
Magistrate's Clerk	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	Paid by fees.
Stationery, Firing, Gas, &c.	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Borough of Nottingham.						
Clerk to Justices	- -	- -	- -	180 9 4	180 9 4	
Borough of Oldham:						
Clerk to Justices	- -	- -	262 10 -			
Printing and Stationery	- -	- -	40 10 -			
Use of Court Room	- -	- -	30 - -	- -	338 2 9	
Filing Convictions	- -	- -	4 15 3			
Coach Hire	- -	- -	- 7 6			

BOROUGH COURTS OF PETTY SESSIONS—*continued.*

BOROUGH COURTS OF PETTY SESSIONS.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Borough of Penryn:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	30 2 –	- -	30 2 –	- - The Clerk is not paid by salary, but by fees.
Borough of Plymouth:						
Clerk to Magistrates - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - Paid by fees; the amount has not been supplied by him.
Clerk to Magistrates, Annual Bill.	- -	- -	- -	92 2 6		
Two Town Serjeants - -	- -	- -	30 – –	104 – –		
One Town Serjeant (Superannuation Allowance).	- -	- -	- -	39 – –	319 6 6	
Town Corporal - - -	- -	- -	- -	44 4 –		
Stationery or other expenses of Court.	- -	- -	- -	10 – –		
Borough of Pontefract:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	64 10 –	- -		
Person lighting Fires and cleaning Town Hall.	- -	- -	- -	5 – –	92 11 5	
Stationery and Book - -	- -	- -	- -	8 10 11		
Apprehending Prisoners, &c.	- -	- -	- -	14 10 6		
Borough of Reading:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	- -	137 2 4	137 2 4	
Borough of East Retford:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	68 16 9	- -	68 16 9	
Borough of Richmond:						
Clerk to Magistrates - -	- -	- -	28 – –	- -	28 – –	- - Paid by fees of office, which average about 28 *l.* a year.
Borough of Rye:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	Paid by fees.
Serjeant-at-Mace and Keeper of the Court.	- -	- -	- -	12 12 –	12 12 –	
Borough of Saffron Walden:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	- -	40 17 6	40 17 6	
Borough of Salford:						
Stipendiary Magistrate -	- -	- -	420 – –			
Clerk - - - - -	- -	- -	500 – –			
Rent and Rates - - -	- -	- -	240 7 11	- -	1,228 9 5	- - One-half of fixed salary, the other half being paid by the Manchester Divisional Petty Sessions Court.
Printing and Stationery -	- -	- -	56 19 5			
Sundries - - - - -	- -	- -	11 2 1			
Borough of Shaftesbury:						
Town Clerk - - -	- -	- -	- -	20 – –	20 –	
Borough of Sheffield:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	724 – –	- -	724 – –	
Borough of Shrewsbury:						
Expenses - - - -	26 10 –	- -	- -	62 – –	88 10 –	- - There are no salaries, compensations, or pensions paid to officers of Petty Sessions in Shrewsbury. The Justices' Clerk is paid by fees, out of which he provides books, stationery, &c.
Borough of Southwold:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	- -	7 18 –	7 18 –	- - In addition to the charge of 7 *l.* 18 *s.* the Clerk receives the fees of summons, warrants, &c., in summary and indictable offences (primary charges) before commitment to Sessions, Assizes, &c.
Borough of Stafford:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	13 – –	- -	13 – –	
Borough of Tenby:						
Superannuated Police Officer	- -	- -	- -	20 – –	20 – –	

BOROUGH COURTS OF PETTY SESSIONS—*continued.*

BOROUGH COURTS OF PETTY SESSIONS.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	Total.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Borough of Tenterden:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	- -	22 - -	22 - -	Paid by fees.
Borough of Thetford:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	- -	32 2 -	32 2 -	
Borough of Totnes:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	- -	*20 - -	22 - -	* In addition to this salary the Clerk takes the usual fees for summonses, depositions, &c., in proceedings before Justices.
Stationery, Printing, &c. -	- -	- -	- -	2 - -		
Borough of Truro:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	- -	42 1 2	42 1 2	
Borough of Tynemouth:						
Magistrates' Clerks - -	- -	- -	- -	300 - -	325 - -	
Books and Stationery - -	- -	- -	- -	25 - -		
Borough of Walsall						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	250 - -	- -	255 - -	- - The Courts are held in the Town Hall, and there is no charge for rent.
Stationery, &c. - - -	- -	- -	5 - -			
Borough of Warrington:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	300 - -	- -	300 - -	- - The Magistrates' Clerks' fees are paid to the Borough Fund, and the Clerk, in lieu of fees, has a fixed salary. The Court House belongs to the Corporation. The printing, &c. is paid by the Clerk, out of his salary.
Borough of Wenlock:						
Recorder - - - -	- -	- -	- -	42 - -	177 2 11	
Clerk of the Peace - -	- -	- -	- -	31 12 2		
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	- -	80 16 5		
Rent of Room - - -	- -	- -	- -	5 - -		
Cleaning, Coals, &c. - -	- -	- -	- -	16 4 4		
Stationery - - - -	- -	- -	- -	1 10 -		
City of Winchester:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	- -	40 13 3	40 13 3	
Borough of Wisbech:						
Rent - - - - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - A room in the Town Hall is used; value about 5 *l.* per annum.
Books, Stationery, Fire, and Gas Light.	- -	- -	- -	8 8 -	8 8 -	
Borough of Wolverhampton:						
Clerk to Justices - - -	- -	- -	300 - -	- -	350 - -	
Stationery, Gas, &c. - -	- -	- -	50 - -			
City of Worcester:						
Police Magistrate - -	- -	- -	- -	300 - -	443 - -	
Clerk - - - - -	- -	- -	- -	80 - -		
Constables - - - -	- -	- -	- -	3 - -		
Printing, Stationery, and Books	- -	- -	- -	35 - -		
Repairs and Maintenance of Building.	- -	- -	- -	25 - -		
Total - - - £.	26 10 -	- -	6,874 12 8	21,682 6 6	28,583 9 2	

LOCAL COURTS OF CIVIL JURISDICTION.*

LOCAL COURTS OF CIVIL JURISDICTION.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Court Baron of the Manor of Alston, Cumberland:						
Steward	50 – –	– –	– –	– –	50 – –	– – No specific salary is attached to the office of steward, but the 50 *l.* covers it, and also any law charges for professional business (except money out of pocket) done by him for the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty within the manor.
Wapentake Court of Amounderness, in the County of Lancaster:						
Deputy Stewards	– –	– –	13 9 10	– –	13 9 10	– – All the fees are received by the deputy stewards, out of which they defray the expenses.
Printing and Stationery	– –	– –	1 10 –	– –	1 10 –	
					14 19 10	
Court Baron of the Manor of St. Bees, in the County of Cumberland:						
Deputy Steward	– –	– –	46 – –	– –	46 – –	
Court Baron for the Wapentake or Hundred of Blackburn, in the County of Lancaster:						
Steward	– –	– –	37 – –	– –	37 – –	
Manor Court, Bradford, Yorkshire:						
Steward	– –	– –	126 – –	– –	126 – –	– – The fees arise entirely from the proceedings in the court.
Tolzey Court, Bristol	– –	– –	– –	– –	– –	– – The recorder of Bristol, whose salary is paid out of the borough fund (*see* Return of town clerk of Bristol, p. 36, i.) is the judge of the Tolzey Court, and he is the only person who receives any salary in respect of that court.
Law Hundred and Foreign Courts of the Borough of Colchester:						
Recorder	– –	– –	– –	60 – –	60 – –	– – The recorder is judge of the Law Hundred and Foreign Courts, but his attendance is rarely required.
Deputy Judge	– –	– –	– –	10 10 –	10 10 –	
Registrar	– –	– –	5 – –	– –	5 – –	– – The registrar is paid by fees of court, which amount, upon an average, to about 5 *l.* per annum.
					75 10 –	
Court of Record, Derby:						
Judge	– –	– –	– –	50 – –	50 – –	

* From Returns furnished by the Registrars of the Courts.

LOCAL COURTS OF CIVIL JURISDICTION—*continued.*

LOCAL COURTS OF CIVIL JURISDICTION.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
Court Baron of the Barony and Borough of Egremont, in the County of Cumberland:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Deputy Steward and Bailiff	– –	– –	75 – –	– –	75 – –	
Provost Court of the City of Exeter:						
Registrar	– –	– –	22 – –	– –	22 – –	
Court of Small Pleas for the Borough of Ipswich:						
Registrar	– –	– –	5 – –	– –	5 – –	
Serjeants-at-Mace						
Court of Record in Kingston-upon-Hull:						
Judge	– –	– –	– –	50 – –	50 – –	– – £. 50 per annum payable to the judge of the court, included in his salary of 200 *l.* per annum payable to him as recorder of the said borough of Kingston-upon-Hull.
Registrar	– –	– –	150 – –	– –	150 – –	– – The registrar of the court is paid exclusively by fees payable by the suitors in the court. The serjeant-at-mace of the court is also paid by fees payable by the suitors.
Crier					200 – –	
Peculiar Court of the Honor of Knaresborough:						
Registrar	37 18 –	– –	– –	– –	37 18 –	
Borough Court, Lancaster:						
Judge	– –	– –	– –	10 – –	10 – –	– – Up to September 1865, since which date no successor appointed.
Registrar	– –	– –	– –	– –	– –	– – Paid by fees of court, amount of which, for year ending March 1866, was nil.
					10 – –	
Court of Passage of the Borough of Liverpool:						
Assessor	– –	– –	– –	500 – –	500 – –	– – The fees of the court are paid to the borough fund, and the salaries are paid out of that fund.
Registrar (the Town Clerk) paid a Salary for all his duties.	—	—	—	—	—	
Deputy Registrar	– –	– –	– –	400 – –	400 – –	
Clerk	– –	– –	– –	110 – –	110 – –	
Serjeant-at-Mace	– –	– –	– –	120 – –	120 – –	
Summoning Officers (two) 10 *l.* each	– –	– –	– –	20 – –	20 – –	
Rent	– –	– –	– –	– –	– –	
Books, Stationery, Printing, and other expenses.	– –	– –	– –	50 – –	50 – –	– – The office of the court is held in the Town Hall, and therefore no specific sum is paid for rent.
					1,200 – –	

LOCAL COURTS OF CIVIL JURISDICTION—*continued.*

LOCAL COURTS OF CIVIL JURISDICTION.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
City of London:						
*Lord Mayor's Court	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - The fees of court are paid into the general funds of the corporation, out of which all the expenses are paid, except as specially mentioned by Note (*b*).
Judge	- -	- -	- -	- (*a*) -	- -	- - (*a*) It will be observed that no sum is entered as the salary of the judge. The recorder and common serjeant, amongst their other duties, sit as judges of the Mayor's Court, but no particular amount is paid for these specific duties; their salaries apply to the aggregate duties.
Deputy Judge	- -	- -	(*b*)147 - -	- -	147 - -	- - (*b*) It should be noticed that in the event of the recorder not being able to sit as judge he may appoint a deputy. If the deputy, other than the common serjeant, sits as judge in ordinary civil actions, he receives no fee, but in cases of assessment of compensation for property taken by railway companies, &c., a fee of 20 guineas is taken for the deputy judge. During the period mentioned the sum of 147 *l.* was received from the railway companies, &c., and paid to the deputy judge.
Registrar	- -	- -	- -	1,000 - -	1,000 - -	
Deputy Registrar	- -	- -	- -	300 - -	300 - -	
Serjeant-at-Mace	- -	- -	- -	250 - -	250 - -	
Deputy Serjeant-at-Mace	- -	- -	- -	150 - -	150 - -	
First Clerk	- -	- -	- -	100 - -	100 - -	
Second Clerk	- -	- -	- -	104 - -	104 - -	
Third Clerk	- -	- -	- -	47 - -	47 - -	
Housekeeper	- -	- -	- -	26 - -	26 - -	
Compensations:						
Attorney of Mayor's Court	- -	- -	- -	325 - -	325 - -	- - It should also be noticed that for a very long period prior to the year 1853 there were only four attorneys allowed to practice in the Mayor's Court, but in the years 1853–4 an arrangement was made by the corporation with the remaining two attorneys having the right by purchase of exclusive practice to allow to each the annual sum of 325 *l.* in purchase of such exclusive rights, and also to the first and surviving attorney a further sum of 21 *l.* per annum in lieu of fees received by him as clerk of the bails.
Ditto	- -	- -	- -	325 - -	325 - -	
Clerk of the Bails	- -	- -		21 - -	21 - -	
Expenses of Court:						
Rent, Taxes, Books, Stationery, and other expenses.	- -	- -	- -	370 - -	370 - -	
					3,165 - -	
†Sheriffs' Court:						
Judge	- -	- -	900 - -	- -	900 - -	
Registrar	- -	- -	500 - -	- -	500 - -	
Clerk of Judgments	- -	- -	249 18 11	- -	249 18 11	
Clerk Accountant	- -	- -	245 - -	- -	245 - -	
Cash Clerk	- -	- -	150 - -	- -	150 - -	
Process Clerk	- -	- -	147 10 9	- -	147 10 9	
Ledger Clerk	- -	- -	130 - -	- -	130 - -	
Assistant Clerk	- -	- -	107 10 -	- -	107 10 -	
Copying Clerk	- -	- -	115 - -	- -	115 - -	
Assistant Copying Clerk	- -	- -	87 10 -	- -	87 10 -	
Town Clerks Establishment	- -	- -	50 - -	- -	50 - -	
Chief Bailiff	- -	- -	350 - -	- -	350 - -	
Bailiff	- -	- -	130 - -	- -	130 - -	
Bailiff	- -	- -	93 15 -	- -	93 15 -	
Bailiff	- -	- -	100 - -	- -	100 - -	
Bailiff	- -	- -	82 3 10	- -	82 3 10	
Assistant Baliff and Messenger	- -	- -	62 2 2	- -	62 2 2	
Broker	- -	- -	20 - -	- -	20 - -	
Accountant	- -	- -	31 10 -	- -	31 10 -	
Pensions, viz.:						
Late Chief Clerk	- -	- -	275 - -	- -	275 - -	
Late First Assistant Clerk	- -	- -	100 - -	- -	100 - -	
Late Beadle	- -	- -	65 - -	- -	65 - -	
Widow of Bailiff	- -	- -	52 - -	- -	52 - -	
Rent, Taxes, Insurance, and Incidental expenses.	- -	- -	596 8 -	- -	596 8 -	
Repairs and Alterations	- -	- -	182 15 6	- -	182 15 6	
Printing and Stationery	- -	- -	216 17 10	- -	216 17 10	
					5,040 2 -	

* Return furnished by the Registrar of the Court. † Return furnished by the Chamberlain as Treasurer of the Court.

LOCAL COURTS OF CIVIL JURISDICTION—*continued.*

LOCAL COURTS OF CIVIL JURISDICTION.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	Total.	REMARKS.
Court of Record for the Trial of Civil Actions within the City of Manchester:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Recorder and Judge of the Court	- -	- -	300 - -	- -	300 - -	
Registrar of the Court	- -	- -	500 - -	- -	500 - -	- - The registrar's remuneration is included in and forms part of the salary paid to him as town clerk.
Deputy Registrar and Serjeant-at-Mace.	- -	- -	300 - -	- -	300 - -	
Clerk	- -	- -	67 12 -	- -	67 12 -	
Crier of the Court	- -	- -	25 - -	- -	25 - -	
Rent of Assize Courts for holding Court.	- -	- -	300 - -	- -	300 - -	
Rent of Offices, Coals, Gas, and Water.	- -	- -	100 - -	- -	100 - -	
Services of Police Constables	- -	- -	20 4 6	- -	20 4 6	
Printing, Stationery, Books, Advertising, and other expenses.	- -	- -	93 4 4	- -	93 4 4	
					1,706 - 10	
Burgers and Non-Burgers Courts of Record for the Borough of Newcastle-upon-Tyne:						
Judge and Recorder	- -	- -	32 - -	- -	32 - -	
Prothonotary	- -	- -	238 - -	- -	238 - -	
					270 - -	
Court of Record for the Borough of Newark:						
Judge	- -	- -	- -	20 - -	20 - -	
Registrar Two Bailiffs	- -	- -	6 - -	- -	6 - -	
					26 - -	
Court of Record of the Borough of Northampton:						
Judge	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - The recorder acts as judge, but receives no additional salary for fees for the trial of causes.
Registrar	- -	- -	109 - -	- -	109 - -	- - The emolument of the registrar arises from the fees paid by suitors, which, for the year ending 31st March 1866, amounted to 109*l.*
Bailiff	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - The bailiff has no salary, but receives fees for the service and execution of process, but amount not known.
					109 - -	
Court of Guildhall and Court of Conscience, Norwich:						
Court of Guildhall:						
Late Steward, Compensation	- -	- -	- -	48 - -	48 - -	
Judge, Salary	- -	- -	- -	60 - -	60 - -	
Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	46 - -	- -	46 - -	Paid by Fees.
Compensation granted on passing of the County Courts Act.	45 - -	- -	- -	- -	45 - -	
Court of Conscience: (Abolished by County Courts Act).						
Compensation as late Bailiff	40 - -	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	
					239 - -	
Borough Court of Nottingham:						
Serjeant-at-Mace	3 7 5	- -	- -	- -	3 7 5	

LOCAL COURTS OF CIVIL JURISDICTION—*continued.*

LOCAL COURTS OF CIVIL JURISDICTION.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Chancellor's Court of the University of Oxford:						
Assessor	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	40 - -	
Registrar	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Registrar and Mandatory	- -	- -	56 - -	- -	56 - -	
					106 - -	
Mayor's Court, in the City of Oxford:						
Registrar	- -	- -	41 - -	- -	41 - -	- - The registrar of the court receives a salary of 300 *l.* as town clerk for all his duties, including those connected with the Mayor's Court.
Court of Common Pleas for the City of Peterborough:						
Steward, Bailiff and Solicitors	- -	- -	29 - -	- -	29 - -	
Court of Pleas for the Borough of Preston:						
Judge of the Court	- -	- -	- -	10 10 -	10 10 -	
Registrar	- -	- -	59 - -	- -	59 - -	
Serjeants-at-Mace	- -	- -	- -	12 12 -	12 12 -	
					82 2 -	
Court of Pleas for the Liberty of Ramsey, in the County of Huntingdon:						
Steward	- -	- -	45 10 -	- -	45 10 -	The court is one supported by suitors fees; was created by grant in 31 Hen. 8. The books, stationery, &c., are found by the officers.
Bailiff	- -	- -	15 3 4	- -	15 3 4	
					60 13 4	
Court of Record for the Hundred of Salford, in the County of Lancaster:						
Assistant Registrar, Salary	- -	- -	200 - -	- -	200 - -	The total amount of fees received by the said Court of Record for the year amounted to the sum of 1,130*l.* 3*s.*, comprised in this Return: and the sum of 653*l.* 12*s.* being the balance of the said fees, after payment of the salaries and expenses stated in the abstract, was divided into three equal parts, and 217*l.* 17*s.* 4*d.*, one of such parts, was paid to the steward of the said hundred; the like sum of 217*l.* 17*s.* 4*d.* to the judge of the said Court of Record; and the remaining sum of 217*l.* 17*s.* 4*d.* to the registrar of the said court and deputy steward of the said hundred.
Crier, Salary	- -	- -	21 - -	- -	21 - -	
Clerk, Salary	- -	- -	41 11 -	- -	41 11 -	
Head Bailiff, Fees	- -	- -	29 11 11	- -	29 11 11	
Incidentals	- -	- -	184 8 1	- -	184 8 1	
					476 11 -	
Court of Record for the Borough of Southwark:						
Judge	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - -	There are no charges on the Consolidated Fund or on Votes of Parliament, and no pensions or compensations. The high bailiff's salary includes the holding elections for Members of Parliament for the borough, and his other duty as an officer of the corporation.
Prothonotary	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - -	
High Bailiff	- -	- -	- -	105 - -	105 - -	
					205 - -	
TOTAL £.	176 5 5	- -	8,527 7 -	4,804 12 -	13,508 4 5	

IRELAND.

RETURN FROM THE TREASURER OF EACH COUNTY AND BOROUGH IN IRELAND.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
COUNTY OF ANTRIM:						
COURT OF ASSIZE:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Salaries:						
Treasurer	- - -	- - -	- - -	370 - -	370 - -	These sums are paid out of Grand Jury Cess, or local fund so called.
Clerk of Crown	- - -	- - -	- - -	370 - -	370 - -	
Clerk of Peace	- - -	- - -	- - -	370 - -	370 - -	
Secretary of Grand Jury	- - -	- - -	- - -	203 - -	203 - -	
Two Sheriffs	- - -	- - -	- - -	93 - -	93 - -	
Judges' Crier	- - -	- - -	- - -	14 - -	14 - -	
Sessions Crier	- - -	- - -	- - -	18 - -	18 - -	
Four Sessions Court Keepers, at 10 *l.* each	- - -	- - -	- - -	40 - -	40 - -	
£.	- -	- -	- -	1,478 - -	1,478 - -	
COUNTY OF ARMAGH:						
COUNTY OF ASSIZE AND SESSIONS:						
Salaries:						
Clerk of Crown	- - -	- - -	- - -	324 - -	324 - -	Paid from the County Cess.
Clerk of Peace	- - -	- - -	- - -	324 - -	324 - -	
Sub-Sheriff	- - -	- - -	- - -	74 - -	74 - -	
Crier at Sessions	- - -	- - -	- - -	14 - -	14 - -	
Crier at Assizes	- - -	- - -	- - -	12 - -	12 - -	
County Court-house Keeper	- - -	- - -	- - -	14 - -	14 - -	
Four Session-house Keepers, at 5*l.*	- - -	- - -	- - -	20 - -	20 - -	
Rent and Court Expenses	- - -	- - -	- - -	239 9 8	239 9 8	
Witnesses at Assizes and Sessions	- - -	- - -	- - -	365 14 9	365 14 9	
£.	- -	- -	- -	1,387 4 5	1,387 4 5	
COUNTY OF CARLOW:						
COURTS OF JUSTICE:						
Salaries:						
Clerk of the Crown	- - -	- - -	- - -	185 - -	185 - -	Paid from the County Cess.
Clerk of the Peace	- - -	- - -	- - -	277 - -	277 - -	
Sub-Sheriff	- - -	- - -	- - -	47 - -	47 - -	
Judges' Crier	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
Barristers' Crier	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
Court Keeper	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
Ditto	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 - -	8 - -	
Ditto	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 - -	8 - -	
Rents:						
Court House, Bagenalston	- - -	- - -	- - -	26 5 -	26 5 -	
Court House, Tullow	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
Sessions House, Myshal	- - -	- - -	- - -	5 - -	5 - -	
Sessions House, Borris	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
Sessions House, Hacketstown	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
Sessions House, Fenagh	- - -	- - -	- - -	5 - -	5 - -	
Fuel, Stationery, &c., Carlow Court House	- - -	- - -	- - -	39 6 7	39 6 7	
Fuel, Stationery, &c., Tullow Court House	- - -	- - -	- - -	4 16 7	4 16 7	
Fuel, Stationery, &c., Bagenalstown Court House	- - -	- - -	- - -	5 - 6	5 - 6	
£.	- -	- -	- -	670 8 8	670 8 8	

RETURN FROM THE TREASURER OF EACH COUNTY AND BOROUGH IN IRELAND—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenes, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
COUNTY OF THE TOWN OF CARRICKFERGUS:						
Salaries:						
Clerk of the Crown	- -	- -	- -	23 1 6	23 1 6	Paid out of the County Cess.
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	24 - -	24 - -	
Court Keeper at Quarter Sessions	- -	- -	- -	2 - -	2 - -	
Court Keeper at Assizes	- -	- -	- -	2 - -	2 - -	
£.	- -	- -	- -	51 1 6	51 1 6	
COUNTY OF CAVAN:						
Salaries:						
Clerk of the Crown	- -	- -	46 1 3	324 - -	370 1 3	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	90 16 7	324 - -	414 16 7	
County Surveyor	- -	- -	- -	450 - -	450 - -	
County Treasurer	- -	- -	- -	324 - -	324 - -	
Secretary of Grand Jury	- -	- -	25 - -	185 - -	210 - -	
£.	- -	- -	161 17 10	1,607 - -	1,768 17 10	
COUNTY OF CLARE:						
Courts of Assizes, Quarter Sessions, and Petty Sessions:						
Salaries:						
Clerk of the Crown	- -	- -	- -	324 - -	324 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	324 - -	324 - -	
Sub-Sheriff	- -	- -	- -	74 - -	74 - -	
Crier at Assizes	- -	- -	- -	12 - -	12 - -	
Crier at Quarter Sessions	- -	- -	- -	14 - -	14 - -	
Interpreter at Assizes	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Interpreter at Quarter Sessions	- -	- -	- -	30 - -	30 - -	
County Court-house Keeper	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - -	
Sessions House Court Keepers:						
At Kilrush	- -	- -	- -	8 - -	8 - -	
At Tulla	- -	- -	- -	8 - -	8 - -	
At Ennistymon	- -	- -	- -	8 - -	8 - -	
At Killaloe	- -	- -	- -	8 - -	8 - -	
At Six-Mile Bridge	- -	- -	- -	8 - -	8 - -	
Rents of Court Houses	- -	- -	- -	127 10 -	127 10 -	
Stationery, Fuel, and other Expenses	- -	- -	- -	52 13 10	52 13 10	
£.	- -	- -	- -	1,058 3 10	1,058 3 10	

RETURN FROM THE TREASURER OF EACH COUNTY OR BOROUGH IN IRELAND—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
COUNTY OF CORK:						
Salaries:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Clerk of the Crown:						
Salary	- - -	- - -	- - -	462 - -	462 - -	
Expenses on Account of Special Commission	- - -	- - -	- - -	115 10 -	115 10 -	
The late Sub-Sheriff:						
Salary	- - -	- - -	- - -	111 - -	111 - -	
Expenses on Account of Special Commission	- - -	- - -	- - -	27 15 -	27 15 -	
Judges' Crier:						
Salary	- - -	- - -	- - -	20 - -	20 - -	
Expenses on account of Special Commission	- - -	- - -	- - -	5 - -	5 - -	
Court Keeper	- - -	- - -	- - -	20 - -	20 - -	
Interpreter at Assizes	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
Clerk of the Peace:						
Salary	- - -	- - -	- - -	554 - -	554 - -	
Jurors' Book, &c.	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 12 6	10 12 6	
Crier of Quarter Sessions, East Riding	- - -	- - -	- - -	25 - -	25 - -	
Crier of Quarter Sessions, West Riding	- - -	- - -	- - -	25 - -	25 - -	
Interpreter, Quarter Sessions, East Riding	- - -	- - -	- - -	30 - -	30 - -	
Interpreter, Quarter Sessions, West Riding	- - -	- - -	- - -	30 - -	30 - -	
Rents of 40 Petty Session Houses	- - -	- - -	- - -	406 - -	406 - -	
Expenses of Prosecutors and Witnesses at Assizes, Quarter Sessions, Petty Sessions, and at Special Commission	2,541 11 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	2,541 11 -	
£.	2,541 11 -	- - -	- - -	1,851 17 6	4,393 8 6	
CITY OF CORK:						
COURT OF ASSIZE AND RECORD.						
Salaries:						
The Recorder	- - -	- - -	- - -	350 - -	350 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- - -	- - -	- - -	230 - -	230 - -	
Clerk of the Crown	- - -	- - -	- - -	185 - -	185 - -	
Sub-Sheriff	- - -	- - -	- - -	93 - -	93 - -	
Court Keeper	- - -	- - -	- - -	20 - -	20 - -	
Sessions Crier	- - -	- - -	- - -	20 - -	20 - -	
Judges' Crier	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
City Court House:						
One Year's Rent	- - -	- - -	- - -	31 7 8	31 7 8	
Ditto, Repairs	- - -	- - -	- - -	165 9 1	165 9 1	
Ditto, Fuel	- - -	- - -	- - -	27 - -	27 - -	
Ditto, Insurance	- - -	- - -	- - -	12 - -	12 - -	
TOTAL Payments out of Local "General Purpose Fund" £.	- -	- -	- -	1,143 16 9	1,143 16 9	
POLICE COURT AND PETTY SESSIONS:						
Salaries:						
One Year's Rent (Ground)	- - -	- - -	- - -	13 19 8	13 19 8	
Repairing and Painting	- - -	- - -	- - -	48 13 4	48 13 4	
Caretaker's Wages	- - -	- - -	- - -	18 4 -	18 4 -	
Fuel and Gaslight	- - -	- - -	- - -	6 4 2	6 4 2	
TOTAL Payments out of Local "Borough Fund" £.	- -	- -	- -	87 1 2	87 1 2	

RETURN FROM THE TREASURER OF EACH COUNTY AND BOROUGH IN IRELAND—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
COUNTY OF DONEGAL:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Salaries:						
County Treasurer	- - -	- - -	- - -	370 - -	370 - -	
Clerk of the Crown	- - -	- - -	- - -	370 - -	370 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- - -	- - -	- - -	370 - -	370 - -	
The Sub-Sheriff	- - -	- - -	- - -	93 - -	93 - -	
The Local Inspector of Gaol and House of Correction	- - -	- - -	- - -	150 - -	150 - -	
Three Chaplains, at 80 *l.* each	- - -	- - -	- - -	480 - -	480 - -	
The Judges' Crier	- - -	- - -	- - -	14 - -	14 - -	
Crier at Quarter Sessions	- - -	- - -	- - -	19 - -	19 - -	
Court-house Keeper at Lifford	- - -	- - -	- - -	14 - -	14 - -	
Irish Interpreter at Quarter Sessions and Assizes	- - -	- - -	- - -	40 - -	40 - -	
Court-house Keepers at—						
Buncrana - - - 4 *l.* Donegal - - - 4 *l.* Glenties - - - 4 *l.* Letterkenny - - 4 *l.*	- - -	- - -	- - -	16 - -	16 - -	
Amount paid to the Persons employed in Gaol and House of Correction, and the Bridewells at Letterkenny, Donegal, Buncrana, and Glenties	- - -	- - -	- - -	752 10 -	752 10 -	
Amount paid for the support and use of Persons confined in said Gaol and House of Correction, and to maintain said Gaol and House of Correction and Bridewells	- - -	- - -	- - -	1,700 - -	1,700 - -	
Pensions;						
One year's Superannuation Allowance to late Local Inspector, and Chaplain of Gaol and House of Correction, and Local Inspector of Gaol and House of Correction, and the Bridewells at Letterkenny, Donegal, Buncrana, and Glenties	- - -	- - -	- - -	120 - -	120 - -	
To late Turnkey of the Gaol	- - -	- - -	- - -	26 13 4	26 13 4	
To late Hospital Nurse of Gaol and House of Correction	- - -	- - -	- - -	6 13 4	6 13 4	
To late Turnkey of the Gaol	- - -	- - -	- - -	20 - -	20 - -	
To late Bridewell Keeper at Donegal	- - -	- - -	- - -	18 5 -	18 5 -	
Rents of 23 Petty Sessions Houses	- - -	- - -	- - -	134 - -	134 - -	
£.	- -	- -	- -	4,714 1 8	4,714 1 8	

RETURN FROM THE TREASURER OF EACH COUNTY AND BOROUGH IN IRELAND—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
COUNTY OF DOWN:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Salaries:						
Clerk of the Crown	- - -	- - -	- - -	370 - -	370 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- - -	- - -	- - -	370 - -	370 - -	
Sub-Sheriff	- - -	- - -	- - -	93 - -	93 - -	
Judges' Crier	- - -	- - -	- - -	14 - -	14 - -	
County Chairman's Crier	- - -	- - -	- - -	19 - -	19 - -	
Keeper of the County Court House	- - -	- - -	- - -	14 - -	14 - -	
Keeper of Newry Sessions House	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
Coroner, North Division	- - -	- - -	- - -	100 - -	100 - -	
Coroner, South Division	- - -	- - -	- - -	98 - -	98 - -	
Sessions-court Keeper, Down	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
Sessions-court Keeper, Hillsborough	- - -	- - -	- - -	3 13 10	3 13 10	
Sessions-court Keeper, Banbridge	- - -	- - -	- - -	3 - -	3 - -	
Court-house Keeper, Newtownards	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 - -	8 - -	
Rents:						
Petty Sessions Houses	- - -	- - -	- - -	158 7 6	158 7 6	
Miscellaneous:						
Down Court House, Repairs and Alterations	- - -	- - -	- - -	346 - -	346 - -	
Banbridge Quarter Sessions House, Repairs and Alterations	- - -	- - -	- - -	40 - -	40 - -	
Newry Court House, Repairs and Alterations	- - -	- - -	- - -	25 - -	25 - -	
Court of Assize, Quarter Sessions, and Petty Sessions' Orders for Expenses of Prosecutions	449 4 2	- - -	- - -	- - -	449 4 2	
£.	449 4 2	- - -	- - -	1,682 1 4	2,131 5 6	
BOROUGH OF DROGHEDA:						
The Corporation pay nothing on account of Courts of Justice	—	—	—	—	—	
COUNTY OF DUBLIN:						
Courts of Commission and Sessions:						
Salaries:						
Clerk of the Crown	- - -	- - -	- - -	324 - -	324 - -	Paid out of the County Rates.
Clerk of the Peace	- - -	- - -	- - -	324 - -	324 - -	
Sheriff	- - -	- - -	- - -	150 - -	150 - -	
Crier, Kilmainham	- - -	- - -	- - -	14 - -	14 - -	
Crier, Commission Court	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 8 -	8 8 -	
Court Keeper, Green-street	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 8 -	8 8 -	
Ditto - Balbriggan	- - -	- - -	- - -	5 - -	5 - -	
Ditto - Swords	- - -	- - -	- - -	5 - -	5 - -	
Housekeeper, Green-street	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 8 -	8 8 -	
Court Keeper, Kilmainham	- - -	- - -	- - -	20 - -	20 - -	
£.	- - -	- - -	- - -	867 4 -	867 4 -	

RETURN FROM THE TREASURER OF EACH COUNTY AND BOROUGH IN IRELAND—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
COUNTY OF DUBLIN:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Rents and Expenses of foregoing Courts:						
Kilmainham Court House:						
Repairs	- -	- -	- -	70 - -	70 - -	
Fuel and Light	- -	- -	- -	20 - -	20 - -	
Swords Court House:						
Repairs	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - -	
Fuel, &c.	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -	
Rent	- -	- -	- -	15 - -	15 - -	
Balbriggan Court House:						
Fuel, &c.	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -	Paid out of the County Rates.
Rent	- -	- -	- -	14 - -	14 - -	
Insurances	- -	- -	- -	6 8 3	6 8 3	
Rents of Nine Petty Sessions Houses, at 10*l.* each	- -	- -	- -	90 - -	90 - -	
Miscellaneous Repairs	- -	- -	- -	6 5 4	6 5 4	
Court of Queen's Bench:						
Salaries:						
Crier	- -	- -	- -	8 8 -	8 8 -	
Court Keeper	- -	- -	- -	8 8 -	8 8 -	
£.	- -	- -	- -	298 9 7	298 9 7	
COUNTY OF THE CITY OF DUBLIN:						
Court of Quarter Sessions:						
Salaries and Expenses:						
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	800 - -	800 - -	Presented at Michaelmas Sessions each Year.
His Assistants	- -	- -	- -	175 - -	175 - -	
Office Expenses	- -	- -	- -	125 - -	125 - -	
Right Hon. the Recorder	- -	- -	- -	369 4 8	369 4 8	Paid out of Borough Fund
The Crier	- -	- -	- -	48 - -	48 - -	
Keeper of Sessions Court	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - -	
Coals and Sundries for use of Sessions Court	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - -	
Housekeeper's Assistant	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Housekeeper of Sessions Court	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - -	
Stationery for Court and Juries	- -	- -	- -	20 - -	20 - -	
Attendant on Grand Juries, &c.	- -	- -	- -	80 - -	80 - -	
Two Tipstaffs, 35*l.* each	- -	- -	- -	70 - -	70 - -	
Two Doorkeepers, 35*l.* each	- -	- -	- -	70 - -	70 - -	
Gate-porter and Yard-keeper	- -	- -	- -	30 - -	30 - -	
Coals allowed ditto	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -	
The High Sheriff: Fees on Prisoners convicted	- -	- -	- -	83 18 9	83 18 9	Paid by Presentment, Michaelmas Term, each Year.
Same: a Recompense for his Fees on Prisoners tried and acquitted	- -	- -	- -	30 15 4	30 15 4	
The Crier: Fees on Prisoners convicted or who pleaded guilty	- -	- -	- -	35 11 8	35 11 8	
Rates and Taxes on Sessions Court and Premises	- -	- -	- -	45 9 -	45 9 -	
Fire Insurance on same	- -	- -	- -	8 15 -	8 15 -	
Rent of Building for Reception of Prisoners waiting Trial	- -	- -	- -	15 - -	15 - -	
£.	- -	- -	- -	2,171 14 5	2,171 14 5	

RETURN FROM THE TREASURER OF EACH COUNTY AND BOROUGH IN IRELAND—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, Charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
COUNTY OF THE CITY OF DUBLIN—*continued.*						
COURT OF COMMISSION:						
High Sheriff, for his fees on prisoners convicted	- -	- -	- -	14 8 7	14 8 7	
The late High Sheriff, for his fees on prisoners tried	- -	- -	- -	28 16 8	28 16 8	
Crier of Common Court, for his fees on prisoners tried	- -	- -	- -	16 10 -	16 10 -	
Clerk of the Crown, for his fees on prisoners tried and convicted	- -	- -	- -	120 12 3	120 12 3	
Same, for his fees on prisoners tried and acquitted	- -	- -	- -	144 13 10	144 13 10	Paid by Presentment, Michaelmas Term.
Same, his fees for returns to Parliament of number of persons committed, &c.	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -	
Court Keeper of the Queen's Bench for accommodation, &c. &c., during fiating of Presentments	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
The Crier of said Court for like services	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Witnesses attending Commissions and Sessions, year ended 31st March 1866, paid by City Treasurer out of Presentment Fund	- -	- -	- -	2,299 18 6	2,299 18 6	Repaid from the Consolidated Fund.
£.	- -	- -	- -	2,649 19 10	2,649 19 10	
COUNTY OF FERMANAGH:						
Salaries:						
Clerk of the Crown	- -	- -	- -	230 - -	230 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	300 - -	300 - -	
£.	- -	- -	- -	530 - -	530 - -	
COUNTY OF GALWAY:						
Salaries:						
Clerk of the Crown	- -	- -	- -	370 - -	370 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	370 - -	370 - -	
Sub-Sheriff	- -	- -	- -	93 - -	93 - -	
Judge's Crier	- -	- -	- -	14 - -	14 - -	
Barrister's Crier	- -	- -	- -	19 - -	19 - -	
Interpreter at Assizes	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Interpreter at Quarter Sessions	- -	- -	- -	30 - -	30 - -	
Court-house Keeper	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	40 - -	
£.	- -	- -	- -	946 - -	946 - -	
COUNTY OF THE TOWN OF GALWAY:						
Salaries:						
Clerk of the Crown	- -	- -	- -	74 - -	74 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	93 - -	93 - -	
Interpreter at Assizes	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Sub-Sheriff	- -	- -	- -	24 - -	24 - -	
Judge's Crier	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -	
Crier at Sessions	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Court-house Keeper	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
£.	- -	- -	- -	226 - -	226 - -	

RETURN FROM THE TREASURER OF EACH COUNTY AND BOROUGH IN IRELAND—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
COUNTY OF KERRY:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Salaries:						
Clerk of the Peace—Expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 69	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - -	Paid out of Grand Jury Cess.
Clerk to the Tralee Town Commissioners, same Act	- -	- -	- -	24 2 6	24 2 6	
Clerk of the Peace, for Year's Salary	- -	- -	- -	324 - -	324 - -	
Clerk of the Crown, for Year's Salary	- -	- -	- -	324 - -	324 - -	
Clerk of the Peace, for Expenses incurred in preparing Tables of Fees as required by the Act 27 & 28 Vict. c. 99, s. 11	- -	- -	- -	15 - -	15 - -	
£.	- -	- -	- -	737 2 6	737 2 6	
COUNTY OF KILDARE:						
Salaries:						
Clerk of Crown	- -	- -	- -	185 - -	185 - -	Paid from the County Cess.
Clerk of Peace	- -	- -	- -	277 8 -	277 8 -	
Crier at Assizes	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Crier at Quarter Sessions	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Four Court-house Keepers, Naas, Kildare, Athy, and Maynooth	- -	- -	- -	119 - -	119 - -	
Rent of Court and Sessions Houses	- -	- -	- -	193 16 6	193 16 6	
Stationery and other expenses of the Courts	- -	- -	- -	28 11 10	28 11 10	
£.	- -	- -	- -	823 16 4	823 16 4	
COUNTY OF KILKENNY:						
ASSIZES and QUARTER SESSIONS:						
Salaries:						
Clerk of the Crown	- -	- -	- -	230 - -	230 - -	These sums are the Annual Salaries paid to these officers and presented off the County at large.
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	300 - -	300 - -	
Judges' Crier	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Assistant Barrister's Crier	- -	- -	- -	12 - -	12 - -	
£.	- -	- -	- -	552 - -	552 - -	
COUNTY OF THE CITY OF KILKENNY:						
Salaries:						
Clerk of the Crown	- -	- -	- -	74 - -	74 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	93 - -	93 - -	
The Sheriff	- -	- -	- -	24 - -	24 - -	
The Judges' Crier	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -	
The Assistant Barrister's Crier at Sessions	- -	- -	- -	3 - -	3 - -	
The Court-house Keeper	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Rent of Court-house	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -	
Coals, Candles, &c.	- -	- -	- -	6 - -	6 - -	
£.	- -	- -	- -	220 - -	220 - -	

RETURN FROM THE TREASURER OF EACH COUNTY AND BOROUGH IN IRELAND—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
KING'S COUNTY:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Salaries:						
Clerk of the Crown	- - -	- - -	- - -	230 - -	230 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- - -	- - -	- - -	300 - -	300 - -	
Judges' Crier	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
Crier at Quarter Sessions	- - -	- - -	- - -	12 - -	12 - -	
The Sub-Sheriff	- - -	- - -	- - -	56 - -	56 - -	
Court Keeper, Philipstown	- - -	- - -	- - -	9 4 6	9 4 6	
County Court Keeper	- - -	- - -	- - -	20 - -	20 - -	
Court Keeper, Parsonstown	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 - -	8 - -	
Rents:						
Petty Sessions Court-houses, through the County	- - -	- - -	- - -	92 7 10	92 7 10	
Sundry Expenses:						
Fuel for Court-houses and other incidental Expenses connected therewith	- - -	- - -	- - -	43 10 9	43 10 9	
Advertising Quarter Sessions	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
Expenses, Jurors' Lists	- - -	- - -	- - -	5 - -	5 - -	
Juvenile Offenders at Reformatory	- - -	- - -	- - -	16 16 4	16 16 4	
Expenses of Witnesses, Criminal Prosecutions	258 17 1	- - -	- - -	- - -	258 17 1	
GAOL:						
Salaries, viz.:						
Local Inspector	- - -	- - -	- - -	70 - -	70 - -	
Governor	- - -	- - -	- - -	200 - -	200 - -	
Chaplain	- - -	- - -	- - -	40 - -	40 - -	
Roman Catholic Chaplain	- - -	- - -	- - -	40 - -	40 - -	
Under Officers	- - -	- - -	- - -	389 6 -	389 6 -	
Apothecary	- - -	- - -	- - -	20 - -	20 - -	
Philipstown Turnkey	- - -	- - -	- - -	15 - -	15 - -	
Parsonstown Bridewell Keeper	- - -	- - -	- - -	40 - -	40 - -	
Superannuated Turnkey	- - -	- - -	- - -	16 13 4	16 13 4	
Expenses: Provisions, Clothing, Fuel, Repairs	- - -	- - -	- - -	699 10 -	699 10 -	
Maintenance of Prisoners, paid	156 17 10	- - -	- - -	- - -	156 17 10	
£.	415 14 11	- - -	- - -	2,343 8 9	2,759 3 8	
COUNTY LEITRIM:						
Salaries:						
County Treasurer	- - -	- - -	- - -	185 - -	185 - -	
Clerk of Crown	- - -	- - -	- - -	185 - -	185 - -	
Clerk of Peace	- - -	- - -	- - -	277 - -	277 - -	
County Surveyor	- - -	- - -	- - -	400 - -	400 - -	
Secretary of Grand Jury	- - -	- - -	- - -	120 - -	120 - -	
Under Sheriff	- - -	- - -	- - -	47 - -	47 - -	
Judges' Crier	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
Barrister's Crier	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
Local Inspector of Gaol	- - -	- - -	- - -	100 - -	100 - -	
Governor of Gaol	- - -	- - -	- - -	200 - -	200 - -	
Bridewell Keepers	- - -	- - -	- - -	66 10 -	66 10 -	
Surgeon of Gaol	- - -	- - -	- - -	45 - -	45 - -	
Apothecary of Gaol	- - -	- - -	- - -	20 - -	20 - -	
Interpreters	- - -	- - -	- - -	30 - -	30 - -	
Coroners	- - -	- - -	- - -	94 12 6	94 12 6	
Assistant Surveyors	- - -	- - -	- - -	135 - -	135 - -	
Gaol Turnkeys	- - -	- - -	- - -	365 - -	365 - -	
Gaol Chaplains	- - -	- - -	- - -	40 - -	40 - -	
Court-house Keeper	- - -	- - -	- - -	12 - -	12 - -	
£.	- -	- -	- -	2,342 2 6	2,342 2 6	

RETURN FROM THE TREASURER OF EACH COUNTY AND BOROUGH IN IRELAND—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
COUNTY OF LIMERICK:						
COURT OF ASSIZE:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Salaries:						
Clerk of the Crown	- -	- -	- -	370 - -	370 - -	
Crier to Court	- -	- -	- -	14 - -	14 - -	
Interpreter	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS:						
Salaries:						
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	370 - -	370 - -	
Crier to Court	- -	- -	- -	19 - -	19 - -	
Interpreter	- -	- -	- -	30 - -	30 - -	
£.	- -	- -	- -	813 - -	813 - -	
COUNTY OF THE CITY OF LIMERICK:						
Nil.	—	—	—	—	—	
COUNTY OF LONDONDERRY:						
Salaries:						
Clerk of Crown	- -	- -	- -	370 - -	370 - -	
Clerk of Peace	- -	- -	- -	370 - -	370 - -	
Sub-Sheriff	- -	- -	- -	93 - -	93 - -	
Judge's Crier	- -	- -	- -	14 - -	14 - -	
Barristers' Crier	- -	- -	- -	19 - -	19 - -	
Keeper of County Court House	- -	- -	- -	14 - -	14 - -	
Keepers of Sessions Court Houses	- -	- -	- -	16 - -	16 - -	
Coroners (four)	- -	- -	- -	286 1 6	286 1 6	
Rents:						
County Court House	- -	- -	- -	172 4 1	172 4 1	
Sessions Court Houses	- -	- -	- -	41 - -	41 - -	
Miscellaneous:						
Court House repairs	- -	- -	- -	33 - -	33 - -	
Sessions "	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - -	
Insurance	- -	- -	- -	28 13 -	28 13 -	
Gas	- -	- -	- -	9 6 -	9 6 -	
£.	- -	- -	- -	1,516 4 7	1,516 4 7	

RETURN FROM THE TREASURER OF EACH COUNTY AND BOROUGH IN IRELAND—*continued.*

	Salaries Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
COUNTY OF LONGFORD:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
COURT OF ASSIZES:						
Salaries:						
Clerk of the Crown	- - -	- - -	- - -	185 - -	185 - -	
Sub-Sheriff	- - -	- - -	- - -	47 - -	47 - -	
Court-house Keeper	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
Judges' Crier	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
Other Expenses, viz.:						
Fuel and Light	- - -	- - -	- - -	38 - -	38 - -	
Prosecutors' and Witnesses' Expenses	34 14 7	- - -	- - -	- - -	34 14 7	
COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS:						
Salaries:						
Clerk of the Peace	- - -	- - -	- - -	275 - -	275 - -	
Sessions Crier	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
Rent and other Expenses:						
Rents	- - -	- - -	- - -	47 13 10	47 13 10	
Prosecutors' and Witnesses' Expenses	28 17 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	28 17 -	
COURTS OF PETTY SESSIONS:						
Rents	- - -	- - -	- - -	64 - -	64 - -	
£.	63 11 7	- - -	- - -	68 13 10	750 5 5	
COUNTY OF LOUTH:						
ASSIZE COURT:						
Salaries:						
Clerk of the Crown	- - -	- - -	- - -	185 - -	185 - -	County Fund.
Judges' Crier	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
QUARTER SESSION COURT:						
Salaries:						
Clerk of the Peace	- - -	- - -	- - -	277 10 -	277 10 -	
Barristers' Crier	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
PETTY SESSION COURTS:						
Rents	- - -	- - -	- - -	72 - -	72 - -	
£.	- - -	- - -	- - -	554 10 -	554 10 -	
COUNTY OF MAYO:						
Salaries:						
Clerk of the Crown	- - -	- - -	- - -	370 - -	370 - -	
Clerk of Peace	- - -	- - -	- - -	370 - -	370 - -	
Judge's Crier	- - -	- - -	- - -	14 - -	14 - -	
Crier at Quarter Sessions	- - -	- - -	- - -	19 - -	19 - -	
Interpreter, Crown Court	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
Interpreter at Quarter Sessions	- - -	- - -	- - -	30 - -	30 - -	
Keeper, County Court House	- - -	- - -	- - -	14 - -	14 - -	
Six keepers of District Court House	- - -	- - -	- - -	44 - -	44 - -	
Expenses:						
Lights and Stationery, County Court House	- - -	- - -	- - -	16 - -	16 - -	
Gas, County Court House	- - -	- - -	- - -	12 - -	12 - -	
Light, &c., District Court House	- - -	- - -	- - -	45 - -	45 - -	
Rent of District Court House	- - -	- - -	- - -	138 - -	138 - -	
Insurance, District Court House	- - -	- - -	- - -	15 17 6	15 17 6	
Paid Prosecutors	365 18 11	- - -	- - -	- - -	365 18 11	
£.	365 18 11	- - -	- - -	1,097 17 6	1,463 16 5	

RETURN FROM THE TREASURER OF EACH COUNTY AND BOROUGH IN IRELAND—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
COUNTY OF MEATH:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Salaries:						
County Treasurer	- - -	- - -	- - -	324 - -	324 - -	
Clerk of the Crown	- - -	- - -	- - -	324 - -	324 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- - -	- - -	- - -	324 - -	324 - -	
Secretary to the Grand Jury	- - -	- - -	- - -	185 - -	185 - -	
County Surveyor	- - -	- - -	- - -	400 - -	400 - -	
Ditto	- - -	- - -	- - -	50 - -	50 - -	
Assistant County Surveyor	- - -	- - -	- - -	65 - -	65 - -	
Sheriff	- - -	- - -	- - -	74 - -	74 - -	
Judges' Crier	- - -	- - -	- - -	12 - -	12 - -	
Barristers' Crier	- - -	- - -	- - -	14 - -	14 - -	
County Court-house Keeper	- - -	- - -	- - -	14 - -	14 - -	
Dunshaughlin Sessions-house Keeper	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 - -	8 - -	
Navan Sessions-house Keeper	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 - -	8 - -	
Kells Sessions-house Keeper	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 - -	8 - -	
Dulech Sessions-house Keeper	- - -	- - -	- - -	15 - -	15 - -	
Board of Superintendents of County Gaol, for payment of Officers' Salaries, Pensions, &c.	- - -	- - -	- - -	1,098 6 4	1,098 6 4	
Surgeon of Infirmary	- - -	- - -	- - -	94 - -	94 - -	
Ballivor Sessions Room, one year's Rent of	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 - -	8 - -	
Moynalty Sessions Room, one year's Rent of	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 - -	8 - -	
Athboy Sessions Room, two and a half year's Rent of	- - -	- - -	- - -	20 - -	20 - -	
Drumconrath Sessions Room, two years' Rent of	- - -	- - -	- - -	16 - -	16 - -	
Crossakel Sessions Room, one year's Rent of	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 - -	8 - -	
Oldcastle Sessions Room, one year's Rent of	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 - -	8 - -	
Summerhill Sessions Room, one year's Rent of	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 - -	8 - -	
Julianstown Sessions Room, two and a half years Rent of	- - -	- - -	- - -	20 - -	20 - -	
Longwood Sessions Room, one year's Rent of	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 - -	8 - -	
Dunshaughlin Sessions House, one year's Rent of	- - -	- - -	- - -	27 13 10	27 13 10	
Repairs of Court Houses	- - -	- - -	- - -	14 10 -	14 10 -	
Insurance of Court Houses	- - -	- - -	- - -	12 - -	12 - -	
Printing, Stationery, &c.	- - -	- - -	- - -	265 19 9	265 19 9	
Expenses relating to Lists of Voters	- - -	- - -	- - -	49 5 4	49 5 4	
Coroner's Orders paid, Board of Superintendence, County Gaol	- - -	- - -	- - -	34 2 6	34 2 6	
Inquests, and Expenses of Coroner	- - -	- - -	- - -	135 16 -	135 16 -	
Maintenance of Convicts in Glencree Reformatory	- - -	- - -	- - -	17 11 5	17 11 5	
Maintenance of Convicts in St. Patrick's Reformatory	- - -	- - -	- - -	16 9 5	16 9 5	
Reward to Constables for taking an escaped Convict	- - -	- - -	- - -	5 - -	5 - -	
£.	- -	- -	- -	3,699 14 7	3,699 14 7	

RETURN FROM THE TREASURER OF EACH COUNTY AND BOROUGH IN IRELAND—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
COUNTY OF MONAGHAN:						
Salaries:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Clerk of Crown	- -	- -	- -	324 - -	324 - -	These Officers are paid by Grand Jury Cess.
County Treasurer	- -	- -	- -	324 - -	324 - -	
Clerk of Peace	- -	- -	- -	324 - -	324 - -	
Secretary of Grand Jury	- -	- -	- -	185 - -	185 - -	
Under-Sheriff	- -	- -	- -	74 - -	74 - -	
County Court-house Keeper	- -	- -	- -	14 - -	14 - -	
Judges' Crier	- -	- -	- -	12 - -	12 - -	
Quarter Sessions Crier	- -	- -	- -	14 - -	14 - -	
£.	- -	- -	- -	1,271 - -	1,271 - -	
QUEEN'S COUNTY:						
Salaries:						
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	300 - -	300 - -	
Clerk of the Crown	- -	- -	- -	230 - -	230 - -	
Sub-Sheriff	- -	- -	- -	56 - -	56 - -	
Judges' Crier	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Barristers' Crier	- -	- -	- -	12 - -	12 - -	
Court Keepers:						
Maryborough	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Mountmellick	- -	- -	- -	8 - -	8 - -	
Carlow	- -	- -	- -	6 - -	6 - -	
Portarlington	- -	- -	- -	2 - -	2 - -	
Rent of Court Houses:						
Maryborough	- -	- -	- -	33 14 8	33 14 8	
Stradbally	- -	- -	- -	2 - -	2 - -	
Borris-in-Ossory	- -	- -	- -	2 - -	2 - -	
Rent of Petty Sessions Houses:						
Ballylinan	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Ballacolla	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Ballybuttas	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Ballickmoyler	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Castletown	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Clonaslee	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -	
Durrow	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Rathdowney	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Timahoe	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -	
Repairs, Fuel, and sundry Expenses of Court Houses:						
Maryborough	- -	- -	- -	44 19 -	44 19 -	
Abbeyleix	- -	- -	- -	5 11 3	5 11 3	
Borris-in-Ossory	- -	- -	- -	4 3 10	4 3 10	
Stradbally	- -	- -	- -	4 10 2	4 10 2	
Mountmellick	- -	- -	- -	3 15 -	3 15 -	
£.	- -	- -	- -	816 13 11	816 13 11	

RETURN FROM THE TREASURER OF EACH COUNTY AND BOROUGH IN IRELAND—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
COUNTY OF ROSCOMMON:						
Salaries:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Clerk of the Peace	- - -	- - -	- - -	324 - -	324 - -	
Clerk of the Crown	- - -	- - -	- - -	324 - -	324 - -	
Sub Sheriff	- - -	- - -	- - -	74 - -	74 - -	
Judges' Crier	- - -	- - -	- - -	12 - -	12 - -	
Barristers' Crier	- - -	- - -	- - -	14 - -	14 - -	
Coroner	- - -	- - -	- - -	19 10 -	19 10 -	
One ditto	- - -	- - -	- - -	27 - -	27 - -	
One ditto	- - -	- - -	- - -	40 10 -	40 10 -	
One Court Keeper	- - -	- - -	- - -	14 - -	14 - -	
One ditto	- - -	- - -	- - -	7 7 8	7 7 8	
One ditto	- - -	- - -	- - -	7 7 8	7 7 8	
One ditto	- - -	- - -	- - -	7 7 8	7 7 8	
One ditto	- - -	- - -	- - -	7 7 8	7 7 8	
One ditto	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
Gatekeeper	- - -	- - -	- - -			
Gaol and Bridewell Officials:						
Local Inspector	- - -	- - -	- - -	117 6 2	117 6 2	
One Chaplain	- - -	- - -	- - -	46 3 1	46 3 1	
One ditto	- - -	- - -	- - -	46 3 1	46 3 1	
Physician	- - -	- - -	- - -	74 - -	74 - -	
Governor	- - -	- - -	- - -	200 - -	200 - -	
Clerk	- - -	- - -	- - -	60 - -	60 - -	
Gate Porter	- - -	- - -	- - -	36 - -	36 - -	
Weaver	- - -	- - -	- - -	30 - -	30 - -	
Carpenter	- - -	- - -	- - -	30 - -	30 - -	
Tailor	- - -	- - -	- - -	30 - -	30 - -	
Shoemaker	- - -	- - -	- - -	30 - -	30 - -	
One Turnkey	- - -	- - -	- - -	30 - -	30 - -	
One ditto	- - -	- - -	- - -	25 - -	25 - -	
Matron	- - -	- - -	- - -	32 6 -	32 6 -	
Schoolmistress	- - -	- - -	- - -	25 - -	25 - -	
Nurse	- - -	- - -	- - -	17 - -	17 - -	
One Bridewell Keeper	- - -	- - -	- - -	15 - -	15 - -	
One ditto	- - -	- - -	- - -	15 - -	15 - -	
One ditto	- - -	- - -	- - -	15 - -	15 - -	
One ditto	- - -	- - -	- - -	15 - -	15 - -	
Pensions of Gaol Officials	- -	- -	- -	63 15 -	63 15 -	
Stationery for Quarter Sessions	-	-	-	5 - -	5 - -	
Rent of County Court House	-	-	-	18 9 2	18 9 2	
Rents of Petty Sessions	- -	- -	- -	49 - -	49 - -	
Fuel for Quarter Sessions	- -	- -	- -	7 7 4	7 7 4	
Fuel for Bridewells; straw for ditto	- - - - - -	- -	- -	55 - -	55 - -	
Conveyance of Prisoners	- -	- -	- -	100 - -	100 - -	
Expenses of Inquests, exclusive of Coroner's Salary	- - - -	- -	- -	84 18 -	84 18 -	
Expenses of Extra Constabulary	-	-	-	184 17 9	184 17 9	
Expenses connected with Reformatory	- - - - - -	- -	- -	23 - 1	23 - 1	
Other Expenses of Prisons	- -	- -	- -	621 1 8	621 1 8	
£.	- -	- -	- -	2,889 18 -	2,889 18 -	

RETURN FROM THE TREASURER OF EACH COUNTY AND BOROUGH IN IRELAND—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
COUNTY OF SLIGO:						
COURT OF ASSIZE:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
laries:						
Clerk of the Crown	- - -	- - -	- - -	230 - -	230 - -	
Sub-Sheriff	- - -	- - -	- - -	56 - -	56 - -	
Crier in Crown Court	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
Interpreter	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
Court Keeper	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
Rent of Court House	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 5 4	10 5 4	
ther Expenses:						County Cess.
Cleaning Court House	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
Stationery	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 16 6	8 16 6	
Borough Rate	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 13 6	- 13 6	
Poor Rate	- - -	- - -	- - -	2 9 6	2 9 6	
County Cess and Income Tax	- - -	- - -	- - -	2 14 6	2 14 6	
Insurance	- - -	- - -	- - -	9 - -	9 - -	
Fuel and other Necessaries	- - -	- - -	- - -	60 5 11	60 5 11	
COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS:						
laries:						
Clerk of the Peace	- - -	- - -	- - -	300 - -	300 - -	
Crier	- - -	- - -	- - -	12 - -	12 - -	
Interpreter	- - -	- - -	- - -	30 - -	30 - -	
Court Keeper, Easky	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 - -	8 - -	
Court Keeper, Ballymote	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 - -	8 - -	County Cess.
ent:						
Easky	- - -	- - -	- - -	4 4 -	4 4 -	
Ballymote	- - -	- - -	- - -	5 - -	5 - -	
ther Expenses:						
Fuel, &c., Easky	- - -	- - -	- - -	5 12 -	5 12 -	Varies.
Fuel, &c., Ballymote	- - -	- - -	- - -	11 16 2	11 16 2	
Insurance, Easky	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 15 -	- 15 -	County Cess.
Insurance, Ballymote	- - -	- - -	- - -	1 5 6	1 5 6	
COURT OF PETTY SESSIONS:						
ents:						
Enniscrone	- - -	- - -	- - -	6 - -	6 - -	
Dromore, West	- - -	- - -	- - -	6 - -	6 - -	
Skreen	- - -	- - -	- - -	6 - -	6 - -	
Mullaghen	- - -	- - -	- - -	6 - -	6 - -	
Colloony	- - -	- - -	- - -	6 - -	6 - -	
Savey	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 - -	8 - -	County Cess.
Ballinfad	- - -	- - -	- - -	6 - -	6 - -	
Grange	- - -	- - -	- - -	6 - -	6 - -	
Riverstown	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
Tubbercurry	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
£.	- -	- -	- -	876 17 11	876 17 11	

RETURN FROM THE TREASURER OF EACH COUNTY AND BOROUGH IN IRELAND—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
NORTH RIDING OF THE COUNTY OF TIPPERARY:						
COURT of ASSIZES:						
Salaries:						
One Clerk of the Crown	- - -	- - -	- - -	148 - -	148 - -	
One Court-house Keeper	- - -	- - -	- - -	14 - -	14 - -	
One Interpreter	- - -	- - -	- - -	4 - -	4 - -	
One Crier	- - -	- - -	- - -	5 12 -	5 12 -	
One Sub-Sheriff	- - -	- - -	- - -	37 4 -	37 4 -	
Stationery	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
Prosecutors and Witnesses	323 14 2	- - -	- - -	- - -	323 14 2	
QUARTER SESSIONS COURTS:						
Salaries:						
One Clerk of the Peace	- - -	- - -	- - -	148 - -	148 - -	
Two Court-house Keepers	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 - -	8 - -	
One Interpreter	- - -	- - -	- - -	12 - -	12 - -	
One Crier	- - -	- - -	- - -	7 12 -	7 12 -	
Stationery	- - -	- - -	- - -	4 - -	4 - -	
Incidental Expenses	- - -	- - -	- - -	46 1 1	46 1 1	
Prosecutors and Witnesses	70 8 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	70 8 -	
PETTY SESSIONS COURTS:						
Four Petty Sessions Houses Rents	- - -	- - -	- - -	40 - -	40 - -	
Prosecutors and Witnesses	9 4 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	9 4 6	
£.	403 6 8	- - -	- - -	484 9 1	887 15 9	
SOUTH RIDING OF THE COUNTY OF TIPPERARY:						
COURT of ASSIZES:						
Salaries:						
One Clerk of the Crown	- - -	- - -	- - -	222 - -	222 - -	
One Sub-Sheriff	- - -	- - -	- - -	55 16 -	55 16 -	
One Court-house Keeper	- - -	- - -	- - -	14 - -	14 - -	
One Interpreter	- - -	- - -	- - -	6 - -	6 - -	
One Crier	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 8 -	8 8 -	
Stationery	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
Rent of Court House	- - -	- - -	- - -	153 2 -	153 2 -	
Prosecutors and Witnesses	337 19 7	- - -	- - -	- - -	337 19 7	
QUARTER SESSIONS COURTS:						
Salaries:						
One Clerk of the Peace	- - -	- - -	- - -	222 - -	222 - -	
Four Court-house Keepers	- - -	- - -	- - -	16 - -	16 - -	
One Interpreter	- - -	- - -	- - -	18 - -	18 - -	
One Crier	- - -	- - -	- - -	11 8 -	11 8 -	
Stationery	- - -	- - -	- - -	6 - -	6 - -	
Rents of Court Houses	- - -	- - -	- - -	25 - -	25 - -	
Incidental Expenses on ditto	- - -	- - -	- - -	250 - -	250 - -	
Prosecutors and Witnesses	76 11 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	76 11 6	
PETTY SESSIONS COURTS:						
Eleven Petty Sessions Houses Rents	- - -	- - -	- - -	110 - -	110 - -	
Prosecutors and Witnesses	34 3 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	34 3 6	
£.	448 14 7	- - -	- - -	1,127 14 -	1,576 8 7	

RETURN FROM THE TREASURER OF EACH COUNTY AND BOROUGH IN IRELAND—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
COUNTY TYRONE:						
COURTS OF ASSIZE:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Salaries:						
Clerk of Crown	- - -	- - -	- - -	370 - -	370 - -	
Crier at Assizes	- - -	- - -	- - -	14 - -	14 - -	
Clerk of Crown, Rent of an Office for Public Records	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 8 -	8 8 -	
Sheriff, for providing Books	- - -	- - -	- - -	18 14 -	18 14 -	
COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS:						
Salaries:						
Clerk of the Peace	- - -	- - -	- - -	370 - -	370 - -	
Crier at Sessions	- - -	- - -	- - -	20 - -	20 - -	
Clerk of Peace, Rent of an Office for Public Records	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 8 -	8 8 -	
Same, for providing Books	- - -	- - -	- - -	2 3 -	2 3 -	County Funds.
COURTS OF PETTY SESSIONS:						
Salaries:						
Rent of 14 public Justice Rooms in the County, at 6 *l.* yearly each	- - -	- - -	- - -	84 - -	84 - -	
Compensations:						
Superannuation Allowance of Two Male and Two Female Turnkeys of County Gaol, Yearly	- - -	- - -	- - -	61 - -	61 - -	
£.	- -	-	- -	956 13 -	956 13 -	
COUNTY OF WATERFORD:						
Salaries:						
Clerk of the Peace	- - -		- -	277 - -	277 - -	
Clerk of the Crown	- - -		- -	185 - -	185 - -	
COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS:						
Salaries:						
Crier	-	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Interpreter	-	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
COURT OF ASSIZES:						
Salaries:						
Crier	- - -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Interpreter	- - -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Waterford Court-house Keeper	- - -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Ditto - Gatekeeper	- - -	- -	- -	2 - -	2 - -	
Dungarvan Court-house Keeper	- - -	- -	- -	8 - -	8 - -	
Lismore Court-house Keeper	- - -	- -	- -	8 - -	8 - -	
Sub-Sheriff	- - -	- -	- -	47 - -	47 - -	
Rent of Waterford Court House	- - -	- -	- -	37 10 -	37 10 -	
Insurance of - ditto	- - -	- -	- -	8 5 -	8 5 -	
Insurance of Dungarvan Court House	- - -	- -	- -	3 7 6	3 7 6	
Incidental Expenses:						
Court House, Waterford:						
Coals, and other Necessaries	- - -	- -	- -	38 15 11	38 15 11	
Alterations, Repairs, Water-closets, &c.	- - -	- -	- -	61 - -	61 - -	
Keeping Grounds in order	- - -	- -	- -	8 - -	8 - -	
Court House, Dungarvan:						
Coals	- - -	- -	- -	6 - -	6 - -	
Repairs	- - -	- -	- -	17 9 -	17 9 -	
£.	- -	- -	- -	757 7 5	757 7 5	

RETURN FROM THE TREASURER OF EACH COUNTY AND BOROUGH IN IRELAND—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
COUNTY OF THE CITY OF WATERFORD:						
Salaries:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Clerk of the Crown	- -	- -	- -	93 - -	93 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	74 - -	74 - -	
Court of Quarter Sessions:						
Salary:						
Crier	- -	-	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Court of Assize:						
Salaries;						
Crier	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -	
Court-house Keeper	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Gatekeeper	- -	- -	- -	2 - -	2 - -	
Sub-Sheriff	- -	- -	- -	24 - -	24 - -	
Rent of Waterford Court House	- -	- -	- -	37 10 -	37 10 -	
Insurance of Court House	- -	- -	- -	6 - -	6 - -	
Coals for Court House	- -	- -	- -	23 15 11	23 15 11	
Necessaries for Court House	- -	- -	- -	15 - -	15 - -	
Alterations and Repairs of Court House	- -	- -	- -	9 - -	9 - -	
Repairs of Waterclosets of Court House	- -	- -	- -	9 - -	9 - -	
Keeping Grounds of Court House in order	- -	- -	- -	8 - -	8 - -	
£.	- -	- -	- -	326 5 11	326 5 11	
COUNTY OF WESTMEATH:						
Court of Assizes, Quarter Sessions, and Petty Sessions:						
Salaries:						
Clerk of the Crown	- -	- -	- -	230 - -	230 - -	
Clerk of the Peace	- -	- -	- -	300 - -	300 - -	
Sub-Sheriff	- -	- -	- -	56 - -	56 - -	
Crier at Sessions	- -	- -	- -	12 - -	12 - -	
Crier at Assizes	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Court-house Keepers:						
Mullingar	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Moate	- -	- -	- -	6 - -	6 - -	
Delvin	- -	- -	- -	6 - -	6 - -	
Rent of Petty Sessions Houses	- -	- -	- -	62 10 -	62 10 -	Paid out of th Grand Jury Cess
Repairs, and Furniture for Court Houses; Fuel and Candles for same	- -	- -	- -	161 15 -	161 15 -	
Insuring Court House of Mullingar against Fire	- -	- -	- -	7 10 -	7 10 -	
Stationery at Quarter Sessions and Assizes	- -	- -	- -	4 12 2	4 12 2	
£.	- -	- -	- -	866 7 2	866 7 2	

RETURN FROM THE TREASURER OF EACH COUNTY AND BOROUGH IN IRELAND—*continued.*

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
COUNTY OF WEXFORD:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Salaries:						
Clerk of the Crown	- - -	- - -	- - -	230 - -	230 - -	Fees are received in these Offices, the amount of which the Treasurer cannot ascertain.
Clerk of the Peace	- - -	- - -	- - -	300 - -	300 - -	
Secretary to the Grand Jury	- - -	- - -	- - -	140 - -	140 - -	
County Surveyor	- - -	- - -	- - -	600 - -	600 - -	
Office and Clerk for same	- - -	- - -	- - -	50 - -	50 - -	
Four County Surveyors' Assistants, at 80*l.* each	- - -	- - -	- - -	320 - -	320 - -	
Court-house Keeper	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
Sessions-house Keepers	- - -	- - -	- - -	24 - -	24 - -	
Rent of County Court House	- - -	- - -	- - -	214 16 2	214 16 2	
Rent of Sessions Houses	- - -	- - -	- -	79 - -	79 - -	
Coal, Gas, and Repairs for Court House	- - -	- - -	- - -	16 10 7	16 10 7	
Coal, Gas, and Repairs for Sessions Houses	- - -	- - -	- - -	19 8 10	19 8 10	
Insurance on Court House, &c.	- - -	- - -	- - -	35 6 -	35 6 -	
County Treasurer	- - -	- - -	- - -	230 - -	230 - -	
Distributing Abstracts	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
Local Inspector of County Gaol	- - -	- - -	- - -	100 - -	100 - -	
Two Chaplains to County Gaol, at 50*l.* each	- - -	- - -	- - -	100 - -	100 - -	
£.	- -	- -	- -	811 2 5	811 2 5	
COUNTY OF WICKLOW:						
Salaries:						
Clerk of Peace	- - -	- - -	- - -	277 - -	277 - -	Has other Charges not ascertainable.
Clerk of Crown	- - -	- - -	- - -	185 - -	185 - -	
COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS:						
Salary:						
Crier	- - - - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
COURT OF ASSIZES:						
Salaries:						
Crier	- - - - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
County Court Keeper	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
Bray Court Keeper	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 - -	8 - -	
Baltinglass Court Keeper	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 - -	8 - -	
Tinchaly Court Keeper	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 - -	8 - -	
Arklow Court Keeper	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 - -	8 - -	
Sub-Sheriff	- - - - -	- - -	- - -	47 - -	47 - -	
Rents:						
Baltinglass Court House	- - -	- - -	- - -	2 15 4	2 15 4	
Arklow Court House	- - -	- - -	- - -	1 - -	1 - -	
Insurance:						
County Court House	- - -	- - -	- - -	13 15 -	13 15 -	
Incidental Expenses:						
County Court House, Coal, Gas, and other Necessaries; including all Offices in Court House	- - - - -	- - -	- - -	39 9 10	39 9 10	
Arklow Court House	- - -	- - -	- - -	5 19 10	5 19 10	
Tinchaly Court House	- - -	- - -	- - -	3 5 9	3 5 9	
Baltinglass Court House	- - -	- - -	- - -	11 7 10	11 7 10	
Bray Court House	- - -	- - -	- - -	1 8 10	1 8 10	
Additions, Repairs, &c.:						
County Court House	- - -	- - -	- - -	161 - -	161 - -	
£.	- -	- -	- -	811 2 5	811 2 5	
TOTAL £.	4,688 1 10	- - -	161 17 10	50,802 6 -	55,652 5 8	

SCOTLAND.

RETURN for all COURTS of JUSTICE, for the Year ending 31st March 1866, the Expenditure of which is defrayed from COUNTY, BOROUGH, or LOCAL FUNDS, so far as relates to SHERIFF, COMMISSARY, JUSTICE OF PEACE, and BURGH COURTS in *Scotland*.

I.—SHERIFF COURTS.

COUNTY.	NAME OF JUDGE, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Aberdeen		- -	- -	- -	147 10 -	147 10 -	This sum annually assessed on the county and burgh of Aberdeen; one-half to each, for expenses connected with Court-house.
Argyll	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Ayr		- -	- -	- -	100 - -	100 - -	Estimated salary of bar officer, 60*l.*, paid partly by salary and partly by fees. Expenses of books and stationery, and other expenses of Court, 40*l.*
Banff	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Berwick		- -	- -	- -	52 6 8	52 6 8	The Sheriff Court buildings in Dunse being used for other purposes besides the Sheriff Court, one-half of the estimated expense of keeper's salary, repairs, &c., is here stated.
Bute	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Caithness		- -	- -	- -	15 - -	15 - -	This sum paid to Procurator Fiscal at Wick by Commissioners of Supply of the county, annually, in addition to his salary from Exchequer. The Procurator Fiscal at Wick receives some fees from the same source.
Clackmannan		- -	- -	- -	4 2 -	4 2 -	Stationery for Sheriff Court charged to county rates; amount, 4*l.* 2*s.*
Cromarty	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Dumfries	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Dumbarton		- -	- -	610 5 11	48 7 10	658 13 9	Clerk paid by fees; amount, 658*l.* 13*s.* 9*d.*, from which falls to be deducted 150*l.* for salary to assistant, stationery, &c. Fees, amounting to 48*l.* 7*s.* 10*d.*, paid by Commissioners of Supply of the county from local assessments.
Edinburgh	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Elgin		- -	- -	16 3 -	65 5 6	81 8 6	The Auditor of Court received 16*l.* 3*s.* of fees, and the Procurator Fiscal 65*l.* 5*s.* 6*d.* from county rates.
Fife	No Return.						
Forfar	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	Carried forward - £.	- -	- -	626 8 11	432 12 -	1,059 - 11	

I.—SHERIFF COURTS—*continued.*

COUNTY.	NAME OF JUDGE, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
	Brought forward -	- -	- -	626 8 11	432 12 -	1,059 - 11	
Haddington -	- - - - -	—	—	—	—	—	
Inverness -	- - - - -	—	—	—	—	—	
Kincardine -	- - - - -	- -	- -	- - -	15 - -	15 - -	For business not chargeable in Exchequer.
Kinross - -	- - - - -	- -	- -	65 10 -	- -	65 10 -	Clerk paid by fees; amount thereof 65 *l.* 10 *s.*, from which about 20 *l.* is disbursed for office expenses.
Kirkcudbright	- - - - -	—	—	—	—	—	
	I. JUDGES:						
Lanark - -	1. Sheriff:—Fees in bankruptcy and railway cases - - -	- -	- -	300 12 -	- -	300 12 -	The amount this year was much above the average, from railway trials, &c.
	2. Sheriff Substitute, Glasgow:—Fees in bankruptcy cases -	- -	- -	52 - -	- -	52 - -	
	3. Sheriff Substitute, Glasgow (now retired) about - - -	- -	- -	52 - -	- -	52 - -	
	4. Sheriff Substitute, Glasgow:—Fees -	- -	- -	59 - -	- -	59 - -	
	5. Sheriff Substitute, Glasgow:—Fees -	- -	- -	64 2 -	- -	64 2 -	
	6. Sheriff Substitute, Hamilton:—Fees -	- -	- -	13 13 -	- -	13 13 -	
	7. Sheriff Substitute, Lanark:—Fees -	- -	- -	8 8 -	- -	8 8 -	
	8. Sheriff Substitute, Airdrie:—Fees -	- -	- -	14 14 -	- -	14 14 -	
	II. CLERKS OF COURT:						
	Sheriff Clerk:—Fees -	- -	- -	6,416 13 -	- -	6,416 13 -	Expenses, about 3,500 *l.* yearly.
	III. AUDITORS OF COURT:						
	1. Auditor, Glasgow:—Fees for taxing accounts under judicial remits and in bankruptcy cases - -	- -	- -	160 - -	- -	160 - -	
	2. Sheriff Clerk Depute, Hamilton:—For taxing accounts on judicial remits - -	- -	- -	11 15 -	- -	11 15 -	
	3. Sheriff Clerk Depute, Lanark:—For taxing accounts on judicial remits - -	- -	- -	6 17 -	- -	6 17 -	
	4. Sheriff Clerk Depute, Airdrie:—For taxing accounts on judicial remits - -	- -	- -	14 1 -	- -	14 1 -	
	Carried forward £.	- -	- -	7,865 13 11	447 12 -	8,313 5 11	

I.—SHERIFF COURTS—*continued.*

COUNTY.	NAME OF JUDGE, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	Total.	REMARKS.
		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
	Brought forward -	- - -	- -	7,865 13 11	447 12 -	8,313 5 11	
	IV. Bar Officers or Court Criers:						
Lanark-*cont*[d].	1. Bar Officer, Glasgow: —Fees - - -	- -	- -	78 11 9	- -	78 11 9	
	2. Bar Officer, Glasgow: —Fees, 10 months -	- -	- -	73 10 11	- -	73 10 11	
	Add, for his predecessor, 2 months -	- -	- -	14 14 -	- -	14 14 -	
	3. Bar Officer, Hamilton	- -	- -	13 - -	- -	13 - -	
	4. Bar Officer, Lanark -	- -	- -	9 3 9	- -	9 3 9	
	5. Bar Officer, Airdrie -	- -	- -	12 10 7	- -	12 10 7	
	V. Keepers of Court-houses and Sheriffs' Chambers:						
	1. Glasgow, for part of county buildings (including female servants) - - -	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - -	
	2. Glasgow, part of county buildings (including female servants) -	- -	- -	- -	45 -	45 - -	
	3. Glasgow, for Criminal and Justiciary Courts and Small Debt Court (including female servants) - -	- -	- -	- -	144 - -	144 - -	
	4. Airdrie, one-third of salary - - -	- -	- -	- -	30 - -	30 - -	
	VI. Other Annual Expenses connected with the Buildings:						
	1. Glasgow:						
	Proportion falling to the Sheriffs Courts of salaries of secretary and treasurer to the Court-house Commissioners, and of sundries - -	- -	- -	- -	45 17 4	45 17 4	
	Proportion of keeper's petty outlays -	- -	- -	- -	11 7 -	11 7 -	
	Proportion of insurance falling to Sheriffs' Chambers and ordinary courts	- -	- -	- -	22 10 -	22 10 -	
	Proportion of petty outlays, ditto -	- -	- -	- -	11 7 2	11 7 2	
	Proportion of repairs, furnishings, cleaning, gas, &c. -	- -	- -	- -	236 19 4	236 19 4	
	Carried forward - £.	- -	- -	8,067 4 11	1,044 12 10	9,111 17 9	

I.—SHERIFF COURTS—*continued.*

COUNTY.	NAME OF JUDGE, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
	Brought forward -	- -	- -	8,067 4 11	1,044 12 10	9,111 17 9	
	VI. Other Annual Expenses connected with the Buildings—*cont^d.*						
	1. Glasgow—*continued.*						
Lanark-*cont^d.*	Whole of petty charges of Keeper of Justiciary Courts (for Circuits) and Sheriff, Criminal, and Small Debt Courts	- -	- -	- -	15 15 11	15 15 11	350 *l.* of the sums embraced in this Return, in connexion with the Criminal Courts, might fairly be set against the Circuit Courts of Justiciary.
	Whole insurance, ditto	- -	- -	- -	28 2 6	28 2 6	
	Heating apparatus, ditto - - -	- -	- -	- -	41 12 -	41 12 -	
	Fuel, gas, water, &c.	- -	- -	- -	385 4 2	385 4 2	
	Proportion of feu duties (general) -	- -	- -	- -	165 4 -	165 4 -	
	2. Airdrie: Proportion of maintenance of Court Houses, so far as not defrayed from rents paid by Sheriff Clerk, &c. - -	- -	- -	- -	25 - -	25 - -	
	3. Lanark: Maintained from rents paid by Sheriff Clerk and others - - -	—	—	—	—	—	
	4. Hamilton: Maintained by Crown - -	—	—	—	—	—	
Linlithgow -	- - - - -	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - -	Procurator Fiscal paid 50 *l.* yearly from Rogue Money Fund of county.
Nairn - -	- - No Return.						
Orkney - -	- - - - -	- -	- -	- -	36 5 8	36 5 8	Procurator Fiscal paid by county amount of account for year, 25 *l.* 8 *s.* 11 *d.*; and Clerk of Peace for same period, 10 *l.* 16 *s.* 9 *d.*
Peebles - -	- - - - -	—	—	—	—	—	
Perth - -	- - - - -	- -	- -	- -	90 - -	90 - -	Salary to Fiscal at Perth, 60 *l.*; and to Fiscal at Dunblane, 30 *l.*; paid out of Rogue Money Fund of county.
Renfrew -	- - - - -	—	—	—	—	—	
Ross - -	- - - - -	—	—	—	—	—	
Roxburgh -	- - - - -	—	—	—	—	—	
Selkirk - -	- - - - -	—	—	—	—	—	
Stirling - -	- - - - -	—	—	—	—	—	
Sutherland -	- - No Return.						
Wigtown -	- - - - -	—	—	—	—	—	
Zetland - -	- - - - -	- -	- -	- -	11 - -	11 - -	
	TOTAL - - - £.	- -	- -	8,067 4 11	1,892 17 1	9,960 2 -	

Note.—The Sheriff Deputes and Sheriff Substitutes of Counties are Judges in the Sheriff Courts. They are paid by salaries from Exchequer. The Sheriff Clerks are paid in the same way, with the exception of the Sheriff Clerks of Dumbarton, Kinross, Lanark, and Nairn, who are paid by fees. The Sheriff Clerks pay salaries to assistants, stationery, and other expenses, out of their salaries and fees respectively.

II.—COMMISSARY COURTS.

COUNTY.	NAME OF JUDGE, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund. £. s. d.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament. £. s. d.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court. £. s. d.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds. £. s. d.	TOTAL. £. s. d.	REMARKS.
Aberdeen	Clerk of Court	- -	- -	927 3 4	- -	927 3 4	
Argyll	Ditto	- -	- -	114 12 -	- -	114 12 -	
Ayr	Ditto	- -	- -	563 - -	- -	563 - -	Office rent, books, stationery, &c., about 20*l.*
	Macer	- -	- -	1 19 -	- -	1 19 -	Macer paid by fees on certain proceedings, which amount, on an average, to 1*l.* 19*s.* annually.
Banff	Clerk of Court	- -	- -	140 - 6	- -	140 - 6	
	Bar Officer	- -	- -	2 4 -	- -	2 4 -	Bar officer's fees about 2*l.* 4*s.* Office allowed by county.
Berwick	Clerk of Court	- -	- -	180 14 -	- -	180 14 -	The establishment of the Sheriff Court bears all the expenses of the Commissary Court.
Bute	Ditto	- -	- -	91 - -	- -	91 - -	
Caithness	No Return.						
Clackmannan	Clerk of Court	- -	- -	61 17 11	- -	61 17 11	
Dumbarton	Ditto	- -	- -	108 16 6	- -	108 16 6	Proportion of rent, stationery, &c., 7*l.*
Dumfries	Ditto	- -	- -	329 14 6	- -	329 14 6	
Edinburgh	Ditto	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	Paid by salary, from Exchequer.
Elgin and Nairn	Ditto	- -	- -	203 17 6	- -	203 17 6	Salary to clerk, stationery, rent, &c., 90*l.*
Fife	No Return.						
Forfar	Clerk of Court	- -	-	784 13 -	- -	784 13 -	
Haddington	Ditto	- -	- -	114 11 2	- -	114 11 2	
Inverness	Ditto	- -	- -	158 4 4	- -	158 4 4	
Kincardine	Ditto	- -	- -	134 18 3	- -	134 18 3	
Kinross	Ditto	- -	- -	32 2 6	- -	32 2 6	Office expenses, about 7*l.*
Kirkcudbright	Ditto	- -	- -	196 18 3	- -	196 18 3	
Lanark	Ditto	- -	- -	1,360 14 6	- -	1,360 14 6	Salaries, rent, stationery, &c., 310*l.*
Linlithgow	Ditto	- -	- -	72 9 6	- -	72 9 6	Salaries, office rent, &c., 25*l.*
Orkney	Ditto	- -	- -	37 7 6	- -	37 7 6	Commissary Court held in Sheriff Court-room, and no rent payable therefor.
Peebles	Ditto	- -	- -	51 9 -	- -	51 9 -	
Perth	Ditto	- -	- -	492 11 9	- -	492 11 9	Salaries, rent, books, &c., 196*l.*
Renfrew	Ditto	- -	- -	476 10 6	- -	476 10 6	
Ross and Cromarty	Ditto	- -	- -	96 7 8	- -	96 7 8	
Roxburgh	Ditto	- -	- -	279 3 1	- -	279 3 1	
Selkirk	Ditto	- -	- -	38 14 -	- -	38 14 -	
Stirling	Ditto	- -	- -	380 13 6	- -	380 13 6	Clerk's salary, rent, and stationery, 95*l.*
Sutherland	Ditto	- -	- -	26 10 -	- -	26 10 -	
Wigtown	Ditto	- -	- -	139 11 6	- -	139 11 6	
Zetland	Ditto	- -	- -	28 19 3	- -	28 19 3	Average for three years; rent, books, and stationery, about 2*l.* yearly.
	TOTAL £.	- -	- -	7,627 8 6	- -	7,627 8 6	

Note.—The Sheriffs and Sheriff Substitutes of counties act in their counties as Commissary and Commissary Deputes respectively, but as such they receive no salary, apart from their salaries as Sheriffs. No part of the expenditure of these Courts is defrayed from county, burgh, or local funds. The whole fees belong to the clerks, out of which they have to pay the salaries of assistants or clerks, office rent, where the same is exigible, record books, stationery, and other expenses.

III.—JUSTICE OF PEACE COURTS.

COUNTY.	NAME OF JUDGE, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds,	Total.	REMARKS.
		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Aberdeen -	Clerk of the Peace - -	- -	- -	30 - -	3 - -	33 - -	Clerk of Peace paid 3*l.* yearly by county.
Argyll - -	- - ditto - - -	- -	- -	25 - -	20 - -	45 - -	20 *l.* paid to Clerk by county, in lieu of charges for travelling.
Ayr - -	- - ditto - - -	- -	- -	250 - -	30 - -	280 - -	
Banff - -	- - ditto - - -	- -	- -	126 11 3	- -	126 11 3	33 *l.* 8 *s.* 2 *d.* paid to Depute Clerks, and for stationery, &c.
Berwick -	- - ditto - - -	- -	- -	78 - -	25 - -	103 - -	25 *l.* paid to Clerk by county, yearly, to cover correspondence, attending meetings of Quarter Sessions, travelling charges, &c.
Bute - -	- - ditto - - -	- -	- -	6 1 -	- -	6 1 -	
Caithness -	- - No Return.						
Clackmannan -	Clerk of the Peace - -	- -	- -	20 - -	- -	20 - -	From 2 *l.* to 3 *l.*, paid out of county rates, for binding Acts of Parliament.
Cromarty -	- - ditto - - -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- - -	Amount of fees not ascertained.
Dumbarton -	- - ditto - - -	- -	- -	60 - -	- -	60 - -	
Dumfries -	- - ditto - - -	- -	- -	169 11 1	- -	169 11 1	
Edinburgh -	- - ditto - - -	- -	- -	476 14 11	16 - -	492 14 11	Clerks' salaries, stationery, &c., 132 *l.* 4 *s.* 11 *d.* The Clerk of the Peace receives 16 *l.* from the county for attending Road Trust meetings. The fees of the Justice of Peace officers depend on the work actually done and the mileage travelled.
Elgin - -	- - ditto - - -	- -	- -	48 9 8	51 19 5	100 9 1	Clerks' salaries, stationery, &c., 40 *l.*
Fife - -	- - ditto - - -	- -	- -	114 2 6	- -	114 2 6	
Forfar - -	- - ditto - - -	- -	- -	160 18 11	- -	160 18 11	Clerks, stationery, &c., 60 *l.* 11 *s.*
Haddington -	- - ditto - - -	- -	- -	40 9 6	- -	40 9 6	
Inverness -	- - ditto - - -	- -	- -	29 9 -	5 - -	34 9 -	Salary of 5 *l.* yearly, payable by county to Clerk.
Kincardine -	- - ditto - - -	- -	- -	61 17 8	10 - -	71 17 8	Salary of 5 *l.* yearly, payable by county to Clerk.
Kinross - -	- - ditto - - -	- -	- -	10 5 -	- -	10 5 -	
Kirkcudbright	- - ditto - - -	- -	- -	50 - -	3 - -	53 - -	3 *l.* payable by county for office rent.
Lanark - -	Glasgow: Clerk of the Peace for Lower Ward	- -	- -	1,569 2 4	128 10 -	1,697 12 4	Salaries to clerks, stationery, and office expenses, 625 *l.* 9 *s.* 9 *d.* The sum of 128 *l.* 10 *s.* is paid by the county to the Clerk, for criminal business, out of the fines imposed and recovered. There is also a sum of 480 *l.* 15 *s.* 2 *d.* paid to the Procurator Fiscal of Court, out of said fines, for prosecutions, precognitions, attending trials, &c.
Ditto - -	Lanark: Clerk of the Peace for Upper Ward	- -	- -	31 - -	- -	31 - -	
Ditto - -	Strathaven: Clerk of the Peace for Middle Ward	- -	- -	571 13 -	- -	571 13 -	The disbursements at Hamilton and Airdrie, for clerks' salaries, office rents, stationery, &c., 315 *l.* 14 *s.* 10 *d.*, and the balance of 255 *l.* 18 *s.* 2 *d.*, being fees of office, is burdened with outlay of travelling expenses, &c., of principal clerk to attend courts, &c.; 23 *l.* 13 *s.* 4 *d.* for printing, advertising, &c., paid by county.
Nairn - -	Clerk of the Peace - -	- -	- -	2 - -	- -	2 - -	Average amount of fees.
Orkney and Zetland.	- - ditto - - -	- -	- -	25 6 9	- -	25 6 9	Depute Clerk in Zetland receives two-thirds of the fees drawn by him, and the depute at Stromness the like proportion.
Peebles - -	- - ditto - - -	- -	- -	4 8 7	30 - -	34 8 7	30 *l.* received from the county annually for performance of certain duties in Sheriff Court, and also as Justice of Peace Fiscal.
Perth - -	- - ditto - - -	- -	- -	47 - -	- -	47 - -	
	Carried forward - - £.	- -	- -	4,058 1 2	322 9 5	4,380 10 7	

III.—JUSTICE OF PEACE COURTS—*continued.*

COUNTY.	NAME OF JUDGE, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
	Brought forward - -	- -	- -	4,058 1 2	322 9 5	4,380 10 7	
Renfrew -	Clerk of the Peace -	- -	- -	616 10 3	- -	616 10 3	Rent, stationery, &c., 31 *l.* 2 *s.* 4 *d.* The balance of fees is apportioned between the Clerk and his deputes, the Clerk receiving one half and the deputes the other.
Ross - -	- - ditto - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	Fees for the period not ascertained.
Roxburgh -	- - ditto - - -	- -	- -	50 - -	130 - -	180 - -	The 130 *l.* is paid from the rogue money assessment of the county, as salaries to four Procurator Fiscals of the four districts of the county.
Selkirk - -	- - ditto - - -	- -	- -	7 18 6	- -	7 18 6	
Stirling - -	- - ditto - - -	- -	- -	170 - -	15 - -	185 - -	15 *l.* paid by county to Clerk.
Sutherland -	- - No Return.						
Wigtown -	Clerk of the Peace - -	- -	- -	84 18 5	10 - -	94 18 5	10 *l.* paid by county to Clerk, for attendance at Quarter Sessions; books, stationery, &c. 9 *l.* 10 *s.*; and the balance of 85 *l.* 8 *s.* 5 *d.* applied in payment to the Clerk and his deputes for their services.
	TOTALS - - £.	- -	- -	4,987 8 4	477 9 5	5,464 17 9	

Note.—The Justices of the Peace for the county are Judges in these Courts. They receive no remuneration. The whole fees belong to the Clerks, out of which they have to pay depute clerks, office rent, stationery, and other expenses connected with the office.

IV.—BURGH COURTS.

BURGH.	NAME OF JUDGE, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Aberdeen -	Clerk of Court - -	- -	- -	- -	50 - -	50 - -	These salaries and expenses are all charged on the rogue money assessment levied within the burgh.
	Procurator Fiscal for city	- -	- -	- -	300 - -	300 - -	
	Procurator Fiscal's Clerk	- -	- -	- -	60 - -	60 - -	
	Officers, Burgh Court:— 1st, 10 *l.*, and three at 54 *l.* 5 *s.* - - -	- -	- -	- -	172 15 -	172 15 -	
	Court-room Keeper -	- -	- -	- -	4 4 -	4 4 -	
	Books, stationery, and printing - - -	- -	- -	- -	11 12 2	11 12 2	
Airdrie - -	Procurator Fiscal for Burgh	- -	- -	- -	30 - -	30 - -	
	Books, stationery, &c. -	- -	- -	- -	30 - -	30 - -	
Arbroath -	David Smith, Clerk of Police - - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	No salaries or fees chargeable against burgh.
Ayr - -	Burgh Fiscal - -	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	40 - -	
	Clerk of Police - -	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
Banff - -	- - - - - -	- -	- -	7 8 2	- -	7 8 2	
Bervie - -	- - No Burgh Court.						
Brechin - -	Clerk to Commissioners of Police - - -	- -	- -	20 - -	- -	20 - -	
	Printing, stationery, and advertising - -	- -	- -	7 17 5	- -	7 17 5	
Burntisland -	Fiscal of Court - -	- -	- -	- -	22 2 8	22 2 8	These salaries paid out of police rates of burgh.
	Clerk of Police Court -	- -	- -	- -	4 12 6	4 12 6	
Campbeltown -	Burgh Fiscal - -	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	These expenses are paid out of the common good of the burgh, to which fines, &c., are applied.
	Rent of Court-room, &c.	- -	- -	- -	32 - -	32 - -	
	Books and stationery -	- -	- -	- -	6 - -	6 - -	
Crail - -	- - No Return.						
Cromarty -	- - No Burgh Court.						
Cullen - -	- - - ditto.						
Culross - -	- - - ditto.						
	Carried forward - - £.	- -	- -	35 5 7	783 6 4	818 11 11	

IV.—BURGH COURTS—*continued.*

BURGHS.	NAME OF JUDGE, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS
		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
	Brought forward - -	- -	- -	35 5 7	783 6 4	818 11 11	
Cupar - -	Clerk to Police Commissioners - - -	- -	- -	10 - -	- -	10 - -	
Dingwall -	Burgh Fiscal - -	- -	- -	10 - -	- -	10 - -	
	Assessor to Police Court	- -	- -	5 - -	- -	5 - -	
Dornoch -	- - No Return.						
Dumbarton -	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Dumfries -	Procurator Fiscal for Burgh	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	40 - -	Paid out of police funds. The Clerk of Court is also clerk to the Police Commission, and his salary is far both offices.
	Clerk of Court - -	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	40 - -	
Dunbar - -	Burgh Procurator Fiscal	- -	- -	17 11 6	11 18 6	29 10 -	
	Police Clerk - - -	- -	- -	- -	15 - -	15 - -	
	He has also fees of Court amounting to - -	- -	- -	8 2 -	2 4 -	10 6 -	
Dundee - -	Stationery, &c. - -	- -	- -	- -	20 - -	20 - -	
Dunfermline -	Clerk of Court - -	- -	- -	12 10 -	- -	12 10 -	
	Books, stationery, &c. -	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -	
Dysart - -	- - No Court.						
Edinburgh -	Procurator Fiscal for Burgh	- -	- -	- -	35 - -	35 - -	There were fees charged for Bonds of Caution, amounting to 8 *l.* 15 *s.*; also other fees, of which no note kept. All these fees paid to Clerk of Court.
	Clerk of Court - -	- -	- -	- -	23 - -	23 - -	
	City officers - - -	- -	- -	- -	29 3 -	29 3 -	In addition to the salaries paid from Burgh Funds, the sum of 948 *l.* 11 *s.* yearly paid as salaries to Burgh officials, which sum is repaid by Exchequer.
	Printing and incidental expenses - - -	- -	- -	- -	31 - -	31 - -	
Elgin - -	Clerk of Court - -	- -	- -	18 - -	- -	18 - -	
Falkirk - -	Burgh Fiscal - -	- -	- -	- -	35 - -	35 - -	
	Town Clerk - - -	- -	- -	- -	22 - -	22 - -	
	Bar officer - - -	- -	- -	7 10 -	- -	7 10 -	
Forfar - -	Burgh Clerk - - -	- -	- -	- -	20 - -	20 - -	
	Books, stationery - -	- -	- -	- -	16 2 9	16 2 9	
Forres - -	Burgh Fiscal - -	- -	- -	- -	12 12 -	12 12 -	
	Clerk - - - -	- -	- -	15 - -	- -	15 - -	
Fortrose -	- - No Court.						
Glasgow -	Clerks of Court - -	- -	- -	- -	1,125 - -	1,125 - -	The police buildings, including Court accommodation, are the property of the Board of Police, and the expense of maintenance is defrayed from the local funds as provided in the Police Act.
	Burgh Fiscal - -	- -	- -	- -	300 - -	300 - -	
	Court officer - - -	- -	- -	- -	80 - -	80 - -	
	Compensations to Clerks	- -	- -	- -	115 - -	115 - -	
	Books, stationery, &c. -	- -	- -	- -	150 - -	150 - -	
Greenock -	Procurator Fiscals of Burgh Court - -	- -	- -	- -	350 - -	350 - -	
Haddington -	- - No Return.						
Hamilton -	Burgh Procurator Fiscal	- -	- -	100 - -	- -	100 - -	
	Clerk of Court - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	Clerk of Court's fees not ascertained.
Inverary - -	- ditto - - -	- -	- -	- -	12 - -	12 - -	
	Burgh Fiscal - -	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	5 - -	
	Rent, stationery, &c. -	- -	- -	- -	25 10 -	25 10 -	
Inverkeithing	Town Clerk - - -	- -	- -	- -	25 - -	25 - -	
	Town officers - - -	- -	- -	- -	25 - -	25 - -	
Inverness -	Town Clerk - - -	- -	- -	- -	30 - -	30 - -	
Invernrie -	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Irvine - -	Magistrates - - -	- -	- -	- -	21 - -	21 - -	
Jedburgh -	Clerk - - - -	- -	- -	- -	20 - -	20 - -	
	Fiscal - - - -	- -	- -	- -	15 - -	15 - -	
Kilmarnock -	Clerk of Burgh - -	- -	- -	35 - -	- -	35 - -	The Superintendent of Police acts as Fiscal without additional payment.
	Stationery, &c. - -	- -	- -	7 - -	- -	7 - -	
Kinghorn -	- - No Court.						
Kintore - -	- - No Court.						
Kirkcaldy -	Town Clerk - - -	- -	- -	25 - -	- -	25 - -	
	Burgh Fiscal - -	- -	- -	83 12 -	- -	83 12 -	
	Stationery, &c. - -	- -	- -	5 - -	- -	5 - -	
Kirkcudbright	Procurator Fiscal of Court	- -	- -	- -	10 - -	10 - -	
	Town Clerk - - -	- -	- -	1 - -	- -	1 - -	
Kirkivall -	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Lanark - -	Burgh Fiscal - -	- -	- -	- -	25 - -	25 - -	
Lander - -	- - No Court.						
Leith - -	Clerk of Court - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	No salary. Fees on pleadings paid by suitors.
Linlithgow -	Burgh Fiscal - -	- -	- -	- -	12 12 -	12 12 -	
Lochmaben -	Clerk of Court - -	- -	- -	5 5 -	- -	5 5 -	
	Doorkeeper - - -	- -	- -	1 10 -	- -	1 10 -	
	Stationery and Printing -	- -	- -	- -	4 8 9	4 8 9	
Montrose -	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	Carried forward - - £.	- -	- -	402 6 1	3,496 17 4	3,899 3 5	

IV.—BURGH COURTS—*continued.*

BURGHS.	NAME OF JUDGE, &c.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
	Brought forward - -	- - -	- -	402 6 1	3,496 17 4	3,899 3 5	
Musselburgh -	Clerk of Court - -	2 18 -	- -	11 3 8	- - -	14 1 8	
	Bar officer - - -	- -	- -	4 19 -	- - -	4 19 -	
	Incidental expenses -	- -	- -	- - -	1 1 -	1 1 -	
Nairn - -	Procurator Fiscal of Court	- -	- -	- - -	15 - -	15 - -	
	Clerk of Court - -	- -	- -	- - -	6 - -	6 - -	
New Galloway	—	—	—	—	—	—	
North Berwick	Procurator Fiscal of Court	- -	- -	6 - -	- - -	6 - -	
	Clerk of Court - -	- -	- -	1 10 -	- - -	1 10 -	
Oban - -	- ditto - - -	- -	- -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
	Burgh Fiscal - -	- -	- -	- - -	8 - -	8 - -	
	Stationery, Printing, &c.	- -	- -	- - -	5 14 6	5 14 6	
Paisley - -	Clerk of Court - -	- -	- -	90 - -	10 - -	100 - -	
	Burgh Fiscal - -	- -	- -	15 17 -	120 - -	135 17 -	
	Burgh officers - -	- -	- -	- - -	18 8 6	18 8 6	
	Stationery, Books, &c. -	- -	- -	- - -	12 12 -	12 12 -	
Peebles - -	Town Clerk - - -	- -	- -	- - -	- - -	- - -	No special allowance.
	Burgh Fiscal - -	- -	- -	- - -	7 10 -	7 10 -	
Perth - -	Clerk of Court - -	- -	- -	- - -	50 - -	50 - -	Paid by Police Commissioners.
	Procurator Fiscal of Burgh	- -	- -	- - -	- - -	- - -	The Superintendent of Police acts as Burgh Fiscal.
	Books, Stationery, &c. -	- -	- -	- - -	30 - -	30 - -	
Peterhead -	Burgh Fiscal - -	- -	- -	- - -	25 - -	25 - -	Besides a fee of 2*s.* 6*d.* for each case.
	Clerk of Court - -	- -	- -	- - -	12 10 -	12 10 -	
Pittenweem -	Burgh Fiscal - -	- -	- -	4 12 4	- - -	4 12 4	
	Clerk of Court - -	- -	- -	2 6 2	- - -	2 6 2	
	Officer - - - -	- -	- -	1 2 6	- - -	1 2 6	
Port Glasgow -	Clerk of Court - -	- -	- -	- - -	40 - -	40 - -	
	Burgh Fiscal - -	- -	- -	- - -	50 - -	50 - -	
Portobello -	- ditto - - - -	- -	- -	- - -	15 - -	15 - -	No special salary paid to Clerk of Court.
Queensferry, South -	- - No Return.						
Renfrew -	Clerk of Court - -	- -	- -	36 17 -	- - -	36 17 -	
	Stationery, &c. - -	- -	- -	- - -	7 17 6	7 17 6	
Rothesay -	Clerk of Court - -	- -	- -	- - -	35 - -	35 - -	
	Procurator Fiscal - -	- -	- -	- - -	30 - -	30 - -	
	Books, Stationery, &c. -	- -	- -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
Rutherglen -	Burgh Fiscal - -	- -	- -	7 18 -	15 - -	22 18 -	
St. Andrew's -	- ditto - - - -	- -	- -	- - -	30 - -	30 - -	
	Clerk of Court - -	- -	- -	- - -	15 - -	15 - -	
	Burgh Officer - -	- -	- -	- - -	4 - -	4 - -	
Sarquhar -	- - No Court.						
Selkirk - -	Burgh Fiscal - -	- -	- -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
	Clerk of Court - -	- -	- -	5 - -	- - -	5 - -	
Stirling - -	- ditto - - -	- -	- -	5 7 6	- - -	5 7 6	The Superintendent of Police acts as Burgh Fiscal, for which he receives no salary.
	Stationery, &c. - -	- -	- -	- - -	25 - -	25 - -	
Stranraer -	Fiscal of Court - -	- -	- -	- - -	15 15 -	15 15 -	
	Clerk of Court - -	- -	- -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	
Tain - -	Burgh Fiscal - -	- -	- -	- - -	10 10 -	10 10 -	
	Clerk of Court - -	- -	- -	- - -	10 10 -	10 10 -	
Whithorn -	- - No Court.						
Wick - -	Clerk of Court - -	- -	- -	- - -	10 - -	10 - -	Besides the salary, the Clerk is entitled to receive the Fees of Court, which are trifling in amount. The town provides an office.
Wigtown -	Burgh Clerk - - -	- -	- -	- - -	12 12 -	12 12 -	
	Burgh Fiscal - - -	- -	- -	- - -	5 5 -	5 5 -	
	TOTAL - - -	2 18 -	- -	594 19 3	4,190 2 10	4,788 - 1	

Note.—The Provosts and Magistrates act as Judges in the Burgh Court; as such, they receive no remuneration.

ABSTRACT.

	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on the Consolidated Fund.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Votes of Parliament.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Fees of Court.	Salaries, Compensations, Pensions, or Expenses, charged on Special or Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Sheriff Courts - - - -	- - -	- - -	8,067 4 11	1,892 17 1	9,960 2 -
Commissary Courts - - -	- - -	- - -	7,627 8 6	- - -	7,627 8 6
Justice of Peace Courts - -	- - -	- - -	4,987 8 4	477 9 5	5,464 17 9
Burgh Courts - - -	2 18 -	- - -	594 19 3	4,190 2 10	4,788 - 1
TOTAL - - - £.	2 18 -	- - -	21,277 1 -	6,560 9 4	27,840 8 4

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable the House of Commons, dated 12 April 1867;—*for*,

"RETURN of the Number of JUSTICES in the COMMISSION of the PEACE in each CITY and BOROUGH in *England* and *Wales* on the 1st day of January 1866, and the Number and Names of those who have been Appointed in each CITY and BOROUGH since the 16th day of July in that Year."

RETURN of the Number of JUSTICES in the COMMISSION of the PEACE in each CITY and BOROUGH in *England* and *Wales* (with the exception of the Duchy of *Lancaster*) on the 1st day of January 1866, and the Number and Names of those who have been Appointed in each CITY and BOROUGH since the 16th day of July in that Year.

Name of City or Borough.	Number of Justices on 1 Jan. 1866.	Number and Names of Justices Appointed since the 16th July 1866.	
Aberavon	3	none.	
Aberystwith	8	none.	
Abingdon	4	none.	
Andover	4	3	Turner Poulter Clarke. Giles Westbury. Francis Bawtree.
Banbury	8	none.	
Barnstaple	10	2	Henry Dene. James Gay Hiern.
Basingstoke	2	3	Robert Archer Davis. Henry Downs. Richard Wallis.
Bath	18	5	Anthony Hammond. George Moger. Charles Milsom. Charles Frederick Marshall. John Stothert Bartrum.
Bedford	11	3	Thomas Simmons Trapp. William Thurnall. Frederick Howard.
Berwick-upon-Tweed	16	3	Joseph Willis Ruddock. Robert Carr Fluker. Henry Richardson.
Beverley	7	none.	
Bewdley	4	2	Alfred Maurice Clinch. Thomas Baugh.
Bideford	9	none.	
Birmingham	47	none.	
Boston	19	3	William Gee. William Caister. Walter Clegg.
Bodmin	4	none.	
Bradford	20	none.	
Brecon	7	4	Thomas Evans. John Prothero. Isaac Davies. John Davies.
Bridgnorth	8	none.	
Bridport	9	2	William Henry Hay. James Templeman.
Bridgwater	8	5	William Henry Axford. Robert Salmon. Follett Charles Hennett. Cuthbert Ritson. Joseph Richard Smith.
Brighton	13	4	Richard Wilson. Henry Moor. Col. Thos. Hayter Johnston. Colonel Henry Penton.
Bristol	27	6	George Rocke Woodward. Frederick Terrell. William Henry Harford. William Henry Wills. Richard Fuidge. John Perry.
Buckingham	9	none.	
Bury St. Edmunds	10	none.	
Cambridge	15	6	Dennis Adams. Moses Browne. Henry Hemington Harris. Richard Okes, D.D. Charles Lestourgeon. Edmond John Mortlock.
Canterbury	13	none.	
Cardiff	14	6	Henry James Paine, M.D. Captain George Johnson. Edward Stock Hill. Alexander Bassett. Henry Jones Evans. Samuel Nash.
Cardigan	3	none.	
Carlisle	14	none.	
Carmarthen	21	none.	
Carnarvon	3	none.	
Chester	14	5	William Maysmore Williams. John Harrison. Edward Stokes Roberts. Robert Frost. John Smith.
Chichester	10	none.	
Chipping Wycombe	4	none.	
Colchester	18	3	Philip Oxendon Papillon. Charles Henry Hawkins. Roger Hurley Nunn.
Congleton	12	none.	
Coventry	15	4	William Lynes. Francis Wyley. Joseph Odell. Samuel Newsome.
Dartmouth	10	3	Augustus Newman. Edward Marsh Turnor. William Ashford, jun.
Deal	9	none.	
Denbigh	5	none.	
Derby	15	6	Charles Edmund Newton. Henry Wilmot. James Walker Cox. Rowland Smith. John Bailey. George Gascoyne.
Devizes	11	none.	
Devonport	15	none.	
Doncaster	7	none.	
Dorchester	10	none.	

Name of City or Borough.	Number of Justices on 1 Jan. 1866.	Number and Names of Justices Appointed since the 16th July 1866.	
Dover	16	4	Colonel Francis Farrant. James Cuthbert Ottaway. John Farrar Crookes. Joseph George Churchward.
Droitwich	10	none.	
Dudley	–	–	The first commission for this borough was issued 8th Jan. 1867, and 18 justices were appointed.
Dunstable	6	2	Edward Lockhart. William Milligan.
Durham	13	none.	
East Retford	5	none.	
Evesham	7	2	Anthony Martin. Alfred Huband.
Exeter	26	none.	
Eye	4	3	Walter William Miller. Charles Fisher Costerton. Philip Henry Michell.
Falmouth	4	6	Sampson Waters. Robert Milford Tweedy. Frederick Charles Bullmore. Thomas Rickard Olver. Capt. Edward Bunbury Nott. Jno. Tucker, Commander, R.N.
Faversham	7	2	Hafford Fielding. Walter Holmes.
Flint	9	none.	
Folkestone	12	none.	
Gateshead	9	5	Benjamin Bigger. Edmond Crawshay. Isaac Charles Johnson. William Kimpster. Henry Milvain.
Gloucester	15	none.	
Grantham	7	none.	
Gravesend	14	none.	
Great Yarmouth	25	none.	
Grimsby	14	3	Peter Kerslake Seddon. Francis Long. James Lumsden.
Guildford	6	none.	
Halifax	17	none.	
Hanley	6	7	John Hope. James Gleave Walker. William Henry Yates. Taylor Ashworth. James Meakin. James William Pankhurst. Thomas Chappel Brown Westhead.
Hartlepool	5	4	William Lisle. Jans Christian Neilsen. James Groves. John White.
Harwich	17	none.	
Hastings	20	none.	
Helston	2	4	John Jope Rogers. Christopher Walker Popham. John Kendall. Chas. Lemon Frazier Daniell.
Hereford	10	5	Charles Lingen. Evan Pateshall. Peregrine Prince. Major General Josiah Webb Goldsworthy. John Jancey.
Hertford	11	1	George Ludlow.
Hythe	9	none.	
Ipswich	21	none.	
Kendal	7	none.	
Kidderminster	13	3	Charles Edward Jefferies. Alfred Talbot. Henry Toye Woodward.
King's Lynn	13	3	John Vincent Hawkins. Edwin Elmer Durrant. Henry Bradfield Plowright.
Kingston-upon-Hull	11	2	Anthony Bannister. Henry John Atkinson.
Kingston-upon-Thames	9	1	John Williams.
Leeds	31	9	Samuel Hey. Richard Bickerton Turner. Anthony Titley. Robert John Hudson. Wm. Scarborough Jackson. John Rhodes. Henry Oxley. Thomas John Kinnear. Andrew Fairbairn.
Leicester	17	6	Richard Angrave. William Hunt. Charles Rithard Crossley. John Howcutt. William Bowman. Thomas James Wheeler.
Leominster	5	none.	
Lichfield	8	none.	
Lincoln	16	4	Richard Hall. Charles Doughty. Septimus Lowe. Thomas Simpson.
Liskeard	4	none.	
Louth	7	3	Thomas Mason. William Chaplin. Frederick Septimus Tate.
Ludlow	6	none.	
Lyme Regis	11	1	Frederic Hinton.
Macclesfield	13	none.	
Maidenhead	4	2	Henry Samuel Powis. John David Rawlins.
Maidstone	11	1	George Wickham.
Maldon	10	3	Walter Waring. Thomas Charles Sewell. William Humpherys.
Margate	7	2	Thomas Harman Keble. John Berry Flint.
Marlborough	5	none.	
Middlesbrough	9	none.	
Monmouth	6	none.	
Newark	10	none.	
Newbury	9	none.	
Newcastle-under-Lyme	5	none.	
Newcastle-upon-Tyne	22	none.	
Newport (Isle of Wight)	5	4	Frederick Vulliamy. Edwin Way. William Stuart Graham. William Mortimer.
Newport (Monmouth)	12	none.	
New Sarum	10	5	Thomas Pain. Richard Henry Rigden. William Pinckney. John Waters. Henry Philemon Ewer.
New Windsor	6	2	Joseph Devereux. William Darby.
Northampton	13	none.	
Norwich	29	5	Edw. Meyrick Goulbourn, D.D. James Cockburn. Edward Kerrison Harvey. James Maybohm Venning. William Houghton Clabburn.
Nottingham	20	3	William Gibson. Thomas Ball. William Archibald Patterson.
Oswestry	10	none.	
Oxford	8	none.	
Pembroke	8	3	Spencer William Hustler. Douglas Arthur Reid. Jonas Dawkins.

Name of City or Borough.	Number of Justices on 1 Jan. 1866.	Number and Names of Justices Appointed since the 16th July 1866.	
Penryn	4	3	George Wilson Trenery. Richard Hooken. Michael Jenkin Lavin.
Penzance	4	none.	
Plymouth	17	4	John Fincher Trist. James Blackmore Wilcocks. Warren John Isbell. Alfred Hingston.
Pontefract	9	2	George Scott Robson. William Jefferson.
Poole	16	1	Charles John Stone.
Portsmouth	17	4	Samuel Emanuel. Edward Martin Wells. Richard Marvin. George Curtis.
Reading	12	none.	
Richmond	4	2	Edward Wood. George Roper.
Ripon	4	none.	
Rochester	17	1	William Patten Haymen.
Romsey	3	none.	
Rye	9	none.	
Saffron Walden	3	none.	
St. Albans	7	none.	
St. Ives	1	2	George Bennett Rosenall. William Cade.
Sandwich	8	1	James Dorman.
Scarborough	15	none.	
Sheffield	25	none.	
Shrewsbury	28	6	John Thomas Nightingale. Humphrey Sandford. Samuel Smith. James Bratton. Thomas Pidduck. John Robert Humphreys.
Southampton	26	6	Andrew Lamb. Edward Mayes. Charles Bromley. William Vincent, R.N. George Dunlop. Samuel Michael Emanuel.
South Molton	8	none.	
South Shields	10	none.	
Southwold	4	none.	
Stafford	12	none.	
Stalybridge	15	5	James Sidebottom. John Hyde. Thomas Bazley Hall. Thomas Fernihough. Robert Stanley.
Stamford	7	3	William Edward Robbs, M.D. William Newman, M.D. Henry Johnson, M.D.
Stockport	22	6	Wakefield Christy. George Down. George Arthur Fernley. Edmund Howard Sykes. Samuel Wright Wilkinson. Cephas John Howard.
Stockton	9	none.	
Stratford-upon-Avon	4	none.	
Sudbury	4	4	George Mumford. George David Badham. Samuel Higgs. John Bridgman.
Sunderland	12	none.	
Swansea	15	none.	
Tamworth	2	none.	
Tenby	7	1	George White.
Tenterden	6	none.	
Tewkesbury	9	5	John Henry Boughton. William Henry Peacey. George Howard Banaster. William Allard. Benjamin Thomas Moore.
Thetford	6	none.	
Tiverton	11	5	Frederick Owen Patch. Henry Septimus Gill. James Eyre Coward. Frederick Shorthand Gervis. Captain Walter Palk Carew.
Totnes	9	none.	
Truro	9	none.	
Tynemouth	22	none.	
Wallingford	5	none.	
Walsall	12	none.	
Warrington	13	none.	
Warwick	8	none.	
Wells	6	none.	
Wenlock	24	3	Ralph Augustus Benson. Thomas Instone. Walter Moseley.
Weymouth	17	none.	
Winchester	10	4	Thomas Hitchcock, M.D. Major Charles Lowth. Colonel Samuel John Luke Nicholl. Arthur Paul.
Wisbech	6	none.	
Wolverhampton	13	5	Sir John Morris. John Moreton. Samuel Loveridge. James William Weaver. John Ford.
Worcester	17	none.	
Wrexham	15	3	Thomas Painter. Owen Owen Williams. Thomas Eyton Jones.
Yeovil	3	none.	
York	15	none.	

Crown Office,
16 May 1867.

C. Romilly,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery.

COUNTY PALATINE OF LANCASTER.

RETURN of the Number of JUSTICES in the COMMISSION of the PEACE in each CITY and BOROUGH in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*, on the 1st day of January 1866, and the Number and Names of those who have been Appointed in each CITY and BOROUGH since the 16th day of July in that Year.

Name of City or Borough.	Number of Justices on 1 Jan. 1866.	Number and Names of Justices Appointed since the 16th July 1866.		Name of City or Borough.	Number of Justices on 1 Jan. 1866.	Number and Names of Justices Appointed since the 16th July 1866.	
Borough of Ashton-under-Lyne.	16	7	Thomas Heginbottom, John Cryer, Henry Hannotte Vernon, Samuel Duncuft Lees, M.D., Henry Gartside, John Moss, and Joseph Moxon Clementson, Esquires.	City of Manchester -	46	11	John Howarth Ashton, Samuel Pope Callender, James Dorrington, George Peel, William Bowker, John William Desiré Mather, Ebenezer Robert Le Mare, Henry Anthony Bennett, John William Maclure, John Alex. Bemner, and Alfred Aspland, Esquires.
Borough of Blackburn	16	6	William Stones, James Thompson, Robert Duckworth, James Lewis, Henry Polding, and Thomas Bury, Esquires.	Borough of Oldham -	10	5	John George Blackburne, Thomas Evans Lees, John Taylor, William Knott, and Richard Shiers, the younger, Esquires.
				Borough of Preston -	15	5	Charles Roger Jacson, Joseph Isherwood, Joseph Pike, John Stevenson, and Joseph Gillow, Esquires.
Borough of Bolton -	22	6	William Ryder, William Walter Cannon, George Fell, William Henry Wright, Richard Stockdale, and Joseph Musgrave, Esquires.				
				Borough of Stalybridge.	15	5	James Sidebottom, Robert Stanley, Thomas Fernehough, Thomas Bazley Hall, and John Hyde, Esquires.
Borough of Lancaster	10	1	Thomas Howitt, Esq.	Borough of Warrington.	13	3	George Artingstall, John Rylands, and Henry Bleckly, Esquires.
Borough of Liverpool	61	6	William Bennett, Thomas Dover, Edward Samuelson, Joseph Gibbons Livingston, Henry Threlfall Wilson, and Edward Lawrence, Esquires.	Borough of Wigan -	17	4	William Bryham, George Gilroy, Richard Burland, and James Lamb Moore, Esquires.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

RETURN of the Number of Justices in the Commission of the Peace in each City and Borough in *England* and *Wales* on 1st January 1866, and the Number and Names of those who have been Appointed in each City and Borough since 16th July in that Year.

(*Mr. Moffatt.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
20 *May* 1867.

306.

Under 1 *oz.*

COURTS OF PROBATE (LONDON AND DUBLIN).

AN ACCOUNT of the ANNUAL SALARIES of the JUDGES, the REGISTRARS, DEPUTY REGISTRARS, CLERKS, and all Others holding Offices in the COURTS of PROBATE in *London* and *Dublin*, together with an Account of all FEES and MONIES received in the Year ended 31 December 1866; also, an ACCOUNT of all FEES received by the DISTRICT REGISTRARS of the said COURTS in *England* and *Ireland*, and the DISBURSEMENTS thereout, and the SALARIES paid to them respectively;—

ALSO,

A RETURN of all COMPENSATIONS payable under the Authority of the PROBATE ACTS for *England* and *Ireland* respectively, on 31 December 1866.

(*Presented pursuant to Acts* 20 *&* 21 *Vict. c.* 77, *s.* 114, *and c.* 79, *s.* 116.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
10 *May* 1867.

COURT OF PROBATE, PRINCIPAL REGISTRY.

RETURN of the Annual Salaries of the Judge of the Court of Probate, and of the Registrars, Clerks, and all others holding Office in the said Court, and attached to the Principal Registry, London, 31st December 1866 (made pursuant to the 114th Section of the 20 & 21 Vict. c. 77).

NAME.	APPOINTMENT.	Salary. £.
Right Honourable Sir James Plaisted Wilde, Knight	As Judge of the Court of Probate (20 & 21 Vict. c. 77, s. 9).	4,000
	As Judge Ordinary of the Court for Divorce and Matrimonial Causes (20 & 21 Vict. c. 85, s. 65).	1,000
Augustus Frederic Bayford	Registrars	1,600
Charles John Middleton	Registrars	1,500
Edward Francis Jenner	Registrars	1,500
Henry Linwood Strong	Registrars	1,000
Edward Archer Wilde	Secretary to the Judge	300
William Cresswell	Clerks to the Registrars	300
Thomas W. H. Oakley	Clerks to the Registrars	300
John Toke Faussett	Clerks to the Registrars	300
Herbert A. R. Jenner	Clerks to the Registrars	300
Alexander George Middleton	Second Clerk to Senior Registrar	200
William Kitching	Principal Clerks of Seats	700
Frederick Kruckenberg	Principal Clerks of Seats	700
Samuel Chadwick	Principal Clerks of Seats	700
John Powell	Principal Clerks of Seats	700
William Samuel Berry	Principal Clerks of Seats	700
Henry Alfred Boulton	Principal Clerks of Seats	700
Charles Desborough Bedford	Principal Clerk, Correspondence Department.	700
John Beams	First Assistant Clerks of Seats	450
Henry Culverhouse Watts	First Assistant Clerks of Seats	450
George Daniel Chadwick	First Assistant Clerks of Seats	450
George Middleton	First Assistant Clerks of Seats	450
Montagu Herbert Jenner	First Assistant Clerks of Seats	450
Joshua Earles	First Assistant Clerks of Seats	450
David Henry Owen	First Assistant Clerk, Correspondence Department.	450
Edward Eames Heathfield	Second Assistant Clerks of Seats	250
George Thomas Dennis	Second Assistant Clerks of Seats	250
Seymour Montagu Leslie	Second Assistant Clerks of Seats	250
Thomas Pritchard	Second Assistant Clerks of Seats	250
Thomas Howard Montague	Second Assistant Clerks of Seats	250
William Henry Timbrell	Second Assistant Clerks of Seats	250
Rose Fuller	Second Assistant Clerk, Correspondence Department.	250
Herbert Francis Lascelles	Third Assistant Clerks of Seats	150
William Charles Butler	Third Assistant Clerks of Seats	150
John G. Douglas Willan	Third Assistant Clerks of Seats	150
William Horace Fleming	Third Assistant Clerks of Seats	150
William Gambier Middleton	Third Assistant Clerks of Seats	150
Amyatt E. Ray	Third Assistant Clerks of Seats	150
Edwin Tom Rogers	Third Assistant Clerk, Correspondence Department.	150
Henry Pickering Clarke	First Clerk, Personal Application Department.	600
Henry Roberts Howard	Second Clerk, ditto	450
Frederick R. B. Walton	Third Clerk, ditto	250
Henry M. Chapman	Fourth Clerk, ditto	120
John Smith	Record Keeper and as Accountant	600
	Record Keeper and as Clerk of Notations	150
Joseph Frederick Coleman	Record Keeper and as Clerk of Notations	600
		100
William Brooks	Assistants to Record Keepers	400
Henry Smith	Assistants to Record Keepers	350
George Hook Rodman	Assistants to Record Keepers	400
David Theodore Stephens	Assistants to Record Keepers	350
John Mumford	Assistants to Record Keepers	200
John C. C. Smith	Assistants to Record Keepers	200
William Edward Mackrill	Assistants to Record Keepers	150
Arthur Henry Mead	Assistants to Record Keepers	150
William Gough Walbancke	Assistants to Record Keepers	150
George Edward Taplin	Assistants to Record Keepers	150
Walter George Vincent	Assistants to Record Keepers	150
Frederick Neville	Assistants to Record Keepers	150
Charles Augustus Este Wells	Assistants to Record Keepers	100
Charles Crozier	Assistants to Record Keepers	100
Heseltine Augustus Owen	Assistants to Record Keepers	100
David Stephens	Assistants to Record Keepers	100
Frederick P. Nicholls	Assistants to Record Keepers	100
Frederick George Seton	Assistants to Record Keepers	100
James Kennerley Hemp	Assistants to Record Keepers	100
Windham H. R. Ryves	Assistants to Record Keepers	80
Charles E. Billinge	Assistants to Record Keepers	80
Redmond Carroll	Assistant Clerk of Notations	200
William James Heard	Second Assistant ditto	150
Thomas Clifton Paris	Superintendent of Literary Enquiries	300
George William Whitaker	Examiner of Stamp Fee Accounts	350
Robert Simons, jun.	First Assistant to ditto	200
William Henry M'Alpine		200
Henry John Deveril Urquhart		100
Vacant		80
	Carried forward £.	31,210

NAME.	APPOINTMENT.	Salary. £.
	Brought forward	31,210
Thomas Cresswell	Clerk for counting Folios	150
George Jarvis Foster	Clerk of the Papers	500
Charles Frederick Ford	First Assistant to ditto	350
James Berwick Davison	Second Assistant to ditto	150
James Ford	Senior Calendar Keeper	400
George Clement	First Assistant to ditto	200
Geo. A. B. Bridgeman Simpson	Second Assistant to ditto	100
Thomas Charlton Chadwick	Superintendent, Printed Calendar	350
George Frederick Billinge	First Assistant to ditto	350
George Frederick Stubbs	Second Assistant to ditto	250
Charles Murray Scott	Third Assistant to ditto	150
Richard Powell	Fourth Assistant to ditto	150
Oswald William Fuller	Fifth Assistant to ditto	150
George Robert Harman	Sealer	300
Robert Simons	Clerk for cancelling Stamps	200
Henry Charles Edwards	First Clerk in Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Department.	500
Joseph George Ely	Second Clerk to ditto	350
William Thomas Tingle	Third Clerk to ditto	150
Conrad Adderly Dillon	Fourth Clerk to ditto	100
Vacant		80
Samuel William Shaw	Superintendent of Copies of Wills, Inland Revenue Department.	350
John Saggers	First Assistant to ditto	200
Thomas William Simons	Second Assistant to ditto	150
Thomas Hobbs	First Examiner of Copies of Wills in ditto.	300
Thomas Burder Wilson	Second Examiner of ditto	250
Charles Groom	Third Examiner of ditto	250
Thomas Hutchinson	Fourth Examiner of ditto	200
James Green	First Reader to Examiners	150
Richard Bickerton	Second Reader to ditto	150
Henry John Layton	Third Reader to ditto	150
Vacant	Fourth Reader to ditto	80
Francis Barlow	Examiners of Copies of Wills for Probate	300
Samuel Elliott	Examiners of Copies of Wills for Probate	250
Vacant	Examiners of Copies of Wills for Probate	200
Lancelot Charles Irons	Readers to ditto	150
Ebenezer Pritchard	Readers to ditto	150
Vacant	Readers to ditto	80
William Livick Ives	Clerk for issuing Receipts	150
Vacant		80
John William Seton	First Examiner of Registered Wills	300
Robert Ford	Second Examiner of ditto	250
William Michael Payne	First Reader to Examiners	150
William Robert Hall	Second Reader to ditto	150
William Rawood	Clerk of Searches	200
Alfred Wallis	Superintending Clerk of Searches	150
Frederick Jiggins	Assistant Clerks of Searches	100
Edward James	Assistant Clerks of Searches	100
Ernest Heathfield	Assistant Clerks of Searches	100
James Martin Dreaper	Assistant Clerks of Searches	100
Harcourt Turner	Assistant Clerks of Searches	100
Henry Elliott Fox	Assistant Clerks of Searches	100
Charles Seppings	Assistant Clerks of Searches	80
Vacant	Assistant Clerks of Searches	80
William Westbrook	Book Showers	150
Joseph Murray	Book Showers	150
Alfred Kirk	Book Showers	150
At Westminster:		
George Thomas Billinge	Crier, Clerk of the Rules and Orders, and Principal Clerk to the Judge.	600
John Hinton	Assistant Clerk	250
Alfred Bowden	Usher	150
James Maskell	Usher (Prerogative Court)	150
James Goodbody	Doorkeeper and Messenger	100
Messengers:		
William Copeland	First Class:—£. 95 to 110 *l.* per annum, by annual increments of 2 *l.* 10 *s.*	95
George Head	First Class:—£. 95 to 110 *l.* per annum, by annual increments of 2 *l.* 10 *s.*	* 80
Thomas Holt	First Class:—£. 95 to 110 *l.* per annum, by annual increments of 2 *l.* 10 *s.*	95
William Langley	First Class:—£. 95 to 110 *l.* per annum, by annual increments of 2 *l.* 10 *s.*	95
Josiah Andrews	First Class:—£. 95 to 110 *l.* per annum, by annual increments of 2 *l.* 10 *s.*	95
William Taylor	Second Class:—£. 75 to 90 *l.* per annum, by annual increments of 2 *l.* 10 *s.*	75
James Russell	Second Class:—£. 75 to 90 *l.* per annum, by annual increments of 2 *l.* 10 *s.*	75
Thomas Morgan	Second Class:—£. 75 to 90 *l.* per annum, by annual increments of 2 *l.* 10 *s.*	75
George Scutts	Second Class:—£. 75 to 90 *l.* per annum, by annual increments of 2 *l.* 10 *s.*	75
Stephen B. Grimstone	Second Class:—£. 75 to 90 *l.* per annum, by annual increments of 2 *l.* 10 *s.*	75
Abraham Clifford	Supernumerary Clerks on the Record Keeper's Staff	150
John Terry	Supernumerary Clerks on the Record Keeper's Staff	100
Edward Wallis Mackrill	Supernumerary Clerks on the Record Keeper's Staff	100
Thomas Alexander Nash	Supernumerary Clerks on the Record Keeper's Staff	100
Charles William Ruse	Supernumerary Clerks on the Record Keeper's Staff	100
	* In charge of House. £.	44,775

COURT OF PROBATE, PRINCIPAL REGISTRY—*continued.*

AN ACCOUNT of all Incidental Expenses relating to the said Court, for the Year ended 31st December 1866.

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Amount paid to clerks for copies furnished to the Inland Revenue Office	2,610 – 1	
Amount paid to clerks for registering wills	1,147 4 9	
Amount paid to clerks for copying for the public	1,267 3 3	
		5,024 8 1
Amount paid for housekeeping	357 10 11	
Amount paid for incidental expenses	390 1 7	
Amount paid for petty cash	48 7 7	
		796 – 1
	£.	5,820 8 2

RETURN for the Year ended 31st December 1866, of all Fees and Monies levied in such Year, under the Authority of 20 & 21 Vict. c. 77.

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Amount of Fees:		
On grants of probate, &c., including sealing Irish and Scotch grants	– –	42,732 4 3
For office copies for the public	4,201 13 6	
For journies and attendances	139 16 –	
For collating office copies, &c.	354 4 3	
	4,695 13 9	
Less the amount for office copies, journies, and collating, received by the Record keepers on account of the Court for Divorce and Matrimonial Causes, and which is included in the amount returned from that Court	491 7 –	
		4,204 6 9
37,643 searches made by the public	– –	1,882 3 –
Amount of Fees:		
For exemplification of probates, &c.	364 17 6	
For reading to and searching for the public	26 1 –	
For registering commissions	33 5 –	
For sealing office copies, deposits of wills, &c.	92 18 –	
Received for correspondence for searches and examinations, &c. £. s. d. 328 15 9		
Less amount paid for office copies £. s. d. 206 2 –		
Less amount returned, received in excess 16 3 6		
Paid for postage 12 17 –		
235 2 6		
	93 13 3	
		610 14 9
For correspondence department	– –	4,032 7 3
For department for personal applications	– –	2,035 9 –
For clerk of the papers	– –	1,573 15 3
For Court for Divorce and Matrimonial Causes	– –	2,596 13 –
On oaths administered by Registrars on *de bonis* grants, &c.	– –	20 19 –
	£.	59,688 12 3

DISTRICT REGISTRARS (ENGLAND AND WALES).

RETURN of Salaries of District Registrars of the Court of Probate in *England* and *Wales*, in the Year ended 31st December 1866.

Registry.	Name.	Amount. £. s. d.	Remarks.
Bangor	H. B. Roberts	400 – –	
Birmingham	J. Doherty	950 – –	
Blandford	E. A. Smith and F. T. Johns.	300 – –	
Bodmin	J. B. Collins	600 – –	
Bristol	C. J. Clark	700 – –	
Bury	C. Wodehouse	250 – –	
Canterbury	W. H. Cullen	400 – –	
Carlisle	G. G. Mounsey	850 – –	
Carmarthen	V. Davis	500 – –	
Chester	C. T. Parry	950 – –	
Chichester	E. W. Johnson	250 – –	
Derby	J. J. Simpson	700 – –	
Durham	J. Davison	600 – –	
Exeter	C. H. Turner	1,200 – –	
Gloucester	T. Holt	700 – –	
Hereford	T. Evans	400 – –	
Ipswich	C. Stewart	600 – –	
Lancaster	J. Sharp	850 – –	
Leicester	G. H. & T. Nevinson	600 – –	
Lewes	B. H. Hunt	400 – –	
Lichfield	W. Tell	950 – –	
Lincoln	J. Swan	850 – –	
Carried forward £.		14,000 – –	
Brought forward		14,000 – –	
Liverpool	C. R. Ogden	152 15 6	Died 19 Feb. 1866.
Liverpool	R. G. Crook	747 10 –	From 3 March 1866.
Llandaff	T. Huckwell	400 – –	
Manchester	J. Burder	1,200 – –	
Newcastle	M. L. Jobling	600 – –	
Northampton	W. B. Gates	300 – –	
Norwich	J. Kitson	850 – –	
Nottingham	B. Hawkridge	500 – –	
Oxford	J. M. Davenport	600 – –	
Peterborough	H. P. Gates	500 – –	
St. Asaph	C. W. Wyatt and R. J. Sisson.	400 – –	
Salisbury	F. Macdonald	400 – –	
Shrewsbury	W. Cope	600 – –	
Taunton	R. A. Kinglake	400 – –	
Wakefield	J. B. Langhorne	1,400 – –	
Wells	J. J. Roche	400 – –	
Winchester	C. Woodridge	600 – –	
Worcester	J. H. Clifton and A. C. Hooper.	600 – –	
York	J. Buckle	1,200 – –	
Total £.		25,850 5 6	

RETURN of Sums paid to the District Registrars of Her Majesty's Court of Probate in the Year 1866, for Stationery, Copying and Binding Wills.

Registry.	Stationery. £. s. d.	Copying. £. s. d.	Binding Wills. £. s. d.	Total. £. s. d.
Bangor	1 – –	– – –	– – –	1 – –
Birmingham	2 5 –	– – –	2 17 –	5 2 –
Blandford	—	—	—	—
Bodmin	1 10 –	– – –	– – –	1 10 –
Bristol	1 10 –	– – –	4 6 –	5 16 –
Bury	1 – –	– – –	– – –	1 – –
Canterbury	—	—	—	—
Carlisle	2 5 –	– – –	1 – –	3 5 –
Carmarthen	1 10 –	– – –	1 17 –	3 7 –
Chester	4 10 –	– – –	3 – –	7 10 –
Chichester	—	—	—	—
Derby	1 10 –	69 16 8	– 19 6	72 6 2
Durham	1 10 –	– – –	– – –	1 10 –
Exeter	– – –	151 7 8	– – –	151 7 8
Gloucester	– – –	– – –	1 17 6	1 17 6
Hereford	—	—	—	—
Ipswich	1 10 –	– – –	– – –	1 10 –
Lancaster	—	—	—	—
Leicester	1 10 –	– – –	2 9 –	3 19 –
Lewes	—	—	—	—
Lichfield	– – –	151 13 2	1 5 –	152 18 2
Carried forward	21 10 –	372 17 6	19 11 –	413 18 6
Brought forward	21 10 –	372 17 6	19 11 –	413 18 6
Lincoln	2 5 –	– – –	– – –	2 5 –
Liverpool	—	—	—	—
Llandaff	—	—	—	—
Manchester	– – –	78 7 5	5 10 –	83 17 5
Newcastle	3 – –	– – –	2 2 –	5 2 –
Northampton	1 – –	– – –	– – –	1 – –
Norwich	– – –	65 9 6	2 7 9	67 17 3
Nottingham	1 10 –	– – –	1 3 –	2 13 –
Oxford	—	—	—	—
Peterborough	– – –	– – –	– 17 6	– 17 6
St. Asaph	– – –	– – –	2 19 –	2 19 –
Salisbury	– – –	– – –	2 15 –	2 15 –
Shrewsbury	1 10 –	– – –	– 19 6	2 9 6
Taunton	—	—	—	—
Wakefield	3 10 –	363 18 8	9 6 6	376 15 2
Wells	—	—	—	—
Winchester	—	—	—	—
Worcester	1 10 –	– – –	1 10 –	3 – –
York	2 15 –	– – –	– 10 –	3 5 –
Total £.	38 10 –	880 13 1	49 11 3	968 14 4

RETURN of Salaries of Clerks to District Registrars of the Court of Probate in *England* and *Wales*, for the Year ended 31st December 1866.

Registry.	Name.	Amount. £. s. d.	Remarks.
Bangor	J. D. Watkins	150 – –	
	J. Jones	75 – –	
	O. Edwards	33 – –	
Birmingham	C. Leach	28 9 5	Resigned 10 Feb. 1866.
	J. Ravenett	221 10 6	From 11 Feb. 1866.
	J. F. Cooper	140 – –	
	G. Floyd	8 3 4	To 11 Feb. 1866.
	G. Ravenett	68 13 10	At 70 *l.* per annum from 17 Feb.
Blandford	W. James	70 – –	
	F. C. Cooke	120 – –	
Bodmin	F. E. Coom	150 – –	
	R. Coom	34 5 8	From 27 April 1866.
	T. George	93 11 5	– ditto.
Carried forward £.		1,192 14 2	
Brought forward		1,192 14 2	
Bristol	R. Robjent	180 – –	
	R. D. Robjent	130 – –	
	C. R. Owen	30 – –	
	A. P. Cornish	60 – –	
Bury	J. W. Leonard	62 5 8	Died 7 July 1866.
	J. Dilworth	34 11 3	From 17 Sept. 1866.
	E. Mathews	70 – –	
Canterbury	W. H. Cullen	150 – –	
	J. M. Pilcher	100 – –	
Carlisle	T. Bulman	200 – –	
	W. Wright	100 – –	
	J. Lowry	70 – –	
	C. J. Jones	50 – –	
Carried forward £.		2,429 11 1	

RETURN of Salaries of Clerks to District Registrars of the Court of Probate in *England* and *Wales*, &c.—*continued*.

Registry.	Name.	Amount.	Remarks.
		£. s. d.	
Carried forward - - - £.		2,429 11 1	
Carmarthen -	J. J. Jones -	150 – –	
	H. Leakey -	80 – –	
	W. Evans -	90 – –	
Chester - -	W. Heppel -	325 – –	
	C. Foden - -	135 – –	
	C. Turner -	160 – –	
	G. Cotgreave -	78 – –	
	J. Jones - -	65 – –	
	J. Joynson -	65 – –	
	G. Spencer -	39 – –	
Chichester - -	G. Holmes -	150 – –	
	H. Heather -	70 – –	
Derby - -	G. Easom -	200 – –	
	W. H. Burton -	150 – –	
Durham - -	H. A. Peele -	150 – –	
	W. Jackson -	75 – –	
	R. Medd - -	80 – –	
Exeter - -	J. B. Gould -	300 – –	
	G. Way - -	150 – –	
	J. G. Greenslade	100 – –	
	R. Tothill -	80 – –	
Gloucester - -	T. Woodward -	150 – –	
	F. H. Stephens -	80 – –	
	W. Woodward -	50 – –	
	A. Brewer -	50 – –	
Hereford - -	Theo. Lane -	150 – –	
	W. Earle - -	80 – –	
	C. Arnold -	50 – –	
Ipswich - -	H. Chamberlain	150 – –	
	C. Hobart -	80 – –	
	G. W. Hubbard	50 – –	
Lancaster - -	W. Winder -	160 – –	
	W. H. Winder -	90 – –	
	E. E. Wilcock -	57 – –	
	W. Rainford -	57 – –	
Leicester - -	W. Southey -	150 – –	
	F. A. Jackson -	75 – –	
	E. Smith - -	50 – –	
Lewes - -	E. Battersby -	150 – –	
	J. G. Coles -	90 – –	
Lichfield - -	J. Brown - -	250 – –	
	W. Austin -	140 – –	
	A. Parker -	50 – –	
Lincoln - -	J. Wilson - -	250 – –	
	H. Scott - -	110 – –	
	E. Coulson -	70 – –	
	R. Wilson -	70 – –	
Liverpool - -	H. Lewis - -	250 – –	
	W. Hignett -	150 – –	
	H. Jones - -	90 – –	
	J. Newbold -	90 – –	
	W. Fleming -	20 – –	Resigned 31 Mar. 1866.
	J. R. Dilworth -	53 14 9	Removed to Bury from 17 Sept.
	A. Humble -	60 – –	
	J. Jones - -	45 11 6	From 7 May 1866.
Llandaff - -	T. B. Rees -	150 – –	
	J. Wilks - -	54 12 –	
	Chr. Thomas -	70 – –	
Manchester -	R. W. Wright -	400 – –	
	H. J. Cutter -	200 – –	
	R. D. Wright -	125 – –	
	W. Jones - -	80 – –	
Carried forward - - - £.		9,669 9 4	

Registry.	Name.	Amount.	Remarks.
		£. s. d.	
Brought forward - - -		9,669 9 4	
Manchester—*continued*.	R. Green - -	75 – –	
	C. A. Wright -	70 – –	
	W. T. Smith -	62 15 5	Died 23 Nov. 1866.
	W. Seddon -	20 16 –	
Newcastle -	W. Bell - -	150 – –	
	D. N. Ridley -	75 – –	
	E. Jobling -	60 – –	
Northampton -	G. Cattle - -	150 – –	
	W. Bull - -	100 – –	
Norwich - -	W. T. Bensley -	140 – –	
	T. B. Butler -	140 – –	
	T. P. Edwards -	70 – –	
Nottingham -	T. Harrison -	150 – –	
	G. Rossell -	80 – –	
	S. Stumbles -	70 – –	
Oxford - -	J. Davis - -	150 – –	
	C. Harris - -	80 – –	
	G. W. Barker -	50 – –	
Peterborough -	H. Green - -	150 – –	
	H. Blake - -	120 – –	
	H. English -	60 – –	
St. Asaph -	R. Roberts -	140 – –	
	D. Pugh - -	80 – –	
	R. Gerrard -	50 – –	
Salisbury - -	R. Yarham -	150 – –	
	H. Young -	80 – –	
	T. Young -	50 – –	
Shrewsbury -	J. Ravenett -	17 1 8	Transferred to Birmingham from 10 Feb. 1866.
	H. Stevens -	143 – –	
	G. Ravenett -	6 8 4	Ceased 11 February 1866.
	G. Floyd - -	57 – –	Resigned 30 Sept. 1866.
	E. Cope - -	57 6 8	From 12 Feb. 1866.
	B. Smith - -	13 15 –	From 1 Oct. 1866.
Taunton - -	W. Upham -	150 – –	
	E. Oxley - -	100 – –	
	F. B. Murray -	50 – –	
Wakefield -	W. Williamson -	450 – –	
	W. Alderson -	250 – –	
	T. Leng - -	140 – –	
	B. Wales - -	140 – –	
	P. W. Paver -	120 – –	
	T. Smith - -	80 – –	
	W. J. Heptonstall	70 – –	
Wells - -	L. Ellicott -	150 – –	
	H. Oxley - -	100 – –	
	T. L. Gleaves -	44 11 1	Increase from 2 Feb. 1866.
Winchester -	C. Wooldridge -	150 – –	
	W. Brooks -	90 – –	
	E. Griffin -	50 – –	
Worcester -	J. Davis - -	130 – –	
	T. Wilson -	80 – –	
	A. Davis - -	50 – –	
York - -	Jos. Todd -	250 – –	
	Jos. Simpson -	140 – –	
	E. Birks - -	90 – –	
	R. Bulmer -	70 – –	
	B. Dyson - -	60 – –	
Total - - £.		15,542 3 6	

RETURN of the Amount of Fees received "by way of Stamps" from each District Registrar in *England* and *Wales*, from 1st January to 31st December 1866, inclusive.

	£. s. d.
Bangor - - - -	712 3 6
Birmingham - - -	2,182 15 3
Blandford - - - -	640 7 9
Bodmin - - - -	1,248 – –
Bristol - - - -	1,762 17 –
Bury St. Edmunds - -	515 4 3
Carlisle - - - -	1,641 10 9
Carmarthen - - -	910 3 3
Canterbury - - -	984 17 9
Chester - - - -	3,070 12 6
Chichester - - -	413 17 6
Derby - - - -	1,328 13 9
Durham - - - -	1,456 10 –
Exeter - - - -	3,353 19 9
Carried forward - - £.	20,221 13 –

	£. s. d.
Brought forward - -	20,221 13 –
Gloucester - - - -	1,714 6 3
Hereford - - - -	1,151 7 –
Ipswich - - - -	1,484 16 9
Lancaster - - - -	2,250 18 –
Leicester - - - -	1,131 6 –
Lewes - - - -	1,012 3 9
Lichfield - - - -	2,141 8 –
Lincoln - - - -	1,761 10 –
Liverpool - - - -	3,800 8 6
Llandaff - - - -	1,166 15 9
Manchester - - -	4,429 19 3
Newcastle - - - -	1,253 1 –
Norwich - - - -	1,870 6 –
Northampton - - -	690 9 6
Carried forward - - £.	46,080 8 9

	£. s. d.
Brought forward - -	46,080 8 9
Nottingham - - -	922 6 9
Oxford - - - - -	1,734 17 6
Peterborough - - -	1,201 12 9
St. Asaph - - - -	799 5 6
Salisbury - - - -	857 16 9
Shrewsbury - - -	1,544 11 –
Taunton - - - -	1,012 – 9
Wakefield - - - -	6,102 2 –
Wells - - - - -	820 2 6
Winchester - - - -	1,492 9 3
Worcester - - - -	1,287 1 –
York - - - - -	2,919 18 3
Total - - £.	66,774 12 9

COURT OF PROBATE (IRELAND).

RETURN, for the Year ended the 31st December 1866, of all Fees and Monies levied in such Year, under the authority of the Probate Act, *Ireland*, in the Principal and also in certain District Registries of the Court of Probate; also, a Return of the Annual Salaries of the Judge of the Court of Probate in *Ireland*, and of the Registrars, Clerks, and all others holding Office in said Court in *Dublin*; with an Account of the Incidental Expenses relating to the said Court; whether such Salaries and Expenses be defrayed out of Fees, or out of any other Monies.

Salaries of the Judge and Officers of the Court.	£. s. d.	From what Fund the said Salaries are defrayed.	Return of the Fees and Monies levied, for the Year ended 31st December 1866.	Incidental Expenses, for the Year ended 31st December 1866.
The Judge of the Court of Probate	3,500 – –	The Consolidated Fund.	Received by way of Stamps:	846 *l.* 16 *s.* 9 *d.* defrayed from the monies voted by Parliament for such purpose.
Judge's Secretary	300 – –	The Monies voted by Parliament for such purpose.	£. s. d.	
Two Registrars, 1,000 *l.* each	2,000 – –	ditto.	Principal Registry 9,243 7 9	
Two Registrars' Clerks, 250 *l.* each	500 – –	ditto.		
A Chief Clerk and Clerk of the Rules and Pleadings.	600 – –	ditto.		
Assistant Clerk and Clerk of the Seal	300 – –	ditto.		
Clerk of the Seat	450 – –	ditto.		
Assistant Clerk of the Seat	350 – –	ditto.		
Clerk of the Records	450 – –	ditto.		
Assistant Clerk of the Records	250 – –	ditto.		
Superintendent of Public Office and Accountant.	300 – –	ditto.		
First Clerk of the Entries	250 – –	ditto.		
Second Clerk of the Entries	200 – –	ditto.		
General Clerk	175 – –	ditto.		
Second General Clerk	125 – –	ditto.		
Crier	120 – –	ditto.		
Usher	75 – –	ditto.		
Messenger	60 – –	ditto.		
Court and Office Keeper	70 – –	ditto.		
Court Keeper and Messenger of the Court of Probate, Four Courts.	65 – –	ditto.		
Total £.	10,140 – –			

DISTRICT REGISTRARS (IRELAND).

(Not yet placed on Salaries.)

AN ACCOUNT of the Amount of all Fees received by such of the District Registrars of the Court of Probate in *Ireland*, as have not yet been placed on Salaries, in the Year 1866; together with the Disbursements therefrom in the same Year, and the Net Amount remaining after deducting such Disbursements.

Name of District Registry.	Names of District Registrars (not yet placed on Salaries).	Gross Amount of Fees received.	Disbursements out of the Gross Amount on Account of		Net Amount of Fees received, after deducting Salaries and Expenses.
			Salaries of Clerks.	Incidental Expenses.	
		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Limerick	J. M'Mahon	272 16 4	60 – –	15 2 2	197 14 2
Kilkenny	James Poe	406 17 3	26 – –	30 – –	350 17 3
Ballina	R. Mostyn	72 11 1	20 – –	9 – –	43 11 1
Tuam	B. J. Clarke	106 14 4	20 – –	2 19 10	83 14 6
Cavan	T. Thompson	95 14 2	– – –	5 – –	90 14 2
Mullingar	G. Fetherstonhaugh	53 16 1	10 12 6	– 10 –	42 13 7
	Total, Year 1866 £.	1,008 9 3	136 12 6	62 12 –	809 4 9

RETURN of Salaries and Allowances paid to District Registrars of the Court of Probate in *Ireland*, and also to Clerks to District Registrars in *Ireland*, for the Year ended 31st December 1866.

Name.	District.	Office.	Amount. £.	s.	d.
J. M. Higginson	Belfast	Registrar	700	–	–
H. Richardson	Cork	Ditto	350	–	–
R. Riddall	Armagh	Ditto	350	–	–
J. L. Hickey	Waterford	Ditto	300	–	–
J. E. Nesbitt	Londonderry	Ditto	300	–	–
		Total £.	2,000	–	–
A. M'Afee	Belfast	First Clerk	100	–	–
T. Cooper	Ditto	Second ditto	80	–	–
T. Marshall	Ditto	Third ditto	70	–	–
H. Ferguson	Ditto	Fourth ditto	50	–	–
R. Dowman	Cork	Clerk	100	–	–
R. Connor	Ditto	Ditto	45	–	–
A. Nelson	Armagh	First Clerk	80	–	–
L. H. Mills	Ditto	Second ditto	40	–	–
J. Skelton	Waterford	First ditto	70	–	–
J. Spearman	Ditto	Second ditto	55	–	–
W. Glendinning	Londonderry	First ditto	75	–	–
J. Glendinning	Ditto	Second ditto	40	–	–
		Total £.	805	–	–

RETURN of the Amount of Fees received by way of Stamps, for the Year ended 31st December 1866, in the undermentioned District Registries of the Court of Probate in *Ireland*.

	£.	s.	d.
Armagh	566	12	3
Belfast	1,863	3	3
Cork	862	17	–
Londonderry	584	10	–
Waterford	502	12	6
Total £.	4,379	15	–

COURTS OF PROBATE (LONDON AND DUBLIN), AND DISTRICT REGISTRIES.

AMOUNT Expended by the Boards of Works in *England* and *Ireland* respectively, on account of the Probate Courts in *London* and *Dublin*, and the District Registries in *England* and *Ireland*, in the Year 1866.

	£.	s.	d.
In England and Wales	5,015	17	3
In Ireland	467	17	11
Total Expended in 1866 £.	5,483	15	2

COMPENSATION ALLOWANCES.

COMPENSATION ALLOWANCES payable to PROCTORS and other Officers of the late ECCLESIASTICAL and PREROGATIVE COURTS, to 31st December 1866.

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
The Compensations to Proctors and Officers of the late Courts are detailed in Parliamentary Papers, No. 132, Sess. 1861; No. 132, Sess. 1862; No. 187, Sess. 1863; No. 124, Sess. 1864; No. 230, Sess. 1865; and No. 142, Sess. 1866; amount payable on 31st December 1865, was		101,620 14 1
Add,—The following Compensations:		
Swift, Robert, Proctor, reverted to him on the death of John Swift	556 6 3	
Headlam, T. E., Chancellor, replaced on list from 14th July 1866	141 11 7	
		697 17 10
TOTAL £.		102,318 11 11
Deduct,—The following Compensations, which have ceased, on the death of the parties, viz.:		
Barrett, Jacob, Proctor	43 3 –	
Caiger, F., Proctor	10 1 4	
Elliott, E., Proctor	22 – –	
Fawcett, Rev. J., Surrogate	10 13 10	
Gostling, W. F., Proctor	1,263 11 10	
Hawkins, A. J., Proctor	663 8 8	
Mason, George, Apparitor	39 17 4	
Monks, D., Clerk	38 7 –	
Morton, Rev. James, Surrogate	4 – 8	
Park, Rev. George, Surrogate	13 7 9	
Strong, Rev. W., Registrar	110 – –	
Swift, John, Proctor	556 6 3	
		2,774 17 8
GROSS AMOUNT of Compensations payable on 31st December 1866 £.		99,543 14 3

COURTS OF PROBATE (LONDON AND DUBLIN).

RECAPITULATION of the foregoing Returns.

	£.	s.	d.
Annual Salaries of the Judge and other Officers of the Court of Probate in London, p. 2	44,775	–	–
Annual Salaries of the Judge and other Officers of the Court of Probate in Dublin, p. 6	10,140	–	–
Incidental Expenses of the Court of Probate in London, p. 3	5,820	8	2
Incidental Expenses of the Court of Probate in Dublin, p. 6	846	16	9
Salaries of the District Registrars in England and Wales, p. 4	25,850	5	6
Amount paid for Copying, &c. to the District Registrars in England and Wales, p. 4	968	14	4
Salaries of the Clerks to the District Registrars in England and Wales, p. 5	15,542	3	6
Salaries of the District Registrars in Ireland, p. 7	2,000	–	–
Salaries of the Clerks to the District Registrars in Ireland, p. 7	805	–	–
Amount Expended by the Board of Works in England and Ireland, respectively, on account of Probate Courts and District Registries, in the year 1866, p. 7	5,483	15	2
TOTAL Salaries and Expenses £.	112,232	3	5
Annual Amount of Compensations to Proctors and Officers of the late Courts, p. 8	99,543	14	3
TOTAL Annual Charge £.	211,775	17	8
Deduct,—Amount of Fees received in the Year 1866 (by way of Stamps):			
London, p. 3 £.	59,688	12	3
Dublin, p. 6	9,243	7	9
District Registries, England, &c., p. 5	66,774	12	9
District Registries, Ireland, p. 7	4,379	15	–
	140,086	7	9
Deficiency £.	71,689	9	11

Whitehall, Treasury Chambers,
29 March 1867.

George Ward Hunt.

COURTS OF PROBATE.

ACCOUNT of the Annual Salaries of the Judges, the Registrars, Deputy Registrars, Clerks, and all Others holding Offices in the Courts of Probate in *London* and *Dublin*, together with an Account of all Fees and Monies received in the Year ended 31 December 1866, &c.:—Also, Return of all Compensations payable under the Authority of the Probate Acts for *England* and *Ireland* respectively, on 31 December 1866.

(*Presented pursuant to Acts* 20 & 21 *Vict. c.* 77, *s.* 114, *and c.* 79, *s.* 116.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
10 *May* 1867.

286.

Under 2 *oz.*

REGISTER OF DEEDS (MIDDLESEX).

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 16 August 1867;—*for*,

"COPY of a REPORT made by *John Greenwood*, Esquire, to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for the Home Department, on the subject of the OFFICE of REGISTER of DEEDS in *Middlesex*."

Whitehall, 19 August 1867. ADOLPHUS F. O. LIDDELL.

H. Waddington, Esq., to *J. Greenwood*, Esq.

Sir, Whitehall, 21 June 1867.

I AM directed by Mr. Secretary Gathorne Hardy to acquaint you that he has appointed you to make an inquiry into the office of the Middlesex Registry of Deeds, the nature of the duties of the Registrars and their deputy, the fees charged, their amount, and the application of them, the amount of work annually done, and any other matters relating to the constitution, the working and the usefulness of the office which may suggest themselves in the course of your investigation.

You will further be pleased to state to him what, if any, measures ought, in your opinion, to be taken in reference thereto for the public advantage, and to favour him with any further views which in the course of these inquiries may occur to you as tending to increase the economy and efficiency of the office.

I am, &c.

To J. Greenwood, Esq. (signed) *H. Waddington.*

REPORT made by *John Greenwood*, Esq., Solicitor to the Treasury to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for the Home Department, on the subject of the OFFICE of REGISTER of DEEDS in *Middlesex*.

Sir, Treasury, 1 August 1867.

IN compliance with the desire of Mr. Secretary Hardy, signified by your letter of 21st June, I have proceeded upon an inquiry into the office of the Middlesex Registry, the duties of the Registrars and their deputy, the fees charged, and the application of them.

I have seen and conversed with the three Registrars.

Mr. Wainwright, a solicitor, who called on me with the Registrars, has been good enough to forward to me an argument in writing on their behalf. A copy of such argument accompanies this Report.

The principal information, however, has been supplied to me by Mr. Williamson, the Deputy and Chief Clerk, at numerous meetings, during which I have also inspected a variety of books and other documents belonging to the office.

A copy of my notes accompanies this Report; but as Mr. Williamson's various statements became more or less conversational, and were led abruptly from one subject to another, as the contents of a book or other document suddenly suggested something to his mind, and as he appeared to modify some of his opinions

in the progress of the inquiry, I have thought it best to make a more general and connected statement, referring to the notes of his examination as the principal groundwork of this Report.

The Office of the Registers (as they are called) was created in 1708 by Stat. 7 Ann, c. 20.

The Clerk of Inrolments in Chancery (for Middlesex), the Chief Clerk of Inrolment of Pleas in the Queen's Bench, the Clerk of the Warrants in the Common Pleas, and the Queen's Remembrancer, or his deputy in the Exchequer, were to be the four "Registers or Masters of the Office."*

The Act continues to say that the Registers may from time to time nominate and appoint one or more able and sufficient person or persons, for whom they shall be accountable, to be their deputy or deputies. An office is to be provided by the Registers in or near some of the Inns of Court or Chancery; the deputy is to be presented for approval to the Lord Chancellor and the Chiefs of the three Courts of Common Law, and may be by them displaced.

The Chancellor and the three Chiefs may from time to time make rules and orders for the management and government of the office (none have been made).

The Registers are to be sworn for the due discharge of their office, and in denial of having given anything for the purchase of their office, and they are made liable to treble damages and costs at the suit of any person injured by their neglect, misdemeanor, or fraudulent practice.

They are to give bond, with sureties, in the sum of 2,000 *l.* for the due discharge of their duties.

Memorials in vellum or parchment are to be brought to the office to be entered and registered under the hand and seal of a grantor or grantee, attested by two witnesses, one of whom is to be a witness to the execution of the deed. Such witness shall, on oath before a Register, or before a Master in Chancery, Ordinary or Extraordinary, prove the signing and sealing of the memorial, and the execution of the deed mentioned in the memorial.

"Which oath the said Registers and Masters in Chancery are hereby empowered to administer, and shall endorse a certificate thereof on every such memorial, and sign the same."

S. 6. The Act defines what the memorial is to contain, dates, parties, witnesses, parcels, parishes, &c.

Each deed is to be produced at the time of entering the memorial, and the Register is to endorse a certificate on the deed mentioning the day and hour at which the memorial is so entered or registered, and expressing in what book, page, and number the same is entered, and the Register shall sign the certificate when so endorsed.

The Registers also are to keep "an alphabetical calendar" of all parishes, extra-parochial places, and townships within the country with reference to the number of every memorial that concerns the honors, manors, lands, &c., in every such parish in, and of the names of the parties in, such memorials.

The 11th section of the Act is in the following words:

Fees of Register. "That every such Register or Master shall be allowed for the entry of every such memorial as is by this Act directed, the sum of 1 *s.*, and no more, in case the same do not exceed 200 words: but if such memorial shall exceed 200 words, then after the rate and proportion of 6 *d.* a hundred for all the words contained in such memorial over and above the first 200 words, and the like fees for the like number of words contained in every certificate or copy given out of the said office, and no more, and for every search in the said office 1 *s.*, and no more."

There are various other provisions as to the registering of judgments, the effect of not registering, &c., which it is unnecessary to particularise.

At

* By Stat. 25 Geo. 2, c. 4, the Secondary of the Court of King's Bench is substituted as a Register instead of the Chief Clerk. Also by Stat. 22 & 23 Vict. c. 21, s. 7, the Queen's Remembrancer is no longer one of the Registers, but the monies which would have been payable to him are received by him and paid over to a public account. Again, by Stat. 7 Will. 4, and 1 Vict. c. 30, s. 28, the offices of Clerk of Enrolments in the Queen's Bench, and of the Clerk of the Warrants in Common Pleas being abolished, the then present Registrars were to continue in office and their successors to be appointed by the Chief Justices. By Stat. 5 & 6 Vict. c. 103, s. 34, the office of Clerk of Inrolments in Chancery being abolished, the Lord Chancellor is to appoint the successors of the then present Registrar, whose other office was then abolished.

At the first institution, therefore, of the office, though the appointment of a deputy or deputies was clearly contemplated, it can hardly be said that mere sinecure places were created, still less very lucrative sinecures, for the transfers of land in Middlesex, incumbrances, &c., were incomparably more rare in those days than now.

The following are the numbers of memorials registered in the several years underwritten, taken, for example, at various intervals :—

A.D.	Number of Memorials.	A.D.	Number of Memorials.	A.D.	Number of Memorials.
1709	639	1800	4,099	1861	17,850
1710	518	1810	7,891	1862	19,731
1715	1,028	1820	6,676	1863	22,894
1720	2,286	1830	7,094	1864	23,796
1750	2,004	1840	6,643	1865	26,133
1770	3,109	1850	11,144	1866	28,263

Mr. Williamson thinks that originally the Registers would not have received more than 50 *l.* a year each.

Indeed, looking to the number of memorials that were registered in the earlier years, it seems that not more than about 100 *l.* could have been received in the office for fees. Out of this a deputy (if appointed), would have to be paid, offices must have been found near the Inns of Court, and other expenses defrayed. There could scarcely have been any surplus for the Registers at first.

The Registers, too, had to give bond in 2,000 *l.*, each and to be accountable for their deputies.

The office, therefore, does not appear to have been very valuable.

It is probable that the Registers, who had also duties to attend to elsewhere, transacted business in turns at the Middlesex Registry.

For even in much later times the Deputy appears to have been paid different amounts, by the several Registrars, in proportion to their own non-attendance.

For example, in 1756, when Mr. Rowe, Mr. Clarke, Lord Masham, and Mr. Hackshaw were Registrars, the shares that fell to them respectively were very different, one from the other.

Lord Masham appears never to have attended, and his share was very much less than that of others. It used to be received for him by Mr. Hackshaw, who appears to have been the most constant attendant.

Thus Rowe and Clarke appear to have received in that year about 120 *l.* a piece, Hackshaw about 170 *l.*, and Lord Masham about 75 *l.*

In more modern times the business seems to have been done wholly by deputy.

And the business seems so entirely the work of a superior clerk, or a stationer, that (setting aside any question of fees) it is not easy to see what business could be better transacted by the principals than by the deputies.

The only business transacted personally, of late years, by either of the Registrars (with such trifling exceptions as are mentioned by Mr. Williamson), has been the auditing (as it is called) of the office accounts, the drawing of cheques for the salaries of the deputy, the clerks, and other expenses of the office, and the division of the net proceeds between the three Registrars and the Queen's Remembrancer's account.

The business of the office has vastly increased of late years.

Instead of 500 or 600 or 800 memorials, as in the early years of the office, there were registered, as has been said above, 26,000 and 28,000 memorials in 1865 and 1866 respectively.

And the following are the gross receipts of the office in 1866:—

	£.	s.	d.
For Lexicon searches	646	12	6
Parliamentary searches	415	14	–
Memorials	10,920	18	–
Expedition fees	269	10	–
Discharges	270	11	–
Office copies	30	18	6
£.	12,554	4	–

The net sum received by each Registrar was 2,368 *l.* 12 *s.* 2 *d.*, but out of this it is stated by the Registrars, in the Return of 1867, that each Registrar paid, in 1685, 150 *l.*, and in 1866, 200 *l.*, towards the acquisition, improvement, and fitting up of their office.

As to the rate of fees taken at the office, it is no longer possible to ascertain what have been taken at varying periods. The old books, with a small exception noticed hereafter, are no longer forthcoming. They were little more than lists of fees, and no great value would seem to belong to them after a year or two, and therefore their destruction or non-appearance may not be wondered at, or give rise to suspicion.

The Act, it will be observed, prescribes a uniform rate of fees.

The charges, therefore, it might have been expected, would have been uniform to the present time.

But they have not been so.

Nor is the charge uniform at the present day (as will be seen hereafter).

It was probably so in early periods, but at least 100 years ago, a system appears to have grown up something like the arbitrary charges of the present day.

At the present day the ordinary charge upon entering and registering a memorial is 7 *s.*

If the memorial is long, say exceeding nine folios, or 648 words, an additional charge is made; but, if the memorial is very short, say not exceeding 200 words the charge is still 7 *s.*

This 7 *s.* has become a sort of standard or minimum charge, augmented in case of long memorials, but not diminished in case of short memorials.

Now, supposing the memorial not to exceed 200 words, it would, at first sight, seem that the fee by the Act ought to be 1 *s.* only, not 7 *s.*

Again, suppose the memorial is, what Mr. Williamson describes of average length, say nine folios (of 72 words), or 648 words, the charge in this case also is 7 *s.*; it would seem, at first sight, that it ought to be 3 *s.* 6 *d.*

If a very long memorial is brought in, say of 50 folios, a round sum is charged of 6 *d.* a folio, say 25 *s.*

Taking the Act strictly, it might be supposed that the proper charge would be for 50 folios, that is to say, 3,600 words, 18 *s.*, not 25 *s.*

Then the question arises, upon what ground is this apparent excess of charge to be rested?

Mr. Williamson observed, in general terms, that there is a vast difference in the value of money now and the value of money in the time of Queen Anne. Again, that rents have increased excessively; that, not more than 90 years ago, only 32 *l.* a year was paid for the Registry office, and, even very lately, only 90 *l.* a year, while it is greatly more at the present day, namely, about 300 *l.* a year for rent, rates, and taxes, besides insurance.

But he gave more precise explanations of the exact meaning of the fees and the grounds upon which they were to be defended. He stated, for example, that in charging 7 *s.* for a memorial of average length he should include 1 *s.* for the oath (administered by himself), 1 *s.* for the certificate, and 5 *s.* for the nine folios (or 648 words).

Now, in order to do justice to the Registrars, and their deputies and predecessors, it is right to examine this explanation strictly, and, necessarily, at some length, because the same explanation has been given in Returns to Parliament (copies of which accompany this Report).

In the first place, however, even the charge of 5 *s.* for 648 words is 1 *s.* 6 *d.* in excess of what is authorised by the Act.

This

This excess, therefore, appears without explanation or excuse; except that a similar charge has been made for a very long time; or that, at all events, it was the result of some unrecorded traditional arrangement between the office and the profession about the year 1768.

Upon closer inquiry, it seems clear that neither of these explanations can be sustained. For although almost all the books of the office are gone, two are still left, kept precisely in the same form as those which are now in use.

The first of these books is for about eight years, that is to say, from 25 June 1756 to 24 March 1764. The second begins (after an interval of about five years) in January 1769, and goes down to March 1776 (a little more than seven years).

Throughout these books, the ordinary charge seems to have been 6 *s.* in place of the 7 *s.* of the present day. And by comparing these charges with the corresponding memorials, which are still extant in the office, it is manifest that the charge has been augmented by 1 *s.* where there has been no increase in the length of the memorials. No explanation can be now given of this increase.

The supposed arrangement in 1768 cannot be relied upon. In the first place there is no trace or memorandum of it in the office, or elsewhere, except in a return to Parliament (which has been echoed in later returns.) *

Thus, in a return (signed by John Rigge, Deputy Register,) in March 1840, to an Order of the House of Commons, on the motion of Mr. Hayter, it is stated as follows: Parliamentary Paper, 133.

"The charges or fees demanded and received for memorials (except from a few solicitors) of the length of seven folios or 500 words, is 7 *s.*, and beyond that length, 6 *d.* for every additional 100 words, as the Act of 7 Anne directs.

"The authority for such charge was an arrangement between the Registers and attornies of the time, the same being considered a correct charge for the average memorials brought to the office, and was adopted to prevent the delay necessarily occasioned by the having to count the number of words contained in every memorial.

"This system has existed from the year 1768, a period of 72 years, and is still in force."

The same return goes on to enumerate the highest fees taken in each year between 1824 and 1840, adding as follows:

"Each of the above sums, if the Act of Queen Anne had been strictly complied with, would be reduced 2 *s.* 6 *d.*"

It is therefore admitted in this return, that the charges are in excess (to the amount of 2 *s.* 6 *d.*) of what is justified by the statute; and an alleged agreement is put forward as a justification.

So, in the next Return in 1849, to an Order of the House, upon the motion of Mr. Walpole, it is said, "The fees taken for the registering of deeds are 7 *s.* for memorials of 500 words, and 6 *d.* for every 100 words exceeding that number. In this sum of 7 *s.*, is included 1 *s.* for administering the oath of the due execution of deed, and 1 *s.* for the certificate endorsed thereon of its registration." [385.]

"The scale of fees prescribed by the Act of 7 Anne, c. 20, was altered, as the present Registers are informed, in the year 1768; but of the authority for such alteration they are ignorant, further than by the arrangement alluded to in the last return made from this office on the 18th of March 1840. Such were the recognized fees when they respectively were appointed Registrars, and the same by custom have been received since the year before referred to."

Here, then again, it is admitted that the Act of Anne has been departed from, and the scale of fees is again rested upon the supposed agreement between some unnamed persons and the Registers in 1768.

But this return goes beyond the preceding: for, whereas the preceding return gives

* A copy of this return accompanies this report, together with eight others, which have been successively ordered by the House. The first of these in 1825, upon an Order of the House, upon the motion of Mr. Peel, does not appear to be a very candid answer. The Registrars were required by the House to state "A Table of the Rate of Fees." In answer to this, they have given the scale prescribed by the Act, not the scale in actual use in the office, though it could not be doubted what the House wanted.

gives 7 *s.* as the fee for memorials of seven folios, or 500 words, this Return of 1849 says, that while 7 *s.* is charged for a memorial of 500 words, 1 *s.* (part of the 7 *s.*) is, in fact, for the oath of execution of the deed, and 1 *s.* for the certificate endorsed upon the deed of its having been registered.

It will be found, perhaps, that all these explanations are unfounded:

1st. It is almost capable of proof, that there was in fact, no such agreement; and, if there had been, it surely afforded no authority for charging the public with fees in excess of what the statute prescribed.

2ndly. It will be found that this new explanation dividing the 7 *s.*, into three parts, viz., 5 *s.* for the memorial, 1 *s.* for oath, 1 *s.* for certificate, is inconsistent with the facts, and can only be regarded as a plausible mode of accounting for the amount of fees taken in apparent excess of what the Act allows.

Now, first as to the supposed agreement in 1768; not a trace of it is to be found in any book or writing in the office or elsewhere.

Mr. Rigge, the Deputy Registrar, who signs the Return of 1840, describes it at an arrangement between the registers and attorneys of the time, and says that the system has existed since 1768, a period of 72 years.

He cites no authority for this statement, and the date precludes his own personal knowledge. Even if such an arrangement had been made by "the attorneys," it is manifest that no such arrangement ought to have been permitted to overrule the plain words of the Statute, and to impose additional fees upon all persons dealing with their property in Middlesex.

But in truth no such arrangement was made. For notwithstanding the almost universal loss or destruction of the books of the office, two are still extant, as mentioned above, the first beginning in the year 1756, the second ending in the year 1776.

No charge whatever is made in the fees charged throughout this period (about 20 years). The usual charge is 6 *s.*, as uniformly before 1768 as after 1768. The suggestion therefore of a charge made in that year seems groundless. The books themselves prove that there was already an excess of charge, in common use, before that year, as well as afterwards.

The charges appear exactly of the same form and character as at the present day; with this exception only, that the ordinary fee was 6 *s*, and is now 7 *s.* And this fee of 6 *s.* seems clearly in excess of the amount authorised by the Act.

For 500 words the Act prescribes a fee of 2 *s.* 6 *d.* Why was this more than doubled?

The suggestion made in 1849 is, that it includes 1 *s.* for oath, 1 *s.* for certificate. Even if this were so, there would remain 4 *s.* charged for the memorial (instead of 2 *s.* 6 *d.*), itself a great excess. But this supposition of 1 *s.* being charged for the oath, and 1 *s.* for the certificate, seems also quite unfounded. No trace of it is to be found in any document. It seems to rest as an arbitrary conjecture; and, in fact, the documents still in the office are inconsistent with it.

For, 1st, as to the Oath:—

The Act enjoins the oath as part of the process of entering and registering a memorial. It says nothing as to any special payment for administering the oath.

It proceeds to prescribe a fee for entering the memorial.

Perhaps, therefore, the true construction of the Act would be that this fee for entering the memorial includes everything which is necessarily incidental to it; and therefore that no separate fee could be legally charged for the oath alone.

But assuming that it could be, it seems clear that it never was so; and that in this sum of 7 *s.* it was never (until lately) intended or understood by any party that 1 *s.* of it was charged for the oath; the books appear to disprove it.

Sect. 5. The Act it will be remembered allows the oaths to be administered either by the Registrars, or by any Master in Chancery, Ordinary or Extraordinary.

Upon reference to the memorials now in the office it appears that abundance of them have been sworn out of the office.

Yet in all of these the same charge has been made as if the parties had been sworn in the office; and this seems invariably the case, as well in ancient times as modern.

Therefore, one of two things, either a charge is made for the oath, though none is administered, or the supposition that 1 *s.* for oath is included in the fee,

for

for registering the memorial, is an ingenious conjecture only, not warranted by any record, or entry in any book, and of which no trace is to be found, except the suggestion laid before the House of Commons by Mr. Rigge in 1849.

Next, as to the supposed fee of 1 *s.* for the certificate; it may be worth while to repeat the directions of the Act. It directs as follows (so far as regards deeds and conveyances):—

"The memorials so to be entered and registered shall be put into writing on vellum or parchment and brought to the office, and shall be under the hand and seal of one of the grantors or grantees, attested by two witnesses, one of whom shall be one of the witnessess to the execution of the deed, which witness shall upon his oath before a registrar, or a Master in Chancery, Ordinary or Extraordinary, prove the signing and sealing of the memorial and the execution of the deed mentioned in the memorial, which oaths the Registers and Masters in Chancery are hereby empowered to administer, and shall endorse a certificate thereof on any such memorial." Sect. 5.

One certificate therefore is to be indorsed on the memorial, and is to certify the oath. In practice this certificate (so called) is a memorandum written on the back of the memorial, importing that the memorial has been registered at such a time, and consists of about 34 words, and remains of course with the memorial in the office.

There is also (as mentioned above) a memorandum of registry endorsed on the deed itself, and given back to the party bringing it. It is in the following form:—

"A memorial registered at 1 in the afternoon the 4th June 1866, B. 12, No. 600," (and this is counted in the office as about 20 words, including figures.)

Now the words of the Act of Parliament relied upon by the Registrars, are that the Registers are to be allowed 1 *s.* for the entry of a memorial, not exceeding 200 words and 6 *d.* a hundred afterwards, "and the like fees for the like number of words contained in every certificate or copy given out of the said office, and no more." S. 11.

Of these two indorsements it seems clear for two reasons that the first cannot justify a charge of 1 *s.* as being "a certificate or copy given out of the said office."

In the first place it is not "given out of the said office," but remains there.

In the second place it is never made when the oath is sworn in the country, or elsewhere than the office.

But the suggestion is that the endorsement on the deed itself given back to the party, is "a certificate or copy given out of the said office," within the meaning of the Act, for which a charge may be made of 1 *s.*

This seems a strange construction, viz., that a little memorandum which is comprised in 20 words is really what the Act intends as the "certificate or copy given out of the said office" the payment for which is to be measured by the number of hundred words contained in it.*

Even if it can be maintained that for writing these few words on the back of a deed, the Registrars are entitled to make some charge (though it is a necessary part of the duty imposed on the Registrars), they seem to be wrong in supposing that the charge for it is that which is prescribed in the Act for "a certificate or copy given out of the office."

It would appear therefore that these two sums of 1 *s.* for oath and 1 *s.* for certificate were never intended by the Registrars to be included in the 6 *s.* charge of the last century, and the 7 *s.* charge of the present; but that these two items have been lately thought of or invented (not using the word in a bad sense), as a mode of explaining what these large fees consisted of, so much in apparent excess of the limit prescribed by the Act.

The result seems to be that from 1756 (and how long before there are no means of ascertaining), the fees charged in the office have been in excess of what are limited by the Act; that in later days (but how far back there are no means of ascertaining) the excess has been still greater. Then even assuming that both the

* Office copies (in the ordinary sense) are not unfrequently given out of the office, for which, however, the charge is 6 *d.* a folio (72 words), not 6 *d.* per hundred. These copies produced 30 *l.* in 1866.

the last-mentioned fees, viz., 1 *s.* for oath, and 1 *s.* for certificate can be legitimately taken, the excess would be as follows:—

	s.	*d.*
For an ordinary memorial of average length, nine folios, or 648 words, the fee charged is 7 *s.*; the fee allowed by the statute is - - - -	3	6
Add 1 *s.* for oath, 1 *s.* for certificate - -	2	–
	5	6 = excess 1 *s.* 6 *d.*

This seems the most favourable case, in the present practice, and the one which is most nearly in accordance with the Statute.

	s.	*d.*
If the memorial does not exceed 200 words, the charge is still 7 *s.*; the Act allows - - -	1	–
Add for oath and certificate - - -	2	–
	3	– = excess 4 *s.*

that is to say, the charge to the public is more than double what is authorised by the Act, even as now construed in the office.

	s.	*d.*
But suppose a memorial not exceeding 200 words is sworn before a Master Extraordinary, the charge at the office is still 7*s.*; the Act allows -	1	–
Add for certificate - - - - -	1	–
	2	–

The excess of charge here is 5 *s.*; that is to say, the charge to the public is more than treble of what is authorised by the Act, even as it is now construed in the office.

But, lastly, suppose a memorial sworn in the country not exceeding 200 words, and suppose that upon the true construction of the Act, the memorandum at the back is not the "Certificate or copy" intended by the Act, and ought not to be made the subject of a separate fee, the charge being still 7 *s.*, and the amount allowed by the Act being 1 *s.*, the charge made to the public, viz., 7 *s.*, would be sevenfold that which is legally due.

Besides the memorials of deeds, conveyances and wills, there are registered what are called *Discharges;* these are certificates of satisfaction, signed by mortgagees, &c.

The usual length of these documents would entitle the Registrar to a fee of 1 *s.* 6 *d.*, according to the scale in the Statute.

The Act directs an oath in this case also; and therefore, perhaps, the most correct construction would be that the fee of 1 *s.* 6 *d.* covered everything.

But even if 1 *s.* were allowed for oath, the total charge ought to be 2 *s.* 6 *d.* The actual charge made is 7 *s.*

But hitherto the ordinary charges only have been considered, for the charges in the office are not invariable.

Many persons coming to the office resist the ordinary charges, and demand to pay what are called "Parliamentary fees." This demand is always acceded to, and a smaller fee is received.

There are sometimes 500 or 600 of these Parliamentary payments in a year.

Again, there are some persons and some firms who, because their fathers and grandfathers (or the house to which they belong) have paid a given fee, say 5 *s.*, insist on continuing to pay the same fee; and this also is always acceded to.

So that, notwithstanding the precise language of the Act, there are three scales of charge in use for memorials of the same length, viz., those which are paid by persons who are content to pay what is asked in the office; those which are paid by persons who insist on "Parliamentary fees"; those which are paid by persons on the footing of a custom in their house or family.

This is a practice which, of course, ought not to continue in the office.

With respect to searches, it is not perhaps necessary to say much.

Sect. 6. The Act requires (as above stated) that the Registrar "shall keep an alphabetical kalendar of all parishes, extra-parochial places and townships within the said county, with reference to the number of every memorial that concerns the honors, manors, &c., in every such parish, &c., and of the names of the parties mentioned in such memorials."

I have

I have seen the "Kalendar" that was kept for some years after the passing of the Act. For practical purposes it seems exceedingly inconvenient and insufficient. It was soon abandoned.

Another index has been kept with the names of parties in alphabetical order, but placing all names indiscriminately under their initial letter. This is called the Parliamentary Index.

A very improved book has been established in strict alphabetical order, like a dictionary; not as regards the initial letter only, but those also which follow, and this seems to have been carefully compiled, to be well kept, and to be all that can be required for its purposes. Half-a-crown is charged for a search in it. But the Parliamentary index is also often referred to, and the charge is 1 *s.*

Lastly, there is a class of fees taken in the office not contemplated by the Act, called Expedition Fees.

Ordinarily a person depositing his deed and memorial has to call for his deed in eight or nine days.

If he desires expedition, he may pay 2 *s.* 6 *d.* and have his deed on the following day.

This expedition is not effected by any additional expense incurred at the office, but by the ordinary staff.

It is difficult to see how this can be recommended.

It would seem that either the ordinary interval of eight or nine days is too much, or that it is rendered necessary by the preference given to parties who pay expedition fees.

Expedition fees are numerous and never refused.

In 1866, 269 *l.* 10 *s.* was received for them, say for above 2,000 memorials.

With respect to the measures which ought to be taken for the public advantage (as indicated in your letter), it only occurs to me to observe that if the office should be reconstituted, it ought to be under the management and control of a single officer of some position, with a liberal salary, with a principal assistant, and under regulations ensuring personal attendance (except in ordinary vacations), and that all fees should be paid in stamps.

Whether the office itself should exist, or be wholly abolished, is a question for Her Majesty's Government and the Legislature.

The doubts of Sir William Blackstone as to its utility are well known.

Perhaps the strongest standing testimony against the supposed advantage of the system, is, that after a trial of 160 years it has not been adopted universally, or at all events in other suburban counties, besides Middlesex.

I have, &c.
(signed) *John Greenwood.*

The Right Honourable H. Waddington,
&c. &c.

APPENDIX.

Appendix, No. 1.

Re The Middlesex Registrars.

Argument.

The Registrars admitting that Sect. 11 limits the amount of fees to be taken for the business specified in that section, contend, that in addition to the fee for registration, they are entitled to a fee—

1. For administering the oath and taking the proof of the execution of the documents mentioned in Sect. 5.

2. For endorsing the certificate of registration on the deed, will, or probate memorialised.

3. For the use of index.

1. The Registrars are entitled to a fee for administering the oath, &c. on the following grounds:—

A Master Extraordinary, if he administered the oath, &c, would be entitled to a fee, therefore the Registrar, who does the same business, must be entitled to a fee; for it never could have been intended by the Legislature that a fee should be taken by one person for doing the business, and not by another for doing the same business.

It may be objected that the 11th section, specifying particular fees, no other fees can be taken; but the answer to this objection is, that that section merely limits the amount of fees to be taken in particular cases, but does not limit the cases in which fees are to be taken, and that the Legislature, considering that there was a usual and accustomed fee attached to the doing of such business by the Master Extraordinary, intended the Registrars to receive a similar fee, *vide* per Heath, J., 2 Hen., Blackstone, p. 223, in Fleetwood *v.* Finch, "An ancient fee may attach on a modern Act of Parliament; such, for instance, as a fee on an oath taken before a justice of the peace or a judge at chambers. So, if a new Act were to direct an officer to grant a certificate, an accustomed fee granted on taking certificates would attach."

2. As to the fee for endorsing the certificate of registration on the "deed, conveyance, will, or probate" memorialised.

By sect. 11 the Registrars are entitled to charge a fee for every certificate given out of the office. This certificate is given out of the office.

Therefore there can be no doubt that the Registrars are entitled to charge for it.

3. As to the fee for the use of the index.

The index in question is a lexicographical index, or an index compiled on the dictionary principle, and affords much greater facilities for searching than the alphabetical kalendar kept under the directions of Sect. 6. *Exempli gratia*, take the case of a purchaser buying a house from a person named Smith. If he takes down the alphabetical kalendar he finds a number of names ranged under the initial letter S., and is, in searching, very likely to miss it. Whereas in the lexicographical index he finds all the entries of the name of Smith collected under one head.

The difficulty of the search is pointed out by the Real Property Commissioners in their Second Report, p. 25, and an index in strict dictionary order is one of their recommendations.

If, however, the searchers were in every case to be made by the Registrars, of course the Registrars could not charge for the use of the index, but merely for the search. It will be found, however, that the Registrars are in no case obliged to make negative searches, *i. e.*, searches to ascertain that no incumbrance exists.

By Sect. 12 the Registrars are required to search concerning all memorials that are registered.

Their search, therefore, concerns only memorials that are registered; the purchaser, or other person interested, first ascertains the existence of a registered memorial through the use of the alphabetical kalendar.

Thus, take the case of a purchaser buying land from a vendor; he wishes to know whether the vendor has encumbered it; he searches the kalendar or index for the vendor's name (the land not being specified), and having ascertained the existence of a registered memorial by a person of that name, directs the Registrars to search for it. He cannot call on the Registrar to make a negative search for such a purpose.

This view is confirmed by the 8th Geo. 1, c. 15 (Irish), s. 2, which, amending the 6th Anne, c. 2, s. 10 (Irish), obliges the Registrar to give negative certificates. It is also confirmed by the opinion of Mr. Sanders, who states, in the Sixth Appendix to the Report of the Registration and Conveyancing Commission, p. 238, that there is no power to demand and obtain a negative certificate from the Registrar's office.

The conclusion therefore is, that the Registrar is not bound to search except for ascertained registered conveyances, and the public using the lexicographical index or dictionary for the purpose of negative searches, must pay a reasonable sum for the use of it in lieu of the 1 *s.*, which the Registrars would be entitled to receive for a search by the public in the alphabetical kalendar, and the fee given in the 8th Geo. 1, for such search is 2 *s.* 6 *d.*

Appendix No. 2.

NOTES OF EVIDENCE.

Treasury, Monday, 24th June 1867.

THOMAS ROBERTS WILLIAMSON, Chief Clerk and Deputy Registrar:—

I was appointed about 16 years ago a clerk in the office by Mr. John Rigge, the then deputy. My salary then was 2 *l.* 10 *s.* per week, paid weekly by Mr. Rigge.

I was afterwards made assistant clerk at 150 *l.* a year upon Mr. Rigge's appointment. Mr. Rigge retired or vacated office in January 1861, and I was then appointed by the Registrars themselves as second clerk in the office at a salary of 200 *l.* per annum. Afterwards on the death of Mr. Osborne in July 1865. I was made chief clerk and deputy registrar at a salary of 400 *l.* a year, paid quarterly. Those two offices have always been conjoined, to my knowledge.

The business is now carried on in Serle-street, Lincoln's-inn.

We pay 200 *l.* a year rent, and about 100 *l.* a year rates and taxes.

Lord Truro draws the cheques; he is auditor. I make out the accounts, and apply to him for cheques.

We have a 21 years' lease (19¾ unexpired). The three Registrars are the lessees.

I pay the premiums on insurance in the same way.

The establishment consists of 16, that is to say, the working staff (excluding the Registrars).

1. Myself (chief clerk and deputy). Alfred Dering is second clerk, 200 *l.* a year; Mr. Thomas Rae is index clerk, 200 *l.* a year; Mr. Francis Dering assistant clerk, 120 *l.* a year; Mr. George Hill, general and examining clerk, 100 *l.* a year. Then there are ten permanent copying clerks who receive payment according to the work they do, at so much per folio, averaging from 2 *l.* 2 *s.* to 2 *l.* 8 *s.*

There are two porters at one guinea per week and fifteen shillings respectively. Their principal employment is getting down and replacing our books. Sometimes one porter is away and another away, so that perhaps it is more correct to say that our working establishment is 16 than 17 (as above enumerated).

All these appointments are in the hands of Lord Truro, that is to say, I would perhaps nominate a new clerk to him, in case of death or resignation.

I do not claim these appointments myself. I do not know any right that Lord Truro has more than the others, for they are all equal, but in fact I have seen more of him.

Mr. Meynell has weak health, and is almost always abroad.

Mr. Le Blanc is sometimes in Wales and sometimes in Scotland, and I may say that those two are absentees, but Lord Truro I can always see.

He will come to me if I write to him, or I can make an appointment to see him in Dover-street. Perhaps we meet as often at one place as the other, but I don't trouble him often. They leave everything to me. Sometimes I may see him twice in a week, sometimes once in a fortnight; it depends upon the emergencies. I have seen him oftener in the last two years than before, because he has been more in town. But it is only as to money matters. I do not trouble him on the routine matters of the office.

Lord Truro's cheques are on Gosling & Co. The account is in the name of the Middlesex Registrars.

The cheques are drawn in the name of Lord Truro only; I cannot say whether by arrangement Mr. Le Blanc or Mr. Meynell can draw on this account; but, in point of fact, they never do and never have done. I pay the receipts of the office into the account daily, say from 40 *l.* to 50 *l.* daily.

At the end of every quarter I make up the account of all the receipts of the quarter, and of the disbursements, and apply for cheques for the quarterly salaries (having paid during the quarter the weekly salaries for clerks and porters by Lord Truro's cheques every week, or in his occasional absence by advance out of the daily receipts, sending the balance to the bank, and explaining the advance when I next get cheques from Lord Truro; and then the net proceeds are divided into four equal parts, say 550 *l.* or 600 *l.*, for Mr. Le Blanc. The same for Mr. Meynell and Lord Truro, and the fourth for Mr. Walton, the Queen's Remembrancer.

This last I pay into Messrs. Hoare's, to the public account of the Queen's Remembrancer's office, and the other three cheques Lord Truro's valet usually takes for the three Registrars. I usually write him a letter at the end of each quarter, and I say, for example:—

My Lord,
I inclose the accounts for the quarter.
The receipts are so much.
The disbursements so much.

Then I add a word or two about the happy and prosperous state of the office, and I draw a line through the amount of the net proceeds and divide it by four, showing the amount for each. Last year was an unusually heavy year, as they each had 2,400 *l.*

Lord Denman appointed Mr. Le Blanc in 1842. Lord Truro was appointed by Lord Chancellor Truro in 1851. Mr. Meynell was appointed by Lord Chief Justice Cockburn in 1857. I never heard any question raised as to the office being held by a Peer of Parliament. In or about 1828, I think, Lord Alvanly was a Registrar.

By Statute 7, the Chancellor and judges may from time to time make rules or order for the better management and government of the office. There never have been any such rules made to my knowledge. We have never been interfered with. The numbers of the establishment have varied from time to time, according to the varying amounts of business. The Registrars have settled the amount of salaries; they revised a new scale of salaries in 1860. Before that, there had been a good deal of alleged mismanagement.

There were perquisites taken by the deputy, something like what the deputy takes now in Yorkshire. There was an entire revision made in 1860 (by the three present Registrars).

The hours of attendance, I can say for the last 40 years, have been the same as now. I can speak for 25 years of my own recollection. I cannot tell how the alteration was made from the hours prescribed by the Act.

The fees are regulated according to the length of the memorials. There is what we call the minimum memorial, which runs up to about nine folios. We charge 7*s.* for that (including oath and certificate). That is all one charge paying every expense. I administer the oath myself, and the deputies always have done so. My appointment enables me to do whatever the Registrars could do in person (you shall have a copy). I charge 1*s.* for the oath. That has been the charge from time immemorial, as far as I know. I charge 1*s.* for the certificate. That leaves 5*s.* for nine folios (of 72 words), say 648 words. The statutory charge would be 3*s.* 6*d.*

But there is a vast difference in the value of money now and the value of money in the time of Queen Anne; so, not more than 90 years ago we paid 32*l.* a year for rent of our office in Cooke's-court, and in my own time 90*l.* a year for the offices in Bell-yard. The increase of charge was made in 1768. This is ascertained by previous reports to Parliament.

I cannot tell whether the fees were raised by degrees or at one jump. If a memorial is brought of less than nine folios we should make the same charge; it is never objected to, not once in a twelvemonth; but if it is objected to, we do nothing unjust, we go by the statute, and charge them the statutory fees.

Indeed, a good many of those who do object do not get off with the statutory fees; for many of the old stagers go by what their fathers and grandfathers have done; and if their fathers and grandfathers have paid 5*s.* they insist on 5*s.*, and if 7*s.* they insist on 7*s.*, and are content, though the statutory amount may be only 4*s.*; but it is a sort of equitable compromise; we do the business as cheaply as it can be done; it is only the immense quantity of the business that can make it pay. I cannot tell why 1*s.* is charged for the certificate. It has been charged from time immemorial. The Act says, "The like fees for the like number of words in every certificate or copy given out of the office."

But in truth the public did not adhere to the statutory scale even before the fees were raised in 1768. They paid even before that more than the amounts mentioned in the statute. We can prove that by the old books now in our office.

Treasury, Tuesday, 25th June 1867.

Mr. Williamson (again):—

A solicitor's clerk or other person coming with a memorial to be registered, would in ordinary course address himself to Mr. Alfred Dering, the clerk who sits opposite to me on the other side of a double desk.

He would present to Mr. Dering the original deed, and the proposed memorial.

Mr. Dering would number the deed and memorial, putting on them the number next succeeding the number placed on the deed and memorial last presented (the numbers run up to as near 1,000 as circumstances will permit, our books running to about 1,000; but we don't break a thousand in a day; we have had as many as 235 or 237 memorials in a day; for example, on the first day of the Whitsuntide holidays).

Mr. Dering gives a ticket or voucher for the deed, hands it to the applicant, and hands over the deed and memorial to me for the party to be sworn. I then swear the deposing witness to the execution of the deed and memorial. On the ticket issued by Dering, I write down the money to be paid, in the following form—

Middlesex Registry Office; Brown's execution to Smith, 7*s.*

Paid *T. R. W.*

This is the invariable form unless the memorial is very long, or unless a party tenders Parliamentary payment, as mentioned yesterday; in that case the memorandum is made to correspond with the actual payment which is always accepted, never refused; perhaps there

there might be 500 or 600 Parliamentary payments in a year; and two or three of those whom I called old stagers yesterday who pay a sort of compromise fee, neither one thing nor the other; *i. e.* neither our charge nor the charge prescribed by the Act; but a charge which their predecessors or their house has been in the habit of paying.

If a memorial not exceeding 200 words is presented, we should charge 7 *s.*; but if the party said "Parliamentary" we should charge three shillings (that is 1 *s.* for the memorial, 1 s. for the oath, and 1 *s.* for the certificate), and this is never objected to. On the average a memorial is about 700 words; that is the ordinary length.

Then, when we charge 7 *s.* for this, it would be 1 *s.* oath, 1 *s.* certificate; 3 *s.* 6 *d.* would represent the Parliamentary fee; total 5 *s.* 6 *d.*; 7 *s.* would be the accustomed fee.

The money is then paid on the desk to me, and the party is to call again on the day I marked on the ticket for the delivery of the deed, usually in eight or nine days.

I mark in a corner of the memorial the amount paid; at the end of the day, after 3 o'clock, I make a draft account of receipts, (this is a specimen, 1st October 1866.

	£.	*s.*	*d.*	
1. Hyde - - - - -	–	7	–	18
1. Meadows - - - -	–	7	–	
1. Percy* - - - -	–	7	–	
3. Ashurst - - - -	1	1	–	7

The first three columns are for pounds, shillings, and pence; the fourth column I call "overs," meaning payments over the regular minimum fee of 7 *s.* Thus I put down in this draft seven, or multiples of seven, and carry into the fourth column what is over.

For example, Hyde pays 1 *l.* 5 *s.*, and I put down seven, and eighteen over, and this goes into the fair book as 1 *l.* 5 *s.* This represents a memorial of about or over 50 folios, thus made up, a lump sum, including all things. It is nearly an arbitrary sum; we are not so scrupulous as to go to the exact amount; the public have the benefit of a doubt; we cast our eye on the length, and judge the length without actually counting.

The Parliamentary fee on a memorial of 50 folios would be 1 *l.* 2 *s.*

(*i. e.* £. 1 – *s.* for the 2,000 words.
– 1 oath.
– 1 certificate.

£. 1 2 *s.*)

But taking our accustomed scale we should charge 1 *l.* 5 *s.*

Made out in a round lump sum of 6 *d.* per folio without oath or certificate, we should give them the benefit of this, throwing in oath and certificate gratis; they don't want to be detained; they may have a cab at the door going to some other appointment. From these rough drafts I make up a fair book, putting down the pounds, shillings, and pence without the column for "overs."

Where a cross is put thus, × it means for expedition; *i. e.* for delivering the deed at an earlier day than the prescribed time; for this we charge 2 *s.* 6 *d.*; we may perhaps have 65 *l.* in a quarter for expedition fees.

In 1866 we registered 28,263 memorials.

The first step after the deposit of the deeds and memorials at our office is (after three o'clock) to examine them, to see that the memorial corresponds with the deed and contains the required matters. Two clerks are engaged in this (Alfred Dering and George Hill). Then the memorial is entered in what is called the day-book by Thomas Rae. This contains the names of the parties to the deed, the parish or locality where the property is situate, the number of book and likewise of memorial, the deponent's name and the name of the party to receive the deed. During that time the certificate is endorsed on the deed by the assistant clerk (Francis Dering).

On the following morning drafts for the index are prepared from the memorials. (We keep no alphabetical index as required by the Act. I have one volume at the office. It was kept for a few years and was found impracticable, because if you wanted to make a search against a particular man, you must search every parish in Middlesex. It has not been kept for 140 years.) These drafts would make each vendor's name to stand first, so that the alphabetical arrangement would present on a search each man's name under the particular letter of the alphabet. From this is made the ordinary Parliamentary index. The Parliamentary indexes are for one year each.

Besides this index we have a lexicon for each year. This gives the names not merely under the initial letters of the alphabet, but arranged in exact lexicographical order, as a Court guide directory or dictionary, so that each name can be found on the instant.

This lexicon was first introduced in 1850, and has been carried back to 1829. Mr. Rigge (then the deputy) began it. It is invariably used by the public now, but the Parliamentary

index is also still referred to. For a search there we charge 1 *s.* For a search in the lexicon we charge 2 *s.* 6 *d.* That has always been the fee. It was fixed by Mr. Rigge.

In 1866 we received for—

	£.	*s.*	*d.*
Lexicon searches - - - - - -	646	12	6
Parliamentary searches - - - -	415	14	–
Memorials - - - - - - -	10,920	18	–
Expedition fees - - - - - -	269	10	–
Discharges - - - - - -	270	11	–
Office copies - - - - - -	30	18	6
£.	12,554	4	–

Friday, 28th June 1867.

Mr. Williamson (again):—

Discharges or certificates are documents filed at the office in cases of judgments, under the hand of the plaintiff or acknowledging satisfaction of the judgment, or in case of equitable mortgages (that is to say, memoranda of deposit of deeds, &c.), acknowledgments are filed of satisfaction or payment, and these are called discharges or payment.

The fee charged is 7 *s.* That is the customary fee. But some pay less; the same as those who insist on paying the Parliamentary fee in the case of memorials. The Parliamentary fee would be (looking to the length, and there is a precedent in Mr. Rigge's book, p. 154) 1 *s.* 6 *d.*, and 1 *s.* for the oath. That is what I took yesterday.

I had only one discharge yesterday. The party asked no question, but brought his document "counted," marked the fee himself, and put down his half-crown on the counter with a significant nod.

Our charge for office copies is 6 *d.* a folio (of 72 words) for memorials or extracts of the same, and 1 *s.* for certifying it.

I do not personally recollect the introduction of the 7 *s.* minimum fee. It was introduced in or about 1768. It is so traditionally taken, but we cannot find the book to prove it; it was a matter of arrangement between the then Registrars and the profession. I have tried to find out who they were, but I cannot. Of my own knowledge, I can speak to that fee being taken for 22 years. I cannot say what is the earliest book in the office which shows the fees taken.

When I stated the other day that I could show from old books that these fees have been anciently taken, I alluded to two books which I cannot now find. I have hunted for them, and had the place turned topsy-turvy inside-out. They were the books similarly kept to those which I showed to you the other day enumerating the fees that were paid. I could only guess that they were kept by the then deputy, because that has always been the course of office. Mr. Rigge kept them, and so did Mr. Osborne whom I succeeded. I gave them to Lord Truro, and he said he thought that he had given them back to me. I gave them to him hardly two years ago. I was saying how few memorials there were then, compared with the present time. I sent them by his servant.

The books contained several years' entries. They were old clumsy thick books, of about the date of 1760 or 1770. The fee was then in excess of what was prescribed by the Act. I cannot recollect the exact amounts.

It was after I left the Treasury the other day, that I asked Lord Truro for them. He said he thought that I had had them back. I have no recollection of having had them; but I have searched, as I told you.

I can't tell you what is the oldest book we have, but I will look again.

Lord Truro, of course, knew the amount of fees paid, for he has my books every week.

Mr. Le Blanc also knew them. He has attended as Registrar for some weeks; four or five after the death of Mr. Osborne, and before I was appointed. I sate opposite to him at the same desk and took the fees in his presence, and my books were open to him.

Mr. Meynell attended for one quarter, September to December 1860. He sate in the middle room, and examined deeds and memorials with myself. He saw no money pass.

This was during the last part of Mr. John Rigge's term of office (there were three Rigges —William, John Rigge, senior, and John Rigge, junior).

There was some misunderstanding between Mr. Rigge and the present Registrars, and inquiries took place.

I do not myself doubt that Mr. Meynell, like his colleagues, knew the amount of fees charged, but I cannot give any specific reason for my belief. My books were always open to him and his colleagues. Mr. Meynell did not attend after the first quarter; he always sate in one room.

Mr. Le Blanc has never attended since 1865; he may have looked in as he drove by, to say how d'ye do, but not to do any business.

Lord Truro has never done any business except drawing cheques and auditing accounts.

Lord Marhan was a Registrar about 1760.

Treasury, Tuesday, 2nd July 1867.

LORD TRURO.

[I READ to him the official letter from the Home Office, appointing me to make the inquiries; I read to him parts of Williamson's statement, and offered to read the whole; he promised to make the most diligent inquiry in his power to ascertain the date or dates at which increased fees were taken, fees in excess of the amount prescribed by the Act. He said he would have further search made for the two old books mentioned by Mr. Williamson, which he was sure that he had returned to the office; and which according to his recollection were as late as 1680, and made the fees 6 *s.* not 7 *s.* He said that they were long narrow books in vellum, similar to the modern books produced to me by Mr. Williamson.]

Treasury, 8th July 1867.

Mr. LE BLANC.

I HAVE attended at the office for a year or perhaps two, till I found that I could do no good; I was principally engaged in examining the memorials and administering the oaths; I always took the share of the fees that was allotted to me, but I knew the amount of fees that was taken; I never took them myself; I do not know from the books or otherwise, that any rise in the fees has taken place; I believe that the fees are the same now as when I was appointed (1843).

The practice of the office is as follows; when a memorial is brought into the office it is handed to a clerk at the table, who estimates the length and fixes and receives the fee.

The memorial is then handed to the Registrar or deputy who administers the oath, and then the memorial is stamped and laid aside for entry.

Treasury, 8th July 1867.

Mr. WAINWRIGHT, Solicitor [attends with Mr. LE BLANC].

"For the purpose of showing that the fees hitherto received are legal,"

I have seen a Return to the House of Commons dated 1794, or 1805 or 1824, giving the amount of fees; I saw them when I consulted Mr. Mellish and Mr. Trevelyan on the subject of these fees.

(Mr. Wainwright makes observations on the law of the case and is to furnish them in writing.)

Treasury, Monday 8th July 1867.

Mr. VILLIERS MEYNELL, calls:—

I WAS appointed Registrar in 1857; I attended at the office during the winter of 1860 for one quarter; I learnt that the Registrars had never been in the habit of attending; I ceased to attend.

When I was in attendance I was principally engaged in examining memorials; I knew what the fees were that were received; I saw them paid and entered; the ordinary fee was 7 *s.*; I don't know how long it has been taken.

Monday, 8*th* July 1867.

Mr. WILLIAMSON (again):—

I PRODUCE two books, one beginning 25th June 1756, and going down to 24th June 1764; the other beginning January 1769, and going to near 1776. These are the two books that I gave to Lord Truro. I have now found them by searching in the cellar; I found them myself. I can find no other books of account. I can take upon myself to state that there are no other old books of account in the office or elsewhere, within my knowledge. I do not know of any that have existed and have been destroyed.

In the books which I have brought it appears that the Registrars did not receive precisely equal shares, for they seem to have been in the habit of paying the deputy in proportion to their own non-attendance.

Thus, in 1756:	£.	*s.*	*d.*
Nathaniel Rowe received for the quarter ending September	31	1	8¼
Samuel Clarke - - - - - - - - - -	31	1	8¼
Humphrey Hackshan (on account of Lord Masham's share)	19	1	8¼
And for self - - - - - - - - - - -	43	1	8¼
£.	124	6	9

For the Quarter ending December:	£.	s.	d.
Rowe	23	16	1½
Clarke	23	16	1½
Lord Masham	11	19	4½
Hackshan	35	12	10½
£.	95	4	6

For the Quarter ending March:	£.	s.	d.
Rowe	23	9	8
Clarke	23	9	8
Lord Masham	11	12	2
Hackshan	35	7	2
£.	93	18	8

For the Quarter ending June:	£.	s.	d.
Rowe	44	6	2½
Clarke	44	6	2½
Lord Masham	31	18	8½
Hackshan	56	13	8½
£.	177	4	10

I have compared these two books, which embrace 15 years.

From an inspection of them, though the length of the memorials is not specified, I should judge that the fees are charged throughout after a uniform rate. I should say that they are all, or nearly all, in excess of the amounts authorised by the statute of Anne. I judge so by comparing the entries with the original memorials, a bundle of which I now produce.

In the same way I say that the fees charged at the present day are in excess of the fees charged in the books which I hold in my hand (1756 to 1776).

For example, here is an original memorial registered 3rd January 1774 (Roberts to Massa). There are about 460 words. According to the Act, the charge ought to be 4 *s.* 6 *d.* if a charge is made for oath and certificate, that is to say—

	s.	*d.*
Oath	1	–
Certificate	1	–
Memorial	2	6
Total	4	6

The charge actually made is 6 *s.*

Supposing that no charge could be made for oath and none for the certificate, the charge under the statute would be 2 *s.* 6 *d.*; the actual charge is 6 *s.* (or more than double).

I can point to nothing in the Act authorising a charge for oath or for certificate (except for "a certificate or copy," as the Act expresses it), but I cannot say that this refers to our formal certificate endorsed on the memorial, which is always of the same length, about 34 words, and which is rather a memorandum of the memorial having been registered than a "certificate or copy" spoken of in the Act, the fee upon which is to be regulated by the number of hundred words which it contains. Besides this, is a mere memorandum or note of our own kept in the office.

There is also a memorandum of registry endorsed on the deed, which is still shorter.

Thus: "A memorial registered at one in the afternoon, the 4th June 1866, B. 12, No. 600." This is signed by the Registrar or Deputy, say 20 words (including figures).

According to the old books now produced the uniform charge appears to have been 6 *s.*; there are exceptions, where 5 *s.* is entered, which I presume to have been cases where persons have insisted on a lower fee. The charge for searches is invariably 1 *s.*

Our present books are kept precisely as these are. Our present books show a uniform charge of 7 *s.* instead of 6 *s.* (except as above), and for searches 1 *s.* old index, 2 *s.* 6 *d.* lexicon.

Here is another:—"Lewis & Gower; date of memorial 29th November 1773; registered 4th January 1774."

This was not sworn at the office, nor is there any memorandum endorsed, for it is verified by an affidavit attached, made at Chelmsford, before a Master Extra in Chancery.

The charge is like the others in the book, 6 *s.* (it is under 300 words). This, therefore, is the charge for the memorial only (independent of any supposed charge for oath or certificate). The Parliamentary charge would be 1 *s.* 6 *d.* There are three sixpenny stamps on the affidavit, and no doubt the Master's fee, whatever it was, was paid also.

Here is another instance:—"Lewis & Swan—Memorial registered 5th January '74;" verified at Norwich by affidavit sworn before a Master Extra. The length is under 500 words.

words. The charge in our book is 6 *s.* There was no oath in our office, nor certificate on memorial.

Here are other memorials, sworn at the office, but under 300 words, all charged at 6 *s.* And (on 17th January '74) two of about 400 words at 6 *s.* each.

Here again are longer memorials 500, 600, and 700 words all charged at 6 *s.* It appears from these books that the Registrars attended a good deal. The receipts for their shares is always "for my share and attendance." Lord Masham's is only "for Lord Masham's share." He alone appears not to have attended. His share is considerably less than that of the other three. I have most diligently searched, and I can find no means of ascertaining when the 6 *s.* fee was raised to 7 *s.*

The statement in the returns to the House of Commons that the fees were raised by agreement in 1768 does not appear to accord with what the books and memorials show. For in the books now produced the books are uniform from 1756 to 1776. As to the number of memorials I will ascertain from the books the numbers, say for—

A.D.		A.D.	
1709	639	1830	7,094
1710	518	1840	6,643
1715	1,028	1850	11,144
1720	2,286	1861	17,850
1750	2,004	1862	19,731
1770	3,109	1863	22,894
1800	4,099	1864	23,796
1810	7,891	1865	26,133
1820	6,676	1866	28,263

Treasury, 12th July 1867.

Mr. Williamson produces a memorial which was registered 10th November 1866, B. 24, No. 804, with affidavit at the foot verifying the execution of deed, and the signing and sealing of the memorial sworn at St. Neots, Huntingdon, 8th November 1866. There is no indorsement (and no indorsement is in practice made on any memorial sworn out of the office). The length of the memorial is about 400 words. The charge is in the margin and the fee paid and entered in the books is 7 *s.* There would be the usual short memorandum (which I have spoken of before upon the deed).

Here, also, is a memorial, 7th December 1866, of about the same length, B. 26, No. 921, sworn at Gloucester. The Commissioner before whom it was sworn has endorsed on the memorial—

"I certify that A. B., &c., made oath of execution, &c., of deed and memorial."

For this, no doubt, he received his accustomed fee, 1 *s.* 6 *d.*

This document is deposited in our office, and the person who brings it has a receipt for it. The charge in our office is 7 *s.*, and that was paid.

Here is another memorial exactly like the first that I have produced to-day, except that the affidavit is appended instead of being at the foot, and there is no endorsement.

In this case the charge is 10 *s.*, because it is a long memorial. If the memorial had been sworn and indorsed in our office the charge would have been the same. I could produce innumerable examples similar to the foregoing.

There is no trace in the old books of expedition fees having been taken or accounted for by the deputy. They were the perquisites of the deputy.

After 1860, when we commenced the new regulations, Mr. Rigge retired, the expedition fees were no longer the perquisites of the deputy; they are still taken, and form part of the gross receipts of the office.

Anybody that desires may pay an expedition fee—a uniform amount, 2 *s.* 6 *d.* An expedition fee entitles a party to receive his deed back on the following day. Those who do not pay the expedition fee wait the usual time, eight or nine days. The expedition is given by the usual staff of the office, not by incurring any additional expense.

In 1866 there were 2,156 expedition fees out of 28,263 deeds registered, say about one out of 14.

Appendix, No. 3.

RETURN of the Amount of FEES received by the Registrars of the Register Office for Deeds, in *Middlesex*, in each of the years 1822, 1823, and 1824, and how disposed of; stating also, a Table of the Rate of Fees, and distinguishing those Fees for registering and those for the Registrars and other Officers engaged.

Sir, Bell-yard, Temple Bar, 15 April 1825.

IN obedience to the Resolution of the House of Commons, dated the 18th ultimo, we, the four Registers of the Register Office for Deeds in Middlesex, beg leave to return that the amount of fees received by the Registers for each of the three last years was as follows:—

	£.	s.	d.
For the year ending at Christmas 1822 - -	3,240	17	–
For the year ending at Christmas 1823 - -	3,344	15	–
For the year ending at Christmas 1824 - -	4,113	8	–

That the rent, taxes, repairs, and other expenditure on account of the offices, clerks, copying, transcribing and keeping the several books and alphabetical indexes, as directed by the Act of the seventh of Queen Anne, c. 20, amounted in each of the said three years as follow:—

	£.	s.	d.
1822 - - - - - -	863	8	2
1823 - - - - - -	853	18	4
1824 - - - - - -	1,050	18	2

And that the balance in each year has been divided equally between the four Registers, as the remuneration to themselves and their several deputies for their trouble and attendance.

The Table of the Rate of Fees is,—

For the entry of every memorial not exceeding two hundred words, one shilling:
For the entry of every memorial exceeding two hundred words, sixpence an hundred for all the words over and above the first two hundred words:
For every certificate or copy the like fees for the like number of words:
For every search, one shilling, and for every oath administered, one shilling.

There is not any distinction made by the Act referred to, or by any other regulation, between fees for the Registers and fees for other officers engaged.

We are, &c.
(signed) *Keane Fitz-Gerald.*
John Mitford.
Thos. Le Blanc.
H. W. Vincent.
C. R.

The Right Honourable Robert Peel.

Appendix, No. 4.

RETURN of the Number of MEMORIALS inrolled in *Middlesex* in each of the years 1822, 1823, and 1824.

Sir, Register's Office for Middlesex, 14 June 1825.

IN obedience to the Resolution of the House of Commons, dated the 2nd instant, we, the four Registers of the Register Office for the county of Middlesex, beg leave to return, that the numbers of memorials inrolled in such office, in each of the years 1822, 1823, 1824, were as follow:—

In 1822 - - - - -	8,251
1823 - - - - -	8,326
1824 - - - - -	10,171

We are, &c.
(signed) *Thos Le Blanc.*
Henry Wm. Vincent.
Keane Fitz-Gerald.
John Mitford.

Henry Hobhouse, Esq.

Appendix, No. 5.

RETURN of the Amount of FEES received by the REGISTRARS of the REGISTER OFFICE FOR DEEDS in *Middlesex*, in each of the Years 1825 to 1832, both inclusive, and how disposed of.

Sir, Registrar's Office for Middlesex, 17 June 1833.

IN obedience to the Resolution of the House of Commons, dated the 31st May 1833, we, the Four Registrars of the Register Office for Deeds in Middlesex, beg leave to state the Amount of Fees received by the Registrars in each of the years from 1825 to 1832, both inclusive, and how disposed of, as under :—

	£.	s.	d.
Receipt of Fees in the Year 1825	4,441	9	–
„ „ in the Year 1826	3,804	11	–
„ „ in the Year 1827	3,602	8	–
„ „ in the Year 1828	3,752	1	–
„ „ in the Year 1829	3,504	8	–
„ „ in the Year 1830	3,166	4	–
„ „ in the Year 1831	2,785	16	–
„ „ in the Year 1832	2,755	3	–

The Rent, Taxes, Repairs, and other Expenditure on account of the Office, including Clerks, copying the entire Memorials, and preparing and preserving the several Books of Reference, and Alphabetical Indexes, have amounted in each of the foregoing Years to the Sums following:—

	£.	s.	d.
Expenses in the Year 1825	1,119	–	–
„ in the Year 1826	1,159	13	6
„ in the Year 1827	1,083	10	–
„ in the Year 1828	1,153	11	–
„ in the Year 1829	1,020	2	–
„ in the year 1830	927	18	–
„ in the Year 1831	885	6	–
„ in the Year 1832	837	8	10

And that the Balance, after deducting such Expenses, has been in each Year equally divided between the Four Registrars, as the Remuneration to themselves and their Deputies for their trouble and attendance.

(signed) *Thomas Le Blanc.*
H. W. Vincent.
John Mitford.
Edward Robert Porter.

N. B.—The proportion received by Mr. Vincent, the King's Remembrancer, is accounted for, with the rest of his Fees, to the Treasury.

Appendix, No. 6.

COPY of the Appointment of the REGISTRAR or DEPUTY REGISTRAR of DEEDS for the County of *Middlesex*; also the Amount of FEES received by him during the last Five Years, and the Hours of his Attendance at the REGISTRY OFFICE.

Register's Office for Middlesex,
17 March 1835.

THE following information is respectfully tendered to the Honourable The House of Commons, in reply to their Order relative to the constitution of the above Office and its Officers.

There are four Registers of Deeds for Middlesex, originally appointed by the Statute of the 7th of Queen Anne, chapter 20, which established the Middlesex Registry, and which enacts, "That the sworn Clerk to execute inrolment in the High Court of Chancery, who is appointed to inrol for the County of Middlesex, the Chief Clerk to

inrol Pleas in the Queen's Bench, the Clerk of the Warrants in the Common Pleas, and the Queen's Remembrancer, or his Deputy in the Court of Exchequer, shall be the Registers, or Masters of the Office, for the matters and things in the said Act contained; who shall and may from time to time nominate and appoint one or more able and sufficient person or persons to be their Deputy or Deputies." By the 25th Act of King George II. chapter 4, the Secondary of the Court of King's Bench for the time being is appointed Register in the room of the Chief Clerk.

There is no other appointment than the above.

The net amount of Fees received by the four Registers during the last five years, commencing from the 1st of January, 1830, and ending the 31st of December 1834, has been 9,876 *l.* 14 *s.*, of which sum each has received an equal proportion.

There are at present two Deputy Registers; and the hours of attendance at the Register's Office at five each day, viz. from Ten o'clock in the Forenoon until Three o'clock in the Afternoon.

John Bigge,
Deputy Register.

Appendix, No. 7.

A RETURN from the REGISTER'S OFFICE for the County of *Middlesex*.

AMOUNT of FEES received by the Registers, showing the Deductions on account of the Office Expenses, and the Balance paid to them as Remuneration in each Year, between the Years 1824 and 1840.

YEAR.	Total Amount of Fees.	Deduction for Expenses.	Balance Received by Registers.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
1825 - - -	4,441 9 –	1,119 – –	3,322 9 –
1826 - - -	3,804 11 –	1,159 13 6	2,644 17 6
1827 - - -	3,602 8 –	1,083 10 –	2,518 18 –
1828 - - -	3,752 1 –	1,153 11 –	2,598 10 –
1829 - - -	3,504 8 –	1,020 2 –	2,484 6 –
1830 - - -	3,166 4 –	927 18 –	2,238 6 –
1831 - - -	2,785 16 –	885 6 –	1,900 10 –
1832 - - -	2,755 3 –	837 8 10	1,917 14 –
1833 - - -	2,585 14 –	788 10 –	1,797 4 –
1834 - - -	2,848 12 –	825 11 10	2,023 – –
1835 - - -	2,845 13 –	816 1 –	2,029 12 –
1836 - - -	2,831 16 –	801 15 –	2,030 1 –
1837 - - -	3,020 19 –	855 19 6	2,164 19 6
1838 - - -	2,964 9 –	857 4 1	2,107 4 11
1839 - - -	2,690 10 –	831 5 4	1,859 4 7

The above sums charged as expenses include rent, taxes, repairs, clerks' salaries, and copying of memorials, preparing the alphabetical indexes and books of reference.

The balance on account of fees is divided in equal proportions among the four registers, out of which each has to pay his deputy a sum for salary, varying, according to a private understanding between them, averaging 50 *l.* a year for the deputation from each register.

The charges or fees demanded and received for memorials (except from a few solicitors), of the length of seven folios or 500 words, is 7 *s.*; and beyond that length, 6 *d.* for every additional 100 words, as the Act of 7 Queen Anne directs.

The authority for such charge was an arrangement between the registers and attorneys of the time, the same being considered a correct charge for the average memorials brought to the office, and was adopted to prevent the delay necessarily occasioned by the having to count the number of words contained in every memorial.

This system has existed from the year 1768, a period of 72 years, and is still in force.

The

The highest fees demanded and taken in each year for any one memorial, between the years 1824 and 1840, are as under:—

	£.	s.	d.
1825, January 14	3	7	–
1826, October 10	10	17	–
1927, August 14	3	14	–
1828, December 9	5	3	–
1829, May 26	4	4	–
1830, April 3	3	2	–
1831, June 3	2	10	–
1832, June 28	3	12	–
1833, March 13	6	11	–
1834, February 25	6	14	6
1835, June 2	4	16	–
1836, March 14	3	12	–
1837, November 24	6	14	–
1838, May 16	3	8	–
1839, April 25	2	19	–

Each of the above sums, if the Act of Queen Anne had been strictly complied with, would be reduced 2*s.* 6*d.*

The number of days on which the Register's Office was closed to the public on account of holidays between 1824 and 1840 was as follows:—

1825	39 days.
1826	35 „
1827	37 „
1828	31 „
1829	30 „
1830	31 „
1831	30 „
1832	30 „
1833	28 „
1834	25 „
1835	21 „
1836	22 „
1837	22 „
1838	17 „
1839	19 „

The holidays kept previous to the above-mentioned years were, in each year, 64 days.

The hours of public attendance are from 10 to 3 on each day by the clerks. The register's or deputy's attendance is from 11 to 1, except on Mondays; but the office is open on this day likewise for the general purposes of business, only that parties cannot be sworn as to the due execution of the memorials and the deeds to which they refer, as this can only be effected whilst a register or deputy is sitting.

This alteration took effect from the commencement of the present year 1840 only, and solely with the view of accommodation to the solicitors attending the office, and apparently, except to a few captious parties, gives general satisfaction, the days of non-attendance of the register being now defined instead of uncertain as heretofore.

On the establishment of the office the hours of public attendance were from nine to two, and from three to five, but were altered to the present hours, upon a requisition to the then registers of all the influential solicitors, in the year 1789, to suit the convenience of the latter, and no subsequent alteration has taken place, except as before stated with reference to the attendance of the registers or their deputy.

The registers have been accustomed at different times to perform the duties required of them by the Act of 7 Ann, and have invariably attended, one or other of them, to examine and audit the quarterly accounts.

The rate of fees actually demanded and taken for the registry of deeds in the years 1822, 1823, and 1824, was precisely the same as at present, and as before stated, and under the like authority.

The number of deeds left at the Register's Office during the months of November and December 1839 was 1,077; these deeds were ready for redelivery in about 16 days from their being left for registry, and were after that time, upon application, returned to the persons leaving same, with the exception of those of which the memorials required correction, the number considerable,

There are at present undelivered of the deeds left in the above-mentioned months 64, for want of application for same.

The memorials were entered in the day-books on the days of their being deposited, and in the alphabetical index within about 14 days from the same period. Both of these books are daily open to the inspection of the public between the hours of 10 and 3 o'clock, upon the payment of 1*s.* daily.

17 March 1840. *John Rigge*, Deputy Register.

Appendix, No. 8.

RETURNS made by the REGISTRARS of DEEDS for the County of *Middlesex*.

RETURNS of the Total Amount of FEES received by the REGISTRARS of DEEDS in *Middlesex*, in each Year from 1839 to the end of the Year 1848; stating the Rate of Fees demanded and taken for the Registry of Memorials, and of the Authority under which such Fees are charged, and stating the Application of such Fees; distinguishing the Amount paid for the Expenses of the Office, and the Amount received by the Registrars for their own Use, and stating whether any and what duties are performed by them in Person.

Amount of Fees for the Years		Disbursements for the Years		Emolument of Registrars for the Years	
	£. s. d.		£. s. d.		£. s. d.
1840	2,822 2 –	1840	1,124 19 10	1840	1,697 2 2
1841	2,991 13 –	1841	1,198 18 6	1841	1,792 14 6
1842	3,052 10 –	1842	1,206 3 9	1842	1,846 6 3
1843	3,304 6 –	1843	1,255 9 7	1843	2,048 16 5
1844	3,732 1 –	1844	1,523 12 8	1844	2,208 8 4
1845	3,925 13 –	1845	1,564 9 2	1845	2,361 3 10
1846	5,340 4 –	1846	1,837 1 –	1846	2,503 3 –
1847	4,238 19 –	1847	1,581 14 –	1847	2,657 5 –
1848	3,550 2 –	1848	1,340 10 –	1848	2,209 12 –

It is to be observed that the fourth part of the aggregate amount received by the Queen's Remembrancer, as one of the registrars, is accounted for by him to the public, and no part thereof appropriated to himself.

The fees taken for the registry of deeds are 7*s.* for memorials of 500 words, and 6*d.* for every one hundred words exceeding that number. In this sum of 7*s.* is included 1*s.* for administering the oath of the due execution of deed, and 1*s.* for the certificate endorsed thereon of its registration.

The scale of fees prescribed by the Act 7 Anne, c. 20, was altered, as the present registrars are informed, in the year 1768, but of the authority for such alteration they are ignorant, further than by the arrangement alluded to in the last return made from this office on the 18th of March 1840.

Such were the recognised fees when they respectively were appointed registrars, and the same by custom have been received since the year before referred to.

The duties required of the registrars are not generally performed in person, but by deputy, as the Act constituting the office provides for.

THE NAMES of the DEPUTIES and CLERKS now employed in transacting the Business of the Office; of the Dates of their respective Appointments; and of the Amount of Salary or other Remuneration annually paid to each during the Period of their Employment.

Names of Deputy Registrar and Clerks.	Dates of Appointment.	Average Remuneration Annually.
		£.
John Rigge, Deputy Registrar	January 1825	650
John Rigge, Chief Clerk	July 1838	
John Thurston, Junior Clerk	November 1840	444

In addition to the above the deputy registrar has two assistant clerks, receiving weekly salaries of 1*l.* 14*s.* and 1*l.* 12*s.*, each paid by him out of his remuneration; and there are six copying clerks, who have weekly 30*s.* each, which is included in the general disbursements before mentioned.

ACCOUNT of the SUMS expended in Rates, Taxes, and Repairs of the Office in each Year for the last Five Years.

Rates, Taxes, and Repairs for the Years ending

	£.	s.	d.
1844	21	2	4
1845	102	2	1
1846	80	17	3
1847	114	14	1
1848	89	12	5

COPIES of all RULES and ORDERS made by the Lord Chancellor and Judges for the better Management and Government of the Office, in pursuance of the Act of 7 Anne, c. 20, and of any Record of the Arrangement referred to in the Return of the 18th of March 1840, for an Increase of the Fees allowed by that Act, as having been made in 1768, between the Registrars and some Attornies of that time, and a Statement of the increased Facilities and Advantages derived by the Public, in return for the Increase of Fees thereby imposed upon them.

No rules or orders of either the Lord Chancellor or Judges, such as are here alluded to, were, as the registrars understand, ever made, nor is there in existence any record of the arrangement referred to in the Return made to the House of Commons on the 18th of March 1840; neither have they any statement to offer in regard to the facilities and advantages derived by the public in return for the fees charged in the increased ratio, further than that the business of the office is now more expeditiously transacted than formerly, and much additional time and attendance conceded to the public to suit their wishes and convenience, and it is believed generally allowed by the profession that the system of doing business has been very materially improved.

STATEMENT of the Years during which the REGISTRARS for time being kept up the Alphabetical Calendar required by the Act of all Parishes, Extra-parochial Places and Townships, within the County, referring to the Number of every Memorial which concerned Hereditaments in every such Parish, Extra-parochial Place, or Township, and of the Time when and of the Authority under which such Calendar was discontinued.

The number of years during which the alphabetical calendars required by the Act of 7 Anne, c. 20, were kept was eight, and the same were discontinued in the year 1717, for what reasons the registrars now holding office are unprepared to state; but they assume that the alteration of names and subdivision of parishes, and creation of new ones, rendering it impracticable for the public with any degree of accuracy to search for incumbrances, was the cause.

H. W. Vincent,
Queen's Receiver, and Register.

John Rigge,
Deputy Register, and Chief Clerk.

12 June 1849.

Appendix, No. 9.

RETURNS made by the REGISTRARS of DEEDS for the County of *Middlesex.*

RETURN of the Total Amount of FEES received by the REGISTRARS of DEEDS in *Middlesex*, or their Deputies or Clerks, in each Year from the end of the Year 1848 to the end of the year 1850, and of the Application of such Fees; distinguishing the Amount paid for the Expenses of the Office, and the Amount received by the Registrars for their own Use, and stating whether any and what Duties are performed by them in Person.

	Amount of Fees received in the Years.			Expenses.			Emoluments to the Four Registrars.		
	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
1849	4,029	6	–	1,912	12	7	2,116	13	5
1850	4,275	11	6	1,991	7	2	2,284	4	4

The fees are applied, first, in defraying the expenses of the office, and the surplus is equally divided amongst the registrars.

The duties are not generally performed by the registrars in person, but by their deputy.

The Act of 7 Anne, c. 20, which established the Middlesex Register Office, appoints certain officers in the superior courts of law to be registrars; the duties of these officers in the courts being wholly inconsistent with the constant personal performance of the practical business as registrars, the Act authorises them to appoint a deputy or deputies, and it has been the custom to do so, since that Act was passed.

Any doubtful or disputed points of practice, or any new matter which may occur out of the ordinary course of daily business, as well as the quarterly accounts, are always submitted to the registrars for their adjudication and approval.

The registrars are by the Act made accountable for the deputy or deputies, and each registrar is required to enter into a recognizance with two sureties of the penalty of 2,000*l.* for the faithful performance of the duties of the office.

RETURN of the FEES received for searching any Special or New Indexes, and of the Authority under which such Fees are demanded and taken.

For the year 1850, the date of its commencement, the fees received, in addition to the customary one of 1 *s.* for the new indexes, amounted to 36 *l.*

These indexes, which are in lexicographical order, were commenced upon the repeated request and urgent entreaty of the profession, and are now complete for 15 years, from 1836 to 1850 both inclusive, and are still being proceeded with.

They were provided under the direction and at the cost of the deputy registrar.

They were introduced for the purpose of rendering facilities to searchers in the saving of much time and labour, and to prevent nearly the possibility of error.

The cost for searching is 1 *s.* 6 *d.* in excess of that paid for the old indexes, and is charged to meet the heavy outlay incurred in arranging, copying and examining.

When this outlay is defrayed, the books will be opened to the public free of any additional charge beyond 1 *s.*

To search in the new or in the old indexes is perfectly optional, as the indexes provided under the Act of 7 Anne are still made up as usual, and may be referred to as heretofore.

To parties searching in the new indexes they appear to give great satisfaction, and the extra fee is willingly paid, and is not considered more than adequate for the great advantage derived from them.

RETURN of the NAMES of the REGISTRARS, DEPUTIES, and CLERKS, and of the Salaries and Emoluments of each during such Period.

REGISTRARS.	Deputy Registrar and Chief Clerk.	Second Clerk.	Assistant Clerks.	Copying Clerks.
John Mitford - - -	John Rigge -	John Thurston	James Osborn - -	James Henry Standfiel
Henry William Vincent.			John Thomas Standfield.	Thomas Malim.
Edward Robert Porter.				William Moy.
George Le Blanc.				James Stephen Bailey
				William Yates.
				Charles Rae.

AMOUNT of SALARIES and EMOLUMENTS of the Registrars, Deputy Registrar, and Clerks.

	To each Registrar.	Deputy Registrar and Chief Clerk.	Second Clerk.	Assistant Clerks.		Copying Clerks.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		£. s. d.	
1849	529 3 4	550 2 –	464 15 3	First - -	88 8 –	30*s.* per week each.
				Second -	83 4 –	
1850	571 1 1	564 12 6	474 14 3	First - -	88 8 –	
				Second -	83 4 –	

RETURN Copies of any RULES and ORDERS of the Lord Chancellor and Judges, pursuant to the Act 7 Anne, c. 20.

NOT any rule or order by either the Lord Chancellor or Judges, has been made for the regulation of this office since the session of 1849.

22 June 1851.

John Rigge,
Dep. Registrar.

Appendix, No. 10.

RETURN from the REGISTRARS of DEEDS for the County of *Middlesex*.

AMOUNT of FEES received by the REGISTRARS in each Year from 1848 to the End of the Year 1861, showing the Amount paid for Expenses of the Office, and the Amount received by the Registrars.

YEAR.	Amount of Fees.			Expenses.			Balance Divisible.		
	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
1849 - - -	4,029	6	-	1,912	12	7	2,116	13	5
1850 - - -	4,275	11	6	1,991	7	2	2,284	4	4
1851 - - -	4,785	9	-	1,609	15	4	3,175	13	8
1852 - - -	5,682	16	-	1,891	3	7	3,791	12	5
1853 - - -	6,509	14	-	1,967	15	6	4,541	18	6
1854 - - -	6,071	-	-	1,635	9	3	4,435	10	9
1855 - - -	5,980	13	-	1,902	-	11	4,078	12	1
1856 - - -	5,563	7	-	1,779	19	6	3,783	7	6
1857 - - -	5,520	1	-	1,871	18	10	3,648	2	2
1858 - - -	5,818	11	-	2,027	-	7	3,791	10	5
1859 - - -	6,269	19	-	2,253	12	4	4,016	6	8
1860 - - -	7,219	6	1	2,250	14	5	4,968	11	8
1861 - - -	7,973	-	7	2,173	-	7	5,800	-	-

The fees received for the registry of deeds are 7 *s.* for memorials of 500 words, and 6 *d.* for every 100 words in excess of that number.

The fees provided by the Act of 7 Anne, c. 20, were altered, as the present Registrars are informed, in the year 1768, in pursuance of an arrangement between the then Registrars and the public, and have since that period been always received in accordance with the amended scale.

They are not aware of any special authority for the alteration.

The application of such fees is first in paying all expenses incidental to the office, leaving the balance to be divided into four shares, three whereof being the emoluments of the three Registrars in equal proportions, and the fourth share is paid into the Treasury, in pursuance of the Act 22 & 23 Vict. c. 21, which repealed that of 7 Anne, c. 20, in so far as it provided for the Queen's Remembrancer being one of the Registrars of Deeds for the County of Middlesex.

The NAMES of the REGISTRARS, by whom appointed, and the Time of their Appointment.

Names of Registrars.	By whom Appointed.	Date of Appointment.
George Le Blanc, Esq. -	The late Lord Chief Justice Tindal.	In the year 1842.
Lord Truro - - - -	The late Lord Truro - - -	In the year 1851.
Fredk. Villiers Meynell, Esq.	The Lord Chief Justice Cockburn.	In the year 1857.

The duties of the Registrars have occasionally been performed in person, but generally by deputy.

The NAMES of the DEPUTIES and CLERKS now employed in transacting the Business of the Office, the Dates of their respective Appointments, and of the Amount of Salary or other Remuneration annually paid to each, during the Period of their Employment.

Names of Deputy Registrar and Clerks.	Date of Appointment.	Annual Salary.
		£. s. d.
James Osborn, Deputy Registrar and Chief Clerk -	January 1861 -	400 – –
Thomas Roberts Williamson, Junior Clerk - - -	January 1861 -	200 – –
Frederick Barnard, Clerk of the Indexes - - -	January 1861 -	200 – –
Alfred John Deering, Assistant Clerk - - - -	January 1861 -	120 – –

NAMES of COPYING CLERKS now employed in the Office.

James Henry Standfield -	Each of whose average remuneration is about 1*l.* 16*s.* per week, which amounts are included in the general expenses first before mentioned.
William Yates - - -	
Charles Rae - - -	
James Claudius Heraud -	
Francis Deering - - -	
Alfred Banes Cox - -	
George Lodge - - -	

STATEMENT of RENT, RATES, TAXES, and REPAIRS, in each Year, for the last Five Years.

Year.	Rent.	Rates and Taxes.	Repairs.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
1857 - - -	90 – –	252 5 5	25 18 –
1858 - - -	90 – –	123 16 11	8 11 –
1859 - - -	130 – –	98 6 8	2 8 6
1860 - - -	130 – –	141 – 10	25 8 6
1861 - - -	130 – –	155 16 3	53 3 –

The building in which the memorials and records are kept is not fire-proof.

15 July 1862.

Truro.
James Osborn, Dep. Reg.

Appendix, No. 11.

RETURN made by the REGISTRARS of DEEDS, &c., in the County of *Middlesex*, as to Amount of FEES Received, OFFICE EXPENSES, and AMOUNT Received by each of the THREE REGISTRARS (and the QUEEN'S REMEMBRANCER, under 22 & 23 Vict. c. 21, s. 7), for the Years 1862, 1863, 1864, 1865, and 1866 respectively.

YEARS.	Gross Amount Received.	Office Expenses, Salaries, and Pensions, &c.	Net Amount Received by each of the Three Registrars.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
1862 - -	8,893 17 2	2,348 - 6	1,629 8 3
1863 - -	10,194 4 6	2,280 10 6	1,976 3 11
1864 - -	10,689 11 -	2,529 13 3	2,062 8 -
1865 - -	11,653 17 6	2,841 6 8	2,203 2 8½
1866 - -	12,564 4 -	3,089 15 3	2,368 12 2

Each of the Registrars and the Queen's Remembrancer, out of the sum stated in the last column to have received by them respectively, have in the year 1865 paid 150 *l.*, and in the year 1866, 200 *l.*, towards meeting the expense of 2,000 *l.* recently incurred in the acquisition, improvement, and fitting-up of their present offices, the whole expense not being yet paid off.

THE Names of the Registrars are :—

George Le Blanc, Esq.
The Right Honourable the Lord Truro; and
Frederick Villiers Meynell, Esq.

THE Registrars do not attend personally, the business of the office being conducted by their Deputy; but during the illness of the late Deputy in 1865, and until his successor was appointed, Mr. Le Blanc attended for about five weeks to carry on the business of the office.

A copy of Mr. Le Blanc's appointment accompanies this Return, all of such appointments being similar.

Each Registrar has entered into recognizances with Government in the sum of 2,000 *l.*

T. R. Williamson,
Chief Clerk and Deputy Registrar.

Middlesex Registry Office,
9 April 1867.

APPOINTMENT of Mr. *George Le Blanc.*

To all to whom these presents shall come, the Right Honourable Thomas Lord Denman, Lord Chief Justice of the Court of Queen's Bench, and the Right Honourable Sir Nicolas Conyngham Tindal, Knight, Lord Chief Justice of the Court of Common Pleas at Westminster, severally send greeting. Whereas by an Act of Parliament passed in the first year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to abolish certain Offices in the Courts of Common Law, and to make Provision for a more effective and uniform Establishment of Officers in those Courts," the office of Secondary or Master of the Court of Queen's Bench was abolished, but it was enacted that such officer might nevertheless continue to hold and enjoy the office of one of the Registers or Masters of the office for the enrolment of deeds, wills, and other conveyances in the county of Middlesex, and to execute all the powers and duties appertaining thereto, in the same manner, to all intents and purposes, as if the said Act of Parliament had not been passed; and that if the person who then held the office of one of such Registers or Masters as aforesaid, should resign the office of Register or Master, it should be lawful for the Lords Chief Justices of the Courts of Queen's Bench and Common Pleas for the time being, until otherwise directed by Parliament, to nominate and appoint some fit and proper person, being such Master as in the said Act mentioned, or a barrister, or an attorney in actual practice of not less than five years' standing, to fill the said office of Register or Master in the place or stead of the person so resigning such office. And whereas Thomas

Le Blanc, Esquire, hath duly resigned the said office of one of the said Registers or Masters which he held as a Secondary or Master of the Court of King's Bench; now, therefore, be it known that pursuant to, and by force and virtue and in exercise and execution of the power and authority to him for this purpose given by the said Act of Parliament, the said Thomas Lord Denman doth nominate and appoint, and (for the purpose of removing all doubts as to the validity of such appointment, and so far as it may be necessary under the said Statute that he should concur in these presents) the said Sir Nicolas Conyngham Tindal doth nominate and appoint, ratify and confirm, George Le Blanc, of Lincoln's Inn, in the said county of Middlesex, barrister-at-law, to be one of the Registers or Masters for the enrolment of deeds and wills and other conveyances in the county of Middlesex, in the place and stead of the said Thomas Le Blanc; the said George Le Blanc being a fit and proper person to fill such office, and being also a barrister in actual practice of five years' standing. In witness whereof, the said Thomas Lord Denman and Sir Nicolas Conyngham Tindal have hereunto set their respective hands and seals, this twenty-seventh day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-three.

Denman (L.S.) *N. C. Tindal* (L.S.)

REGISTER OF DEEDS (MIDDLESEX).

COPY of a REPORT made by *John Greenwood*, Esq., Solicitor to the Treasury, to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for the Home Department, on the Subject of the OFFICE of REGISTER of DEEDS in *Middlesex*.

(Mr. Secretary Gathorne Hardy.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
20 *August* 1867.

Under 4 *oz.*

573.

REGISTER

OF

TEMPORARY LAWS;

FOR THE

IIND Session—XIXTH Parliament of the United Kingdom of GREAT BRITAIN and IRELAND.

(30 & 31 VICTORIA, 1867.)

(*Presented pursuant to the Report of the Select Committee on Expiring Laws in Session* 1866.)

D. LE MARCHANT,
Cl. Ho. Com.

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
12 *July* 1867.

LIST.

REGISTER OF TEMPORARY LAWS NOW IN FORCE - - - - p. 3

INDEX OF TEMPORARY LAWS:—

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INDEX TO LAWS which were inserted in the Register of Temporary Laws then in force in the last Report of the Committee on Expiring Laws (July 1866), but which are now omitted - - - - - - - - - - - p. 17

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REGISTER OF TEMPORARY LAWS
NOW IN FORCE.

Matter.	*Date.*	*Ch.*	*When passed.*	*Title of the Act.*	*Duration.*
1. BANK of ENGLAND INCORPORATION.	5,6 W.&M.	20, §20. 21.	7 Nov. 1693.	For granting to their Majesties several Rates and Duties upon Tonnage of Ships and Vessels, and upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors; for securing certain Recompences and Advantages, in the said Act mentioned, to such Persons as shall voluntarily advance the Sum of £.1,500,000. towards the carrying on the War against France.	
	8, 9 W. 3.	20, §26. 27.			
	N. B.—Clauses for continuing this Corporation in successive Loan Acts down to				
	19, 20 Vict.	21.	5 June 1856.	Bank continued as a Corporation - - -	Till payment of Sums due to the Bank, and Redemption of all Bank Annuities created by Parliament.
				Note.—As to the Bank of England Privileges, *see* No. 5.	
2. BANK of IRELAND.	Acts of the Parliament of Ireland.				
	21, 22 Geo. 3.	16.	1781.	For establishing a Bank, by the Name of The Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland.	
	amended by				
	31 Geo. 3.	22.			
	37 Geo. 3.	50.			
	Acts of the United Parliament.				
	48 Geo. 3.	103.			
	1, 2 Geo. 4.	72.			
	3 Geo. 4.	26.			
	7 Will. 4. & 1 Vict.	59.			
	1, 2 Vict.	81.			
	2, 3 Vict.	91.			
	3, 4 Vict.	75.			
	8, 9 Vict.	37.	21 July 1845.	Bank of Ireland continued as a Corporation, and may be dissolved,	After 1 January 1855, on Twelve Months' Notice, and repayment of Debt due from the Public to the Bank.

REGISTER OF TEMPORARY LAWS NOW IN FORCE.

Matter.	*Date.*	*Ch.*	*When passed.*	*Title of the Act.*	*Duration.*
3. COAL TRADE (PORT OF LONDON).	1, 2 Will. 4.	lxxvi.	Local.	For regulating the Vend and Delivery of Coals in the Cities of London and Westminster, and in certain Parts of the Counties of Middlesex, Surrey, Kent, Essex, Hertfordshire, Buckinghamshire and Berkshire.	5 July 1882
	continued				
	8, 9 Vict.	101.			
	and amended				
	24, 25 Vict.	42.	22 July 1861.		
	continued				
	26, 27 Vict.	46.	13 July 1863.		
4. EAST INDIA COMPANY'S DIVIDEND.	3, 4 Will. 4.	85.	28 Aug. 1833.	For effecting an Arrangement with the East India Company, and for the better Government of His Majesty's Indian Territories.	
	amended by				
	16, 17 Vict.	95.	20 Aug. 1853.	3 & 4 Will. 4, c. 85, § 12. Dividend on East India Stock subject to Redemption by Parliament (on 12 Months' notice) upon and at any time after - - - - - -	30 April 1874
	Rights in respect of Dividend saved by				
	21, 22 Vict.	106.		§ 13. If the Company be deprived of the Government of India they may within one year thereafter demand Redemption of the Dividend,* and Dividend must be redeemed within three years after such demand.	
	Partly repealed by				
	24, 25 Vict.	67.	1 Aug. 1861.	[* The one year expires 1 September 1859, *see* 21 & 22 Vic. c. 106.]	
5. BANK OF ENGLAND PRIVILEGES.	3, 4 W. 4.	98.	29 Aug. 1833.	For giving to the Corporation of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England certain Privileges for a limited Period, under certain Conditions.	Determinable on 12 Months' Notice, after 1 August 1855, and on Repayment of the Debt due from the Public to the Bank.
	amended by				
	7, 8 Vict.	32.			
	8, 9 Vict.	37, s. 6.			
	,,	38, s. 15.			
	and see as to s. 7.				
	17, 18 Vict.	90.		Note.—Sec. 6 seems permanent.	
6. LINEN, HEMPEN, COTTON and other MANUFACTURES (Ireland).	5, 6 Will. 4.	27.	21 Aug. 1835.	To continue and amend certain Regulations for the Linen and Hempen Manufactures in Ireland.	13 August 1869
	amended				
	3, 4 Vict.	91.	10 Aug. 1840.	For the more effectual Prevention of Frauds and Abuses committed by Weavers, Sewers and other Persons employed in the Linen, Hempen Union, Cotton, Silk and Woollen Manufactures in Ireland, and for the better Payment of their Wages, for One Year, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.	
	continued and amended				
	5, 6 Vict.	68.			
	7, 8 Vict.	47.			
	continued				
	27, 28 Vict.	84.	29 July 1864.		

REGISTER OF TEMPORARY LAWS NOW IN FORCE.

Matter.	*Date.*	*Ch.*	*When passed.*	*Title of the Act.*	*Duration.*	
7. CIVIL LIST.	1, 2 Vict. amended 1, 2 Vict. 15, 16 Vict.	2. 92. 39.	23 Dec. 1837.	For the Support of Her Majesty's Household, and of the Honour and Dignity of the Crown of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland - - - - - -	6 Months after the Death of Her Majesty.	
8. OATHS, UNLAWFUL. (Ireland).	2, 3 Vict. continued and amended 11, 12 Vict. continued 25, 26 Vict.	74. 89. 32.	24 Aug. 1839. 31 Aug. 1848. 7 July 1862.	To extend and render more effectual an Act [4 Geo. 4, c. 87] to amend an Act [50 Geo. 3, c. 102] for preventing the administering and taking unlawful Oaths in Ireland.	7 July and END of then NEXT SESSION.	1867
9. POOR RATES, STOCK IN TRADE EXEMPTION.	3, 4 Vict. continued 29, 30 Vict.	89. 102.	10 Aug. 1840. 10 Aug. 1866.	To exempt Inhabitants of Parishes, Townships, and Villages from liability to be rated as such, in respect of Stock in Trade or other Property, to the Relief of the Poor, until - - -	1 October and END of then NEXT SESSION.	1867
10. SURVEY of GREAT BRITAIN.	4, 5 Vict. amended and continued 19, 20 Vict. continued 29, 30 Vict.	30. 61. 102	21 June 1841. 21 July 1856. 10 Aug. 1866.	To authorize and facilitate the Completion of a Survey of Great Britain, Berwick-upon-Tweed and the Isle of Man.	31 December	1867
11. HIGHWAY RATES. (E.)	4, 5 Vict. continued 28, 29 Vict.	59. 119.	22 June 1841. 5 July 1865.	To authorize the Application of a Portion of the Highway Rates to Turnpike Roads, in certain Cases.	1 October and END of then NEXT SESSION.	1870

REGISTER OF TEMPORARY LAWS NOW IN FORCE.

Matter.	*Date.*	*Ch.*	*When passed.*	*Title of the Act.*	*Duration.*	
12. LUNATIC ASYLUMS (Ireland).	5, 6 Vict.	123.	12 Aug. 1842.	For amending the Law relating to Private Lunatic Asylums in Ireland.	1 August and END of then NEXT SESSION.	1867
	continued					
	29, 30 Vict.	102.	10 Aug. 1866.			
13. COURTS MARTIAL (East Indies).	7, 8 Vict.	18.	6 June 1844.	To remove Doubts as to the Power of appointing, convening and confirming the Sentences of Courts Martial in the East Indies.	Continues, so far as regards Officers and Soldiers in Her Majesty's Service, during the continuance of any Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, &c.	
14. LANDED PROPERTY IMPROVEMENT (Ireland).	10 Vict.	32.	8 June 1847.	To facilitate the Improvement of Landed Property in Ireland.		
	amended					
	13, 14 Vict.	31.				
	25, 26 Vict.	29.				
	continued					
	29, 30 Vict.	102.	10 Aug. 1866.	As to Powers of Commissioners - - -	1 January and END of then NEXT SESSION.	1867
15. POOR LAWS (Ireland).	10, 11 Vict.	90.	22 July 1847.	To provide for the Execution of the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland.		
	amended					
	14, 15 Vict.	68.				
	continued					
	29, 30 Vict.	102.	10 Aug. 1866.	As to appointment of Commissioners, &c. -	23 July and END of then NEXT SESSION.	1867
16. ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION.	10, 11 Vict.	98.	22 July 1847.	To amend the Law as to Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction in England.		
	continued					
	28, 29 Vict.	119.	5 July 1865.	As to certain Provisions - - - -	1 August and END of then NEXT SESSION.	1867
17. POOR LAW.	10, 11 Vict.	109.	23 July 1847.	For the Administration of the Laws for Relief of the Poor in England.		
	continued					
	29, 30 Vict.	102.	10 Aug. 1866.	As to appointment of Commissioners, &c. -	23 July and END of then NEXT SESSION.	1867

REGISTER OF TEMPORARY LAWS NOW IN FORCE.

Matter.	*Date.*	*Ch.*	*When passed.*	*Title of the Act.*	*Duration.*	
18. PRESERVATION OF THE PEACE (Ireland).	19, 20 Vict.	36.	30 June 1856.	For the better Preservation of the Peace in Ireland.	1 July and END of then NEXT SESSION.	1867
	amended					
	23, 24 Vict.	138.	28 Aug. 1860.			
	28, 29 Vict.	118.	5 July 1865.			
	continued					
	29, 30 Vict.	102.	10 Aug. 1866.			
19. COUNTY CESS, IRELAND.	11, 12 Vict.	32.	22 July 1848.	To facilitate the Collection of County Cess in Ireland.	1 August and END of then NEXT SESSION.	1867
	amended					
	20, 21 Vict.	7.	3 July 1857.			
	continued					
	29, 30 Vict.	102.	10 Aug. 1866.			
20. SHEEP AND CATTLE (Diseased).	11, 12 Vict.	107.	4 Sept. 1848.	To prevent the spreading of contagious or infectious Disorders among Sheep, Cattle and other Animals.	1 August and END of then NEXT SESSION.	1867
	extended					
	16, 17 Vict.	62.	4 Aug. 1853.			
	amended					
	29 Vict.	4.*		* Applies to Ireland only.		
	29 Vict.	15.	23 Mar. 1865.			
	continued					
	29, 30 Vict.	102.	10 Aug. 1866.			
21. COPYHOLD INCLOSURE and TITHE COMMISSIONS.	14, 15 Vict.	53.	1 Aug. 1851.	To consolidate and continue the Copyhold and Inclosure Commissions, and to provide for the Completion of Proceedings under the Tithe Commutation Acts. Temporary as to appointment of Commissioners, &c.	1 August and END of then NEXT SESSION.	1867
	continued					
	25, 26 Vict.	73.	7 Aug. 1862.			
22. EPISCOPAL and CAPITULAR ESTATES MANAGEMENT.	14, 15 Vict.	104.	8 Aug. 1851.	To facilitate the Management and Improvement of Episcopal and Capitular Estates in England. *Note.*—This Act is applied by 21 & 22 Vict. c. 94 (s. 19), which is a permanent Act.	1 January and END of then NEXT SESSION.	1867
	amended					
	17, 18 Vict.	116.	11 Aug. 1854.			
	28, 29 Vict.	119.	5 July 1865.			
	continued					
	29, 30 Vict.	102.	10 Aug. 1866.			

REGISTER OF TEMPORARY LAWS NOW IN FORCE.

Matter.	*Date.*	*Ch.*	*When passed.*	*Title of the Act.*	*Duration.*	
23. CORRUPT PRACTICES PREVENTION ACT, 1854.	17, 18 Vict.	102.	10 Aug. 1854.	To consolidate and amend the Laws relating to Bribery, Treating and undue Influence at Elections of Members of Parliament.	8 June and END of the NEXT SESSION.	1868
	partially repealed and remainder continued by					
	26, 27 Vict.	29.	8 June 1863.			
24. INCUMBERED ESTATES (West Indies.)	17, 18 Vict.	117.	11 Aug. 1854.	To facilitate the Sale and Transfer of Incumbered Estates in the West Indies.		
	amended and continued					
	21, 22 Vict.	96.	2 Aug. 1858.			
	amended					
	25, 26 Vict.	45.	17 July 1862.	Temporary as to the offices, &c. of Commissioners - - - - - - - -	2 August	1867
	continued					
	27, 28 Vict.	84.	29 July 1864.			
	and amended					
	27, 28 Vict.	108.	29 July 1864.			
	continued					
	28, 29 Vict.	119.	5 July 1865.			
25. MUTINY ACT (Army).	30 Vict.	13.	12 April 1867.	For punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.		
				Continuance: In Great Britain - - -	25 April	1868
				- - - - Ireland, Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark and Isle of Man	1 May	
				- - - - Gibraltar, the Mediterranean, Spain and Portugal - -	1 August	
				- - - - Elsewhere in Europe, and in the West Indies and America -	1 Sept.	
				- - - - Cape of Good Hope, Isle of France or Mauritius, St. Helena, and Settlements on the Western Coast of Africa, from the 1st January 1867 to the	1 January	1869
				- - - - British Columbia and Van Couver's Island, from the date of the promulgation thereof in General Orders - - -	1 January	1869
				- - - - Elsewhere - - - - -	1 February	1870

REGISTER OF TEMPORARY LAWS NOW IN FORCE.

Matter.	*Date.*	*Ch.*	*When passed.*	*Title of the Act.*	*Duration.*	
26. MUTINY ACT (Marine Forces).	30 Vict.	14.	12 April 1867.	For the Regulation of Her Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore.		
				Continuance: In Great Britain - - -	25 April	1868
				- - - - Ireland, Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark and Isle of Man	1 May	
				- - - - Gibraltar, Spain and Portugal -	1 August	
				- - - - Elsewhere in Europe, and the West Indies, North America, and Cape of Good Hope -	1 Sept.	
				- - - - Elsewhere - - - - -	1 February	1869
27. DWELLINGS FOR LABOURING CLASSES (Ireland).	23, 24 Vict.	19.	15 May 1860.	To extend the Act to facilitate the Improvement of Landed Property in Ireland, and the Acts amending the same, to the Erection of Dwellings for the Labouring Classes in Ireland.	15 May and END of then NEXT SESSION.	1870
28. TURNPIKE ACTS, (G. B.)	29, 30 Vict.	105.	10 Aug. 1866.	To continue certain Turnpike Acts in Great Britain, and to make further provision concerning Turnpike Roads.		
				As to certain Acts - - - - - -	1 November and no longer.	1867
				As to certain Acts - - - - - -	1 November and END of then NEXT SESSION.	1867
29. MILITIA BALLOTS SUSPENSION.	28, 29 Vict.	46.	19 June 1865.	To amend the Laws relating to the Ballots for the Militia in England, and to suspend the making of Lists and Ballots for the Militia of the United Kingdom.	1 October	1867
	continued					
	29, 30 Vict.	102.	10 Aug. 1866.			

REGISTER OF TEMPORARY LAWS NOW IN FORCE.

Matter.	*Date.*	*Ch.*	*When passed.*	*Title of the Act.*	*Duration.*	
30. MILITIA PAY (G. B. & I.)	29, 30 Vict.	60.	6 Aug. 1866.	To defray the Charge of the Pay, Clothing, and Contingent and other Expenses of the Disembodied Militia in Great Britain and Ireland; to grant Allowances, in certain cases, to Subaltern Officers, Adjutants, Paymasters, Quartermasters, Surgeons, Assistant Surgeons, and Surgeons' Mates of the Militia; and to authorize the Employment of the Non-commissioned Officers.	1 September	1867
31. PENSIONS, BRITISH FORCES (India).	25, 26 Vict.	27.	30 June 1862.	To increase the Amount payable out of the Revenues of India in respect of the Rating, Pay, Pensions, and other expenses of that nature, of Her Majesty's British Forces serving in India.	31 March	1867
32. SALMON FISHERY ACT, 1861.	24, 25 Vict.	109.	6 Aug. 1861.	An Act to amend the Laws relating to Fisheries of Salmon in England.	1 October and END of then NEXT SESSION.	1867
	amended by					
	28, 29 Vict.	121.	5 July 1865.	As to offices of Inspectors of Fisheries s. 31.		
	continued					
	29, 30 Vict.	102.	10 Aug. 1866.	As to offices of Special Commissioners for English Fisheries, ss. 47. 51.		
33. PROMISSORY NOTES.	26, 27 Vict.	105.	28 July 1863.	To remove certain Restrictions on the Negotiation of Promissory Notes and Bills of Exchange under a limited Sum.	28 July and END of then NEXT SESSION.	1867
	continued					
	29, 30 Vict.	102.	10 Aug. 1866.			
34. SALMON FISHERY (IRELAND) ACT, 1863.	26, 27 Vict.	114.	28 July 1863.	An Act to amend the Laws relating to Fisheries in Ireland.	28 July and END of then NEXT SESSION.	1867
	continued by					
	29, 30 Vict.	102.	10 Aug. 1866.	As to the offices of the Special Commissioners for Irish Fisheries.		

REGISTER OF TEMPORARY LAWS NOW IN FORCE.

Matter.	*Date.*	*Ch.*	*When passed.*	*Title of the Act.*	*Duration.*	
35. ALKALI ACT (1863.)	26, 27 Vict.	124.	28 July 1863.	For the more effectual Condensation of Muriatic Acid Gas in Alkali Works.	1 July	1868
36. SALMON FISHERIES (SCOTLAND) ACT AMENDMENT.	25, 26 Vict.	97.	2 Aug. 1862.	To regulate and amend the Law respecting the Salmon Fisheries of Scotland.	1 January and END of then NEXT SESSION.	1868
	amended					
	26, 27 Vict.	50.	13 July 1863.			
	27, 28 Vict.	118.	29 July 1864.	As to powers of Commissioners, &c.		
	continued					
	29, 30 Vict.	102.	10 Aug. 1866.			
37. MALT FOR ANIMALS.	27, 28 Vict.	9.	28 April 1864.	To allow the making of Malt Duty Free to be used in Feeding Animals.	28 April and END of then NEXT SESSION.	1869
38. PROMISSORY NOTES AND BILLS OF EXCHANGE (Ireland).	27, 28 Vict.	20.	13 May 1864.	To remove certain Restrictions on the Negotiation of Promissory Notes and Bills of Exchange under a limited Sum in Ireland.	13 May and END of then NEXT SESSION.	1867
	continued by					
	29, 30 Vict.	102.	10 Aug. 1866.			
39. CHAIN CABLES AND ANCHORS.	27, 28 Vict.	27.	23 June 1864.	For regulating the Proving and Sale of Chain Cables and Anchors.	1 July	1872
40. BANK POST BILLS (Ireland).	27, 28 Vict.	86.	29 July 1864.	To permit, for a limited Period, Compositions for Stamp Duty on Bank Post Bills of Five Pounds and upwards in Ireland.	29 July	1867

REGISTER OF TEMPORARY LAWS NOW IN FORCE.

Matter.	*Date.*	*Ch.*	*When passed.*	*Title of the Act.*	*Duration.*	
41. PUBLIC SCHOOLS.	27, 28 Vict.	92.	29 July 1864.	For annexing Conditions to the Appointment of Persons to Offices in the Governing Bodies of certain Public Schools and Colleges.	1 August and END of then NEXT SESSION.	1867
	continued					
	29, 30 Vict.	102.	10 Aug. 1866.			
42. MALT DUTY.	28, 29 Vict.	66.	29 June 1865.	To allow the Charging of Excise Duty on Malt according to the Weight of the Grain used.	29 June and END of then NEXT SESSION.	1869
43. WAR DEPARTMENT TRAMWAY (DEVON).	28, 29 Vict.	74.	29 June 1865.	To enable Her Majesty's Secretary of State for the War Department to lay down and use a Tramway or Temporary Railway across certain Public Roads in the County of Devon.	29 June	1868
44. LOCOMOTIVES ON ROADS.	28, 29 Vict.	83.	5 July 1865.	For further regulating the use of Locomotives on Turnpike and other Roads for Agricultural and other purposes.	1 September	1867
45. HABEAS CORPUS SUSPENSION ACT (IRELAND).	29 Vict.	1.	17 Feb. 1866.	To empower the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland to apprehend and detain for a limited time such Persons as he or they shall suspect of Conspiring against Her Majesty's Person and Government.	1 March	1868
	amended and continued					
	30, 31 Vict.	25	31 May 1867.			
46. CATTLE DISEASES.	29 Vict.	2.	20 Feb. 1866.	To amend the Law relating to Contagious or Infectious Diseases in Cattle and other Animals.	1 June and END of the then SESSION.	1867
	amended by					
	29, 30 Vict.	110.	10 Aug. 1866.			

REGISTER OF TEMPORARY LAWS NOW IN FORCE.

Matter.	*Date.*	*Ch.*	*When passed.*	*Title of the Act.*	*Duration.*	
47. PROSECUTION EXPENSES.	29,30 Vict.	52.	23 July 1866.	To extend the Law relating to the Expenses of Prosecutions, and to make provision for Expenses on Charges of Felony and certain Misdemeanors before Examining Magistrates.	23 July and END of the then NEXT SESSION.	1869
48. DOCKYARD EXTENSIONS.	28,29 Vict.	51.	29 June 1865.	To enable the Admiralty to contract for certain Works in connexion with the Extension of Her Majesty's Dockyards.		
	amended					
	29,30 Vict.	27.	18 May 1866.			
	continued					
	29,30 Vict.	98.	10 Aug. 1866.	As to power to enter into Contracts - -	END of the SESSION next after 10 August	1866
49. EXTRADITION TREATIES ACT AMENDMENT.	29,30 Vict.	121.	10 Aug. 1866.	For the Amendment of the Law relating to Treaties of Extradition.	1 September	1867
50. INDEMNITY (OFFICES).	29,30 Vict.	116.	10 Aug. 1866.	To indemnify such Persons in the United Kingdom as have omitted to qualify themselves for Offices and Employments, and to extend the Time limited for those purposes respectively.	25 March and END of then SESSION.	1867

INDEX OF TEMPORARY LAWS.

Class I.

TEMPORARY LAWS

THE DURATION OF WHICH IS CERTAIN, UNLESS SO FAR AS THEY DEPEND ON THE SITTING OF PARLIAMENT.

ARRANGED IN ORDER OF THEIR DURATION.

* The ACTS having this mark, are continued to the Date set against them, and to the End of the then next Session.

† The ACT having this mark, is continued to the Date set against it, and to the End of the then Session.

No.	*Matter.*	*Date of last continuing Act.*	*Duration.*
48	Dockyard Extensions	29, 30 Vict. c. 98	End of Session next after 10 Aug. 1866
50	Indemnity	29, 30 Vict. c. 116	25 March 1867†
31	Pensions, British Forces (India)	25, 26 Vict. c. 27	31 March 1867
46	Cattle Diseases	29 Vict. c. 2	1 June 1867†
40	Bank Post Bills (Ireland)	27, 28 Vict. c. 86	29 July 1867
22	Episcopal and Capitular Estates Management	29, 30 Vict. c. 102	1 January 1867*
14	Landed Property Improvement (Ireland)		
44	Locomotives on Roads	28, 29 Vict. c. 83	1 September 1867
30	Militia Pay (G. B. & I.)	29, 30 Vict. c. 60	1 September 1867
49	Extradition Treaties Act Amendment	29, 30 Vict. c. 121	1 September 1867
29	Militia Ballot Suspension	29, 30 Vict. c. 102	1 October 1867
10	Survey of Great Britain	29, 30 Vict. c. 102	31 December 1867
38	Promissory Notes and Bills of Exchange (Ireland)	29, 30 Vict. c. 102	13 May 1867*
18	Peace Preservation (Ireland)	29, 30 Vict. c. 102	1 July 1867*
8	Oaths, Unlawful (Ireland)	25, 26 Vict. c. 32	7 July 1867*
17	Poor Law	29, 30 Vict. c. 102	23 July 1867*
15	Poor Laws (Ireland)	29, 30 Vict. c. 102	23 July 1867*
34	Salmon Fishery (Ireland), 1863	29, 30 Vict. c. 102	28 July 1867*
33	Promissory Notes	29, 30 Vict. c. 102	28 July 1867*
12	Lunatic Asylums (Ireland)	29, 30 Vict. c. 102	1 August 1867*
41	Public Schools	29, 30 Vict. c. 102	1 August 1867*
20	Sheep and Cattle (Diseased)	29, 30 Vict. c. 102	1 August 1867*
19	County Cess (Ireland)		
21	Copyhold Inclosure and Tithe Commissions	25, 26 Vict. c. 73	1 August 1867*

CLASS I.—TEMPORARY LAWS THE DURATION OF WHICH IS CERTAIN, &c.—*continued.*

No.	*Matter.*	*Date of last continuing Act.*	*Duration.*
16	Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction - - - -	28, 29 Vict. c. 119 -	1 August - 1867*
24	Incumbered Estates (West Indies) - -	17, 18 Vict. c. 117 - / 28, 29 Vict. c. 119 -	2 August - 1867*
32	Salmon Fishery, 1861 - - - -	29, 30 Vict. c. 102 -	1 October - 1867*
9	Poor Rates, Stock in Trade Exemption -	29, 30 Vict. c. 102 -	1 October - 1867*
28	Turnpike Acts (G. B.) - - - -	29, 30 Vict. c. 105 -	1 November 1867* / 1 November 1867
45	Habeas Corpus Suspension (Ireland) - -	30 Vict. c. - -	1 March - 1868
25	Mutiny - - - - - - - -	30 Vict. c. 13 - -	25 April - - 1868
26	Mutiny (Marine Forces) - - - -	30 Vict. c. 14 - -	25 April - - 1868
43	War Department Tramway (Devon) - -	28, 29 Vict. c. 74 -	29 June - - 1868
35	Alkali Act (1863) - - - - - -	26, 27 Vict. c. 124 -	1 July - - 1868
36	Salmon Fisheries (Scotland) Act Amendment	29, 30 Vict. c. 102 -	1 January - 1868*
23	Corrupt Practices Prevention Act (1854) -	26, 27 Vict. c. 95 -	8 June - - 1868*
37	Malt for Animals - - - - - -	27, 28 Vict. c. 9 -	28 April - - 1869*
42	Malt Duty - - - - - - - -	28, 29 Vict. c. 66 -	29 June - - 1869*
47	Prosecution Expenses - - - - -	29, 30 Vict. c. 52 -	23 July - - 1869*
6	Linen, Hempen, &c. Manufactures (Ireland)	27, 28 Vict. c. 84 -	13 August - 1869
27	Dwellings for Labouring Classes (Ireland) -	23, 24 Vict. c. 19 -	15 May - - 1870*
11	Highway Rates (England) - - - - -	28, 29 Vict. c. 119 -	1 October - 1870
39	Chain Cables and Anchors - - -	27, 28 Vict. c. 27 -	1 July - - 1872
3	Coal Trade (Port of London) - - -	26, 27 Vict. c. 46 -	5 July - - 1882

N.B.—By 48 Geo. 3, c. 106, if a Bill is introduced for the continuance of any Act which would expire in the same Session, and such Act shall expire before the Bill for continuing the same receives the Royal Assent, the continuing Act takes effect from the expiration of the former Act, but not so as to affect any person with any penalty in the interval.

Class II.

TEMPORARY LAWS

THE DURATION OF WHICH IS UNCERTAIN.

ARRANGED IN ALPHABETICAL ORDER.

No.	*Name.*	*Date of last continuing Act.*	*Duration.*
1	Bank of England Incorporation.	19, 20 Vict. c. 21 -	- - Till Payment of Sums due to the Bank, and Redemption of all Bank Annuities created by Parliament.
5	Bank of England Privileges.	3, 4 Will. 4, c. 98 -	- - Determinable on 12 Months' Notice after 1st August 1855, and on Repayment of Debt due from the Public to Bank.
2	Bank of Ireland -	8, 9 Vict. c. 37 - -	- - May be dissolved after 1 January 1855 on 12 Months' Notice, and Repayment of Debt due from the Public to the Bank.
7	Civil List - - -	1, 2 Vict. c. 2 - -	Six Months after the Death of Her Majesty.
13	Courts Martial (East Indies).	7, 8 Vict. c. 18 - -	- - During the continuance of any Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, &c.
4	East India Company's Dividend.	3, 4 Will. 4, c. 85 -	- - Dividend subject to redemption by Parliament (on 12 Months' Notice) upon and at any time after 20th April 1874. As to right to demand redemption of Dividend, *see* No. 4 of Register.

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TO

LAWS which were inserted in the Register of Temporary Laws then in force in the last REPORT of the COMMITTEE on EXPIRING LAWS,

(July 1866),

But which are now omitted.

Subject.	*No. in Register 1866.*	*Reason for Omission.*
Industrial Schools - - -	33	Superseded by 29, 30 Vict. c. 118, which is a permanent Act.
——————— (Scotland) -	34	
Contagious Diseases - -	42	Superseded by 29 Vict. c. 35 (permanent Act).

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Of the Subject-Matter of the ACTS contained in THIS REGISTER.

The * signifies that the Act relates *exclusively* to Ireland.

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* —— of Ireland	2.
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Corrupt Practices Prevention, 1854.	23.
* County Cess	19.
Courts Martial (East Indies)	13.
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Episcopal and Capitular Estates Management.	22.
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Locomotives on Roads	44.
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Tithe Commission	21.
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REGISTER

OF

TEMPORARY LAWS

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
12 *July* 1867.

438.

Under 2 *oz.*

BELFAST BOROUGH.

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 5 June 1867;—*for*,

COPIES "of MEMORIAL to the Lord Lieutenant from the Mayor and Corporation of *Belfast*, praying for the Appointment of a RECORDER for that Borough:"

"And, of PATENT granting a separate COURT of QUARTER SESSIONS and COURT of RECORD to the said Borough of *Belfast*."

The Town Clerk of Belfast to Lord *Naas*.

My Lord, Town Hall, Belfast, 24 August 1866.

BY directions of the Town Council of this borough, I beg to enclose to your Lordship a Memorial to his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, praying for the appointment of a Recorder for Belfast, &c.

I have, &c.

The Right Hon. (signed) *James Guthrie*, Town Clerk.
Lord Naas, Chief Secretary,
Castle, Dublin.

PETITION of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the Borough of *Belfast*.

To His Excellency the Marquis of *Abercorn*, K. G., the Lord Lieutenant General and General Governor of Ireland, and to the Right Honourable the Privy Council.

The Petition of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the Borough of Belfast under their Corporate Seal,

Sheweth,

THAT the borough of Belfast is situate partly in the county of Antrim, and partly in county of Down; that the annual value of rateable property situate in the borough according to the last revised lists thereof, is 328,000 *l.*, and, as your Petitioners believe, the population now amounts to 160,000.

That the borough of Belfast does not at present constitute a separate petty sessions district, but forms a part of a district which extends several miles beyond the limits of the borough, the petty sessions for which are held in Belfast.

That the building in which the petty sessions for the Belfast district have, for the last 15 years, been held, is a portion of the property of your Petitioners which, by the Belfast Award Act, 1864, they were directed to sell with the consent of the Lords of Her Majesty's Treasury, and the proceeds of which they are directed to apply to the reduction of the corporate debt.

That in the month of October last, your Petitioners did sell this property to Mr. Benjamin Dickson, for the sum of 9,050 *l.*, and the Lords of the Treasury having been pleased to approve of such a sale, a conveyance was executed by your Petitioners, and by two of their Lordships, bearing date day of March last, and thereupon Mr. Dickson paid the amount of the said purchase money, which has been applied by your Petitioners as directed by the said Act.

That your Petitioners were advised that, as there was no other building within the borough to which the petty sessions could be transferred, the county court-house, which is situate in Belfast, was the proper place in which the said sessions should be held, but as the high sheriff of the county raised some difficulty as to the right of the magistrates to the use of the court-house, your Petitioners entered into a temporary arrangement with Mr. Dickson, to permit the magistrates to continue their sittings in the present building, and agreed to pay him a rent of 5 *l.* a week therefor.

That this arrangement may at any time be terminated upon a month's notice.

That by the 157th section of the Irish Municipal Corporations Act, 3rd & 4th Vict. c. 108, it is provided that Her Majesty may from time to time assign, to so many persons as she shall think proper, Her Majesty's Commission to act as justices of the peace for the boroughs named in Schedule A, which includes the borough of Belfast; and by section 159, the Council of every borough to which a separate commission of the peace shall be so granted, shall be authorised and required to provide and furnish one or more fit or suitable office or offices, to be called the "Police Office", or offices of the borough, for the purpose of transacting the business of the justices, and to pay from time to time, out of the borough fund, such sums as may be necessary for providing, upholding, and furnishing, and for the necessary expenses of such police office or offices.

That there are at present two stipendiary magistrates stationed in Belfast who hold a daily court, and the cases which were brought before them in the year 1865 numbered 16,276.

That it is very important that the duties of the magistrates at petty sessions should be divided; that the borough should be constituted a separate petty sessions district, and that two courts should be daily held within the borough.

That your Petitioners are willing and anxious to provide two police offices, for the transacting of the business of the magistrates, under 159th section of the said Act, but they are advised that the said section does not apply to the borough of Belfast until Her Majesty has been pleased to grant a separate commission of the peace for the borough.

That there is a very large and increasing amount of civil business transacted at each quarter sessions in the town of Belfast, which, on an average, last about 12 or 14 days, and great inconvenience is caused to suitors by loss of time in attending at same.

That in cases arising in that portion of the borough situate in the county of Down, the parties are obliged to attend at Newtownards, which is situate seven miles from Belfast.

That by section 163 of the Municipal Corporations Act, it is provided that the Council of every borough which shall be desirous that a separate court of quarter sessions of the peace shall be holden for such borough, shall signify same to the Lord Lieutenant and Privy Council, setting forth the grounds of the application, and the salary which they are willing to pay to the Recorder in that behalf, and that Her Majesty may, if she shall be pleased, thereupon grant that such separate court of quarter sessions shall thenceforward be holden for such borough, and the Lord Lieutenant may appoint a Recorder, and may direct that an annual salary, not exceeding the sum stated in such petition, shall be paid to such Recorder out of the borough fund. And, by section 168, such Recorder shall hold a court of quarter sessions of the peace in and for such borough once in every quarter of a year, or by adjournment or otherwise, at such other and more frequent times as the said Recorder may, in his discretion, think fit, or as the Lord Lieutenant shall from time to time think fit to direct.

That should it please Her Majesty to grant a separate court of quarter sessions for the borough of Belfast, and should your Excellency be pleased to appoint a Recorder of the borough of Belfast, and to hold more frequent courts therein (which in the opinion of your Petitioners should at least be 10) for the trial of civil actions, your Memorialists are willing to pay, out of the borough fund, a salary of 500 *l.* a-year to such Recorder; and your Petitioners suggest to your Excellency that the appointment of the present Chairman of the county of Antrim to be Recorder of the borough, would give universal satisfaction to the inhabitants.

Your Petitioners, therefore, pray that Her Majesty may be pleased to assign to so many persons as she shall think proper, Her Majesty's Commission to act

as justices of the peace, in and for the borough of Belfast, and that Her Majesty may also be pleased to grant a separate court of quarter sessions to be holden for the said borough; your Petitioners being ready and willing to pay such Recorder as your Excellency may appoint, such annual salary, not exceeding 500 *l.* a year, as your Excellency in that behalf may direct.

(signed) *W. Mullan*, Mayor.
James Guthrie, Town Clerk.

Seal.

COPY of PATENT granting a Separate Court of Quarter Sessions and Court of Record to the Borough of *Belfast.*

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen Defender of the Faith, and so forth. To all unto whom these presents shall come, greeting; Whereas a Charter of Incorporation hath been heretofore granted and conferred by Our Royal predecessor to the Sovereign free burgesses and commonalty of the borough of Belfast: And whereas under the provisions of an Act passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the third and fourth years of our reign, intituled "An Act for the Regulation of Municipal Corporations in Ireland," the constitution of the body corporate of the said borough of Belfast hath been altered, and the said body corporate bears the name of the mayor, aldermen, and burgesses of the borough of Belfast, who now constitute the Town Council of the said borough, which hath been under the said Act duly elected: And whereas the said Act, so far as relates to the said borough of Belfast and the boundaries thereof, has been since amended, and particularly under the provisions of an Act of Parliament passed in the Session holden in the sixteenth and seventeenth years of Our reign, intituled "The Belfast Borough Extension Act, One thousand eight hundred and fifty-three:" And whereas the said mayor, aldermen, and burgesses of the said borough of Belfast being desirous that a separate court of quarter sessions of the peace, comprising a court for the trial of civil actions, should be holden in and for the said borough, have presented their humble petition under their corporate seal, to Our Lieutenant General and General Governor of that part of our United Kingdom, called Ireland, and to Our Privy Council in Ireland, and therein set forth, that the said borough of Belfast is situate partly in the county of Antrim, and partly in the county of Down, and that the annual value of rateable property situate in the said borough, according to the last revised lists thereof, is Three hundred and twenty-eight thousand pounds, and that the population amounts to One hundred and sixty thousand; and also set forth that the said borough does not at present constitute a separate petty sessions district, and stated a certain arrangement therein-mentioned for the holding of petty sessions, and other matters relative to the granting of a separate commission of the peace for the said borough; and also set forth that there is a very large and increasing amount of civil business transacted at each quarter sessions in the town of Belfast, which on an average last about twelve or fourteen days, and that great inconvenience is caused to suitors by loss of time in attending at same, and that in cases arising in that portion of the borough situate in the county of Down, the parties are obliged to attend at Newtownwards, which is situate seven miles from the said town of Belfast; and after stating the one hundred and sixty-third section of the said Act for the regulation of municipal corporations in Ireland, also set forth that should it be Our will and pleasure to grant a separate court of quarter sessions for the said borough of Belfast, and should Our Lord Lieutenant General and General Governor of Ireland be pleased to appoint a Recorder of the said borough of Belfast, and to hold more frequent courts therein (which the said Petitioners stated, in their opinion, should be at least ten), for the trial of civil actions, the said Petitioners are willing to pay out of the borough fund a salary of Five hundred pounds a year to such Recorder; and the said Petitioners thereby prayed that we might be

pleased to assign to so many persons as we should think proper Our commission to act as justices of the peace in and for the said borough of Belfast, and also that we might be pleased to grant a separate court of quarter sessions to be holden for the said borough, the said Petitioners being ready and willing to pay such Recorder as our Lord Lieutenant General and General Governor of Ireland might appoint, such annual salary, not exceeding Five hundred pounds a year, as our said Lord Lieutenant General and General Governor in that behalf might direct: And whereas Our right trusty and well beloved cousin and councillor, James Marquis of Abercorn, Our Lord Lieutenant General and General Governor of that part of our said United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, called Ireland, having represented unto us that Our said Lord Lieutenant and Our Privy Council in Ireland having examined the ground set forth in the said petition, recommended that it would be for the ease and benefit of Our loyal subjects in said borough of Belfast that the same should be complied with, and that we should grant that a separate court of quarter sessions of the peace, comprising a court of record for the trial of civil actions, should henceforward be holden in and for said borough; We, taking the matter into Our consideration have been graciously pleased to condescend thereto: Know ye, therefore, that we of our special grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, by and with the advice and consent of our right trusty and entirely beloved cousin and councillor, James Marquis of Abercorn, K.G., Our Lieutenant General and General Governor of that part of Our said United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, called Ireland, and according to the tenor and effect of Our letter under Our privy signet and Royal sign manual, bearing date at Our Court at Saint James's, the Twenty-sixth day of November, One thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, in the thirtieth year of Our reign, and now enrolled in the rolls of Our High Court of Chancery, in that part of Our said United Kingdom called Ireland, have granted, and by these presents for us, Our heirs and successors, we do grant, Our commission of the peace to the said borough of Belfast: And we do further grant a separate court of quarter sessions of the peace comprising a court of record for the trial of civil actions, with all the rights, powers, incidents, and jurisdictions thereunto belonging, to be and continue to be holden in and for the said borough of Belfast, and to be held at Belfast, in that part of Our said United Kingdom called Ireland: And further of Our like special grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, by and with the advice and consent aforesaid, and according to the tenor of Our aforesaid letter, we have granted, and by these presents we do grant, that the said separate court of quarter sessions of the peace, comprising a court of record for the trial of civil actions, with all the rights, powers, incidents, and jurisdictions thereunto belonging, shall be henceforward held at Belfast, in and for the borough of Belfast aforesaid: And Our further will and pleasure is, that these our letters patent, or the enrolment hereof, shall be in all things firm, valid, and effectual in the law, without any further grant from us, Our heirs or successors, to be had, procured, or obtained: Provided always, that these Our letters patent be enrolled in the rolls of Our High Court of Chancery, in that part of Our said United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, called Ireland, within the space of six calendar months next ensuing the date of these presents. In witness whereof, we have caused these our letters to be made patent.

Witness, James Marquis of Abercorn, Our Lieutenant General and General Governor of Ireland, at Dublin, the seventeenth day of December, in the thirtieth year of Our reign.

BELFAST BOROUGH.

COPIES of MEMORIAL from the Mayor and Corporation of *Belfast* to the Lord Lieutenant, praying for the Appointment of a RECORDER for that Borough; and, of PATENT granting a separate COURT of QUARTER SESSIONS and COURT of RECORD to the said Borough of *Belfast*.

(*Lord Naas.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*, 7 *June* 1867.

338.

Under 1 *oz.*

BELFAST MAGISTRATES.

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 17 May 1867;—*for*,

RETURN "giving the Names of all MAGISTRATES appointed to the COMMISSION of the PEACE for the Borough of *Belfast* in the Year 1867, with the Date of the Appointment of each."

RETURN of the Names of the MAGISTRATES appointed to the COMMISSION of the PEACE for the Borough of *Belfast* in the Year 1867, with the Dates of the Appointment of each.

NAMES.	Date of Appointment.
John Hastings Otway, Esq., Q.C.	9 January 1867.
William Mullan	22 January 1867.
Samuel M'Causland	23 January 1867.
Henry Murney	
William M'Gee	
Peter Keegan	
Charles Duffin	
Philip Johnston	
William Barry Ritchie	24 January 1867.
Alexander Finlay Herdman	
William J. Campbell Allen	
John Savage	
William Thomas Bristow Lyons	
Thomas M'Clure	
Frederick H. Lewis	25 January 1867.
Samuel Gelston	24 January 1867.
James Carlisle	25 January 1867.
James P. Corry	
James Hamilton	
John Hamill	
John Lytle	
William Barbour	26 January 1867.
Robert Lindsay	

NAMES.	Date of Appointment.
David Taylor	28 January 1867.
William Bottomley	
William Charley	29 January 1867.
James Kennedy	
Sir Edward Evey	30 January 1867.
Samuel Gibson Getty	
John Thompson	31 January 1867.
John Mulholland	
Jonathan Richardson	
William Ewart	1 February 1867.
John Preston	
John Hind	
William Dunville	4 February 1867.
Charles Lanyon	
William Coates	6 February 1867.
Sir William Gillilan Johnson	
George Gray	18 February 1867.
Hill Hamilton	
Finlay M'Cance	20 February 1867.
James Thompson	12 March - 1867.
James Alexander Henderson	14 March - 1867.
James Girdwood	
John M'Connell Higginson	16 March - 1867.
John Stouppe Charley	29 March - 1867.

24 May 1867.

Ralph S. Cusack,
Clerk of the Crown and Hanaper.

BELFAST MAGISTRATES.

RETURN of the Names of the MAGISTRATES appointed to the COMMISSION of the PEACE for the Borough of *Belfast* in the Year 1867, with the Date of the Appointment of each.

(*Sir John Gray.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
13 *June* 1867.

CHANCERY AND COMMON LAW OFFICERS (IRELAND).

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 21 June 1867;—*for*,

RETURN "showing the present EXPENSE in detail of the ESTABLISHMENTS of the COURTS of CHANCERY and COMMON LAW in *Ireland*, proposed to be affected by the COURTS of LAW OFFICERS (IRELAND) BILL, and the EXPENSE in detail of the ESTABLISHMENTS proposed by said Bill; also the EXPENSE in detail of the same ESTABLISHMENTS proposed by the SECOND REPORT of the CHANCERY and COMMON LAW COURTS (IRELAND) COMMISSION."

(*Mr. Attorney General for Ireland.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*, 21 *June* 1867.

RETURN showing the present EXPENSE in detail of the ESTABLISHMENTS of the COURTS of CHANCERY and COMMON LAW in *Ireland* proposed to be affected by the COURTS of LAW OFFICERS (IRELAND) BILL, and the EXPENSE in detail of the ESTABLISHMENTS proposed by said Bill; also the EXPENSE in detail of the same ESTABLISHMENTS proposed by the SECOND REPORT of the CHANCERY and COMMON LAW COURTS (IRELAND) COMMISSION.

PART I.

EXPENSES in detail of the present ESTABLISHMENTS of the COURT of CHANCERY proposed to be affected by the COURTS of LAW OFFICERS (IRELAND) BILL.

OFFICERS.	Yearly Salaries.	Total of Salaries in each Office.
AFFIDAVIT OFFICE:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Clerk of Affidavits	600 – –	
Assistant Clerk of Affidavits	300 – –	
		900 – –
APPEARANCE AND WRIT OFFICE:		
Clerk of Appearances and Writs	600 – –	
First Assistant Clerk	300 – –	
Second Assistant Clerk	375 – –	
Three Notice Clerks; one at 115 *l.*, one at 175 *l.*, and one at 185 *l.*	475 – –	
Entering Clerk in Notice Office	155 – –	
		1,905 – –
ROLLS OFFICE:		
Deputy Keeper of the Rolls	1,000 – –	
Clerk of Enrolments	498 – –	
Assistant Clerk of Enrolments	227 – –	
Clerk of Pleadings	420 – –	
Assistant Clerk of Pleadings	120 – –	
		2,265 – –
CLERK OF RECOGNIZANCES OFFICE:		
Clerk of Recognizances	267 7 –	
Clerk	134 – –	
		401 7 –
REGISTRAR'S OFFICE:		
Clerk of Records	540 – –	
Assistant Clerk of Records	220 – –	
Cash Clerk	250 – –	
		1,010 – –

	Total Salaries in each Office.
	£. s. d.
AFFIDAVIT OFFICE	900 – –
APPEARANCE AND WRIT OFFICE	1,905 – –
ROLLS OFFICE	2,265 – –
CLERK OF RECOGNIZANCES OFFICE	401 7 –
REGISTRAR'S OFFICE	1,010 – –
£.	6,481 7 –

Part II.

Expense in Detail of the Establishment of the Court of Chancery proposed by the Courts of Law Officers (Ireland) Bill, in place of the present Establishment, as in Part I. of this Return.

RECORD AND WRIT OFFICE.

Officers.	Yearly Salaries. £.	s.	d.
Clerk of Records and Writs	1,000	–	–
First Assistant	800	–	–
Second Assistant	600	–	–
Three First Class Clerks, at 300 *l.* a year, to be increased by 15 *l.* every year of service, up to 400 *l.* maximum	1,200	–	–
Three Second Class Clerks, at 200 *l.* a year, to be increased by 10 *l.* every year of service, up to 300 *l.* maximum	900	–	–
First Clerk in Notice Department	180	–	–
Second Clerk - - ditto	150	–	–
Third Clerk - - ditto	120	–	–
Entering Clerk - - ditto	150	–	–
Total £.	5,100	–	–*

* This total will be increased at first by *l.*, as the present Deputy Keeper of the Rolls, in the event of his accepting the office of Clerk of Records and Writs, will receive *l.* during his tenure of office, in consideration of the change in his position and the duties imposed upon him, and as the present salaries of the Clerks in the Notice Department, which are to be continued to them, exceed by 30 *l.* the amount of the salaries of their successors.

Part III.

Expense in Detail of the present Establishment of the Courts of Common Law proposed to be affected by the Courts of Law Officers (Ireland) Bill.

Officers of the Court of Queen's Bench, and the Amount of their Salaries and Emoluments.

Designations.	Minimum. £.	s.	d.	Annual Increase to Maximum. £.	Maximum. £.	s.	d.
The Master	1,584	12	3	-	1,584	12	3*
Principal Assistant	600	–	–	20	800	–	–
Clerk to aid him	150	–	–	10	250	–	–
Pleadings Assistant	400	–	–	20	500	–	–
First Clerk to aid him	150	–	–	10	250	–	–
Second - ditto	100	–	–	10	140	–	–
Record Assistant	400	–	–	20	500	–	–
First Clerk to aid him	200	–	–	10	300	–	–
Second - ditto	100	–	–	10	150	–	–
Clerk for general purposes	100	–	–	10	150	–	–
Second - ditto	100	–	–	10	150	–	–
Clerk of the Rules	600	–	–	20	800	–	–
Assistant	350	–	–	20	500	–	–
Clerk	150	–	–	10	250	–	–
Junior Clerk	80	–	–	10	140	–	–
Crier	138	9	2	-	138	9	2
Total £.	5,003	1	5	-	6,603	1	5

* This consists of 1,200 *l.* a year salary, and 384 *l.* 12 *s.* 3 *d.* compensation on abolition of office of Prothonotary.

PART III.—*continued.*

OFFICERS of Court of Common Bench, and the Amount of their Salaries and Emoluments.

	£.		£.	s.	d.
Master	1,200		1,200	–	–
Principal Assistant	600	increasing by £.20 a year to	800	–	–
Clerk to Assistant	150	„ 10 „	250	–	–
Record Assistant	400	„ 20 „	500	–	–
First Clerk	200	„ 10 „	300	–	–
Second Clerk	100	„ 10 „	150	–	–
Pleadings Assistant	400	„ 20 „	500	–	–
First Clerk	150	„ 10 „	250	–	–
Second Clerk	100	„ 10 „	140	–	–
Clerk of the Rules	600	„ 20 „	800	–	–
First Assistant	350	„ 20 „	500	–	–
Clerk	150	„ 10 „	250	–	–
First Clerk for general purposes	100	„ 10 „	150	–	–
Second Clerk for general purposes	100	„ 10 „	150	–	–
Two Writing Clerks, at 50 *l.* a year each			100	–	–
Crier			111	4	–
		£.	6,151	4	–

OFFICERS of the Court of Exchequer, and the Amount of their Salaries and Emoluments.

			£.	s.	d.
The Master, as settled by Treasury Minute of April 1856			1,200	–	–
The Principal Assistant, maximum salary settled by Treasury Warrant of September 1854			800	–	–
His Clerk	ditto	ditto	250	–	–
The Record Assistant	ditto	ditto	500	–	–
His First Clerk	ditto	ditto	300	–	–
His Second Clerk	ditto	ditto	150	–	–
The Pleadings Assistant	ditto	ditto	500	–	–
His First Clerk	ditto	ditto	250	–	–
His Second Clerk	ditto	ditto	140	–	–
The Clerk of the Rules	ditto	ditto	800	–	–
His Assistant	ditto	ditto	500	–	–
His Clerk	ditto	ditto	250	–	–
The Revenue Assistant	ditto	ditto	300	–	–
First Clerk for general purposes	ditto	ditto	150	–	–
Second Clerk for general purposes	ditto	ditto	150	–	–
The Crier			120	–	–
			6,360	–	–
Additional Salaries granted by Treasury Minutes to the present holders of the following Offices as compensation for the performance of the Revenue Business transferred to them from the Equity side of the Court, viz.:					
The Clerk of the Rules		£. 100 – –			
His Assistant		50 – –			
His Clerk		50 – –			
			200	–	–
		£.	6,560	–	–

	Total Expenses.		
	£.	s.	d.
COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH	6,603	1	5
COURT OF COMMON BENCH	6,151	4	–
COURT OF EXCHEQUER	6,560	–	–
£.	17,314	5	5

Part IV.

Expense in Detail of the Establishments of the Courts of Common Law proposed by the Courts of Law Officers (Ireland) Bill, in place of the present Establishments, as in Part III. of this Return.

The Officers and Salaries are the same in each of the Superior Courts.

Offices.	Yearly.	Salaries.
	Minimum Salary.	Maximum to be paid to Clerks of the Rules and Officers appointed in the First Instance.
		£. s. d.
Master - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - -	1,200 – –
Clerk of the Rules - - -	700*l.*, to be increased by 25*l.* every year of service, till salary amounts to 900*l.*	900 – –
Pleadings and Record Assistant	600*l.*, to be increased by 20*l.* every year of service, till salary amounts to 700*l.*	700 – –
Chief Clerk - - - - -	400*l.*, to be increased by 20*l.* every year of service, till salary amounts to 500*l.*	500 – –
Two First Class Clerks - -	250*l.*, to be increased by 15*l.* every year of service, till salary amounts to 350*l.*	700 – –
Two Second Class Clerks -	200*l.*, to be increased by 10*l.* every year of service, till salary amounts to 250*l.*	500 – –
Two Third Class Clerks - -	150*l.*, to be increased by 10*l.* every year of service, till salary amounts to 200*l.*	400 – –
Crier - - - - - -	100*l.* - - - - - - - -	100 – –
	£.	5,000 – –

Total Expense of Establishments of the three Superior Courts of Common Law - - - - - - - - - - £. 15,000

This total will be increased at first by the difference between the salary of 1,400*l.* a year, the present salary and emoluments of the Masters of the Courts of Queen's Bench and Common Pleas respectively, as proposed by the Court of Law Officers (Ireland) Bill.

Part V.

Expense in Detail of the Establishment of the Record and Writ Office of the Court of Chancery proposed by the Second Report of the Chancery and Common Law Courts (Ireland) Commission.

No Detailed Estimate is contained in the Report.

Part VI.

Expense in Detail of the Establishments of the Courts of Common Law proposed by the Second Report of the Chancery and Common Law Courts (Ireland) Commission.

The Report does not give the expense in detail of the Establishments proposed thereby, but recommends that the following Officers be dispensed with; viz.:—

	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Two Masters, at 1,200 *l.* a-year each	2,400	–	–			
Two Principal Assistants, at 600 *l.* to 800 *l.* each	1,400	–	–			
Two Clerks, at 150 *l.* to 250 *l.* each	400	–	–			
				4,200	–	–

Officers.	Present Scale of Salary.	Saving.				
	£. £.	£.	s.	d.		
In the Queen's Bench:						
An Assistant	400 to 500	450	–	–		
A Clerk	200 to 300	250	–	–		
Two Clerks, each	100 to 150	250	–	–		
					950	– –
In the Common Pleas:						
An Assistant	400 to 500	450	–	–		
A Clerk	200 to 300	250	–	–		
A Clerk	100 to 150	125	–	–		
					825	– –
In the Exchequer:						
An Assistant	400 to 500	450	–	–		
Revenue Assistant	200 to 300	250	–	–		
Two Clerks, each	100 to 150	250	–	–		
					950	– –
						2,725 – –
Gross Saving in these Establishments proposed by Commission						6,925 – –

From this should be deducted the following items of increase proposed by the Commission:—

	£.	s.	d.			
Additional salary to single Master	300	–	–			
Additional salary to Clerks of Rules in Queen's Bench and Common Bench, 200 *l.* each	400	–	–			
Additional salary to Clerk of Rules in Exchequer	100	–	–			
Salary to Registrar of Acknowledgments of Deeds by Married Women and Bills of Sale (a new officer)	300	–	–			
				1,100	–	–
Net Saving			£.	5,825	–	–

CHANCERY AND COMMON LAW OFFICERS (IRELAND).

RETURN showing the present EXPENSE in detail of the ESTABLISHMENTS of the COURTS of CHANCERY and COMMON LAW in *Ireland*, proposed to be affected by the COURTS OF LAW OFFICERS (IRELAND) BILL, and the EXPENSE in detail of the ESTABLISHMENTS proposed by said Bill; also the EXPENSE in detail of the same ESTABLISHMENTS proposed by the SECOND REPORT of the CHANCERY and COMMON LAW COURTS (IRELAND) COMMISSION.

(*Mr. Attorney General for Ireland.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
21 *June* 1867.

387.

Under 1 *oz.*

RETURN to Two Orders of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 7 June 1866 and 4 March 1867;—*for*,

RETURNS "of the Number of the REGISTRARS attached to the different DIOCESES of the ESTABLISHED CHURCH in *Ireland*:"

"Of the DEPUTY REGISTRARS attached thereto:"

"Of the EMOLUMENTS of the REGISTRARS arising from all Sources, including the Benefices and other Ecclesiastical Preferments held by them, as well as the Fees payable to them on all occasions:"

"Of the Amount of FEES payable to REGISTRARS in each DIOCESE in *Ireland* on each and every occasion:"

"Of the REGISTRARS and DEPUTY REGISTRARS who reside in the DIOCESES in which their DUTIES are to be performed:"

"And, of the CAUSES assigned for granting LEAVE of ABSENCE to those who are not so resident."

(*Mr. Pollard-Urquhart.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
15 *March* 1867.

SCHEDULE.

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United Dioceses of	Kilmore	6
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		7
Ditto	Tuam, Killala, and Achonry	7
Ditto	Dublin, Glandelagh, and Kildare	7
Ditto	Ossory, Ferns, and Leighlin	8
Ditto	Cashel, Emly, Waterford, and Lismore	8
Ditto	Cork and Ross and Cloyne	8
		9
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		9
Ditto	Limerick, Ardfert, and Aghadoe	10

RETURNS of the Number of the REGISTRARS attached to the different DIOCESES of the ESTABLISHED CHURCH in *Ireland;* of the DEPUTY REGISTRARS attached thereto; of the EMOLUMENTS of the REGISTRARS arising from all Sources, including the Benefices and other Ecclesiastical Preferments held by them, as well as the Fees payable to them on all occasions; of the Amount of FEES payable to REGISTRARS in each DIOCESE in *Ireland* on each and every occasion; of the REGISTRARS and DEPUTY REGISTRARS who reside in the DIOCESES in which their DUTIES are to be performed; and, of the CAUSES assigned for granting LEAVE of ABSENCE to those who are not so resident.

DIOCESES OF ARMAGH AND CLOGHER.

PROVINCIAL REGISTRY, ARMAGH.

Number.	QUERIES.	REPLIES.
1	Number of Registrars - - - -	Two joint Registrars.
2	Number of Deputy Registrars - -	One Deputy Registrar.
3	(1) Emoluments arising from all sources; (2) Including the benefices and other ecclesiastical preferments held by them; (3) As well as the fees payable to them on all occasions.	In order to give a reply to the first part of this query, it will be necessary to have some period fixed. With respect to the second part, my reply is that the Registrars are laymen, and have no ecclesiastical preferment; and with respect to the third part, I beg leave to refer to the Tables of Fees Schedule (B) annexed to Rules and Orders, under "The Ecclesiastical Courts and Registries Act (Ireland) 1864."
4	Amount of the Fees payable to Registrars on each and every occasion.	*See* Tables of Fees referred to in answer to previous query.
5	Registrars and Deputy Registrars who reside in the diocese in which their duties are to be performed.	One of the joint Registrars and the Deputy Registrar reside in the City of Armagh, in the Diocese of Armagh.
6	Causes assigned for granting leave of absence to those who are not resident.	The other joint Registrar resides in England, and has never resided in the Diocese of Armagh; I do not know of his having any leave of absence, nor of any necessity for such leave.

25 June 1866. *Robert Riddall,* Provincial Registrar, Armagh.

DIOCESE OF MEATH.

1. THERE is only one Registrar attached to the Diocese of Meath; the Rev. Thomas A. Stopford.

2. There are two Deputy Registrars; Edward A. Stopford and the Rev. John A. Cross, both of whom hold the office *pro tem.*, and unpaid, with the twofold object of properly organising the registry, and providing for the more efficient performance of business.

3. The Registrars' net fees, as settled by the auditor under "The Ecclesiastical Courts and Registries Act," from the 16th of September 1864, when the Act came into force, to the 25th of March 1866 (embracing for that occasion one fortnight more than the ordinary half year), were 36*l.* 15*s.* 6*d.*

The Registrar holds the Benefice of Clongill, in the Diocese of Meath, of the net value of 199 *l.*

The Deputy Registrar, Edward A. Stopford, holds the Archdeaconry of Meath, of the net value of 1,029 *l.* He undertook the office chiefly to reduce into order a mass of confusion of 150 years standing, a task now nearly completed.

The Rev. John A. Cross, also a Deputy Registrar, holds the Curacy of Kells, at a salary of 100 *l.* per annum.

4. The amount of fees payable to the Registrar on each and every occasion, is that stated for each such occasion in Schedule B., attached to the Rules and Orders, 1865. No other fees are charged.

5. Both the Deputy Registrars reside in the diocese.

6. The Registrar has license of non-residence under medical certificate.

24 July 1866. *Edward A. Stopford*, Deputy Registrar.

UNITED DIOCESES OF DERRY AND RAPHOE.

DIOCESE OF DERRY.

Number of Registrars:—One.

Number of Deputy Registrars:—None.

Emoluments of Registrar arising from all sources:—The Registrar has no ecclesiastical preferment. The fees for business done in the Registry are payable under the Rules and Orders made in pursuance of the "Ecclesiastical Courts and Registries Act (Ireland), 1864;" which, by said Act, are required to be laid before Parliament by the Registrar of the Provincial Court of Armagh, or the Registrar of the Provincial Court of Dublin.

The amount of the fees payable to the Registrar, on each and every occasion:—*See* answer to preceding heading.

The total amount received from the commencement of the said Act, on the 16th September 1865 to 25th March 1866, was 53 *l.* 9 *s.* 10 *d.* These fees were audited, and an abstract of all the fees in each diocese in Ireland has been published by the auditor.

The Registrar is resident, and performs his duties in person.

Diocesan Registry, Londonderry, 27 June 1866. *James E. Nesbitt*, Registrar.

DIOCESE OF RAPHOE.

Number of Registrars:—One.

Number of Deputy Registrars:—One.

Emoluments of Registrar arising from all sources:—The Registrar has no emoluments from benefices or other ecclesiastical preferments or any other source unless the fees payable under Rules and Orders of "The Ecclesiastical Courts and Registries Act (Ireland), 1864."

Amount of fees payable to Registrar on each and every occasion:—The fees payable in Schedule, fees under Rules and Orders of the Provincial and United and Diocesan Courts and Registries, under "The Ecclesiastical Courts and Registries Act (Ireland), 1864," are the only fees payable to Registrar.

Both Registrar and Deputy Registrar reside in diocese; William Fenwick, Registrar; William Wilson, Deputy Registrar.

30 June 1866. *William Wilson*, Deputy Registrar.

UNITED DIOCESES OF DOWN, CONNOR, AND DROMORE.

DIOCESE OF DOWN AND CONNOR.

1. There are two Registrars at Beyart, attached to the Diocese of Down and Connor.

2. No Deputy Registrar attached to the Diocese of Down and Connor.

3. Mr. H. J. Higginson, the senior Registrar of Down and Connor has not any other appointment,

appointment, but is in the receipt of a pension of 667 *l.* 10 *s.* 1 *d.* per annum, under "The Probate Act (Ireland), 1857."

Mr. J. M. Higginson, the Joint Registrar, holds the appointment of District Registrar of Her Majesty's Court of Probate at Beyart, at a salary of 700 *l.* per annum; both these gentlemen are laymen, and hold no ecclesiastical preferments or emoluments.

4. Under the Statute 27 & 28 Vict. c. 54, s. 6, and under the "Rules and Orders," the Registrars' gross fees for the Diocese of Down and Connor, for the half year ended the 25th March 1866, amount to:—

	£.	*s.*	*d.*
For Marriage Licenses - - - - - - -	98	11	9
„ Institutions and Collations - - - - -	23	–	11¾
„ All other Sources - - - - - - -	28	1	4
£.	149	14	–¾

The total sum of 149 *l.* 14 *s.* –¾ *d.*, after deducting expenses, was divided equally between the Joint Registrars.

5. The Registrars reside in the diocese in which the duties are performed.

6. No leave of absence at present granted to or required by Registrars.

Registry Office, Beyart.
26 June 1866.

John W. Higginson, Registrar.

N.B.—The above return does not include Dromore, where there is a separate Registry.

John W. Higginson.

DIOCESE OF DROMORE.

THERE is one Registrar and one Deputy Registrar.

Mark Anthony Saurin, Esq., the Registrar of Dromore, has no other appointment, but receives a pension of 54 *l.* 14 *s.* 4 *d.* per annum under "Probate Act, Ireland, 1857."

Hugh Stewart, the Deputy Registrar of Dromore, holds an appointment as Surrogate for the granting of marriage licenses, and receives a pension of 50 *l.* 4 *s.* 1 *d.* per annum under "Probate Act, Ireland, 1857;" holds no other ecclesiastical preferment or emolument.

Under Statute 27 & 28 Vict. c. 54, s. 6, and under the Rules and Orders, the gross fees of the Registrar of Dromore Diocese from commencement of said Act (16th September 1865), to 7th June 1866, amounted to 52 *l.* 11 *l.* 6 *d.*; viz.:

	£.	*s.*	*d.*
For Marriage Licenses - - - - - - -	31	18	6
„ Institutions and Collations - - - - - -	6	8	10
„ All other Sources - - - - - - - -	14	4	2
Total - - -	52	11	6

out of which the Deputy Registrar was paid in fees 23 *l.* 3 *s.* 1 *d.*, also a salary at the rate of 10 *l.* per annum.

The Deputy Registrar also received as Surrogate, during above period, for notices for marriages, 1 *l.* 15 *s.*

The Registrar resides at Kilwendeage, Kenarth, Carmarthen, and Orielton, Pembroke, South Wales.

The Deputy Registrar resides in the town and Diocese of Dromore.

No license of absence granted. No objection was made to the non-residence of the Registrar, as the Deputy is constantly resident.

Registry Office, Dromore.

Hugh Stewart, Deputy Registrar.

Note.—The foregoing Return is exclusively for Dromore; the business of Down and Connor, to which Dromore is united under "The Diocesan Courts and Registries (Ireland) Act, 1864," is conducted separately, as before the passing of said Act.

Hugh Stewart, Deputy Registrar.

EXEMPT JURISDICTION OF NEWRY AND MOURNE.

THERE is no business now done in the exempt jurisdiction of Newry and Mourne. I am the Registrar, and, in consequence, not resident; but James Fegan, who was my deputy, resides in the town of Newry; there are no fees or emoluments paid or received for business in said court.

22 June 1866. *Leonard Dobbin*, Registrar.

UNITED DIOCESES OF KILMORE, ELPHIN AND ARDAGH.

DIOCESE OF KILMORE.

NUMBER of Registrars:—One Registrar.

Number of Deputy Registrars:—No Deputy Registrar.

Emoluments of the Registrar arising from all sources:—The emoluments from all sources from 16th September 1865, the date on which the Rules and Orders of Diocesan Courts in Ireland came into force in Kilmore, to 25th March 1866, was 46 *l.* 17 *s.* 8 *d.* gross, and from that date to the present time 20 *l.* 17 *s.* 10 *d.*, including debts due. The Registrar holds no ecclesiastical benefice or other preferment.

Amount of the Fees payable to the Registrars on each and every occasion:—The fees payable to the Registrar in each and every case are those only as directed by the Rules and Orders of the Provincial and United Diocesan Courts and Registries, as founded on "The Ecclesiastical Courts and Registries Act (Ireland) 25 July 1864."

The Registrar of Kilmore has resided constantly in Cavan, where the Office is, since appointment in 1838.

No leave or license of absence sought for unless for a few days.

Registry Office, Cavan, 22 June 1866. *R. Erskine*, Registrar.

DIOCESE OF ELPHIN.

Registrar:—H. L. Hunt.

Deputy Registrar:—Rev. John Acheson.

FEES paid to the Registrar of the Diocese of *Elphin*, from 16th of September 1865 till 25th of March 1866.

DATE.	Description of Business.	Judge.	Registrar.
1865:		£. s. d.	£. s. d.
5 October -	To faculty for Ahascragh - - -	1 1 –	1 1 –
17 October -	„ Eight marriage licenses - - -	1 15 –	1 15 –
16 November -	„ One marriage license - - - -	– 4 6	– 4 6
30 November -	„ Collation of Rev. G. Knox - - -	4 18 4	11 16 8
1866:			
3 January -	„ Six marriage licenses - - - -	1 15 –	1 15 –
10 January -	„ Commission, &c., for Tyboline - -	– 2 6	2 13 6
10 January -	„ Act of Union of Donamon and Fuerty	- -	1 – –
2 March - -	„ Search of Baptism - - - -	- -	– 2 6
21 March - -	„ Institution of Rev. F. Irwin - -	3 12 2½	7 4 5½

The Deputy Registrar, Rev. John Acheson, resides in the diocese.

On strict fulfilment of the duties being performed, leave of absence was granted by the Bishop.

25 July 1866. *John Acheson*, Deputy Registrar.

DIOCESE OF ARDAGH.

Number of Registrars:—One.

Number of Deputy Registrars:—No Deputy Registrar.

Emoluments of the Registrar arising from all Sources:—Annuity under 20 & 21 Vict. c. 77 (Probate Act), 51 *l.* 6 *s.* 2 *d.*

Fees according to business required, agreeable to scale supplied in Rules and Orders, as sanctioned by Privy Council, 16th September 1865.

Amount of Fees payable to the Registrar on each and every occasion:—Payable in accordance with scale of fees supplied in 'Rules and Orders,' as sanctioned by Privy Council, 16th September 1865.

Amount of fees received last year ending 29th September 1865:—110 *l.* 7 *s.* 2 *d.*

The Registrar resides in the diocese occasionally, and all times when required.

Causes assigned for granting leave of Absence:—Little business requiring personal attendance in office since Court of Probate Act (there having been no court for upwards of seven years past), and occasional delicate health of Registrar.

24 July 1866. *George Hearn*, Registrar.

UNITED DIOCESES OF TUAM, KILLALA, AND ACHONRY.

1. THE number of Registrars attached to the diocese of Tuam is one; to the diocese of Killala and Achonry, one.

2. There is one acting Deputy for the diocese of Tuam, in the absence of the Registrar' who holds a benefice in the diocese of Ossory.

3. The emoluments of the Registrar of Tuam as registrar consist of one-half the fees received under the Rules and Orders, Ecclesiastical Courts and Registries Act. Besides these fees in right of his office he holds the Vicarage of Inistioge, in the diocese of Ossory, where he resides.

4. The amount of the fees payable to the Registrar of Tuam and Killala are strictly regulated according to the schedule as published under the Rules and Orders, Ecclesiastical Registry Act, 1864. For the six months up to 25th March last past, as audited, the entire amount in both offices did not amount to 70 *l.* for Tuam, Killala and Achonry.

5. Registrars who reside in the diocese in which their duties are performed:—The Rev. Samuel Stock resides at his benefice of Killanley, within five miles of his office at Ballina. The deputy who performs the duties at Tuam, the Rev. B. J. Clarke, resides at his benefice of Killereran, within five miles of his office at Tuam.

6. Causes assigned for granting leave of absence to the Registrar of Tuam, who does not reside in the diocese. I understand he claims the privilege of naming a deputy with the consent of the diocesan in right of his appointment, which he affirms is patent.

B. J. Clarke,
Deputy Registrar.

Registry Office of the Diocese of Tuam,
23 June 1866.

UNITED DIOCESES OF DUBLIN, GLANDELAGH, AND KILDARE.

1. THERE are three Registrars,—John Samuels, Notary Public, the Reverend John Browne, and John Hasler Samuels, A.B., N.P.

2. The emoluments of the Registrars arising from all sources, but not including the benefices and other ecclesiastical preferments held by them from the 16th September 1865 to the 25th March 1866, that is from the time "The Ecclesiastical Courts and Registries Act (Ireland), 1864," came into operation, to the date of the first audit:—

	£.	*s.*	*d.*
Marriage licenses, Dublin and Glandelagh - - -	193	11	11
Ditto - - Kildare - - - - - -	3	5	1½
Instructions and collations, Dublin and Glandelagh -	56	3	–
Ditto - ditto - Kildare - - - -	19	10	–
All other business, Dublin and Glandelagh - - -	392	3	7½
Ditto - - Kildare - - - - - -	28	13	2½
£.	693	6	10½

The Rev. John Brown has a benefice and other ecclesiastical emoluments, amounting to 152 *l.* 16 *s.* 9 *d.*

3. Amount of fees payable to the Registrars on each and every occasion:—For reply to this query we refer to "The Ecclesiastical Courts and Registries Act (Ireland), 1864," and to Schedule B of "Rules and Orders of the Provincial and United Diocesan Courts and Registries," prepared in accordance with said Act.

4. The Registrars reside in the diocese in which their duties are to be performed.

Samuels, Browne & Samuels, Registrars.

UNITED DIOCESES OF OSSORY, FERNS, AND LEIGHLIN.

1. Registrars of the dioceses:—Thomas Kough and Thomas Kough, junior, Joint Registrars of the United Dioceses.

2. Deputy Registrar:—Eames Rogers, Esq.

3. Emoluments of the Registrars arising from all sources:—Total amount of emoluments for the half-year from 16th September 1865 to 25th March 1866: 99 *l.* 4 *s.* 1½ *d.*, as found by audit of accounts pursuant to Rules and Orders, 1865.

4. Amount of fees payable to the Registrars on all occasions:—For reply to this query we refer to "The Ecclesiastical Courts and Registries Act (Ireland), 1864," and to Schedule B of "Rules and Orders of the Provincial and United Diocesan Courts and Registries," prepared in accordance with said Act.

5. Registrars and Deputy Registrars who reside in the dioceses in which their duties are to be performed:—Thomas Kough, residing in the diocese of Ferns; Thomas Kough, junior, residing in the diocese of Ossory, by whom all the duties of the united dioceses are performed; Deputy Registrar, Eames Rogers, residing in the diocese of Leighlin.

6. Cause assigned for granting leave of absence to Registrars who are not resident:—All resident.

Thomas Kough,
Thomas Kough, junior, } Registrars.

UNITED DIOCESES OF CASHEL, EMLY, WATERFORD, AND LISMORE.

Names of Registrars.	Resident or Otherwise.	Fees.	£.	s.	d.
James Lorenzo Hickey -	Continually resident in diocese for 40 years.	Amount of Fees received by Registrar, from 16th September 1865, to 25th March 1866, being first six months' audit under Ecclesiastical Courts and Registries Act (1864) - - - -	46	19	7
James Henry Hickey -	Not resident at present.	No visitation fees within the period.			

Waterford, 23 June 1866.

James L. Hickey, Registrar.

UNITED DIOCESES OF CORK, CLOYNE, AND ROSS.

DIOCESE OF CORK AND ROSS.

There are two joint Registrars: one for the Diocese of Cork and Ross, the other for the Diocese of Cloyne.

The emoluments of the Registrar of Cork and Ross for the six months ending the 25th day of March 1866, render the Rules and Orders and Schedule of Fees annexed, as approved of by the Lord Lieutenant and Privy Council of Ireland, under The Ecclesiastical Courts and Registrar's Act (Ireland), 1864, amounted to the sum of 96 *l.* 0 *s.* 6 *d.*

The

The Registrar is a solicitor and notary public, keeps an office for the duties of Registrar, where all the records are kept, and a clerk is regularly in attendance.

Performs the duties in person, and also acts for the Registrar of Cloyne in matters of business transacted in Cork.

Wm. Verling Gregg, Registrar.

DIOCESE OF CLOYNE.

Two joint Registrars, one for the Diocese of Cloyne, and the other for the Diocese of Cork and Ross.

Emoluments of the Registrar of Cloyne for six months ending 25th March 1866: under the Rules and Orders approved of by the Lord Lieutenant and Privy Council of Ireland, the 16th September, 1865; under the Ecclesiastical Courts and Registries Act: 27 *l.* 9 *s.* 6 *d.* The Registrar also holds the benefice of Kilmahon, which yields a net income of 170 *l.* a year.

The Registrar of Cloyne resides in the diocese, and performs the duties in person.

Wm. Rogers, Registrar.

DIOCESES OF KILLALOE, KILFENORA, CLONFERT, AND KILMACDUAGH.

Return from the Joint Registrars of the Dioceses of Killaloe, Kilfenora, Clonfert, and Kilmacduagh.

There are two Registrars, who are resident in the dioceses in which their duties are performed.

There are no Deputy Registrars.

The emoluments of the Rev. James Hastings Allen, who performs the duties of the Dioceses of Killaloe and Kilfenora, are, from all sources, as follows:—

Ecclesiastical benefice of Kittinanlea, as ascertained by Ecclesiastical Commissioners, 274 *l.*

Compensation for loss of fees on probates and administrations, 42 *l.* 19 *s.*

The fees are regulated in all cases by the Rules and Orders of 1865. The total amount received annually is very fluctuating. At the last audit, held on the 25th March, 1866, for the six previous months the total amount of Registrar's fees for Killaloe and Kilfenora was 25 *l.* 14 *s.* 7 *d.* No fees have since been received.

No visitation fees have as yet been received from the clergy under The Rules and Orders, but they will probably be 25 *l.* The Diocesan Registrars receive no fees from the clergy when a financial visitation is held, as was the case last year.

29 June 1866. *Jas. Hastings Allen*, Registrar.

Dioceses of Clonfert and Kilmacduagh.

The emoluments of the Rev. John F. T. Crampton, who performs the duties of Registrar of the Dioceses of Clonfert and Kilmacduagh, from all sources, are as follows:—

The benefice of the union of Aughrim, about 300 *l.*

Compensation for loss of fees on probates and administration, 14 *l.* 19 *s.* 10 *d.*

The new scale of fees have not been sufficiently long in operation to enable one to judge of the probable annual profits. For the half year to 25 March 1866 they amounted to, as per auditor's account:—For Judge, 4 *l.*; Registrar, 9 *l.* 4 *s.* 4 *d.* Under the old scale they used to amount to from 30 *l.* to 40 *l.*, sometimes more or less, as benefices fell vacant. The visitation fees will in future amount to about 18 *l.* or 20 *l.* to be divided between Registrar and Vicar General. They used to amount to about 18 *l.*, payable to Registrar alone, until the recent Rules, &c. came in force.

John F. T. Crampton, Registrar.

3 July 1866.

REGISTRARS (IRELAND).

RETURN relative to the REGISTRARS attached to the different DIOCESES of the ESTABLISHED CHURCH in *Ireland*.

(*Mr. Pollard-Urquhart.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
15 *March* 1867.

132.

Under 2 *oz.*

REGISTRATION OF DEEDS (IRELAND).

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 15 February 1867;—*for*,

ACCOUNTS "of the SURPLUS FUND (after payment of all Expenses of the Office) lodged to the Credit of the CONSOLIDATED FUND by the REGISTRAR of the OFFICE for the REGISTRATION of DEEDS, *Ireland*, in each Year, from the 24th day of May 1830 to the present day (in continuation of Parliamentary Paper, No. 557, of Session 1864):"

"Of the Amount paid for the SALARIES of the Persons employed in the Office in each Year:"

"And, of any other SUMS expended on account of the Office; together with a Recital of Section 35 of the Act 2 & 3 Will. 3, c. 87."

(*General Dunne.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
4 *April* 1867.

ACCOUNT of the SURPLUS FUND (after Payment of all Expenses of the Office) lodged to the Credit of the CONSOLIDATED FUND by the REGISTRAR of the OFFICE employed in the Office in each Year; and of any other SUMS expended on Account of

	Surplus Fees Lodged in Bank of Ireland, to Credit of Consolidated Fund.	Salaries of Registrar, Assistant Registrars, and Clerks, Appointed by Treasury.	Payments to Additional Clerks.		ORDINARY.		EXTRAORDINARY.		Fuel, Candles, and Care of Apartments.	Miscellaneous.	Superannuation to John Butler.
			Ordinary.	Extraordinary.	Parchment.	Stationery, Bookbinding.	Parchment.	Stationery and Bookbinding.			
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
			From 19 May to 31 Dec. 1830:								
From 31 May 1830 to 27 Jan. 1831	1,858 9 1	1,324 – 3	773 8 1	– –	30 – –	7 16 –	– –	– –	– –	20 4 5	—
			Year ending 31 Dec. 1831:								
From 27 Jan. 1831 to 27 Jan. 1832	3,189 15 2	2,950 – –	2,049 6 6½	– –	300 1 8	286 8 6	– –	– –	79 6 4½	10 11 2	—
			Year ending 31 Dec. 1832:								
From 27 Jan. 1832 to 31 Dec. 1832	1,700 10 11	3,025 – –	2,424 14 5½	– –	120 – –	180 12 3	– –	– –	98 10 2½	22 16 6	—
1833	770 11 8	3,250 – –	2,981 8 6	– –	412 18 4	228 4 6	590 18 4	298 6 1	93 18 3	19 3 9	– –
1834	1,655 8 –	3,094 – 1	3,291 5 5	70 – –	486 – –	616 6 9	– –	– –	82 2 8	1 16 9	– –
1835	74 – 1	3,170 17 9½	3,903 5 1	– –	490 – –	265 9 1	680 – –	987 11 2	66 15 1	8 7 1½	– –
1836	86 10 6	3,250 – –	4,463 13 7	– –	1,692 – –	345 14 3	– –	– –	138 3 3	47 13 4	– –
1837	272 17 4	3,250 – –	4,323 4 6	– –	1,525 – –	682 12 8	– –	– –	122 18 6	16 11 2	– –
1838	462 18 11	3,250 – –	4,402 – 10½	– –	925 – –	712 2 6	– –	– –	153 14 2	20 11 3½	– –
1839	1,469 12 10	3,195 6 10	4,735 8 6	– –	670 – –	954 18 10	– –	– –	135 17 10	12 11 –	– –
Year ending 31 December – 1840	379 6 10	3,239 14 6	5,080 4 6	– –	980 – –	975 17 –	– –	– –	142 12 2½	78 10 6	– –
1841	1,583 11 11½	3,250 – –	5,468 10 8	– –	Since 1840 the	424 8 1	– –	– –	181 19 1	36 6 9	– –
1842	845 1 1	3,250 – –	5,971 13 9	– –	stationery, book-	709 16 9	– –	– –	162 1 8½	58 4 8½	– –
1843	110 15 4	3,250 – –	4,653 7 5	– –	binding, and	552 14 6	– –	– –	162 13 6	13 16 6	– –
1844	167 – 3	3,250 – –	4,201 16 8	– –	parchment have	1,093 18 4	– –	– –	153 7 11½	31 1 10½	– –
1845	1,262 6 10	3,250 – –	4,375 15 6	– –	been supplied by	434 10 9	– –	– –	166 8 2½	16 13 11½	24 15 9
1846	1,920 4 3	3,189 17 8	4,795 3 –	– –	Her Majesty's	137 19 11		– –	159 11 7	41 – 11	95 – –
1847	1,390 3 5	2,952 5 1	4,775 4 7	– –	Stationery Office,	236 4 11	– –	– –	166 – 4	22 19 1	95 – –
1848	597 11 9	2,950 – –	4,458 4 11	– –	and the accounts	298 4 5	– –	– –	163 7 8	7 13 11	95 – –
Quarter ending 31 March – 1849	221 4 4	737 10 –	1,108 17 6	– –	for same, furnished to this office, have been transmitted periodically to the Commissioners for Auditing the Public Accounts. The Registrar is therefore unable to distinguish the respective amounts applicable to parchment and to stationery, bookbinding, &c.	– –	– –	– –	43 5 3	7 18 8	23 15 –
1850	840 3 10	2,950 – –	4,054 12 9	– –		124 15 11	– –	– –	154 17 8	19 19 6	95 – –
1851	356 15 1	2,950 – –	4,214 4 11	– –		910 10 7	– –	– –	161 15 8	12 – –	95 – –
1852	2,399 2 1½	2,921 1 1	5,214 18 3	– –		132 10 5	– –	– –	161 13 –	24 18 2	95 – –
1853	3,181 13 10	2,950 – –	6,028 2 2	– –		256 2 –	– –	– –	186 12 4	28 9 9	39 16 10
1854	2,616 6 1	2,950 – –	6,525 12 11	– –		414 12 1	– –	– –	127 5 –	28 13 10	– –
1855	1,378 6 10	2,950 – –	6,730 19 5	– –		989 1 1	– –	– –	141 7 6	18 10 8	– –
1856	1,218 12 5	2,950 – –	6,596 6 3	– –		984 5 –	– –	– –	137 19 8	24 17 1	– –
1857	1,684 11 5	2,925 – –	7,000 13 3	– –		– –	– –	– –	127 9 7	21 4 4	– –
1858	1,943 14 2	6,428 12 10	3,857 16 2	– –		572 11 2	– –	– –	136 13 –	21 9 9	– –
1859	2,137 6 7	9,699 19 1	The additional clerks	– –		545 4 3	– –		120 19 11	21 3 1	– –
Year ending 31 March – 1860	2,132 4 11	10,061 16 4	were placed on the establishment with fixed salaries, from 1 October 1857, pursuant to Treasury Minute of 12 August 1857.	– –	– –	436 8 3	– –	Stationery Office, Dublin, for Acts of Parliament.	124 16 8	22 5 2	– –
1861	1,006 12 7	10,706 3 2		– –	– –	684 1 8	– –	– 2 6	94 12 –	45 18 10	– –
1862	181 19 2	10,710 7 10	– –	– –	– –	805 2 –	– –	– 2 6	108 17 5	19 19 1	– –
1863	365 18 7	10,592 16 –	– –	– –	– –	849 9 7	– –	– –	113 10 –	23 17 10	– –
1864	249 – 5	10,626 6 3	– –	– –	– –	475 – 10	– –	– –	115 12 8	19 5 6	– –
1865*	503 6 4	10,989 13 1	– –	– –	– –	201 18 4	– –	– 1 8	122 16 –	24 15 10	– –
1866	– –	10,421 19 11	– –	– –	– –	– –	– –	– –	– –	21 1 1	– –
From 1 April 1866 to 15 Feb. 1867	– –	9,582 16 4	– –	– –	– –	– –	– –	– –	– –	10 18 1	– –

* Under the provisions of the Act 2 & 3 Will. 4, c. 87, the salaries and necessary expenses of the Registrar of Deeds Office were paid out of the fees received in said office, and the surplus lodged to the credit of the Consolidated Fund; and the 27 & 28 to continue the return of surplus fees lodged in Bank of Ireland to credit of Consolidated Fund beyond 1865.

for the REGISTRATION of DEEDS, *Ireland*, in each Year, from the 24th day of May 1830, to the present Day; of the Amount paid for the SALARIES of the Persons the Office; together with a RECITAL of Section 35 of the Act 2 & 3 Will. 4, c. 87.

Travelling Expenses and Remuneration to Clerks having Custody of Memorials to Assizes, &c.	Refund as Excess made in Superannuation Abatements from Clerks.	Payments to Extra Clerks, for Transcribing Memorials out of Office Receipts.	Payments to Extra Clerks, out of Sums issued by Treasury for bringing up Arrears of Transcripts.	Travelling Expenses of Mr. Ray to London at request of Commissioners of Inland Revenue, to make Arrangements upon the Act converting the Registry Fees to Stamp Duties, coming into force.	Salary of Housekeeper.	Wages of Porter.	Fire-lighting and Charing.	Payments to Extra Clerks out of Sums issued by Treasury for Transcribing Current Memorials.	Payments to Extra Clerks out of Sums issued by Treasury for Engrossing Duplicate Consolidated Indexes, 1840–49, 1850–59.	Payments to Extra Clerks out of Sums issued by Treasury for Reconstructing old Names, Indexes prior to 1833.	
£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
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- -	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1833
- -	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1834
- -	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1835
- -	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1836
- -	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1837
- -	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1838
- -	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1839
- -	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1840
- -	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1841 — Year ending 31 December.
- -	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1842
- -	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1843
- -	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1844
- -	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1845
- -	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1846
- -	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1847
- -	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1848
- -	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1849—Quarter ending 31 March.
- -	1 3 6	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1850
17 - -	- 1 -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1851
23 16 -	3 2 9	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1852
12 15 -	1 - -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1853
15 6 -	2 11 5	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1854
21 5 -	5 4 6	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1855
22 2 -	1 4 5	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1856
21 5 -	3 8 11	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1857
8 10 -	49 13 -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1858
8 10 -	- -	759 5 4	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1859
6 4 -	- -	833 11 3	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1860 — Year ending 31 March.
7 19 3	- -	463 9 10	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1861
- -	- -	469 11 11	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1862
5 16 2	- -	1,076 17 8	737 2 9	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1863
19 2 1	- -	979 10 8	62 17 3	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1864
40 3 8	- -	580 6 5	299 6 6	8 15 5	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1865
- 13 6	- -	- -	113 19 -	- - -	72 - -	39 15 -	10 - -	851 17 10	674 17 1	78 17 8	1866
- 2 6	- -	- -	- -	- - -	54 - -	33 15 -	10 1 -	757 7 6	- -	388 11 -	From 1 April 1866 to 15 Feb. 1867.

Vict. c. 76, enacted, that all fees payable in Registrar of Deeds Office shall be received in stamps, and that all salaries, &c., shall be paid out of such monies as may be provided and appropriated by Parliament for the purpose. The Registrar is consequently unable

RECITAL of Section 35 of the Act 2 & 3 Will. 4, c. 87.

AND whereas it is of importance to the public that the business of the said Register Office should be carried on with all possible order, punctuality, and dispatch, and also that no greater fees should be charged in the said office than will amount annually to a sum of money sufficient to discharge the current expenses of the establishment, when efficiently appointed, and to leave a certain excess to be applied to the particular purposes hereinbefore authorised; and the better to insure that these purposes shall be effected, it is expedient that the said Register Office should be placed under the control next hereinafter provided; be it therefore enacted, that it shall be lawful for the said Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any three or more of them, from time to time, as to him or them shall appear needful or conducive to public convenience, to regulate the said Register Office, as well as to determine what number of persons shall be employed in discharging the duties to be performed therein as what the duty to be performed by each individual so employed shall be, and likewise to fix the respective amount of salary to be paid to each individual for his services in the said office, and further to dispense with the services of all or any one of the individuals now appointed or employed, or hereafter to be employed, in the said Register Office, or any part of such services, or to reduce the salary of any such individual; and in any of the said cases to make a reasonable compensation or annual allowance to such individual or individuals as the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners shall deem proper, and to direct the payment thereof out of the fees of the said office, or to authorise the Registrar, in cases approved of and limited by the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners, to make such advances; and, moreover, to order and direct all or any part of any surplus of the fees or monies received by the Registrar of the said office to be laid out or expended in rendering the said Register Office more useful and convenient to the public, and to reduce, alter, or vary any of the fees, regulations, orders, or directions established, or at any time hereafter to be established in the said Register Office, and to establish any other fees, regulations, orders, or directions: Provided always, that every regulation, order, or direction so made or given by the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners aforesaid under this Act, shall be forthwith laid before both Houses of Parliament, if Parliament shall then be sitting, and if Parliament shall not then be sitting, in that case within 14 days after the next meeting of Parliament; and that the same shall not be carried into effect, or become and be binding and conclusive, until after the end of the Session in which the same shall be so laid before both Houses of Parliament; and also provided that nothing herein contained shall be construed to authorise any reduction of the salary of the present Registrar, or to alter the tenure by which the said present Registrar holds his office.

2 April 1867. (signed) *Morgan O'Connell*, Registrar.

REGISTRATION OF DEEDS (IRELAND).

ACCOUNT of the Surplus Fund (after payment of all Expenses of the Office) lodged to the Credit of the Consolidated Fund by the Registrar of the Office for the Registration of Deeds, *Ireland*, in each Year, from 24 May 1830 to 15 February 1867; of the Amount paid for the Salaries of the Persons employed in the Office in each Year; and, of any other Sums expended on account of the Office; &c.

(*General Dunne.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
4 *April* 1867.

Under 1 *oz.*

SASINES (SCOTLAND).

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 18 July 1867;—*for*,

"COPIES of REPORT or LETTER by the Lord Advocate of *Scotland* to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, on the occasion of a Vacancy occurring in the Office of Lord Clerk Register in November 1845, in reference to the Regulations made by the Treasury respecting the Office of the GENERAL REGISTER of SASINES, &c., under the Act of the 57th Geo. 3, c. 64, s. 1:"

"Of Treasury Minute of December 1845, following on the above Report or Letter by the Lord Advocate:"

"Of APPLICATION by the present Principal Keeper of the Register of Sasines in 1859 to the Treasury, for Leave to extend to every case the principle of doubly or twice collating every Writ registered therein, and for additional Clerks to enable such collating to be carried more completely into effect:"

"Of any REPORTS relative to any of the before-mentioned Documents by the Crown Agents for *Scotland*, the Lord Advocate, or other Person employed to investigate the same, and report thereon:"

"Of any MINUTES of the COMMISSIONERS of Her Majesty's Treasury following on any of the foresaid Reports or Letters:"

"And, of MEMORIAL or LETTER, dated February 1867, by the Clerks in the Office of the Register of Sasines to the Lord Advocate of *Scotland* respecting the Writs Registration Bill, as affecting their Interests in connection with the said Office under the Bill."

Treasury Chambers, Whitehall, 26 July 1867. } GEORGE WARD HUNT.

(*Mr. M'Laren.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
29 *July* 1867.

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PAPERS RELATING TO THE OFFICE OF THE GENERAL REGISTER OF SASINES, &c. (SCOTLAND).

— No. 1. —

NOTES as to the Office of Keeper of the General Register of Sasines, held by the late Right Honourable *William Dundas*, and now to be regulated under the Statute 57 Geo. 3, c. 64, s. 11.

THE emoluments of the Keeper of the General Register of Sasines have hitherto been derived from fees. These fees are paid upon the registering of each sasine or other instrument. The fees depend on the length of the instrument registered, being at a fixed rate for each page of the book. The books are of a uniform size and quality regulated by the Lord Register. The number of words to be written on each page of the book, as well as the rate of payment, is fixed by Act of Sederunt of the Supreme Court, 11 July 1811. The same Act of Sederunt fixes the proportion of the fees that is to be paid to the writing clerk who actually transcribes the instrument into the book, viz. one-fifth.

Mr. Dundas was also Keeper of the Particular Register of Sasines for the district comprehending the shires of Edinburgh, Haddington, Linlithgow, and Bathgate. Similar fees are paid for the registering of instruments in the particular register; but there is also a salary of 185 *l.* per annum attached to the office of keeper of the particular register.

The books of the general register, and of the said particular register, were written in the same chambers in the Register House, and by the same clerks and staff. There is some advantage and convenience to the public in that arrangement, and accordingly it is understood that the two offices have generally, if not always, been held by the same person. But the Statute 57 Geo. 3, c. 64, does not provide that the office of keeper of the particular register of sasines for the shires of Edinburgh, &c., shall be regulated. This was, perhaps, an unintentional omission, and, if so, the present vacancy in both offices appears to be a fit occasion for correcting the omission.

The staff and force by which Mr. Dundas worked both offices, consisted of

A deputy keeper.
A substitute keeper.
A keeper of the minute books.
A cashier and 10 writing clerks.

As the clerks are paid entirely by the page of writing done by each of them, and at a regulated rate, their number is of no consequence in estimating the cost of the establishment. None of the officers or clerks hold permanent appointments. The clerks have no written appointments. The other officers held appointments from Mr. Dundas, but these appointments only continued during his life.

There is herewith sent a paper furnished by Mr. Archibald Wishart, who was the deputy under Mr. Dundas, and who, along with a Mr. Adam, is acting as interim keeper to carry on the business of the offices until a new keeper shall be appointed. That paper is entitled, "Answers to Lord Advocate's Queries regarding the Registers of Sasines, &c., at Edinburgh." From that paper it appears that Mr. Dundas allowed his deputy to retain one-sixth of the gross amount of the fees, and that out of the remaining five-sixths he paid the writing clerks their allowance, which is one-fifth of the gross amount, and that he paid certain salaries to the substitute keeper, the keeper of the minute books, and the cashier; and that he also paid the cost of the books and other charges. The balance, amounting to about one-half of the gross receipts, remained as the keeper's own emoluments.

See page 6.

In the year ending 30th September 1845, the gross amount of the fees received from both offices was 6,036 *l.* 7 *s.* 6 *d.*, which is somewhat above the

the average of the last five years, but not so great as the receipts have been in some former years, and are not unlikely to be again. The emoluments of the several officers, exclusive of the writing clerks, was, during the same year, as follows :—

	£.	s.	d.
Keeper - - - - - -	3,054	1	11
Deputy Keeper - - - -	1,006	1	3
Substitute Keeper - - -	320	–	–
Keeper of Minute Books - - -	150	–	–
Cashier - - - - - -	100	–	–
£.	4,630	3	2

As the keeper is now to do the duties in person, it is thought that one of the above number of officers may be dispensed with. It will, however, be kept in view that the responsibility of the keeper is very great, as will immediately be explained, and that much vigilance and care are required.

It is submitted that the staff in future should consist of the following persons to be paid by salaries, viz. :

A keeper.
An assistant keeper.
A first clerk.
A second clerk.

Besides the writing clerks, who have no salaries, but are paid by the page of writing, as already explained.

The duties to be performed by the four salaried officers will give them full occupation. The same duties have hitherto given full occupation to the same number of persons ; for, although the keeper did not perform any duty in person, there was both an acting deputy and a substitute, as well as a keeper of minute books, and a cashier.

It has already been noticed that the responsibilities of the keeper are great. As the recording of the instruments of sasine, &c., is necessary to give them effect, a mere clerical error in the recording may especially, in cases of competition, be serious, or even fatal, to the rights of the party, and if so, he would have a claim of damages against the keeper of the register for having failed to record the instrument properly. The case is not imaginary ; it has occurred more than once in my own recollection. If the Treasury are to receive the fees, it becomes a grave question whether they do not become responsible to the parties paying the fees for the proper performance of the work in consideration of which the fees are paid, and whether a party who has paid the fees for having his instrument of sasine correctly registered, and who sustains loss and damage in consequence of its not being correctly registered, would not have a claim against the Treasury. The keeper would, in that case, be merely one of the several salaried officers of the establishment; and it is doubtful whether he would be personally responsible to any party unless personal negligence or misconduct was brought home to himself individually. At present the whole establishment belongs to the keeper ; he draws the whole fees. The other officers and the clerks are merely his machinery, by which he for his own profit does the work, for the doing whereof the persons resorting to the establishment pay the accustomed fees or price. He is therefore responsible.

On the other hand, if the responsibility was to be transferred from the keeper to the Treasury, the risk of errors occurring would be increased in proportion as release from responsibility operates to induce a relaxation of vigilance. This is an important consideration, not only for the Treasury, but for the whole people of Scotland, whose land rights so materially depend on the accuracy with which the Registers of Sasines are kept.

It is submitted for consideration whether the keeper might not, by the tenor of his commission, be made responsible for the accuracy of the records ; so that recourse might be had against him and his sureties. But this would imply, 1st, that he should be liberally dealt with in point of salary ; 2nd, that he should be allowed an ample sufficient salaried staff, so that the work of collating may be done deliberately and carefully, and that his own personal time and attention

attention may, to some extent, be devoted to general supervision; 3rd, that he should have the appointment of his own staff, subject, perhaps, to the approval of the Treasury, and that the staff should be bound to do whatever duties respectively he may require of them, and should be removable by him.

The following scale of salaries is submitted:

	£.
Keeper	1,200
Assistant Keeper	500
First Clerk	300
Second Clerk	150
£.	2,150

which would be a gain to the public of about 2,480 *l.* per annum, being the difference between the above scale and the present cost.

The above is submitted on the assumption that the office of keeper of the particular register for the counties of Edinburgh, &c., is to be regulated, and that the same officers and clerks are to work the general register and the particular register as heretofore, and that the surplus of the total fees of both registers are to be paid over in the manner provided by the Statutes in regard to the general register.

If both registers are in future to be under the same keeper, it may be necessary to bring in a short Bill to regulate the office of keeper of the particular register, and in the meantime the keeper and other officers of the general register may be appointed, with a condition that they are to do the duties of the particular register without any additional salary, and to account for the fees.

If, on the other hand, it shall be resolved not to regulate the office of keeper of the particular register, but merely to fix a scale of salaries for the keeper and other officers of the general register as a separate establishment, which may or may not be in connection with the keepership of the particular register, the scale above suggested may be somewhat reduced. But it cannot be very materially reduced, because even in that view the whole time and attention of a sufficient number of responsible and efficient officers must be commanded. The expense of the staff to work the general register alone would therefore not be much less than the expense of the staff to work both registers. The difference would probably be about 300 *l.* per annum, *i. e.*, the staff for working both registers would cost as above, 2,150 *l.*, and that for working the general register alone would cost about 1,850 *l.* These sums are of course exclusive of the writing clerks and the prices of books, &c., which, as already explained, are exactly in proporton to the amount of work done.

Mr. Wishart states that the fees received for recording in the general register are, to those received for recording in the particular register, in the proportion of about three-fifths to two-fifths, or, in other words, that of the gross sum of 6,000 *l.* odd, received during the year ending 30th September last, about 3,600 *l.* was derived from the general register, and about 2,400 *l.* from the particular register, and that of the net profit of 3,000 *l.* odd, received by Mr. Dundas, about 1,700 *l.* was derived from the general register, and about 1,300 *l.* from the particular register, including the salary of 185 *l.* attached to that office; and that of the net sum of 1,000 *l.* odd, received by the deputy, about 600 *l.* was derived from the fees of the general register, and about 400 *l.* from the fees of the particular register. The salaries of the other officers may be divided in the same proportion, and then the contribution of each of the registers to the keeper and officers, may be stated nearly as follows:

	General Register.	Particular Register.
Keeper	£. 1,700	£. 1,317
Deputy	603	402
Substitute	192	128
Keeper of Minute Books	90	60
Cashier	60	40
	£. 2,645	£. 1,947

If the office of keeper of the general register is alone to be regulated, and if the cost of the future staff in that department will be about 1,800 *l.*, the gain to the public will be about 850 *l.* If both offices are regulated and worked by one staff at a cost of about 2,150 *l.*, the gain to the public will be about 2,480 *l.* per annum.

There are other reasons of detail which it is unnecessary to particularise, that induce me to recommend that the office of keeper of the particular register for the counties of Edinburgh, &c., should be regulated, and the duties be performed in conjunction with those of keeper of the general register.

In conclusion, it is submitted, whether the surplus fees accruing to the public from this arrangement might not with propriety be applied in the same manner as the surplus fees accruing from the regulation of the office of Lord Register have, by the Statute 3 Geo. 4, c. 62, been directed to be applied, viz., to the liquidation of the expense incurred in completing the building and fitting up the Register House in which all these important records are kept. The provision made by 3 Geo. 4, c. 62, is inadequate to the liquidation of the whole expense, and will be very tedious in its operation, partly in consequence of various recent Acts of Parliament which have materially reduced the revenues calculated upon at the dates of the Act 3 Geo. 4, c. 62. Until the purposes of that Act are fulfilled from some source, the public will not receive the full benefit of the regulation of the office of Lord Register. It is in every view desirable that the expense of erecting and fitting up the building should be paid off as soon as possible, and it seems reasonable that the surplus fees collected in and through the instrumentality of that building should be applied in the first instance to that purpose. Certainly these fees were originally imposed for the purpose of defraying the expense of the establishment, and without any view to their being made a source of general revenue by way of a national tax upon the registering of titles to real property. If a Bill must be brought in to extend the application of the Statute 57 Geo. 3, c. 64, by regulating the office of keeper of the particular register of sasines for the county of Edinburgh, &c., the same Bill might also extend the application of the Statute 3 Geo. 4, c. 62, as to the appropriation of surplus fees until the debt referred to, the amount of which should be defined, shall have been paid off.

4 December 1845. *D. M'N.*

ANSWERS to Lord Advocate's Queries regarding the Registers of Sasines, &c., at *Edinburgh*.

PERSONS EMPLOYED.

Deputy.

Duties.—General superintendence of office; collating the record with instruments; signing and certifying all when recorded; examining certificates of registration; examining and comparing the entries in the minute books with the deeds recorded for ascertaining that parties' names, places, dates, &c., are accurately entered, and that minute book coincides with principal deed, and gives a correct account thereof; examining, as he proceeds, the cashier's accounts of fees received, and office expenditure; making out annual accounts of the office; returns, &c., when called for; corresponding and communicating with agents and parties calling at the office.

Archibald Wishart, interim keeper, was appointed substitute keeper on the 21st April 1814, and deputy keeper on 9th January 1828, by commissions from the Right Honourable William Dundas, late principal keeper. In 1836, on the death of Sir Robert Dundas, Mr. Wishart's emoluments were raised to one-sixth of the gross amount of fees.

Substitute.

Duties.—Collating and other duties first mentioned, in conjunction with the deputy keeper, whose whole duties he also undertakes in case of occasional absence.

George Adam, assistant interim keeper, entered the office in 1808, and in addition to writing the record, has kept the minute books since 1811, and was appointed substitute keeper on 5th December 1843, by commission from the late principal keeper.

Keeper of Minute Book.

Duties.—Receiving and entering in the minute books the various instruments as they are presented at the office.

John Hume, the present keeper, entered the office in 1819, and afterwards received a commission as substitute from the late principal keeper, which is recorded 1st July 1829.

Note.—Mr. Hume was in bad health during a great part of the years 1843 and 1844, on which account the late principal keeper appointed Mr. Adam substitute, and, *ad interim*, recommended a division of the substitute's emoluments. Mr. Hume has since lost his hearing entirely, and being unable to do the duties of substitute, he has been employed for some months in keeping the minute books.

Cashier.

Duties.—Taking charge of the instruments recorded; receiving the fees as taken out, and keeping the relative accounts; paying the clerks periodically, as directed by the deputy keeper, and entering the payments for the record books and office expenditure.

Ten Clerks.

Employed in engrossing instruments in the record and other office duties.

State of Payments to the Clerks in the Office for Engrossing Instruments, recorded from 30th September 1844 to 30th September 1845.

NAMES.		Amount for Writings.	Date of Entry.
		£. s. d.	
James Lindsay, Cashier - - - - -		151 16 –	November 1822.
Alexander Russell - - - - - -		214 8 6	February 1812.
John Bouchard - - - - - - -		151 4 –	September 1824.
John D. Douglas - - - - - -		98 13 6	June 1830.
John Dean - - - - - - -		170 – –	May 1833.
George Bouchard - - - - - -		137 4 6	June 1839.
Robert Russel - - - - - - -		96 3 –	May 1841.
John Brodie - - - - - - -		147 16 –	August 1842.
	£. s. d.		
David Rodger - - - - -	40 12 6		
„ „ (M. Book) - - -	13 9 –		
		54 1 6	November 1842.
William Lindsay - - - - - -		6 10 6	September 1845.
	£.	1,227 17 6	

Note.—The allowance to the clerks for writing the record is fixed by Act of Sederunt of the Court of Session, 10th July 1811. The clerks hold no appointment. Those presently employed have been appointed by the Deputy Keeper, with occasional recommendation by the late principal Keeper. William Lindsay has been only a few months in the office; all the others have been constantly employed from the dates of their admission.

ABSTRACT of RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURE.

	£.	s.	d.
Amount of Fees of Sasines, &c., recorded from 30th September 1844 to 30th September 1845, per Office Book.	6,036	7	6
Deduct for Deputy Keeper - - - - - - - - - - - -	1,006	1	3
	5,030	6	3
Salary as Keeper of the Particular Register for Edinburgh, &c. - - - -	185	–	–
	5,215	6	3

EXPENDITURE.	£.	s.	d.	
Salary to Substitute Keeper - - - - - - - -	320	–	–	
„ Keeper of Minute Book - - - - - - -	150	–	–	
„ Cashier - - - - - - - - -	100	–	–	
Payments to Clerks - - - - - - - - -	1,227	17	6	
„ for Record Books - - - - - - - -	293	12	3	
Contribution to Register Office Fund for Coals, &c.; Deductions for Sasines twice recorded; Postages, Stationery, and other incidents for Office, as in 1844 - - - - - -	69	14	7	
				2,161 4 4
			£.	3,054 1 11

Nothing is said about arrears, which amount to 200 *l.* or 300 *l.* at the end of each year, but are nearly all recovered during the subsequent year.

The Property Tax paid to Government has also been omitted.

VIDIMUS of the GROSS RETURN for Six Years preceding the period before mentioned.

	£.	s.	d.
Amount of Fees of Sasines, &c., recorded during the year 1838 - -	5,512	7	6
„ „ „ „ 1839 - -	5,626	–	–
„ „ „ „ 1840 - -	5,554	7	6
„ „ „ „ 1841 - -	5,560	10	–
„ „ „ „ 1842 - -	5,631	15	–
„ „ „ „ 1843 - -	6,089	5	–

The writing in the General Register of Sasines for the period above mentioned is greater than in the particular, in the proportion of nearly three to two.

The above furnished to me by Mr. Wishart, Interim Keeper of the Register, 1st December 1845.

D. M'N.

— No. 2. —

COPY of TREASURY MINUTE, dated 9 December 1845.

MY Lords have been informed of the death of the Right Honourable William Dundas, who held the following offices in Scotland, viz.: Lord Clerk Register, Principal Keeper of the Signet, Principal Register of Sasines, Keeper of the Particular Register of Sasines in the district comprising the shires of Edinburgh, Haddington, Linlithgow, and Bathgate.

My Lords advert to the Act of the 57 Geo. 3, c. 64, which regulates the offices of the Lord Register and Keeper of the Signet in Scotland, and directs that from and after the termination of the then existing interests in the said offices, the duties of the Keeper of the Signet shall be discharged by the Lord Register, and that the holder of the two offices shall not receive a higher salary than 1,200 *l.* per annum.

It appears, on reference to the patent of Mr. Dundas as Keeper of the Signet, that there exists another interest in that office, and that in 1814 the fees of the said office were charged with a compensation of 1,000 *l.* per annum to Lord Melville for his life, in consideration of the surrender by him to the Crown of the

right

right of appointing sheriff clerks, which had, down to that time, been a valuable and lucrative right of patronage vested in the holder of the said office.

My Lords, therefore, consider that as the 57 Geo. 3 reserved the then existing interests in the said office, the obligation to pay the annuity of 1,000 *l.*, during the life of Lord Melville, out of the fees of the office of the Keeper of the Signet, continued in force as heretofore.

Their Lordships, in conformity with the provisions of that Act, direct that the salary of the officer appointed to fulfil the double duties of Lord Register and Keeper of the Signet shall be fixed at 1,200 *l.* a year, to be paid out of the fees of the said offices, and that the balance of such fees, after paying the annuity of 1,000 *l.* to Lord Melville during his life, and the salary of the new officer, as well as the salaries of the persons necessarily employed in the offices, and all other contingent expenses, shall be accounted for, and carried to the credit of the Consolidated Fund quarterly, in accordance with the provision of the Statute before mentioned.

Under the 11th section of the Act 57 Geo. 3, my Lords are empowered to regulate the office of the Keeper of the General Register of Sasines in Scotland, which was also held by Mr. Dundas, but there is no legal provision enabling my Lords to regulate the other office held by Mr. Dundas, and from which considerable emoluments were derived by the keeper of the particular register of sasines in the district above mentioned.

From an examination which my Lords have made of the duties of these two officers, it appears to my Lords that it is for the public convenience that they should both be held by one individual, and that such an arrangement, by superseding the necessity of a double superintendence, would be as economical as it is convenient.

My Lords, therefore, proceed to frame the establishment of the office on the principle of its being called upon to discharge this double duty. It appears from the Return submitted to my Lords that the establishment to which the business of the two offices has been hitherto transacted consisted of —

	£.	*s.*	*d.*
A Keeper, whose emoluments were - - - -	3,054	1	11
A Deputy, appointed by the Keeper - - - -	1,006	1	3
A Substitute, ditto - - - - - - -	320	–	–
A Keeper of Minute-book - - - - - -	150	–	–
A Cashier - - - - - - - - -	100	–	–
Making a Total of Emoluments - - - - £.	4,630	3	2

My Lords propose that in future the establishment should be as follows:

	£.
A Keeper, with a fixed Salary of - - - - -	1,000
An Assistant - - - - - - - - -	500
First Clerk - - - - - - - - -	300
Second ditto - - - - - - - - -	150
£.	1,950

With respect to the establishment of writing clerks, my Lords deem it unnecessary to make any regulation. They will continue to be paid as heretofore according to the amount of business done by them at rates fixed by an existing order of the Court of Session.

The keeper will pay the above salaries, and the necessary expenses of the office, out of the fees received by him in his double capacity, and will pay the surplus fees quarterly to the credit of the Consolidated Fund.

As the keeper is personally and pecuniarily responsible for the consequences of any error in the transcription of the documents recorded in his office, it appears to my Lords essential that the appointment and removal of the officers by whom the accuracy of transcription is examined, should be vested in the keeper, each new appointment, however, being subject to the approval of my Lords.

Let a Bill be prepared for presentation to Parliament annexing the office of Keeper of the Particular Register, &c., to that of Keeper of the General

Register of Sasines, and making the same provision with respect to the transfer of the surplus fees of that office to the Consolidated Fund, which the 57 Geo. 3, c. 64, has made to the fees of the General Register of Sasines.

— No. 3. —

LETTER from the Principal Keeper of the General Register of Sasines, &c., to the Secretary to the Treasury.

General Register House, Edinburgh,
16 October 1858.

Sir,

I FEEL it to be my duty to bring under the notice of my Lords Commissioners of the Treasury the present state of the offices of the General Register of Sasines, and of the Particular Register of Sasines, for the counties of Edinburgh, Haddington, and Linlithgow, under my charge, and the urgent necessity which appears to me to exist for an increase in the staff of the department.

I do not ground this application upon any prospective increase of the business of the office which may be expected to arise from the operation of the Act of last Session relating to titles to land in Scotland, because, though the effect of that Statute may not improbably be to increase very considerably the business of the office, that can only be ascertained by actual experience, and the Act has as yet been in operation for a time so very limited as obviously to afford no data on which to base an opinion.

I make the application upon the ground of the inadequacy of the existing staff to perform, with due efficiency and proper safeguards to the public, the present business of the office, which all conversant with the subject will admit must be increased rather than diminished under the recent Statute.

The business of the department is directed to the registration in the Public Records of a great variety of writs of the most important description connected with the titles to land, upon the perfectly accurate registration of which the validity of those titles depend. Many of these writs are of great length and intricacy, and almost all are conceived in the technical language of Scotch conveyancing.

It has hitherto been the practice of the office to compare doubly all writs affecting property of the value of 10,000 *l.* or upwards, but to make only one comparison of writs affecting property not supposed to be of that value. The latter are, of course, very much the most numerous of the writs presented for registration, there being, comparitively, few of the former; and thus the result is that the great majority of writs are only once compared.

It is impossible, I think, to doubt that, where so much depends upon perfect accuracy of registration, there ought to be double comparison; and the circumstance that all writs affecting the more valuable properties have been in use to be so compared, is sufficient evidence that a single comparison has not been deemed to be trustworthy.

The drawing a distinction between writs according to the value of the property which they affect is, I submit, in entire opposition to proper principle. Every person presenting a writ for registration is entitled to expect, whatever be the value of the property it affects, that all proper precautions shall be taken to secure its due registration. The fees paid are not graduated according to the value of the property; and a writ affecting subjects of comparatively insignificant value may be really more important to its owner than another on which depends a considerable estate.

I therefore submit to my Lords that the system of double comparison, hitherto confined to writs of 10,000 *l.* and upwards, should be extended to all writs, without regard to the value of the property they affect; and that, to effect this object, I should be authorised to make the necessary increase of the staff of the office.

For this purpose it will be necessary to have an addition of at least two, perhaps three, experienced clerks. Those already employed have their time very fully occupied, and the business, even as hitherto conducted, is too frequently performed under severe pressure, though the writs are destined for registration fully longer than I should wish. So much is this the case that I have found

it ..

it impossible, with my present staff, to introduce into the system an improvement which I early desired, namely, independent comparison, and am constrained to continue the practice by which the clerk who engrosses also compares the writ—a practice which I deem to be very objectionable, since a person who has misread a word when engrossing it, is more likely than another to misread it also in comparison. I shall be prepared, however, to attempt the accomplishment of all the objects in view with the addition of two really competent clerks, and I am in hopes that that addition may be found to be adequate. Any less, I am quite satisfied, would not be so.

I have to request you will be so good as to communicate to me the sentiments of my Lords on the subject as soon as their convenience will permit.

I have, &c.
(signed) *John C. Brodie*,
Principal Keeper of the General Register of Sasines, &c., in Scotland.

The Secretary of the Treasury,
&c. &c. &c.

— No. 4. —

LETTER from the Lord Advocate to the Secretary to the Treasury.

1, New-street, Spring Gardens,
Sir, 15 July 1859.

IN reply to a letter addressed by the Secretary to the Treasury to my predecessor in office, dated 16th October 1858, transmitting an application, by the Principal Keeper of the Register of Sasines, &c., for an increase to his official staff, I have now the honour to transmit, for the information of my Lords, a Report by the Crown Agent (of date 14 July 1859) on that application; and I have only further to express my general concurrence in the views stated in that Report.

I have, &c.
To the Secretary to the Treasury. (signed) *J. Moncrieff*.

Enclosure in No. 4.

My Lord, Crown Office, Edinburgh, 14 July 1859.

IN compliance with your Lordship's instructions, I have carefully inquired into the duties performed by the officers of the General Register of Sasines for Scotland, and of the Particular Register of Sasines for the counties of Edinburgh, Haddington, and Linlithgow, in order to enable me to report on the application transmitted by Mr. Brodie, principal keeper of these registers, to the Secretary of the Treasury on 16th October 1858, for an increase to the staff of his department.

The accuracy of the register which contains a record of the titles to a large portion of the landed property in Scotland is of the highest importance. The mode at present adopted to guard against error is by subjecting those writs which relate to lands of the value of 10,000 *l.* and upwards to a double comparison, while all other writs are compared once only. The practice of a double comparison appears to have been adopted in consideration of the greater importance of the first class of writs; but it is difficult to see any principle on which the same precaution against error should be withheld from all writs without exception. The fees of recording are the same as to all classes of writs, and the public are entitled to the adoption of every practicable means of guarding against error, and securing, as far as possible, absolute accuracy in the record.

In order to enable the keeper of the registers to establish a system of double comparison of all writs, without exception, an addition to the number of clerks is indispensable. At present the Minute book has fallen into arrear by reason of a large increase in the number of writs presented for registration at the term of Whit-Sunday last. The time of the clerks is fully occupied, and some of them required to attend the office at extra hours to enable them to overtake their duties. They will be considerably increased by a double com-

parison of writs, and the appointment of two clerks, at least, will be necessary for the proposed change.

There are reasons which, irrespective of the proposed change in the system of collation, make it desirable that the staff should be increased. The preparation of the Minute book and the collation of writs are duties which cannot be accurately performed, unless done with great deliberation, and by those who are freed from interruption.

The two junior clerks have duties devolved upon them, such as those of recovering and giving out writs, collecting fees, keeping accounts, &c., which are apt to distract their attention from their proper vocation, and to disturb them while occupied in a work which admits less of interruption than almost any other which can be engaged in. An increase to the staff would also enable the keeper to remedy this state of matters, and so to arrange as that those who prepare the minute book, and compare the deeds with the register, shall be kept free from interruption when so employed.

There was a large increase in the revenue of the office last year, and there is every probability of its being still further increased at the end of the year now current.

I have, &c.
(signed) *John Melville*,
Crown Agent.

The Right Hon.
The Lord Advocate, M P.,
&c. &c. &c.

— No. 5. —

COPY of TREASURY MINUTE, dated 22 July 1859.

WRITE to the Keeper of the Principal Register of Sasines in Scotland that my Lords will not object to the employment of two additional clerks to enable him to ensure the accuracy of comparison which is represented to be of so much importance in the transactions of his office; but, as other arrangements with respect to his establishment are in contemplation, it would be, desirable that these appointments should not be of a permanent character at present, but that salaries not exceeding two guineas per week to each of them should be paid from the incidental account of the office.

— No. 6. —

REPORT by the Deputy Clerk Register and the Queen's and Lord Treasurer's Remembrancer in Exchequer.

WITH reference to Mr. Hamilton's letter of the 12th August 1858, addressed to the Lord Advocate of Scotland relative to "some of the departments in the General Register House, Edinburgh," we beg leave to state that the Lord Advocate (now Lord Jerviswoode), and we, in the month of October 1858, held a meeting for the purpose of examining various officers in Her Majesty's General Register House in relation to that inquiry, when we deemed it expedient to delay our Report until we should have the benefit of a year's experience of the working of the Title to Lands Act, 21 & 22 Vict. c. 76. That period has now elapsed, and as the present Lord Advocate has found it impossible, owing to his various other duties, to give the necessary attendance at the inquiry, we beg to submit our Report of the result of our investigations.

CHANCERY OFFICE.

IN regard to the office of the Director of Chancery, we are of opinion that the staff as it now exists is not more than sufficient for the ordinary duties. This is the statement of Mr. Lindsay, the director; it is in all respects confirmed by Mr. Halley, now acting as first clerk, and by Mr. M'Neillie, first assistant clerk, and from the explanations we have received of the nature and extent of the duties to be performed we have no doubt of its accuracy.

The effect of the Statute 21 & 22 Vict. c. 76, will, to a certain extent, diminish the number of Crown charters, but, on the other hand, the preparation of the writ which is recorded in their place, and from which the nature and

and extent of the vassals' right is now to be gathered, is a duty requiring both judgment and professional skill, and will entail an additional amount of responsibility and trouble, chiefly on the director and the first clerk. On this point Mr. Lindsay's statement is as follows, and we are satisfied he is correct:—

"The new Conveyancing Act has partially, perhaps, to the full extent of one-half, substituted Crown writs for Crown charters, and these Crown writs, instead of being engrossed in Chancery, are endorsed in the office of the Presenter of Signatures; so far there is saved in Chancery, the writing, to a certain extent of Crown charters, but, on the other hand, a new record has to be kept in Chancery of these Crown writs, which has been found a duty of difficulty, it being required by the Statute that an abstract should be given of the import not only of the Crown writ, but also of the documents on which it is endorsed, a task generally requiring a draft for revisal, and requiring in the end, in many cases, more writing, and certainly much more care than simply engrossing and recording the Crown charters, which, by the previous Conveyancing Act of 1847, had become in general very short."

Under these circumstances we are of opinion that Mr. Halley, who, under the temporary arrangement now existing, has for some time past discharged the duties of first clerk, should now receive a permanent appointment to that office.

Sasine Office.

It may be assumed that while the business of this office continues in its present state the establishment is sufficient for the work to be performed. This was admitted by Mr. Brodie, the principal keeper, and, with some qualification, by Mr. Fraser, the assistant keeper, also. Mr. Brodie has, however, applied for the appointment of two additional permanent clerks on the ground that it is not only expedient, but under all the circumstances of the case necessary, that he should have it in his power to apply the system of double collation to all writs passing through his hands, and your Lordships, by Mr. Hamilton's letter of 25th July 1859 (14,483 $\frac{22}{7}$) to Mr. Brodie, sanctioned the temporary appointment of two additional clerks for that purpose. If the system of double collation be necessary, then we are of opinion that the old establishment is not sufficient, and that the increase in the number of clerks which Mr. Brodie has applied for ought to be permanently conceded.

According to the practice in the Sasine office up to a comparatively recent period, a single collation of each writ appears to have been considered by the keeper as sufficient for his security. Some years ago, however, the late Mr. Pringle, then principal keeper, alarmed at certain decisions of the Court of Session in cases involving the extent of the responsibility of the keeper of a public register and the effect of discrepancies between the original writ and the record, began to act upon the rule of having a double collation in cases where the value of the property, or the amount contained in the security was above 10,000 *l.*, and this regulation we find is now in observance, thereby recognising in certain cases the necessity, or at least expediency, of a system of double collation. We have no hesitation in saying that, in our opinion, the regulation in question is faulty in principle. We can see no ground for drawing an arbitrary line between properties or securities above 10,000 *l.*, and those under that sum. If double collation is desirable, as affording an additional security against error, it ought to be applied to all cases, and not limited in the manner to which we have referred. It is right to state that this is admitted by the keeper and assistant keeper of the register themselves, and the sole reason for adopting the limitation was the impossibility of applying the principle universally with their establishment. This brings us to the consideration of the question, Is double collation necessary, or expedient? Mr. Brodie maintains that it is essential, and we are of opinion, without saying that it is absolutely essential, that the regulation introduced by Mr. Pringle, and which we found in exercise, ought to be established as the general rule of the office, and made applicable to all writs whatever, on the ground that it does certainly apply a check upon carelessness, and affords an additional security for the accuracy of comparisons.

Your Lordships, when considering this question, will bear in mind, that the risk arising from resting satisfied with a single collation may, in the event of

an error in copying, affect not only the keeper of the register and the party who commits the blunder, but the Lords of the Treasury, who appoint the keeper, and appropriate the surplus fees. Supposing this to be correct, and your Lordships were found liable for the loss incurred by a party in consequence of an error, how could you make good your claim of relief against the keeper, if he is prevented from availing himself of those securities which he declares to be essential?

In most other cases, where the keeper of a record draws the whole fees, he generally discharges the duty of collation personally; if he does not, he is aware of the risk he runs, and incurs it with his eyes open; but, in the general register of sasines, collation by the keeper personally is, from the number of writs, physically impossible, and Mr. Brodie states truly, that in regard to all which he cannot personally overtake, he would be under the necessity of making a single collation sufficient, and forced to rest satisfied with the appending of the usual certificate, without the power of exercising any check whatever upon the way in which the duty had been performed.

Upon the whole, therefore, looking to the interest of the public, of the Treasury, and of the keeper, and keeping in view the very serious results which, as the law now stands, may follow from what appears to be a very venial error, we are of opinion that Mr. Brodie is not unreasonable in asking such an addition to the permanent staff of his office, as will enable him to make the rule of having a double collation universal.

Register of Deeds, &c.

By Mr. Hamilton's letter, we were further directed to report as to the extent to which the interests of the keepers of this register have been, or may be affected by the Act 21 & 22 Vict. c. 76. We have, however, found it impossible to come to any certain conclusion on this subject. There seems to be no doubt that the operation of the Act in question, as well as of other recent Statutes is, in some measure, to supersede the necessity of recording in the register of deeds and probative writs, and thereby to lessen the emoluments of the present keepers, but we are not prepared to state the extent to which their interests have been affected. The subject is of considerable importance, and it may be worth consideration, whether the time has not arrived for regulating the office in question by Act of Parliament, and placing the keepers upon salaries, making them accountable for the fees, in the same way as has been done with other offices connected with the public records. At all events it appears to us that without such a statutory enactment, my Lords have no power to deal with the office of register of deeds, seeing that there is no compensation clause in the Act 21 & 22 Vict. c. 76.

W. P. Dundas, Deputy Clerk Register.
John Henderson, Q. & L. T. R.

H. M. General Register Office,
Edinburgh,
28 November 1859.

— No. 7. —

Copy of Treasury Minute, dated 17 April 1860.

Write to the keeper of the registers of sasines, that upon a careful consideration of the correspondence respecting the establishment of his office, and the importance of taking every step which may secure accuracy in the record of titles affecting a large portion of the land in Scotland, their Lordships propose to make permanent the arrangement which has been provisionally sanctioned by the letter from this Board of 25th July 1859, for the employment of two additional clerks.

— No. 8. —

MEMORIAL OR LETTER by the Clerks in the Office of the Register of Sasines to the Lord Advocate.

My Lord, Edinburgh, 4 February 1867.

WE have had under careful consideration the Writs Registration Bill of 1866 (as amended by the Select Committee), in so far as it affects the constitution of the office of Keeper of the General Register of Sasines, and particularly sections 25 and 28 of the Bill. We understand that a similar Bill is to be introduced by the present Government next Session of Parliament. Our interests as officers in the establishment referred to, and as members of the Civil Service, are, it humbly appears to us, so seriously involved in the changes proposed to be effected in the constitution of the office, that we have resolved, notwithstanding the strong disinclination we all feel to the taking of voluntary action in the matter, to express our views at once, and directly to your Lordship, believing that you will give them a fair and candid consideration, and that to the extent you cynceive them to be reasonable, and their adoption would be expedient and conducive to the interests of the public service, your Lordship will endeavour to have effect given to them in the Bill to be introduced.

We think it right to state that this step has been taken by us not without thought as to the propriety of first laying a statement of our views before the head of our department; but after anxiously weighing all the circumstances, we came to the conclusion that it would be unsuitable to do so. If in this we have acted discourteously, all we can say is, that error of judgment, not want of official respect, was the cause.

At the outset, we deem it a fact of importance to be borne in mind, that the office of clerk register is now quite distinct and separate from that of Keeper of the General Register of Sasines. To the clerk register does not now pertain the appointment of any of the officers in the latter office, and he has now no voice in, or control over its internal management. By the Act 1617, c. 16, which established all the Registers of Sasines, except the Burgh Registers, was committed to the clerk register the sole and entire management and control of the whole registers, both general and particular, and the appointment of all the keepers for whom by the Act he was made answerable. But by the Act 1672, c. 16, s. 32, this control was transferred to the Lords of Council and Session. To use the words of Walter Ross (Lectures, vol. II., p. 211, 2nd edition), "From this Act of 1672, it is plain that the Statute of 1617 was very lamely executed by the record keepers, who it seems in place of re-delivering the principals in 48 hours, had them lying in their hands for the space of 40 years. The disorders consequent upon the usurpation were, no doubt some excuse for part of this inattention, but the neglect was scandalous, and therefore *the care of the business was by this Act, in place of the clerk register, committed to the Court of Session.*

By this Act of 1672 and by other Scots Acts, and particularly by 1693, c. 14, the keepers alone are made responsible and liable for their neglects and errors, and for the damage thereby occasioned.

The appointment of all the keepers is now vested in the Crown.

The truth is that the power, or rather the duty of the Lord Clerk Register, as regards the Registers of Sasines, now consists in issuing blank record volumes to the various registrars, receiving these back when filled up, thereafter examining their integrity, and preserving them in the register house in Edinburgh. He has no doubt the right or power of calling the attention of the Court of Session to any irregularities or neglects on the part of the keepers; a power, however, which has seldom or never been exercised. It follows from what has been said, and the fact is, that the fees collected in the office of the General Register of Sasines form no part of the fees of the Lord Clerk Register's Department, and that the surplus of the former, amounting to upwards of 5,000 *l.* no more can be called his surplus than the profits of the Glasgow Register for the Regality can be called his profits. The fees of the General Register are accounted for, not to the Lord Clerk Register, but directly to the Exchequer. The statement in the Select Committees Report, that the "Lord Clerk Register is the head of an office of which the

revenue largely exceeds the expenditure," is therefore, as it appears to us, inaccurate.

This much we have thought it necessary to say with reference to the office of clerk register, because the evidence in the Select Committee's Report seems to convey an erroneous notion of the present relation which that office bears to the office of the General Register of Sasines.

Up to the year 1845, the General Register of Sasines combined with the particular register for the three Lothians, differed in no respect with reference to the appointment, rights, powers, and liabilities of the keeper from the local Registers of Sasines. The keeper, as before said, was appointed by the Crown; he had right to the whole fees received in the office; he regulated and worked the office according to his own will and pleasure, and he was held to be responsible both by common law and by Statute, for the consequences of any errors committed in his office. He might either personally discharge the duties of keeper, or appoint a deputy or deputies to perform them, or to assist him in performing them. The deputies and engrossing clerks were the servants of the keeper, paid according to terms mutually arranged, and removable at his pleasure.

The constitution of the offices of the keepers of the local registers still remains the same; but by the Statute 57 Geo. 3, c. 64, it was enacted that a very important change should take place eventually in that of the office of keeper of the general register.

When that Act passed, and for many years before, the office of keeper of the general register was really held as a sinecure with large emoluments. To this office, among others, applied the observations of Thomas Thomson, deputy clerk register in his First Annual Report: "While the principal officers, whose duty of direction and superintendence may in general be regarded as a sinecure, derive regular emolument, which is in general more than sufficient to afford the means of executing their respective records in the most perfect manner, the operative hands are hired at the ordinary, often the lowest rate of the market, without sufficient regard to their qualifications."

Ten years after Thomas Thomson wrote these words, the Act of 57 Geo. 3, c. 63, was passed, Section 11 whereof is of the following tenor: "Upon the termination respectively of the present existing interests in the under-mentioned offices, videlicit: the office of auditor of the Exchequer in Scotland; the office of Lord Treasurer's Remembrancer in Scotland; the office of Presenter of Signatures in Exchequer in Scotland; the office of Keeper of the General Register of Sasines in Scotland; the office of Clerk to the Admission of Notaries in Scotland; the office of Director of Chancery in Scotland; and the office of Clerk of the Court of Admiralty in Scotland; and so soon as the said offices or any or either of them respectively shall become vacant, the duties thereof shall be discharged by the officer appointed to hold the same in person; and from time to time as any of the respective offices shall become vacant, it shall be lawful for the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury, or any three or more of them for the time being, and they are hereby authorised and required to regulate the duties and establishments of the said offices respectively, as they respectively become vacant, so as that the several duties to be discharged therein respectively shall be performed in person, and thereupon, and thereafter, such and such number of fit and proper persons shall be appointed, or shall be authorised and directed to be appointed, as may be sufficient and necessary to perform and execute the duties to be done and performed and executed in the said offices respectively, as the said Commissioners shall deem fit, with such salaries and allowances as shall be ordered and appointed by the said Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury in that behalf, regard being had in every such case to the nature and extent of the duties to be performed, and to the responsibility which may attach or belong to the several or respective offices or persons executing the duties of the said offices respectively, and all such regulations, appointments, salaries and allowances when so made and established, shall become and be in full force and effect in relation to the said offices respectively, anything contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or any law or laws, or usage, custom or practice to the contrary notwithstanding."

That section forms the basis of the present constitution of the office of Keeper of

of the General Register of Sasines; and it may be well, therefore, to scan with some precision its purport.

The great object in view, was evidently to prevent the possibility of any sinecure existing in the office. It enacts that on the termination of certain interests, the duties of the officer shall be discharged by the person appointed to hold the same *in person*, and for carrying out this enactment; and in order that no way of evading it might be left, the Lords of the Treasury are authorised and required to regulate the duties and establishments, *so as* that the duties to be discharged therein shall be performed *in person*. The duties being thus regulated to attain the end in view, the Act proceeds, "thereupon and thereafter such and such number of fit and proper persons shall be appointed or shall be authorised and directed to be appointed as may be necessary to perform the duties of the office." There can be little doubt that the Act contemplated a definition of each officer's duty. Although it is not said by whom the several fit and proper persons should be appointed, it seems to be pretty obvious that they were all to be appointed in the same way and by the same authority. Had the Act provided only for a regulation of the duties so as to be performed in person, there might have been scope for abuse, inasmuch as the duties might have been so regulated as to favour some of the officers at the expense of others. The Act, therefore, goes on, that the persons appointed shall have such salaries as the Treasury shall fix, regard being had to the nature and extent of the duties to be performed, and to the responsibility which might attach to the persons executing these duties; and in order that the lieges might be certiorated of the Treasury's actings under the Statute, it is enacted by Section XIV. that the Treasury shall lay before Parliament a comparative statement of former and new establishment of any office regulated.

This Act seems to have been carefully prepared and, as we think, admirably adapted for effecting the objects contemplated by it.

Nearly 30 years elapsed between the passing of the Act and the event which called into exercise the powers and duties of the Treasury in regulating the duties of the office. The Right Honourable William Dundas, who held the office of Clerk Register and also the office of Keeper of the General Register of Sasines, died in 1845, and in December of that year the Lords of the Treasury, in pursuance of the before quoted Section of the Act, regulated the latter office by Minute in the following or similar terms:—

"My Lords have been informed of the death of the Right Honourable William Dundas, who held the following offices in Scotland, viz.: Lord Clerk Register and Principal Keeper of General Register of Sasines; and of the Particular Register of Sasines for the Sheriffdom of Edinburgh, and constabularies of Haddington, Linlithgow and Bathgate.

"Under 11th Section of Act 57 Geo. 3, c. 64, my Lords are empowered to regulate the office of the Keeper of the General Register of Sasines in Scotland, which was also held by Mr. Dundas. But there is no legal provision enabling my Lords to regulate the other office held by Mr. Dundas, and from which considerable emoluments were derived by the Keeper of the Particular Register of Sasines in the districts above mentioned.

"From an examination which my Lords have made of the duties of the two offices, it appears to my Lords that it is for the public convenience that they should both be held by one individual, and that such an arrangement, by superseding the necessity of a double superintendence, would be as economical as it is convenient.

"My Lords, therefore, proceed to frame the establishment of the office on the principle of its being called on to discharge this double duty. It appears by the returns submitted to my Lords, that the establishment by which the business of the two offices have been hitherto transacted consisted of

	£.	s.	d.
A Keeper, whose emoluments were - - - -	3,054	1	11
A Deputy Keeper, appointed by Keeper - - -	1,006	1	3
A Substitute - ditto - ditto - - - -	320	–	–
A Keeper of Minute Books - - - - - -	150	–	–
A Cashier - - - - - - - - - -	100	–	–
£.	4,630	3	2

"My Lords proposed that in future the establishment should be as follows:—

	£.	s.	d.
A Keeper with a fixed Salary of - - - - - -	1,000	–	–
An Assistant - - - - - - - - - -	500	–	–
First Clerk - - - - - - - - - -	300	–	–
Second Clerk - - - - - - - - - -	150	–	–

"With respect to the establishment of writing clerks, my Lords deem it unnecessary to make any regulation. They will continue to be paid as heretofore, according to the amount of business done by them at rates fixed by an existing order of the Court of Session.

"The keeper will pay the above salaries and the necessary expenses of the office out of the fees received by him in his double capacity, and will pay the surplus fees quarterly to the credit of the Consolidated Fund.

"As the keeper is personally and pecuniarily responsible for the consequences of any error in the transcription of the documents recorded in his office, it appears to my Lords essential that the appointment and removal of the officers by whom the accuracy of transcription is examined, should be vested in the keeper; each new appointment, however, being subject to the approval of my Lords.

"Let a Bill be prepared for presentation to Parliament, annexing the office of the Particular Register to that of the General Register of Sasines, and making the same provision with respect to the transfer of the surplus fees of that office to the Consolidated Fund, which the 57 Geo. 3, c. 64, has made as to the fees of the General Register of Sasines.

"Transmit copy of this Minute to the Secretary of State for the Home Department, and request that he will provide that the person appointed to the office of General Register of Sasines should distinctly understand on acceptance of the office, that the office of Keeper of the Particular Register of Sasines, in the district comprehending the shires of Edinburgh, Haddington, Linlithgow, and Bathgate, will be annexed to it; and that the duties of both will be discharged by him without any further emolument or official assistance than that provided for in this Minute; and that a Bill giving effect to this arrangement, so far as relates to the office of said Particular Register, from the date of the death of Mr. Dundas, will be submitted to Parliament."

We are not informed whether this Minute (which has only lately come to the knowledge of some of us), or a "comparative statement" of the former, and newly-regulated establishment was in obedience to Section 14 of 57 Geo. 3, c. 64, laid before Parliament. Nor are we aware whether there is any other Minute by the Treasury bearing on the regulation of the Establishment. It were reasonable to suppose that as the salaries of the several officers differ in amount, the Treasury had had regard to a scale of duties differing in nature and extent.

But, assuming it as the fact that no other or further regulation of the office was made by the Treasury, we are humbly of opinion that the provisions of the Statute were not fully carried out. The Treasury were authorised and required to regulate the duties of the office. The Minute, as we read it, does not show that the Treasury did so. The Treasury may have supposed that by reducing the annual salaries of the new as compared with the old establishment, by about 2,600 *l.* (which went into the Consolidated Fund out of the fees of the office) they regulated the office sufficiently. The Act of Parliament provides that the duties of the several persons appointed to discharge them shall be performed in person. We think that this necessarily presupposes a definition of each officer's duty. To the keeper, however, by the Minute in question, has apparently been left the regulation, not only of his own duties, but those of his subordinates also; an arrangement which may be a good or a bad one, according to circumstances, but which in our humble opinion is incongruous with, and antagonistic to, both the spirit and letter of the Statute.

The Minute contains this sentence: "As the keeper is personally and pecuniarily responsible for the consequences of any error in the transcription of the documents recorded in his office, it appears to my Lords essential that the appointment and removal of the officers by whom the accuracy of transcription is examined should be vested in the keeper, each new appointment, however, being subject to the approval of my Lords."

This "

This is to us an all-important matter, and we trust your Lordship will bear with us while we offer a few observations upon it.

Is the keeper so responsible? Now, of course, the Treasury do not make the law; they assume the law to be as they state it, and evidently they entertained no doubt that they stated the law correctly. With all due deference, we submit that the point is not free from doubt. It must be remembered that the office was by the Act of Geo. 3, above quoted, placed, after 1845, on a footing entirely different from what it was on before. It therefore does not necessarily follow that because the keeper before 1845 was personally and pecuniarily responsible, the keeper after 1845 is likewise so responsible. The pecuniary principle of responsibility is *culpa tenet suos auctores*. Were the keeper himself to examine and attest the accuracy of the records, there could be no doubt that he would be personally liable for the loss occasioned by the inaccuracy. But where another officer makes the examination and attestation, would the case be the same? We presume the inquiry would then arise, on whom rests the duty of making this examination? As regards the particular registers there is no doubt that this duty rests on the several keepers. They may employ a deputy to discharge their duty, but in that case the maxim applies *qui facit per alium facit per se*. But on the keeper of the general register since 1845, there is no such duty imposed, and from that time he has, in fact, very seldom examined and attested the accuracy of the transcription of documents recorded. If it were his duty, he would be bound to perform it in person. But the very sentence of the Treasury Minute, which takes for granted that the keeper is personally responsible, declares (and the Treasury, as we have seen, had the power to regulate the duties) by clear implication that this examination is the duty, not of the keeper, but of others. In an office so extensive as the General Register, it would be impossible for one person to execute all the duties; and accordingly the Act of Geo. 3 authorises the appointment of such number of persons as may be necessary to discharge the duties of the office of keeper, and speaks of the responsibility of the persons executing (not of persons not executing) such duties. It is right to state that the officers who collate and attest the records in the General Registers of Sasines hold a commission to do so from the keeper.

As a public officer, it may be doubtful whether, irrespective of the Act of Geo. 3, and the Treasury Minute, the keeper is not relieved from personal responsibility if he select properly qualified persons for doing the work which it is beyond his own power to accomplish. As bearing on this question of responsibility, we beg leave to refer to Justice Story's Law of Agency, Sixth Edition, Sec. 319, *et seq.*, where it is laid down: "It is plain that the Government itself is not responsible for the misfeasances or wrongs, or negligences, or omissions of duty of the subordinate officers or agents employed in the public service, for it does not undertake to guarantee to any persons the fidelity of any of the officers or agents whom it employs. . . . Our next inquiry, therefore, is, whether the heads of its departments, or other superior functionaries, are in a different predicament; and here the doctrine is now firmly established (subject to the qualifications hereinafter stated) that public officers and agents are not responsible for the misfeasances or positive wrongs, or for the nonfeasances or negligences or omissions of duty of the sub-agents or servants or other persons properly employed by and under them in the discharge of their official duties . . . it would be against public policy to make the heads of the department personally responsible for the acts of all his subordinate officers, since it would be impracticable for him to supervise all their acts. . . Similar considerations apply to deputy postmasters and other subordinate officers acting under the head of a department, who are compelled, in the course of their official duties, to employ sub-agents and clerks and servants in the public service. They are not responsible either to the Government itself or to third persons for the misfeasances or negligences or omissions of duty of the sub-agents, clerks, or servants so employed under them, unless, indeed, they are guilty of ordinary negligence, at least in not selecting persons of suitable skill, or in not exercising a reasonable superintendence and vigilance over their acts and doings. . . . But although neither the Government nor the superior officers are responsible to third parties for misfeasances or negligences or omissions of duty of the subordinates in office, properly or necessarily employed under them, it by no means follows that such subordinates are themselves

exempted from all personal responsibility therefor to third parties. On the contrary, the very consideration that the public superiors are not responsible for the acts and omissions of their subordinates in their official conduct, distinguishes the case from that of mere private agencies, and lets in the doctrine that, under such circumstances, they shall be held personally responsible therefor to third persons who are injured thereby. . . . The rule which we have been considering, that where persons are acting as public agents, they are responsible only for their own misfeasances and negligence, and (as we have seen) not for the misfeasances and negligences of those who are employed under them, if they have employed persons of suitable skill and ability, and have not cooperated in or authorised the wrong, is not confined to public officers or agents of the Government properly so called, in a strict legal sense; but it equally applies to other public officers or agents engaged in the public service, or acting for public objects, whether their appointments emanate from particular public bodies or are derived from general laws, and whether those objects are of a local or of a general nature. For if the doctrine of respondent superior were applied to such agents, it would operate as a serious discouragement to persons who perform public functions, many of which are rendered gratuitously, and all of which are highly important to the public interest. In this respect their case is distinguishable from that of persons acting for their own benefit, or employing others for their own benefit. But the party who suffers the injury under such circumstances is not without redress, for he may maintain a suit against the immediate wrongdoer." Part of these dicta is quoted with approbation, and "adopted implicitly," by Lord Ivory, as Lord Ordinary, in Munro *v.* Taylor, 25 February 1845. "But whether the keeper be responsible or not for the laches of those who examine the accuracy of the transcription of documents in the record, is it not the law that the persons guilty of such laches are responsible either primarily or in relief for the consequences thereof?" This we regard as of importance in many respects, and entitled to the most careful consideration in present circumstances. Since the office was regulated in 1845, no loss has been sustained by reason of errors in the records; at least, no one has been called upon to make good any such loss.

In the registration of deeds in the Sasine records, loss may be sustained by inaccuracies in the minutes, as well as in the transcription of the documents in the record volumes.

We have entered thus fully into the question of responsibility because we think that upon it hinges several matters touching the constitution of the office, and because in its present undefined state, it might give rise to legal questions of doubt and difficulty in which we may be involved. As an example of the present unsatisfactory position of this question, it may be stated that three of us (along with a fellow officer), having acted as Joint Interim Keepers of the General Register of Sasines, &c., from 2nd September 1857 to 2nd March 1858, presented on 6th May 1858 a Petition to the Lords of the Treasury, praying their Lordships to award to us remuneration for performing the duties and sustaining the responsibility of Keeper of the Register, to which their Lordships were pleased to answer, on 21st June 1858, that they could not accede to our application. We were dissatisfied with the Treasury's decision; and we therefore laid before the then Lord Advocate a full statement of our case, who, on 3rd August 1858, honoured us with a reply, in which he stated that he could not with propriety bring the matter again formally under the Treasury's consideration.

His Lordship was further pleased to say, "I think, however, that I am warranted in saying that should pecuniary loss hereafter accrue to any of you in consequence of your having been joined with Mr. Fraser in the interim appointment, such a circumstance would justify an appeal to the Treasury for relief, and if due diligence should appear to have been exercised on your part, such appeal would, I doubt not, be favourably regarded." There the matter rests. Until this question of responsibility is put on a much more distinct and clear footing than it is at present, it will, we believe, be impossible to adjust and regulate the duties and responsibilities and salaries of the various officials with anything like fairness, or to secure to the public a guarantee that the loss occasioned by acts of omission or commission of the officers will be made good. The past history of the office and the numerous checks that have been lately instituted, give assurance that questions of responsibility for loss are not likely to be numerous. But as we have seen that so much has hitherto been made to

depend "

depend upon the unlimited responsibility which rests, or is imagined to rest, on the keeper for such loss, it appears to be very necessary that some scheme should be devised whereby not only the whole office shall become interested in the prevention of errors, neglects, or misfeasances on the part of all the officials, but any of the lieges who have sustained loss in consequence of such errors, should be insured that such loss will indubitably be repaired. When so large a surplus has been for upwards of 20 years paid over to the Consolidated Fund from the office, and when in all likelihood a surplus will still continue to be paid over, little difficulty, it is thought, could be entertained as to making that surplus available as the fund from which such loss, in the first instance, should be made good; and in order to give an incentive to carefulness and accuracy on the part of the officials, it might be stipulated that all the officers who were instrumental in occasioning the error from which the loss arose, should repay the loss to the fund by a deduction from their respective salaries of a rateable annual sum not exceeding 10 per cent. of their salaries as should be determined by the Treasury.

Another matter which we deem of great importance relates to *superannuation, or retiring allowances*, a subject with which the Writs Registration Bill, we are sorry to say, does not deal at all.

The Act under which superannuation allowances are granted to persons in the Civil Service, is 22 Vict. c. 26. Two of our number, viz., fourth and fifth clerks, having been appointed subsequent to the passing of the Act, not by Her Majesty, nor with certificate of the Civil Service Commissioners, are not entitled to any superannuation allowances under that Act. Neither are the engrossing clerks, however long they may have served in the office, entitled to any superannuation allowance. We are strongly of opinion that it would not only be an act of justice to these officers, but also be of material benefit to the public service to extend to them the benefits of the Superannuation Act. The English Landed Estates Act contains a section on this subject to which we respectfully solicit your Lordship's attention; 25 & 26 Vict. c. 53, s. 113.

May we be pardoned a few words on the question of *official designations*. We have for long felt that as regards this office, the matter required readjustment. At present, and for many years, our daily duties consist, and have consisted, in examining and attesting the accuracy of the records, preparing the minutes of writs presented for registration, examining and attesting the certificates of registration indorsed on the recorded writs; in short, in performing the functions (subscribing said certificates and minute books excepted) which pertain to the Keeper of a Register of Sasines. We consider that, looking at the official designations of our superior officers, on the one hand, and of the engrossing clerks on the other, the word "clerks" as applied to us is not distinctive of our duties, and is therefore inappropriate and misleading.

We come now to the consideration of the Writs Registration Bill.

Section 25.

At the outset wes tated what appears to us to be the relation of the Lord Clerk's Register to the office of the General Register of Sasines. We see no necessity for calling in his aid in regulating an office which is not in his department. The keeper, as the head of the department, is the person necessarily best acquainted with the requirements of the office, and we humbly think that the proper arrangement, in order to prevent unnecessary circumlocution, and to concentrate responsibility, is to place in the hands of the keeper, subject to the Treasury's approval, the regulation of the office. We are not aware if the words "regulate the office" have any definite or technical meaning. But, at any rate, we think it might be well to amplify them as in 57 Geo. 3, c. 64. As the clause stands, the power of appointing and dismissing the subordinate officers would be vested in the keeper exactly as at present under the Treasury Minute of 1845. In a national registry office, we can see no good reason for departing from the general rule which obtains in the civil service; and we may be permitted to add that, notwithstanding we have every confidence in the justice and integrity of the present keeper, we apprehend it is not improper to ask in the interest of those who, in order to be qualified for their situations, must have received a legal education and training, who are required to devote their time exclusively to their official duties, who have comparatively small

salaries, and have not the chances of the same promotion as in most other departments of the Civil Service, that they should be placed on the same footing, as regards appointment and removal, as officers in similar positions in the office of the Land Registry in England and in the Landed Estates Court, Ireland.

SECTION 28.

This section was added by the Select Committee. It is important to note that the Committee had neither the Act of Geo. 3, before referred to, nor the relative Minute of the Treasury of 1845, before them, documents of essential importance in judging of this responsibility question. If, as the Treasury assume to have been the case, the Keeper of the General Register continued responsible after as before 1845 for the accuracy of the Records, the clause in question would appear to be unnecessary.

But taking the view that the responsibilities and liabilities of the keepers of the particular registers are incurred in consequence of neglect of duty on their part, it might be argued that "such and the like responsibilities" could only attach to the Keeper of the General Register of the Sasines in the case where neglect of *duty on his part* gave rise to the loss.

We consider it would be unfair to the keeper of the National Registry of Land Rights of Scotland, and against public policy, to subject him to the responsibility of making good the loss occasioned by the acts of his subordinates. But we humbly submit that if the view of the keeper's responsibility, which seems to have presented itself to the Select Committee as reasonable and right, is to be adhered to, it would be much better that the clause in question should be more clearly expressed; and seeing that the salaries of the subordinate officers have been undeniably fixed on the understanding that they are not in any way, or to any extent, pecuniarily responsible, it would only be fair if these salaries are in future to be fixed on the same understanding that a declaration should be inserted that said officers shall not be pecuniarily responsible primarily or in relief for the loss occasioned by errors committed by them in the performance of their several duties.

In order to bring as clearly as we can before your Lordship the practical result of some of the views we entertain, and have endeavoured to express, we take the liberty of submitting a few clauses framed chiefly on the model of sec. 11 of 57 Geo. 3, c. 64, and sections 110 & 113 of the Transfer of Land (England) Act, 25 & 26 Vict. c. 53.

I. It shall be competent to the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, on the application of the Keeper of the General Register of Sasines, from time to time to regulate and define the duties of the several officers employed in the office of the General Register of Sasines under this Act, and to sanction such increased establishment of deputies, assistants, and writing clerks as may be necessary for the purposes of this Act, and to fix the salaries and remuneration to be allowed to the officers of said Department, regard being had in fixing such salaries and remuneration to the nature and extent of the duties to be performed, and to the responsibility which may attach to their performance; and all Minutes made in pursuance of this section shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament forthwith, if Parliament is sitting, or if not, within 14 days after the next sitting of Parliament.

II. The officers at present in the office of the General Register of Sasines, whose appointments have been sanctioned by the Lords of the Treasury, shall be held to have been apppointed by the Secretary of State for the Home Department, and the increased establishment of deputies and assistants shall be appointed by the said Secretary of State; and all such officers so held to have been appointed, and to be appointed, shall be designated "Assistant Keepers of the General Register of Sasines," and they shall have power in virtue of their office and this Act, without necessity of other warrant or commission, to subscribe the Minute books aforesaid, to collate the writs engrossed in said General Register of Sasines, attest such collation, subscribe the certificates of registration endorsed on said writs, and to collate and sign extracts of the writs presented for registration, and generally to do and perform all such duties and services as appertain to the office of Keeper of the General Register of Sasines; and said power may and shall be exercised by said assistant keepers

keepers, notwithstanding the office of Keeper of said General Register of Sasines may be vacant, and all such assistant Keepers may be removed by said Secretary of State for negligence, want of skill, untrustworthiness, or inability to perform their duties.

III. The writing clerks at present in the office of the Keeper of the General Register of Sasines shall be held to have been appointed by said Secretary of State, and the increased establishment of writing clerks shall be appointed by said Secretary of State, and all said writing clerks shall hold their offices during his pleasure, and the appointments of such writing clerks to be appointed shall be exempt from stamp duty.

IV. Upon any vacancy occurring hereafter in the office of any assistant keeper or writing clerk, the said Secretary of State may appoint another in his place; and all such assistant keepers and clerks shall, in the execution of their duties, conform to such written regulations as may be issued by the Keeper of said General Register of Sasines, and during a vacancy in the office of such keeper, the senior assistant keeper for the time shall, in virtue of his office and this Act, be entitled to exercise all the rights and powers, and discharge the duties by law conferred on and required of the keeper of said register.

V. The said Secretary of State may, with consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, and without prejudice to existing rights on the part of any of the present officers, order to be paid to any officer employed in the office of the General Register of Sasines, other than the keeper, who is disabled by permanent infirmity from the performance of the duties of his office, or who has attained the age of 60 years and has served in said office for 20 years, and is desirous of resigning such superannuation allowance as is authorised with respect to persons in the permanent Civil Service of the State by the Superannuation Act, 1859.

We have, &c.
(signed) *James Lindsay.*
John Dean.
D. Yule.
John Bouchard.
James Kerr.
First, Second, Third, Fourth, and Fifth Commissioned Clerks in the Sasine Office, General Register House, Edinburgh.

To the Right Honourable the
Lord Advocate.

PAPERS

RELATING TO THE

OFFICE OF THE

GENERAL REGISTER OF SASINES, &c. (SCOTLAND).

(*Mr. M'Laren.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
29 *July* 1867.

486.

Under 3 *oz.*

SASINES (SCOTLAND).

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 28 June 1867;—*for*,

"RETURN respecting the probable Amount which will be Claimed as Compensation by the Nineteen Keepers of Registers of Sasines in *Scotland*, proposed to be Suppressed on their receiving Compensation under the Thirtieth Clause of the Writs Registration (Scotland) Bill; the Return to show, in a Tabular Form, the proper Designation of each such Local Register, and the Name of the Town in which it is now kept; the Name of the Keeper; the Date of his Appointment; his present Age; the Average Amount of the Emoluments Received by the Keeper of each Register for each of the last Three Years as returned by him, after defraying the Expenses of his Establishment; and distinguishing those Cases in which the Keepers hold their Appointments for Life from those Cases in which they were Nominated without Life Appointments, and on the Condition or Understanding that their Offices might be Suppressed in the manner now proposed in the Bill, without any Compensation being payable to them."

(*Mr. M'Laren.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
6 *August* 1867.

RETURN respecting the probable Amount which will be Claimed as COMPENSATION by the NINETEEN KEEPERS of REGISTERS of SASINES in *Scotland*, proposed to be Suppressed on their receiving COMPENSATION under the Thirtieth Clause of the WRITS REGISTRATION (SCOTLAND) BILL; &c.

DESIGNATION OF REGISTER.	Town in which Register kept.	NAME OF KEEPER.	Date of Appointment.	Present Age of Keeper.	Average Amount of Emoluments Received for each of the last Three Years after defraying Expenses.	NATURE OF APPOINTMENT.
					£. s. d.	
Particular Register of Sasines, Reversions, &c. for the Counties of Aberdeen and Kincardine.	Aberdeen	Newell Burnett	29 May 1826	64	964 13 2	For life.
Particular Register of Sasines for the Shires of Dumbarton, Argyll, Bute, Arran, and Tarbert.	Dumbarton	John Crawford Kerr	5 July 1864	38	450 – –	Commission bears, Giving and granting unto him, during his natural life, all fees, profits, and casualties of the said office as fully and freely in all respects as any of his predecessors. Provision afterwards as to removal or abolition of Register, similar to that in recent Commissions.
Particular Register of Sasines, &c. for the Shire of Ayr, Bailliary of Kyle, Carrick, and Cunningham.	Ayr	David Shaw	15 June 1821	79	813 – –	For life, and unconditionally.
Particular Register of Sasines, Reversions, &c. for the Shire of Banff.	Banff	John Allan	19 April 1861	30	75 16 10	During his natural life; provided that the said office shall be subject to any regulations as to the fees or duties thereof that may be made by the Legislature, or by us through one of our Principal Secretaries of State, without any claim to compensation.
Particular Register of Sasines and Reversions for the Baillerie of Lauder and Sheriffdom of Berwick.	Lauder	Robert Romanes	5 May 1852	40	154 16 11	Appointed, during all the days of his life, Deputy Keeper to the Clerk of Her Majesty's Register and Rolls, as Keeper of said Particular Register of Sasines, &c.
Particular Register of Sasines, Reversions, &c. for the County of Caithness.	Wick	William Miller	1 April 1862	58	97 10 10	During the term of his natural life; providing that the said office shall be subject to any regulations as to the fees or duties thereof that may be made by the Legislature, or by Her Majesty through one of Her Principal Secretaries of State, without any claim for Compensation by the person holding the said office.

Particular Register of Sasines for the Shire of Dumfries and Stewartries of Kirkcudbright and Annandale.	Dumfries - -	Alexander Simpson - -	15 April - 1858	54	453 15 3	For life; subject to the qualification as to compensation inserted in Commissions at and subsequent to date of appointment.
Particular Register of Sasines for the Shires of Elgin, Forres, and Nairn.	Elgin - - -	George Leslie - - -	13 August - 1860	51	148 12 6	For life; subject to this provision, that the office shall be held upon the express understanding, that in the event of the said Register being removed to Edinburgh, or the said office being abolished, or the emoluments being diminished by any new arrangement of the duties and fees belonging to it, by the authority of the Legislature, no claim for compensation is to be made or expected by the person holding the said office.
Particular Register of Sasines for the Shire of Fife.	Cupar, Fife - -	George Hair Pagan - -	15 April - 1858	39	512 – 6	During all the days of his life; providing that in the event of the office being abolished, or the emoluments being diminished by any new arrangement of the duties and fees belonging to it by the authority of the Legislature, no claim for compensation is to be made or expected by him.
Particular Register of Sasines, Reversions, &c. for the Shire of Forfar.	Dundee - - -	David Small - - -	8 June - 1860	57	1,094 12 6	For life. Commission bears, In the event of the office being abolished, or the emoluments being diminished by any new arrangement of the duties and fees belonging to it by the authority of the Legislature, no claim for compensation to be made or expected by the person holding the office.
Particular Register of Sasines, &c. for the Shires of Inverness, Ross, Cromarty, and Sutherland.	Inverness - -	Æneas Mackintosh - -	– January 1836	62	220 – –	For life.
Particular Register of Sasines, &c. for the Shire of Kinross.	Kinross - - -	John Wright Williamson -	28 January 1839	70	77 12 8	For life.
Particular Register of Sasines for the Shire of Lanark, *ex* Burgh and Barony of Glasgow.	Hamilton - -	Richard Vary - - -	21 July - 1852	64	570 – –	For life.
Particular Register of Sasines for the Stewartry of Orkney and Zetland.	Two books, one at Kirkwall, in Orkney, another at Lerwick, in Zetland.	Principal Keeper, William Henry Fotheringham, residing at Kirkwall; conducts Orkney Record personally; Zetland Record by Depute.	20 June - 1821	70	76 17 7	For life.

RETURN respecting the probable Amount which will be Claimed as Compensation by the Nineteen Keepers of Registers of Sasines proposed to be Suppressed, &c.—*continued.*

DESIGNATION OF REGISTER.	Town in which Register kept.	NAME OF KEEPER.	Date of Appointment.	Present Age of Keeper.	Average Amount of Emoluments Received for each of the last Three Years after defraying Expenses.	NATURE OF APPOINTMENT.
					£. s. d.	
Particular Register of Sasines, &c. for the Shire of Perth and Stewartry of Strathearn *ex* Monteith.	Perth - - -	John Kemp - - -	- Jan. - 1854	52	545 12 8	For life.
Particular Register of Sasines, Reversions, &c. for Roxburgh, Selkirk, and Peebles Shires.	Melrose - - -	John Murray - - -	11 Nov. - 1857	38	378 13 4	For life; provided always, that the said John Murray shall not be entitled to claim any compensation for any reduction which may hereafter be made in the casualties, fees, and profits of the said office.
Particular Register of Sasines and Reversions for the Sheriffdom of Renfrew, and Regalities of Glasgow and Paisley.	Glasgow - - -	Thomas Graham - - and Thomas Hill - -	10 August - 1836	74 54	3,250 - -	For life. The interest of the pre-deceaser does not accrue to the survivor.
Particular Register of Sasines, Reversions, &c. for the Shires of Stirling and Clackmannan, and Stewartry of Monteith.	Stirling- - -	Robert Curror - - -	7 June - 1841 Was appointed jointly along with the late Alexander Boyd, and, 11 June - 1859 On Mr. Boyd's death, was appointed sole keeper.	64	417 8 2	For life, under both appointments.
Particular Register of Sasines, &c. for the Shire of Wigtown.	Wigtown - -	James M'Lean - - -	July - 1851	53	75 - -	For life.

Note.—A Tabular Return of the average gross fees of registration received at the different Particular Registers of Sasines for three years prior to 1861, will be found at pp. 60 and 61 of Report of the Commissioners appointed to enquire as to the state of the registers of land rights in the counties and burghs of Scotland, presented in 1863 to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty, with a separate statement of the average expenses of the Registrars for same period. The expenses of the Registrars appear from that Return to have been in some cases arbitrarily estimated; and as the present Return does not show the gross amount of fees received, it is not shown how the deductions made for expenses have been calculated.

Edinburgh, 2 August 1867.

T. G. Murray, Crown Agent for Scotland.

SASINES (SCOTLAND).

RETURN respecting the probable Amount which will be Claimed as COMPENSATION by the NINETEEN KEEPERS of REGISTERS of SASINES in *Scotland*, proposed to be Suppressed on their receiving COMPENSATION under the Thirtieth Clause of the WRITS REGISTRATION (SCOTLAND) Bill; &c.

(*Mr. M'Laren.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
6 *August* 1867.

498.

Under 1 *oz.*

COURT OF SESSION, &c. (SCOTLAND).

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 9 May 1867;—*for*,

"RETURN of all CLERKS of COURT in the COURT of SESSION or other COURTS in *Scotland*, who either in their own Names or in Partnership with Others carry on Business as WRITERS to the SIGNET, SOLICITORS, or AGENTS."

(*Mr. Sinclair Aytoun.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
29 *July* 1867.

RETURN of all CLERKS of COURT in the COURT of SESSION or other COURTS in *Scotland*, who either in their own Names or in Partnership with Others carry on Business as WRITERS to the SIGNET, SOLICITORS, or AGENTS.

I.—COURT OF SESSION, &c.

COURT.	NAME OF CLERK.	OFFICE.	Business carried on either in their own Names or in Partnership with Others, as Writers to the Signet, Solicitors, or Agents.	REMARKS.
Court of Session - -	Archibald M'Neil - - -	One of the Principal Clerks of Session; 1st Division of the Court.	Writer to the Signet in Edinburgh; carrying on Agency business with a partner. *See* Remarks.	Mr. M'Neil in his Return states, "Previous to my appointment as a Clerk of Court, I carried on business as a practitioner in causes before the Court, but on my appointment to the office of a Clerk of Court, I ceased to carry on business as a practitioner before the Court, and from that date have not had any interest, directly or indirectly, in profits or emoluments derived from litigation, or the conduct of causes; I have, however, as all my predecessors for time immemorial have done, retained my other business, such as conveyancing and the management of estates, and in doing so I have had the assistance of a partner in that department of business, so that my attendance on the duties of my office has not been in any respect interfered with."
Ditto - - - -	H. Maxwell Inglis - - -	One of the Principal Clerks of Session; 2nd Division of the Court.	Writer to the Signet in Edinburgh; carrying on business as such.	
Ditto - - - -	Alexander Mann - - -	Clerk of the Bills - - -	In partnership with Mr. Alexander Duncan, Solicitor, Leith.	
Sheriff Court of Chancery	Adam Morrison - - - -	Sheriff Clerk of Chancery - -	Solicitor in the Supreme Courts of Scotland; but he does not, either in his own name, or in partnership with any other person or persons, practice before the Sheriff Court of Chancery.	

II.—SHERIFF COURTS, &c.

COUNTY.	COURT.	NAME OF CLERK.	OFFICE.	Business carried on either in their own Name or in Partnership with Others, as Writers to the Signet, Solicitors, or Agents.	REMARKS.
Aberdeen - -	Sheriff Court - - -	John Legertwood - -	Sheriff Clerk - - -	Advocate in Aberdeen; carries on the business of a Conveyancer in Aberdeen in partnership with Robert Legertwood, Advocate, Aberdeen, under the firm of J. & R. Legertwood, Advocates, in Aberdeen.	

Ditto	Commissary Court	Alex. Henderson Chalmers	Commissary Clerk	Writer to the Signet in Edinburgh, in partnership with John Auld, Writer to the Signet, under the firm of Auld & Chalmers, Writers to the Signet, Edinburgh.	
Ditto	Justice of Peace Court	James Augustus Sinclair	Clerk of the Peace	Chartered Accountant and Bank Agent in Aberdeen.	
Argyll	Nil.				
Ayr	Sheriff Court	Evan A. Hunter	Sheriff Clerk	Writer to the Signet, Edinburgh, in partnership with others, under the firm of Hunter, Blair, and Cowan, Writers to the Signet, Edinburgh.	Mr. Hunter does not carry on business in Ayrshire.
Ditto	Commissary Court	Robert Goudie, junr.	Commissary Clerk	Solicitor, Ayr.	
Ditto	Justice of Peace Court	Charles George Shaw	Clerk of the Peace	Solicitor, Ayr.	
Banff	Commissary Court	John Forbes	Commissary Clerk	Solicitor and Procurator before Sheriff and other Courts in County and Burgh	Exclusive of the Courts of which they are Clerks.
Ditto	Justice of Peace Court	John Allan	Clerk of the Peace	Solicitor and Procurator before Sheriff and other Courts in County and Burgh	
Berwick	Commissary Court	Robert Romanes	Commissary Clerk	Solicitor in London.	
Ditto	Justice of Peace Court	Jonathan Melrose	Clerk of the Peace	Partner of the firm of Melrose & Porteous, Solicitors, Coldstream.	
Bute	Sheriff Court, Commissary Court, and Justice of Peace Court.	Daniel Macbeth	Sheriff Clerk, Commissary Clerk, and Clerk of the Peace.	Agent, Rothesay.	
Caithness	Commissary Court and Justice of Peace Court.	William Miller	Commissary Clerk and Clerk of the Peace.	Procurators before the Sheriff Court of Caithness.	
Clackmannan	Commissary Court	John Ewing	Commissary Clerk	Procurator before the Sheriff Court of Clackmannanshire.	
Ditto	Justice of Peace Court	David M'Watt	Clerk of the Peace	Procurator before the Sheriff Court of Clackmannanshire.	
Cromarty	Nil.				
Dumbarton	Justice of Peace Court	John Denny	Clerk of the Peace	Writer in Dumbarton.	
Dumfries	Sheriff Court	Henry Gordon	Sheriff Clerk	A partner of the firm of Gordon & Whitelaw, Writers, Dumfries.	
Ditto	Commissary Court and Justice of Peace Court.	Christopher Harkness	Commissary Clerk and Clerk of the Peace.	Writer in Dumfries.	
Edinburgh	Commissary Court	James H. Hill	Commissary Clerk	Writer to the Signet, and carries on business in Edinburgh as a Writer to the Signet, in partnership under the firm of Hill, Reid & Drummond, Writers to the Signet.	
Ditto	Justice of Peace Court	John Gillespie	Clerk of the Peace	Writer to the Signet in Edinburgh.	

II.—Sheriff Courts, &c.—*continued.*

COUNTY.	COURT.	NAME OF CLERK.	OFFICE.	Business carried on either in their own Names, or in Partnership with Others as Writers to the Signet, Solicitors, or Agents.	REMARKS.
Elgin	Nil.				
Fife	Justice of Peace Court	William Horsburgh	Clerk of the Peace	Procurator or Agent in Cupar.	
Forfar	Justice of Peace Court	David Small	Clerk of the Peace	Solicitor in Dundee.	
Haddington	Nil.				
Inverness	Nil.				
Kincardine	Justice of Peace Court	Alex. Gordon Brown	Clerk of the Peace	Procurator or Agent in Stonehaven.	
Kinross	Nil.				
Kirkcudbright	Nil.				
Lanark	Justice of Peace Court (Lower Ward).	George Crawford	Clerk of the Peace for Lower Ward of the County.	Acts as a Conveyancer in Glasgow, but does not practice before the Sheriff or other local Courts.	
Ditto	Justice of Peace Court (Upper Ward).	William Morrison	Clerk of the Peace for Upper Ward of the County.	Agent or Solicitor in Lanark, and practising as such, except in the Court of which he is clerk.	
Ditto	Justice of Peace Court (Middle Ward).	James Gebbie	Clerk of the Peace for Middle Ward of the County.	Agent or Solicitor in Strathaven, and practising as such, except in the Court of which he is clerk.	
Linlithgow	Sheriff Court, Commissary Court, and Justice of Peace Court.	John Hardy	Sheriff Clerk, Commissary Clerk, and Clerk of the Peace.	General Agent and Law Conveyancer in Linlithgow, but not as a Solicitor or Agent in any Court.	
Nairn	Justice of Peace Court	William Dick	Clerk of the Peace	Solicitor or Agent, Nairn.	
Orkney	Nil.				
Peebles	Sheriff Court, Commissary Court, and Justice of Peace Court.	William Stuart	Sheriff Clerk, Commissary Clerk, and Clerk of the Peace.	Carries on Agency business in Peebles with a Partner.—*See* Remarks.	Mr. Stuart, in a note, states: "Mr. Stuart is Sheriff Clerk, Commissary Clerk, and Clerk of the Peace; he is a partner of the Firm of Stuart & Blackwood, Peebles, who transact business as Bank Agents, Conveyancers, Factors for Estates, Assurance Company Agency, and such like. All business connected with the Courts above-mentioned is excepted from the co-partnery. Mr. Blackwood has no participation in the salary and emoluments derived from the above offices, and Mr. Stuart has no interest whatever in Mr. Blackwood's business as a Procurator in these Courts."

Perth	Commissary Court	William Young	Commissary Clerk	In partnership with his son, under the firm of W. & W. R. Young, Bankers and Solictors, Auchterarder.	
Ditto	Justice of Peace Court	Robert Martin	Clerk of the Peace	Solicitor, Perth.	
Renfrew	Commissary Court	John Bartlemore	Commissary Clerk	Writer, Paisley.	
Ditto	Justice of Peace Court	Robert Wright	Clerk of the Peace	Writer, Greenock.	
Ross	Justice of Peace Court	William Moffat	Clerk of the Peace	Partner of the firm of Moffat & Dewar, Solicitors, Dingwall.	
Roxburgh	Nil.				
Selkirk	Sheriff Court, Commissary Court, and Justice of Peace Court.	John Lang	Sheriff Clerk, Commissary Clerk, and Clerk of the Peace.	In partnership with another, as Solicitor or Agent in Selkirk.	Mr. Lang states that he has no interest in any Court business which may be conducted by his partner before the Courts of which he is Clerk.
Stirling	Sheriff Court	Thomas L. Galbraith	Sheriff Clerk	Writer in Stirling.	
Ditto	Commissary Court	Andrew Hutton	Commissary Clerk	Writer in Stirling, in partnership with another.	
Sutherland	- - - - - - -	- - - - - - -	- - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - -	No Return.
Wigtown	Justice of Peace Court	Alexander Ingram	Clerk of the Peace	Procurator before the Sheriff and Commissary Courts of the County.	
Zetland	Sheriff Court	George Smith, S. S. C.	Sheriff Clerk	Conveyancer and Practitioner before the Commissary and Justice of Peace Courts, and conducts general business, exclusive of Sheriff Court business.	
Ditto	Commissary Court	Samuel Henry	Commissary Clerk	Procurator before the Sheriff Court, and conducts general business, exclusive of procedure before the Commissary Court.	

Note.—Depute or Assistant Clerks in the Sheriff, Commissary, and Justice of Peace Courts, appointed by the Principal Clerks of these Courts, and Clerks in Burgh and Police Courts are not included in this Return.

Edinburgh,
26 June 1867.

T. G. Murray,
Crown Agent for Scotland.

COURT OF SESSION, &c. (SCOTLAND).

RETURN of all CLERKS of COURT in the COURT of SESSION or other COURTS in *Scotland*, who either in their own Names or in Partnership with others carry on Business as WRITERS to the SIGNET, SOLICITORS, or AGENTS.

(*Mr. Sinclair Aytoun.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
29 *July* 1867.

483.

Under 1 *oz.*

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 26 July 1866;—*for*,

"RETURN of the Number of PERSONS Convicted in *Great Britain* of using or having in their Possession any False or Unjust WEIGHTS, MEASURES, or BALANCES for the Quarter ending the 24th day of June 1866; showing the Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy; the Business carried on by the Offender; and the Date when the Offence was Committed; together with the Penalty and Costs in each Case imposed; and whether any such Weights, Measures, or Balances were Seized and Condemned; and whether all or any portion of the said Penalties and Costs and Articles Condemned was given to the Informer who laid the Informations, or other Persons engaged in enforcing the Law; distinguishing between Offences Committed in any Shop, Warehouse, or Store, and those Committed in the Public Streets:—Also, the Amount of Salary and other Remuneration given to the INSPECTORS of WEIGHTS and MEASURES (in continuation of Parliamentary Paper, No. 56, of Session 1865)."

(*Mr. Locke*).

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
1 *March* 1867.

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RETURN of the Number of PERSONS Convicted in *Great Britain* of using or having in their Possession any False or Unjust WEIGHTS, MEASURES or BALANCES for the Quarter ending the 24th day of June 1866; showing the Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy; the Business carried on by the Offender; and the Date when the Offence was Committed; together with the Penalty and Costs in each Case imposed; and whether any such Weights, Measures, or Balances were Seized and Condemned; and whether all or any portion of the said Penalties and Costs and Articles Condemned was given to the Informer who laid the Informations, or other Persons engaged in enforcing the Law; distinguishing between Offences Committed in any Shop, Warehouse, or Store, and those Committed in the Public Streets; also, the Amount of Salary and other Remuneration given to the Inspectors of Weights and Measures.

ENGLAND AND WALES.

CITY OF LONDON.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of Each Inaccuracy.	Business Carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Weights, Measures, or Balances were Seized or Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Weighing machine, $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. draft	Pork butcher -	23 March	– 5 –	– 2 –	- - -	In a shop.
2	- ditto - - ditto - -	Cheesemonger -	23 „	2 – –	– 2 –	- - -	- ditto.
3	One pint pot, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.; two $\frac{1}{2}$ pint pots, each $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.; and two gill pots, each 1 dram short.	Licensed victualler	24 „	- -	- -	Seized and condemned.	In a store.
4	Weight, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 4 oz. light -	Costermonger -	31 „	– 10 –	- -	- ditto - -	In street.
5	One pint pot, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.; two $\frac{1}{2}$ pints, each $\frac{3}{4}$ oz.; and one pint, 1 oz. short.	Licensed victualler	11 April	- -	– 2 –	- ditto - -	In a store.
6	Weight, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 6 drams light	Costermonger -	11 „	– 5 –	– 2 –	- ditto - -	In street.
7	Beam and scale, 6 drams draft	Provision dealer -	23 „	- -	– 2 –	- - -	In a shop.
8	Large beam and scale, 3 oz. draft.	Wholesale cheesemonger.	23 „	1 – –	– 2 –	- - -	In a store.
9	Measures:—One quart, 1 oz.; and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short.	Licensed victualler	24 „	- -	– 2 –	Seized and condemned.	- ditto.
10	Beam and scale, 6 drams draft; and using one pint measure, deficient and unstamped.	Provision dealer -	4 May	– 5 –	– 2 –	Measure seized and condemned.	In a shop.
11	Measure, $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 2 drams short and unstamped; using $\frac{1}{2}$ pint measure, unstamped; one measure, deficient and unstamped.	- ditto - -	15 „	– 10 –	– 2 –	- ditto - -	- ditto.
12	Weights:—2 oz., 1 oz., and $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., not equal to the standard.	Ham and beef shop	18 „	- -	- -	Seized and condemned.	In a shop.
13	Measures:—One quart, $1\frac{1}{4}$ oz.; one pint, $\frac{3}{4}$ oz.; and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short.	Licensed victualler	19 „	– 5 –	– 2 –	- ditto - -	In a store.
14	Beam and scale, 6 drams draft	Grocer - -	25 „	- -	– 2 –	- - -	In a shop.
15	Defective $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel measure -	Costermonger -	28 „	- -	- -	- ditto - -	In street.
16	Weights:—1 oz., $1\frac{1}{2}$ grain light; two 1 oz., each 2 grains light and unstamped.	Grocer and post-office keeper.	1 June	- -	- -	- ditto - -	In a shop.
17	Measures:—2 gills, each 1 dram; three $\frac{1}{2}$ gills, each $\frac{3}{4}$ dram short.	Licensed victualler	2 „	– 5 –	– 2 –	- ditto - -	In a store.
18	Measures:—2 pints, each $\frac{3}{4}$ oz; and 3 pints, each $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short.	Eating-house keeper	5 „	– 2 6	– 2 –	- ditto - -	In a shop.
19	Weights:—7 lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.; 4 lb., 5 drams; 2 lb., 4 drams; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1 dram light.	Brassfounder and gasfitter.	5 „	- -	- -	- ditto - -	In a sore.
20	One pint glass, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; two $\frac{1}{2}$ pint glasses, each $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short.	Licensed victualler	8 „	2 – –	– 2 –	- ditto - -	- ditto.
21	Weights:—$\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 2 drams; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1 dram; and 2 oz. not equal to standard.	Costermonger -	14 „	– 5 –	– 2 –	- ditto - -	In street.
22	Weight, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., $2\frac{1}{2}$ oz. light -	- ditto - -	14 „	– 3 –	– 2 –	- ditto - -	- ditto.
23	Weight:—$\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $2\frac{1}{2}$ oz.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1 oz. light.	- ditto - -	15 „	- -	- -	- ditto - -	- ditto.

No portion of the penalty, costs, or articles condemned is given to the Informer; the costs (2 *s.*) are paid to the Constable for serving the summons.

There are two Inspectors of Weights and Measures in the City of London, each of whom receives a salary of 150 *l.* per annum.

METROPOLITAN POLICE DISTRICT.

FINSBURY DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business Carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Portion of Penalty to Informer.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
1	Unjust beam and scales, 6 drams draft.	Pork butcher -	8 March	1 – –	none -	– 10 –	In a shop.
2	Unjust beam and scales, ¾ oz. draft	Butcher - -	8 „	1 – –	none -	– 10 –	- ditto.
3	Unjust weighing machine, ½ oz. draft.	- ditto - -	8 „	1 – –	none -	– 10 –	- ditto.
4	Unjust weighing machine, 1½ lb. draft.	Coal dealer - -	8 „	– 10 –	none -	– 5 –	- ditto.
5	Unjust weighing machine, 7 lb. draft.	- ditto - -	8 „	2 10 –	none -	1 5 –	- ditto.
6	Unjust weighing machine, ½ oz. draft.	Butcher - -	8 „	2 10 –	none -	1 5 –	- ditto.
7	Obstructing Inspector in his duty	- ditto - -	8 „	2 10 –	none -	1 5 –	- ditto.
8	Four unjust measures:—1 quart, 1½ oz.; 1 quart, 3 oz.; 1 pint, ½ oz.; and 1 pint, ½ oz. deficient.	Victualler - -	12 „	1 – –	none -	– 10 –	- ditto.
9	Three unjust measures:—1 quart, 1½ oz.; 1 quart, 1¾ oz. and 1 quart, 1½ oz. deficient.	- ditto - -	12 „	1 – –	none -	– 10 –	- ditto.
10	Two unjust beams and scales, ½ oz. draft, and ¼ oz. draft.	Chandler - -	12 „	2 – –	none -	1 – –	- ditto.
11	Five unjust measures:—1 quart, 1½ oz.; 2 quarts, 1¼ oz. each; 1 pint, 1 oz.; and 1 pint, ½ oz. deficient.	Beerseller - -	12 „	1 10 –	none -	– 15 –	- ditto.
12	Five unjust measures:—1 quart, 1 oz.; 1 quart, ¾ oz.; 1 pint, ½ oz.; ½ pint, ½ oz.; and ½ pint ¼ oz. deficient.	- ditto - -	12 „	1 10 –	none -	– 15 –	- ditto.
13	Twelve unjust measures:—5 quarts, 1 oz. to ¾ oz.; and 7 pints, 1¼ oz. to ¼ oz. deficient.	Victualler - -	22 „	3 – –	none -	1 10 –	- ditto.
14	Four unjust measures:—Pints, each ¾ oz. deficient.	- ditto - -	22 „	1 – –	none -	– 10 –	- ditto.
15	One quart and 1 pint measure, each 1 oz. deficient.	- ditto - -	22 „	1 – –	none -	– 10 –	- ditto.
16	Unjust beam and scales, ½ oz. draft	Butcher - -	22 „	1 – –	none -	– 10 –	- ditto.
17	- ditto - - ditto - -	Cheesemonger -	22 „	1 – –	none -	– 10 –	- ditto.
18	Two quarts and 2 pints, unjust measures.	Victualler - -	21 May	– 10 –	– 8 –	– 5 –	- ditto.
19	Two unjust quart measures - -	- ditto - -	21 „	– 10 –	– 8 –	– 5 –	- ditto.
20	Five unjust quart measures - -	- ditto - -	21 „	– 10 –	– 8 –	– 5 –	- ditto.
21	One pint and 2 quarts, unjust measures.	- ditto - -	21 „	1 – –	– 8 –	– 10 –	- ditto.
22	An unjust beam and scales - -	General dealer -	21 „	2 – –	– 8 –	1 – –	- ditto.
23	Two quarts and 1 pint, unjust measures.	Beerseller - -	21 „	– 10 –	– 8 –	– 5 –	- ditto.
24	Two quarts and 4 pints, unjust measures.	Victualler - -	21 „	– 10 –	– 8 –	– 5 –	- ditto.
25	Six unjust weights:—2 of 4 lbs.; 1 of 2 oz.; 1 of 1 oz.; and 2 of ½ oz.	General dealer -	21 „	– 15 –	– 8 –	– 7 6	- ditto.
26	Seven unjust measures:—1 quart; 1 pint; 3 half pints; and 2 gills.	Victualler - -	28 „	– 10 –	– 8 –	– 5 –	- ditto.
27	Five unjust measures:—3 quarts; 1 pint; and 1 half pint.	- ditto - -	28 „	– 10 –	– 8 –	– 5 –	- ditto.
28	Unjust weighing machine - -	General dealer -	28 „	2 – –	– 8 –	1 – –	ditto.
29	- ditto - - ditto - -	Chandler - -	11 June	1 – –	– 8 –	– 10 –	- ditto.
30	Two quarts; 2 pints; and 2 half pints, unjust measures.	Beerseller - -	11 „	– 10 –	– 8 –	– 5 –	- ditto.
31	Unjust weighing machine - -	Coal dealer - -	11 „	1 – –	– 8 –	– 10 –	- ditto.
32	- ditto - - ditto - -	- ditto - -	11 „	1 – –	– 8 –	– 10 –	- ditto.
33	Two light 2 lb. weights - -	Chandler - -	11 „	– 10 –	– 8 –	– 5 –	- ditto.

Salary to Inspector:—£. 150 a year, and half the penalties are allowed him.

John S. Skaife,
Clerk to the Justices.

HOLBORN DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Where Offence Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Weights, &c., Seized and Condemned.	Whether any portion was given to Informer.	To whom Penalty Paid.	
									County Treasurer.	Informer.
			1866:		£. s. d.				£. s. d.	£. s. d.
1	An unjust weighing machine, 7 lb. against the purchaser.	Coal dealer	15 March	In street	2 – –	none	no	– –	1 – –	1 – –
2	Unjust 56 lb. weight, 1 lb. 5¾ oz. light.	ditto	15 ,,	ditto	1 – –	none	yes	moiety	– 10 –	– 10 –
3	An unjust weighing machine, ½ lb. against purchaser.	ditto	15 ,,	In a shop	1 – –	none	no	– –	– 10 –	– 10 –
4	Unjust weight of 2 lb., 11 drams light.	ditto	15 ,,	ditto	– 2 6	none	yes	moiety	– 1 3	– 1 3
5	An unjust weighing machine, 15 oz. against purchaser.	ditto	15 ,,	ditto	1 – –	none	no	– –	– 10 –	– 10 –
6	Unjust weights:—2 lb., 1 lb., ½ lb., ¼ lb., short respectively 2½ drams, 2 drams, 1½ dram, 1 dram.	Cheesemonger	9 April	ditto	1 – –	none	yes	moiety	– 10 –	– 10 –
7	Unjust measures:—Quart, 1¾ oz.; pint, 5 drams; 2 pints, each 7 drams short.	Victualler	9 ,,	ditto	1 5 –	none	yes	moiety	– 12 6	– 12 6
8	Unjust measures:—Quart, 2 oz.; quart, 1½ oz.; 2 pints, each 1¼ oz.; pint, 1 oz. short.	ditto	10 ,,	ditto	1 5 –	none	yes	moiety	– 12 6	– 12 6
9	Unjust measures:—Quart, 1¼ oz.; pint, ½ oz.; ½ pint, ¼ oz.; gill, 1 dram; ½ gill, ¼ dram short.	ditto	10 ,,	ditto	4 5 –	none	yes	moiety	2 2 6	2 2 6
10	Unjust measures:—2 quarts, each 1¾ oz.; 1 quart, 1¼ oz.; pint, 5 drams short.	ditto	10 ,,	ditto	1 5 –	none	yes	moiety	– 12 6	– 12 6
11	Unjust weight, 14 lb., 1 lb. 7 oz. light.	Coal and potato dealer.	15 March	ditto	– 2 6	none	yes	moiety	– 1 3	– 1 3
12	Unjust measures:—Quart, 1 oz.; pint, 9 drams; pint, 7 drams; pint, 6 drams short.	Beer retailer	10 April	ditto	1 – –	none	yes	moiety	– 10 –	– 10 –
13	Unjust weights:—2 lb., 6 drams; 2 lb., 2½ drams; 1 lb., 2 drams; 1 lb., 1½ dram; 1 lb., 1 dram; ½ lb., 8 drams; ½ lb., 1½ dram; ¼ lb., 1½ dram; ¼ lb. and 2 oz., ½ dram each short.	Chandler	24 ,,	ditto	– 19 –	none	yes	moiety	– 9 6	– 9 6
14	Unjust balance, 10 drams against purchaser.	ditto	24 ,,	ditto	– 5 –	none	no	– –	– 2 6	– 2 6
15	Unjust weights:—2 lb., 5 drams; two 1 lb., each 1 dram short.	Potato and coal dealer.	24 ,,	ditto	– 7 6	none	yes	moiety	– 3 9	– 3 9
16	Unjust weights:—1 lb., 2 drams; ¼ lb., ¼ oz. light.	Tobacconist	24 ,,	ditto	1 5 –	none	yes	moiety	– 12 6	– 12 6
17	Unjust balance, 12¾ oz. against the seller, caused by a sliding ball.	Wholesale and retail druggist.	24 ,,	ditto	– 1 –	none	no	– –	– – 6	– – 6
18	Unjust measures:—Pint, 1 oz.; 2 pints, each ½ oz. short.	Victualler	15 May	ditto	– 10 –	none	yes	moiety	– 5 –	– 5 –
19	An unjust weighing machine, 13 oz. against purchaser.	Chandler	15 ,,	ditto	– 10 –	none	no	– –	– 5 –	– 5 –
20	Unjust weights:—7 lb., 10 oz. 10 drams; 2 lb., 5½ drams; 2 lb., 4½ drams; 1 lb., 4 drams light.	ditto	15 ,,	ditto	– 10 –	none	yes	moiety	– 5 –	– 5 –
21	Two unjust weighing machines, 6 drams each against purchaser.	Cheesemonger	19 ,,	ditto	3 – –	none	no	– –	1 10 –	1 10 –
22	Unjust weighing machine, 3 lb. against purchaser.	Coal and potato dealer.	19 ,,	ditto	– 10 –	none	no	– –	– 5 –	– 5 –
23	Unjust weighing machine, ¾ lb. against purchaser.	Greengrocer	19 ,,	ditto	– 10 –	none	no	– –	– 5 –	– 5 –

The Inspector of Weights and Measures, in addition to the moieties of the Penalties and Forfeitures, is paid a salary of 150 *l.* per annum.

Sessions House, Clerkenwell.

Charles Wright,
Clerk to the Justices.

KENSINGTON DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date when Offence was Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Weights and Measures or Balances were Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence was Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Five unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart, 2 oz. short; 2 quarts, each 1 oz. short; 1 quart, ¾ oz. short; 1 pint, 1 oz. short.	Beer seller - -	28 Feb.	1 5 -	- 6 6	yes -	At his shop.
2	Six unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—2 quarts, each 1½ oz. short; 1 quart, 1 oz. short; 1 pint, 1 oz. short; 2 pints, each ¾ oz. short.	Licensed victualler	28 „	1 10 -	- 6 6	yes -	At his house.
3	Four unjust weights, viz.:—4 lb., 2 drams light; 4 lb., 1 dram light; 2 lb., 1½ dram light; 1 lb., 1 oz. 15 drams light.	Grocer - -	28 „	- 10 -	- 6 6	yes -	At his shop.
4	Six unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—2 quarts, each 1½ oz. short; 1 quart, 1 oz. short; 1 pint, 1½ oz. short; 1 pint, 1 oz. short; ½ pint, ¼ oz. short.	Licensed victualler	28 „	1 10 -	- 6 6	yes -	At her house.
5	Seven unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart, 1½ oz. short; 2 quarts, each 1 oz. short; 2 pints, each 1 oz. short; 2 pints, each ½ oz. short.	- ditto - -	19 Mar.	1 15 -	- 6 6	yes -	At his house.
6	Seven unjust weights, viz.:—4 lb., 12 drams light; 7 lb., 3 drams light; 4 lb., 12 drams light; 2 lb., 3 drams light; ½ lb., 1½ dram light; two ¼ lb., each nearly ½ dram light.	General dealer -	19 „	1 15 -	- 6 6	yes -	At his shop.
7	Unjust weighing beam and scales, to the extent of 9 oz.	- ditto - -	19 „	- 10 -	- 6 6	no - -	- ditto.
8	One unjust weight, viz.:—¼ lb., 1½ dram light.	Grocer - -	19 „	- 5 -	- 6 6	yes -	- ditto.
9	Five unjust weights, viz.:—7 lb., 2½ drams light; 2 lb., 1 dram light; 1 lb., 1 dram light; ½ lb., 1½ dram light; ¼ lb., 4 drams light.	General dealer -	19 „	- 1 -	Costs remitted.	yes -	At her shop.
10	Six unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart, 2¼ oz. short; 2 quarts, each 7 drams short; 1 pint, 7 drams short; 1 pint, 6 drams short; 1 pint, about 4 drams short.	Licensed victualler	19 „	1 10 -	- 6 6	yes -	At his house.
11	Two unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart, 1¾ oz. short; 1 quart, 1 oz. short.	Beerhouse keeper -	19 „	- 10 -	- 6 6	yes -	At his shop.
12	Six unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart, 1 oz. short; 1 pint, 3 drams short; ½ pint, 3 drams short; 1 pint, 5 drams short; ½ pint, 2 drams short; 1 gill, 1½ dram short.	Licensed victualler	19 „	2 5 -	- 6 6	yes -	At his house.
13	Five unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart, 1 oz. 5 drams short; 1 pint, 1 oz. short; 1 pint, 1¼ oz. short; 1 pint, 7 drams short; 1 pint, 6 drams short.	- ditto - -	19 „	1 10 -	- 6 6	yes -	- ditto.
14	Two unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart, 2 oz. short; ½ pint, 1½ dram short.	- ditto - -	13 April	- 15 -	- 6 6	yes -	- ditto.
15	Two unjust weights, viz.:—28 lb., 2 oz. light; 2 lbs, 6 drams over.	Marine store dealer	13 „	- 10 -	- 6 6	yes -	At his shop.
16	Two unjust weights, viz.:—28 lb., 3½ oz. light; 28 lb., 2¾ oz. light.	Coal dealer, &c. -	13 „	- 10 -	- 6 6	yes -	- ditto.

KENSINGTON DIVISION—County of Middlesex—*continued.*

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date when Offence was Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Weights and Measures or Balances were Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence was Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
17	Unjust weighing machine, to the extent of 4 lb.	Coal dealer, &c. -	13 April	- 5 -	- 6 6	no - -	In a van.
18	One unjust weight, viz.:—14 lb., 1 lb. 1¾ oz light.	- ditto - -	13 „	- 10 -	Costs remitted.	yes -	In the said van.
19	Two unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—2 quarts, each 1¾ oz. short.	Beerhouse keeper -	13 „	- 10 -	- 6 6	yes -	At his shop.
20	Four unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart, 1 oz. short; 1 quart, 1¾ oz. short; 1 quart, 1 oz. 5 drams short; 1 quart, 1¼ oz. short.	Licensed victualler	13 „	1 5 -	- 6 6	yes -	At his house.
21	Two unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—⅕ of a quart and $\frac{1}{10}$ of a quart. These measures were illegal, not being aliquot parts of any standard measure.	Dairyman - -	20 „	- 2 -	Costs remitted.	yes -	At his dairy.
22	Two unjust weights, viz.:—56 lb., about 5½ oz. light; 56 lb., 2½ oz. light.	Flour and corn dealer.	20 „	- 10 -	- 6 6	yes -	At his shop.
23	Three unjust weights, viz.:—2 lb., 5 drams light; 1 lb., 2 drams light; 2 oz., 2 drams light.	Fishmonger - -	20 „	- 15 -	- 6 6	yes -	- ditto.
24	Eleven unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—½ gallon, about 2 oz. short; 1 pint, about 2 oz. short: 8 of ⅕ of a quart and 1 of $\frac{1}{10}$ of a quart. These 9 measures were illegal, not being aliquot parts of any standard measure.	Dairy keeper -	20 „	- 19 -	- 6 6	yes -	At her dairy.
25	One unjust weight, viz.:—14 lb., 1 oz. 11 drams light.	Flour and corn dealer.	20 „	- 5 -	- 6 6	yes -	At his shop.
26	Unjust weighing machine, to the extent of 1½ lb.	- ditto - -	20 „	- 10 -	- 6 6	no - -	- ditto.
27	Four unjust weights, viz.:—28 lb., 3¼ oz. light; 28 lb., 3 oz. light; 7 lb., 9½ oz. light; 7 lb., 11 drams light.	Coal dealer, &c. -	26 „	1 - -	- 6 6	yes -	- ditto.
28	Two unjust weights, viz.:—56 lb., 5 oz. light; 1 lb., ¼ oz. light.	- ditto - -	26 „	- 10 -	- 6 6	yes -	- ditto.
29	Two unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—2 of ⅕ of a quart. Illegal.	Dairyman - -	26 „	- 2 -	Costs remitted.	yes -	At his dairy.
30	Unjust weighing machine, to the extent of 1½ oz.	Painter, &c. - -	10 May	- 10 -	- 6 6	no - -	At his shop.
31	Six unjust weights, viz.:—28 lb., 11¼ oz. light; 14 lb., 2 oz. 2 drams light; 7 lb., 2 oz. light; 7 lb., ½ oz. light; 2 lb., ½ oz. light; 2 lb., 3 drams light.	Greengrocer and coal dealer.	10 „	1 10 -	- 6 6	yes -	- ditto.
32	One unjust weight, viz.:—½ lb., 3½ drams light.	Butcher - -	10 „	- 5 -	- 6 6	yes -	- ditto.
33	One unjust weight, viz.:—¼ lb., about 3½ drams light.	Cheesemonger -	10 „	- 5 -	- 6 6	yes -	- ditto.
34	Two unjust weights, viz.:—56 lb., 6 oz. light; 28 lb., 8¼ oz. light.	Coal dealer - -	10 „	1 10 -	- 6 6	yes -	- ditto.
35	Eight unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart, 1 oz. short; 1 quart, ¾ oz. short; 1 quart, 2 oz. short; 1 quart, 1¼ oz. short; 1 quart, 1 oz. short; 1 pint, 5 drams short; 1 pint, 4 drams short; 1 pint, 1¾ oz. short.	Licensed victualler	15 „	3 - -	- 6 6	yes -	At his house.

Appropriation of Penalty:—One-half to the Informer, and the other half to the County Treasurer.

The Costs in each case were paid as follows:—To the Clerk to the Justices 5 *s.* 6 *d.*, and to the Police Constable 1 *s.*

The amount of Salary is not known to the Clerk. One-half of the Penalty is given to the Inspector, as before stated.

Samuel Cornell, Clerk to the Justices.

NEWINGTON DIVISION—COUNTY OF SURREY.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Weights, Measures, and Balances.	Business carried on by Offender.	Date when Offence Committed.	Amount of Penalty. £.	s.	d.
			1866:			
1	10 measures	Retailer of beer	26 February	2	10	–
2	3 ditto	ditto	26 „	1	–	–
3	4 ditto	Victualler	26 „	1	–	–
4	1 measure	Retailer of beer	26 „	–	10	–
5	4 measures	ditto	26 „	1	5	–
6	4 ditto	Victualler	26 „	1	–	–
7	5 ditto	ditto	7 March	1	15	–
8	4 ditto	Retailer of beer	7 „	1	–	–
9	9 ditto	Victualler	7 „	2	5	–
10	5 ditto	Retailer of beer	8 „	2	–	–
11	1 measure	ditto	8 „	–	10	–
12	2 measures	ditto	8 „	1	–	–
13	3 ditto	Retailer of beer and coal dealer.	8 „	2	–	–
14	3 weights	ditto	8 „			
15	1 balance	ditto	8 „	1	–	–
16	7 measures	Retailer of beer	23 „	–	2	6
17	8 ditto	Victualler	26 „	2	10	–
18	1 measure	Retailer of beer	26 „	–	10	–
19	3 measures	Victualler	26 „	1	–	–
20	6 ditto	Retailer of beer	26 „	1	15	–
21	1 balance	Butcher	24 February	–	5	–
22	1 ditto	Greengrocer	24 „	1	–	–
23	4 weights	ditto	26 „	1	–	–
24	1 balance	Pork butcher	24 „	–	10	–
25	1 ditto	Butcher	24 „	5	–	–
26	2 balances	Grocer, &c.	24 „	2	–	–
27	1 balance	Baker	24 „	1	10	–
28	7 weights	Greengrocer, &c.	26 „	1	15	–
29	1 balance	Butcher	26 „	1	10	–
30	1 ditto	Baker	26 „	2	–	–
31	1 ditto	ditto	7 March	2	–	–
32	3 weights	Chandler	7 „	–	10	–
33	1 balance	ditto	7 „	1	–	–
34	6 weights	Greengrocer	7 „	1	10	–
35	4 ditto	Fruiterer	7 „	–	10	–
36	1 balance	Chandler	8 „	2	–	–
37	3 weights	Coal dealer	8 „	–	10	–
38	1 balance	Baker	8 „	1	–	–
39	5 weights	Butcher	8 „	1	–	–
40	2 ditto	ditto	14 „	–	5	–
41	2 balances	ditto	14 „	–	10	–
42	1 weight	Baker	14 „	1	–	–
43	4 weights	ditto	14 „	1	–	–
44	3 ditto	ditto	14 „	1	–	–
45	2 ditto	ditto	14 „	1	–	–
46	1 balance	ditto	14 „	5	–	–
47	1 ditto	Chandler	16 „	1	–	–
48	1 weight	ditto	16 „	–	5	–
49	1 balance	ditto	20 „	1	–	–
50	1 ditto	Coal dealer	20 „	–	10	–
51	1 ditto	Oilman	23 „	–	5	–
52	7 weights	ditto	23 „	–	7	–
53	1 balance	Butcher	26 „	1	–	–
54	1 ditto	Chandler	26 „	1	–	–
55	1 ditto	Butcher	26 „	1	–	–
56	2 balances	Chandler	26 „	2	–	–
57	2 weights	Potato dealer	26 „	–	10	–
58	4 ditto	Baker	23 „	–	10	–
59	1 balance	ditto	29 „	1	–	–
60	3 weights	Butcher	28 „	5	–	–
61	1 weight	ditto	28 „	–	5	–
62	6 weights	ditto	28 „	1	–	–
63	1 balance	ditto	28 „	2	–	–
64	3 weights	ditto	28 „	–	5	–
65	1 balance	ditto	28 „	–	5	–
66	1 ditto	Greengrocer, &c.	28 „	1	–	–
67	8 weights	ditto	28 „	–	8	–
68	1 balance	ditto	28 „	1	–	–
69	2 balances	Cheesemonger	29 „	3	–	–
70	7 weights	Chandler	31 „	1	–	–
71	3 ditto	Marine store dealer	31 „	–	3	–
72	3 ditto	Coal dealer	31 „	–	10	–
73	1 balance	ditto	31 „	–	10	–
74	3 weights	ditto	31 „	–	7	6
75	5 ditto	Oilman	31 „	–	5	–
76	1 weight	Chandler, &c.	31 „	–	1	–
77	1 balance	ditto	31 „	–	5	–
78	5 measures	Retailer of beer	28 „	1	5	–
79	5 ditto	Victualler	4 April	1	5	–
80	2 ditto	Retailer of beer	4 „	1	–	–
81	4 ditto	ditto	9 „	1	–	–
82	3 ditto	Victualler	18 „	1	5	–
83	3 ditto	ditto	18 „	1	10	–
84	4 measures	Retailer of beer	18 April	1	–	–
85	1 measure	ditto	19 „	–	5	–
86	2 measures	Victualler	19 „	–	15	–
87	4 ditto	Retailer of beer	6 „	1	10	–
88	5 ditto	ditto	17 „	1	5	–
89	5 ditto	Victualler	18 „	3	–	–
90	7 ditto	ditto	20 „	3	–	–
91	5 ditto	ditto	21 „	1	5	–
92	2 ditto	ditto	21 „	1	–	–
93	5 ditto	ditto	21 „	1	15	–
94	3 ditto	ditto	25 „	1	–	–
95	2 balances	Cheesemonger, &c.	28 March	2	10	–
96	3 weights	Coal dealer	28 „	1	–	–
97	6 ditto	Grocer, &c.	28 „	1	10	–
98	1 balance	ditto	28 „	2	–	–
99	1 ditto	Baker	28 „	2	10	–
100	4 weights	ditto	28 „	2	10	–
101	1 balance	Chandler, &c.	28 „	1	–	–
102	5 weights	ditto	28 „	1	5	–
103	1 balance	Grocer, &c.	28 „	1	10	–
104	1 weight	Baker	28 „	2	–	–
105	1 balance	Chandler	28 „	1	10	–
106	1 ditto	Greengrocer, &c.	4 April	1	–	–
107	3 weights	ditto	4 „	–	15	–
108	7 ditto	Baker	4 „	2	–	–
109	1 balance	ditto	4 „	3	–	–
110	4 weights	Marine store dealer	4 „	2	–	–
111	2 ditto	Baker	4 „	2	–	–
112	4 ditto	Chandler	4 „	1	–	–
113	3 ditto	Coal dealer	4 „	1	–	–
114	2 ditto	ditto	4 „	–	10	–
115	1 balance	ditto	4 „	–	10	–
116	4 weights	Marine store dealer	6 „	1	–	–
117	2 balances	Grocer, &c.	9 „	3	–	–
118	1 balance	ditto	9 „	1	10	–
119	2 balances	Butcher	9 „	3	–	–
120	2 ditto	Grocer, &c.	9 „	3	–	–
121	3 weights	Marine store dealer	10 „	1	–	–
122	5 ditto	Greengrocer, &c.	18 „	–	10	–
123	2 ditto	ditto	18 „	–	10	–
124	1 balance	Baker	18 „	3	–	–
125	1 ditto	Grocer and cheesemonger	18 „	–	10	–
126	1 ditto	Chandler	18 „	2	–	–
127	1 ditto	ditto	18 „	1	10	–
128	1 ditto	Cheesemonger	18 „	2	–	–
129	5 weights	Coal and potato dealer	19 „	1	5	–
130	1 balance	Coal dealer	19 „	1	10	–
131	1 ditto	Baker	19 „	3	–	–
132	1 ditto	Chandler	19 „	1	10	–
133	1 ditto	Grocer, &c.	19 „	1	10	–
134	8 weights	Chandler	19 „	2	–	–
135	1 balance	Coal and potato dealer	19 „	1	10	–
136	3 weights	Coal dealer	20 „	–	15	–
137	1 balance	ditto	20 „	1	–	–
138	1 ditto	ditto	20 „	–	10	–
139	2 balances	Fruiterer and coal dealer	20 „	1	–	–
140	2 ditto	Marine store dealer	21 „	1	10	–
141	5 weights	Chandler	21 „	1	5	–
142	1 balance	ditto	21 „	1	10	–
143	4 measures	Retailer of beer	21 „	1	–	–
144	4 ditto	ditto	21 „	1	–	–
145	1 measure	ditto	25 „	–	5	–
146	5 measures	Victualler	25 „	1	15	–
147	5 ditto	ditto	25 „	1	10	–
148	5 ditto	Retailer of beer	30 „	1	10	–
149	10 ditto	ditto	30 „	5	–	–
150	1 measure	ditto	30 „	1	–	–
151	6 measures	ditto	7 May	2	5	–
152	3 ditto	ditto	7 „	1	5	–
153	5 ditto	ditto	8 „	1	5	–
154	10 ditto	Victualler	9 „	3	15	–
155	2 ditto	Retailer of beer	9 „	–	15	–
156	6 ditto	Victualler	11 „	2	10	–
157	3 ditto	ditto	16 „	1	5	–
158	6 ditto	Retailer of beer	16 „	2	10	–
159	4 ditto	Victualler	16 „	1	–	–
160	1 balance	Potato dealer	21 April	–	10	–
161	1 ditto	Coal dealer	21 „	–	10	–
162	2 weights	ditto	21 „	–	10	–
163	2 balances	Chandler	21 „	5	–	–
164	1 balance	Greengrocer, &c.	21 „	–	10	–
165	1 ditto	Chandler	21 „	2	–	–
166	1 ditto	Coal and potato dealer	21 „	2	–	–
167	12 weights	ditto	21 „	3	–	–

NEWINGTON DIVISION—County of Surrey—*continued.*

Number of Persons Convicted.	Weights, Measures, and Balances.	Business carried on by Offender.	Date when Offence Committed.	Amount of Penalty.
			1866:	£. s. d.
168	3 weights	Chandler	21 April	– 15 –
169	1 balance	ditto	21 „	1 – –
170	1 ditto	Butcher	25 „	2 – –
171	2 balances	Chandler	25 „	2 10 –
172	1 balance	Coal and potato dealer	25 „	– 10 –
173	3 weights	ditto	25 „	– 15 –
174	2 balances	Chandler	25 „	2 – –
175	4 weights	Corn chandler	25 „	1 – –
176	5 ditto	Baker	30 „	2 10 –
177	6 ditto	Grocer, &c.	30 „	1 10 –
178	1 balance	Chandler	30 „	2 10 –
179	1 ditto	Coal and potato dealer	30 „	1 – –
180	6 weights	ditto	30 „	1 10 –
181	1 weight	Baker	30 „	– 10 –
182	1 balance	Greengrocer, &c.	30 „	2 10 –
183	1 ditto	Butcher	30 „	1 – –
184	4 weights	Baker	4 May	1 – –
185	2 balances	ditto	4 „	2 – –
186	1 balance	Marine store dealer	5 „	2 – –
187	1 ditto	Dairyman	5 „	2 – –
188	2 weights	ditto	5 „	– 10 –
189	1 weight	Baker	5 „	1 – –
190	1 balance	ditto	5 „	1 10 –
191	1 ditto	Greengrocer, &c.	7 „	2 – –
192	1 weight	ditto	7 „	– 10 –
193	2 balances	General dealer	9 „	4 – –
194	7 weights	ditto	9 „	1 – –
195	1 balance	Chandler	12 „	2 – –
196	1 ditto	Baker	12 „	2 10 –
197	1 ditto	Butcher	12 „	1 – –
198	1 ditto	ditto	12 „	– 10 –
199	1 ditto	ditto	12 „	5 – –
200	2 balances	Baker	15 „	2 – –
201	4 weights	ditto	15 „	1 – –
202	4 ditto	ditto	15 „	1 – –
203	1 weight	Coal dealer	15 „	– 5 –
204	1 balance	ditto	15 „	– 15 –
205	1 ditto	Baker	15 „	2 – –
206	1 weight	ditto	15 „	– 5 –
207	6 weights	ditto	15 „	1 10 –
208	1 weight	ditto	19 „	1 – –
209	3 balances	ditto	19 „	4 – –
210	1 balance	ditto	19 „	5 – –
211	6 weights	Greengrocer, &c.	7 „	– 10 –
212	1 balance	ditto	7 „	– 10 –
213	1 ditto	Chandler	7 „	– 10 –
214	4 weights	ditto	7 „	– 10 –
215	8 ditto	Coal and potato dealer	7 „	2 – –
216	1 balance	Coal dealer and chandler	7 „	– 10 –
217	3 weights	Marine store dealer	7 „	– 5 –
218	1 balance	Coal and potato dealer	7 „	– 5 –
219	1 ditto	Baker	14 „	1 – –
220	9 weights	Greengrocer, &c.	14 „	– 10 –
221	5 measures	Victualler	14 „	2 – –
222	2 ditto	Retailer of beer	14 „	– 10 –
223	1 balance	Chandler	14 „	1 – –
224	5 weights	ditto	14 „	1 5 –
225	1 balance	ditto	14 „	1 – –
226	2 balances	Grocer, &c.	14 May	2 10 –
227	10 weights	ditto	14 „	2 10 –
228	4 ditto	Coal and potato dealer	16 „	– 5 –
229	1 balance	ditto	16 „	– 5 –
230	11 weights	General dealer	16 „	2 15 –
231	1 balance	Chandler	16 „	1 – –
232	1 ditto	ditto	16 „	1 – –
233	1 ditto	ditto	16 „	– 10 –
234	1 ditto	Baker	16 „	1 – –
235	2 balances	Grocer, &c.	17 „	2 – –
236	1 balance	Baker	17 „	2 – –
237	1 ditto	Chandler, &c.	17 „	1 – –
238	1 ditto	ditto	17 „	– 10 –
239	1 ditto	ditto	17 „	– 10 –
240	7 measures	Retailer of beer	17 „	2 5 –
241	2 ditto	Victualler	17 „	2 – –
242	4 ditto	ditto	17 „	1 10 –
243	5 ditto	Retailer of beer	17 „	1 5 –
244	3 ditto	Victualler	17 „	– 15 –
245	3 ditto	Retailer of beer	17 „	1 – –
246	2 ditto	ditto	17 „	– 15 –
247	1 balance	Cheesemonger	19 „	2 – –
248	1 ditto	Fishmonger	19 „	1 – –
249	7 weights	ditto	19 „	1 – –
250	1 balance	Butcher	19 „	1 – –
251	1 ditto	Cheesemonger, &c.	19 „	2 – –
252	1 ditto	Baker	19 „	1 – –
253	3 measures	Retailer of beer	1 June	– 15 –
254	2 ditto	ditto	1 „	– 10 –
255	2 ditto	ditto	1 „	– 5 –
256	3 ditto	Victualler	1 „	– 15 –
257	1 balance	Chandler	1 „	2 – –
258	1 ditto	ditto	1 „	1 – –
259	7 weights	General dealer	1 „	– 7 –
260	1 weight	Chandler	1 „	– 2 6
261	3 weights	Baker	2 „	1 – –
262	1 balance	Chandler	2 „	– 5 –
263	2 balances	Cheesemonger	2 „	2 – –
264	9 weights	Greengrocer, &c.	2 „	1 – –
265	2 ditto	Oilman	2 „	1 – –
266	1 balance	ditto	2 „	2 – –
267	2 weights	Chandler	8 „	– 5 –
268	3 ditto	Marine store dealer	8 „	– 15 –
269	1 balance	ditto	8 „	1 – –
270	1 ditto	ditto	9 „	– 10 –
271	1 ditto	ditto	9 „	– 10 –
272	1 ditto	Coal dealer	9 „	– 10 –
273	1 ditto	ditto	9 „	– 10 –
274	1 weight	ditto	9 „	– 5 –
275	2 weights	Baker	9 „	2 – –
276	5 ditto	Coal dealer, &c.	13 „	– 5 –
277	1 balance	ditto	13 „	– 5 –
278	4 weights	General dealer	13 „	– 10 –
279	1 balance	Eating-house keeper	13 „	1 – –
280	3 measures	Retailer of beer	13 „	– 15 –
281	7 ditto	Victualler	13 „	2 – –
282	3 ditto	ditto	13 „	– 15 –

All the offences were committed in a shop or store.
No record is kept of the nature or extent of the inaccuracies.
No costs were imposed.
All the weights and measures were seized and condemned.
None of the balances were seized.
One moiety of the penalty in each case was ordered to be given to the Informer (the Inspector) who laid the information, the other moiety has been paid to the Treasurer of the County.
None of the articles condemned were given to the Informer; they will be sold, and the proceeds paid to the Treasurer of the County.
There are two Inspectors in the Division, each of whom receives a salary of 250*l.* per annum.

PADDINGTON DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

There were no convictions by Justices in this Division for the Quarter ending the 24th of June 1866.

Sessions House, Clerkenwell,
31 August 1866.

Charles Wright,
Clerk to the Justices.

ST. GEORGE, HANOVER SQUARE, DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

The Divisional Sessions of St. George, Hanover-square, has not hitherto adjudicated on the cases to which the Order refers.

Board Room, Mount-street,
22 August 1866.

T. R. Chappell,
Clerk.

ST. MARYLEBONE DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Penalty.	Costs.	Where Offence Committed.	To whom Penalty Paid.	By whom Information laid.
			£. s. d.				
1	Balance, ¼ oz. defective	Greengrocer	– 10 –	-	In a shop	Vestry	Inspectors appointed by vestry.
2	Balance, 9 drams defective	Dairyman	– 10 –	-	- ditto	- ditto	- ditto.
3	Ditto - - ditto - -	General dealer	– 10 –	-	- ditto	- ditto	- ditto.
4	4 lb. weight, 6 drams defective; 2 lb. weight, 4 drams defective; 2 lb. weight, ½ oz. defective; 1 lb. weight, 3 drams defective; ½ lb. weight, 2 drams defective.	- ditto - -	– 10 –	-	- ditto	- ditto	- ditto.
5	Balance, 7 drams defective	Butcher	– 10 –	-	- ditto	- ditto	- ditto.
6	14 lb. weight, 1 oz. defective; 7 lb. weight, 1½ oz. defective; 7 lb. weight, 1 oz. defective; two ½ lb. weights, each ½ oz. defective.	Greengrocer	– 10 –	none	- ditto	- ditto	- ditto.
7	One quart measure, ½ quartern defective; one pint measure, ¼ quartern defective; half-pint measure, ¼ quartern defective.	Licensed victualler	– 10 –	-	- ditto	- ditto	- ditto.
8	Balance, ½ oz. defective	Cheesemonger	– 10 –	-	- ditto	- ditto	- ditto.
9	Balance, 1½ oz. defective	Marine store dealer	– 10 –	-	- ditto	- ditto	- ditto.
10	Ditto - - ditto - -	Greengrocer	– 10 –	-	- ditto	- ditto	- ditto.
11	Balance, 6 drams defective; 2 lb. weight, 3 drams defective.	Butcher	– 10 –	-	- ditto	- ditto	- ditto.
12	4 lb. weight, ¼ oz. defective; 2 lb. weight, 5 drams defective; two 1 lb. weights, each 3 drams defective; 1 lb. weight, 2 drams defective.	Greengrocer	– 10 –	-	- ditto	- ditto	- ditto.

In all the above cases the weights and measures and balances were destroyed by the Inspectors.

W. E. Greenwell, Clerk to Petty Sessions.

ST. PANCRAS DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Whether Weights or Measures were Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.		
1	Scale, 2⅓ oz. against balance	Marine store dealer	28 March	– 5 –	- no	In a shop.
2	Three weights, short, viz.:—4 lb., ¾ oz.; 2 lb., ½ oz.; 1 lb., ¼ oz.	Baker	28 „	– 2 6	- no	- ditto.
3	Scale, 2½ oz. against balance	Marine store dealer	28 „	– 5 –	- no	- ditto.
4	Copper scoop scale	Greengrocer	12 April	– 2 6	- no	- ditto.
5	Fish scale	Fishmonger	12 „	– 2 6	- no	- ditto.
6	One 2 lb. weight	Cheesemonger	3 May	– 5 –	- no	- ditto.
7	One 1 lb. weight	Fishmonger	3 „	– 2 6	- no	- ditto.
8	Weighing machine, piece of lead attached to ditto.	Greengrocer	3 „	– 10 –	- no	- ditto.
9	Weighing machine, defective in draught.	Cheesemonger	3 „	– 2 6	- no	- ditto.
10	Scales, ¼ oz. against purchaser	Grocer	31 „	– 10 –	- no	- ditto.
11	Scales, ½ oz. against purchaser	Butcher	31 „	– 2 6	- no	- ditto.
12	Ditto - - ditto - -	Pork butcher	31 „	– 10 –	- no	- ditto.
13	Scales, over ½ oz. against purchaser	- ditto	31 „	– 10 –	- no	- ditto.
14	Tea scale, nearly ⅛ oz. against purchaser.	Grocer	31 „	– 2 6	- no	- ditto.
15	One set of scales, ¼ oz.; one ditto, ⅛ oz. against purchaser.	- ditto	31 „	– 7 6	- no	- ditto.
16	Unjust balance	Butcher	12 June	– 5 –	- no	- ditto.
17	Weight, defective	Chandler's shop	12 „	– 2 6	- no	- ditto.
18	Unjust balance	Oil shop	12 „	– 2 6	- no	- ditto.
19	Ditto	- ditto	12 „	– 2 6	- no	- ditto.

ST. PANCRAS DIVISION—County of Middlesex—*continued.*

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Whether Weights or Measures were Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.		
20	Imperfect balance	Butcher	12 June	– 5 –	no	In a shop.
21	Imperfect balance, and weights defective.	Greengrocer	12 „	– 10 –	yes	ditto.
22	One yard measure, ½ inch defective	Linendraper	18 „	– 2 6	yes	ditto.
23	Three weights short, ½ oz. each; 7 lb., 4 lb., 2 lb.	Grocer	18 „	1 – –	no	ditto.
24	Four weights defective, against the purchaser.	Chandler's shop	21 „	– 10 –	no	ditto.
25	One pair defective scales	ditto	21 „	– 2 6	no	ditto.
26	Two pair defective scales	Pork butcher	21 „	– 5 –	no	ditto.
27	One pair defective scales, against purchaser.	Coal dealer	21 „	– 5 –	no	ditto.
28	One pair scales, against purchaser	Greengrocer	21 „	– 5 –	no	ditto.
29	One 1 lb. weight, 2 oz. short	ditto	21 „	– 5 –	no	ditto.
30	Defective scales, 4 drams against the purchaser.	General shop	21 „	– 2 6	no	ditto.
31	One milk measure, 1½ oz. against purchaser, hanging on balance.	Milk, butter, &c.	21 „	– 2 6	no	ditto.

The Penalties were paid in aid of the poor rates, and were imposed by Inspectors appointed under the provisions of the Act 59 Geo. 3, c. 39, s. 34 (Local).

No Salary is paid to the Inspectors.

7 September 1866. *Scadding & Son*, Clerks to the Justices.

STRAND DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

No information or conviction for using false weights and measures has been laid before or made by the Justices in Petty Session for the above division for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The Salaries of the Inspectors are unknown to the Justices.

John H. Isaacson, Clerk to the Justices.

CITY AND LIBERTY OF WESTMINSTER.

COURT OF BURGESSES, WESTMINSTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
1	Machine scale, 1¼ lb. draught against customer; and 7 lb. weight deficient in weight.	Coal dealer	26 March	1 – –	– –	In a shop.
2	Nine weights deficient in weight; coal machine, 1¼ lb. draught against customer; and counter machine, 3½ oz. against seller.	Coal dealers and oilmen.	26 „	2 – –	– –	ditto.
3	Coal machine, adjusted with 3¼ lbs. of loose iron.	Coal dealers	28 „	– 10 –	– –	ditto.
4	Six measures of no standard measure	Dairyman	28 „	– 2 6	– –	ditto.
5	Three measures of no standard measure.	ditto	28 „	– 2 6	– –	ditto.
6	Counter machine, 7 drams draught against customer.	Chandler	28 „	– 10 –	none	ditto.
7	Two weights, deficient in weight	Greengrocer	10 April	– 10 –	– –	ditto.
8	Counter scale, having 1 oz. 6 drams draught adjusted to 6 drams, by lead.	Butcher	10 „	1 – –	– –	ditto.
9	Counter machine, having 1 oz. draught against customer, caused by a knife.	Cheesemonger	11 „	2 – –	– –	ditto.
10	Two weights, deficient in weight	Butcher	11 „	1 – –	– –	ditto.
11	Counter scale, having brass ball as shifting balance.	Tobacconist	18 „	– 2 6	– –	ditto.
12	Three weights, deficient in weight	Tallow chandler	18 „	– 10 –	– –	ditto.

CITY AND LIBERTY OF WESTMINSTER—Court of Burgesses, Westminster—*continued.*

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
13	Counter scale, having 7 drams draught against customer, caused by a weight placed on scale.	Oilman	18 April	– 15 –	- -	In a shop.
14	Counter scale, 6 drams draught against customer.	Chandler	19 „	– 10 –	- -	ditto.
15	7 lb. weight, deficient in weight	Coal dealer	19 „	– 7 6	- -	ditto.
16	4 lb. weight, deficient in weight	Grocer	23 „	– 5 –	- -	ditto.
17	Two weights, deficient in weight	ditto	23 „	– 7 6	- -	ditto.
18	Three weights, deficient in weight	Greengrocer	23 „	– 10 –	- -	ditto.
19	½ lb. weight, deficient in weight	ditto	23 „	– 5 –	- -	ditto.
20	Coal machine, having 1½ lb. draught against customer.	Coal dealer	25 „	– 5 –	- -	ditto.
21	Two weights, deficient in weight	ditto	25 „	– 7 6	- -	ditto.
22	Two weights, deficient in weight; and beam scale, 1 oz. against customer.	Greengrocer and coal dealer.	25 „	– 17 6	- -	ditto.
23	4 lb. weight, deficient in weight	Marine store dealer	14 May	– 5 –	- -	ditto.
24	Counter scale, 6 drams against customer.	Chandler	14 „	– 5 –	- -	ditto.
25	Counter scale, 1 oz. draught against customer, caused by an ounce weight under plate.	ditto	14 „	– 5 –	- -	ditto.
26	Counter scale, 4 drams draught against customer.	ditto	17 „	left	- -	ditto.
27	Counter machine, 4 drams draught against seller, and adjusted with fat.	ditto	17 „	– 10 –	- -	ditto.
28	Counter scale, 6 drams against purchaser.	ditto	17 „	– 10 –	- -	ditto.
29	Counter scale, having 4 drams draught, adjusted with lead.	Cheesemonger	21 „	– 10 –	- -	ditto.
30	Four measures, unstamped	Dairyman	21 „	– 2 6	- none -	ditto.
31	Counter scale, 4 drams draught against customer.	Butterman	21 „	– 10 –	- -	ditto.
32	Beam scale, 3 oz. draught against customer.	Marine store dealer	21 „	– 10 –	- -	ditto.
33	Counter scale, 6 drams draught against customer.	Pork butcher	24 „	– 5 –	- -	ditto.
34	Beam scale, 2½ oz. draught against customer; and 14 lb. weight, deficient in weight.	Greengrocer	30 „	– 15 –	- -	ditto.
35	Counter scale, having brass ball as a shifting balance.	Grocer	30 „	– 2 6	- -	ditto.
36	Beam scale, 1¼ oz. draught against customer, caused by two books hung on beam.	Butcher	30 „	– 15 –	- -	ditto.
37	Three weights, deficient in weight	Tallow chandler	12 June	– 10 –	- -	ditto.
38	Counter scale, 5 drams draught against customer.	Chandler	12 „	– 10 –	- -	ditto.
39	Counter scale, having brass ball as shifting balance.	Dairyman	12 „	– 2 6	- -	ditto.
40	Three weights, deficient in weight	Greengrocer	14 „	– 10 –	- -	ditto.
41	14 lb. weight, heavy and unstamped	Coal dealer	14 „	– 2 6	- -	ditto.
42	Counter machine, 4 drams draught, adjusted with lead paper.	Chandler	14 „	– 5 –	- -	ditto.
43	Counter machine, 6 drams against purchaser.	Butcher	14 „	– 10 –	- -	ditto.
44	Counter scale, 8 drams against purchaser.	Tripe seller	20 „	– 10 –	- -	ditto.
45	Three weights, deficient in weight	Chandler	20 „	– 10 –	- -	ditto.
46	Counter machine, 8 drams draught against purchaser.	Pork butcher	20 „	– 15 –	- -	ditto.

By the Acts of 29 Geo. 2 and 24 & 25 Vict. c. 78, the High Bailiff is entitled to and receives for his own use one moiety of the fines recovered; and the other moiety is applied by the Court of Burgesses towards the necessary charges and expenses attending the execution of the said Acts. No portion of the penalties and articles condemned were given to the Inspectors who laid the informations; but all weights, measures, and balances seized are sold, and the proceeds applied towards the charges and expenses attending the execution of the said Acts.

The amount of Salaries given to the two Inspectors appointed by this Court are, respectively, 70 *l.* and 50 *l.* per annum.

31, Abingdon-street, Westminster,
14 September 1866

William Mann Trollope, Town Clerk.

WANDSWORTH DIVISION—COUNTY OF SURREY.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Date of Conviction.	Penalty.	Costs.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
1	Weights:—14 lb., ¼ oz. too heavy; 7 lb., ¼ oz. too heavy; 4 lb., 2 drams too heavy; 2 lb., 2 drams too heavy; ½ lb., 1 dram too heavy.	Marine store dealer -	24 May	13 June	- 10 -	- 2 -	In a shop.
2	Weights:—28 lb., 5½ oz. deficient; 28 lb., 1½ oz. deficient; 14 lb., 1½ oz. deficient; 7 lb., ¼ oz. too heavy; 4 lb., 2 drams deficient; 2 lb., 2 drams deficient; 1 lb., 3 drams deficient; ½ lb. 1 dram deficient.	- ditto - - -	24 „	13 „	- 10 -	- 2 -	- ditto.
3	Weights:—28 lb., 2 oz. too heavy; 14 lb., ¼ oz. too heavy; two 7 lbs., each 3 drams deficient; ½ lb., 2 drams too heavy; ¼ lb., 1 dram deficient; ½ oz., 1 dram deficient.	- ditto - - -	24 „	13 „	- 15 -	- 2 -	- ditto.
4	Weight, 2 lb., 2 oz. 2 drams too heavy.	- ditto - - -	24 „	13 „	- 5 -	- 2 -	- ditto.
5	Weighing machine or balance, ¼ oz. weight placed, concealed under the scale.	Chandler - -	24 „	13 „	2 - -	- 2 -	- ditto.
6	Weighing machines or balances:—One ½ oz., and another ¼ oz., deficient.	Grocer - - -	24 „	13 „	- 10 -	- 2 -	- ditto.
7	Weighing machine or balance, 1 oz. piece of lead placed under the scale.	- ditto - - -	24 „	13 „	- 5 -	- 2 -	- ditto.
8	Weighing machine or balance, ½ oz. deficient.	Butcher - - -	24 „	13 „	- 5 -	- 2 -	- ditto.
9	Weighing machine or balance, ¼ oz. deficient.	Grocer - - -	24 „	13 „	- 5 -	- 2 -	- ditto.
10	Weighing machine or balance, ¼ oz. deficient.	- ditto - - -	24 „	13 „	- 5 -	- 2 -	- ditto.
11	Measures:—1 quart, 1 oz. deficient; 1 pint, ¾ oz. deficient.	Beer retailer - -	24 „	13 „	- 10 -	- 2 -	- ditto.
12	Measures:—1 quart, 1 oz. deficient; 5 pints, ¼ oz. each deficient.	- ditto - - -	24 „	13 „	- 10 -	- 2 -	- ditto.
13	Measure, 1 quart, 1 oz. deficient.	- ditto - - -	13 June	20 „	- 5 -	- 2 -	- ditto

The Weights, Measures, and Balances were seized and condemned in every case.

One moiety of the Penalty in each case was paid to the Receiver of the Metropolitan Police, and the other moiety was paid to the Inspector of Weights, with 2 *s.*, his costs out of pocket; and the articles condemned were deposited with the Inspector for sale, the proceeds to be applied towards the county expenses.

The amount of Salary paid to the Inspector is 225 *l.* per annum, with half the Penalty in each case inflicted.

Alfred Taylor,
Chief Clerk.

HALF HUNDRED OF BECONTREE—COUNTY OF ESSEX.

No person has been convicted of using or having in his possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The Inspectors of Weights and Measures are appointed by the Court of Quarter Sessions, at what Salaries, and other remuneration, I am not aware.

Romford,
27 February 1867.

W. H Clifton.

BLACKHEATH DIVISION—COUNTY OF KENT.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date when Offence Committed.	Amount of Penalty Imposed.	Amount of Costs.		Where Committed.
					Justices Clerks' Fees.	Constable's Fees.	
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
1	Weights:—56 lb., 28 oz. deficient; two 56 lbs., each 1 oz. deficient; 28 lb., ¾ oz. deficient; 2 lb., 1 oz. 14 drams deficient. Balance, ¾ oz. deficient.	Butcher - - -	8 May	2 - -	- 8 -	- 2 6	Open shop.
2	Weights:—28 lb., 1 oz. 8 drams deficient; 28 lb., 1 oz. deficient; 14 lb., 1 oz. 4 drams deficient.	Grocer - - -	10 „	- 1 -	- 8 -	- 2 6	- ditto.
3	Weights:—7 lb., 10 drams, deficient; 4 lb., 4 drams deficient; 2 lb., 8 drams deficient; 1 lb., 3 drams deficient; ½ lb., 3 drams deficient.	Butcher - - -	10 „	- 3 -	- 8 -	- 2 6	- ditto.
4	Weights:—14 lb., 1 oz. 12 drams deficient. Balance, 12 drams deficient.	Grocer - - -	14 „	1 - -	- 8 -	- 2 6	- ditto.
5	Measures:—3 quarts, ½ gill each deficient; 2 quarts, ¼ gill each deficient; 1 pint, ½ gill deficient; 4 pints, ¼ gill each deficient.	Victualler - -	14 „	- 2 6	- 8 -	- 2 6	- ditto.
6	Weight, 56 lb., 1 oz. 12 drams deficient.	Greengrocer - -	17 „	- 1 -	- 8 -	- 2 6	- ditto.
7	Weights:—28 lb., 1 oz. 4 drams deficient 28 lb., 2 oz. deficient; 28 lb. 2 oz. 8 drams deficient; 14 lb., 1 oz. deficient.	Coal dealer and greengrocer.	17 „	- 1 -	- 8 -	- 2 6	- ditto.
8	Weights:—Two 28 lbs., each 3 oz. deficient; 14 lb., 3 oz. 4 drams deficient.	Coal dealer - -	18 „	- 2 6	- 8 -	- 2 6	- ditto.
9	Weight, 7 lb., 12 drams deficient.	Greengrocer - -	18 „	- 2 6	- 8 -	- 2 6	- ditto.
10	Weight, 28 lb., 1 oz. deficient. Balance, 20 oz. deficient.	Coal dealer - -	22 „	- 3 -	- 8 -	- 2 6	- ditto.
11	Weights:—56 lb., 6 oz. deficient; 56 lb. 2 oz. deficient; 14 lb., 1 oz. 8 drams deficient.	- ditto - - -	25 „	- 1 -	- 8 -	- 2 6	- ditto.
12	Weights:—56 lb., 1 oz. 8 drams deficient; 28 lb., 1 oz. 8 drams deficient; 14 lb., 12 drams deficient.	Chandler and coal dealer.	25 „	- 1 -	- 8 -	- 2 6	- ditto.
13	Balance, 1 lb. 4 oz. 8 drams deficient.	Marine store dealer -	25 „	- 5 -	- 8 -	- 2 6	- ditto.

The informations were laid by John William Farmer, Inspector of Weights and Measures.

The Penalties were paid to the County Treasurer.

The Costs were paid to the Clerk of the Justices and Constable respectively.

The Weights and Measures were forfeited in each case (broken and sold) and the proceeds paid to the County Treasurer.

Salary of two Inspectors, 80 *l.* Remuneration for additional expenses, 19 *l.* 5 *s.*

Croom's Hill, Greenwich,
17 December 1866.

Chas. Augn. Smith & Son,
Clerks to the Justices.

BRENTFORD DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	If Seized and Condemned.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
1	Measures:—One bushel, 2 quarts short; 1 quart, 1½ oz. short; 3 quarts, each 1 oz. short; 1 pint, ¾ oz. short.	Coal and potato dealer and beershop keeper.	11 April -	1 – –	– 8 –	Seized and condemned; no part given to informer.
2	Unjust balance, upwards of 1 lb. against purchaser; when cleaned, ¼ lb. against purchaser.	- ditto - - -	11 „ -	1 – –	– 8 –	Not seized.
3	Weights:—7 lb., ¼ oz. light; 1 lb., 1½ dram light.	General dealer - -	28 „ -	– 2 –	– 8 –	Seized and condemned; no part given to informer.
4	Weights:—2 lb., ¼ oz. light; 1 lb., ¼ oz. light; ½ lb., light and not stamped.	Fishmonger - -	12 May -	– 1 –	– 8 –	- ditto.

One-half of the Penalty in each case was paid to the Informer.

Salary of Inspector of Weights and Measures:—150 *l.* per annum.

Wm. Anson,
Clerk to Justices.

BROMLEY DIVISION—COUNTY OF KENT.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Trade.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	If Weights, &c., Condemned.	If Offences Committed in Shop, &c., or in Public Street.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Two weights, light and unstamped, deficiency 8 drams.	Grocer - -	24 April	2 – –	– 8 –	yes -	In a shop.
2	Four weights, light, deficiency 8½ drams.	- ditto - -	24 „	2 – –	– 8 –	yes -	- ditto.
3	Seven weights, light and unstamped, deficiency 6 oz. 14½ drams.	- ditto -	29 May	3 – –	– 8 –	yes -	- ditto.
4	Two wooden measures, deficient; and 2 weights, 1½ drams light, and unstamped.	Pork butcher -	22 „	2 – –	– 9 –	yes -	ditto.
5	Weights, unstamped - - -	Fishmonger - -	29 „	2 – –	– 8 –	yes -	- ditto.
6	- - ditto - - - - -	Butcher - -	29 „	2 – –	– 8 –	yes -	- ditto.
7	Pewter measures, unstamped -	Beerhouse keeper -	22 „	– 10 –	– 8 –	yes -	- ditto.

One-fourth part of the Penalty in each case was paid to the Informer.

Salary of Inspector:—12 *l.* per annum.

Robt. Booth Latter,
Clerk to Justices.

4 October 1866.

DIVISIONS OF CHESHUNT (HERTFORDSHIRE), EDMONTON (MIDDLESEX), AND WALTHAM ABBEY (ESSEX).

No convictions have taken place against persons for using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances, for the quarter ending 24th June 1866, in these divisions.

Waltham Abbey, Essex, N.
18 December 1866.

J. F. Jessopp,
Clerk to the Justices.

DIVISIONS OF CHIPPING BARNET (HERTFORDSHIRE) AND SOUTH MIMMS (MIDDLESEX).

There were no convictions under the Weights and Measures Act during the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

Barnet,
6 February 1867.

Stanley Harris,
Clerk to Justices.

CROYDON DIVISION—COUNTY OF SURREY.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Balance, half an ounce against the purchaser.	Butcher -	12 April -	1 - -	- 13 6	No -	In a shop.
2	Balance, quarter of an ounce against the purchaser.	Grocer - -	18 „ -	- 1 -	- 7 3	No -	- ditto.

A moiety of the Penalty in each case was given to the Informer.

The Inspector's Salary is paid by the county; the amount is not known by the Clerk.

John Drummond,
Clerk to the Justices.

DARTFORD DIVISION—COUNTY OF KENT.

There have been no convictions in the Dartford Division during the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The Inspector is paid a yearly salary of 14 *l.*

7 January 1867.

John Hayward,
Clerk to the Justices.

EDGWARE OR GORE HUNDRED DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

— Nil. —

21 August 1866.

W. S. Tootell,
Clerk of Petty Sessions.

EPSOM DIVISION—COUNTY OF SURREY.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
1	One balance, 6 drams unjust; one 4 lb. weight, 1¼ dram light.	Butcher - - -	9 May -	1 – –	– 13 6	In a shop.
2	One earthenware quart measure, 2 oz. deficient; two earthenware pint measures, ¾ oz. deficient.	Beerhouse keeper -	24 „ -	– 5 –	– 7 6	- ditto.

The Informer receives only half the Penalty.

Henry T. Aveline,
Clerk to the Justices.

HAMPSTEAD DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

There were no convictions. No Salary or other remuneration given.

5 February 1867.

Thos. Toller,
Clerk of the Petty Sessions.

KINGSTON DIVISION—COUNTY OF SURREY.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
1	Measures:—One quart, 2½ oz. deficient; one pint, 1½ oz. deficient; one pint, 1¾ oz. deficient; one pint, 1 oz. deficient.	Beerhouse keeper -	16 May -	– 11 –	– 19 –	Beerhouse.

Appropriation of Fine:—Half to Informer for Police Fund and half to County Rate.

Salary of Inspector:—Not known.

N.B.—The Informer was a Superintendent of Police.

James Bell,
Clerk to the Justices.

UXBRIDGE DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

No person has been convicted here, for the quarter ending 24th June 1866, of any offence under the Weights and Measures Act.

18 December 1866.

Woodbridge & Son,
Clerks to the Justices.

RETURNS FROM PETTY SESSIONAL DIVISIONS,

Arranged under the different Counties.

BIGGLESWADE DIVISION—COUNTY OF BEDFORD.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date of Offence.	Date of Conviction.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Measures or Balances Forfeited.	Where Committed.	Whether Articles given to Informant.
			1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Using unjust scales, ¾ oz. deficient.	Baker - - -	15 May	20 June	– 4 –	– 16 –	Not forfeited -	In a shop -	No.
2	Using 3 earthern pots which were of deficient measure. No record kept of the amount of deficiency.	Beerseller - -	25 „	20 „	– 10 –	- -	Forfeited -	In a house -	No.

One-half of the Penalty in each case was given to the Informant. Salary of Inspector, 10 *l.* a year.

William Hawkins, Clerk to the Petty Sessions.

2 January 1867.

BLETSOE DIVISION—COUNTY OF BEDFORD.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on by the Offender.	Date when the Offence was Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether such Weights and Measures or Balances were Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Steelyards, 2 lbs. off balance - -	Coal dealer - -	27 April -	– 10 –	– 7 –	Not seized - - -	In a store.
2	Steelyards, nearly 3 lbs. off balance -	- ditto - - -	30 „ -	– 10 –	– 7 –	- ditto - - -	- ditto.
3	Flour scales, ½ oz. off balance - -	Flour dealer - -	26 „ -	– 1 –	– 7 –	- ditto - - -	In a shop.
4	Yard measure, ⅜ of an inch short -	Draper - - -	25 „ -	– 10 –	– 7 –	Seized and condemned -	- ditto.
5	56 lb. iron weight, 4¼ oz. light - -	Coal dealer - -	17 May -	– 1 –	– 8 6	- - ditto - - -	In a store.
6	Flour scales, 6 drams off balance -	Grocer - - -	22 „ -	– 5 –	– 8 6	Not seized - - -	In a shop.

No portion of the penalties, costs, or articles condemned was given to the Informer or person enforcing the law.

Amount of Salary or other Remuneration given to the Inspectors of Weights and Measures, 10 *l.*

John Garrard, Clerk to the Justices.

LUTON DIVISION—COUNTY OF BEDFORD.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Conviction.	Date when Offence was Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether the Weights or Measures were Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.	Whether all or any Portion of Penalties and Costs and Articles Condemned was given to Informer or other Persons.
			1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	No record -	Grocer - -	18 June	16 May	- -	– 6 6	No - -	In a shop - -	Nil.
2	- ditto - -	ditto - -	18 „	16 „	– 2 –	– 14 –	No - -	- ditto - -	Half penalty.
3	- ditto - -	Innkeeper -	18 „	16 „	– 1 –	– 14 –	Yes - -	In an alehouse -	- ditto.
4	- ditto - -	Grocer - -	18 „	16 „	– 16 –	– 14 –	No - -	In a shop - -	- ditto.
5	- ditto - -	ditto - -	18 „	17 „	- -	– 6 6	No - -	- ditto - -	Nil.
6	- ditto - -	ditto - -	18 „	18 „	– 6 –	– 14 –	No - -	- ditto - -	Half penalty.
7	- ditto - -	ditto - -	18 „	18 „	– 10 –	– 14 –	No - -	- ditto - -	- ditto.

Salary given to the Inspector :—Included in the Salary of the Superintendent of Police, who is the Inspector.

Charles A. Austin, Clerk to the Justices.

31 August 1866

WOBURN DIVISION—COUNTY OF BEDFORD.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Weight, Measure, or Balance.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Where Committed.
				1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
1	Not required by the Act of Parliament, and not recorded by the Justices.	1 quart measure; 1 lb. weight.	Innkeeper - -	12 May -	- 3 -	- 12 -	In a shop.
2	- - - ditto - - - -	4 lb. weight; 2 lb. weight; 1 lb. weight.	Shopkeeper - -	14 „ -	1 - -	- 12 -	- ditto.
3	- - - ditto - - - -	2 quart measures; 3 pint measures.	Innkeeper - -	14 „ -	- 5 -	- 14 6	- ditto.
4	- - - ditto - - - -	2 pint measures -	- ditto - - -	15 „ -	1 - -	- 12 -	- ditto.
5	- - - ditto - - - -	4 pint measures; 3 half-pint measures.	Beershop-keeper -	16 „ -	- 10 -	- 12 -	- ditto.
6	- - - ditto - - - -	Weighing machine -	Innkeeper - -	15 „ -	1 - -	- 12 -	- ditto.

The Weights and Measures in all cases are seized, in pursuance of the provisions of the Act of Parliament. The Balances are not seized, the Act giving no authority to do so. The Weights and Measures condemned are destroyed, and not given to the Informer.

One-half of the Penalty in each case was given to the Informer nominally, but applied in reality for the Superannuation Fund of the Police Force established in the county; the Inspector of Weights and Measures being the Informer and Superintendent of Police.

Amount of Salary to Inspector:—10 *l.* per annum.

21 August 1866.

John Green, Clerk to the Justices.

HUNDRED OF BURNHAM, CHESHAM DIVISION—COUNTY OF BUCKINGHAM.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized or Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	¾ oz. against the purchaser - -	Butcher - - -	7 April -	- 10 -	- 9 -	- -	In market house.
2	½ oz. against the purchaser - -	- ditto - - -	7 „ -	- 1 -	- 11 -	- -	In a shop.

One-half the Penalty in each case was paid to the Police Fund, and the other half was paid to the County Treasurer.
One shilling of the Costs is paid to the Police Fund, and the remainder to the Justices' Clerk.

No Salary paid to the Inspector of Weights and Measures.

John Dunham Francis, Clerk to the Justices.

HUNDRED OF BURNHAM, SECOND DIVISION—COUNTY OF BUCKINGHAM.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Defendant.	Date of Offence.	Penalty and Costs.	Whether Articles Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.	Whether any Portion of Penalty and Costs and Articles Condemned paid to Informer or other Person.
			1866:	£. s. d.			
1	1 pint measure, deficient - - -	Beerhouse-keeper -	30 April -	- 15 -	Yes - -	In the cellar -	Half penalty, 1*s.* 3*d.*; and 2*s.* 6*d.* costs.
2	2 quart measures, deficient; 3 pint measures, deficient.	Alehouse-keeper -	24 „ -	1 5 -	Yes - -	In the bar -	Half penalty, 6*s.* 3*d.*; and 2*s.* 6*d.* costs.
3	3 quart measures, deficient; 1 pint measure, deficient.	- - ditto - -	28 May -	1 2 6	Yes - -	In a house -	Half penalty, 5*s.*; and 2*s.* 6*d.* costs.

No Salary is paid to the Inspector.

Beaconsfield, 2 October 1866.

George A. Clearsley, Clerk to the Justices.

DESBOROUGH, SECOND DIVISION—COUNTY OF BUCKINGHAM.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Extent of Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	If Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.	Portion of Penalty to Informer.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			£. s. d.
1	5 drams on scale - - -	Grocer - - -	26 May -	- 5 -	- 11 6	No - -	In a shop -	- 2 6

No Salary paid to the Inspector, he being the Superintendent of Police.

High Wycombe, 14 September 1866.

QUAINTON DIVISION—COUNTY OF BUCKINGHAM.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on by Offender.	Date when Offence Committed.	Penalty and Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Whether any part of Penalties, &c. given to Informer.	Where Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.			
1	One pair of scales, 1 oz. deficient against the purchaser.	General shopkeeper -	14 March -	- 13 6	No - -	None -	In a shop.
2	One pair of scales, ¼ oz. against the purchaser.	Grocer - - -	12 April -	- 13 6	No - -	None -	- ditto.
3	One pair of scales, ½ oz. against the purchaser.	Baker - . -	12 „ -	- 13 6	No - -	None -	- ditto.
4	Not carrying scales in cart - -	ditto - - -	12 „ -	- 17 6	No - -	None -	In the street.

HUNDRED OF STOKE DIVISION—COUNTY OF BUCKINGHAM.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.	Whether any Portion of the Penalty to Informer or other Person.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	No record kept -	Butcher - -	25 May -	- 5 -	- 12 6	Yes - -	In a shop - -	No.
2	- ditto - - -	Baker - - -	25 „ -	1 - -	- 12 6	Yes - -	- ditto - - -	No.
3	- ditto - - -	Beerseller - -	25 „ -	- 5 -	- 12 6	Yes - -	In a beershop - -	No.
4	- ditto - - -	- ditto - -	25 „ -	- 10 -	- 12 6	Yes - -	- ditto - - -	No.

No Salary paid to the Inspector.

Windsor, 6 September 1866.

Geo. Henry Long.

LINTON DIVISION—COUNTY OF CAMBRIDGE.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business Carried on.	Date of Offence.	Date of Conviction.	Costs.	Fine.	Amount of Fine received for County Rate.	Amount of Fine applied to the Superannuation Fund.	If Seized and Condemned.
			1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
1	Weight, 28 lb., iron, light -	Corn merchant	24 April	9 May	- 8 -	- - 6	- - 3	- - 3	Seized and condemned.
2	Weights:—56 lb., 14 lb., and 2 lb., iron, light.	Miller - -	24 „	9 „	- 8 -	- 2 -	- 1 -	- 1 -	- ditto.
3	Three weights:—56 lb., 4 lb., and 2 lb., light.	- -	24 „	9 „	- 11 6	- 10 -	- 5 -	- 5 -	- ditto.
4	Weights:—14 lb. and 7 lb., light	- -	26 „	9 „	- 13 6	- 2 -	- 1 -	- 1 -	- ditto.
5	Pair of scales, incorrect; six weights unstamped, and one iron weight, light.	Baker - -	24 „	9 „	- 8 -	- 5 -	- 2 6	- 2 6	- ditto.
6	Two pewter measures, quart and pint; and six earthen, two quarts and four pints, all incorrect.	Publican -	24 „	9 „	- 8 -	- 8 -	- 4 -	- 4 -	- ditto.
7	Weighing machine, incorrect -	- -	26 „	9 „	- 13 6	- 1 -	- - 6	- - 6	Not seized and not condemned.
8	- ditto - - - -	- -	26 „	9 „	- 13 6	- 2 -	- 1 -	- 1 -	- ditto.
9	- ditto - - - -	- -	24 „	9 „	- 15 -	- 5 -	- 2 6	- 2 6	- ditto.

The informations were laid by Charles Long.
Offences committed in shops, none in the public streets.
The Inspector of Weights and Measures is the Superintendent of Police, and, I believe, has no Salary.

Josh. Mich. Collins, Clerk.

LLANELLY DIVISION—COUNTY OF CARMARTHEN.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date of Conviction.	Statute under which Person Convicted.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	What Portion of Penalty and Weights Seized was given to Informer.
			1866:		£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Weights:—2 lb., 5 drams deficient; ½ lb., 12 drams deficient.	Fishmonger -	18 April	22 & 23 Vict. c. 56, s. 3.	- 12 -	- 8 -	Yes - -	Half penalty, and weights seized.
2	Weights:—2 lb., 1 dram deficient; 1 lb., 1 dram deficient.	Farmer - -	25 „	- ditto - -	- 5 -	- 8 -	Yes - -	
3	Weights:—2 lb., 4 drams deficient; 2 lb., 1 dram deficient; 1 lb., 1 dram deficient.	Greengrocer -	2 May	- ditto - -	- 1 -	- 7 -	Yes - -	
4	Weight, 1 lb., 3 drams deficient -	- ditto - -	2 „	- ditto - -	- 1 -	- 8 -	Yes - -	
5	Weights:—1 lb., 6 drams deficient; 4 oz., ¼ dram deficient.	Potato dealer -	23 „	- ditto - -	- 2 6	- 9 -	Yes - -	
6	Weights:—4 lb., 4 drams deficient; ½ lb, 6 drams deficient; ½ lb., 1 dram deficient.	Fruiterer and greengrocer.	30 „	- ditto - -	- 11 -	- 9 -	Yes - -	

Salary of Inspector, 40 *l.* per annum.

Fred. L. Brown, Justices' Clerk.

HUNDRED OF EDDISBURY DIVISION—COUNTY OF CHESTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Pair of scales, 1 oz. against purchaser -	Shopkeeper -	23 May	1 - -	- 8 6	Not liable to seizure -	In a shop.
2	Pair of scales, ½ oz. against purchaser -	- ditto - -	23 „	1 - -	- 8 6	- ditto - - - -	- ditto.
3	Pair of scales, 1 oz. against purchaser -	- ditto - -	23 „	1 - -	- 8 6	- ditto - - - -	- ditto.
4	Pair of scales, ½ oz. against purchaser -	- ditto - -	23 „	1 - -	- 8 6	- ditto - - - -	- ditto.

The Penalties were all given to the Informer, but not for his own purposes.

The Superintendent of Police of the Hundred is the Inspector of Weights and Measures, and he was the Informer in all these cases. He has not any remuneration for services performed, beyond certain payments out of pocket.

Wm. Wood Blake, Clerk of the Petty Sessions.

HYDE DIVISION—COUNTY OF CHESTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date of Offence.	Date of Conviction.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Beams and scales:—One, 2 drams light, the other ¼ oz. light, against the purchaser.	Grocer - -	6 June	11 June	- 5 -	- 10 6	Not condemned -	In a shop.
2	Beams and scales:—One, ½ oz. light, the other 2 drams light, against the purchaser.	ditto - - -	6 „	11 „	1 - -	- 10 6	- ditto - -	- ditto.
3	Beam and scales, ¾ oz. against the purchaser.	ditto - - -	6 „	11 „	- 10 -	- 10 6	- ditto - -	- ditto.
4	Weighing machine, ¼ oz. against the purchaser.	Greengrocer - -	6 „	11 „	- 10 -	- 10 6	- ditto - -	- ditto.
5	Weighing machine, 2 oz. against the purchaser.	- ditto - -	6 „	11 „	- 5 -	- 10 6	- ditto - -	- ditto.
6	Weights:—7 lb., 2 drams light; 6 lb., ¾ oz. light; 4 lb., 2 drams light; ½ lb., 1 dram light; ½ oz., 1 dram light; ½ oz., ½ dram light.	- ditto - -	6 „	11 „	- 17 6	- 10 6	Condemned -	- ditto.

How Penalty Applied:—One-half of the Penalty is always paid to the Informer for the Superannuation Fund of the county; the other half is paid to the Treasurer of the County.

Salary given to Inspector:—15 *l.* per annum. The Superintendents of Police are the Inspectors for this county.

John & Joseph Hibbert, Clerks to the Justices.

HUNDRED OF NANTWICH DIVISION—COUNTY OF CHESTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Business or Occupation.	Date of Offence.	Date of Conviction.	Penalty.	Costs.	Seized or Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
		1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Publican - - - -	29 March	18 April	- Nil. -	- 4 6	Four half-pint glasses - - -	Public street.
2	Beerhouse-keeper - - -	28 „	5 June	- 4 -	- 9 6	Three half-pint glasses - - -	- ditto.

One-half the Penalty was paid towards the County Rate, and the other half to the Police Superannuation Fund.
The informations were laid by Charles Laxton, Superintendent of Police.
Amount of Salary given to Inspector, 25 *l.* per annum; and to the assistant, 9 *l.* 2 *s.* per annum.

STOCKPORT DIVISION—COUNTY OF CHESTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Weights or Balances.	Occupation.	Date.	Penalty.	Costs.	Condemned or Not.	How Penalty disposed of.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Balances - - -	Grocer - - -	30 May	- - 6	- 9 6	Not - - -	3 *d.* paid to County Rate; 3 *d.* to Police Superannuation Fund.

Salary of the Inspector for the year, 20 *l.*

WIRRAL DIVISION—COUNTY OF CHESTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Business of Offender.	Date of Offence.	Penalty and Costs in each Case.	Portion of Penalty Paid to Informer.	Measures, &c. Seized and Condemned.	Articles Condemned given to Informer or others.	Offences Committed.
		1866:	£. s. d.				
1	Licensed victualler - -	8 May - -	- 4 6	- Nil. -	Twelve glasses - - -	- Nil. -	- One.

The Salary of the Inspector of Weights and Measures is 7 *l.* 10 *s.* per quarter.

HUNDRED OF EAST, MIDDLE DIVISION—COUNTY OF CORNWALL.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d	£. s. d.		
1	Weighing machine, 1 oz. against the purchaser.	Grocer - -	19 March -	1 - -	- 9 6	No - - -	In a shop.
2	Weighing machine, 19½ oz. against the purchaser.	ditto - -	19 „ -	1 10 -	- 9 6	No - - -	- ditto.
3	Weights:—7 lb., ¾ oz. short; 2 lb., ½ oz. short; 1 lb., 1½ dram short; ½ lb., 1 dram short.	ditto - -	19 „ -	1 - -	- 9 6	Yes - - -	- ditto.

Application of Penalties:—Half the Penalty in each case to the Informer, and the other half to the County Treasurer.
Salary of Inspector of Weights and Measures:—No Salary given; 10 *l.* per annum allowed as personal expenses.

John Peter, Jun., Clerk to the Justices.

HUNDRED OF EAST, SOUTH DIVISION—COUNTY OF CORNWALL.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on by Offender.	Date of Offence.	Date of Conviction.	Penalty.	Costs.	If Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.	Portion of Penalty paid to Informer.	Costs paid to Informer.
			1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			£. s. d.	£. s. d.
1	Spring balance: — On 1 lb., 3 oz.; 4 lb., 5 oz.; 6 and 7 lb., 6 oz.; 13 lb., 10 oz.; and 28 lb., 18 oz. against purchaser.	Butcher -	12 April -	8 May -	1 - -	- 9 6	Yes - -	In public street	- 10 -	- 3 6
2	Weighing machine, ¾ oz. against purchaser.	- ditto -	12 ,, -	8 ,, -	- 10 6	- 9 6	Yes - -	- ditto - -	- 5 3	- 3 6

The Inspector of Weights and Measures is appointed by the Justices at Quarter Sessions.

Henry Trefusis Smith, Clerk to the Justices.

HUNDRED OF EAST POWDER, ST. AUSTELL DIVISION—COUNTY OF CORNWALL.

There have been no convictions in this division during the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

Salary of the Inspector:—£. 10 per annum.

A Superintendent of the Cornwall County Constabulary is appointed Inspector of Weights and Measures, for which he receives, in addition to his salary, 10 *l.* per annum.

12 January 1867.

Henry Shilson, Clerk to the Justices.

HUNDRED OF POWDER, TYWARDREATH DIVISION—COUNTY OF CORNWALL.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on by Offender.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether any Part of the Penalties and Costs and Articles Condemned was given to the Informer.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Several weights deficient, against purchaser.	Coal merchant -	8 June -	5 - -	- 8 6	None - - - -	Yes - - -	In a store.

Half of the Penalty, viz., 50 *s.*, was paid to the Police Superannuation Fund, and 3 *s.* 6 *d.* fees to the County Constabulary. The other moiety of the fine was paid to the Treasurer of the County.

The Inspector of Weights and Measures receives no Salary.

Thos. Commins, Clerk to the Justices.

STRATTON DIVISION—COUNTY OF CORNWALL.

No conviction has taken place in this district for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The Inspector of Weights and Measures (who is a Superintendent of County Police) has, I believe, no Salary.

20 August 1866.

Wm. Rowe, Clerk of the Petty Sessions.

BAKEWELL DIVISION—COUNTY OF DERBY.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on by Offender.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Scales, 4 lb. against the purchaser -	Coal dealer - -	3 May -	- 10 -	- 10 6	No - - -	In a store.
2	Scales, 1½ oz. against the purchaser -	Grocer - - -	12 April -	- 2 6	- 12 -	No - - -	In a shop.

One half of the Penalty was, in each case, paid to the Police Superannuation Fund.

I am not aware of the Salary, &c. paid to the Inspector, but I believe that the Superintendent Constable for the division discharges the duties of Inspector of Weights and Measures without any additional remuneration.

6 September 1866.

John Taylor, Clerk to Justices.

CHESTERFIELD DIVISION—COUNTY OF DERBY.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business.	Date of Offence.	Date of Conviction.	Penalty.	Costs.	Forfeiture.	Where Committed.
			1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Beam and scales, 1 oz. against purchaser.	Provision dealer -	25 April -	28 April -	- 5 -	- 10 6	Scales not forfeited	In shop.
2	Weights:—7 lb., 2½ drams light; 2 lb., 2½ drams light; 1 lb., ½ dram light. Beam and scales, 4 drams against purchaser.	Butcher - -	27 „ -	5 May -	1 - -	- 10 6	Weights all forfeited, and sold for benefit of county.	- ditto.

One half of the Penalty was paid, in each case, to the Police Superannuation Fund.
The Inspector is Superintendent of County Police, and receives 5 *s.* extra a day when employed in examining weights and measures.

DERBY DIVISION—COUNTY OF DERBY.

No person was convicted in this division.

H. Hutchinson, Clerk to the Justices.

SMALLEY DIVISION—COUNTY OF DERBY.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business Carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Application of Penalty.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Weight, ¼ lb., ½ dram light -	Butcher -	10 April -	- 5 -	- 15 6	Yes - -	No portion of the penalty, costs, or article condemned, was given to the informer, or others engaged in enforcing the law.	In his shop.

The Police are the Inspectors, and have no Salary as such.

H. Hutchinson, Clerk to the Justices.

REPTON AND GRESLEY DIVISION—COUNTY OF DERBY.

Swadlincote Petty Sessions.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Weights:—½ lb., ½ dram deficient; 1 oz., ½ dram deficient.	Confectioner - - -	28 April -	- 7 6	- 12 6	Yes - -	Market-hall, Swadlincote.
2	Weight, 1 lb., 2 drams deficient -	Greengrocer - - -	28 „ -	- - 6	- 11 6	Yes - -	- ditto.
3	Weight, 2 lb., ½ dram deficient -	- ditto - - -	28 „ -	- - 6	- 11 6	Yes - -	- ditto.
4	Scale, ½ oz. deficient on the balance	- ditto - - -	28 „ -	- 1 -	- 11 6	No - -	- ditto.
5	Scale, not having the balance tip, and also unjust.	Confectioner - - -	28 „ -	- 2 6	- 11 6	No - -	- ditto.
6	Weights:—14 lb., ¼ oz. deficient; 7 lb., 1½ oz. deficient.	Miller - - - -	30 „ -	- 8 -	- 12 -	Yes - -	Measham.

Half of the above Fines were paid to the County Rate and the other half to the Police Superannuation Fund.
The Inspector is paid by Fees.

W. E. Smith, Clerk to the Justices.

REPTON AND GRESLEY DIVISION—COUNTY OF DERBY.

Swarkestone and Repton Districts.

No person convicted.

H. Hutchinson, Clerk to the Justices.

AXMINSTER DIVISION—COUNTY OF DEVON.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Date of Conviction.	Penalty.	Costs.	If Weights, &c. Seized and Condemned.	Where Committed.
			1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Unjust measures	Innkeeper	8 May	22 May	– 4 6	– 15 6	Yes	In public-house.
2	ditto	ditto	8 ,,	22 ,,	– 4 6	– 15 6	Yes	ditto.
3	Unjust weight, 14 lb., 3 oz. light		8 ,,	22 ,,	– 1 6	– 8 6	Yes	In a shop.
4	Unjust scales, ¾ lb. in defendant's favour.		8 ,,	22 ,,	– 1 6	– 8 6	Yes	ditto.

Half of Penalty to Police Superannuation Fund for the county of Devon. Weights, &c. seized, to county.

Inspector, Charles Dore, Superintendent of Police, Honiton.—No Salary.

October 1866. *Wm. W. Bond*, Clerk to Justices.

BIDEFORD DIVISION—COUNTY OF DEVON.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Application of Penalty.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Weights, slightly deficient; caused by wear and tear.	Fish dealer	7 May	– 1 –	– 7 –	Ordered to be repaired.	To the Borough Treasurer, in aid of the Borough Fund.	In his shop.

The Inspector of Weights and Measures for the borough is paid a Salary of 10 *l.* per annum.

22 August 1866. *Charles Wm. Hole*, Clerk to the Justices.

BRAUNTON DIVISION—COUNTY OF DEVON.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Offences where Committed.	Penalties, &c. Paid to Informer.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	½ dram deficient	General grocer	26 April	– 1 –	– 8 6	Seized and condemned	In a shop	Moiety of penalty, and all costs and condemned weight.
2	¾ oz. deficient	ditto	26 ,,	– 10 –	– 9 6	Not seized or condemned.	ditto	Moiety of penalty, and all costs.
3	½ oz. deficient	Butcher	30 ,,	1 – –	– 9 6	ditto	ditto	ditto.
4	¼ oz. deficient	Baker	30 ,,	– 10 –	– 9 6	ditto	ditto	ditto.
5	2 oz. deficient	Potato dealer	30 ,,	– 10 –	– 9 6	ditto	In a store	ditto.
6	2 oz. deficient	Grocer	15 June	– 2 6	– 13 –	ditto	In a shop	ditto.

No Salary paid to the Inspector.

Barnstaple, 23 August 1866. *Clay & Pascoe*, Clerks to the Justices.

EAST STONEHOUSE DIVISION—COUNTY OF DEVON.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Nature of Business.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Weights, &c. Condemned.	Where Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Unjust beam and scales	Grocer	27 March	– 2 6	– 7 6	–	In a shop.
2	Unjust weights:—4 lb., 5 drams deficient; 2 lb., 1 dram deficient; ¼ lb., ½ dram deficient.	ditto	27 ,,	– 2 6	– 7 6	Yes	ditto.
3	Unjust weights:—2 lb., 1 dram deficient; 1 lb., ½ dram deficient; ½ lb., ¼ dram deficient.	ditto	27 ,,	– 5 –	– 7 6	Yes	ditto.

No part of Penalties given to the Informer.

No Salary or Remuneration given to the Inspector.

22 August 1866. *Rodd & Son*, Clerks to Justices.

OTTERY ST. MARY DIVISION—COUNTY OF DEVON.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business Carried on.	Date.	Penalty.	If Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.		
1	Weight, 56 lb., 11¾ oz. deficient	Butcher and coal dealer	7 May	– 11 –	Yes	In the shop.

One half the Penalty to Superannuation Fund, the other half to the County.
The Complaint was laid by the Inspector of Police, who was paid 6 *s.* for travelling to Petty Sessions.

Edmund Stamp, Clerk to Justices.

SOUTHMOLTON DIVISION—COUNTY OF DEVON.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Whether Offence Committed in Store, Shop, or Public Street.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Weights:—2 lb., 1½ dram light; 7 lb., 1 dram light; ½ lb., ¾ dram light; ¼ lb., ¾ dram light.	Shopkeeper	15 May	– 4 –	– 10 –	– – –	In a shop.
2	Incorrect beam and scales, 5 oz. against purchaser.	ditto	15 ,,	– 2 6	– 10 –	– – –	ditto.
3	Weights:—4 lb., 4½ oz. light; ½ lb., 8 grains light; ¼ lb., 11 grains light.	ditto	15 ,,	– 5 –	– 10 –	– – –	ditto.
4	Incorrect beam and scales, ½ oz. against purchaser; incorrect beam and scales, 1 dram against purchaser.	ditto	15 ,,	– 6 –	– 10 –	All weights and measures in this division seized and condemned.	ditto.
5	Weights:—14 lb., 1 oz. light; 1 lb., 8 grains light.	Miller	15 ,,	– 4 –	– 10 –	– – –	In a store.
6	Weight, 56 lb., 1¼ oz. light	ditto	15 ,,	– – 6	– 10 –	– – –	ditto.
7	Weights:—½ lb. 1 dram light; ¼ lb., 8 grains light.	Shopkeeper	15 ,,	– 1 –	– 10 –	– – –	In a shop.
8	Weight, 1 lb., ½ dram light	ditto	15 ,,	– – 6	– 10 –	– – –	ditto.

The Informer in each case is paid his costs only.
All Weights ordered by the Magistrates in Quarter Sessions to be sold, and the proceeds thereof to be paid to the County Treasurer in aid of the County Rate.
Amount of Salary paid to Inspector:—12 *s.* per diem when employed in the duty.

TAVISTOCK DIVISION—COUNTY OF DEVON.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date when Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized or Condemned.	Where Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Weight, 7 lb., ½ oz. light	Butcher	11 May	– 10 –	– 8 6	Seized	Tavistock Market.
2	Weight, 14 lb., ½ oz. light	ditto	11 ,,	– 10 –	– 7 6	ditto	ditto.
3	Three pints, ¾ of half a gill short; and 2 lb. weight, ¼ oz. light.	Licensed victualler	15 ,,	– 10 –	– 7 6	ditto	House at Princetown.
4	Weight, 1 lb. and 2 drams short	Butcher	18 ,,	– 2 6	– 7 6	ditto	Tavistock Market.
5	One pair of scales, ¾ oz. against buyer	Grocer	15 ,,	– 5 –	– 9 –	Not seized	Shop at Lidford.
6	Weight, 7 lb., ½ oz. and 1 dram short	Potato merchant	18 ,,	– 1 –	– 7 6	Seized	Tavistock Market.
7	One pint, ¾ of half a gill short	Licensed victualler	15 ,,	1 – –	– 8 6	ditto	House at Princetown.

One half of the Penalties to the County Treasurer towards Police Superannuation Fund, and the remainder to the County Treasurer in aid of the County Rates. One shilling of the Costs paid to the Informer in each case.
The Superintendent of Police is the Inspector, with no Salary.

7 September 1866.

R. Luxom, Clerk to the Magistrates.

TEIGNBRIDGE DIVISION—COUNTY OF DEVON.

Newton Abbot Petty Sessions.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Trade or Calling.	Date of Offence.	Date of Conviction.	Fine.	Costs.	If Seized and Condemned.	Costs Paid to Informer.	Where Seized.
			1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		£. s. d.	
1	Weight, 56 lb., 8¾ drams deficient	Coal dealer	17 March	16 April	– 5 –	– 9 6	Yes	– 2 –	Coal stores.
2	Weight, 28 lb., 5½ drams deficient	- ditto	17 „	16 „	– 5 –	– 9 6	Yes	– 2 –	- ditto.
3	Weights:—½ lb., 5 drams deficient; ½ lb., 5 drams deficient.	Farmer	22 „	16 „	– 5 –	– 9 6	Yes	– 2 –	Dairy.
4	Weights:—2 lb., 14 drams deficient; 1 lb., 2 drams deficient.	Market keeper	18 April	30 „	– 5 –	– 8 8	Yes	– 1 6	Market-house.
5	Weight, ½ lb., 3 drams deficient	Shopkeeper	19 „	30 „	– 5 –	– 8 8	Yes	– 1 6	Shop.
6	Weight, 4 lb., 3 drams deficient	Ironmonger	19 „	30 „	– 5 –	– 8 8	Yes	– 1 6	ditto.
7	Weight, 2 lb., 8 drams deficient	Greengrocer	18 „	30 „	– 5 –	– 8 8	Yes	– 1 6	Stall in market.
8	Weights:—8 oz., 4 drams deficient; 4 oz., 1 dram deficient.	Shopkeeper	19 May	18 June	– 5 –	– 9 6	Yes	– 2 –	Shop.
9	Weights:—1 lb., 5 drams deficient; 8 oz., 3 drams deficient.	Farmer	23 „	18 „	– 5 –	– 9 6	Yes	– 2 –	Dairy.
10	Weights:—1 lb., 4 drams deficient; ½ lb., 2 drams deficient.	Miller	6 June	18 „	– 5 –	– 9 6	Yes	– 2 –	Mills.

The Penalties were all paid to the County Treasurer.
The weights were all sold, and the proceeds paid to County.
The Examiners are the Superintendents of the Devon County Constabulary, and they are paid by the County, but are allowed 6 *s.* a day for attendance before the Justices for proving the offence.
The Inspector is appointed by the County Justices, and the remuneration is not known to the Magistrates' Clerk.

19 September 1866.

Wm. Flamank, Clerk to the Justices.

TORQUAY DIVISION—COUNTY OF DEVON.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Application of Penalties.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Weights:—4 lb., 11 drams deficient; ½ lb., 1½ dram deficient; ½ lb., ½ dram deficient.	Butcher	8 May	– 5 –	– 9 6	Yes	To the County Treasurer.
2	Weights:—2 lb., 1½ dram deficient; ½ lb., ½ dram deficient.	Grocer	8 „	– 5 –	– 9 6	Yes	- ditto.
3	Weights:—14 lb., 9½ oz. deficient; 4 lb., 3 drams deficient.	Marine store dealer	12 „	– 5 –	– 8 3	Yes	- ditto.
4	Weights:—½ lb., 2 drams deficient; ¼ lb., ½ dram deficient.	Butcher	12 „	– 5 –	– 8 3	Yes	- ditto.
5	Weights:—1 lb., 2 drams deficient; ½ lb., 1 dram deficient; ¼ lb., ½ dram deficient; 2 oz., ½ dram deficient.	Grocer	12 „	– 7 6	– 8 3	Yes	- ditto.
6	Weights:—1 lb., 3 drams deficient; ½ lb., 6 drams deficient; ½ lb., 2 drams deficient; ¼ lb., 4 drams deficient; ¼ lb., 2 drams deficient; 2 oz., 1 dram deficient; 2 oz., 1 dram deficient.	Huxter	12 „	– 10 9	– 9 3	Yes	- ditto.

The Informer gets no portion of the Penalty, but is allowed 12 *s.* out of the Costs for personal attendance and hire of horse and carriage to convey weights and measures to sessions.
The condemned weights are first broken, then sold, and the proceeds credited to the County.
The above offences were committed in shops and stores. Twelve shillings per diem granted to the Examiner when he visits 12 shops, to cover his own attendance, an assistant, and hire of horse and cart, &c.

21 December 1866.

Geo. E. Hearder, Clerk to the Justices.

BRIDPORT DIVISION—COUNTY OF DORSET.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Business of Offender.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Whether Penalty or Portion of Penalty given to Informer.	Where Offence Committed.
		1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Shopkeeper	19 April	– 1 –	– 7 –	Yes	Police were informers in each case. One moiety of penalty paid to County Treasurer; the other moiety to Police Superannuation Fund.	In a shop or store
2	Butcher	19 „	1 – –	– 11 6	Yes		- ditto.
3	Shopkeeper	19 „	– 1 –	– 12 6	Yes		- ditto.
4	- ditto	19 „	– 1 –	– 11 6	Yes		- ditto.
5	- ditto	4 May	– 1 –	– 7 –	Yes		- ditto.

The Inspectors receive no Salary or other remuneration.

Fred. W. Gundry, Clerk to the Magistrates.

CERNE DIVISION—COUNTY OF DORSET.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	How Penalty applied.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Butter scales (weighing machine) incorrect and unjust.	Grocer - - -	11 May -	- 1 -	- 9 -	One-half to the Informer, the Superintendent of Police.	In her shop.

There is no Salary as Inspector of Weights and Measures; his salary as Superintendent of Police covers all his duties.

G. J. Andrews, Clerk to the Justices.

DORCHESTER DIVISION—COUNTY OF DORSET.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	When Offence was Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Portion of Penalty given to Informer.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		£. s. d.	
1	One pair of beams and scales, deficient 2½ drams against the purchaser; one pair of beams and scales, deficient 2 drams against the purchaser.	Baker and grocer	24 May -	- 10 -	- 9 -	No - -	- 5 -	In a shop.

No Salary paid to the Inspector, in consequence of its being part of the duties of the Superintendent of Police.

Thomas Coombs, Clerk to the Magistrates.

SHERBORNE DIVISION—COUNTY OF DORSET.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offenders.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence was Committed.
			1866;	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
3	Weights: — 56 lb., 1½ oz. short; 56 lb., 1 oz. short; 4 lb., 3 drams short; 2 lb., 2 drams short; and all unstamped. Beam and scales, 11 oz. against purchaser.	Yeomen - - -	11 May -	1 - -	- 11 6	Yes - -	The weights and scales were found in defendants' store room.

One half of the Penalty was paid to the Inspector (the Superintendent of Police) who returned the amount to the county, towards Police Superannuation Fund; the other half of the Penalty and Costs was returned to the county by the Clerk to the Justices, the Clerk being paid by salary.

Salary or remuneration of Inspector:—2 *d.* per hour whilst out inspecting.

John Y. Melmoth, Clerk.

STURMINSTER DIVISION—COUNTY OF DORSET.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	If Seized and Condemned.	Whether Articles Condemned were given up to the Informer or other Person.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Nine ½-pint measures:—3, 12 drams deficient each; 4, 8 drams deficient each; and 2, 6 drams deficient each.	Licensed Victualler (under the Act 9 Geo. 4, c. 61).	21 April	- 1 -	- 7 -	Seized and condemned.	To the Informer (the Superintendent of Police) to be sold.	In his house.
2	Six beer glasses:—1, 8 drams deficient; 3, 7 drams deficient each; 1, 6 drams deficient; and 1, 5 drams deficient.	Licensed Victualler (under the Act 9 Geo. 4, c. 61).	13 „	- 1 -	- 7 -	ditto -	- ditto -	- ditto.

A moiety of the Penalty was, in each case, awarded to the Superannuation Fund of the County Constabulary. The Costs to the county; the Clerk to the Justices being paid by salary.

The Superintendents of Police in this Division are the Inspectors, and the county only allow them the bare expenses out of pocket.

Newton Blandford, 1 September 1866.

Robert R. Harvey, Clerk to the Justices.

SOUTH DIVISION, EASINGTON WARD—COUNTY OF DURHAM.

No persons have been convicted within this division of using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances, for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

By order of Quarter Sessions the Superintendent of Police is appointed Inspector of Weights and Measures for this district; he receives no Salary or other remuneration as such Inspector.

J. S. Robinson, Clerk of the Petty Sessions.

SUNDERLAND DIVISION, EASINGTON WARD—COUNTY OF DURHAM.

No persons have been convicted within this division of using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances, for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

By order of Quarter Sessions the Superintendent of Police is appointed Inspector of Weights and Measures for this district; he receives no Salary or other remuneration as such Inspector.

John Kidson, Clerk.

ROCHFORD DIVISION—COUNTY OF ESSEX.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on by the Offender.	Date.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Penalty and Costs given to Informer or other Person engaged.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		£. s. d.	
1	Weights:—2 lb., 4 drams deficient; 1 lb., 1 dram deficient.	Baker - -	14 May -	- 5 -	- 8 -	Both weights seized and condemned.	- 2 6	In a shop.

The Superintendent of Police is Inspector, and receives no Salary or allowance, except for travelling expenses; and the share of Penalty awarded to him is paid to the Police Superannuation Fund.

William Swaine, Clerk.

MOLD DIVISION—COUNTY OF FLINT.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Place where the Offence was Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Five pint measures, 1 oz. deficient each in liquid quantity.	Alehouse keeper -	13 April -	- 5 -	- 7 6	Yes - -	The alehouse.

One half of the Penalty was paid to the Informer, and the articles condemned were given up to him.

The Salary is paid by the county, at the rate of 7 *s.* 6 *d.* per day, for expenses, when exclusively engaged as Inspector of Weights and Measures.

Roberts, Kelly, & Keene, Clerks to the Justices.

PRESTATYN DIVISION—COUNTY OF FLINT.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Fine and Costs.	Fine, how apportioned.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.			
1	Having three unjust ½-pint glass measures in his possession.	Alehouse keeper -	17 April -	- 10 -	Half to county rate, and half to informant.	Yes - - -	In alehouse.
2	Having one unjust ½-pint glass measure in his possession.	Beerhouse keeper -	30 May -	- 8 -	- - ditto - -	Yes - - -	In beerhouse.
3	Having three unjust ½-pint glass measures in his possession.	Alehouse keeper -	30 „ -	- 11 6	- - ditto - -	Yes - - -	In alehouse.

3 September 1866.

Wyatt & Sisson, Clerks to the Justices.

TEWKESBURY DIVISION—COUNTY OF GLOUCESTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Where Offence Committed.
				£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
1	Weights:—56 lb., 10 drams overweight; 56 lb. (two), 12 drams overweight each; 56 lb., 4 drams overweight; 56 lb., 3 drams overweight; 4 lb., 4 drams overweight; 2 lb., 2 drams overweight; 2 lb. 2 drams light.	Miller	13 June	– 1 –	– 9 –	In mill.
2	Weights:—56 lb. (two), 1 oz. light each; 56 lb., ½ oz. light; 28 lb. ½ oz. light; 7 lb., 2 drams heavy; 2 lb. (two), 2 drams heavy each.	Miller and maltster	13 „	– 1 –	– 9 –	ditto.
3	Weights:—28 lb., 6 drams light; 14 lb., 6 drams light; ½ lb., 1 dram light.	Miller and baker	13 „	– 1 –	– 9 –	ditto.
4	Weights:—56 lb. (two), 1 oz. light each; 56 lb. (two), 10 drams light each; 56 lb., 14 drams light; 56 lb. (two), 8 drams light each; 56 lb., 10 drams light; 28 lb., 8 drams light; 14 lb. (three), 4 drams light each; 7 lb., 2 drams light; 5 lb. 6 drams heavy; 4 lb. 2 drams light.	ditto	13 „	1 – –	– 9 –	In mill and bakehouse.
5	Weights:—56 lb. (two), 8 drams light each; 56 lb. (two), 14 drams light each; 28 lb., 6 drams light; 28 lb., 1 oz. light.	Coal dealer	13 „	– 5 –	– 9 –	In coalyard.
6	Weights:—56 lb. (two), 8 drams light each; 28 lb., 3 drams light; 28 lb., 4 drams light; 4 lb., 1 dram light; 2 lb., 3 drams light; 1 lb., ½ dram light; ¼ lb., ½ dram light.	Butcher	13 „	1 – –	– 9 –	In shop.

All the above weights were seized, but none were condemned. All the Informations were laid by the Police.

Charles W. Moore, Clerk to the Justices.

HERTFORD DIVISION—COUNTY OF HERTFORD.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date of Offence.	Date of Conviction.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Application of Penalty.
			1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Five unjust weights, from ¼ lb. to a dram each deficient.	Shopkeeper and beer retailer.	22 March	28 March	1 – –	– 6 –	Yes	Half to Borough Police Superannuation Fund, the other half to County Rate.

The Inspector has no salary; he is paid fees for adjusting the weights, which amount to about 2 *l.* per annum.

24 August 1866.

Matthew S. Longmore, Clerk to the Magistrates.

AYLESFORD, EAST DIVISION—COUNTY OF KENT.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on by Offender.	Date when Offence Committed.	Date of Conviction.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.
			1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
1	Pair of scales in shop, ½ oz. incorrect and unjust	Grocer	20 March	4 June	5 – –	– 10 –	No.
2	Pair of scales in mill, ½ lb. incorrect and unjust	Miller	12 „	4 „	5 – –	– 9 –	
3	Pair of scales in shop, 8 drams incorrect and unjust	Butcher	22 „	4 „	5 – –	– 9 –	
4	Pair of scales in shop, 3 drams incorrect and unjust	Grocer	22 „	4 „	2 – –	– 9 –	
5	Pair of scales in mill, 6 oz. incorrect and unjust	Miller	22 „	4 „	– 5 –	– 9 –	
6	Pair of scales in mill, 8 drams incorrect and unjust	ditto	26 „	4 „	2 10 –	– 9 –	
7	Pair of scales in shop, 8 drams incorrect and unjust	Grocer	26 „	4 „	2 – –	– 9 –	
8	ditto ditto	ditto	26 „	4 „	5 – –	– 9 –	
9	Pair of scales in shop, ½ lb. incorrect and unjust	Butcher	28 „	4 „	– 5 –	– 9 –	
10	Pair of scales in shop, 12 drams incorrect and unjust	Pork butcher	4 April	4 „	– 5 –	– 9 –	
11	Pair of scales in shop, 4 drams incorrect and unjust	Grocer	4 „	4 „	– 2 6	– 10 –	
12	Pair of scales in shop, 2½ drams incorrect and unjust	ditto	3 May	4 „	– 5 –	– 10 –	
13	Pair of scales in shop, 6 drams incorrect and unjust	Butcher	14 „	4 „	3 – –	– 10 –	
14	Pair of scales in shop, 8 drams incorrect and unjust	Grocer	14 „	4 „	– 2 6	– 9 –	
15	Quart measure, incorrect and unjust	Innkeeper	14 „	4 „	– 2 6	– 9 –	Yes.
16	Weights:—2 lb., 3 drams light; 1 lb., 2 drams light; ½ lb., 1 dram light.	Baker	18 „	4 „	5 – –	– 10 –	
17	Pair of scales in shop, 12 drams incorrect and unjust	Grocer	25 „	4 „	2 – –	– 9 –	No.
18	Two 56 lb. weights, not stamped	Coal merchant	28 March	4 „	5 – –	– 9 –	
19	Yard measure, not stamped	Draper	28 „	4 „	– 5 –	– 9 –	

A moiety of the Penalty in each case was given to the Informer.

Amount of Salary or other remuneration given to the Inspector of Weights and Measures by order of the Court of General Sessions:—£. 26 per annum, and 10 *s.* per day for each day inspecting under a warrant, and 1 *s.* per mile one way for travelling expenses.

17 December 1866.

Beale & Hoar, Clerks to the Justices.

AYLESFORD, NORTH DIVISION—COUNTY OF KENT.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date when Offence Committed.	Penalty Imposed.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	What Portion of Penalties, Costs, and Articles given to the Informer.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Weights, two ¼ lb., each ¼ dram deficient; one balance, 3 drams uneven.	Grocer - -	1 March -	1 - -	- 15 6	Yes, weights; never balances.	Costs, and moiety	In a shop.
2	Weights, from ¼ dram to 5¼ drams deficient.	ditto - -	29 „ -	2 - -	- 12 -	Yes - -	- ditto - -	- ditto.
3	Scales, ½ oz. uneven - - -	ditto - -	26 „ -	- 2 6	- 12 -	No - -	- ditto - -	- ditto.
4	Scales, ¾ oz. uneven - - -	ditto - -	29 „ -	- 5 -	- 6 9	No - -	- ditto - -	- ditto.
5	- - ditto - - - -	ditto - -	29 „ -	- 5 -	- 6 9	No - -	- ditto - -	- ditto.
6	Weights, from ¼ dram to 1 dram deficient.	Tobacconist -	29 „ -	- 10 -	- 12 -	Yes - -	- ditto - -	- ditto.
7	Scales, ¼ oz. uneven - - -	Grocer - -	26 „ -	- 2 6	- 11 6	No - -	- ditto - -	- ditto.
8	Weights, from ¼ dram to 1½ dram deficient; scales, 5 drams uneven.	ditto - -	26 „ -	1 - -	- 12 -	Weights, yes; scales, no.	- ditto - -	- ditto.
9	Scales, 1 oz. uneven - - -	Butcher - -	25 May -	- 10 -	- 11 6	No - -	- ditto - -	- ditto.
10	Weight, 3¾ oz. too heavy; scales, 1 oz. uneven.	- ditto - -	26 „ -	1 - -	- 11 6	Weight, yes; scales, no.	- ditto - -	- ditto.
11	Liquid measures, ½ gill deficient	Victualler -	26 „ -	1 - -	- 12 -	Yes - -	- ditto - -	In the bar.

Salary of the Inspector, 32 *l.*

The Precinct of Rochester,
30 October 1866.

Geo. Essell, pro *Geo. Furrell*,
Clerk to Justices.

TUNBRIDGE WELLS DIVISION OF LOWER SOUTH AYLESFORD—COUNTY OF KENT.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date when Offence Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized or Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.	Amount Paid to Informer.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Weighing machine, 3 lb. against purchaser.	Dealer in coals -	17 April -	- 2 6	- 12 -	Neither -	In a shed -	One-half.
2	Flour scales, ½ oz. against purchaser	Grocer and draper	17 „ -	- - 6	- 11 -	- ditto - -	In a shop -	
3	Weights:—4 lb., 6 drams light; ½ lb., 3 drams light.	Baker - - -	17 „ -	- 1 -	- 11 -	Seized - -	- ditto -	
4	Flour scales. 1¼ oz. against purchaser	ditto - - -	28 May -	- 1 -	- 11 -	Neither - -	- ditto -	
5	Weights:—4 oz., 1 dram light; 2 oz. and ½ oz., light	Seller of sweets -	29 „ -	- 1 -	- 11 -	Seized - -	- ditto -	
6	Weight, 2 lb., light - - - -	Grocer - -	29 „ -	- 1 -	- 13 -	- ditto - -	- ditto -	

Stone & Wall, Clerks to Justices.

ASHTON-UNDER-LYNE DIVISION—COUNTY OF LANCASTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date when Offence Committed.	Date of Conviction.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	In what Place Offence Committed.
			1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Two measures, defective - - -	Beerseller - -	22 March	28 March	- 2 6	- 10 -	Yes - -	In a beershop.
2	Measure, defective - - - -	- ditto - -	22 „	28 „	- 5 -	- 12 -	Yes - -	- ditto.
3	Weighing machine, ¾ oz. against purchaser.	Provision dealer -	10 April -	18 April -	- 2 6	- 11 -	No - -	In a shop.
4	- - ditto - - ditto - - -	- ditto - -	10 „	18 „	- 2 6	- 10 -	No - -	ditto.
5	Weight, 5 drams light - - -	- ditto - -	16 „	25 „	- 5 -	- 12 -	Yes - -	ditto.
6	Weighing machine, ¾ oz. against purchaser.	- ditto - -	16 „	25 „	- 2 6	- 11 -	No - -	ditto
7	Weighing machine, ¼ oz. against purchaser.	- ditto - -	11 May -	16 May -	- 2 6	- 10 -	No - -	ditto.

No portion of the penalties and costs or articles condemned were given to the Informer who laid the informations, or other persons engaged in enforcing the law.

The fines, together with the amount received from the sale of condemned articles (which were sold for old metal), were paid over to the Treasurer of the County of Lancaster.

The Salary given to the Inspector is 30 *l.* per year.

Henry Hall, Clerk of the Petty Sessions.

BACUP AND RAWTENSTALL DIVISION—COUNTY OF LANCASTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Occupation of Defendant.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Penalty, to whom Paid.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Small scale, ¾ oz. against purchaser	Ironmonger - -	6 April	- 2 6	- 11 -	No - -	To the police -	In a shop.
2	½ lb. weight, ½ dram light, and unstamped.	Shopkeeper - -	17 „	- 2 6	- 11 -	Yes - -	- ditto -	- ditto.
3	2 lb. weight, 9 drams light, and unstamped.	Grocer, &c. - -	17 „	- 2 6	- 12 -	Yes - -	- ditto -	- ditto.
4	1 lb. weight, 2 drams light, and unstamped; and one ½ lb. weight, 2 drams light, and unstamped.	Shopkeeper - -	21 May -	- 2 6	- 11 -	Yes - -	- ditto -	- ditto.

Unjust weights are seized, and if the party be convicted they are sold, and the proceeds returned to the County Treasurer. Scales and balances are not seized.

The Inspector of Weights and Measures is Superintendent of Police; he receives 30 *l.* a year for Salary and expenses in conveying weights, &c. from place to place within the division.

8 October 1866.

E. M. Wright, Clerk to the Justices.

BLACKBURN, HIGHER DIVISION—COUNTY OF LANCASTER.

Burnley Petty Sessions.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Trade or Business.	Date of Conviction.	Penalty.	Costs.	Amount returnable to the County Treasurer.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
1	A false beam and scales, 2 oz. deficient -	Grocer - - -	30 April -	- 5 -	- 12 -	- 5 -	In his shop.
2*	A false beam and scales, 2 drams deficient	ditto - - -	30 „ -	4 9 -	- 11 -	4 9 -	- ditto.

* The defendant in this case had a piece of lead under one scale, which he could move and remove at pleasure.

The Inspector is allowed 30 *l.* a year from the county for expenses, he being one of the Superintendents of the County Constabulary.

Handsley, Tattersall, & Artindale, Clerks to the Justices.

BLACKBURN, LOWER DIVISION—COUNTY OF LANCASTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Occupation.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
1	4 lb. weight, 6 drams light; flour scale, 1 oz. against purchaser.	Grocer - - - -	23 April -	2 10 -	1 4 -	Haslingden Grane.
2	Flour scales, 1 oz. against purchaser -	- ditto - - - -	23 „ -	- -	- 9 6	Musbury.
3	- - ditto - - ditto - - - -	- ditto - - - -	24 „ -	- 5 -	- 11 -	Moon's Mill, Walton.
4	Flour scales, 2 oz. against purchaser -	- ditto - - - -	24 „ -	- 5 -	- 12 -	School-lane, Walton.
5	Flour scales, 1 oz. against purchaser -	- ditto - - - -	24 „ -	- -	- 6 6	Bamber Bridge, Walton.
6	- - ditto - - ditto - - - -	- ditto - - - -	25 „ -	- -	- 6 6	Walton-le-Dale.
7	¼ lb. weight, 4 drams light - - -	Greengrocer - - -	25 „ -	- -	- 7 6	- ditto.
8	Small scales, 3 drams against purchaser	Grocer - - - -	3 May -	1 - -	- 12 -	Livesey.
9	Flour scales, 1½ oz. against purchaser -	- ditto - - - -	3 „ -	- 10 -	- 12 -	- ditto.
10	Flour scales, ¼ lb. against purchaser -	- ditto - - - -	3 „ -	- 2 6	- 10 4	Over Darwen.
11	Flour scales, 1 oz. against purchaser -	- ditto - - - -	5 „ -	- 1 -	- 9 4	- ditto.
12	Small scales, 2½ oz. against purchaser -	Fish dealer - - -	5 „ -	- 2 6	- 9 4	- ditto.
13	Small scales, 3 drams against purchaser	Grocer - - - -	5 „ -	- 10 -	- 11 -	Bamber Bridge.
14	Weights:—2 lb., 3 drams light; 1 lb., 2 drams light; ½ lb., 1½ dram light.	- ditto - - - -	8 „ -	- 5 -	- 11 -	Oswaldtwistle.
15	Flour scales, 2½ lb. against purchaser -	- ditto - - - -	10 „ -	- 5 -	- 9 4	Over Darwen.
16	Flour scales, 1 oz. against purchaser -	- ditto - - - -	10 „ -	- 1 -	- 9 4	- ditto.
17	Flour scales, 2 oz. against purchaser -	- ditto - - - -	10 „ -	- 2 6	- 9 4	- ditto.
18	Two glasses (representing ½ pints), two pot measures (representing ½ pints), and one pot measure (representing a pint), deficient.	Licensed victualler - -	11 „ -	- 2 6	- 9 4	Haslingden.
19	Nine glasses, representing ½ pints, deficient.	- ditto - - - -	11 „ -	- 2 6	- 9 4	Helmshore.
20	Flour scales, 1 oz. against purchaser -	Grocer - - - -	8 June -	- 10 -	- 13 6	Ribchester.
21	Flour scales, 1½ lb. against purchaser -	- ditto - - - -	8 „ -	- -	- 10 8	Longridge.
22	Nine glasses, representing ½ pints -	Licensed victualler - -	8 „ -	- 5 -	- 12 -	- ditto.
23	Twenty glasses, representing ½ pints -	- ditto - - - -	8 „ -	- 5 -	- 12 11	Chipping.
24	Four glasses, representing ½ pints -	- ditto - - - -	8 „ -	- 10 -	- 13 11	- ditto.
25	Seven glasses, representing ½ pints -	- ditto - - - -	8 „ -	- 5 -	- 13 -	Chaighley.

The weights and measures found deficient are seized, condemned, and forfeited, and broken up. The Police being the informants, the Penalties are paid to them, and remitted to the County Treasurer.

The offences herein stated have all been committed on the premises of the party summoned.

Salary of Inspector of Weights and Measures is 7 *l.* 10 *s.* per quarter, he being as well the Superintendent of Police for the district.

7 September 1866.

Thos. Ainsworth, Clerk to the Magistrates.

BLACKBURN, LOWER DIVISION—COUNTY OF LANCASTER.

Haslingden and Musbury Townships.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Occupation of Defendant.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Penalty, to whom Paid.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Small scale, 1 oz. against purchaser	Shopkeeper -	30 April	2 - -	- 12 -	No - -	County Treasurer -	In a shop.
2	4 lb. weight, 7 drams light, and unstamped.	- ditto - -	30 „	- 10 -	- 9 -	Yes - -	- ditto - -	- ditto.

The Inspector of Weights and Measures is Superintendent of Police; he receives 30 *l.* a year for salary and expenses in conveying weights, &c. from place to place within the division. Unjust weights are seized, but not sold. Scales and balances are not seized.

6 October 1866. *Wright & Hall*, Clerks to the Justices.

BLACKBURN, LOWER DIVISION—COUNTY OF LANCASTER.

District of Walton-le-Dale.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Hearing.	Fine.	Costs.	Whether any Balance Seized or Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866;	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Unjust scales, 1 oz. against the purchaser.	Grocer and flour dealer	4 May -	- 5 -	- 11 -	No. The Act 5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 63, s. 28, does not authorize the seizure of scales.	In the shop.
2	Unjust scales, 2 oz. against the purchaser.	- ditto - - -	4 „ -	- 5 -	- 12 -	- - ditto - -	- ditto.
3	Unjust scales, 2 drams against the purchaser.	Grocer - - -	4 „ -	- 10 -	- 11 -	- - ditto - -	- ditto.

The Fines were paid to the Informer, William Read, Superintendent of Police and Inspector of Weights and Measures for the division.

Remuneration paid to the Inspector for the division, 30 *l.* per annum.

Walker & Cotman, Clerks to the Petty Sessions.

BOLTON DIVISION—COUNTY OF LANCASTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on by the Offender.	Date when the Offence was Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.	If Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	A piece of loose lead illegally attached to bottom of scales.	Provision dealer -	4 April -	1 - -	- 10 -	None - - -	In a shop.
2	Weights:—1 lb., ½ dram light; 2 lb., unstamped, and ½ dram light.	- ditto - -	4 May -	- 2 6	- 10 -	Seized, condemned, and sold as old metal, the proceeds paid to the County Treasurer.	- ditto.
3	Scales, ½ oz. against the purchaser -	- ditto - -	17 „ -	- 2 6	- 10 -	None - - -	- ditto.
4	Scales, 7½ drams against the purchaser	- ditto - -	17 „ -	- 2 6	- 10 -	None - - -	- ditto.
5	Scales, 6 drams against the purchaser -	- ditto - -	22 „ -	- 2 6	- 10 -	None - - -	- ditto.

The Penalties were paid to the Treasurer for the County.

No portion of the penalties and costs and articles condemned was given to the Informer who laid the information, or other person engaged in enforcing the law.

The Salary of the Inspector of Weights and Measures is 7 *l.* 10 *s.* per quarter.

31 August 1866. *Christopher Briggs*, Clerk to the Magistrates.

BURY DIVISION—COUNTY OF LANCASTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Fifteen various weights, in total about 9½ drams light.	Greengrocer - -	20 April -	1 - -	- 10 -	Seized and condemned	In a shop.
2	Six weights, 4 drams light - -	Grocer - - -	19 „ -	- 10 -	- 10 -	- ditto - -	- ditto.
3	Seven weights, 3½ drams light -	ditto - - -	17 „ -	1 - -	- 10 -	- ditto - -	- ditto.

The Penalties were all paid to the County Treasurer.

The sum of 30 *l.* a year is allowed to the Inspector of Weights and Measures for travelling expenses.

CHORLEY DIVISION—COUNTY OF LANCASTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Trade or Business.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	If Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.			
1	Weights:—7 lb., ¼ oz. light; 7 lb., 3 drams light; 4 lb., 3 drams light.	Potato dealer -	21 April -	- 2 6	According to the approved scale of fees to justices' clerks, say about 10 *s.* 6 *d.*	Yes - -	In the market-place.
2	Weights:—Two 7 lb., each 6 drams light; 2 lb., 2 drams light.	Farmer - -	21 „ -	- 2 6	- - ditto - -	Yes - -	- - ditto.

The Penalties were paid to the County Treasurer.

The Salary of the Inspector of Weights and Measures is 30 *l* a year, who is the Informer.

18 December 1866.

James C. Crook, Clerk of Petty Sessions.

KIRKDALE DIVISION—COUNTY OF LANCASTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date when Offence Committed.	Date of Conviction.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Whether Penalty or Costs given to Informer.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	4 lb. weight, 4¾ oz. light -	Shopkeeper -	16 May -	8 June -	- 2 -	- 10 -	Yes - -	Paid to County Treasurer.	In a shop.
2	Pair of scales, 1 oz. against purchaser.	Butcher - -	16 „ -	8 „ -	- 5 -	- 10 -	No - -	- ditto -	- ditto.

The Salary of the Inspector of Weights and Measures is 30 *l*.

County Magistrates' Office,
42, Basnett-street, Liverpool, 8 October 1866.

Eaton & Swift, Clerks to the Justices.

KIRKHAM DIVISION—COUNTY OF LANCASTER.

Hundred of Amounderness.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on by Offender.	Date when Offence Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Weights:—7 lb., 6 drams light; 7 lb., 5 drams light; 4 lb., 3 drams light; 2 lb., 3 drams light; 1 lb., 1 dram light.	Grocer - - - -	13 March -	- 10 -	- 12 -	Yes - -	In a shop.
2	Weight, 2 lb., 5 drams light - -	- ditto - - - -	16 April -	- 2 6	- 15 -	Yes - -	- ditto.

The Penalties and Costs were paid to the Informer.

The amount of Salary paid to the Inspector of Weights and Measures is 30 *l*. per annum.

19 October 1866.

Richard Moore, Clerk to the Justices.

LONSDALE, NORTH, DIVISION—COUNTY OF LANCASTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	7 lb. weight, 4 drams light -	Farmer - -	10 May -	- - 6	- 12 -	Seized, and returned to offender after conviction, corrected.	In a public street.

The Penalty was paid to the Informer, who is one of the Inspectors.

Amount of Salary paid to Inspectors:—To Inspector Cooper, 7 *l*. 10 *s*. per quarter; and to Inspector Smith, 2 *l*. 5 *s*. 7½ *d*. per quarter.

R. Francis Parker, Clerk of Petty Sessions.

MANCHESTER DIVISION—COUNTY OF LANCASTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	How Disposed of.	Place where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Weight, 7 lb., ½ oz. light	Provision dealer	26 January	5 – –	– 10 –	Forfeited	In a shop.
2	Weight, 7 lb., ½ oz. light	Provision dealer and butcher.	26 „	3 – –	– 10 –	ditto	ditto.
3	Weight, 4 lb., 4¼ oz. light	Provision dealer	27 „	2 – –	– 10 –	ditto	ditto.
4	Weight, 2 lb., 2 oz. light	Fishmonger	17 March	1 – –	– 10 –	ditto	ditto.
5	Weights:—1 lb., 6 drams light; ½ lb., 5 drams light; ¼ lb., 4 drams light.	Tripe dealer	13 April	1 – –	– 10 –	ditto	ditto.
6	Weights:—4 lb., ¼ oz. light; 2 lb., ½ oz. light.	Seedsman	18 May	2 – –	– 10 –	ditto	ditto.
7	Weights:—5 lb., ¾ oz. light; ¼ lb., ½ oz. light.	Provision dealer	13 June	2 – –	– 10 –	ditto	ditto.
8	Weight, 1 lb., 5 drams light	ditto	21 „	– 10 –	– 10 –	ditto	ditto.

The Penalties were paid to the County Rate.

The Salary paid to each of the Inspectors is 30 *l.* per annum.

Wm. S. Rutter, Clerk to the Magistrates.

OLDHAM DIVISION—COUNTY OF LANCASTER.

Townships of Alkrington, Chadderton, Crompton, Royton, and Tonge.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Weights:—2 lb., 3 drams light; ½ lb., 1 dram light.	Grocer	4 May	– 7 6	– 13 –	Seized and condemned	In a shop.
2	Weight, ½ lb., 3½ drams light	Confectioner	16 April	– 2 6	– 11 –	ditto	ditto.
3	Weights:—8 lb., 1½ oz. and 3 drams light; 2 lb., ½ dram light; 1 lb., 3 drams light; 1 lb., ½ dram light; ¼ lb., 7 drams light; 2 oz., ½ dram light.	Grocer and confectioner.	19 May	– 10 –	– 11 –	ditto	ditto.

The Penalties were paid to the County Treasurer, per Police.

The Salary of the Inspector is 30 *l.*

Kay Clegg, Clerk to the Justices.

ORMSKIRK DIVISION—COUNTY OF LANCASTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date when Offence Committed.	Penalties.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Forfeited.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Weights:—4 lb., 6 drams light; 4 lb., 5 drams light; 2 lb., 3 drams light; 2 lb., 6 drams light; 1 lb., 1½ dram light; 1 lb., 10½ drams light; ½ lb., 3 drams light; ½ lb., 1 dram light; ¼ lb., 2 drams light.	Butcher	10 April	2 – –	– 10 –	Weights seized by Inspector and forfeited.	In a shop.
2	Weights:—2 lb., ½ oz. light; 2 lb., 1 dram light; ½ oz., ½ dram light.	Provision dealer	3 May	1 – –	– 12 –	ditto	ditto.
3	Weights:—2 lb., 6 drams light; 2 lb., 1 dram light; ½ lb., 1 dram light.	Greengrocer	3 „	1 – –	– 12 –	ditto	ditto.

The Penalty and 2 *s.* for service of summons, in each case, was paid to the Inspector; the remainder of the Costs was paid to the Magistrates' Clerks.
The amount of Salary paid to the Inspector is 30 *l.* per annum.

OVER DARWEN DIVISION—COUNTY OF LANCASTER.

(Within the Lower Division of the Hundred of Blackburn).

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on by Offender.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Weights and scales, 2 oz. against purchaser.	Grocer and shopkeeper -	10 May -	- 2 6	- 9 4	- - -	In a shop.
2	Weights and scales, 1 oz. against purchaser.	- - ditto - - -	10 „ -	- 1 -	- 9 4	Weights broken up and sold for old metal, and accounted for by Inspector to County Treasurer.	- ditto.
3	Weights and scales, 2½ oz. against purchaser.	Fish hawker - - -	5 „ -	- 2 6	- 9 4		In the street.
4	Weights and scales, 1 oz. against purchaser.	Grocer and shopkeeper -	5 „ -	- 1 -	- 9 4		In a shop.
5	Weights and scales - - -	- - ditto - - -	5 „ -	- 5 -	- 9 4		- ditto.
6	Weights and scales, 3 oz. against purchaser.	- - ditto - - -	10 „ -	- 2 6	- 10 4	- - -	- ditto.

Half the Penalties were given to the Inspector of Weights and Measures (he being the Informer); and the Costs to the Police for the service of the summonses, &c.; and the remainder to the Clerk.

The Inspector's Salary is 30 *l.* per annum for the whole of the Blackburn Lower Division.

WARRINGTON DIVISION—COUNTY OF LANCASTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	If Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Unstamped weights - - - -	Beerseller - -	7 May -	- -	- 11 6	Stamped and returned.	In the shop.
2	- - ditto - - - - -	Shopkeeper - -	7 „ -	- -	- 11 6	- ditto - -	- ditto.
3	- - ditto - - - - -	- ditto - -	7 „ -	- -	- 11 6	- ditto - -	- ditto.
4	Scales, 1½ oz. wrong - - - -	- ditto - - -	7 „ -	- -	- 11 6	Not forfeited -	- ditto.
5	Counter scales, ¾ oz. too heavy; a pair of tin scales, with a nail tied under, to give draft against the buyer.	Grocer - - -	7 „ -	- 5 -	- 16 -	- ditto - -	- ditto.
6	Scales, 1½ lb. against the purchaser -	Miller and flour dealer.	7 „ -	- 5 -	- 16 -	- ditto - -	In the mill.
7	Two unstamped and incorrect weights:—One upwards of 3 lbs. wrong; the other, ½ oz. wrong.	Shopkeeper - -	7 „ -	- 5 -	- 17 -	Forfeited - -	In the shop.

The Informations were laid by Robert Stevenson, the Inspector of Weights and Measures.

The Salary paid by the County of Lancaster for the inspection of the whole of the Warrington Division is 90 *l.* per annum. No portions of the Penalties are paid to the Inspector of Weights and Measures.

Richard Leigh.

LEICESTER DIVISION—COUNTY OF LEICESTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Date of Conviction.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	2 lb. weight, 12 drams light; ½ lb. weight, 2⅔ drams light; quart measure, 1½ dram light; pint measure, 3½ drams light; two half-pint measures, each ½ dram light; two pairs of weighing machines (balances), each 4 drams light.	Beerhouse-keeper, baker, and shopkeeper.	29 May -	2 June -	- 18 -	- 12 -	Yes - -	In his shop and bake-house.

No part of the Penalty or Costs or articles condemned was given to the Informer, who is the Inspector.

The Inspectors of Weights and Measures in this county are the Superintendents of Police in the several special Sessional Divisions, and receive their Salary as Superintendents of Police; but they receive no remuneration as Inspectors of Weights and Measures.

21 August 1866.

Sam. Greatorex, Clerk to the Petty Sessions.

LUTTERWORTH DIVISION—COUNTY OF LEICESTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date when Offence Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Weights:—7 lb., 3 drams light; 4 lb., 3 drams light; 3 lb., 3 drams light; 2 lb., 2½ drams light; two 1 lb., each 2½ drams light; two 8 oz., each 1½ dram light; 4 oz., 1 dram light; 2 oz., ½ dram light; 1 oz., ½ dram light.	Provision dealer -	9 June -	1 - -	- 13 -	Yes - -	In a store.
2	Three quart earthenware jugs, each 1 oz. deficient; one ditto, 1½ oz. deficient; one ditto, 2 oz. deficient.	Licensed victualler -	8 ,, -	1 - -	- 13 -	Yes - -	In a house.

One-half the Penalty was given in each case to the Informer for the Police Superannuation Fund. The Weights were sent to Leicester, and sold for the benefit of the county.

The Superintendent of Police for this division is Inspector of Weights and Measures, and, as such, receives no distinct salary.

Thomas Watson,
J. H. Watson, } Clerks to the Justices.

MARKET BOSWORTH DIVISION—COUNTY OF LEICESTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Weights:—4 lb., 5 drams light; 2 lb., 6 drams light; ½ lb., 2½ drams light.	Grocer - -	11 June -	- 5 -	- 14 -	Seized and condemned and ordered to be destroyed.	In a shop.
2	Weighing machine, 1 oz. against purchaser.	Baker - - -	11 ,, -	- 10 -	- 12 6	- ditto - -	In a bakehouse.

One moiety of the Penalty was paid in each case to the Informer, on account of the Superannuation Fund, and the other moiety was paid to the County Treasurer.

The Inspector for this division, being Superintendent of Police, receives no augmentation of his salary for his services as such Inspector.

Hinckley, 23 November 1866. *Stephen Pilgrim,* Clerk to the Justices.

BARTON-ON-HUMBER DIVISION (PARTS OF LINDSEY)—COUNTY OF LINCOLN.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date when Offence Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Whether any Portion of Penalty given to Informer.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Scales, 6 drams against the purchaser.	Butcher -	23 April -	- - 6	- 9 6	No - -	Moiety - -	In a shop.
2	Scales, 1 oz. 6 drams against the purchaser.	- ditto -	24 ,, -	- 10 -	- 10 6	No - -	- ditto - -	- ditto.
3	Scales, 8 drams against the purchaser.	- ditto -	23 ,, -	- - 6	- 9 6	No - -	- ditto - -	- ditto.

Salary of Inspector of Weights and Measures, 4 *l.* a year.

Robert Brown, Clerk to the Justices.

HUNDRED OF DEYTHUR—COUNTY OF MONTGOMERY.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date when Offence Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	To whom Penalties and Costs were Paid.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Unjust weight, 28 lb., 2½ oz. light against the buyer; and flour scales, 2 oz. against buyer.	Provision dealer	24 May -	- 5 -	- 7 -	No - -	Penalty and 3 *s.* costs paid to the County Treasurer; remainder to the Clerk for his costs.	In a shop.
2	Unjust balances, flour scales, 2 oz. against the buyer.	- ditto -	24 ,, -	- 1 -	- 7 -	No - -	- ditto - -	- ditto.
3	Unjust balances, flour scales, 2 oz. against the buyer.	- ditto -	24 ,, -	- 1 6	- 6 6	No - -	Penalty and 2 *s.* 6 *d.* costs paid to the County Treasurer; remainder to the Clerk for his costs.	- ditto.

There is only one Inspector for the whole County of Montgomery, and he is paid by the County Treasurer according to time occupied, and his expenses.

LLANIDLOES DIVISION—COUNTY OF MONTGOMERY.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Application of Penalty.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Weight, 4 lb., 6 drams light	Draper and grocer	5 March	– 5 –	– 6 –	Yes	To the County Fund.	In her shop.
2	Weights :—2 lb., 3 drams light; 1 lb., 2½ drams light; and 1 pair small scales, 3½ drams heavy against the buyer.	Fruit dealer	5 „	1 – –	– 6 –	Yes	ditto	In his shop.
3	Measures :—1 quart, little more than a gill short; ½ pint, near ½ gill short.	Innkeeper	5 „	– 2 6	– 6 –	Yes	ditto	In his house.
4	Weights :—1 lb., 2½ drams light; ½ lb., little more than a dram light.	Grocer	5 „	– 5 –	– 6 –	Yes	ditto	In his house or shop.

The Inspector, William Davies, Police Constable, of Newtown, is appointed by the Justices at Quarter Sessions, and paid out of the County Fund.

18 December 1866.

J. Jenkins, Clerk to the Justices.

LLANIDLOES, UPPER, DIVISION—COUNTY OF MONTGOMERY.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Application of Penalty.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Weights :—4 lb., 4 drams light; 2 lb., 6½ drams light; 1 lb., near 3 drams light.	Provision dealer	20 March	– 10 –	– 6 –	Yes	To the County Fund.	In his shop.
2	Measure, 1 pint, ¼ gill short	Innkeeper	6 „	– 2 –	– 6 –	Yes	ditto	In her house.
3	Measures :—1 quart, nearly a gill short; 1 pint, ½ gill short.	Beerhouse-keeper	6 „	– 3 6	– 6 –	Yes	ditto	In his house.
4	Measures :—1 pint, ½ gill short; 1 pint, ¼ gill short.	ditto	6 „	– 3 6	– 6 –	Yes	ditto	In the house.

The Inspector, Police Constable William Davies, of Newtown, is appointed and paid by the County authorities, at Quarter Sessions.

18 December 1866.

J. Jenkins, Clerk to the Justices.

MACHYNLLETH DIVISION—COUNTY OF MONTGOMERY.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Amount of Fine and Costs Paid to Informer.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		£. s. d.
1	This cannot be ascertained, as I am imformed by the Inspector that he did not keep any account of the amount of inaccuracy of each particular weight, measure, or scale.	Innkeeper	22 March	– 10 –	– 9 –	Two pint measures seized and condemned.	– 13 –
2		ditto	22 „	– 2 6	– 8 –	Five measures seized and condemned	– 4 6
3		ditto	22 „	– 5 –	– 8 –	Two measures seized and condemned	– 7 –
4		Market hall-keeper	21 „	– 5 –	– 8 –	One weight seized and condemned	– 7 –
5		Grocer	20 „	1 – –	– 8 –	One weight seized and condemned; scales not condemned.	1 2 –
6		ditto	19 „	– 10 –	– 8 6	Two weights seized and condemned	– 12 6
7		ditto	23 „	– 5 –	– 9 6	One weight seized and condemned	– 8 6
8		Innkeeper	23 „	– 10 –	– 9 6	Two measures seized and condemned	– 13 6
9		Grocer	23 „	1 – –	– 9 6	Three weights seized and condemned.	1 3 6
10		ditto	20 „	– 5 –	– 8 –	One weight seized and condemned	– 7 –

Amount of Inspector's Salary :—£. 54 12. as Inspector of Police; and 30 *l.* as Inspector of Weights and Measures.

D. Howell, Clerk to the Justices.

NEWTOWN HUNDRED (UPPER DIVISION)—COUNTY OF MONTGOMERY.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Whether part of Penalty given to Informer.	Where Offence Committed.
			£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Weights:—Two 2 lb., 8 oz., 4 oz., 2 oz. and 1 oz., incorrect.	Grocer	– 15 –	– 6 –	Yes	No	In a shop.
2	Weights:—2 lb., 8 oz., and 4 oz., incorrect.	Provision dealer	– 5 –	– 6 –	Yes	No	- ditto.
3	Scales, 2 oz. against buyer	Grocer	– 5 –	– 6 –	No	No	- ditto.
4	Weight, 2 oz., incorrect	ditto	– 2 6	– 6 –	Yes	No	- ditto.
5	Weight, 2 lb., incorrect	ditto	– 2 6	– 6 –	Yes	No	- ditto.
6	Weights:—4 oz. and 2 oz., incorrect	ditto	– 5 –	– 6 –	Yes	No	- ditto.
7	Weight, 2 lb., incorrect	ditto	– 2 6	– 6 –	Yes	No	- ditto.
8	Pint measure, incorrect	Innkeeper	– 2 6	– 6 –	Yes	No	Alehouse.
9	- - ditto	- ditto	– 5 –	– 6 –	Yes	No	- ditto.
10	Measures:—One glass, two quarts, one pint, and three half pints, incorrect.	- ditto	– 15 –	– 6 –	Yes	No	Beerhouse.
11	Measures:—Two quarts and three glasses, incorrect.	Beerhouse-keeper	– 10 –	– 6 –	Yes	No	- ditto.
12	Measures:—Half gallon, three quarts, and one glass, incorrect.	- - ditto	– 2 6	– 6 –	Yes	No	- ditto.
13	Measure, one quart, incorrect	Innkeeper	– 2 6	– 6 –	Yes	No	Alehouse.
14	Measures, two quarts, incorrect	- ditto	– 10 –	– 6 –	Yes	No	- ditto.
15	Measures, two half gallons, incorrect	- ditto	– 5 –	– 6 –	Yes	No	- ditto.
16	Measures:—One pint and one glass, incorrect.	- ditto	– 5 –	– 6 –	Yes	No	- ditto.

The Inspector is paid a Salary of 30 *l.* per annum. District comprising the whole of the County of Montgomery.

Newtown, August 1866.

Cha. Tho. Woornam, Clerk to the Justices.

DEPWADE DIVISION—COUNTY OF NORFOLK.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Whether any Portion of Penalty given to Informer.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Balance, 2 oz. incorrect	Miller	21 May	– 5 –	– 12 –	No	2 *s.* 6 *d.*, moiety of penalty, paid to Police Superannuation Fund, the informer (the Inspector) being a superintendent of police.	In mill, in the occupation of defendant.

Salary of Inspector:—Included in his salary as Superintendent of Police.

20 August 1866.

J. Hotson, Clerk to the Justices.

HUNDRED OF FREEBRIDGE MARSHLAND—COUNTY OF NORFOLK.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date when Offence Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether any part of Penalty or Costs given to Informer or other Persons.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	An incorrect beam and scales, 1½ oz. against the purchaser.	Grocer	16 May	– 19 –	– 11 –	Moiety of penalty awarded to informer, but he being a police officer, same was paid to the Police Superannuation Fund.	In a shop.
2	An incorrect beam and scales, 2 oz. against the purchaser.	Miller and baker	18 ,,	1 8 –	– 12 –	- - ditto	- ditto.

The Inspector receives no Salary, the duties being performed by the Superintendent of Police, who is appointed Inspector of Weights and Measures.

Wisbech, 3 October 1866.

E. F. & E. Jackson, Clerks of Petty Sessions.

HUNDRED OF HOLT—COUNTY OF NORFOLK.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Balances, &c. were Seized and Condemned.	Whether Penalties, &c. were given to Informer.	Where Offence Committed.
1	Flour seller - - - -	1866: 16 May -	£. s. d. - 2 6	£. s. d. - 12 9	Not seized or condemned.	One moiety to Informer, and the other moiety to County Rate.	In a shop.

No Salary or remuneration given to the Inspector.

Jervis Ransom, Clerk of the Petty Sessions.

HUNDRED OF LAUNDITCH—COUNTY OF NORFOLK.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date when Offence Committed.	Date of Conviction.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	What Portion of Penalty paid to Informer.	Where Offence Committed.
1	A light ½ lb. weight; extent of inaccuracy not known.	Grocer -	1866: 23 April -	1866: 2 May -	£. s. d. - 7 -	£. s. d. - 13 -	Seized and condemned.	None -	In a shop.

The Inspector is Superintendent of Police, and his Salary is included in his weekly wages as such police officer.

24 August 1866. *Charles Wright*, Clerk to the Justices.

HUNDRED OF NORTH ERPINGHAM—COUNTY OF NORFOLK.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
1	One scale of the balance being 8¾ oz. heavier than the other.	Baker and seller of bread and flour.	1866: 18 May -	£. s. d. - 2 6	£. s. d. - 12 -	No - - - - Forfeiture seems only to apply to unjust Weights or Measures, and not to incorrect or unjust Scales or other Weighing Machines. Thomas *v.* Stephenson, 17 J. P. 537.	In a shop.

One moiety of the Penalty was awarded to the Informer; but he, being an Inspector of Police, derived no immediate personal benefit from it, as it was paid over to the County Treasurer, to the credit of the Superannuation Police Fund; the other moiety to the County Treasurer, to the credit of the County Rate. The Costs were nominally awarded to the Informer, but in reality went to satisfy the fees payable to the Magistrates' Clerk and police constable employed in serving the summons.

The Inspectors are appointed by the Quarter Sessions; but whether they receive any, or what Salary, is not known to the undersigned.

Cromer, 13 September 1866. *Robert Cooch*, Clerk to the Magistrates.

COUNTY OF THE BOROUGH AND TOWN OF BERWICK-UPON-TWEED—COUNTY OF NORTHUMBERLAND.

— Nil. —

The Salary of the Inspector, John Lockhart Barrow Ellison, is 15 *l.* per annum.

21 August 1866. *E. Willoby*, Clerk to the Justices.

GLENDALE WARD—COUNTY OF NORTHUMBERLAND.

Since my appointment in 1849, as Clerk to the Justices, it has been the custom to inspect the Weights and Measures once in every four years. The last inspection was on 28th September 1865; 17 persons were then convicted in penalties varying from 1 *l.* 5 *s.* to 2 *s.* 6 *d.*, and costs 10 *s.* 6 *d.* each. The weights were seized by the County Inspector, who resides at Alnwick, 18 miles distant.

Wooler, 23 August 1866. *John Thompson*, Clerk to the Justices.

NORHAMSHIRE AND ISLANDSHIRE DIVISION—COUNTY OF NORTHUMBERLAND.

— Nil. —

The Salary of the Inspector, Alexander Waite, is 10 *l.* per annum, and expenses incurred.

21 August 1866. *E. Welloby*, Clerk to the Justices.

BAMPTON, EAST, DIVISION—COUNTY OF OXFORD.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	How Penalty applied.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Scales, 4 drams against the purchaser	Baker - -	1 May -	- 1 -	- 10 -	No - - -	One-half to Informer.	In his shop.
2	Scales, 4 drams against the purchaser	Butcher -	1 „ -	- 2, 6	- 12 -	No - - -	- ditto -	- ditto.

No Salary or other remuneration is paid to the Inspector.

14 September 1866.

N. G. Ravenor, Clerk to the Justices.

PLOUGHLEY DIVISION—COUNTY OF OXFORD.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	How Penalty applied.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Weights:—¼ lb., ¾ oz. light; 1 lb., ¼ dram light.	Mealman and shopkeeper.	5 June -	- 10 -	- 12 -	Weights condemned	Police Informer, to whom half penalty and costs are paid, also the weights when condemned.
2	Weighing machine, 2 drams light -	- ditto - -	5 „ -	- 2 -	- 12 -	Not seized or condemned.	- - ditto.
3	Weighing machine, 1¼ oz. light -	Baker - -	5 „ -	1 - -	- 14 -	- ditto - -	- - ditto.
4	Weights:—4 lb., ½ dram light; 2 lb., 1 dram light; 1 lb., ½ dram light.	Shopkeeper -	5 „ -	- 2 -	- 10 -	Condemned -	- - ditto.

The Superintendent of Police is Inspector of Weights and Measures. No Salary or remuneration.

H. H. Lindsey, Clerk to the Justices.

COUNTY OF RUTLAND.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty and Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Whether any Part of Penalty and Costs given to Informer.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.			
1	Weighing machine, ¼ oz. incorrect - -	Grocer - -	22 May -	- 9 10	No - - -	No - - -	In a shop.
2	Weights:—4 lb., 1 dram light; 1 oz., ½ dram light; ½ oz., ½ dram light.	ditto - -	22 „ -	- 15 -	Yes - -	No - - -	- ditto.
3	Weights:—½ lb., 1 dram light; ½ pound, ¼ oz. light.	ditto - -	22 „ -	- 15 -	Yes - -	No - - -	- ditto.
4	Weighing machine, 2¼ oz. incorrect - -	Baker - -	22 „ -	1 - -	No - -	No - - -	- ditto.
5	Weights:—1 lb., 1 dram light; ½ lb., 1 dram light.	Gardener - -	23 „ -	- 11 -	Yes - -	No - - -	- ditto.

The Chief Constable is the Inspector of Weights and Measures, and receives no Salary as Inspector.

Benjamin Adam, Clerk of Petty Sessions.

CHELMARSH, STOTTESDEN, AND BRIMSTREE, SOUTH, DIVISION—COUNTY OF SALOP.

A number of persons are convicted annually in this division for having unjust weights and measures in their possession; such weights or measures are destroyed upon the person being convicted.

The Inspector visits this district annually about October, and proceeds against all persons in whose possession unjust weights or measures are found.

The whole of the Penalty is paid to the County Treasurer, in aid of the County Fund.

The Inspector is appointed by the county authorities, by whom his Salary is paid.

Bridgnorth, 3 September 1866.

Hubert Smith, Clerk to the Justices.

PIMHILL DIVISION—COUNTY OF SALOP.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date when Offence Committed.	Date of Conviction.	Penalty.	Costs.	Portion of Penalty to Informer.	If Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Potato scales, 3 oz. against the buyer	Baker -	29 May -	11 June -	- 1 -	- 6 -	- - 6	No - -	In street.
2	Scales, ½ oz. against the buyer -	Grocer -	23 „ -	11 June -	- 1 -	- 6 -	- - 6	No - -	In a shop.

Inspector of Weights and Measures paid by the County.

27 August 1866.

Edward Blackburne, Justices' Clerk.

BISHOPS LYDEARD DIVISION—COUNTY OF SOMERSET.

No conviction took place in this division during the quarter ending the 24th June 1866.

The Superintendent of Police is also the Inspector of Weights and Measures for this division, but I am not aware what is the amount of his Salary as such Inspector, if any.

Milverton, 15 December 1866.

Alex. R. Payne, Clerk to the Justices.

ILMINSTER DIVISION—COUNTY OF SOMERSET.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
1	Measures, three quarts, ½ gill each deficient -	Innkeeper - -	17 April -	- 10 -	- 7 6	Broadway.
2	Scales, ¾ oz. against purchaser - - - -	Shopkeeper - -	26 „ -	- 10 -	- 7 6	Puckington.
3	Beam and scales, 2¾ lb. against purchaser - -	Coal-dealer - -	26 „ -	- 10 -	- 7 6	Curry Rivell.
4	Weights:—½ lb., 1½ dram light; 2 oz., 1 dram light.	Shopkeeper - -	26 „ -	- 10 -	- 7 6	Fivehead.
5	Weight, 28 lb., 10 oz. light; beam and scales, 1 lb. against purchaser, with adjusting weight -	Coal-dealer - -	26 „ -	- 5 - / - 5 -	- 7 6 / - 7 6	- ditto.
6	Weights:—½ lb., 3 drams light; ¼ lb., 2 drams light; 1 oz., 1 dram light.	Huckster - -	30 „ -	- 10 -	- 7 6	Ilminster.
7	Weights:—1 lb., ½ oz. light; ½ lb., 6½ drams light; ¼ lb., 3 drams light; ¼ lb., ½ dram light; 2 oz., 10 drams light; ½ oz., ½ dram light.	Shopkeeper - -	16 May -	1 - -	- 7 6	South Petherton.

No portion of the said Penalties and Costs was given to the Informer or other persons engaged in enforcing the law, the moiety of each Penalty payable by law to the Informer being paid to the County Treasurer for the Police Superannuation Fund.

All the Weights and Measures were seized and condemned, but not the Balances. Of the articles condemned, the Measures only were given to the Informer. The Weights were sold for old metal, and the produce accounted for to the County Treasurer.

The yearly Salary of the Inspector of Weights and Measures for the Ilminster Division (who is the Superintendent of Police) is 15 *l.*, out of which he has to pay all expenses.

4 January 1867.

J. Baker, Clerk of the Petty Sessions.

KILMERSDON DIVISION—COUNTY OF SOMERSET.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date when Offence Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Whether all or any Portion of the Penalty and Costs and Articles Condemned were given to the Informer.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Weights:—7 lb., ¼ oz. deficient; 2 lb., ½ oz. deficient.	Butcher -	12 May -	- 5 -	- 8 -	Condemned -	No; all to County Rate.	In market.
2	Balance, ¼ lb. against purchaser -	- ditto -	12 „ -	- 5 -	- 8 -	- ditto -	- - ditto - -	ditto.

The Informations were laid by the Inspector of Weights and Measures.

The Salary of the Inspector is 15 *l.* per annum.

August 1866.

Cruttwell & Daniel, Clerks to the Justices.

WIVELISCOMBE DIVISION—COUNTY OF SOMERSET.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Date of Conviction.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Application of Penalty, &c.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Weights:—7 lb., 3 drams light; and 4 lb., 3 drams light.	Blacksmith	20 April -	15 May -	- 2 6	- 5 6	No. Ordered to be adjusted by the Inspector.	Penalty paid to the County Rate, and the costs to the Justices' Clerk.	In his shop.

The Superintendent of Police is the Inspector for the Division, but I am not aware whether he receives any Salary for the office of Inspector of Weights and Measures.

Milverton, 15 December 1866. *Alex. R. Payne*, Clerk to the Justices.

YEOVIL DIVISION—COUNTY OF SOMERSET.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Application of Penalty, &c.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Weights:—1 lb. and ½ lb., both deficient; deficiency not known.	Shopkeeper -	19 May -	1 - -	- 7 6	Given to Informer to be destroyed; and proceeds paid to County Rate.	One-half to the Police Superannuation Fund; the other half to the County Rate. Costs paid to Magistrates' Clerk.	In his shop.
2	Weights:—2 lb. and ½ lb., both deficient; deficiency not known.	- ditto -	19 „ -	1 - -	- 7 6	- ditto - -	- - ditto - -	In her shop.
3	Steelyard, 2 lb. against the purchaser.	Butcher -	19 „ -	1 - -	- 7 6	- ditto - -	- - ditto - -	In his shop.

The Inspector of Weights and Measures, Charles Smith, who is also Superintendent of the County Police, receives an allowance of 15 *l.* per annum to pay all travelling and other expenses.

ALTON DIVISION—COUNTY OF SOUTHAMPTON.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on by Offender.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Amount of Penalty paid to Informer.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Weights:—7 lb., 2 oz. deficient; 4 lb., ¼ oz. deficient; 2 lb., 2 drams deficient; 1 lb. (4), ½ lb. (2), 1 dram each deficient; 2 oz., ½ dram deficient.	Baker, grocer, and provision dealer.	27 March	- 2 6	- 7 6	- 1 3	Yes - -	In a shop.
2	Weights:—7 lb., 1½ dram deficient; 4 lb. (2), 1 dram each deficient; 2 lb. (2), 1 dram each deficient; 1 lb. (2), ½ dram each deficient; ½ lb., ½ dram deficient; ¼ lb. (2), ½ dram each deficient; 2 oz., ½ dram deficient; 1 oz., ¼ dram deficient.	- ditto - -	25 May -	- 1 -	- 7 6	- - 6	Yes - -	- ditto.

The duties of Inspector are performed by the Superintendent of the County Police.

W. & J. W. Clement, Clerks to the Justices.

BASINGSTOKE DIVISION—COUNTY OF SOUTHAMPTON.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date when Offence Committed.	Date when Convicted.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Seven unjust cups	Licensed victualler	19 Mar.	3 April	– 7 –	– 8 –	Destroyed by order of Magistrates.	Public house.
2	Five unjust cups	ditto	23 Mar.	27 Mar.	– 5 –	– 6 –	ditto	ditto.

One-half of the Penalties paid to the Informer, and the other half to the Borough Treasurer.
No Salary allowed, but included in the office of Superintendent of Police.

Mark Hibberd, Superintendent of Police.

BURTON-UPON-TRENT DIVISION—COUNTY OF STAFFORD.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature of Inaccuracy.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Cost.	Where Offence Committed.	Application of Penalty.
		1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Using unjust balance	8 May	– 1 –	– 9 6	In his shop	To County Treasurer.

The Salary of the Inspector, Morris Richards, of Stafford, is unknown.

22 August 1866.

John Thornewell, Clerk to the Magistrates.

LEEK DIVISION—COUNTY OF STAFFORD.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Date of Conviction.	Costs.	Amount paid to Informer.	Penalty.	How Applied.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£ s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	One pair of flour scales, 1 oz. out of balance.	Grocer and provision dealer.	21 May	30 May	– 13 –	– 3 6	– 2 6	To Treasurer of County.	In his shop.
2	Tea scales, ½ dram out of balance.	Grocer	21 „	30 „	– 14 –	– 3 6	– 10 –	ditto	ditto.

The Balances were not seized and condemned, for want of authority.
The Informations were laid by an Inspector of Weights and Measures appointed by the Quarter Sessions.
The Salary of the Inspector is not known to me.

30 August 1866.

J. Challinor, Clerk of Petty Sessions.

SHENSTONE, ELFORD, AND RUGELEY DIVISION—COUNTY OF STAFFORD.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Date of Conviction.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Application of Penalty.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Scales, ¼ oz. against purchaser.	Butcher	14 Feb.	11 April	– 1 –	– 12 6	No	To the Treasurer of the County.	In a shop.
2	Scales, inaccuracy not known.	Grocer and butcher	14 „	11 „	– 5 –	– 12 6	No	ditto	ditto.
3	Scales, ¼ oz. against purchaser.	Shopkeeper	14 „	11 „	– 1 –	– 9 6	No	ditto	ditto.

The Inspectors appointed for the County of Stafford are paid by Salary.

Lichfield, 24 December 1866.

Arthur Barnes, Justices' Clerk.

WESTBROMWICH, WEDNESBURY, AND WALSALL DIVISION—COUNTY OF STAFFORD.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
1	Six weights, 21 drams light	Provision dealer	23 April	– 15 –	– 14 –	In his shop.
2	Six weights, 10½ drams light	Grocer	23 „	– 12 6	– 14 –	- ditto.
3	Two weights, 14 oz. light	- ditto	23 „	– 2 6	– 14 –	- ditto.
4	Scales, ½ oz. out of balance	- ditto	23 „	– 15 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
5	Seven weights, 3½ drams light	- ditto	23 „	– 15 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
6	Scales, ½ oz. out of balance	- ditto	23 „	– 10 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
7	Nine weights; three, 7½ oz. plus; six, 6 drams deficient	Butcher	23 „	– 10 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
8	Scales, ½ oz. out of balance	Flour dealer	23 „	– 10 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
9	Three weights, 3 drams light	Grocer	23 „	– 2 6	– 14 –	- ditto.
10	Five weights, 7½ drams light	Greengrocer	24 „	– 2 6	– 14 –	- ditto.
11	Scales, ¾ oz. out of balance	- ditto	24 „	– 10 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
12	Six weights, 13½ drams light	Provision dealer	28 „	– 15 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
13	Small scales, 6 drams; steelyards, 3½ oz. at 4 lbs., and 2½ oz. at 7lbs., out of balance.	- ditto	28 „	1 – –	– 14 –	- ditto.
14	Six weights, 11 drams light	Grocer	24 „	– 12 6	– 14 –	- ditto.
15	Scales, ¾ oz. out of balance	- ditto	24 „	– 10 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
16	One weight, ¼ oz. light	Butcher	24 „	– 2 6	– 14 –	- ditto.
17	Nine weights, 7½ drams light	- ditto	24 „	– 10 –	– 14 –	In her shop.
18	Scales, ¾ oz. out of balance	Grocer	24 „	– 10 –	– 14 –	In his shop.
19	Two weights, 8½ drams light	Greengrocer	24 „	– 5 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
20	Scales, 2 oz. out of balance	Grocer	24 „	– 15 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
21	Three weights, 5½ drams light	- ditto	24 „	– 5 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
22	Scales, ¾ oz. out of balance	- ditto	24 „	– 5 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
23	Four weights, 2 drams light	- ditto	24 „	– 10 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
24	Seven weights, 16 drams light	- ditto	24 „	– 15 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
25	Scales, 2 oz. out of balance	- ditto	24 „	– 7 6	– 14 –	- ditto.
26	Three weights, 4½ drams light	Greengrocer	24 „	– 7 6	– 14 –	- ditto.
27	Two weights, 5½ drams light	Grocer	28 „	– 2 6	– 14 –	In her shop.
28	Two weights, 8½ drams light	Baker	24 „	– 5 –	– 14 –	In his shop.
29	Three weights, 8½ drams light	Grocer	24 „	– 7 6	– 14 –	- ditto.
30	Scales, ½ oz. out of balance	- ditto	24 „	– 10 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
31	Two weights, 2 drams light	Greengrocer and tobacconist.	26 „	– 2 6	– 14 –	- ditto.
32	Four weights, 21 oz. and 3½ drams light	Greengrocer	26 „	– 5 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
33	Scales, ½ lb. out of balance	- ditto	26 „	– 5 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
34	Two weights, 2 drams light	Provision dealer	26 „	– 2 6	– 14 –	- ditto.
35	Scales, ½ oz. out of balance	Grocer	28 „	– 2 6	– 14 –	In her shop.
36	Four weights, 7 drams light	Provision dealer	26 „	– 10 –	– 14 –	In his shop.
37	Scales, ½ oz. and 2 drams out of balance	- ditto	26 „	– 10 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
38	One weight, 1 lb. 6 oz. light	Grocer and coal dealer	26 „	– 2 6	– 14 –	- ditto.
39	Scales, ½ lb. out of balance	- ditto	26 „	– 5 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
40	Ten weights, 1¼ oz. and 11 drams light	- ditto	26 „	– 15 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
41	Scales, 10 oz. out of balance	- ditto	26 „	– 2 6	– 14 –	- ditto.
42	Scales, 1 oz. out of balance	Grocer	26 „	– 10 –	– 14 –	In her shop.
43	Scales, ¾ oz. out of balance	- ditto	27 „	– 10 –	– 14 –	In his shop.
44	Five weights, 5 drams light	- ditto	27 „	– 10 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
45	Scales, ½ oz. out of balance	- ditto	27 „	– 10 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
46	Three weights, 3 drams light	- ditto	27 „	– 5 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
47	Four weights, 4 drams light	- ditto	27 „	– 2 6	– 14 –	- ditto.
48	One weight, ¾ oz. light	Greengrocer	27 „	– 1 –	– 14 –	In her shop.
49	Three weights, 3 drams light	Confectioner	27 „	– 2 6	– 14 –	In his shop.
50	Eight weights, 8½ drams light	Grocer	27 „	– 15 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
51	Two weights, 6½ drams light	Confectioner	27 „	– 5 –	– 14 –	At his stall.
52	One weight, 3½ drams light	- ditto	27 „	– 2 6	– 14 –	- ditto.
53	One weight, ½ dram light	- ditto	27 „	– 2 6	– 14 –	- ditto.
54	One weight, 2 drams light	- ditto	27 „	– 2 6	– 14 –	- ditto.
55	Scales, 2¼ oz. out of balance	Greengrocer	27 „	– 2 6	– 14 –	- ditto.
56	Three weights, 1 lb. 11½ oz. light	Coal dealer	27 „	– 5 –	– 14 –	In his shop.
57	Scales, 2½ lbs. out of balance	- ditto	27 „	– 5 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
58	Three weights, 3 lbs. 8½ oz. light	- ditto	27 „	– 5 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
59	Four weights, 5½ drams light	Butcher	28 „	– 10 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
60	One weight, 4 drams light	Provision dealer	28 „	– 2 6	– 14 –	- ditto.
61	Three weights, 7¼ oz. light	Greengrocer	28 „	– 5 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
62	One weight, 2 drams light	Coal dealer	28 „	– 5 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
63	Five weights, 31½ drams light	Greengrocer	28 „	– 15 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
64	One weight, 8 drams light	- ditto	28 „	– 1 –	– 14 –	In her shop.
65	Three weights, 5½ drams light	Provision dealer	28 „	– 5 –	– 14 –	In his shop.
66	Scales, 10 oz. out of balance	Coal dealer	28 „	– 2 6	– 14 –	- ditto.
67	One weight, 3 oz. light	- ditto	28 „	– 2 6	– 14 –	- ditto.
68	Scales, 1 lb. 2 oz. out of balance	- ditto	28 „	– 5 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
69	Three weights, 11 drams light	Grocer	28 „	– 7 6	– 14 –	- ditto.
70	One weight, 2 drams light	- ditto	28 „	– 1 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
71	Scales, ½ oz. out of balance	- ditto	28 „	– 10 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
72	Scales, ¾ oz. out of balance	- ditto	28 „	– 10 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
73	Three weights, 5 drams light	- ditto	28 „	– 5 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
74	Two weights, 4½ drams light	- ditto	28 „	– 1 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
75	Scales, ¾ oz. out of balance	- ditto	28 „	– 5 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
76	Two weights, 7½ drams light	- ditto	28 „	– 2 6	– 14 –	- ditto.
77	Two weights, 2½ drams light	- ditto	5 May	– 2 6	– 14 –	In her shop.
78	One weight, ½ dram light	Provision dealer	5 „	– 1 –	– 14 –	In his shop.
79	One weight, 4 lbs. light	Provision dealer and coal dealer.	5 „	– 2 6	– 14 –	- ditto.
80	Scales, ½ lb. out of balance	- ditto	5 „	– 2 6	– 14 –	- ditto.
81	Eight weights, 25 drams light	Provision dealer	5 „	– 17 6	– 14 –	- ditto.
82	Five weights, 5 drams light	Fishmonger	5 „	– 10 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
83	Six weights, 12½ drams light	Pork butcher	5 „	– 10 –	– 14 –	- ditto.
84	Three weights, 5½ drams light	Provision dealer	5 „	– 5 –	– 14 –	- ditto.

All the Weights were seized and confiscated, but not the Scales or Balances. No part of the Penalty was given to the Informer.
The Inspector is appointed by the County, and I have no information as to the amount of his Salary.

J. H. Thursfield, Clerk to the Magistrates.

HOXNE DIVISION—COUNTY OF SUFFOLK.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty and Costs Imposed.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Portion of Penalty, &c. given to Informer.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.			
1	Scales, 1½ oz. against purchaser - -	Miller and shopkeeper	13 February	1 2 –	No - -	None - -	In a shop.
2	Scales, 10 drams against purchaser -	Flour seller - -	5 „ -	1 2 –	No - -	None - -	- ditto.

The duties of the Inspectors are performed by the Superintendents of Police.

17 December 1866.

Geo. W. Lawton, Clerk to the Justices.

RISBRIDGE DIVISION—COUNTY OF SUFFOLK.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Appropriation of Penalty.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Scales incorrect, against the purchaser.	Flour seller -	19 March	1 10 –	– 9 –	No - -	One-half the fine to Police Superannuation Fund; the other half to the county.	In his shop.

The Inspector of Weights and Measures is paid by the Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the County.

John H. Jardine.

THINGOE AND THEDWESTRY DIVISION—COUNTY OF SUFFOLK.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Date of Conviction.	Total Amount of Fine.	Sum awarded to Police Superannuation Fund.	Sum awarded to County Fund.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Weights:—14 lb., 2 drams light; 4 lb., 1½ dram light; 2 lb., 1½ dram light; 2 lb., 3 drams light; 1 lb., 1 dram light; ½ lb., ½ dram light; ¼ lb., ½ dram light; 2 oz., ½ dram light.	Butcher -	8 June -	13 June -	1 2 –	– 11 –	– 11 –	– 8 –	Forfeited to County by order of Magistrates.	In a shop.
2	Weights:—56 lb., ¼ oz. light; 56 lb., ¾ oz. heavy; 28 lb., 7 drams light; and all unstamped.	- ditto -	8 „ -	13 „ -	– 12 –	– 6 –	– 6 –	– 8 –	Returned to defendant by order of Magistrates.	- ditto.

Arthur Roberts, Inspector of Weights and Measures.
James Sparke, Clerk to Justices.

FARNHAM DIVISION—COUNTY OF SURREY.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Application of Penalty.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Measures:—2 pints, each 1 oz. deficient; 1 pint, ½ oz. deficient.	Alehouse keeper -	31 May -	– 6 –	– 14 6	One-half was applied to the Police Fund, the police being the Informers.	In his house.

The Salary of the Inspector is 10*l.* per annum.

23 August 1866.

William Hollest, Clerk to the Justices.

GODSTONE DIVISION—COUNTY OF SURREY.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date when Offence was Committed.	Date of Conviction.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	How Penalty applied.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	No record of the extent of the inaccuracy.	Beerhouse-keeper.	13 March	2 April	1 – –	– 16 6	Yes - -	Moiety of fines paid to Informer, who is the Superintendent of Police; and the articles condemned are forwarded to the Chief Constable of the county, and are disposed of by him.	In a shop.
2	- ditto - - -	Grocer - -	13 ,,	2 ,,	2 – –	– 16 6	Yes - -		- ditto.
3	- ditto - - -	Innkeeper -	15 May -	18 June	1 – –	– 16 6	Yes - -		- ditto.
4	- ditto - - -	- ditto -	29 ,,	18 ,,	1 – –	– 17 6	Yes - -		- ditto.

The Superintendents of Police are the Inspectors of Weights and Measures, but I have no knowledge of the amount of their salaries or remuneration.

27 August 1866. *H. Darell Brown*, Clerk to the Magistrates.

GUILDFORD DIVISION—COUNTY OF SURREY.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Date of Conviction.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Balance, 2¼ oz. against purchaser -	Baker - - -	23 April	28 April	– 7 6	– 17 6	Not seized -	All committed in shops or stores.
2	Two quarts, 1 oz. each; one pint, ½ oz., deficient.	Publican - - -	7 May -	12 May -	– 15 –	– 18 –	Seized, and broken	
3	One quart, 1½ oz.; one quart, 1 oz., deficient.	Beerhouse-keeper -	7 ,, -	12 ,, -	1 – –	– 18 –	- ditto - -	
4	One quart, ¾ oz.; two pints, 1 oz. each; one pint, ½ oz.; one half-pint, ½ oz., deficient.	- - ditto - -	7 ,, -	12 ,, -	– 15 –	– 18 –	- ditto - -	
5	One quart, 1 oz.; two pints, 1 oz. each; three pints, ½ oz. each, deficient.	- - ditto - -	7 ,, -	12 ,, -	1 – –	– 18 –	- ditto - -	
6	One quart, 2 oz.; one quart, 1½ oz.; one pint, 1 oz.; one pint, ½ oz., deficient.	Publican - -	7 ,, -	12 ,, -	1 2 –	– 18 –	- ditto - -	
7	One quart, 1 oz. deficient - -	Beerhouse-keeper -	7 ,, -	12 ,, -	– 2 –	– 18 –	- ditto - -	
8	One quart, ¾ oz.; one pint, 1 oz., deficient.	Publican - -	7 ,, -	12 ,, -	– 15 –	– 18 –	- ditto - -	
9	Two quarts, 1½ oz. each; two pints, 1 oz. each; one pint, ½ oz., deficient.	- ditto - -	8 ,, -	12 ,, -	– 15 –	– 18 –	- ditto - -	
10	One quart, 2 oz.; two quarts, 1 oz. each, deficient.	Beerhouse-keeper -	8 ,, -	12 ,, -	– 15 –	– 18 –	- ditto - -	
11	Two quarts, 1½ oz. each; one quart, 1 oz.; six pints, 1 oz. each; three pints, ½ oz. each, deficient.	- - ditto - -	8 ,, -	12 ,, -	1 – –	– 18 –	- ditto - -	
12	One pint, 1 oz.; one pint, ¾ oz., deficient.	Publican - -	8 ,, -	12 ,, -	– 10 –	– 18 –	- ditto - -	
13	Three quarts, 1 oz. each; two quarts, ½ oz. each; one pint, ¼ oz., deficient.	- ditto - -	8 ,, -	12 ,, -	– 15 –	– 18 –	- ditto - -	
14	One quart, 1 oz.; one quart, ¾ oz.; one quart, ½ oz.; one pint, ¼ oz., deficient.	Beerhouse-keeper -	8 ,, -	12 ,, -	– 10 –	– 18 –	- ditto - -	
15	One quart, 1½ oz., one pint, ½ oz., deficient.	Publican - -	8 ,, -	12 ,, -	– 5 –	– 18 –	- ditto - -	
16	Two quarts, 1 oz. each; two quarts, ½ oz. each; one pint, ½ oz., deficient.	- ditto - -	8 ,, -	12 ,, -	– 10 –	– 18 –	- ditto - -	

Half of the Penalties in each case have been paid to the Surrey Constabulary Superannuation Fund, in accordance with 3 & 4 Vict. c. 88, s. 10.

The Superintendent of the Surrey Constabulary is Inspector of Weights and Measures, and receives no allowance beyond the actual expenses incurred in the performance of this duty.

REIGATE DIVISION—COUNTY OF SURREY.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	If Condemned.	Portion of Penalty Paid to Informer.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Scales, ¾ oz. against the purchaser -	Butcher -	9 May -	– 5 –	– 14 –	No - -	Half the fine - - The half fines are not appropriated by the Informer, but are paid by him to the Police Superannuation Fund.	In a shop.
2	Scales, 1 oz. against the purchaser -	- ditto -	17 ,, -	– 5 –	– 14 –	No - -	- - ditto - -	- ditto.

The Superintendent of Police for the division is Inspector, and 10 *l.* a year is paid to him for his services.

Thomas Hart, Clerk to the Justices.

EAST GRINSTEAD DIVISION—COUNTY OF SUSSEX.

— Nil. —

The Salary or other remuneration given to the Inspector is 4 *l.* 10 *s.* per quarter.

Arthur Hastie, Clerk of the Petty Sessions.

FRANT DIVISION OF PEVENSEY RAPE—COUNTY OF SUSSEX.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized or Condemned.	Amount Paid to Informer.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Flour scales, against purchaser, 23 oz.	Miller - -	24 April -	2 - -	- 12 4	Neither -	One-half -	In a mill.

Tunbridge Wells, 13 September 1866.

Stone & Wall.

HORSHAM DIVISION—COUNTY OF SUSSEX.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Date of Conviction.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	To whom Penalty Paid.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Flour scales, 2 oz. against purchaser.	Grocer, and dealer in corn and flour.	21 May -	2 June -	- 2 6	- 11 6	Yes - -	The Inspector -	In his shop.

The Inspector of Weights and Measures receives no Salary.

T. Bedford, Clerk to the Petty Sessions.

RYE DIVISION—COUNTY OF SUSSEX.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of Inaccuracy.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized or not.	How Penalty applied.	Where Offence Committed.
		1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Flour scales, in favour of the seller -	20 March -	- 5 -	- 12 -	No - - -	2 *s.* 6 *d.* to Informer.	Northiam.

The Salary of the Inspector is 2 *l.* 2 *s.*, and he receives half the Penalty on conviction (5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 63).

24 August 1866.

Edward Nath. Dawes, Clerk to the Justices.

BOROUGH OF BIRMINGHAM—COUNTY OF WARWICK.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Whether any Portion of Penalties, &c. given to Informer.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Scales, 6 drams against purchaser -	Butcher - -	9 March	- 2 6	- 10 -	No - -	No - - -	In a shop.
2	- - ditto - - ditto - -	Confectioner -	15 „	- 5 -	- 10 -	No - -	No - - -	- ditto.
3	Measures: — Two pints, 2½ oz. against purchaser; 6 pints, 2 oz. against purchaser; 1 pint, 1 oz. against purchaser.	Beerseller - -	16 „	- 10 -	- 10 -	Yes - -	No - - -	- ditto.
4	Weights: — 4 lb., 10 drams against purchaser; 1 lb., 3½ drams against purchaser.	Metal dealers -	23 „	- 5 -	- 10 -	No - -	No - - -	- ditto.
5	Scales, 2 lb. against purchaser -	Coal dealer - -	25 „	- 5 -	- 10 -	No - -	No - - -	In a yard.
6	56 lb. weight, 5½ oz. against purchaser.	Metal dealer -	27 „	- 1 -	- 10 -	Yes - -	No - - -	In a shop.
7	Scales, ½ oz. against purchaser -	Pork butcher -	4 April	- 2 6	- 10 -	No - -	No - - -	- ditto.
8	Scales, ¼ oz. and 2 oz. against purchaser.	General dealer -	6 „	- 10 -	- 10 -	No - -	No - - -	- ditto.
9	Scales, 2 lb. against purchaser -	Coal dealer - -	11 „	- 5 -	- 11 -	No - -	No - - -	- ditto.
10	7 lb. weight, 15 drams against purchaser.	Metal dealer -	12 „	- 2 6	- 10 -	Yes - -	No - - -	In a warehouse.
11	4 lb. weight, ½ oz. against purchaser	Grocer - -	17 „	- 5 -	- 10 -	Yes - -	No - - -	In a shop.
12	4 lb. weight, 7 drams against purchaser.	General dealer -	23 „	- 2 6	- 10 -	No - -	No - - -	- ditto.
13	Scales, ¼ oz. against purchaser -	Butcher - -	23 „	- 2 6	- 10 -	No - -	No - - -	- ditto.
14	Scales, 2 oz. against purchaser -	Grocer - -	24 „	- 2 6	- 10 -	No -	No - - -	- ditto.

The whole of the Penalties and Costs were paid to the Treasurer for the said Borough, and the articles condemned were sold, and the proceeds were also paid to such Treasurer.

There are three Inspectors, who are appointed by the Town Council of the said Borough, viz., one at a Salary of 130 *l.* per annum, and two at a Salary of 100 *l.* each per annum.

KENILWORTH DIVISION—COUNTY OF WARWICK.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date of Offence.	Date of Conviction.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Whether any Portion of Penalties, &c. given to Informer.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	One 4 lb., one 2 lb., one 1 lb., one ½ lb., and a pair of scales, all of which were light.	Butcher -	6 June	13 June	- 10 -	- 10 -	All the said weights were seized by the Inspector; the scales were not.	One moiety of the Penalty.	In a shop.
2	A pair of scales, light -	Grocer -	6 „	13 „	- 5 -	- 10 -	Not seized by the Inspector.	- ditto - -	- ditto.

The Salary of Henry Tipping, Inspector for the Leamington District, is 20 *l.* per annum.

Leamington, 22 August 1866.

A. S. Field, Clerk to the Justices.

EVESHAM DIVISION—COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature of Offence.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Date of Conviction.	Penalty.	Costs.	Penalty, how applied.	Whether Seized or Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	A pair of scales, which were unjust	Butcher -	2 April	17 April	- 1 -	- 6 -	To Police Superannuation Fund.	No - -	In his shop.

No Salary paid to the Inspector.

23 August 1866.

W. A. Byrch, Clerk to the Justices.

HALESOWEN DIVISION—COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Date of Conviction.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Weights, &c. Condemned.	Whether Penalty to Informer.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Two earthenware measures -	Victualler -	23 April	8 May -	- - 6	- 11 6	Yes - -	Yes - -	In the house.
2	Weights :—56 lb., 4 oz. light; 28 lb., 4 oz. light.	Coal dealer -	23 „	8 „	- - 6	- 11 6	No - -	Yes - -	In the yard.
3	Pair of scales, 2 lb. against purchaser.	- ditto -	23 „	8 „	- 5 -	- 11 6	No - -	Yes - -	- ditto.
4	Pair of scales, 3 lb. against purchaser.	- ditto -	4 May -	8 „	- 1 -	- 11 6	No - -	Yes - -	- ditto.
5	Weight, 4 lb., 6 drams light; pair of scales, 10 drams against purchaser.	Grocer - -	4 „	8 „	- 5 -	- 11 6	No - -	Yes - -	In the shop.
6	Weights :—4 lb., 2 drams light; 2 lb., 2 drams light; 1 lb., 4 drams light; ½ lb., 2 drams light; ¼ lb., 2 drams light; 1 oz., 2 drams light.	Potato dealer	14 „	22 „	- - 6	- 11 6	No - -	Yes - -	- ditto.
7	Weight, 28 lb., 2 oz. light -	Coal dealer -	14 „	22 „	- -	- 11 6	No - -	- -	- ditto.

Duty of Inspector performed by Superintendent of Police.

Hayes & Wright, Clerks.

MALVERN DIVISION—COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Conviction.	Fine.	Costs.	To whom Fine and Costs given.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Weight, 56 lb., 1 oz. deficient	Coal dealer -	6 June -	- 2 6	- 8 6	To police -	Seized and condemned	In coal yard.

No means of ascertaining the amount of Salary paid to the Inspector of Weights and Measures.

T. Skey, Clerk to the Magistrates.

NORTHFIELD DIVISION—COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized or Condemned.	Whether Penalty Paid to Informer.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Scales, ½ oz. deficient	Butcher	23 April	– 2 6	– 10 6	No	No	In the shop.
2	Scales, 6 drams deficient. Weights:—½ lb., 2 drams light; 2 oz., ½ dram light.	ditto	24 „	– 10 –	– 10 6	Weights condemned.	No	ditto.
3	Weights:—Two ½ lb., ½ dram light each; 1 lb., 4½ drams light; ¼ lb, ½ dram light.	Grocer	24 „	– 2 6	– 10 6	Condemned	No	ditto.
4	Scales, 15 drams light	Nailer	24 „	– 2 6	– 10 6	No	No	ditto.
5	Scales, 4 oz. light	Grocer	24 „	– 2 6	– 10 6	No	No	ditto.
6	Scales, 8 lbs. light	Coal dealer	25 „	– 10 –	– 10 6	No	No	In the yard.
7	Scales, 1 oz. light	Baker	26 „	– 1 –	– 10 6	No	No	In the shop.
8	Weights:—Two 7 lb., ½ dram light each; 4 lb., 3 drams light; 2 lb., ½ dram light; 1 lb., 1 dram light; two ½ lb., ½ dram light each; ¼ lb., ½ dram light.	Grocer	26 „	– 10 –	– 10 6	Condemned	No	ditto.
9	Weights:—4 lb., 2 drams light; two 4 lb., 1½ dram light each; 4 lb., 1 dram light; 2 lb., 1½ dram light; 1 lb., 2½ drams light; 1 lb., 1½ dram light; two ½ lb., ½ dram light each; ½ lb., 1½ dram light.	ditto	26 „	– 2 6	– 10 6	ditto	No	ditto.

There is no Salary paid to the Inspector, or other remuneration.

T. H. Gem, Clerk to the Justices.

PERSHORE DIVISION—COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Application of Penalty.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Seven weights, light	Grocer	25 May	dismissed.		—	—
2	Weighing machine, incorrect	Coal dealer	24 „	– 2 6	– 7 6	Paid to Informer	At Defford.

No Salary paid to the Inspector.

27 December 1866.

W. Wilton Woodward, Justices' Clerk.

STOURBRIDGE DIVISION—COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized or Condemned.	To whom Penalty Paid.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Steelyards, 4 oz. against the seller.	Marine store dealer	14 May	– 1 –	– 12 6	Not seized	The whole to Informer.	In his shop.

The Inspector, W. Freeman, receives no Salary, he being Superintendent of Police.

29 August 1866.

James H. King, Acting Clerk to the Magistrates.

UPTON-UPON-SEVERN DIVISION—COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	How Penalty applied.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Scales, 1 oz. out of balance against the purchaser.	Shopkeeper	6 April	– 5 –	– 7 6	No	To the Police Superannuation Fund.	In shop.
2	Weights:—2 lb., ½ dram light; 1 lb., ½ dram light; ½ lb., ½ dram light; ¼ lb., ½ dram light. Weighing machine, 2 drams out of balance against the purchaser.	ditto	30 „	– 6 6	– 15 –	The weights seized, but not the machine.	ditto	ditto.
3	Weight, 56 lb., 1½ oz. light, and unstamped.	Coal dealer	30 „	– 5 –	– 8 6	Yes	ditto	In coalyard.
4	Two quart measures, deficient in quantity.	Beerhouse-keeper	10 May	– 2 –	– 7 6	Yes	ditto	In beerhouse.

The Inspector receives no Salary.

Thomas Willis Walker, Clerk to he Magistrates.

WORCESTER DIVISION—COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty and Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Whether any portion of Penalty given to Informer.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.			
1	Pair of scales, 18 drams against purchaser -	Shopkeeper -	9 May -	- 13 6	Yes - -	Penalty applied to the Superannuation Fund of the County Police.	In his shop.
2	Pair of scales, ½ oz. against purchaser - -	- ditto - -	1 „ -	- 13 6	Yes - -	- ditto - -	- ditto.
3	Pair of scales, 1 oz. against purchaser - -	- ditto - -	3 „ -	- 15 6	Yes - -	- ditto - -	- ditto.
4	Pair of scales, 3 oz. against purchaser - -	- ditto - -	3 „ -	1 3 6	Yes - -	- ditto - -	- ditto.
5	Weights:—1 lb., 2 oz. against purchaser; 7 lb., 2 oz. against purchaser; 2 lb., 1½ oz. against purchaser; 1 oz., 3 drams against purchaser.	- ditto - -	3 „ -	1 8 6	Yes - -	- ditto - -	- ditto.
6	Pair of scales, 1 oz. against purchaser - -	- ditto - -	4 „ -	- 13 6	Yes - -	- ditto - -	- ditto.
7	Pair of scales, 1 oz. against purchaser, and 1 lb. of lead that could be removed at any time.	- ditto - -	10 „ -	1 8 6	Yes - -	- ditto - -	- ditto.
8	Weights:—Two 2 lb., 1½ oz. each against purchaser; 1 oz., 3 drams against purchaser; ¼ lb., 2 drams against purchaser.	- ditto - -	4 „ -	- 13 6	Yes - -	- ditto - -	- ditto.

No Salary paid to the Inspector of Weights and Measures.

30 October 1866.

Martin Curtler, Clerk to Justices.

ALLERTONSHIRE DIVISION—COUNTY OF YORK (NORTH RIDING).

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized or Condemned.	How Penalty applied.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Large beam and scales, 1 lb. out of balance.	Provision dealer, co-operative stores, at Osmotherley.	27 April -	- 1 -	- 10 -	No - -	Half of fine paid to Police Superannuation Fund.	Found in warehouse.

No Salary is paid to the Inspector of Weights and Measures (he being the Inspector of Police), except money out of pocket in travelling, which is allowed in the Police Contingent Account (2 & 3 Vict. c. 93, s. 18).

W. T. Jefferson, Clerk to the Magistrates.

HANG, WEST, DIVISION—COUNTY OF YORK (NORTH RIDING).

Number of Persons Convicted.	Extent of Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Conviction.	Penalty.	Costs.	How Penalty Disposed of.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	2 oz. and 6 drams against the purchaser.	Grocer - -	May -	- 5 -	- 7 6	One-half to County Treasurer, and the other half to the Police Superannuation Fund.	No - -	In the shop.

No Salary is paid to the Inspector of Weights and Measures, Moulding Walmsley, he being Superintendent of Police.

H. T. Robinson, Clerk to the Justices.

DEWSBURY DIVISION—COUNTY OF YORK (WEST RIDING).

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	To whom Penalty and Costs were Paid.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Weight, 7 lb., 2 oz. light.	Rag dealer	14 March	– 2 6	– 7 –	Yes	To County Rate	In a shop.
2	Weight, 1 lb., 2 drams light	Currier	15 „	– 2 6	– 7 –	Yes	ditto	ditto.
3	Weights:—1 lb., 2 drams light; 1 lb., 1 oz. light.	Grocer	15 „	– 5 –	– 7 –	Yes	ditto	ditto.
4	Weight, 1 lb., 1 dram light	ditto	16 „	– 1 –	– 7 –	Yes	ditto	ditto.
5	Weight, 1 lb., 1 oz. light	Clothier	16 „	– 2 6	– 7 –	Yes	ditto	In a store.
6	Weight, ½ lb., 1 dram light	Nut hawker	19 „	– 2 6	– 7 –	Yes	ditto	In the street.
7	Weight, 2 lb., 1½ oz. light	Spinner	20 „	– 2 6	– 7 –	Yes	ditto	In a store.
8	Weight, 2 lb., 1 oz. light	Woolstapler	20 „	– 2 6	– 7 –	Yes	ditto	ditto.
9	Weight, 2 lb., 2 oz. light	Blacksmith	21 „	– 2 6	– 7 –	Yes	ditto	In a shop.
10	Weight, 1 lb., 1 oz. light	ditto	21 „	– 2 6	– 7 –	Yes	ditto	ditto.
11	Weight, 1 oz., slightly	Grocer	21 „	– 2 6	– 7 –	Yes	ditto	ditto.
12	Unjust beam and scales, 3 oz. deficient.	Gardener	15 „	– 10 –	– 7 –	No	ditto	ditto.
13	Unjust beam and scales, 3 oz. deficient.	Curriers	15 „	– 10 –	– 7 –	No	ditto	ditto.
14	Unjust beam and scales, 7 lbs. deficient.	Coal dealer	20 „	– 10 –	– 7 –	No	ditto	In the street.

The Dewsbury Petty Sessional Division consists of 11 Townships (Dewsbury being a Municipal Borough, but not having a separate commission of the peace); viz.:—Dewsbury, Ossett, and Soothill—In these Townships the trustees under the will of the late Duke of Leeds, as lords of the manor of Wakefield, claim and exercise the right to inspect the Weights, &c.; the stewards of the manor are Messrs. Lumb, Solicitors, Wakefield. Mirfield, Thornhill, Whitley (Lower), Batley, and Morley—In these Townships the present Inspector, who has held the office upwards of 20 years, was appointed by the Justices. Gomersal, Liversedge, and Heckmondwike—In these Townships the Superintendent of Police for the division has been appointed the Inspector; the office having become vacant since the establishment of the county police.

The above return applies only to the three Townships for which the Superintendent of Police is the Inspector. No Informations were laid or Penalties inflicted during the quarter ending 26th June 1866, against parties in the other five Townships in the division over which the Justices have jurisdiction.

The Inspector is Superintendent of Police, and part of his duty is to inspect Weights and Measures, and when so engaged is allowed 3 *s.* 6 *d.* per day for expenses.

Francis Ledgard, Clerk to the Justices.

KEIGHLEY DIVISION—COUNTY OF YORK (WEST RIDING).

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	How Penalties applied.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Coal machine, 19 lbs. light	Coal dealer	20 June	– 5 –	– 12 –	Condemned	Witness allowed 2 *s.* 6 *d.*	In a store.
2	Iron weight, 1 oz., 14 grains light; flour scales, 1¾ oz. deficient.	Shopkeeper	30 May	– 7 6	– 10 6	Weights seized and balance condemned.	ditto	In a shop.
3	Three pint pots, deficient	Publican	30 „	– 7 6	– 10 6	Seized	ditto	At the inn.
4	Coal scales, 3 lbs. deficient at 56 lbs., and 4 lbs. deficient at 112 lbs.	Coal dealer	2 June	– 5 –	– 10 6	Condemned	ditto	In a store.
5	Brass weight, 16 oz., 28 grains light.	Licensed dealer in tea, coffee, &c.	31 May	– 1 –	– 10 6	Seized	ditto	In a shop.
6	Iron weights:—16 oz., 3 drams light; 8 oz., 1½ dram light; 2 oz., 17 grains light.	Beerhouse-keeper, and retailer of tobacco and bacon.	29 „	– 2 6	– 10 6	ditto	ditto	ditto.
7	Iron weights:—16 oz., 21 grains light; 4 oz., 8 grains light; 8 oz., 19 grains light, and not stamped.	Shopkeeper	30 „	– 5 –	– 10 6	ditto	ditto	ditto.
8	Iron weight, 1 oz., 6½ grains light	ditto	30 „	– 2 6	– 10 6	ditto	ditto	ditto.
9	Flour scales, 1 oz. deficient	ditto	28 „	– 5 –	– 10 6	Condemned	ditto	ditto.
10	Coal scales, 4 lbs. deficient at 56 lbs.	Coal dealer	1 June	– 2 6	– 10 6	ditto	ditto	In a store.
11	Iron weight, 4 oz., 12½ grains light, and not stamped.	Retailer of tobacco and cigars.	28 May	– 2 6	– 10 6	Seized	ditto	In a shop.
12	Iron weights:—56 lb., 4 oz. light; 4 lb., ½ oz. light, and not stamped; two 16 lb., and one 8 lb., illegal.	Innkeeper, and retailer of potatoes, &c.	20 June	– 5 –	– 12 –	ditto	ditto	In the shop and inn.
13	Used the weights belonging to No. 12.	Shopkeeper	20 „	– 5 –	– 12 –	–	ditto	In a shop.

28 December 1866.

R. H. Hodgson, Clerk to the Justices.

EWCROSS DIVISION—COUNTY OF YORK (WEST RIDING).

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized or Condemned.	Penalties, how Disposed of.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Weights: —2 lb., 2½ drams light; 1 oz., 1 dram light.	Spice and potato dealer.	18 May -	- - 6	- 7 -	Yes - -	Paid over to the County Treasurer.	In a shop.

The Inspector is the Superintendent of Police, who charges 3*s.* 6*d.* per day when engaged within his division, and 5*s.* per day when engaged out of his division.

MORLEY, EAST DIVISION—COUNTY OF YORK (WEST RIDING).

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature of each Inaccuracy.	Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Application of Penalty.	Where Offence Committed.
				1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Measures unjust -	This information cannot be given. The unjust weights and measures are produced, examined, and tried before the sitting magistrates, who at once convict or dismiss the charge, no record being wanted, or kept, as to how far a weight is light, or unjust, or how far a measure is deficient.	Beerseller -	27 April -	5 - -	- 9 -	All unjust weights and measures are, seized, and, if a conviction take place, are condemned. Balances or scales cannot be either seized or condemned.	All the penalties and monies received by the Inspectors are paid periodically to the Treasurer of the West Riding, and dealt with by him as part of the general funds of the Riding.	In his house.
2	- ditto - -		- ditto -	13 ,, -	3 - -	- 9 -			- ditto.
3	- ditto - -		- ditto -	26 ,, -	1 10 -	- 9 -			- ditto.
4	- ditto - -		- ditto -	18 May -	2 10 -	- 9 -			- ditto.
5	- ditto - -		- ditto -	3 ,, -	5 - -	- 9 -			- ditto.
6	- ditto - -		- ditto -	18 ,, -	5 - -	- 9 -			- ditto.
7	- ditto - -		- ditto -	18 ,, -	2 - -	- 9 -			- ditto.
8	- ditto - -		- ditto -	11 ,, -	1 - -	- 9 -			- ditto.
9	- ditto - -		- ditto -	9 ,, -	- 15 -	- 9 -			- ditto.
10	- ditto - -		- ditto -	9 ,, -	1 10 -	- 9 -			- ditto.
11	- ditto - -		- ditto -	9 ,, -	- 12 6	- 9 -			In her house.
12	- ditto - -		- ditto -	3 ,, -	- 5 -	- 9 -			In his house.
13	- ditto - -		- ditto -	26 April -	3 - -	- 9 -			- ditto.
14	- ditto - -		- ditto -	3 May -	2 - -	- 9 -			- ditto.
15	- ditto - -		- ditto -	29 March	- 5 -	- 9 -			In her house.
16	- ditto - -		- ditto -	31 ,, -	- 15 -	- 9 -			In his house.
17	- ditto - -		- ditto -	6 April -	- 10 -	- 9 -			- ditto.
18	- ditto - -		- ditto -	6 ,, -	2 - -	- 9 -			- ditto.
19	- ditto - -		- ditto -	5 ,, -	1 2 6	- 9 -			- ditto.
20	- ditto - -		- ditto -	5 ,, -	- 10 -	- 9 -			In her house.
21	- ditto - -		- ditto -	6 ,, -	- 10 -	- 9 -			- ditto.
22	- ditto - -		- ditto -	11 ,, -	1 10 -	- 9 -			In his house.
23	- ditto - -		- ditto -	13 ,, -	1 - -	- 9 -			- ditto.
24	- ditto - -		- ditto -	13 ,, -	1 10 -	- 9 -			- ditto.
25	- ditto - -		- ditto -	14 ,, -	- 10 -	- 9 -			- ditto.
26	- ditto - -		- ditto -	19 ,, -	- 5 -	- 9 -			- ditto.
27	- ditto - -		- ditto -	19 ,, -	- 15 -	- 9 -			- ditto.
28	- ditto - -		- ditto -	25 ,, -	3 10 -	- 9 -			- ditto.
29	- ditto - -		- ditto -	9 May -	5 - -	- 9 -			- ditto.
30	- ditto - -		- ditto -	26 April -	- 5 -	- 9 -			- ditto.
31	- ditto - -		- ditto -	25 ,, -	5 - -	- 9 -			- ditto.
32	- ditto - -		- ditto -	27 ,, -	- 2 6	- 9 -			- ditto.
33	- ditto - -		- ditto -	2 May -	2 15 -	- 9 -			- ditto.
34	- ditto - -		- ditto -	3 ,, -	- 2 6	- 9 -			- ditto.
35	- ditto - -		- ditto -	11 ,, -	2 10 -	- 9 -			- ditto.
36	- ditto - -		- ditto -	11 ,, -	1 - -	- 9 -			- ditto.
37	- ditto - -		- ditto -	3 ,, -	- 10 -	- 9 -			In her house.
38	- ditto - -		- ditto -	5 April -	- 10 -	- 9 -			- ditto.
39	- ditto - -		- ditto -	26 ,, -	- 5 -	- 9 -			- ditto.
40	- ditto - -		- ditto -	14 ,, -	2 10 -	- 9 -			- ditto.
41	- ditto - -		- ditto -	6 ,, -	4 10 -	- 9 -			- ditto.
42	Scale unjust -		- -	5 May -	1 - -	- 19 6			On their premises.
43	Measure unjust -		Grocer -	18 ,, -	- 2 6	- 12 -			At his shop.
44	- ditto - -		ditto -	18 ,, -	- 1 -	- 12 -			- ditto.
45	- ditto - -		ditto -	30 ,, -	- 2 6	- 10 -			- ditto.
46	- ditto - -		ditto -	25 April -	- 1 -	- 10 -			- ditto.
47	- ditto - -		Beerseller	12 May -	1 - -	- 10 6			At his house.
48	Scale unjust -		Grocer -	16 ,, -	- 5 -	- 14 -			At his shop.
49	- ditto - -		Coal dealer -	30 ,, -	2 - -	- 12 6			On his premises.
50	- ditto - -		Butcher -	29 ,, -	1 - -	- 12 6			At his shop.
51	Weights light -		Grocer -	16 ,, -	- 5 -	- 8 -			- ditto.
52	- ditto - -		Painter -	29 ,, -	1 - -	- 10 -			- ditto.

A Superintendent and an Inspector of the West Riding Constabulary, both residing at Bradford, and paid as such by salaries out of the West Riding funds, are Inspectors of Weights and Measures for the East Division of Morley and the Borough of Bradford.

The Council of the Borough of Bradford, acting under the authority of an Act of Parliament recently passed, either have appointed, or are about to appoint and pay, an Inspector for the said borough.

Bradford, 10 November 1866.

Geo. Rob. Mossman, Clerk to the Justices.

STAINCLIFF, EAST DIVISION—COUNTY OF YORK (WEST RIDING).

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	How Penalties applied.	Where Offence Committed.
			1865:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Unjust balance, 2 oz. against buyer	Shopkeeper	14 Dec.	1 – –	– 18 –	No	To the County	In a shop.
2	Unjust balance, ½ oz. against buyer	ditto	15 „	2 10 –	– 17 6	No	ditto	ditto.
3	Weight, ½ oz., 27 grains light	Innkeeper	15 „	– 10 –	– 17 6	Seized and condemned.	ditto	In an inn.
4	Unjust balance, ¾ oz. against buyer	Shopkeeper	20 „	– 10 –	– 16 6	No	ditto	In a shop.
			1866:					
5	Weights:—4 lb., slightly deficient; 16 oz. slightly deficient.	ditto	13 March	– 10 –	– 13 6	Seized and condemned.	ditto	In a store.
6	Weight, 2 oz., 15 grains light	Butcher	13 „	– 10 –	– 13 6	ditto	ditto	In a shop.
7	Unjust balance, 1 oz. against buyer	Shopkeeper	14 „	1 – –	– 13 6	No	ditto	ditto.

The amount of Salary or other remuneration given to the Inspector of Weights and Measures is 1 *l.* 11 *s.* 6 *d.* per day when on duty. Expenses paid by Inspector:—Horse and gig and assistant; and on proceeding for penalties, 10 *s.* 6 *d.* laying information, and 10 *s.* 6 *d.* attending to prove case.

Skipton, 29 August 1866.

R. Greenwood, Clerk to the Justices.

STRAFFORTH, UPPER, AND TICKHILL DIVISION—COUNTY OF YORK (WEST RIDING).

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Date of Conviction.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized or Condemned.	Penalty and Costs how Disposed of.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Balance, 3½ drams against purchaser.	Grocer	–	26 March	1 – –	– 10 –	Not seized	Paid to Riding, except magistrates' clerks' fees, 4 *s.*	In his shop.
2	Sixteen measures, short	Publican	–	26 „	– 10 –	– 10 –	Seized	ditto	ditto.
3	Balance, ½ oz. against purchaser.	Grocer	–	9 April	– 5 –	– 9 6	Not seized	ditto	ditto.
4	Balance, ¼ oz. against purchaser.	Butcher	17 April	24 „	5 – –	– 10 6	ditto	ditto	ditto.
5	Balance, 1 oz. against purchaser.	Grocer	17 „	24 „	3 – –	– 10 6	ditto	ditto	In her shop.
6	Balance, ¾ oz. against purchaser.	ditto	17 „	24 „	1 – –	– 10 6	ditto	ditto	ditto.
7	Balance, ½ oz. against purchaser.	Grocer and butcher	6 „	24 „	3 – –	– 10 6	ditto	ditto	In his shop.
8	– – ditto – – –	Grocer	6 „	24 „	2 – –	– 10 6	ditto	ditto	ditto.
9	Balance, 3 drams against purchaser.	ditto	6 „	24 „	– 10 –	– 10 6	ditto	ditto	ditto.
10	Two balances, 1½ dram against purchaser.	Butcher	6 „	24 „	– 10 –	– 10 6	ditto	ditto	ditto.
11	Balance, 2 drams against purchaser.	Grocer	10 „	24 „	– 10 –	– 10 6	ditto	ditto	ditto.

The remuneration given to the Inspector is 10 *l.* a year for horse hire, and 3 *s.* 6 *d.* per diem when engaged. The Inspector is Superintendent of Police as well.

Rotherham, 25 August 1866.

John Oxley, Clerk to Justices.

RETURNS FROM BOROUGHS IN ENGLAND AND WALES.

BOROUGH OF ABINGDON.

No persons have been convicted in this borough for using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances.

There is an Inspector of Weights and Measures appointed by the Council, but, being an officer of the Corporation at a salary, he is not paid any Salary for performing the duties of Inspector of Weights and Measures.

8 January 1867. *W. Ballard*, Mayor.

BOROUGH OF ASHTON-UNDER-LYNE.

No persons were convicted in this borough of using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances in the quarter ending 24th June 1866. When convictions are made the penalties are always paid to the credit of the Borough Fund.

The Chief Constable of the borough is the Inspector of Weights and Measures, and for the extra duties he receives a Salary of 15 *l.* per annum.

14 January 1867. *J. Smethurst*, Mayor.

BOROUGH OF BANBURY.

No persons were convicted of using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

Amount of Salary and other remuneration given to the Inspectors of Weights and Measures, 2 *l.* per annum.

11 January 1867. *W. R. Harrison*, Mayor.

BOROUGH OF BARNSTAPLE.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date of Conviction.	Penalty.	Costs.	Articles Seized or Forfeited.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Weights:—1 lb., 2 drams deficient; ½ lb., 1½ dram deficient.	Market woman	11 May	– 5 –	– 8 –	Weights forfeited.	Barnstaple market.

Application of Penalty :—One-half was paid to the Borough Fund, and the other half to the Informer.

Inspector's Salary, 10 *l.* per annum.

J. S. Clay, Clerk to the Justices.

CITY AND BOROUGH OF BATH.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Earthenware measures:—1 quart and 1 pint, each 1-16th short.	Licensed victualler.	30 April	- 2 -	- 9 6	Yes	In his house.
2	Earthenware measures:—1 quart and 1 pint, each 1-16th short.	- ditto -	30 „	- 2 -	- 9 6	Yes	- ditto.
3	Measure, 1 pewter quart, 1-16th short.	Beerhouse keeper.	30 „	- 5 -	- 9 6	Yes	- ditto.
4	Measure, 1 pewter quart, 1-16th short.	- ditto -	30 „	- 5 -	- 9 6	Yes	- ditto.
5	Earthenware measures, 2 quarts, each 1-16th short.	Licensed victuallers.	30 „	- 2 -	- 9 6	Yes	- ditto.
6	Selling by a measure contrary to the statute; namely, ¾ of a pint.	- ditto -	30 „	- 1 -	- 9 6	Yes	- ditto.
7	Scales, nearly 2 oz. against the purchaser.	Fishmonger -	22 May	- 5 -	- 9 6	No	At his stall.

No portion of the Penalties is given to the Inspector, but all go to the Borough Fund. The Costs are paid to the Magistrate's Clerk.

It is desirable to add that the number of cases which might otherwise be brought for magisterial adjudication is much diminished in this city by a system established by the Inspector of Weights and Measures, whereby all persons using weights, &c. are required to have them examined at his office at least twice a year. Persons so complying are not summoned for what is palpably the mere results of wear and tear, found by the Inspector during his intermediate visits. This system is found to be protective on the one hand to the public, and on the other shields the tradesman from proceedings of a simply vexatious character.

Of the weights examined at the Inspector's Office during the quarter ending 24th June last, 1,170 were incorrect, apparently from mere ordinary usage, and had to be re-adjusted and re-stamped. The Inspector is not allowed to do the adjusting, and has therefore no interest in condemning weights, &c. The fees for stamping, with all other income, are paid over to the City Treasurer.

The Salary of the Inspector for this city and borough is 150*l.* per annum. He has no other remuneration. He provides his own office, clerk, and other assistance as he may require.

10 January 1867. *Wm. Thompson*, Mayor.

BOROUGH OF BEDFORD.

No persons were convicted in this borough of using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

Amount of Salary or other remuneration given to the Inspector of Weights and Measures, 20*l.*

11 January 1867. *W. T. Nash*, Mayor.

BOROUGH OF BERWICK-UPON-TWEED.

— Nil. —

THE Salary of the Inspector is 15 *l.* per annum; and the average annual amount of fees for stamping is 3 *l.*

10 January 1867. *R. Home*, Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF BEVERLEY.

THERE were no persons convicted in this borough of using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances during the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The annual Salary of the Inspector of Weights and Measures is 15 *l.* He has no other remuneration.

11 January 1867. *H. E. Silvester*, Mayor.

BOROUGH OF BEWDLEY.

NO persons have been convicted within this borough of using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The Inspector of Weights and Measures for the borough receives no Salary or remuneration beyond the fees allowed to inspectors by the Act of 5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 63, and specified in the schedule to the said Act.

7 January 1867. *Robt. Williams*, Mayor.

BOROUGH OF BIDEFORD.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on	Date of Offence.	Date of Conviction.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	1866:	*s. d.*	*s. d.*		
1	Weights, slightly deficient, caused by wear and tear.	Fish dealer	2 May -	7 May -	1 -	7 -	Ordered by the Justices to be rectified.	In his shop.

The Fine was ordered to be paid to the Borough Treasurer, in aid of the Borough Fund.

The Inspector of Weights and Measures is paid a Salary of 10 *l* a year.

8 January 1867. *Charles William Hole*, Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF BIRMINGHAM.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy,	Business carried on.	Date when Offence Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
1	Scales, 6 drs. incorrect	Butcher	9 March	– 2 6	– 10 –	In the shop.
2	Scales, 6 drs. incorrect. Lard placed under goods scale.	Confectioner	15 „	– 5 –	– 10 –	- ditto.
3	Weights:—4 lb., 10 drs. light; 1 lb., 3½ drs. light. Lost the lead adjustment from bottoms.	Metal dealer	24 „	– 5 –	– 10 –	In the warehouse or metal deposit room.
4	From a quarter to one cwt. scales, 2 lbs., by an accumulation of slack in goods scale.	Coal dealer by retail.	26 „	– 5 –	– 10 –	In the yard.
5	Weight, 56 *l.*, 5½ oz. light	Metal dealer	27 „	– 1 –	– 10 –	In the working room.
6	Scales, 8 drs. incorrect	Pork butcher	4 April	– 2 6	– 10 –	In the shop.
7	Two pairs of scales:—One pair used for selling potatoes, 2 oz. incorrect; one pair for small quantities of provisions, ¼ oz. incorrect.	Huckster	6 „	– 10 –	– 10 –	- ditto.
8	Scales, 2 oz. incorrect. An accumulation of flour, hard, on goods scale.	Grocer, &c.	24 „	– 2 6	– 10 –	In the shop.
9	Measures (Earthenware):—2 pints, 2½ oz. each; 6 pints 2 oz. each; and 1 pint, 1 oz., deficient.	Beerseller	16 March	– 10 –	– 10 –	In the house.
10	Scales, 8 drs. incorrect	Confectioner	3 April	- -	– 6 6	In the shop.
11	Scales, 2 lb. incorrect	Coal dealer	11 „	– 5 –	– 10 –	In the yard.
12	Weight, 7 lb. 15 drs. light	Metal dealer	12 „	– 2 6	– 10 –	In the warehouse.
13	Weight, 4 lb., ½ oz. light	Grocer	17 „	– 5 –	– 10 –	In the shop.
14	Weight, 4 lb., 7 drs. light	Huckster	23 „	– 2 6	– 10 –	- ditto.
15	Scales, ¼ oz. incorrect	Butcher	23 „	– 2 6	– 10 –	- ditto.

All the Weights and Measures seized were condemned, but none of the Scales; the Weights and Measures Act, 5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 63, not giving power to Inspector to seize scales.

All the Penalties and Costs imposed, and the articles condemned, were paid and applied to the Borough Fund; none to Informant.

Note.—The proportion in this return of metal dealers would not be a fair average for the year 1866, there being only four (or one more) in the 12 months.

Amount of Salaries:—One Chief Inspector, 130 *l.* per annum; and two Inspectors, 100 *l.* per annum each.

—— *Standbridge*, Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF BLACKBURN.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date of Offence.	Penalties.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Weights:—7 lb., 4½ drs.; 1 lb., 3 drs., light.	Fishmonger	4 May	– 2 6	– 8 –	Yes	In his shop.
2	Weights:—Two 7 lb., 3 drs. each; 4 lb., 3 drs.; 2 lb., 2 drs.; ½ lb., 2 drs.; ¼ lb., 1 dram, light.	Grocer	4 „	– 5 –	– 8 –	Yes	- ditto.
3	Weights:—2 lb., 2½ drs.; 1 lb. ½ dram, light.	Fishmonger	4 „	– 2 6	– 8 –	Yes	- ditto.
4	Weights: — 2 lb., 2 drs.; 1 lb., 2 drs.; 1 lb., 1 dr.; 1 lb., 3½ drs.; ½ lb., 1½ dr. ¼ lb., 1 dr., light.	Grocer	7 „	– 7 6	– 8 –	Yes	- ditto.
5	Weights: — 4 lb., 1½ dr.; 1 lb., 1½ dr.; 1 lb., 1 dr.; ½ lb., ½ dram, light; 7 lb., 1 oz. 8 drs., heavy.	- ditto	7 „	– 5 –	– 8 –	Yes	- ditto.
6	Weights:—2lb., 8 drs.; 1 oz., ½ dr., light.	- ditto	7 „	– 5 –	– 8 –	Yes	- ditto.
7	Weight, 4 lb., 5½ drs. light	- ditto	29 „	– 5 –	– 8 –	Yes	- ditto.

No portion of the Penalties was paid to the Informant.

The Salary of the Inspector is 8 *l.* 5 *s.* per quarter.

Joseph Potts, Inspector.

BOROUGH OF BOLTON.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date when Offence Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d	£. s. d.		
1	Balance, 1¾ oz. against purchaser.	Provision dealer -	18 April -	- 2 6	- 8 -	No - -	In a shop.
2	Weights:–7 lb., 8 drams; two 4 lb., 4 drams each; two 1 lb., 2 drams each, light, and unstamped.	- ditto - -	18 „ -	- 2 6	- 9 -	Yes - -	- ditto.
3	Weight, 2 lb., 8 drams too light, and unstamped.	- ditto - -	18 „ -	- 2 6	- 9 -	Yes - -	- ditto.

No portion of the Penalties, Costs, or articles condemned was given to the Informer.

Amount of Salary or remuneration to inspector, 80 *l.* per annum; no other remuneration.

R. G. Hinnell, Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF BOSTON.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of Inaccuracies.	Business Carried on.	Date when Offence Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Ten pint and two quart measures, deficient from one-fifth to one-sixth each.	Licensed victualler.	24 May -	- 5 -	- 6 6	Yes - -	Public-house.
2	One quart, one pint, and four half-pint measures deficient, from one-fifth to one-sixth each.	- ditto -	24 „ -	- 5 -	- 6 6	Yes - -	- ditto.

One-half of the Penalty was given to John Tonge, the Inspector and Informer.

Amount of Salary given to the Inspector of Weights and Measures, 20 *l.* per annum.

15 January 1867. *F. T. White*, Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF BRADFORD.

An Inspector was not appointed by the Town Council till September last; his Salary is 120 *l.* per annum, with three assistants at 26 *s.*, 16 *s.*, and 10 *s.* per week respectively.

For *W. T. M'Gowen*, Town Clerk,

22 February 1867. *J. Rawson.*

BOROUGH OF BRIDGNORTH.

No persons have been convicted in this borough of using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The remuneration given to Mr. John Cole, the Inspector of Weights and Measures, is 5 *l.* per annum.

11 January 1867. *J. W. M'Michael*, Mayor.

BOROUGH OF BRIDGWATER.

No convictions for using unjust weights, measures, or balances were made by the magistrates of this borough for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The Inspector of Weights and Measures receives a Salary of 10 *l.* a year, but no other remuneration.

31 January 1867. *Richard Smith,* Clerk to the Justices.

BOROUGH OF BRIDPORT.

No convictions for using false weights and measures, &c. have taken place in this borough for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The duties of Inspector of Weights and Measures are performed by the county police, without charge.

7 January 1867. *Fred. W. Gundry,* Town Clerk.

CITY OF BRISTOL.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
1	A pair of scales, 1¼ oz. against the purchaser, by a penny-piece being placed under the scale (2nd offence).	Baker - - -	22 June -	2 – –	– 8 6
2	Two pairs of scales, respectively 1 oz. and ½ oz. against the purchaser (out of balance).	Pork butcher - -	22 „ -	– 2 6	– 8 6
3	A pair of scales, 2 oz. against the purchaser, by a piece of lead being placed under the scale (3rd offence).	Potato dealer - -	22 „ -	1 – –	– 9 6

Salary and other remuneration to Inspector:—£. 200 per annum, and moiety of Penalties.

10 January 1867. *William Brice,* Clerk to the Justices.

BOROUGH OF BURNLEY.

This Corporation have no official connection with the administration of justice within the borough; there are no borough justices, and the county justices only act for the borough.

10 January 1867. *A. B. Creeke,* Town Clerk, per *J. W. A.*

BOROUGH OF BURY ST. EDMUNDS.

No person in this borough was convicted of using or having in his possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances during the quarter ending 24th June last.

The Inspector of Weights and Measures for this borough is paid a yearly salary of 20 *l.*

9 January 1867. *W. Salmon,* Town Clerk.

CITY AND BOROUGH OF CANTERBURY.

— None. —

The Salary of the Inspector of Weights and Measures is 15 *l.* per annum.

8 January 1867. *Thomas Sankey Cooper*, Mayor.

BOROUGH OF CARDIFF.

— None. —

There is no Inspector of Weights for the said borough, which is within the district of an Inspector appointed by the county justices in quarter sessions.

9 January 1867. *Charles W. David*, Mayor.

CITY OF CARLISLE.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.		
1	Balance, 2½ lb. against purchaser.	Coal dealer -	2 May -	1 – –	- - -	In his coal-store.
2	Balance, 5 lb. against purchaser.	- ditto - -	19 „ -	1 – –	- - -	- ditto.
3	Weights :—3½ lb., 3¼ oz. deficient; 1 lb., ¾ oz. deficient; ½ lb., ¼ oz. deficient.	Greengrocer -	2 June -	– 7 6	Condemned, and taken possession of by the Inspector of Weights and Measures.	In his shop.
4	Weight, 2 lb., 1½ oz. deficient.	- ditto - -	20 „ -	– 5 –	- - -	- ditto.

The above Informations were laid by the Inspector of Weights and Measures, whose Salary is 10 *l.* per annum.

9 January 1867. *John Nanson*, Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF CARMARTHEN.

No persons have been convicted in this borough of using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The Superintendent of Police for this borough is Inspector of Weights and Measures, but he is not paid any extra remuneration for that office. His Salary as Superintendent, &c. is 120 *l.* per annum.

5 January 1867. *George Thomas*, Justices' Clerk.

BOROUGH OF CARNARVON.

During the past year there were no convictions, or charges, or seizures, the penalties inflicted a few years ago having effectually cured the evil for a short time.

The Superintendent of Police receives 5 *l.* as Inspector of Weights and Measures.

Llewellyn Turner, Mayor.

CITY AND BOROUGH OF CHESTER.

THERE were no convictions in this city and borough for using or having unjust weights, &c. during the quarter ended 24th June 1866.

The Inspector is paid a Salary of 25 *l.* per annum, and he is allowed to take for his own use such portion of the penalties inflicted as the magistrates may think proper to award to him, not exceeding a moiety thereof.

For *J. Walker*, Town Clerk,
Jas. Paul.

Public Offices, Lower Bridge-street.
8 January 1867.

CITY OF CHICHESTER.

No conviction.

The Salary paid to the Inspector of Weights and Measures for this city is 10 *l.* per annum.

5 January 1867. *R. G. Raper*, Mayor.

BOROUGH OF CLITHEROE.

THERE were no convictions during the quarter ending 14th June 1866 in this borough.

The amount of remuneration given to the Inspector of Weights and Measures is about 5 *l.* a year.

30 January 1867. *John Eastham*, Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF COLCHESTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	When Offence Committed.	Fine.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Weighing machine, half an ounce against the purchaser.	Pork butcher -	23 May -	- 5 -	- 10 -	No - -	In his shop.

One-half of the Penalty was paid to the Informer.

The Salary of the Inspector is 50 *l.* per annum.

11 January 1866. *Henry Wittey*, Clerk to Justices.

CITY OF COVENTRY.

No conviction has taken place during the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The Chief Superintendent of Police is the Inspector of Weights and Measures for this city, and he has no separate Salary for the duty, but is allowed adjusting charges to defray the expenses of himself and assistants, the fees for stamping being paid into the Borough Fund.

7 January 1867. *Thos. Browett*, Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF DARTMOUTH.

THERE were no convictions in this borough for using false weights, measures, and balances for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

One of the police constables of the borough is Inspector of Weights and Measures, and has no Salary or remuneration other than his ordinary pay as police constable.

24 January 1867. *Percy Hockin.*

BOROUGH OF DEAL.

NO convictions for using or having in possession unjust weights or measures during the quarter ended 24th June 1866 took place in this borough.

The remuneration to the Inspectors of Weights and Measures is by a fee paid on each weight or measure when adjusted.

Guildhall, 8 January 1867. *W. M. Cavell,* Mayor.

BOROUGH OF DENBIGH.

THERE is now no Inspector of Weights and Measures for this borough, the Corporation having sold to the county their standard weights and measures, it being deemed desirable the inspection of weights and measures should be under one officer, the superintendent of police stationed here for the Denbigh Division of the county.

Vale-street, 8 January 1867. *Richard Williams,* Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF DEVIZES.

— Nil. —

Amount of Salary and other remuneration given to the Inspector of Weights and Measures :—No fixed Salary. He receives for his own use the fees for stamping weights and measures, which are of very small amount in the aggregate.

23 January 1867. *Alex. Meek,* Town Clerk.
per *William Nott.*

BOROUGH OF DEWSBURY.

THE Municipal Borough of Dewsbury, not having "a separate commission of the peace," the Town Council are not empowered by 24 & 25 Vict. c. 75, s. 6, to appoint an Inspector of Weights and Measures. The Borough of Dewsbury forms part of the West Riding of Yorkshire for the purposes of the inspection of weights and measures, and contributes to the county rate for such purposes.

5 January 1867. *Jesse Smith,* Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF DORCHESTER.

NO convictions for using or having in possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances have taken place within this borough within the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

Guildhall, 8 January 1867. *G. Curnee,* Mayor.

BOROUGH OF DOVER.

No convictions took place within this borough for using or having in possession false or unjust weights, measures, or balances for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

5 January 1867. *Edw. Knocker*, Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF DUDLEY.

THERE were no persons convicted here of using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances during the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

5 January 1867. *W. Banadale*, Acting Clerk to the Justices.

BOROUGH OF DUNSTABLE.

No persons have been convicted in this borough during the quarter ending 24th June 1866 for using unjust scales, weights, or measures.

At present there is no Inspector of Weights and Measures for the Borough of Dunstable.

7 January 1867. *William Medland*, Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF DURHAM.

No conviction has taken place within the Borough of Durham during the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The Inspector of Weights and Measures for this borough is appointed by the justices for the county, and his remuneration consists only of the charges made for adjusting the weights and measures.

5 January 1867. *William Marshall*, Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF EVESHAM.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature of Offence.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	If Scales Seized.	How Penalty applied.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Unjust Scales -	Butcher -	2 April -	- 1 -	- 6 -	No -	To Informer	In his shop.

The Information was laid by the Inspector.

The Inspector of Weights and Measures receives no Salary.

7 January 1867. *Wm. Thos. Allard*, Mayor.

CITY AND COUNTY OF THE CITY OF EXETER.

No persons were convicted of using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

Amount of Salary given to the Inspector of Weights and Measures, 30 *l.* No other remuneration.

9 January 1867. *W. Denis Moore*, Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF FALMOUTH.

No persons were convicted in this borough for using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances for the quarter ended 24th June 1866.

11 January 1867. *Thos. Webber*, Mayor.

BOROUGH OF GRAVESEND.

— Nil. —

Geo. Edw. Sharland, Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF GREAT GRIMSBY.

There has been no conviction of any person in the Borough of Grimsby for using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

21 January 1867. *Thos. Oates*, Mayor.
per *W. G.*

BOROUGH OF GUILDFORD.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Trade carried on.	When Offence was Committed.	Date of Conviction.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	1866:	*s. d.*	*s. d.*		
1	Weights:—56 lb., 4½ oz. too heavy; 2 lb., 2 oz. 1½ dram too light; 1 lb., 7½ drams too light.	Butcher -	15 March	9 April	1 –	12 –	No - -	In a shop.
2	Balance, ½ lb. against the purchaser.	Coal dealer	16 „	16 „	- nil. -	12 –	No - -	In a store.

Half of the Penalty has been paid to the Borough Police Superannuation Fund.

The Head Constable is Inspector of Weights and Measures, and receives a Salary of 5 *l.* per annum for performance of this duty.

7 January 1867. *W. Haydon Smallpeice*, Clerk to the Justices.

BOROUGH OF HANLEY.

An Inspector of Weights and Measures has not yet been appointed for this borough. For the purposes of the Act of Parliament as to weights and measures, this borough is included in the North Staffordshire District, for which there is a County Inspector appointed, who resides at Stafford.

21 January 1867. *Edward Challinor.*

BOROUGH OF HARTLEPOOL.

No convictions have taken place within this borough in respect of parties having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The Inspector is not paid by salary, but is remunerated by parties requiring their weights, measures, or balances adjusting, which is of very small amount, and scarcely pays the necessary expenses.

10 January 1867. *Thomas Belk*, Clerk to the Justices.

BOROUGH OF HARWICH.

No persons were convicted of using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances for the quarter ending 24th June 1866, in this borough.

12 January 1867. *Edwin Chapman*, Clerk to the Justices.

BOROUGH OF HASTINGS.

No persons were convicted in the Borough of Hastings of using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The Salary paid to the Inspectors of Weights and Measures for the Borough of Hastings is 30 *l.* per annum.

10 January 1867. *Wm. Scrivens*, Mayor.

BOROUGH OF HAVERFORDWEST.

No person has been proceeded against for using unjust weights or measures within this borough for the last five years.

The Justices in quarter sessions have appointed an operative cutler to act as Inspector of Weights and Measures, at a salary of 6 *l.* per annum. The Mayor, Aldermen, and Councillors have no control over him.

5 January 1867. *John Madocks*, Mayor.

CITY OF HEREFORD.

No persons were convicted for having in their possession any false weights, measures, &c. during the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The Salary paid to the Inspector of Weights and Measures is 10 *l.* per annum.

17 January 1867. *Thos. Smith*, Finance Clerk.

BOROUGH OF HONITON.

No person or persons have been convicted for using or having in their possession any false or unjust weight, measure, or balance for the quarter ending 24th June 1866, in the Borough of Honiton.

There is no Salary or reward for the duties performed as Inspector or Examiner of Weights and Measures. The county allows 12 *s.* for them when employed out, and 1 *s.* 6 *d.* at home to cover expenses out of pocket, such as horse, conveyance, &c. &c.

14 January 1867. *John Knight*, Mayor.

BOROUGH OF IPSWICH.

— Nil. —

The Salary of the Inspector of Weights and Measures is 40 *l.* a year.

21 January 1867. *S. A. Notcutt*,
Town Clerk, and Clerk of the Peace.

BOROUGH OF KENDAL.

THERE have been no convictions against persons for using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances for the quarter ending 24th June 1866, in this borough.

The Superintendent of Police is Inspector of Weights and Measures, but receives no salary for the office.

10 January 1867. *Geo. Foster Braithwaite*, Mayor.

BOROUGH OF KING'S LYNN.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date when Offence Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.	Application of Penalty and Costs.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Weights :—2 lb., ½ lb., ¼ lb., 2 oz., 1 oz., all light and unjust, some to the extent of ¼ oz.	Butcher -	26 April -	- 1 -	- 19 6	Fine paid to the Borough Fund. Costs received by clerk to the borough justices.	In a shop.

The Inspector was the Informer.

Amount of Salary and other remuneration paid to Inspector :—£. 30 per annum ; no other remuneration.

31 January 1867. *T. G. Archer*, Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF LANCASTER.

Numb r of Persons Convicted.	Extent of Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	4 oz. against the purchaser.	Farmer - - (Wife of.)	12 May -	- 10 -	- 9 6	Yes - -	In the public market.

All the Penalty was paid to the Inspector (the Informant), and the beam and scales given to the Informant to be destroyed.

Amount of Salary and other remuneration given to Inspector of Weights and Measures :—£. 30 per annum. The Inspector is Superintendent of Police of the county, and this is paid to him as remuneration and expenses of conveying and examining weights in the South Lonsdale Division, in which Lancaster is situate.

14 January 1867. *Wm. J. Wane*, Mayor.

BOROUGH OF LEEDS.

No convictions.

Amount of Salary paid to each Inspector per annum :—Inspector, 80 *l.*; Sub-inspector, 67 *l.* 12 *s.*; and Assistant Inspector, 46 *l.* 16 *s.*

14 January 1867. *James Wardell*, Deputy Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF LEICESTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Trade carried on.	Date.	Amount of Fine, including Costs.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	
1	Pair of scales, 1½ oz. deficient	Butcher	27 April	– 10 6	In his shop.
2	Pair of scales, 4 oz. deficient	Greengrocer	27 „	1 1 –	ditto.
3	Pair of scales, 1½ oz. deficient	Grocer	4 May	– 10 6	ditto.
4	Pair of scales, 1½ oz. deficient	Baker and flour seller	4 „	– 10 6	ditto.
5	Pair of scales, 2 oz. deficient	Grocer and flour seller	21 „	– 10 –	ditto.

The Scales were returned to the parties, on condition that they should be adjusted and examined by the Inspector before being again used.

The Fines, after deducting Costs, were paid to the Borough Fund.

The Salary of Mr. William Barnes, Inspector of Weights and Measures, is 70 *l.* a year, without any other remuneration.

11 January 1867. *Samuel Stone*, Clerk to the Justices.

BOROUGH OF LEOMINSTER.

No persons have been convicted of using false or unjust weights, &c. within this borough for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

Mr. Thomas Beavan, of Broad-street in this borough, is the Inspector of Weights and Measures, at a yearly Salary of 7 *l.* 10 *s.*

7 January 1867. *Thos. B. Stallard*, Mayor.

CITY AND COUNTY OF LICHFIELD.

— None. —

Charles Simpson, Clerk of the Peace.

CITY OF LINCOLN.

— Nil. —

Weights and scales seized are usually re-adjusted by the Inspector, at the expense of the offender, and returned to them by order of the Magistrates.

All informations are laid by the Inspector, and all penalties and costs go to the Borough Fund.

Amount of Salary and other remuneration given to the Inspectors of Weights and Measures:—£. 30 per annum.

Jas. Handley,
5 January 1867. Chief Constable.

BOROUGH OF LISKEARD.

— None. —

For *A. C. L. Glubb*, Mayor,
10 January 1867. *Jas. Jago*, Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF LIVERPOOL.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Trade carried on.	Date of Offence.	Date of Conviction.	Penalties.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Six weights, 11 oz. 14 drams light.	Coal dealer	28 Feb.	5 April	1 – –	– 4 6	Seized and condemned	In the yard.
2	Two weights, light (unstamped).	ditto	28 „	5 „	– 10 –	– 4 6	ditto	ditto.
3	Scale, ¾ oz. against purchaser.	Pork dealer	3 March	5 „	– 10 –	– 4 6	Not seized	In the shop.
4	Machine, 6 drams against purchaser.	Provision dealer	6 „	5 „	1 – –	– 4 6	ditto	ditto.
5	Scale, ½ oz. against purchaser.	ditto	10 „	5 „	1 – –	– 4 6	ditto	ditto.
6	Scale, 10 drams against purchaser.	Pork dealer	10 „	5 „	1 – –	– 4 6	ditto	ditto.
7	Scale, 6 drams against purchaser.	Provision dealer	17 „	5 „	– 10 –	– 4 6	ditto	ditto.
8	Scale, 1 dram against purchaser.	ditto	20 „	5 „	3 – –	– 4 6	ditto	ditto.
9	Machine, ½ oz. against purchaser.	ditto	23 „	5 „	1 10 –	– 4 6	ditto	ditto.
10	Two ½ pint ale glasses, nearly ½ gill short each.	Publican	27 „	5 „	2 – –	– 4 6	Seized and condemned	In the house.
11	Scale, ¼ lb. against purchaser.	Marine store dealer	2 „	5 „	– 10 –	– 4 6	Not seized	ditto.
12	Half pint ale glass, ¼ short	Publican	7 „	5 „	4 – –	– 4 6	Seized and condemned	ditto.
13	Scale, ¾ oz. against purchaser.	Butcher	10 „	5 „	1 – –	– 4 6	Not seized	In the shop.
14	Scale, 10 oz. against purchaser.	Provision dealer	19 „	5 „	2 – –	– 4 6	ditto	ditto.
15	Scale, 2 lbs. against purchaser.	Coal dealer	2 April	3 May	– 10 –	– 4 6	ditto	In the yard.
16	Nine weights, 2 lbs. ½ oz. light.	Warehouse keeper	3 „	3 „	2 – –	– 4 6	Seized and condemned	In warehouse.
17	Scale, ½ oz. against purchaser.	Grocer	10 „	3 „	5 – –	– 4 6	Not seized	In the shop.
18	Four weights, 14½ oz. light	Cotton dealer	20 „	3 „	5 – –	– 4 6	Seized and condemned	In warehouse.
19	Two weights, 2½ drams light.	Tobacconist	21 „	3 „	5 – –	– 4 6	ditto	In the shop.
20	Scale, ½ oz. against purchaser.	Provision dealer	24 „	3 „	1 – –	– 4 6	Not seized	ditto.
21	Three weights, 8 oz. heavy	Marine store dealer	25 „	3 „	5 – –	– 4 6	Seized and condemned	ditto.
22	Scale, 2 oz. against seller	ditto	25 „	3 „	5 – –	– 4 6	Not seized	ditto.
23	Scale, 2¼ lbs. against purchaser.	Coal dealer	25 „	3 „	– 10 –	– 4 6	ditto	In the yard.
24	Twelve weights, 3 lbs. 9 oz. 3 drams light.	Cotton dealer	3 May	7 June	5 – –	– 4 6	Seized and condemned	In warehouse.
25	Three scales, 8 drams against purchaser.	Grocer	9 „	7 „	– 10 –	– 4 6	Not seized	In the shop.
26	Scale, ½ lb. against purchaser.	Farmer	12 „	7 „	– 10 –	– 4 6	ditto	In the market.
27	Four weights, 14 drams light.	Provision dealer	12 „	7 „	3 – –	– 4 6	ditto	In the shop.
28	56 lb. weight, 6½ heavy	Marine store dealer	16 „	7 „	5 – –	– 4 6	Seized and condemned	In the house.
29	Scale, 3½ lbs. against purchaser.	Coal dealer	26 „	7 „	3 – –	– 4 6	Not seized	In the yard.
30	Scale, 3 lbs. against purchaser.	ditto	7 „	7 „	1 10 –	– 4 6	ditto	ditto.
31	Five ½ gallons, nearly ½ gill short each.	Beerhouse keeper	18 „	7 „	2 – –	– 4 6	Seized and condemned	In the house.
32	Scale, 2 drams against purchaser.	Tobacconist	31 „	7 „	3 – –	– 4 6	Not seized	In the shop.

All Fines and Costs are paid over to the Treasurer of the Borough.

There are three Inspectors of Weights and Measures for this Borough; a Chief Inspector, at a Salary of 170*l.* per annum; and two Out-door Inspectors, at 120*l.* and 110*l* respectively; they receive no other remuneration.

8 January 1867.

Joseph Rayner, Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF LONGTON.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Date of Conviction.	Fine.	Costs.
			1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
1	Flour scales, ½ oz. out of balance against purchaser.	Grocer - - -	28 March -	23 May -	- 10 -	- 10 -
2	Flour scales, 1½ oz. out of balance against purchaser.	- ditto - - -	28 „ -	23 „ -	- 10 -	- 10 -
3	Unstamped weights:—1 lb., 1½ dram light; ¼ lb., 1½ dram light; ¼ lb., 3½ drams light; 2 oz, ½ dram light.	Shopkeeper - -	28 „ -	23 „ -	2 - -	- 10 -
4	Unstamped and illegal weight, 10 lb., 4 oz. 2 drams deficient.	Greengrocer - -	28 „ -	23 „ -	- 10 -	- 10 -
5	Two quart jugs, about 1 gill each deficient.	Beerseller - -	28 „ -	23 „ -	- 10 -	- 10 -
6	Coal scales against purchaser; a horseshoe was attached to the cart arms side of these scales, the scales being correct without horseshoe.	Coal seller - -	14 April -	23 „ -	- 5 -	- 10 -

BOROUGH OF LOUTH.

— Nil. —

The amount of Salary and other remunerations of the Inspector of Weights and Measures are amalgamated with his salary as head constable, he receiving no fees or penalties as Inspector of Weights and Measures.

5 January 1867.

BOROUGH OF LUDLOW.

— Nil. —

10 January 1867. *W. Whiteman*, Mayor.

BOROUGH OF MACCLESFIELD.

No convictions for using false weights, &c. took place in this borough during the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The Salary of the Inspector of Weights and Measures is 70*l.*

28 January 1867. *Thos. Parrott*, Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF MAIDSTONE.

No persons were convicted in this borough of using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

30 January 1867. *Jno. Monckton*, Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF MALDON.

No proceedings have been taken against any person or persons in this borough for using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

Salary of Inspector, 5 *l.* per annum.

5 January 1867. *Geo. Digby*, Clerk to the Justices.

CITY OF MANCHESTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Small retail provision scale, 3 drams against purchaser.	Grocer - - -	11 April	2 10 -	- 8 6	No - -	In a shop.
2	Retail potato scale, 2 oz. against purchaser	Provision dealer - -	16 „ -	- 10 -	- 8 6	No - -	- ditto.
3	Small retail provision scale, ¾ oz. against purchaser.	- ditto - - -	18 „ -	2 - -	- 8 6	No - -	- ditto.
4	Weight, 14 lb., 1 lb. light - - - -	Fishmonger - -	25 „ -	1 - -	- 8 6	Yes - -	- ditto.
5	Small retail tobacco scale, 1 dram against purchaser; weighs ¼ oz. in this scale, which is 25 per cent. against purchaser.	Provision dealer - -	28 „ -	- 10 -	- 8 6	No - -	- ditto.
6	Half-peck measure, 1 pint deficient; caused by a false bottom.	Marine store dealer -	30 „ -	2 10 -	- 8 6	Yes - -	- ditto.
7	Weight, 28 lb., 10½ oz. light - - -	Coal dealer - - -	7 May -	1 - -	- 8 6	Yes - -	In a store.
8	Retail butter scale, ¼ oz. against purchaser; loose shot-ball to balance.	Provision dealers -	1 June -	3 - -	- 8 6	No - -	In a shop.
9	Weight, 4 lb., 11½ drams light; stamp obliterated.	Provision dealer - -	2 „ -	- -	- 2 6	Yes - -	- ditto.
10	Weight, 7 lb., 1 oz. 7 drams light, and unstamped.	Marine store dealer -	4 „ -	1 - -	- 8 6	Yes - -	- ditto.
11	Weight, 4 lb., 2¾ oz. heavy, and unstamped; used for buying.	- ditto - - -	8 „ -	1 - -	- 8 6	Yes - -	In the street.
12	Weight, 4 lb., 1 oz. 2 drams light, and unstamped.	- ditto - - -	8 „ -	- -	- 2 6	Yes - -	In a shop.
13	Weight, 1 lb., nearly ½ oz. light, and unstamped; tried to conceal it when visited.	Provision dealer - -	12 „ -	- 10 -	- 8 6	Yes - -	- ditto.
14	Weights :—56 lb., 8 oz. light; 56 lb., 3 oz. light; 28 lb., 2¾ oz. light.	Pork butcher - -	23 „ -	1 - -	- 8 6	Yes - -	- ditto.

All the Weights and Measures enumerated above were seized and condemned, in accordance with the various general Acts of Parliament relating to Weights and Measures.

Scales or Balances are only seized and condemned when seized in the street, in accordance with the 22 & 23 Vict. c. 56; or in the markets, in pursuance of the "Manchester Market Act, 1846" (9 & 10 Vict. c. 219).

The Chief Inspector's Salary is 220 *l.* per annum; No. 1 Out door Inspector's Salary is 140 *l.* No. 2 ditto is 100 *l.* No other remuneration of any kind to the Inspectors.

Ralph Mellor, Chief Inspector of Weights and Measures.

BOROUGH OF MARGATE.

No convictions have taken place before the Justices of this borough of persons for using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

19 January 1867. *Athelstan Harvey Boys*, Justices' Clerk.

BOROUGH OF MORPETH.

No persons have been convicted in this borough of using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

No Salary or other remuneration given to the Inspector.

31 December 1866. *Benjn. Woodman*, Clerk to the Justices.

BOROUGH OF NEATH.

No conviction whatever took place in this borough during the quarter ending 24th June 1866 for any infringement of the laws with regard to weights and measures.

There is no Inspector of Weights and Measures appointed for this Borough, the duties being performed by the County Inspector.

19 January 1867. *Alfred Curtis*, Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF NEWARK.

— Nil. —

The Salary of the Inspector of Weights and Measures is 13*l.* 10*s.* per annum.

William Cubley, Mayor.

BOROUGH OF NEWBURY.

THERE were no persons convicted in this borough of using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

An Inspector is appointed at a Salary of 10*l.* per annum.

4 February 1867. *Henry Godwin,* Clerk to the Justices.

BOROUGH OF NEWCASTLE-UNDER-LYME.

THERE were no convictions before the Magistrates of this borough for the quarter ending 24th June 1866 against any persons for unjust weights or measures.

The Superintendent of Police is the Inspector of Weights and Measures, for which he receives no pay.

14 January 1867. *Standford Alexander,* Superintendent of Police.

BOROUGH OF NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE.

— Nil. —

The Inspector of Weights and Measures for the Borough of Newcastle-upon-Tyne is paid a fixed annual Salary of 80*l.*

16 January 1867. *Robert R. Carr.*

BOROUGH OF NEWPORT (ISLE OF WIGHT).

No persons were convicted in this borough in respect of false or unjust weights, measures, or balances for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The Inspector's duties are performed by the County Inspector.

10 January 1867. *James Eldridge,* Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF NEWPORT (MONMOUTHSHIRE).

No persons were summoned or convicted in this borough for using or having in their possession unjust weights, measures, or balances during the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The Inspector is not paid any fixed Salary, but an allowance is made to him annually by the Town Council, of such amount as they may at their meeting determine.

7 January 1867. *John Huxtable,*
Superintendent of Police
and Inspector of Weights and Measures.

CITY OF NORWICH.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Etent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on	Date of Offence.	Date of Conviction.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	1866:	*s. d.*	*s. d.*		
1	13 weights, gross weight 39 lbs, 3½ ounces deficient.	Grocer -	23 March	28 March	1 –	11 –	Condemned	In a shop.
2	Pair of meat scales and beam, 2 ounces against the purchaser.	Butcher -	9 May -	26 May -	2 6	11 –	- ditto -	In market.

No portion of the Penalties was paid to the Informer,

Salary of Inspector and Assistant:—Inspector, 24 *s.* per week; Assistant Inspector, 18 *s.* per week, and clothing.

The Inspector was, during the greater part of this quarter, incapacitated from attending to his duties by illness. He died on the 6th June 1866, and his successor did not enter upon his duties of the office until after the 24th June 1866.

9 January 1867. *W. L. Mendham*, Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF NOTTINGHAM.

No person or persons were convicted of any offences relative to the Weights and Measures Acts within the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The Salary of the Inspector of Weights and Measures for this borough is 70 *l.* a year, and there is an additional Inspector who receives a Salary of 75 *l.* a year. No penalties or costs or any of the condemned articles are given to either the Inspector or the additional Inspector.

8 January 1867. *F. G. Rawson*, Clerk to the Justices.

BOROUGH OF OLDHAM.

THERE were no convictions in this borough under the Weights and Measures Act (5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 63 and the 22 & 23 Vict. c. 56) during the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The duties connected with the inspection of weights and measures are performed by the police, without any remuneration under the head of weights and measures.

7 January 1867. *John Taylor*, Mayor.

BOROUGH OF OSWESTRY.

No persons were convicted of using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances during the quarter ending 24th June 1866 within the Petty Sessional Division of the Hundred of Oswestry, or within the Borough of Oswestry.

5 January 1867. *Richard J. Croxon*, Clerk to the Magistrates.

BOROUGH OF PEMBROKE.

THERE was no conviction in this borough for having or using false or unjust weights or measures in the quarter ending 24th June last.

7 January 1867. *Robt. Lanning*, Clerk to the Justices.

BOROUGH OF PENZANCE.

No persons were convicted in this borough of using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

19 January 1867. *E. H. Rodd*, Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF PONTEFRACT.

— Nil. —

Salary and other remuneration given to the Inspector of Weights and Measures:— £. 5 annually.

BOROUGH OF PORTSMOUTH.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date when Offence Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Weights:—14 lb., 8 drams; 4 lb., 4 drams; 2 lb., 5 drams; 2 lb., 11 drams, incorrect.	Dealer in marine stores.	2 May -	1 - -	- 9 -	Yes - -	In a shop.
2	Weighing machine:—5 oz. against the purchaser.	Coal dealer -	10 „ -	- 6 -	- 9 -	Yes - -	In a store.
3	Weighing machine:—1 lb. against the purchaser. Weights:—28 lb., 1 oz.; 14 lb., 2¾ oz.; 14 lb., ½ oz., light.	- ditto - -	10 „ -	1 1 -	- 9 -	Yes - -	- ditto.
4	Weights:—14 lb., 4 drams; 7 lb., 3 drams; 4 lb., 8 drams; 2 lb., 2 drams; 1 lb., 12 drams, incorrect.	Dealer in marine stores.	10 „ -	- 6 -	- 9 -	Yes - -	- ditto.
5	Weighing machine:—3 oz. incorrect.	Dealer in marine stores.	10 „ -	- 6 -	- 9 -	Yes - -	- ditto.
6	Beam and scales, 8 drams against the purchaser.	Grocer - -	7 June -	- 1 -	- 9 -	Yes - -	In a shop.

No portion of the Penalties and Costs was given to the Informer.

John Howard, Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF PRESTON.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business Carried on.	Date of Offence.	Date of Conviction.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Incorrect scales, ½ oz. against purchaser.	Provision dealer.	22 Mar. -	29 Mar. -	- 2 6	- 9 6	No - -	In his shop.
2	Incorrect scales, ½ oz. against purchaser.	- ditto -	4 May -	17 May -	- 5 -	- 9 6	No - -	- ditto.

All the Penalty in each case was paid over to the Borough Fund.

The Inspector of Weights and Measures is also the market looker and collector of market tolls, and is paid a Salary of 120 *l.* a year for the whole.

8 January 1867. *Robert Ascroft*, Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF READING.

No persons have been convicted in this borough of using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, &c. for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The amount of Salary paid by the Town Council to the Inspector of Weights and Measures is 30 *l.* per annum. The same officer also holds under the Council the office of collector of tolls at a weighbridge, for which he is paid an additional annual salary of 30 *l.*, with an allowance of 10 *l.* per annum for house rent.

The Forbury, 10 January 1867. *Thomas Rogers*, Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF REIGATE.

No persons have been convicted of using or having in their possession false or unjust weights, measures, or balances for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The Inspector of Weights and Measures for the Petty Sessional Division of Reigate acts also within the Borough of Reigate, but he receives no remuneration for his services from the borough.

12 January 1867. *Chas. Jos. Smith*, Mayor.

BOROUGH OF RICHMOND.

There have been no convictions for using or having in possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances within this borough for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The Inspector of Weights and Measures within this borough is paid by the scale of fees allowed for examining, comparing, trying, and adjusting the weights and measures, not by salary.

29 January 1867. *James Robinson*, Mayor.

CITY OF RIPON.

There were no persons convicted in this city of using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures or balances for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The Superintendent of Police for this city is the Inspector of Weights and Measures for that district, and he receives no separate salary or other remuneration as Inspector of Weights and Measures, his services in that capacity being included in his police pay.

14 January 1867. *Thomas Carter*, Mayor.

BOROUGH OF ROCHDALE.

No person has been convicted of using or having in his possession in this borough any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

Mr. Pickering, one of the Superintendents of the Lancashire County Police Force, at Rochdale, is the Inspector. He is appointed by the County Magistrates.

11 January 1867. *Zach. Mellor*, Town Clerk.

CITY OF ROCHESTER.

No convictions.

The salary is 25*l.* per annum, in addition to which the Corporation pay such expenses attending the execution of the duties of the office as are charged, and, after examination, allowed.

BOROUGH OF ROMSEY.

— Nil. —

29 January 1867. *Charles J. Tylee*, Clerk to the Justices.

BOROUGH OF ST. ALBANS.

There have not been any convictions of persons for using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances during the quarter ending 24th June 1866, within the Borough of St. Albans.

The Inspector is entitled to receive a moiety of the fines on all convictions by way of remuneration for his services. He has no fixed salary.

7 January 1867. *Tho. Ward Blagg*, Clerk to the Justices.

BOROUGH OF ST. IVES (CORNWALL).

No convictions have occurred in this borough during the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

14 January 1867. *William Hichens*, Clerk to the Justices.

BOROUGH OF SAFFRON WALDEN.

There were no persons convicted in the Borough of Saffron Walden of using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances during the quart ending 24th June 1866.

The Inspector of Police for the borough also performs the duty of Inspector of Weights and Measures, for which he receives no extra salary beyond his pay as Inspector of Police.

12 January 1867. *W. B. Freeland*, Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF SALFORD.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business Carried on.	Date of Offence.	Date of Conviction.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed
			1866:	1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	One cart weighing machine, 28 lbs. out of balance.	General carriers.	12 April -	10 May -	2 - -	- 8 6	Not seized -	In a shop.
2	One pair of scales, 1½ oz. against purchaser.	Provision dealer.	1 May -	10 „ -	2 - -	- 8 6	Seized and condemned.	- ditto.
3	One pair of scales, 2½ oz. against purchaser.	- ditto -	3 May -	10 „ -	3 - -	- 8 6	- ditto -	- ditto.
4	One coal scale, 2 lbs. against the purchaser.	Coal dealer	14 June -	29 June -	1 - -	- 8 6	Not seized -	- ditto.

No portion of the Penalties was paid to the Informer. Amount of salary of Inspector:—£. 125 per annum.

John Wright, Inspector.

Supplmentary Return.

Number of Shops and other Places of Business Visited.	Number of Weights Inspected.	Number of Weights found Correct.	Number of Weights Incorrect.	Number of Measures Inspected.	Number of Measures found Correct.	Remarks.
526	4,384	3,933	451	886	886	The weights herein enumerated as being incorrect, were forwarded to the office for adjustment, and were adjusted. It was not deemed desirable in any of the cases to take proceedings against the parties.

John Wright, Inspector.

CITY OF SARUM (NEW).

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business Carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Weights:—56 lb., 7¼ oz. 56 lb., 2½ oz.; 56 lb., 1¼ oz.; 56 lb., 2½ oz., light; 56 lb., 7½ oz.; 56 lb., 1¼ oz., too heavy; 28 lb., 3½ oz.; 28 lb., 2¼ oz.; 28 lb., 1½ oz.; 14 lb., 4 oz.; 14 lb., 1¼ oz.; 7 lb., 2¾ oz.; 7 lb., 14 drams; 4 lb., ½ oz. and 2 drams; 4 lb., 9 drams; 4 lb. 1 oz.; 4 lb., ½ oz.; 2 lb., 5 drams; 2 lb., 4 drams; 2 lb., 4½ drams; two 2 lb., 4 drams each: 2 lb., 5½ drams; 2 lb., 2 drams; two 1 lb., 2 drams each; 1 lb., 1½ dram; two 1 lb., 1½ dram each; 1 lb., 6 drams; ½ lb., 7½ drams; ¼ lb., ½ dram; ¼ lb., 4½ drams; 2 oz., ½ dram.; and one pair of scales, 1½ oz., too light.	Marine store dealer.	25 April -	5 - -	- 9 6	The whole seized and condemned, with the exception of the scales.	In a warehouse.
2	Weights:—4 lb., 8 drams; 2 lb., 9½ drams; 1 lb., 5 drams; ½ lb., 4½ drams; ¼ lb., 3½ drams; 2 oz., 9½ drams; and 1 oz., all too light.	Butcher -	11 May -	2 10 -	- 9 6	The whole seized and condemned.	In a shop.
3	Weights:—4 lb., 5 drams; 2 lb., 2½ drams; 1 lb., 2½ drams; and ¼ lb., 2 drams, too light.	Greengrocer -	11 „ -	2 10 -	- 9 6	ditto -	- ditto.

One moiety of the Fines and the whole of the articles condemned was given to the Informer.
Salary, &c. given to the Inspector:—£. 15 per annum.

8 January 1867.

Chas. Marsh Lee, Justices' Clerk.

BOROUGH OF SCARBOROUGH.

THERE have been no convictions for offences during the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The Inspector of Weights and Measures receives 30 *l.* per annum from the Council, out of which he has to provide a place for adjusting defective weights and measures.

15 January 1867. *W. E. Woodall*, Clerk to the Justices.

BOROUGH OF SHEFFIELD.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business Carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
1	Pair of small scales, 9 drams against the buyer; pair of scales, 3 drams against the buyer.	Provision dealer -	27 Mar. -	2 – –	– 8 –	No - -	In a shop.
2	Earthenware measures, 5 quarts, average 3½ per cent. short.	Licensed victualler	6 April -	– 10 –	– 8 –	Yes - -	Bar of public house.
3	Earthenware measures, 1 quart and 3 pints, average 5 per cent. short.	Retailer of beer -	10 „	– 10 –	– 8 –	Yes - -	In a beer house.
4	Earthenware measures, 4 pints, average 5 per cent. short.	- ditto - -	18 „	– 5 –	– 4 –	Yes - -	- ditto.
5	Earthenware measure, 1 pint, 11¼ per cent. short.	- ditto - -	18 „	– 5 –	– 4 –	Yes - -	- ditto.
6	Earthenware measures, 2 quarts, 6 per cent. short.	- ditto - -	18 „	– 5 –	– 4 –	Yes - -	- ditto.
7	Earthenware measures, 1 quart and 8 pints, average 5¾ per cent. short.	- ditto - -	28 „	2 – –	– 8 –	Yes - -	- ditto.
8	Weight, ½ lb., 1 oz. and 1½ dram light.	Greengrocer -	24 „	– 10 –	– 8 –	Yes - -	In a shop.
9	Earthenware measures, 1 quart and 3 pints, average 5 per cent. short.	Licensed victualler	25 „	1 – –	– 8 –	Yes - -	Bar of a public house.
10	Weight, ¼ lb., 4 drams light.	Tripe dresser -	28 „	1 – –	– 8 –	Yes - -	Public street.
11	Weights:—2 lb., 1 dram light; 1 lb., 1 dram light; 2 oz., light. (Had been cautioned to have these weights adjusted.)	Fishmonger - -	28 „	2 – –	– 8 –	Yes - -	In a shop.
12	Weights:—1 lb., 1 dram light; ½ lb., 3 drams light; ¼ lb., 10 drams light; 2 oz., ½ dram light.	Tripe dresser -	28 „	1 – –	– 8 –	Yes - -	Public street.
13	Weight:—2 lb., 4 drams light; 2 lb., 3 drams light; 1 lb., 6 drams light; 1 lb., 3 drams light; ½ lb., 2 drams light; ¼ lb. 6 drams light.	- ditto - -	28 „	1 – –	– 8 –	Yes - -	- ditto.
14	Selling coals by measure, contrary to 5 & 6 Will. 4. c. 63, s. 9.	Coal dealer - -	8 May	2 – –	– 8 –	- -	- ditto.
15	Weights: — 3½ lb., 1 dram light, and illegal; ½ lb., 2½ drams light, and unstamped.	Confectioner -	15 „	1 – –	– 8 –	Yes - -	In a shop.

BOROUGH OF SHEFFIELD—*continued.*

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business Carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Seized and Condemned.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
16	Fraudulent use of scales (22 & 23 Vict., c. 56, s. 3); buyer defrauded of 1 oz. and 2 drams in a ¼ lb.	Gingerbread and nut seller.	22 May	– 10 –	– 8 –	Yes - -	Public street
17	Fraudulent use of scales; buyer defrauded of 3 oz. and 4 drams in ½ lb.	- ditto - -	22 „	1 – –	– 8 –	Yes - -	- ditto.
18	Fraudulent use of scales; buyer defrauded of 3 oz. and 2 drams in ½ lb.	Gingerbread and nut seller.	22 „	1 – –	– 8 –	Yes - -	- ditto.
19	Weight, 7 lb., 12 drams light.	Provision dealer -	31 „	– 10 –	– 8 –	Yes - -	In a shop.
20	Pair of flour scales, 1oz. and 4 drams against the buyer.	Grocer and flour dealer.	2 June	– 10 –	– 8 –	No - -	- ditto.
21	Pair of scales, 4 drams against the buyer.	Butcher - -	2 „	– 10 –	– 4 –	No - -	- ditto.
22	Weights:—1 lb., ½ dram light; ½ lb., ½ dram light; 2 oz., 4½ drams light.	- ditto - -	2 „	1 – –	– 8 –	Yes - -	- ditto.
23	Pair of coal scales, 4 lb. against the buyer.	Coal dealer - -	4 „	1 —	– 8 –	No - -	In a coal shed.
24	Weight, 7 lb., 1 oz. and 8 drams light.	Seedsman - -	6 „	– 10 –	– 8 –	Yes - -	In a shop.
25	Earthenware measures, 1 quart and 1 pint, average 5 per cent. short.	Licensed victualler	7 „	– 10 –	– 8 –	Yes - -	Bar of public house.
26	Pair of potato scales, 2 oz. against the buyer.	Greengrocer -	8 „	– 10 –	– 4 –	No - -	In a shop.
27	Pair of potato scales, 12 drams against the buyer (scale weighted).	- ditto - -	11 „	1 – –	– 8 –	No - -	- ditto.
28	Earthenware measure, 1 quart, 5 per cent. short; tin measure, 1 pint, 15 per cent. short.	Licensed victualler	14 „	1 – –	– 8 –	Yes - -	Bar of public house.
29	Earthenware measures, 4 quarts and 6 pints, average 6 per cent. short.	- ditto - -	14 „	1 – –	– 8 –	Yes - -	- ditto.
30	Weights:—14 lb., 1 oz. and 6 drams light; 7 lb., 12 drams light; 7 lb., 4 drams light; 2 lb., 1 oz. and 2 drams light; 7 lb., 6 drams light.	Blacksmith and dealer in wrought-iron work.	16 „	– 10 –	– 4 –	Yes -	In a shop.
31	Pair of potato scales, 1 oz. against the buyer.	Greengrocer -	16 „	– 10 –	– 8 –	No - -	- ditto.

No part of the Penalties and Costs was given to Informers.

Amount of Remuneration paid to Inspectors of Weights and Measures:—One Chief Inspector, 100 *l.* per annum; one Assistant Inspector, 65 *l.* per annum; one Adjuster of Weights, &c., 70 *l.* 4 *s.* per annum; one Assistant, 52 *l.* per annum; and one office keeper, 26 *l.* per annum.

J. Webster, Mayor.

BOROUGH OF SHREWSBURY.

THERE were no persons convicted of using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances in this borough for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The amount of Salary paid (the duties being performed by the Head Constable) is 5 *l.* per annum.

14 January 1867. *J. J. Peele*, Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF SOUTH SHIELDS.

— Nil. —

12 January 1867. *Robert Wheldon*, pro Clerk to the Magistrate.

BOROUGH OF STAFFORD.

No conviction has taken place, both weights and measures being in a very efficient state.

The Salary of the Inspector is 6 *l.* per annum.

21 January 1867. *Maurice Richards*, Inspector of Weights and Measures.

BOROUGH OF STALEYBRIDGE.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Trade of Offender.	Date of Offence.	Amount of Fine.	Amount of Costs.	How Disposed of.	Allowance to Informer.	Where found by Inspector.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Weights:—56 lb., 4 oz. light; 56 lb., 6 oz. light.	Coal dealer	26 March	– 1 –	– 13 –	Condemned and forfeited	Nil –	In a coal store.
2	Weight, 56 lb., 3 oz. light.	– ditto –	26 „	– 1 –	– 13 –	– ditto –	Nil –	– ditto.

The Salary of the Inspector is 10 *l.* per annum.

7 January 1867. *William Chadwick*, Chief Constable, and Inspector of Weights and Measures.

BOROUGH OF STAMFORD.

No convictions have taken place in this borough of persons using or having in their possession false or unjust weights, measures, or balances for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The Chief Superintendent of Police for this borough is the Inspector of Weights and Measures; he does not receive any separate salary or remuneration as such Inspector.

15 January 1867. *Geo. Patterson*, Mayor.

BOROUGH OF SUDBURY.

THERE were no persons convicted in this borough of using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances during the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The Superintendent of Police is the Inspector of Weights and Measures for this borough, without salary or other remuneration.

9 January 1867. *Robt. F. Stedman*, Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF TEWKESBURY.

No persons have been convicted within this borough of either using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances during the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The Inspector of Weights and Measures for this borough is paid an annual salary of 5 *l.*

10 January 1867. *Samuel Philpot Brookes*, Clerk to the Magistrates.

BOROUGH OF TRURO.

THERE were no convictions for using or having in possession false or unjust weights, measures, or balances for the quarter ending 24th June 1866 in this borough.

There are two Inspectors of Weights and Measures here, who are paid a salary of 5 *l.* each per annum.

5 January 1867. *F. Hearle Cock*, Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF TYNEMOUTH.

No convictions occurred in this borough during the quarter ended 24th June 1866 of persons using or having in their possession any unjust weights, measures, or balances.

The Inspector's salary is 15 *l.* a year, for which he gives attendance two days in the week at the Weights and Measures Office.

14 January 1867. *Thos. C. Lietch*, Town Clerk,
per *T. H.*

BOROUGH OF WAKEFIELD.

As the officer performing the duties of Inspector of Weights and Measures in this borough is appointed by the West Riding Magistrates, the Mayor has no means of making the return required.

5 January 1867. For *Jas. Witham*, Town Clerk,
Henry Morgan.

BOROUGH OF WALSALL.

No persons have been convicted for using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances within the said borough for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The amount of salary and other remuneration paid to the Inspector of Weights and Measures, is 10 *l.* per annum.

11 January 1867. *J. Brewer*, Jun., Mayor.

BOROUGH OF WARRINGTON.

— Nil. —

Salary paid to Inspector:—£. 10 per annum, exclusive of fees for adjusting.

Tho. Geddes, Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF WELCHPOOL.

THERE were no convictions in this borough for using unjust weights, &c. for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

5 January 1867. *Edw. Jones,* Town Clerk.

CITY AND BOROUGH OF WELLS.

No convictions for using or having in possession any false or unjust weights or balances were made within the City and Borough of Wells during the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The Inspector of Weights and Measures in this city and borough is the same as is employed in the county; viz., the Deputy Chief Constable, and no salary is paid him by the city and borough.

31 January 1867. *William Chester Berryman,* Mayor.

BOROUGH OF WEYMOUTH AND MELCOMBE REGIS.

No convictions.

9 January 1867. *John Tizard,* Mayor.

BOROUGH OF WIGAN.

No convictions.

The Inspector has no salary; he is paid by the fees he receives for stamping weights, &c., which, during the quarter ending 24th June 1866, amounted to 3 *l.* 5 *s.* 4 *d.*

14 January 1867 *Thos. Part,* Justices' Clerk,
per *Thos. Rd. Lowe.*

BOROUGH OF WISBECH.

No conviction took place in the Borough of Wisbech during the quarter ending 24th June 1866 of any person for using or having in his possession any false or unjust weight, measure, or balance.

The amount of salary to the Inspector of Weights and Measures for this borough was, during that quarter, at the rate of 15 *l.* a year; but it is now increased to 20 *l.* a year, and he receives no other remuneration.

When fines are imposed they are credited wholly to the Borough Fund.

7 January 1867. *Fra. Jackson,* Clerk to the Justices.

BOROUGH OF WOLVERHAMPTON.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
1	Jugs, 3 pints, averaging ¼ gill short.	Beerhouse keeper	21 April	– 5 –	– 9 6	In his house.
2	One pair of butter scales, 2 drams against purchaser, loose coin on.	Grocer - -	3 May -	– 5 –	– 9 6	In his shop.
3	Two small weights, averaging 2½ drams light.	- ditto - -	3 „ -	– 5 –	– 9 6	- ditto.
4	One pair potato scales, incorrect, loose lead on.	Greengrocer -	3 „ -	– 5 –	– 9 6	- ditto.
5	Weights:—56 lb., 3¾ oz. light; 56 lb., 1¼ oz, light; 28 lb., 2½ oz. light.	Coal dealer - -	24 „ -	– 5 –	– 9 6	In his warehouse.

All the above Weights, &c. were seized by the Inspector on his tour of duty and condemmed by the Justices.
The Chief Constable is the Inspector of Weights and Measures for the Borough of Wolverhampton, and he receives 350 *l.* per annum for the performance of both duties.

January 1867. *John Morris*, Mayor.

CITY OF WORCESTER.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of Inaccuracy.	Trade Carried on.	Date of Offence.	Fine.	Costs.	Whether Condemned or Forfeited.	Fine, how Applied.	Where Offence Committed.
			1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
1	Weighing machine, 1½ oz. against purchaser.	Butcher -	14 April	1 – –	– 8 –	Condemned	City Rate	In a shop.

The annual amount of salary paid to the Inspector of Weights and Measures, is 20 *l.*

Rich. Woof, Justices' Clerk.

BOROUGH OF YARMOUTH, GREAT.

THERE were no persons convicted in the Borough of Great Yarmouth for using or having in their possession any false or unjust weights, measures, or balances for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The Inspector of Weights and Measures for the Borough of Great Yarmouth is paid a salary of 15 *l.* per annum, in addition to which he is allowed to retain the fees for comparing and sealing such weights and measures as are proved by the imperial standard to be correct, averaging about 4 *l.* annually.

9 January 1867. *C. Cory*, Town Clerk.

CITY OF YORK.

No persons have been convicted in this city for using unjust weights, &c., for the quarter ending 24th June 1866.

The salary paid to the Inspector is 20 *l.* per annum.

2 February 1867. *Jos. Wilkinson*, Clerk of the Peace.

RETURNS from CLERKS of PEACE of COUNTIES, showing the Amount of SALARY or other REMUNERATION given to INSPECTORS of WEIGHTS and MEASURES.

ENGLAND.

COUNTY OF BEDFORD.

Number of Inspectors of Weights and Measures appointed:—Four.

Amount of Salary and other Remuneration given to each:—Salary 10 *l.*; no other remuneration.

15 January 1867. *Theed Wm. Pearse*, Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF BERKS.

Number of Inspectors:—Eight Superintendents of Police perform the duties of Inspectors of Weights and Measures.

Amount of Salary:—£. 10 per annum each.

No other remuneration given to the Inspectors for the performance of this duty.

Geo. B. Morland, Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF CAMBRIDGE.

Four Superintendents of the County Constabulary are appointed Inspectors of Weights and Measures, at a salary of 5 *l.* per annum each.

9 January 1867. *H. R. Evans*, Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF CAMBRIDGE (ISLE OF ELY).

Number of Inspectors:—Three.

Salary and other Remuneration:—Five shillings per day for every day each Inspector is employed in the inspection of weights and measures.

Note.—The above-mentioned Inspectors of Weights and Measures are Superintendents in the Isle Constabulary Force.

January 1867. *Chas. Metcalfe.*

COUNTY OF CHESTER.

The Superintendents of Police act as the Inspectors of Weights and Measures, and the under-mentioned allowances are made to them for their expenses attending this duty:

Broxton District	15 *l.*	per annum.
Bucklow District	30 *l.*	„
Eddisbury District	20 *l.*	„
Nantwich District	25 *l.*	„
Northwich District	30 *l.*	„
Wirral District	30 *l.*	„
Hyde District	30 *l.*	„
Prestbury District	20 *l.*	„
Stockport District	20 *l.*	„

The Chief Constable's clerk at head quarters is allowed for keeping the accounts 15 *l.* per annum.

To an assistant in each district 3 *s.* 6 *d.* each per week is allowed.

10 January 1867. *Thomas Roberts*, Deputy Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF CORNWALL.

There are six Inspectors of Weights and Measures appointed for the county, and they receive 10*l.* a year each to cover personal expenses in lieu of salary. They are six Superintendents of County Police.

5 January 1867. *H. S. Stokes*, Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND.

The Superintendents of Police for the different divisions of the county (six in number) are appointed Inspectors of Weights and Measures, and they perform the duties connected with that office without any salary or other remuneration, simply receiving their expenses when engaged on that special duty, in addition to their regular salaries as Superintendents of Police.

Carlisle, 5 January 1867. *J. H. Hodgson.*

COUNTY OF DERBY.

There are 12 Superintendents of Police appointed Inspectors of Weights and Measures, who are paid 5*s.* per day when employed; they are each allowed an assistant, who is paid 2*s.* 6*d.* per day also when employed.

9 January 1867. *John Barber*, per *Geo. Marsden.*

COUNTY OF DEVON.

RETURN showing the Amount of Salary and other Remuneration given to the Inspectors of Weights and Measures in the said County during the Year 1866, and the Number of Inspectors.

Inspectors.	Amount. £.	*s.*	*d.*	Remarks.
1	2	3	4½	These Inspectors are remunerated by the actual amount (whatever it may be) received by them as fees for examining and stamping, making in 1866 the amounts opposite.
2	1	16	6	
3	–	18	–½	
4	–	18	4½	
5	12	4	6	These Inspectors (being police officers) are allowed only their expenses, viz., 12*s.* a day when absent from home on weights and measures duty, and 1*s.* 6*d.* a day when employed at home on such duty, making in 1866 the amounts opposite.
6	6	6	–	
7	2	9	6	
8	4	5	6	
9	3	6	–	
10	11	3	6	
11	7	10	–	
12	6	–	–	
13	3	6	–	

H. Ford, Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF DURHAM.

The Superintendents of the Durham County Constabulary are appointed Inspectors of Weights and Measures for their respective divisions, and perform the duties thereof without any salary or remuneration beyond what they are paid as Superintendents of Police; this being the condition of their appointments, the only exception to this rule being in the case of the Superintendent of the Borough of Stockton (which town, for police purposes, is consolidated with the county), who is paid by the Corporation 5*l.* per annum extra for inspecting the weights and measures of that place.

12 February 1867. *John Watson.* Deputy Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF ESSEX.

Number of Inspectors - - - - - 15.

1 Inspector receives 15 *l.* per annum,
1 Inspector receives 12 *l.* per annum,
13 Inspectors, each 8 *l.* per annum,

to reimburse them their unavoidable expenses in the performance of their duties. The Inspectors are officers of the Essex Constabulary, and they use the county horses and carts.

—— *Gibson,* Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF HEREFORD.

The Superintendents of Police of this county are appointed Inspectors of Weights and Measures, for which they receive no remuneration beyond their salary as such superintendents, and those are nine in number.

4 January 1867. *J. H. Ware,* Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF HUNTINGDON.

There are four Inspectors of Weights and Measures appointed for this county, at an annual salary of 5 *l.* each.

The office is filled by the Superintendent of Police of each division of the county.

2 January 1867. *Edw. Maule,* Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF KENT.

RETURN of the Amount of Salary and other Remuneration given to the several Inspectors of Weights and Measures.

No.	Name of District.	Name of Inspector.	Amount of Salary per Annum.	Observations.
			£. s. d.	
1	Ashford - - -	Thomas Thurston -	30 – –	A further remuneration is made to each Inspector of 10 *s.* per day, and 1 *s.* per mile for travelling when inspecting under general warrants, and 5 *s.* per day for an assistant.
2	Bearsted - - -	William Shadgett - -	26 – –	
3	Bromley - - -	John William Churcher	12 – –	
4	Cranbrook - -	Joseph Owen Mott -	10 10 –	
5	Deptford - - -	William Willson - -	60 – –	
6	Dartford - - -	John Webb - - -	14 – –	
7	Elham - - -	Richard Anthony Ovenden	10 10 –	
8	Faversham - -	Edward Bigg - -	22 10 –	
9	Greenwich - -	John Farmer - -	60 – –	
10	Home - - -	George Mount - -	22 10 –	
11	Lewisham - - -	Henry Atkins - -	60 – –	
12	Malling - - -	Charles Woollett - -	9 – –	
13	Ramsgate - - -	Clements Harris - -	3 10 –	
14	Rochester - -	Joseph Flenley - -	32 – –	
15	Sevenoaks - -	Alfred Blackman - -	10 10 –	
16	Sheppey - - -	William Pratton - -	10 – –	
17	Tunbridge - - -	Thomas Goddard* -	14 – –	
18	Tunbridge Wells -	John Stringer - -	15 – –	
19	Wingham - -	Clements Harris - -	10 10 –	
20	Woolwich - - -	Philip James - -	60 – –	

* Thomas Goddard has very lately died; a successor not yet appointed.

F. Russell, Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF LANCASTER.

RETURN of the Number of Inspectors of Weights and Measures appointed and acting in this County, and of the Amount of Salary and other Remuneration given to each.

Number.	Names of Inspectors.	Division for which Appointed.	Amount of Salary.
			£. s. d.
1	William Cooper	North Lonsdale	30 – –
2	Richard Jervis	South Lonsdale	30 – –
3	Robert Greene	Garstang	30 – –
4	Thomas Clarkson	Kirkham	30 – –
5	George Holden	Bacup and Rawtenstall	30 – –
6	Robert Carswell	Higher Blackburn	30 – –
7	William Read	Lower Blackburn	30 – –
8	John Beethan	Leyland	30 – –
9	John Robinson Scott	Bolton	30 – –
10	Andrew Milne	Bury	30 – –
11	Richard Pickering	Rochdale	30 – –
12	Thomas Ludlam	Ashton-under-Lyne	30 – –
13	Henry Chadwick	Manchester	30 – –
14	Robert Richmond	Ditto	30 – –
15	Edward Dorset	Ormskirk	30 – –
16	William Martin	Kirkdale	30 – –
17	John Etherington	Prescot	90 – –
18	—— Stevenson	Warrington	90 – –

N.B.—The Inspectors of Weights and Measures in this county receive no other remuneration than the amount of their salaries. The duties are performed by the Superintendents of the County Police in all the divisions, except the Divisions of Prescot and Warrington (Nos. 17 and 18).

Birchall & Wilson, Deputy Clerks of the Peace.

COUNTY OF LEICESTER.

Number of Inspectors:—Six Superintendents and two Inspectors of Police.

Amount of Salary and other Remuneration:—They receive no remuneration, and I am informed that the expenses they incur are very small.

10 January 1867. *Wm. Freer*, Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF LINCOLN—PARTS OF HOLLAND.

No. 1.—Thomas Manton, at the annual salary of 18 *l.*

No. 2.—John Leaper, at the annual salary of 24 *l.*

No other remuneration is allowed to either Inspector.

F. T. White, Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF LINCOLN—PARTS OF KESTEVEN.

Four Inspectors of Weights and Measures are appointed within the Parts of Kesteven, with an annual salary of 12 *l.* each, which is the only remuneration given them.

Horbling, 9 January 1867. *George Wiles*, Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF LINCOLN—PARTS OF LINDSEY.

Number of Inspectors:—Eight.

Amount of Salary:—Three at 10 *l.* each, and five at 8 *l.* each.

Besides the Inspectors, there are also four examiners who receive salaries of 4 *l.* per annum each.

The duties of Inspectors and Examiners are performed by the Superintendents and Inspectors of the County Police force, who receive no other remuneration for such duties than the above-mentioned salaries.

Spilsby, 14 January 1867. *Jno. H. Hollway*, Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

Inspector of Weights and Measures, No. 1 District:—A salary of 150 *l.* per annum, and a moiety of the fines paid in case of conviction, less the amount paid for assistant and the support of a station for stamping.

Inspector of Weights and Measures, No. 2 District:—The same salary and emoluments as the Inspector of No. 1 District.

Inspector of Weights and Measures, No. 3 District:—The same salary and emoluments as the Inspector of No. 1 District.

Inspector of Weights and Measures, No. 4 District:—The same salary and emoluments as the Inspector of No. 1 District.

Richard Nicholson, Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX (LIBERTY OF THE TOWER OF LONDON).

Salary of the Inspector of Weights and Measures:—None.

Remuneration received as Inspector.

Year.	Stamping Fees.	Moiety of Fines.	Sale of Old Metal.	Expenses. (Inspecting, &c.)
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
1864	4 12 8½	18 – –	2 19 1	8 10 6
1865	5 1 10	2 5 –	1 18 –	3 19 6
1866	2 1 10	10 – –	2 – 7½	3 7 8½
£.	11 16 4½	30 5 –	6 17 8½	15 17 8½

Stamping Fees for the three years		11 16 4½
Moiety of Fines – ditto		30 5 –
Sale of Old Metal – ditto		6 17 8½
	£.	48 19 1
Deduct Expenses (Inspecting, &c.)		15 17 8½
Total Remuneration for the three Years	£.	33 1 4½

Wm. Green, Inspector.

COUNTY OF MONMOUTH.

Number of Inspectors:—One.

Salary and other Remuneration:	£. s. d.
Fixed salary per annum	75 – –
Fees which, during the last three years, have averaged per annum	13 16 6
£.	88 16 6

COUNTY OF NORFOLK.

Inspectors:—Fourteen Superintendents and one Inspector of Police.

Salary:—Nil.

Other Remuneration:—A personal allowance for each day or part of a day on which the Inspectors may be employed in inspecting, or in comparing and stamping weights and measures, according to the scale fixed by the Court of Quarter Sessions for any special police duty away from home, not exceeding 4 *s.* a day.

The average of such remuneration amounts to 4 *l.* per annum to each Inspector.

The whole of the abovementioned and the returns and accounts are supervised and directed by the Chief Constable of the county, who receives no salary or remuneration whatever in consideration for the same.

Aylsham, 5 January 1867. *Robert W. Parmeter*, Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF NORTHAMPTON.

Seven Inspectors of Police are appointed Inspectors of Weights and Measures, and receive no salary for the works; but horse hire and all other expenses are allowed them.

11 January 1867. *Henry Philip Markham*, Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF NORTHUMBERLAND.

1.—Number of Inspectors appointed:—Six.

2.—Districts for which they are appointed, stating Salaries, viz:—

1. East Division of Castle Ward - - - 15 *l.* a year.
2. West Division of Castle Ward - - - 15 *l.* „
3. Tindale Ward - - - - - - 15 *l.* „
4. Coquetdale, Bamburgh and Glendale Wards - 15 *l.* „
5. Norham and Islandshires - - - - 10 *l.* „
6. Morpeth Ward and Bedlingtonshire:—The Inspector for No. 6 District receives no salary, he being an officer of the County Police.

3.—With respect to other remunerations:—In addition to their salaries the Inspectors are paid the actual expenses incurred by them when travelling through their districts inspecting the weights and measures. The amount of these expenses are, by order of sessions, restricted to the sum of 25 *s.* a day, including an allowance of 7 *s.* 6 *d.* a day for loss of time.

Alnwick, 8 January 1867. *W. Dickson*, Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF NOTTINGHAM.

Number of Inspectors:—Six (all Superintendents of Police).

Remuneration:—Five shillings per day when actually employed inspecting.

Newark, 15 January 1867. *P. F. A. Burnaby*, Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF OXFORD.

RETURN of the Number of Inspectors of Weights and Measures appointed for this County, and of the Amount of Salary and other Remuneration given to each Inspector.

Divisions.	Names of Inspectors.	Salary or other Remuneration given to each Inspector.
1. Bampton, East -	Charles Howarth, Superintendent of Police	The Inspectors receive no salary in addition to their pay as police officers. But they are repaid the actual expenses incurred on inspections of weights and measures.
2. Bampton, West -	Richard Jones, Inspector of Police - -	
3. Banbury and Bloxham	William Whadcoat, Superintendent of Police	
4. Bullingdon - -	Charles Yates, Inspector of Police - -	
5. Chadlington - -	Joseph Lakin, Superintendent of Police -	
6. Henley - - -	Philip Cope, Superintendent of Police -	
7. Ploughley - -	Thomas Moulden, Superintendent of Police	
8. Watlington - -	Henry Seers, Superintendent of Police -	
9. Wooton, North -	Joseph Bowen, Inspector of Police - -	
10. Wooton, South -	Lewis Coates, Inspector of Police - -	

10 January 1867. *John M. Davenport*, Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF RUTLAND.

The Chief Constable is the only Inspector of Weights and Measures for this county, and receives no salary as such Inspector.

Oakham, 24 January 1867. *Benj. Adam*, Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF SALOP.

RETURN showing the Amount of Salary and other Remuneration given to the Inspectors of Weights and Measures in this County.

Names of Inspectors appointed.	Amount of Salary.	Other Remuneration.	REMARKS.
Francis Whittaker, Inspector of the Northern Division of this county.	85 *l.* per annum, including rent of room to keep weights and measures in.	An allowance of 6 *s.* per night for self and horse when absent on duty from home, and 3 *s.* per day for an assistant when necessary; also the fees received for adjusting weights and measures.	—
Edward Evans, Inspector of the Southern Division of this county.	- - - ditto - - -	- - - ditto - - -	65 *l.* of Inspector Evans's salary is paid by the County, and the balance (20 *l.*) by the Borough of Wenlock.

Shrewsbury, 11 January 1867. *John Loxdale*, Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF SOMERSET.

There are 15 Inspectors of Weights and Measures in this county.

The Inspectors are the Superintendents of Police, and their districts are co-extensive.

The yearly salary paid to each is 15 *l.*, which is to cover all expenses; and all fees received by them are credited to the County Rate.

Wells, 25 January 1867. *Edwin Lovell*, Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF STAFFORD.

Number of Inspectors appointed:—Three.

Amount of Salary paid to each:—£. 120 per annum.

Other Remuneration:—Horse hire, and the expenses of an assistant in stamping are allowed.

3 January 1867. *R. W. Hand*, Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF SUFFOLK.

WESTERN DIVISION.

Number of Inspectors:—Five.

Salary:—£. 16 a year each, including all expenses.

EASTERN DIVISION.

Number of Inspectors:—Five.

Remuneration:—45 *l.* 19 *s.* 3 *d.* total expenses in the year ending Michaelmas 1866, being at the rate of 6 *s.* per day when employed by order of Quarter Sessions to attend inspection.

In both divisions the Superintendents of Police are appointed Inspectors of Weights and Measures.

Five additional Inspectors were appointed by Quarter Sessions on 3rd January 1861, for the Eastern Division, to act only in case of illness of Inspectors.

Bury St. Edmunds, 7 January 1867. *John Henry Borton*, Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF SURREY.

RETURN of the Amount of Salary and other Remuneration given to the Inspectors of Weights and Measures.

	District.	Annual Salary.	Allowances.
		£. s. d.	
Portion of county within the Metropolitan Police District.	A east	250 – –	One-half the fines imposed on convictions for false weights, measures, and balances.
	A west	250 – –	
	B	175 – –	
	C	225 – –	
Portion of county without the Metropolitan Police District.	D	nil	£. 85 per annum is allowed between the Inspectors (who are the Superintendents of the County Constabulary) for their expenses.
	E	nil	
	No. 1	nil	
	No. 2	nil	
	No. 3	nil	
	No. 4	nil	
	No. 5	nil	

This return does not include boroughs having a separate commission of the peace.

11 January 1867. *Henry Marshall*, Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF SUSSEX.

EASTERN DIVISION.

RETURN of the Number of Inspectors of Weights and Measures appointed, and of the Amount of Salary and other Remuneration given to each.

Number of Inspectors.	Amount of Remuneration
	£. s. d.
Lewes District	95 11 3
Brighton District	41 6 7
East Grinstead District	31 1 –
Mayfield District	41 – 7
Battle District	27 13 7

The above is the amount of remuneration to each Inspector for the year 1866, at the rate of 15 *s.* for each day's attendance, 2 *s.* 6 *d.* per mile for travelling, and 75 per cent. on fees received for stamping.

WESTERN DIVISION.

In West Sussex six Superintendents of Police are appointed to perform the duties relating to the inspection of weights and measures, at no additional cost to the county.

Lewes, 22 February 1866. *W. K. J. Langridge*, Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF WARWICK.

Number of Inspectors:—1. Mr. Superintendent Dunbar, Police Station, Alcester. 2. Mr. Superintendent Bloxham, Police Station, Aston, near Birmingham. 3. Mr. Superintendent Austin, Police Station, Nuneaton. 4. Mr. Superintendent Thompson, Police Station, Shipston-on-Stour. 5. Mr. Superintendent Wild, Police Station, Rugby.

Salary and Remuneration:—The Inspectors of Weights and Measures, when engaged on this duty, receive 5 *s.* per diem, and 2 *s.* 6 *d.* per night, when detained from station.

14 January 1867. *W. O. Hunt*, Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF WESTMORLAND.

There are only two Inspectors of Weights and Measures, who are also Superintendents of Police. They receive no salary or other remuneration for their services.

John Bell, Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF WILTS.

Nine Superintendents of Police are appointed Inspectors of Weights and Measures for this county, and when so employed they receive 7 *s.* per day in addition to their police pay, to cover all their expenses, and which amounts to an average of about 12 *l.* per annum for each Inspector.

Wm. C. Merriman,
Clerk of the Peace.

Marlborough, 15 January 1867.

COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

This county is divided into 11 districts, of which the Superintendents of Police act as Inspectors, and the only remuneration they receive is expenses out of pocket.

23 January 1867. *Wm. Nichols Marcy,* Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF YORK (EAST RIDING).

The Inspectors of Weights and Measures are paid the sum of two guineas per day for the time they are employed.

There are 12 Inspectors for this Riding.

Geo. Leeman,
Clerk of the Peace.

Beverley, 2 January 1867.

COUNTY OF YORK (NORTH RIDING).

No salary or other remuneration is given to the Inspectors of Weights and Measures in the North Riding of Yorkshire. The duties are performed by the Inspectors of Police in their respective districts.

T. T. Trevor,
Deputy Clerk of the Peace.

Northallerton, 3 January 1867.

COUNTY OF YORK (WEST RIDING).

There are 21 Inspectors of Weights and Measures in the West Riding of the County of York.

Fifteen of these were appointed before the establishment of the West Riding Rural Police Force, and they are remunerated as follows, viz.:—

For surveying or adjusting (including attendants and conveyance of weights and measures) per day, including night when required, 1 *l.* 11 *s.* 6 *d.* Attendance on laying information, 10 *s.* 6 *d.* Attendance on the adjudication, 10 *s.* 6 *d.*

The remaining six Inspectors of Weights and Measures are members of the West Riding Police Force, and receive the following sums, viz.:—

For hire of room for stamping and comparing, the amount actually paid.

For Inspector, for expenses as special duty, 3 *s.* 6 *d.* per day in the division; out of the division, 5 *s.* per day.

For the night, if necessarily detained, 2 *s.* 6 *d.* out of the division.

For assistant, for expenses as special duty, 1 *s.* per day in the division; out of the division, 2 *s.* per day.

For the night, if necessarily detained, 2 *s.* 6 *d.* out of the division.

For wear and tear of cart and horse for the Inspector now acting—

For Claro, 10 *l.* per annum.
For Dewsbury, 7 *l.* 10 *s.* per annum.
For Halifax, 5 *l.* per annum.

The allowance of such wear and tear in case of future appointments to be then determined.

John H. Dixon,
Deputy Clerk of the Peace.

Wakefield, 3 January 1867.

COUNTY OF YORK (LIBERTY OF RIPON).

There is only one Inspector appointed for this liberty, at an annual salary of 12 *l.*; and he has no other remuneration, except 1 *l.* 10 *s.* allowed him for horse hire.

7 January 1867. *Sam. Wise,* Clerk of the Peace.

WALES.

COUNTY OF ANGLESEY.

Number of Inspectors appointed:—Two.

Amount of Salary, &c.:—7 *s.* per day each, during circuit, which occupies from 14 to 20 days.

Richard Owen, Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF BRECON.

The inspection of the weights and measures in this county is under the control of the Superintendents of Police, who are not paid any salary for acting as Inspectors, but are allowed their expenses, according to the following scale, viz.:—

Inspector's own expenses - - - - -	4 *s.* per day
Horse hire - - - - - - - -	5 *s.* ,,
Towards keep of horse - - - - -	3 *s.* ,,
Assistant, when required, from -	1 *s.* 6 *d.* to 2 *s.* 6 *d.* ,,

And the same allowance for expenses to Assistant as to Inspector.

9 January 1867. *Edward Williams*, Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF CARMARTHEN.

RETURN of the Number of Inspectors of Weights and Measures appointed, and the Amount of Salary and other Remuneration given to each.

Number of Inspectors for the County.	Number of District.	Name of Inspector.	Amount of Salary paid.
			£. *s.* *d.*
Three - -	No. 1	Thomas Parry, Llandilo -	30 – –
	No. 2	Thomas Richards, near Carmarthen.	30 – –
	No. 3	Owen Thomas, Llanelly -	40 – –

Charles Bishop, Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF CARNARVON.

Number of Inspectors of Weights and Measures appointed:—Five.

Amount of Salary:—In this county the Superintendents and Inspectors of Police act as Inspectors of Weights and Measures, without any additional salary.

5 January 1867. *W. T. Poole*, Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF FLINT.

The three Superintendents of Police Force in this county act as Inspectors; they are paid 7 *s.* 6 *d.* per day when out on this duty, simply to cover actual expenses out of pocket, and not as a salary.

Mold, 14 January 1867. *A. T. Roberts*, Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF GLAMORGAN.

The Superintendents of the County Police are the Inspectors for their respective districts.

They are to attend on market days, in all market towns in their districts, once every three months to examine all weights, &c., and they are generally to inspect all weights and measures wherever they may deem it necessary.

Each Inspector is supplied with a standard set of weights and measures.

He is allowed 7 *s.* 6 *d.* per day when from home attending his duties, and 3 *s.* 6 *d.* per day for casual inspections, and all other necessary expenses to be ascertained and allowed by the chief constable.

All stationery is provided by the county.

The following Table shows the Receipts and Expenditure for the year ending 16th December 1866 :—

	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
MERTHYR DISTRICT:						
Received for stamping				21	8	5½
Paid carriage of weights, &c.	3	–	–			
Inspector's allowance	13	10	–			
Paid for stationery	1	10	–			
Paid for hire of rooms for examination	1	2	–			
				19	2	–
Due to County				2	6	5½
NEWBRIDGE DISTRICT:						
Received for stamping				9	13	1½
Paid for carriage of weights, &c.	4	17	6			
Inspector's allowance	7	–	6			
				11	18	–
Excess of Expenses				2	4	1½
OGMORE DISTRICT:						
Received for stamping				1	10	10
Received moiety of a fine				5	–	–
				6	10	10
Paid carriage of weights, &c.	2	9	–			
Inspector's allowance	3	2	–			
				5	11	–
Due to County				–	19	10
SWANSEA DISTRICT:						
Received for stamping				8	4	3½
Paid carriage of weights, &c.	3	15	–			
Inspector's allowance	4	10	–			
				8	5	–
Due to Inspector				–	–	8½

The above Return does not include the Borough of Swansea.

Cardiff, 19 January 1867. *Thos. Dalton*, Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF MONTGOMERY.

Number of Inspectors of Weights and Measures appointed:—One.

Amount of Salary and other Remuneration:—£. 1. 1 *s.* per week, and 30 *l.* per annum in lieu of fees for adjusting weights, &c. (which are paid over to the county), and 14 *s.* per week for keep of horse.

The Inspector is a member of the Constabulary Force.

Welshpool, 16 January 1867.

J. P. Harrison,
Clerk of the Peace.

COUNTY OF PEMBROKE.

RETURN of the Amount of Salary and other Remuneration given to Inspectors of Weights and Measures in this County.

Hundreds.	Inspectors.	Amount of Salary paid per Annum.	Other Remuneration.	Observations.
		£. *s.* *d.*	£. *s.* *d.*	
Castlemartin	Police constable	nil	nil	—
Dewsland	ditto	nil	nil	—
Dungleddy and Roose	William M. Phillips	5 5 –	2 2 –	For conveyance of weights, &c.
Kemes	Police constable	nil	nil	—
Kilgerran	ditto	nil	nil	—
Narberth	ditto	nil	nil	—

Wm. Vaughan James,
Deputy Clerk of the Peace.

SCOTLAND.

RETURN of Convictions in *Scotland* of Persons using Unjust Weights and Measures, &c.

I.—COUNTIES.

COUNTY.	Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on by Offender.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Weights, &c. Seized and Condemned.	Whether Penalties, &c. given to Informer, or others.	Where Offence Committed.	Remarks.
				1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.				
SCOTLAND:										
EDINBURGH - -	1	Weights:—7 lb., 4 drams deficient; 8 lb., 8 drams deficient and unstamped. Beam and scales, 5 drams; beam and scales, 12½ drams; beam and scales, 1½ oz., off the balance.	Grocer and spirit dealer.	14 May -	- 7 6	- 5 -	Seized and condemned	Penalties given to county funds.	In a shop -	The Inspector of Weights and Measures receives no salary as such; he is paid a salary as inspector of county police.
	2	Weights:—7 lb., 4 drams; 4 lb., 2 drams; 2 lb., 2 drams; 1 lb., 1 dram; ½ lb., 1 dram, deficient; ¼ lb., deficient; 2 oz., deficient.	Flesher - - -	14 „ -	- 5 -	- 5 -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	3	Beam and scales, 6 oz. off the balance -	Grocer and spirit dealer.	14 „ -	- 5 -	- 5 -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	4	Beam and scales, 1 lb. 12 oz. 7 drams off the balance.	Grocer - - -	15 „ -	1 5 -	- 5 -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	5	Beam and scales, 5 drams off the balance	- ditto - - -	15 „ -	- 4 -	- 5 -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	6	Beam and scales, 12½ oz. off the balance -	Flesher - - -	15 „ -	- 15 -	- 5 -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	7	Beam and scales, 3½ drams off the balance	- ditto - - -	15 „ -	- 3 -	- 5 -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	8	Beam and scales, 14 drams off the balance	Grocer - - -	15 „ -	- 5 -	- 5 -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
ROXBURGH - -	1	Weights:—28 lb., 8 drams; 14 lb., 12 drams; 7 lb., 7 drams; 4 lb., 8 drams; 2 lb., 3 drams; 1 lb., 2 drams; 1 lb., 2 drams, deficient.	- ditto - - -	11 April -	- 5 -	- 10 6	Seized and adjusted, and restored to owner.	- ditto - - -	- ditto -	The Inspector is a police officer, and is paid as such by the county.
	2	Weights:—14 lb., 3 oz. 13 drams; 8 oz., 1½ dram; 2 oz., 1 dram, deficient.	- ditto - - -	11 „ -	- 5 -	- 10 -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	3	Weights:—14 lb., 14 drams; 8 oz., 2½ drams; 1 oz., ½ dram, deficient.	- ditto - - -	11 „ -	- 5 -	- 10 -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	4	Weights:—56 lb., 3 oz. 4 drams; 28 lb., 1 oz. 15 drams; 14 lb., 15 drams; 7 lb., 13½ drams; 4 lb., 4 drams; 1 lb., 3½ drams; 4 oz., 1½ dram, deficient.	- ditto - - -	14 „ -	- 10 -	- 12 6	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	

5	Weights:—14 lb., 6 drams; 7 lb., 4 oz. 12 drams; 2 lb., 7 drams; 1 lb., 15 drams; 4 oz., 2 drams, deficient.	Grocer	14 April	– 5 –	– 10 6	ditto	ditto	ditto.
6	Weights:—28 lb., 15 oz. 5½ drams; 28 lb., 1 oz. 15 drams; 1 lb., 12 drams, deficient.	China and potato dealer.	14 „	– 2 6	– 10 6	ditto	ditto	In a shop and store.
7	Weight, 7 lb., 1 oz. 10 drams deficient	Flesher	16 „	– 5 –	– 11 6	ditto	ditto	In a shop.
8	Weights:—14 lb., 11 drams; 7 lb., 7½ drams; 4 lb., 4 drams; 4 lb., 4 drams; 2 lb., 3½ drams; 2 lb., 4 drams; 1 lb., 2 drams; 8 oz., 2 drams, deficient.	Grocer	16 „	– 10 –	– 10 6	ditto	ditto	ditto.
9	Weights:—7 lb., 3 drams; 2 lb., 3 drams; 1 lb., 5 drams; 8 oz., 3 drams; 4 oz., 2 drams, deficient.	ditto	16 „	– 5 –	– 10 6	ditto	ditto	ditto.
10	Weights:—56 lb., 9 drams; 7 lb., 1 oz. 10 drams, deficient.	Flesher	16 „	– 5 –	– 11 6	ditto	ditto	ditto.
11	Weights:—56 lb., 2 oz.; 28 lb., 2 oz. 10 drams, deficient.	ditto	17 „	– 5 –	– 10 6	ditto	ditto	ditto.
12	Weights:—56 lb., 2 oz. 2 drams; 56 lb., 1 oz. 4 drams; 56 lb., 1 oz.; 56 lb., 1 oz. 5 drams, deficient.	Baker	17 „	– 5 –	– 10 6	ditto	ditto	ditto.
13	Weights:—56 lb., 10½ drams; 14 lb., 14 drams; 14 lb., 6 drams; 1 lb., 2½ drams, deficient.	Flesher	17 „	– 5 –	– 10 6	ditto	ditto	ditto.
14	Weights:—56 lb., 2 oz. 12 drams; 28 lb., 13 drams; 14 lb., 8 drams; 7 lb., 4 drams; 4 lb., 4 drams; 1 lb., 3½ drams, deficient.	ditto	17 „	– 5 –	– 10 6	ditto	ditto	ditto.
15	Weight, 14 lb., 22 drams deficient; a beam and scales, 9 lbs. incorrect against purchaser.	Coal dealer	17 „	– 5 –	– 10 –	ditto	ditto	In a store or shed.
16	Weights:—56 lb., 1 oz. 12 drams; 28 lb., 2 oz. 3 drams; 7 lb., 12 drams, deficient.	Flesher	17 „	– 5 –	– 10 –	ditto	ditto	In a shop.
17	Weights:—7 lb., 5 drams; 2 lb., 4 drams; 8 oz., 2 drams, deficient.	Potato dealer	17 „	– 5 –	– 10 –	ditto	ditto	In a store.
18	Weights:—1 lb., 2½ drams; 1 lb., 2 drams; 4 oz., 1 dram, deficient.	Grocer	17 „	– 2 6	– 10 –	ditto	ditto	In a shop.
19	Weights:—56 lb., 2 oz.; 14 lb., 14 drams; 14 lb., 7½ drams, deficient.	Coal dealer	17 „	– 2 6	– 10 –	ditto	ditto	In a store.
20	Weights:—2 lb., 2½ drams; 1 lb., 1 dram; 8 oz., 1 dram, deficient.	Grocer	30 „	– 10 –	– 11 6	ditto	ditto	In a shop.
21	Weights:—7 lb., 4 drams; 2 lb., 2½ drams; 1 lb., 1½ dram, deficient.	ditto	30 „	– 5 –	– 11 6	ditto	ditto	ditto.

RETURN of Convictions in *Scotland* of Persons using Unjust Weights and Measures, &c.—*continued.*

COUNTY.	Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on by Offender.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Weights, &c. Seized and Condemned.	Whether Penalties, &c. given to Informer, or others.	Where Offence Committed.	REMARKS.
SCOTLAND—*cont^d.*				1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.				
ROXBURGH—*cont^d.*	22	Weights:—14 lb., 4½ drams; 2 lb., 1½ dram; 1 lb., 1½ dram; 8 oz., 1 dram deficient. A beam and scales 15 drams off balance, operating against purchaser.	Grocer - - -	30 April -	- 10 -	- 11 6	Seized and adjusted, and restored to owner.	Penalties given to county funds.	In a shop.	
	23	Weights:—2 lb., 2 drams; 1 lb., 7½ drams, deficient.	- ditto - - -	30 „ -	- 10 -	- 11 6	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	24	Weight, 1 lb., 5 drams deficient - -	Saddler - - -	30 „ -	- 2 6	- 10 -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	25	Weights:—28 lb., 5 drams; 2 lb., 2 drams, deficient.	- ditto - - -	30 „ -	- 10 -	- 11 6	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	26	Weights:—7 lb., 8 drams; 7 lb., 2 drams; 1 lb, 4 drams; 2 oz., 1 dram, deficient.	Grocer - - -	1 May -	- 10 -	- 11 6	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	27	Weights:—56 lb., 3 oz. 5 drams; 28 lb. 7 oz. 15 drams; 4 lb., 7 drams; 2 lb., 6½ drams; 1 lb., 3½ drams; 4 oz., 3 drams; 4 oz., 2 drams, deficient.	Flesher - - -	2 „ -	1 - -	- 11 6	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	28	Weight, 2 lb., 8 drams deficient - -	Fish dealer - -	2 „ -	- 10 -	- 11 6	- ditto - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	29	Weights:—7 lb., 7½ drams; 4 lb., 4 drams; 2 lb., 3 drams; 1 lb., 1½ dram; 8 oz. 1½ dram, deficient.	Flesher - - -	2 „ -	1 - -	- 11 6	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	30	Weights:—1 lb., 2½ drams; 1 lb, 2½ drams; 8 oz., 1 oz.; 8 oz., 1½ dram; 8 oz., 1½ dram, deficient.	Confectioner - -	4 „ -	- 10 -	- 11 6	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	31	Weights:—7 lb., 2½ drams; 7 lb., 8 drams; 4 lb., 12½ drams; 2 lb., 3 drams; 1 lb., 3 drams; 8 oz., 1½ dram, deficient.	Grocer - - -	4 „ -	- 10 -	- 11 6	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	32	Weights:—56 lb., 9 drams; 56 lb., 10 drams, deficient.	Baker - - -	4 „ -	- 2 6	- 11 6	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	33	Weights:—4 lb., 3½ drams; 2 lb., 3 drams; 2 lb., 3 drams; 1 lb., 2 drams; 8 oz., 1 dram, deficient.	Grocer - - -	4 „ -	- 5 -	- 11 6	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	34	Weights:—7 lb., 4 drams; 7 lb., 4 drams; 4 oz., 3 drams, deficient.	Baker - - -	4 „ -	- 10 -	- 11 6	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	

NOTE.—The Returns from Sheriff Clerks and Clerks of the Peace, with the exception of Edinburgh and Roxburgh, are nil.

BURGH.	Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on by Offender.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Weights, &c. Seized and Condemned.	Whether Penalties, &c. given to Informer, or others.	Where Offence Committed.	Remarks.
SCOTLAND—*cont*^{d}.				1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.				
EDINBURGH - -	1	Weights:—14 lb., 6 drams; ½ lb., less than ½ dram; ¼ lb., less than ½ dram, deficient. Measures:—1 pint, ¾ of a gill; 1 gill, ¼ gill, deficient and unstamped. Weight, 1 lb., unstamped.	Provision dealer -	28 March -	- 2 6	- none -	Seized and adjusted, and restored to owner.	Accounted for to City Chamberlain, and applied towards defraying the expenses of Weights and Measures Department.	In a shop -	The salary of the in-door Inspector and Custodier is 95 *l.*; out-door Inspector, 70 *l.*; and Assistant Inspector, 39 *l.*
	2	Weights:—4 lb., ½ dram; 1 lb., less than ½ dram; ½ lb., less than ½ dram, deficient; 2 oz., 1 oz., unstamped.	- ditto - - -	28 „ -	- 1 -	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	3	Weights:—1 lb., less than ½ dram; ½ lb., less than ½ dram; ¼ lb., less than ½ dram, deficient; ½ oz., ½ oz., unstamped.	- ditto - - -	28 „ -	- 1 -	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	4	Weights:—2 lb., ½ dram; 1 lb., less than ½ dram; ¼ lb., less than ½ dram; ½ oz., less than ½ dram, deficient.	Grocer - -	28 „ -	- -	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto -	Defender admonished.
	5	Weights:—3½ lb., illegal; 14 lb., 8 drams; 7 lb., 5½ drams; 7 lb., 4 drams; 4 lb., ½ dram; 1 lb., ½ dram; 2 oz., less than ½ dram; ½ oz., less than ½ dram, deficient.	Provision dealer -	28 „ -	- 2 6	- none -	3½ lb. weight seized and forfeited. The other weights adjusted, and returned to owner.	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	6	Weights:—1 lb., ½ dram; ½ lb., less than ½ dram; ¼ lb., less than ½ dram; 1 oz., less than ½ dram; 1 lb., 6 drams, deficient and unstamped. Measures:—1 pint, ½ gill; 1 gill, less than ½ dram, deficient and unstamped.	- ditto - - -	28 „ -	- 1 -	- none -	Adjusted and returned to owner.	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	7	Weights:—7 lb., 2 drams; 1 lb., 1 dram; 1 lb., 1 dram; 1 lb., 1 dram; ½ lb., less than ½ dram; ¼ lb., less than ½ dram; 1 oz., ½ dram, deficient.	- ditto - - -	3 April -	- -	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto -	Defender admonished.
	8	Weights:—4 lb., less than ½ dram; 2 oz. less than ½ dram, deficient; 1 lb., 4½ drams; ½ lb., 3 drams, deficient and unstamped.	- ditto - - -	3 „ -	- 10 -	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	9	Weights:—56 lb., 7 drams; 28 lb., 3 oz. 4 drams; 14 lb., 10 drams; 7 lb., 5 drams; 4 lb., 1½ dram; 2 lb., 1 dram; 1 lb., 3 drams, deficient.	Rag dealer - -	3 „ -	- 10 -	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	10	Weights:—7 lb., 1½ dram; 4 lb., 1 dram; 1 lb., ½ dram; ¼ lb., ½ dram, deficient; 2 oz., less than ½ dram deficient and unstamped; ½ oz., ¼ oz., unstamped. A set of scales, 14 drams off the balance.	Provision dealer -	3 „ -	- 5 -	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto -	A loose weight of 14 drams on scales.

RETURN of Convictions in *Scotland* of Persons using Unjust Weights and Measures, &c.—*continued.*

BURGH.	Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on by Offender.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Weights, &c. Seized and Condemned.	Whether Penalties, &c. given to Informer, or others.	Where Offence Committed.	REMARKS.
SCOTLAND—*cont^d.*				1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.				
EDINBURGH—*cont^d.*	11	Weights:—4 lb., less than ½ dram; ½ oz., less than ¼ dram, deficient; 2 oz., less than ½ dram deficient and unstamped. A set of scales, 13 drams off the balance.	Baker	4 April	– 2 6	none	Adjusted and returned to owner.	Accounted for to City Chamberlain, and applied towards defraying the expenses of Weights and Measures Department.	In a shop.	
	12	Weight:—4 lb., ¼ dram deficient	Provision dealer	3 „	– 2 6	none	ditto	ditto	ditto.	
	13	Weights:—2 lb., ¼ dram; two 1 lb., each ½ dram; ¼ lb., less than ½ dram, deficient.	ditto	4 „	– 2 9	none	ditto	ditto	ditto.	
	14	Weights:—7 lb., 7 drams; 4 lb., 4½ drams; 2 lb., ½ dram; 1 lb., less than ¼ dram; ½ lb., less than ½ dram; ¼ lb., less than ½ dram; 2 oz., less than ½ dram; 1 oz., less than ¼ dram, deficient.	Ham dealer	4 „	– 5 –	none	ditto	ditto	ditto.	
	15	Weights:—4 lb., 1 dram; two 2 lb., each ½ dram; two 1 lb., each ½ dram; three ½ lb., each ¼ dram; ¼ lb., less than ½ dram; 2 oz., less than ½ dram; 1 oz., less than ¼ dram, deficient.	Grocer and spirit dealer.	4 „	– 2 6	none	ditto	ditto	ditto.	
	16	Weights:—28 lb., 8 drams; 14 lb., 2 drams; 4 lb., 1 oz. 1 dram; two 2 lb., each 4½ drams; 1 lb., 2 drams; ½ lb., ½ dram; ¼ lb., 3 drams, deficient; 1 lb., less than ½ dram deficient and unstamped.	Rag dealer	9 „	– 6	none	ditto	ditto	ditto.	
	17	Weights:—56 lb., 1 oz. 10 drams; 28 lb., 3 drams; 14 lb., 2 drams; 7 lb., 1 dram; 4 lb., ½ dram; two 2 lb., each 3½ drams, deficient; 2 lb., ½ dram; ¼ lb. less than ½ dram, too heavy and unstamped; 1 lb., 5 drams deficient and unstamped.	ditto	9 „	– 10 –	none	ditto	ditto	ditto.	
	18	Weights:—Two 2 lb., each ½ dram; two 1 lb., each ½ dram; two ½ lb., each ½ dram; two ¼ lb., each ½ dram; 2 oz., less than ½ dram; 1 oz., less than ½ dram, deficient; ½ lb., less than ½ dram deficient and unstamped. A set of scales, 1½ dram; a set of scales, 1 dram, off the balance.	Grocer	9 „	– 10 –	none	ditto	ditto	ditto	A loose weight, ½ dram, on scales.
	19	Weights:—7 lb., 1 dram; three 2 lb., each ½ dram; ¼ lb., less than ½ dram; two 1 oz., each less than ½ dram, deficient.	Provision dealer	10 „	– 2 6	none	ditto	ditto	ditto.	
	20	Weights:—4 lb., ½ dram; 1 lb., less than ½ dram; ½ lb., less than ½ dram; two ¼ lb., each less than ½ dram; two 2 oz., each less than ¼ dram, deficient. Measure, 1 gallon, ½ gill deficient.	Grocer and spirit dealer.	9 „	– 5 –	none	ditto	ditto	ditto.	

21	Weights :—Two 1 lb., each less than ½ dram; two ½ lb., each less than ½ dram; ¼ lb., less than ½ dram; 2 oz., less than ½ dram, deficient. Set of scales, 5 drams, (1); set of scales, 2 drams (2) off the balance; 2 sets of scales, each (3)1 dram off the balance.	ditto	10 „	– 5 –	none	ditto	ditto	ditto	(1) Loose weight, 5 drams, on scale. (2) Loose weight, 1 dram, on scale. (3) Loose weight, 1 dram, on scale.
22	Weights :—4 lb., 1 dram; 4 lb., less than ½ dram; 2 lb., 1 dram; two 2 lb., each ½ dram; two 1 lb., each ½ dram; three 1 lb., each less than ½ dram; three ¼ lb., each less than ½ dram; two 2 oz., each less than ½ dram; two 1 oz., each less than ½ dram, deficient; 1oz., less than ½ dram; 2 oz., less than ½ dram, deficient and unstamped.	ditto	10 „	– 10 –	none	ditto	ditto	ditto.	
23	Weights :—2 lb., 1 dram; ¼ lb., less than ½ dram, deficient; 2 oz., ½ dram deficient and unstamped; 1 lb., and ½ lb., unstamped.	Provision dealer	10 „	– 2 6	none	ditto	ditto	ditto.	
24	Weights :—7 lb., 1 dram; 2 lb., ½ dram; 1 lb., less than ½ dram; ½ lb., less than ½ dram; ½ lb., ½ dram, deficient.	Victual dealer	10 „	– 2 6	none	ditto	ditto	ditto.	
25	Weights :—14 lb., 1½ dram; 7 lb., ½ dram; 4 lb., ½ dram; 2 lb., less than ½ dram, deficient; 1 lb., 1½ dram; ½ lb., ½ dram, too heavy and unstamped. Set of scales, 1 oz. 4 drams off the balance.	Rag dealer	16 „	– 2 6	none	ditto	ditto	ditto.	
26	Weights :—4 lb., 1 dram; 1 lb., 1½ dram, deficient; 1 lb., unstamped.	Baker	16 „	– 2 –	none	ditto	ditto	ditto.	
27	Weights :—Two 7 lb., each ½ dram; 4 lb., ½ dram; ½ lb., less than ½ dram, deficient; 2 oz., less than ½ dram, deficient and unstamped. Set of scales, 5 drams off the balance.	Grocer	16 „	– 7 6	none	ditto	ditto	ditto	Loose weight, 3½ drams, on scales.
28	Weights :—7 lb., ½ dram; 4 lb., 1 dram; 2 lb., less than ½ dram; 1 lb., less than ½ dram; ½ lb., less than ½ dram; 2 oz., less than ½ dram; 1 oz., less than ½ dram, deficient; ½ oz., less than ½ dram deficient and unstamped. Set of scales, 8½ drams off the balance.	Grocer and spirit dealer.	17 „	– 2 6	none	ditto	ditto	ditto.	
29	Weights :—4 lb., 1 dram; 2 lb., 1 dram; 1 lb., ½ dram; ½ lb., ½ dram, deficient; ¼ lb. and 2 oz., each less than ½ dram deficient.	Flesher	17 „	– 2 6	none	ditto	ditto	ditto.	

RETURN of Convictions in *Scotland* of Persons using Unjust Weights and Measures, &c.—*continued*.

BURGH.	Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on by Offender.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Weights, &c. Seized and Condemned.	Whether Penalties, &c. given to Informer, or others.	Where Offence Committed.	REMARKS.
SCOTLAND—*cont*^{d}.				1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.				
EDINBURGH—*cont*^{d}.	30	Weights:—7 lb., 1¼ dram; three 1 lb., each less than ½ dram; ½ lb., less than ½ dram; ¼ lb., less than ½ dram; two 2 oz., each less than ½ dram; 1 oz., less than ½ dram, deficient. One set of scales, ½ dram; one set of scales, less than ½ dram, off the balance.	Grocer and spirit dealer.	17 April	– 5 –	– none –	Adjusted and returned to owner.	Accounted for to City Chamberlain, and applied towards defraying the expenses of Weights and Measures Department.	In a shop.	
	31	Weights:—7 lb., 1½ dram; 2 lb., ½ dram; two 1 lb., each less than ½ dram; ½ lb., less than ½ dram; ¼ lb., less than ½ dram; 1 oz., less than ½ dram, deficient.	Provision dealer	17 „	– 5 –	– none –	– ditto –	– ditto –	– ditto.	
	32	Weights:—56 lb., 1 oz.; 56 lb., ½ oz.; two 56 lb., each 6 drams; 28 lb., 4 drams; 14 lb., 1 dram, deficient.	Grocer and spirit dealer.	23 „	– 10 –	– none –	– ditto –	– ditto –	– ditto.	
	33	Weights:—7 lb., 1½ dram; two 2 lb., each 1 dram; 1 lb., 2½ drams; two 1 lb., each less than ½ dram; ½ lb., less than ½ dram; ¼ lb., less than ½ dram; 2 oz., less than ½ dram; 1 oz., less than ½ dram; ½ oz., less than ½ dram, deficient. Set of scales, 1 oz. 6 drams; set of scales, 1 dram, off the balance.	Provision dealer	23 „	– 10 –	– none –	– ditto –	– ditto –	– ditto.	
	34	Weights:—Two 2 lb., each less than ½ dram; 1 lb., less than ½ dram; ½ lb., less than ½ dram; ¼ lb., less than ½ dram; 2 oz., less than ½ dram; two 1 oz., each less than ½ dram, deficient.	Grocer and spirit dealer.	23 „	– 10 –	– none –	– ditto –	– ditto –	– ditto.	
	35	Weights:—2 lb., ½ dram; 1 lb., less than ½ dram; ½ lb., less than ½ dram, deficient; 2 oz., ½ dram deficient and unstamped; 1 oz., less than ½ dram deficient and unstamped. Set of scales, less than ½ dram off the balance.	Provision dealer	23 „	– 10 –	– none –	– ditto –	– ditto –	– ditto.	
	36	Weights:—4 lb., 2½ drams; ½ lb., less than ½ dram; two 1 oz., each less than ½ dram, deficient; ¼ oz., less than ½ dram deficient and unstamped. Measures:—½ pint, unstamped; 1 gallon, ½ gill deficient.	Grocer and spirit dealer.	23 „	1 – –	– none –	– ditto –	– ditto –	– ditto.	
	37	Set of scales, 1 oz. off the balance	– ditto –	23 „	– 10 –	– none –	– ditto –	– ditto –	– ditto	Loose weight, 6 drams, on scales.
	38	Weights:—½ oz. and ¼ oz., unstamped	Confectioner	1 May	– 2 6	– none –	– ditto –	– ditto –	– ditto.	
	39	Weights:—1 lb., less than ½ dram; ½ lb., less than ½ dram; 2 oz., less than ½ dram; 1 oz., less than ½ dram, deficient; 1 lb., unstamped.	Provision dealer	1 „	– 2 6	– none –	– ditto –	– ditto –	– ditto.	

40	Weights :—7 lb., ½ dram ; 4 lb., 1 dram ; ½ lb., less than ½ dram ; ¼ lb., less than ½ dram ; 1 oz., less than ½ dram ; ½ oz., less than ½ dram, deficient.	- ditto - - -	1 May -	- 2 6	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
41	Weights :—2 oz., less than ½ dram ; 1 oz., less than ½ dram ; ½ oz., less than ½ dram, deficient. Set of scales, 11 drams (1) ; set of scales, 2 drams ; set of scales, ½ dram, off the balance.	Grocer and spirit dealer.	1 „ -	- 2 6	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto -	(1) Loose weight, 9½ drams, on scales.
42	Weights :—Two 4 lb., each ½ dram ; 2 lb., less than ½ dram ; 1 lb., less than ½ dram ; 2 oz., less than ½ dram ; 1 oz., less than ½ dram, deficient.	Victual dealer - -	1 „ -	- 2 6	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
43	Weights :—4 lb., 4½ drams ; 4 lb., less than ½ dram ; ½ lb., less than ½ dram ; 2 oz., less than ½ dram, deficient ; ¼ lb., 1 dram deficient and unstamped.	Flesher - - -	1 „ -	- 10 -	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
44	Weights :—14 lb., 8 drams ; 4 lb., 1 dram ; 2 lb., ½ dram ; two ½ lb., each less than ½ dram ; two ¼ lb., each less than ½ dram ; 2 oz., less than ½ dram ; ½ oz., less than ½ dram, deficient.	Grocer and spirit dealer.	2 „ -	- 2 6	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
45	Weights :—4 lb., less than ½ dram ; 2 oz., less than ½ dram ; ½ oz., less than ½ dram, deficient ; ¼ oz., unstamped.	Baker - - -	2 „ -	- 2 6	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
46	Weight, 28 lb., unstamped. Measure, 4 gallon, ¾ gill too large.	Grocer and spirit dealer.	2 „ -	- -	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto -	Defender admonished.
47	Weights :—7 lb., ½ dram ; 1 lb., less than ½ dram ; ½ lb., less than ½ dram ; ½ oz., less than ½ dram ; ¼ oz., less than ½ dram, deficient.	- ditto - - -	2 „ -	- 2 6	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
48	Weights :—1 lb., less than ½ dram ; ½ lb., less than ½ dram ; 2 oz., less than ½ dram ; 1 oz., less than ½ dram, deficient.	Confectioner - -	2 „ -	- 2 6	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
49	Weights :—1 lb., less than ½ dram ; ½ lb., less than ½ dram ; ¼ oz., less than ½ dram, deficient ; ½ oz., unstamped.	Provision dealer -	2 „ -	- 2 6	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
50	Weights :—¼ lb., less than ½ dram ; two 1 oz., each less than ½ dram ; ½ oz., less than ½ dram, deficient ; 1 lb., 1 dram deficient and unstamped.	Confectioner - -	2 „ -	- 2 6	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
51	Weights :—2 lb., less than ½ dram ; 1 lb., less than ½ dram ; ½ lb., less than ½ dram, deficient ; ½ oz., and a ¼ oz., unstamped.	Baker - - -	7 „ -	- 5 -	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	

RETURN of Convictions in *Scotland* of Persons using Unjust Weights and Measures, &c.—*continued.*

BURGH.	Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on by Offender.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Weights, &c. Seized and Condemned.	Whether Penalties, &c. given to Informer, or others.	Where Offence Committed.	REMARKS.
SCOTLAND—*contd.*				1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.				
EDINBURGH—*contd.*	52	Weights:—7 lb., less than ½ dram; two 4 lb., each less than ½ dram; two 1 lb., each less than ½ dram; ½ lb., less than ½ dram; ¼ lb., less than ½ dram; 2 oz., less than ½ dram; 1 lb., less than ½ dram; 1 lb., 1 dram, deficient.	Grocer and spirit dealer.	7 May -	– 5 –	- none -	Adjusted and returned to owner.	Accounted for to City Chamberlain, and applied towards defraying the expenses of Weights and Measures Department.	In a shop.	
	53	Weights:—7 lb., 2½ drams; 7 lb., less than ½ dram; two ½ lb., each less than ½ dram; ¼ lb., less than ½ dram, deficient.	Provision dealer -	7 „ -	– 5 –	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	54	Weights:—2 lb., 1 dram; 1 lb., less than ½ dram; ½ lb., less than ½ dram, deficient; ¼ oz., unstamped.	Greengrocer - -	7 „ -	– 5 –	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	55	Weights:—7 lb., less than ½ dram; 4 lb., less than ½ dram; two 2 lb., each less than ½ dram; 1 lb., less than ½ dram; three ½ lb., each less than ½ dram; ¼ lb., less than ½ dram, deficient.	Grocer and spirit dealer.	7 „ -	– 5 –	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	56	Weights:—2 lb., 1½ dram; 1 lb., 1½ dram; two 1 lb., each ½ dram; ½ lb., ½ dram; two ¼ lb., each less than ½ dram; 2 oz., less than ½ dram; ¼ oz., less than ½ dram, deficient.	Provision dealer -	7 „ -	– 5 –	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	57	Weights:—2 lb., 1 dram; two 1 lb., each less than ½ dram; two ½ lb., each less than ½ dram; ¼ lb., less than ½ dram; two 2 oz., each less than ½ dram, deficient.	Baker - - -	7 „ -	– 5 –	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	58	Weights:—7 lb., 3 drams; 2 lb., 2 drams; 1 lb., 3 drams; 1 lb., less than ½ dram; ½ lb., less than ½ dram; ¼ lb., less than ½ dram, deficient; 2 oz., unstamped.	- ditto - - -	8 „ -	– 5 –	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	59	Weights:—7 lb., ½ dram; 2 lb., less than ½ dram; 1 lb., less than ½ dram; four 1 oz., each less than ½ dram, deficient. Set of scales, 4½ drams off the balance; set of scales, ¼ dram off the balance.	Grocer and spirit dealer.	8 „ -	– 5 –	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	60	Weights:—7 lb., 1 dram; 2 lb., 2½ drams; 1 lb., 1½ dram; ½ lb., 2 drams; ½ lb., 1 dram; ½ lb., ½ dram; ¼ lb., less than ½ dram; ½ lb., less than ½ dram; ¼ lb., less than ½ dram, deficient; ½ lb., unstamped. Set of scales, 1 dram off the balance.	Provision dealer -	8 „ -	– 5 –	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	

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RETURN of Convictions in *Scotland* of Persons using Unjust Weights and Measures, &c.—*continued.*

BURGH.	Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on by Offender.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Weights, &c. Seized and Condemned.	Whether Penalties, &c. given to Informer, or others.	Where Offence Committed.	REMARKS.
				1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.				
SCOTLAND—*cont^d.*										
EDINBURGH—*cont^d.*	72	Weights:—7 lb., ½ dram; 4 lb., ½ dram; 2 lb., ½ dram; 1 lb., ½ dram; ½ lb., less than ½ dram; ¼ lb., less than ½ dram, deficient.	Flesher	5 June	– 5 –	none	Adjusted and returned to owner.	Accounted for to City Chamberlain, and applied towards defraying the expenses of Weights and Measures Department.	In a shop.	
	73	Weights:—56 lb., 1 oz. 8 drams; 56 lb., 1 oz. 2 drams; 28 lb., 9 drams; 14 lb., 6 drams; 14 lb., 3 drams; 7 lb., 3 dram; 7 lb., ½ dram; 4 lb., 2 drams; 4 lb., ½ dram; 2 lb., 1 dram; 1 lb., ½ dram; ½ lb., less than ½ dram; ¼ lb., less than ½ dram, deficient.	Rag and metal dealer	12 „	– 5 –	none	ditto	ditto	ditto.	
	74	Weights:—Two 7 lb., each ½ dram; 2 lb., less than ½ dram; 1 lb., less than ½ dram; ½ lb., less than ½ dram; 1 oz., less than ½ dram; ¼ oz., less than ½ dram, deficient.	Provision dealer	12 „	– 5 –	none	ditto	ditto	ditto.	
	75	Weights:—2 lb., less than ½ dram; 1 lb., less than ½ dram; ½ lb., less than ½ dram, deficient. Set of scales, 1 dram off the balance.	Grocer	12 „	– 2 6	none	ditto	ditto	ditto.	
	76	Weights:—2 lb., 1 dram; 1 lb., 1 dram; 2 oz., less than ½ dram; 1 oz., less than ½ dram, deficient; 4 lb., less than ½ dram too heavy and unstamped.	Refreshment-room keeper.	12 „	– 5 –	none	ditto	ditto	ditto.	
	77	Weights:—7 lb., 2 drams; 1 lb., 1 dram; ½ lb., less than ½ dram; ¼ lb., less than ½ dram, deficient; 4 lb., 2 drams; 2 lb., ½ dram; 1 lb., 1½ dram, deficient and unstamped. Set of scales, ½ dram off the balance.	Greengrocer	12 „	– 5 –	none	ditto	ditto	ditto.	
	78	Weights:—2 lb., ½ dram; 4 lb., less than ½ dram; 1 lb., less than ½ dram; ½ lb., less than ½ dram; ¼ lb., less than ½ dram; 2 oz., less than ½ dram, deficient; ½ oz., less than ½ dram deficient and unstamped.	Grocer	12 „	– 2 6	none	ditto	ditto	ditto.	
	79	Weights:—2 lb., less than ½ dram; 1 lb., ½ dram; ½ lb., less than ½ dram; two 2 oz., each less than ½ dram; 1 oz., ½ dram, deficient; 4 lb., less than ½ dram deficient and unstamped.	Greengrocer	12 „	– 5 –	none	ditto	ditto	ditto.	

	80	Weights:—4 lb., less than ½ dram; 1 lb., less than ½ dram; ½ lb., less than ½ dram; 2 oz., less than ½ dram; 1 oz., less than ½ dram; two ½ oz., each less than ½ dram, deficient; ¼ lb., less than ½ dram deficient and unstamped.	Tobacconist - -	12 „ -	- 5 -	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
GLASGOW - -	1	Weight, 2 lb., 2 drams deficient - -	Grocer - - -	21 March -	- 7 6	- none -	Seized and condemned	Given to Police Board	- ditto -	The Salary of the Inspector of Weights and Measures is 10 *s.* per day when inspecting (amounted last year to 33 *l.* 12 *s.*), and allowed to retain the stamping fees.
	2	Weight, 4 lb., 5 drams deficient - -	Confectioner - -	21 „ -	- 5 -	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	3	Weight, 7 lb., 5 drams deficient - -	Provision dealer -	21 „ -	- 5 -	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	4	Weights: — 4 lb., 4 drams; 4 lb., 3½ drams; 2 lb., 4 drams; 2 oz., 1 dram, deficient.	Flesher - - -	22 „ -	1 - -	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	5	Weights:—56 lb., 4 oz.; 14 lb., ¼ oz.; 7 lb., 2¼ oz., deficient.	Provision dealer -	22 „ -	1 - -	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	6	Weights:—56 lb., 2 oz.; 56 lb., 3 oz., deficient.	- ditto - - -	22 „ -	- 15 -	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	7	Weights:—Two 56 lb., each 2 oz. deficient	Grain dealer - -	22 „ -	- 10 -	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	In a store.	
	8	Weights:—Two 1 lb., each 1½ drams deficient.	Grocer - - -	22 „ -	- 10 -	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	In a shop.	
	9	Weights:—2 lb., 4 drams; ½ lb., 1 dram; 2 oz., ½ dram, deficient.	Provision dealer -	22 „ -	- 15 -	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	10	Weights:—2 lb., 7 drams; ½ lb., 2 drams; ½ lb., 1½ dram; ¼ lb., 1 dram, deficient.	- ditto - - -	22 „ -	- 10 -	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	11	Weights:—7 lb., 8 drams; 4 lb., 8 drams, deficient.	Grocer - - -	22 „ -	- 10 -	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	12	Weights:—½ lb., 2 drams; ½ lb., 1½ dram, deficient.	- ditto - - -	22 „ -	- 10 -	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	13	Beam and scales, 3 oz. against buyer -	Provision dealer -	29 „ -	- 5 -	- none -	Not seized - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	14	Beam and scales, 4 drams against buyer -	Flesher - - -	29 „ -	- 10 6	- none	Seized and condemned	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	15	Beam and scales, ¼ oz. against buyer -	Provision dealer -	3 April -	- 10 6	- none -	Not seized - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	16	Beam and scales, ¾ oz. against buyer -	Flesher - - -	3 „ -	1 - -	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	17	A weighing machine, 6 drams against buyer.	Fruiterer - -	3 „ -	- 2 6	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	18	An iron weight, deficient 4 drams, and unstamped.	Provision dealer -	13 „ -	- 5 -	- none -	Seized and condemned	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	19	Weights:—2 lb., 3 drams; ½ lb., 1½ dram; 7 lb., 6 drams, deficient.	- ditto - - -	10 „ -	1 - -	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	20	Beam and scales, 6 drams against buyer -	- ditto - - -	13 „ -	- 10 6	- none -	Not seized - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	21	Weight, 4 lb., 1 oz, deficient - - -	- ditto - - -	26 „ -	- 7 6	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	22	Beam and scales, 7 drams against buyer -	- ditto - - -	26 „ -	- 10 -	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	23	Beam and scales, 2 drams against buyer -	- - -	26 „ -	- 10 6	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	24	Beam and scales, 3 drams against buyer -	Provision dealer -	27 „ -	- 5 -	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	25	Beam and scales, 2 drams against buyer -	- - -	27 „ -	- 10 6	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	
	26	Beam and scales, 7 drams against buyer -	Ham dealer - -	27 „ -	1 1 -	- none -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto.	

RETURN of Convictions in *Scotland* of Persons using Unjust Weights and Measures, &c.—*continued.*

BURGH.	Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on by Offender.	Date of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Weights, &c. Seized and Condemned.	Whether Penalties, &c. given to Informer, or others.	Where Offence Committed	REMARKS.
SCOTLAND—*cont^d.*				1866:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.				
GLASGOW—*cont^d.*	27	Weights:—1 lb., 4 drams; 4 lb., 3½ drams, deficient; 1 oz., unstamped.	Butter dealer	30 April	10 6	none	Seized and condemned	Given to Police Board	In a shop.	
	28	Beam and scales, 1 lb. against buyer	Coal dealer	30 „	7 6	none	Not seized	ditto	In coal shed.	
	29	Beam and scales, 3 drams against buyer	Provision dealer	30 „	2 6	none	ditto	ditto	In a shop.	
	30	Weight, 7 lb., unstamped	Tobacconist	2 May	2 6	none	Seized and condemned	ditto	ditto.	
	31	Weights:—1 lb., unstamped; 1 lb., 2¼ oz.; 2 lb., 1½ dram; 14 lb., 1 oz., deficient.	Plumber	2 „	1 – –	none	ditto	ditto	ditto.	
	32	Beam and scales, 1 lb. against buyer	Coal dealer	2 „	5 –	none	Not seized	ditto	In coal shed.	
	33	Weight, 1 lb., 3 drams deficient	Confectioner	3 „	5 –	none	Seized and condemned	ditto	In a shop.	
	34	Weights:—¼ lb, ½ dram; ½ lb., 5 drams; 7 lb., 1¾ oz., deficient.	Fruiterer	3 „	7 6	none	ditto	ditto	ditto.	
	35	Weights:—2 lb., 14 drams; 7 lb., 8 drams, deficient.	Fish dealer	9 „	10 –	none	ditto	ditto	ditto.	
	36	Weights:—2 lb., 4 drams; 2 lb., 3 drams, 2 lb., 3 drams; 1 lb., 1 dram, deficient.	Tobacconist	9 „	1 – –	none	ditto	ditto	ditto.	
	37	Beam and scales, 3½ drams against buyer	Provision dealer	9 „	1 – –	none	Not seized	ditto	ditto.	
	38	Beam and scales, 2 oz. against buyer	ditto	9 „	7 6	none	ditto	ditto	ditto.	
	39	Weights:—½ lb., 1 dram; 2 oz., 2 drams, deficient.	Grocer	14 „	7 6	none	Seized and condemned	ditto	ditto.	
	40	Beam and scales, 2 drams against buyer	ditto	14 „	7 6	none	Not seized	ditto	ditto.	
	41	Beam and scales, ½ lb. against buyer	Coal dealer	22 „	2 6	none	ditto	ditto	In coal shed.	
	42	Beam and scales, 5 drams against buyer	Flesher	22 „	10 6	none	ditto	ditto	In a shop.	
	43	Weight, 7 lb., 6 oz. deficient	Provision dealer	22 „	5 –	none	Seized and condemned	ditto	ditto.	
	44	Weights:—4 lb., 3 drams; 2 lb., 2½ drams, deficient; ¼ lb., 1 oz., and 2 drams, unstamped.	Greengrocer	22 „	7 6	none	ditto	ditto	ditto.	
	45	Beam and scales, ½ lb. against seller	Provision dealer	22 „	– –	none	Not seized	ditto	ditto	Admonished.

Note.—No Returns from the Burghs of Haddington and Wigtown. The Returns made by Town Clerks of other Burghs, with the exception of Edinburgh and Glasgow, are nil.

Edinburgh, 12 December 1866.

T. G. Murray, Crown Agent for Scotland.

RETURN of the Number of PERSONS Convicted in *Great Britain* of using or having in their Possession any False or Unjust WEIGHTS, MEASURES, or BALANCES, for the Quarter ending 24 June 1866; also, the Amount of SALARY and other Remuneration given to the INSPECTORS of WEIGHTS and MEASURES (in continuation of Parliamentary Paper, No. 56, of Session 1865).

(*Mr. Locke.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
1 *March* 1867.

[*Price* 1 *s.* 2 *d.*]

95. *Under* 12 *oz.*

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 8 July 1867;—*for*,

"RETURN of the Number of PERSONS in the METROPOLITAN PARISHES Convicted between the 1st day of January and the 1st day of July 1867, for the Use of FALSE WEIGHTS and MEASURES, in the following Form:—

Name of Offender.	Trade.	Parish.	Date of Conviction.	Whether First or other Offence.	Amount of Fine.

(Mr. Goldsmid.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*, 21 *August* 1867.

LIST OF RETURNS.

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NO RETURNS HAVE BEEN RECEIVED FROM—

Highgate.
Court of Burgesses, Westminster.
Marylebone.
St. Pancras.

RETURN of the Number of PERSONS in the METROPOLITAN PARISHES Convicted between the 1st day of January and the 1st day of July 1867, for the use of FALSE WEIGHTS and MEASURES.

BEACONTREE DIVISION—COUNTY OF ESSEX.

No convictions have taken place for the use of false weights and measures within the Half Hundred of Beacontree, between the 1st January and the 1st July 1867.

Romford, 29 July 1867.

W. H. Clifton,
Clerk to the Justices.

BLACKHEATH DIVISION—COUNTY OF KENT.

— Nil. —

Owing to the time occupied in making new arrangements for appointing additional Inspectors for this division, involving the obtaining from the proper authorities three additional copies of the imperial standards, the usual visitation of shops has been suspended, but the same being now complete, the inspection of shops is resumed from this day.

Croom's Hill, Greenwich,
29 July 1867.

Chas. Aug. Smith & Son,
Clerks to the Petty Sessions.

BRENTFORD DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

NAME OF OFFENDER.	Trade.	Parish.	Date of Conviction.	Whether First or other Offence.	Amount of Fine.
					£. s. d.
Joseph Hounslow	Beerseller	Heston	9 Feb. 1867	First offence	– 10 –
John William Lyons	Ironmonger	ditto	,, ,,	ditto	– 2 –
Charles Castle	Butcher	ditto	,, ,,	Second offence	4 12 –
Sarah Ann Goatly	Grocer	ditto	,, ,,	ditto	– 12 –
Clara Simmonds	ditto	ditto	,, ,,	First offence	– 2 –
Daniel Brill	Oilman	Ealing	,, ,,	ditto	– 2 –
Daniel Brill	ditto	ditto	,, ,,	ditto	– 12 –
John Hutchins	Licensed victualler	Heston	,, ,,	ditto	2 – –
William Merrick	Beerseller	Norwood	,, ,,	ditto	– 12 –
Alice Drinkwater	Grocer	Ealing	,, ,,	ditto	– 2 –
Emanuel Oppenheim	Tobacconist	Hanwell	,, ,,	ditto	– 10 –
John Rolfe	Licensed victualler	Ealing	,, ,,	ditto	– 10 –
George Archer	Greengrocer	New Brentford	25 May 1867	ditto	– 2 –
Henry Seares	Porkbutcher	Ealing	,, ,,	ditto	– 2 –
John Johnson	Fishmonger	ditto	,, ,,	ditto	– 12 –
Joseph Huget	Milkman	ditto	,, ,,	ditto	– 17 –
Joseph Dale	Coal merchant	Isleworth	,, ,,	Second offence	1 12 –
Theodore Channell	Grocer	Twickenham	,, ,,	First offence	1 2 –
John Gilbert	Oilman	Heston	,, ,,	ditto	1 2 –
John Gilbert	ditto	ditto	,, ,,	ditto	– 12 –
Charles Hatchett	General dealer	ditto	,, ,,	ditto	– 2 –

In addition to the fines, the costs of the Court, amounting to 8 *s.* in each case, were also paid.

3 August 1867.

Wm. Ruston,
Clerk to Justices.

BROMLEY DIVISION—COUNTY OF KENT.

— Nil. —

12 August 1867.

R. B. Latter,
Clerk to the Justices.

CROYDON DIVISION—COUNTY OF SURREY.

Name of Offender.	Trade.	Parish.	Date of Conviction.	Whether First or other Offence.	Amount of Fine.
					£. s. d.
James Selby	Grocer	Penge	23 Feb. 1867	First offence	– 5 –
Charles Jarvis Adams	Baker	ditto	„ „	ditto	2 – –
James Hy. Duncombe	Butcher	ditto	„ „	ditto	– 5 –
Thomas Rose	Grocer	ditto	„ „	ditto	– 5 –
Alfred Miller	Butter merchant	ditto	25 May „	ditto	– 5 –
Henry Moyce	Butcher	Mitcham	15 June „	ditto	– 15 –
Edward Harris	Grocer	ditto	„ „	ditto	– 5 –

29 July 1867.

John Drummond,
Clerk to the Justices.

DARTFORD DIVISION—COUNTY OF KENT.

There have been no convictions within this division during the time mentioned.

29 July 1867.

John Hayward,
Clerk to Justices.

CHESHUNT, EDMONTON, AND WALTHAM ABBEY DIVISIONS.

CHESHUNT DIVISION—COUNTY OF HERTS.

No convictions.

EDMONTON DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

Name of Offender.	Trade.	Parish.	Date of Conviction.	Whether First or other Offence.	Amount of Fine.
					£. s. d.
Henry Thompson	Greengrocer	Stoke Newington	18 April 1867	First offence	1 – –
J. Ayres	Licensed victualler	ditto	„ „	ditto	1 – –
T. Patey	Cheesemonger	ditto	„ „	ditto	– 10 –
G. Harris	Coal dealer	ditto	„ „	ditto	1 – –
G. Harris	ditto	ditto	„ „	ditto	– 10 –
G. Harris	ditto	ditto	„ „	ditto	– 10 –
J. Toomer	Licensed victualler	ditto	„ „	ditto	1 – –
W. Stanfield	Tobacconist	ditto	„ „	ditto	1 – –
A. Paine	Licensed victualler	ditto	„ „	ditto	1 – –
J. Fairchild	ditto	Tottenham	„ „	ditto	1 – –
C. Warren	Tobacconist	ditto	„ „	ditto	– 10 –
J. Fuller	Beershop keeper	ditto	„ „	ditto	2 – –
H. C. Harper	Butcher	ditto	„ „	ditto	– 10 –
B. Argent	Licensed victualler	ditto	„ „	ditto	– 15 –
T. Burgoyne	Tobacconist	ditto	„ „	ditto	1 – –
J. Leggett	Licensed victualler	Enfield	„ „	ditto	2 – –
G. Parsell	ditto	ditto	„ „	ditto	1 – –
J. Crampton	Chandler	ditto	„ „	ditto	1 – –
A. Conyard	Beershop keeper	ditto	„ „	ditto	1 10 –
J. Davis	Licensed victualler	ditto	„ „	ditto	1 – –
E. Hart	Tobacconist	ditto	„ „	ditto	– 10 –

WALTHAM ABBEY DIVISION—COUNTY OF ESSEX.

No convictions.

ENFIELD DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

— Nil. —

J. Purdey, Acting Clerk.

EPSOM DIVISION—COUNTY OF SURREY.

Name of Offender.	Trade.	Parish.	Date of Conviction.	Whether First or other Offence.	Amount of Fine.
					£. s. d.
John Broughton	Beer-house keeper	Banstead	21 Jan. 1867	First offence	– 6 6
Benjamin Forsdick	Licensed victualler	ditto	„ „	Second offence	5 – –

5 August 1867.

Henry T. Aveline,
Clerk to the Justices.

GORE DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

— Nil. —

Edgware, 29 July 1867.

William S. Tootell,
Clerk Petty Sessions.

HAMPSTEAD DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

— Nil. —

29 July 1867.

Thomas Toller,
Clerk to the Justices.

HANOVER SQUARE DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

— Nil. —

P. R. Chappell, Clerk.

HOLBORN DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

Name of Offender.	Trade.	Parish.	Date of Conviction.	Whether First or other Offence.	Amount of Fine.
					£. s. d.
Frederick White	Licensed victualler	Rolls Liberty	8 Jan. 1867		1 5 –
Noah Dollamore	ditto	ditto	„ „		– 10 –
Joseph Knowles	ditto	ditto	„ „		2 5 –
Henry Lodge	ditto	ditto	„ „		2 5 –
William Seekins	ditto	St. George-the-Martyr	„ „		1 – –
Henry Read	Pork butcher	St Andrew, Holborn	„ „	Second offence	– 15 –
Richard Jelly	Dairyman	ditto	„ „		1 10 –
Ditto	ditto	ditto	„ „		– 7 6
William Bartlett	Confectioner	ditto	„ „		– 10 –
Matthew Castleton	Fruit hawker	Saffron Hill Liberty	„ „		– 10 –
William Pratt	Chandler	St. George, Bloomsbury	„ „		– 2 6
John Maplestone	Baker	ditto	„ „		1 5 –
John Samuel Sweasey and William Holland.	Licensed victuallers	St. Giles	„ „		– 15 –
Daniel Woolvet	Beer retailer	ditto	„ „		– 10 –
George Haddon Clark	Dairyman	ditto	„ „		– 10 –
James Clark	Licensed victualler	ditto	„ „		1 – –
Thomas Francis Cheek	ditto	ditto	„ „		1 – –
Henry Mills	ditto	St. Andrew, Holborn	„ „		– 7 6
William Simpson	Cheesemonger	Hampstead	16 April 1867		1 5 –
James Barrett	Baker	ditto	„ „		– 7 6
William Elliott	Greengrocer	St. Giles	„ „		– 15 –
Gothiel Weiss	Baker	ditto	„ „	Second offence	3 – –
William Mead	Butcher	ditto	„ „		2 – –
Michael Tierney	Coal and potato dealer	ditto	„ „		1 – –
Ditto	ditto	ditto	„ „		– 10 –
Joseph Devenport	Potato seller	ditto	„ „		1 5 –
Thomas Brown	Butcher	ditto	„ „		2 – –
Robert Mead	Chandler	ditto	„ „		– 10 –
James Askell	Coal and potato dealer	Hampstead	„ „	Second offence	1 – –

Charles Wright,
Clerk to the Justices.

KENSINGTON DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

Name of Offender.	Trade.	Parish.	Date of Conviction.	Whether First or other Offence.	Amount of Fine. £. s. d.
Alfred Burness Vosey	Grocer	Chiswick	1 Jan. 1867	First offence	1 5 –
William Reid	Beerseller and coal dealer.	ditto	„ „	ditto	– 10 –
William Maunder	Baker	ditto	„ „	ditto	– 15 –
Charles Stock	Butcher	ditto	„ „	ditto	1 5 –
William Miller	Baker	ditto	„ „	ditto	– 5 –
Samuel Souter	Grocer	ditto	„ „	ditto	1 – –
Charles Capel Knight	Beerseller and milkman.	Acton	„ „	ditto	– 5 –
William Liddiard	Grocer	ditto	„ „	ditto	– 10 –
Richard Nelhams	ditto	ditto	„ „	ditto	– 15 –
George Joseph Mumford.	Licensed victualler	ditto	„ „	ditto	– 15 –
Thomas John Ronald Caught.	Butcher	Chiswick	19 Feb. „	ditto	– 10 –
George Gates	Grocer and cheesemonger.	Chelsea	2 April „	ditto	5 – –
David Macartney	Coal merchant	Hammersmith	„ „	ditto	– 7 6
George Jewell	Licensed victualler	ditto	„ „	Second offence	2 – –
William Bradley	Greengrocer and coal dealer.	ditto	„ „	First offence	– 10 –
William Dennington	Licensed victualler	ditto	„ „	ditto	1 15 –
Ann Hunter	Chandler	Kensington	„ „	ditto	– 5 6
Joseph Tomalin	Oilman, &c.	ditto	„ „	ditto	– 10 –
Charles Waters	Greengrocer	ditto	„ „	ditto	1 2 6
Thomas Morris	Butcher	Hammersmith	„ „	Second offence	1 – –
David Dale	Coal and potato dealer.	Kensington	„ „	First offence	– 12 6
Ditto	ditto	ditto	„ „	ditto	– 10 –
Edmund Sawyer	Licensed victualler	ditto	„ „	ditto	1 15 –
Isaac Hunt	ditto	ditto	„ „	ditto	– 10 –
William Venable	Coal dealer	ditto	„ „	ditto	– 10 –
William Cole	Licensed victualler	ditto	„ „	ditto	1 5 –
Henry Sully	Coal and potato dealer.	ditto	„ „	ditto	– 5 –
Thomas Lancaster	Coal dealer and greengrocer.	ditto	„ „	ditto	– 5 –
Thomas Fox	Coal and potato dealer.	ditto	„ „	ditto	– 15 –
Edmund Tye	Greengrocer and coal dealer.	ditto	„ „	ditto	– 15 –
Alfred John Ruff	Corn and coal dealer.	Chelsea	4 June „	ditto	– 10 –
Charles Horn	Greengrocer and coal dealer.	ditto	„ „	ditto	– 10 –
Evan Greenfield	Butcher	ditto	„ „	ditto	1 – –
William Sayer	Chandler	ditto	„ „	ditto	1 10 –
Robert Hainsby	Coal and potato dealer	ditto	„ „	ditto	– 5 –
Frederick William Serff.	Baker	Fulham	„ „	ditto	– 10 –
Thomas Jones	Licensed victualler	Kensington	„ „	ditto	1 – –
Richard Herbert White.	Fishmonger	ditto	„ „	ditto	– 10 –
James Blunden	Licensed victualler	ditto	„ „	ditto	1 15 –
James Heathfield	Coal dealer	ditto	„ „	ditto	– 10 –
William Wilson	Coal and potato dealer.	ditto	„ „	ditto	2 15 –

1 August 1867.

Saml. Cornell,
Clerk to the Justices.

KINGSTON DIVISION—COUNTY OF SURREY.

Name of Offender.	Trade.	Parish.	Date of Conviction.	Whether First or other Offence.	Amount of Fine.
					£. s. d.
Henry Marchant - -	Publican - -	Long Ditton -	17 January -	First offence -	1 7 6
Charles Grubb - -	Ironmonger - -	Surbiton - -	7 February -	- ditto - -	1 – –
Thomas Townsend -	Grocer - -	Ham - - -	7 March -	- ditto - -	2 – –
Sarah Peacock - -	- ditto - -	East Moulsey -	21 March -	- ditto - -	– 7 6
John Parker - - -	Coal dealer - -	Surbiton - -	27 June -	Third offence -	3 – –

James Bell,
Clerk to the Justices.

KINGSTON-UPON-THAMES DIVISION—COUNTY OF SURREY.

Name of Offender.	Trade.	Parish.	Date of Conviction.	Whether First or other Offence.	Amount of Fine.
					£. s. d.
John Hill - - -	Baker - -	Kingston-upon-Thames	19 June -	First offence -	1 – –

1 August 1867.

Walter M. Wilkinson,
Clerk to the Justices.

PADDINGTON DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

— Nil. —

Charles Wright,
Clerk to the Justices.

SOUTH MIMMS DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

— Nil. —

Stanley Harris,
Magistrate's Clerk.

STRAND DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

— Nil. —

John H. Isaacson,
Clerk to the Justices.

RICHMOND DIVISION—COUNTY OF SURREY.

Name of Offender.	Trade.	Parish.	Date of Conviction.	Whether First or other Offence.	Amount of Fine.
					£. s. d.
George Shrimpton -	Butcher - -	Mortlake - -	13 February -	No previous conviction at this court.	– 3 6
William Tew - -	Beer-shop keeper -	- ditto - -	„ „	- ditto - -	– 5 6

SPELTHORNE DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

Name of Offender.	Trade.	Parish.	Date of Conviction.	Whether First or other Offence.	Amount of Fine.
					£. s. d.
Thomas Axten	Publican	Sunbury	18 Feb. 1867		– 7 –
Thomas Merrick	ditto	Staines	„ „		– 2 –
William Hilliard	ditto	ditto	„ „		– 5 –
John Tench	Grocer	Teddington	„ „		– 10 –
Charles Chapman	Butcher	Hampton	„ „		– 5 –
Thomas Wm. Hayward	Publican	Sunbury	„ „		– 5 –
George Voller	ditto	ditto	„ „		– 5 –
John Dunkley	Ironmonger	Teddington	„ „		– 8 –
Frederick James	Oilman	ditto	„ „		– 3 –
Richard Austin	Greengrocer	ditto	„ „		– 4 –
Ellen Tavory	Grocer	ditto	„ „		– 2 –
John Prested	ditto	ditto	„ „		– 6 –
Ditto	ditto	ditto	„ „		– 4 –
Ditto	ditto	ditto	„ „		– 6 –

Staines,
8 August 1867.

Randolph Henry Horne, per *J. W. E.*,
Clerk to the Justices.

LIBERTY OF THE TOWER OF LONDON—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

Name of Offender.	Trade.	Parish.	Date of Conviction.	Whether First or other Offence	Amount of Fine.
					£. s. d.
Edward Dickinson	Beer retailer	Precinct of Wellclose	8 Jan. 1867	First offence	1 – –
Diana Johnson	ditto	ditto	„ „	ditto	– 10 –
Charles Ress Elisha	Oil and colourman	ditto	„ „	ditto	1 – –
Samuel Pritchett	Beer retailer	ditto	„ „	ditto	1 10 –
Benj. John Hickman	Licensed victualler	ditto	„ „	ditto	1 – –
Caroline Angier	Chandler	Liberty of the Old Artillery Ground.	„ „	ditto	– 10 –
Ditto	ditto	ditto	„ „	Second offence	1 – –
Isaac Sole	Dairyman	Wellclose	„ „	First offence	– 10 –
Samuel Pearce	Sauce and pickle merchant.	Tower, Without	„ „	ditto	– 5 –
Frederick Dowling	Grocer	ditto	„ „	ditto	– 10 –
Ditto	ditto	ditto	„ „	Second offence	1 10 –
Hilkiah Lynn	Licensed victualler	ditto	„ „	First offence	1 10 –
Walter G. Underwood	ditto	ditto	„ „	ditto	3 – –
Esther Manchee	ditto	Holy Trinity, Minories	7 May 1867	ditto	– 5 –
Henry Denford	ditto	Liberty of the Old Artillery Ground.	„ „	Second offence	1 10 –
John Greaves	Chandler	ditto	„ „	First offence	– 10 –
Caroline Angier	ditto	ditto	„ „	Third offence	1 – –
William Jones	Licensed victualler	ditto	„ „	First offence	– 15 –
Henri Poock	Tea dealer and grocer	Wellclose	„ „	ditto	1 – –
Lewis Bending	Chandler	ditto	„ „	Third offence	2 – –
John Hayhoe	Beer retailer	Tower, Without	„ „	First offence	– 10 –

G. C. H. Lewis.

UXBRIDGE DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

Name of Offender.	Trade.	Parish.	Date of Conviction.	Whether First or other Offence.	Amount of Fine.
					£. s. d.
John Woodruff	Beerseller	Hillingdon	15 April	Not first offence	– 10 –
William Wells	Grocer	Uxbridge	„	Not known	– 17 6
The following Persons have been convicted for using incorrect balances:					
John Philp	Baker	Harlington	15 April	First offence	– 10 –
William Hewitt	Grocer	ditto	„	ditto	– 10 –
Richard Pearce	Coal seller	Uxbridge	„	ditto	– 10 –
William Wells	Grocer	ditto	„	ditto	– 10 –

3 August 1867.

Woodbridge & Son,
Clerks to Petty Sessions.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

RETURN of the Number of Persons in the Metropolitan Parishes Convicted between 1st January and 1st July 1867, for the Use of False Weights and Measures; &c.

(*Mr. Goldsmid.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
21 *August* 1867.

HABEAS CORPUS SUSPENSION (IRELAND) ACT.

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable the House of Commons, dated 22 March 1867;—*for*,

RETURNS "of the Number of all PERSONS in CUSTODY in *Ireland* under the HABEAS CORPUS SUSPENSION ACT who were RELEASED from IMPRISONMENT between the 1st day of February 1866 and the 1st day of March 1867; specifying the Date of each Arrest, the Place of such Arrest, and the Dates of the Order for each Discharge, and of the actual Discharge; and, of the Gaols or Places of Confinement in which such Persons were Confined:"

"And, of the Number of all PERSONS ARRESTED in *Ireland* under the HABEAS CORPUS SUSPENSION ACT from the 1st day of February 1866 to the 1st day of March 1867; giving the Names of all such Persons who were Re-arrested, and of the Places where they were respectively Re-arrested."

RETURN of the Number of all PERSONS in CUSTODY in *Ireland* under the Habeas Corpus Suspension Act, who were RELEASED from IMPRISONMENT between the 1st day of February 1866, and the 1st day of March 1867.

Number.	Date of Arrest.	Place of Arrest.	Date of Order for Discharge.	Date of Actual Discharge.	Gaol or Place of Confinement in which Confined.	OBSERVATIONS.
1	28 Mar. 1866	Bantry - -	2 Feb. 1867	- - -	County Cork -	Discharged from under H. E. warrant, and committed for debt.
2	20 Feb. „	Limerick -	9 Aug. 1866	3 Oct. 1866	Limerick - -	On bail.
3	19 Feb. „	Dublin - -	8 Aug. „	13 Aug „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
4	31 May „	Dublin - -	26 Sept. „	16 Oct. „	Richmond Bridewell	On bail.
5	1 April „	Balbriggan -	10 July „	14 July „	Kilmainham -	On bail.
6	24 Feb. „	Cork - -	22 Aug. „	25 Aug. „	Cork City - -	For Liverpool.
7	27 Feb. „	Bangor - -	17 May „	19 May „	Mayo - - -	On bail.
8	15 Mar. „	Mullingar -	4 April „	5 April „	Westmeath - -	On bail, and keep peace for five years.
9	21 Mar. „	Dublin - -	12 Oct. „	13 Oct. „	Richmond - -	Handed to military authorities as deserter from 83rd Regiment.
10	20 Feb. „	Dublin - -	26 Sept. „	1 Oct. „	Mountjoy - -	For Liverpool.
11	26 Feb. „	Dublin - -	14 July „	17 July „	Kilmainham -	For America.
12	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	22 June „	13 July „	Kilmainham -	For England.
13	28 Mar. „	Bantry - -	28 Jan. 1867	24 Feb. 1867	County Cork -	Unconditional.
14	28 Feb. „	Ballincollig -	18 June 1866	25 June 1866	County Cork -	On bail.
15	12 Mar. „	Carrick-on-Suir	22 Sept. „	29 Sept. „	Tipperary, S. R. -	On bail.
16	19 Feb. „	Dublin - -	25 June „	27 June „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
17	24 Dec. „	County Galway	8 Feb. 1867	15 Feb. 1867	County Galway -	For America.
18	4 May „	Dublin - -	18 July 1866	24 July 1866	Richmond - -	On bail.
19	27 Feb. „	Ballaghadereen -	18 April „	23 April „	Mayo County -	On bail.
20	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	8 Aug. „	11 Aug. „	Kilmainham -	On bail.
21	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	7 Sept. „	11 Sept. „	Mountjoy - -	For Liverpool.
22	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	9 Aug. „	15 Aug. „	Kilmainham -	For America.
23	9 Mar. „	Tuam - -	30 April „	7 May „	County Galway -	On bail.
24	5 Mar. „	County Galway -	2 July „	4 July „	Galway County -	On own recognizance.
25	29 Mar. „	Athlone - -	12 April „	11 April „	Roscommon -	On bail.
26	27 Feb. „	Roscrea - -	3 Sept. „	18 Sept. „	Tipperary, N. R. -	For Liverpool.
27	6 Mar. „	Kilfinane -	22 June „	2 July „	County Limerick -	On bail.
28	10 Mar. „	Dungannon -	22 June „	27 June „	Tyrone - -	On bail.
29	26 Mar. „	Belfast - -	22 June „	26 June „	Belfast - -	On bail.
30	26 Mar. „	Belfast - -	22 June „	27 June „	Belfast - -	On bail.
31	26 Feb. „	Sligo -	14 April „	17 April „	Sligo - - -	On bail.
32	6 Dec. „	Dublin - -	3 Jan. 1867	12 Jan. 1867	Mountjoy - -	On bail.
33	2 Oct. 1865	Killarney -	2 May 1866	4 May 1866	Kerry - - -	For America.
34	21 Feb. 1866	Athlone - -	15 May „	29 May „	Roscommon -	On bail.
35	15 Mar. „	Youghal -	22 June „	27 June „	County Cork -	On bail.
36	20 Feb. „	Limerick -	9 April „	12 April „	County Limerick -	On bail.
37	28 Feb. „	Castlebar -	26 April „	18 May „	Mayo - - -	On bail.
38	18 May „	Dublin - -	5 June „	9 June „	Richmond - -	On bail.
39	9 Mar. „	Skibbereen -	15 Sept. „	25 Sept. „	County Cork -	On bail.
40	28 Mar. „	Bantry - -	12 Sept. „	25 Sept. „	County Cork -	On bail.
41	19 Feb. „	Dublin - -	10 Oct. „	15 Oct. „	Mountjoy - -	For England.

NUMBER of Persons in Custody in *Ireland* under the Habeas Corpus Suspension Act, Released from Imprisonment, &c.—*cont^d*.

Number.	Date of Arrest.	Place of Arrest.	Date of Order for Discharge.	Date of Actual Discharge.	Gaol or Place of Confinement in which Confined.	OBSERVATIONS.
42	17 Feb. 1866	Dublin - -	25 June 1866	27 June 1866	Mountjoy - -	For England.
43	1 Mar. ,,	Tipperary -	30 Oct. ,,	6 Nov. ,,	Richmond - -	On bail.
44	26 Feb. ,,	Broadford -	14 Sept. ,,	26 Sept. ,,	Clare County -	On bail.
45	4 Jan. ,,	Dublin - -	12 Oct. ,,	17 Oct. ,,	Kilmainham -	On bail.
46	22 Jan. 1867	Dublin - -	- -	- -	Kilmainham -	Sentenced to 10 years penal servitude at February 1867 Commission.
47	19 Feb. 1866	Dublin - -	14 July ,,	20 July ,,	Mountjoy - -	For England.
48	19 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	14 July ,,	20 July ,,	Mountjoy - -	For England.
49	25 April ,,	Belfast - -	4 Jan. 1867	11 Jan. 1867	Belfast - -	On bail.
50	24 Feb. ,,	Cork - -	26 April 1866	30 April 1866	Cork City - -	On bail.
51	5 Mar. ,,	Cork - -	26 April ,,	30 April ,,	Cork City - -	On bail.
52	24 Feb. ,,	Cork - -	1 April ,,	3 April ,,	Cork City - -	For America.
53	17 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	31 July ,,	3 Aug. ,,	Kilmainham -	For America.
54	1 Mar. ,,	Clonmel - -	23 May ,,	26 May ,,	Tipperary, S. R. -	On bail.
55	5 April ,,	Queenstown -	31 July ,,	3 Aug. ,,	County Cork -	On bail.
56	28 Feb. ,,	Galway - -	16 April ,,	19 April ,,	County Galway -	On bail.
57	17 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	3 July ,,	9 July ,,	Kilmainham -	For England.
58	19 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	8 Sept. ,,	13 Sept. ,,	Mountjoy - -	For England.
59	17 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	31 July ,,	3 Aug. ,,	Kilmainham -	For America.
60	15 Mar. ,,	Youghal - -	29 May ,,	13 June ,,	County Cork -	On bail.
61	1 Mar. ,,	Castlecomer -	13 Aug. ,,	3 Sept. ,,	Kilkenny County -	On bail.
62	26 Feb. ,,	Athy - -	30 April ,,	29 June ,,	Kildare - -	For America.
63	12 Mar. ,,	Dublin - -	21 July ,,	31 July ,,	Mountjoy - -	For America.
64	11 Dec. ,,	Dublin - -	8 Feb. ,,	27 Feb. ,,	Mountjoy.	
65	21 Feb. ,,	Tinahely - -	7 Aug. ,,	20 Aug. ,,	Wicklow County -	On bail.
66	4 Dec. ,,	Dublin - -	30 Jan. 1867	6 Feb. 1867	Mountjoy - -	For England.
67	7 Mar. ,,	Arklow - -	12 April 1866	16 April 1866	Wicklow - -	On bail.
68	5 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	30 June ,,	4 July ,,	Kilmainham -	On own recognizance.
69	27 Feb. ,,	Tinahely - -	7 Aug. ,,	20 Aug. ,,	Wicklow.	
70	14 April ,,	Dublin - -	20 Oct. ,,	2 Nov. ,,	Richmond - -	For England.
71	25 Mar. ,,	Balbriggan -	9 July ,,	14 July ,,	Kilmainham -	On bail.
72	15 Mar. ,,	Kilkenny - -	8 May ,,	18 May ,,	Kilkenny - -	On bail.
73	17 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	17 May ,,	20 May ,,	Mountjoy - -	For England.
74	17 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	14 April ,,	17 April ,,	Kilmainham -	On bail.
75	17 Mar. ,,	Kanturk - -	5 June ,,	14 June ,,	County Cork -	On bail.
76	9 Mar. ,,	Clonakilty -	9 April ,,	2 May ,,	County Cork -	For America.
77	7 Mar. ,,	Belfast - -	10 Sept. ,,	20 Sept. ,,	Belfast - -	For Liverpool.
78	3 May ,,	Dublin - -	4 July ,,	9 July ,,	Richmond - -	On bail.
79	17 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	12 April ,,	16 April ,,	Kilmainham -	On bail.
80	5 Dec. ,,	Cork - -	28 Jan. 1867	30 Jan. 1867	Cork City.	
81	27 Feb. ,,	Armagh - -	1 June 1866	6 June 1866	Armagh - -	For America.
82	30 Mar. ,,	Roscommon -	11 Jan. 1867	16 Jan. 1867	Roscommon -	On bail.
83	16 Sept. ,,	Carrickmacross	28 Oct. 1866	7 Nov. 1866	Monaghan - -	On bail.
84	27 Feb. ,,	Rathkeale -	6 June ,,	20 June ,,	Limerick County -	On bail.
85	27 Feb. ,,	Rathkeale -	22 Sept. ,,	1 Oct. ,,	Limerick County -	On bail.
86	2 Mar. ,,	County Cork -	23 April ,,	30 April ,,	Cork County -	On bail.
87	12 Jan. 1867	Dublin - -	- -	- -	Kilmainham -	Sentenced to seven years penal servitude last Commission, February 1867.
88	29 Mar. 1866	Killybegs -	21 June 1866	30 June 1866	Donegal - -	On bail.
89	17 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	24 Aug. ,,	25 Sept. ,,	Kilmainham -	For America.
90	20 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	9 April ,,	24 April ,,	Mountjoy - -	On bail.
91	4 Dec. ,,	Dublin - -	11 Jan. 1867	15 Jan. 1867	Mountjoy - -	On bail.
92	14 Feb. ,,	Longwood -	13 April 1866	21 April 1866	Meath - - -	On bail.
93	16 Mar. ,,	Drumkeeran -	17 May ,,	20 May ,,	Leitrim - -	For Scotland.
94	16 Mar. ,,	Ballinasloe -	3 May ,,	9 May ,,	County Galway -	On bail.
95	2 Mar. ,,	Nenagh - -	8 Feb. 1867	14 Feb. 1867	Tipperary, N. R.	
96	20 Mar. ,,	Dublin - -	31 July 1866	1 Aug. 1866	Richmond - -	For Liverpool.
97	21 Feb. ,,	Clonmel - -	15 June ,,	18 June ,,	Tipperary, S. R.	
98	17 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	17 May ,,	26 May ,,	Kilmainham -	For America.
99	4 Jan. ,,	Dublin - -	13 June ,,	15 June ,,	Kilmainham -	To leave the country.
100	20 Mar. ,,	Dublin - -	15 June ,,	23 June ,,	Richmond - -	For England.
101	11 Dec. ,,	Dublin - -	3 Jan. 1867	7 Jan. 1867	Mountjoy - -	For Holyhead.
102	15 Mar. ,,	Callan - -	27 July 1866	1 Aug. 1866	Kilkenny County -	For America.
103	17 Mar. ,,	Ballincollig -	11 May ,,	16 May ,,	County Cork -	On bail.
104	16 May ,,	Cork - -	24 Aug. ,,	3 Sept. ,,	Cork City - -	On bail.
105	6 Mar. ,,	Ballinrobe -	22 June ,,	3 Aug. ,,	Mayo County -	On bail.
106	17 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	3 Aug. ,,	13 Aug. ,,	Kilmainham -	For England.
107	15 Mar. ,,	Dunmanway -	31 May ,,	6 June ,,	County Cork -	On bail.
108	15 Mar. ,,	Dunmanway -	31 May ,,	6 June ,,	County Cork -	On bail.
109	17 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	13 April ,,	17 April ,,	Kilmainham -	To leave the country.
110	10 Mar. ,,	Callan - -	3 May ,,	11 May ,,	Kilkenny County -	On bail.

NUMBER of Persons in Custody in *Ireland* under the Habeas Corpus Suspension Act, Released from Imprisonment, &c.—*cont^d.*

Number.	Date of Arrest.	Place of Arrest.	Date of Order for Discharge.	Date of Actual Discharge.	Gaol or Place of Confinement in which Confined.	OBSERVATIONS.
111	17 Feb. 1866	Dublin - -	27 July 1866	30 July 1866	Kilmainham - -	For Liverpool.
112	24 Feb. „	Newcastle, W. -	18 April „	21 April „	Limerick County.	
113	26 Feb. „	Dublin - -	7 July „	17 July „	Kilmainham - -	For America.
114	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	23 Aug. „	23 Aug. „	Kilmainham - -	For America.
115	10 Mar. „	Castlerea - -	26 Sept. „	1 Oct. „	Roscommon - -	For Glasgow.
116	12 Mar. „	Doomara - -	3 April „	6 April „	Sligo - - -	On bail.
117	3 May „	Dublin - -	15 Aug. „	22 Aug. „	Richmond - -	On bail.
118	25 Oct. 1865	Mullinavat -	24 Oct. „	30 Oct. „	Kilkenny County -	For Liverpool.
119	25 April 1866	Belfast - -	17 Sept. „	22 Sept. „	Belfast - -	On bail.
120	18 Feb. „	Dublin - -	31 Aug. „	1 Sept. „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
121	4 Dec. „	Dublin - -	8 Feb. 1867	13 Feb. 1867	Mountjoy - -	On bail.
122	1 Mar. „	Ballinafa - -	30 April 1866	3 May 1866	Kildare - -	On own recognizance.
123	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	7 Sept. „	12 Sept. „	Kilmainham - -	For Liverpool.
124	16 Mar. „	Ballinasloe -	14 April „	19 April „	Galway County -	On bail.
125	2 Feb. „	Thomastown -	10 Aug. „	22 Aug. „	County Kilkenny -	For America.
126	15 Feb. „	Clare County -	4 Aug. „	15 Aug. „	County Clare -	For America.
127	20 Feb. „	Bangor - -	13 July „	19 July „	Clare - - -	On bail.
128	27 Feb. „	Passage West -	18 April „	19 April „	County Cork -	On bail.
129	25 Nov. „	Drogheda -	30 Jan. 1867	12 Feb. 1867	Dundalk - -	For America.
130	28 Feb. „	Mitchelstown -	23 May 1866	30 May 1866	County Cork -	On bail.
131	6 June „	Cashel - -	30 Aug. „	5 Sept. „	Tipperary, S.R. -	On bail.
132	24 Mar. „	Newtown Ards -	27 June „	29 July „	Down - - -	On bail.
133	15 Mar. „	Mullingar -	14 April „	17 April „	Westmeath - -	On bail.
134	26 Feb. „	Dublin - -	19 May „	29 May „	Kilmainham -	For Liverpool.
135	20 Feb. „	Limerick - -	12 Sept. „	17 Sept. „	Limerick County -	On bail.
136	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	23 July „	31 July „	Mountjoy - -	For Liverpool.
137	15 Mar. „	Mullingar -	14 April „	17 April „	Westmeath - -	On bail.
138	2 Mar. „	Nenagh - -	8 Aug. „	16 Aug. „	Tipperary, N. R. -	On bail.
139	28 Feb. „	Borrisoleigh -	22 May „	24 May „	Tipperary, N. R. -	For America.
140	22 Dec. „	Trim - -	13 Feb. 1867	20 Feb. 1867	County Meath -	On bail.
141	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	12 Oct. 1866	26 Oct. 1866	Mountjoy - -	On bail.
142	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	15 May „	31 May „	Kilmainham - -	For America.
143	2 Feb. „	County Kilkenny	3 July „	10 July „	County Kilkenny -	For America.
144	3 April „	Ballincollig -	22 Aug. „	5 Sept. „	County Cork -	On bail.
145	7 Feb. „	Dublin - -	28 Oct. „	2 Nov. „	Kilmainham - -	On bail.
146	28 Mar. „	Bantry - -	14 Jan. 1867	19 Jan. 1867	County Cork -	On bail.
147	26 Mar. „	Belfast - -	20 June 1866	26 June 1866	Belfast - -	On bail.
148	1 Dec. „	Athlone - -	3 Jan. 1867	14 Jan. 1867	Roscommon - -	For Liverpool.
149	15 Mar. „	Galway - -	3 May 1866	8 May 1866	County Galway -	On bail.
150	20 Feb. „	French Park -	19 April „	14 May „	Roscommon -	On bail.
151	9 May „	Dublin - -	16 Aug. „	27 Aug. „	Richmond - -	On bail.
152	23 Mar. „	Armagh - -	8 Aug. „	10 Aug. „	Armagh - -	On bail.
153	1 May „	Dublin - -	13 Sept. „	21 Sept. „	Richmond - -	On bail.
154	26 Feb. „	Dublin - -	15 June „	20 June „	Richmond - -	For England.
155	1 Mar. „	Cashel - -	11 May „	14 May „	Tipperary, S. R. -	On bail.
156	28 Feb. „	Galway - -	3 May „	5 May „	Galway - -	On bail.
157	8 Dec. „	Tinahely - -	11 Jan. 1867	11 Jan. 1867	Wicklow - -	Unconditional.
158	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	3 July 1866	20 July 1866	Mountjoy - -	For England.
159	11 Mar. „	Nenagh - -	23 May „	27 June „	Tipperary, N. R. -	On bail.
160	25 April „	Belfast - -	17 Sept. „	22 Sept. „	Belfast - -	On bail.
161	17 Jan. 1867	Dublin - -	8 Feb. 1867	12 Feb. 1867	Kilmainham - -	For England.
162	18 Jan. „	Dublin - -	8 Feb. „	12 Feb. „	Kilmainham - -	For England.
163	2 Mar. 1866	Cork - -	25 April 1866	16 May 1866	Cork City - -	For America.
164	8 Mar. „	Belcarra - -	14 April „	26 April „	Mayo County -	On bail.
165	16 Mar. „	Castlebar - -	7 May „	10 May „	Mayo County -	On bail.
166	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	7 Sept. „	18 Sept. „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
167	20 Feb. „	Limerick - -	25 June „	28 July „	Limerick County -	On bail.
168	9 Mar. „	Tuam - -	18 April „	19 April „	Galway County -	On bail.
169	27 Feb. „	Cappoquin -	29 Mar. „	4 April „	Waterford County	For America.
170	13 Feb. „	Carrick-on-Suir	11 Jan. 1867	12 Jan. 1867	Tipperary, S. R.	
171	2 Feb. „	Kilkenny - -	25 Aug. 1866	4 Sept. 1866	Kilkenny County	On bail.
172	16 April „	Ballycastle -	28 Jan. 1867	2 Feb. 1867	Belfast - -	For New Zealand.
173	5 April „	Ballycastle -	4 June 1866	12 June 1866	Belfast - -	On bail.
174	26 Feb. „	Dublin - -	22 Sept. „	26 Sept „	Kilmainham -	For England.
175	27 Feb. „	Bansha - -	3 Sept. „	8 Sept. „	Tipperary, S. R. -	On bail.
176	31 Mar. „	Killagoneeny -	6 July „	20 July „	County Limerick -	On bail.
177	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	8 Sept. „	13 Sept. „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
178	6 April „	Sligo - -	7 May „	9 May „	Sligo - - -	On bail.
179	12 Mar. „	Mountmellick -	25 April „	27 April „	Queen's County -	On bail.
180	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	17 May „	26 June „	Kilmainham - -	For America.
181	19 Feb. „	Dublin - -	31 July „	10 Aug. „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
182	27 Feb. „	Waterford -	14 April „	19 April „	Waterford County	On bail.
183	29 May „	Waterford -	3 Sept. „	8 Sept. „	Waterford County	On bail.

NUMBER of Persons in Custody in *Ireland* under the Habeas Corpus Suspension Act, Released from Imprisonment, &c.—*cont^d.*

Number.	Date of Arrest.	Place of Arrest.	Date of Order for Discharge.	Date of Actual Discharge.	Gaol or Place of Confinement in which Confined.	OBSERVATIONS.
184	15 Feb. 1866	Macroom - -	7 May 1866	17 May 1866	County Cork -	For America.
185	2 Mar. „	Nenagh - -	22 Aug. „	28 Aug. „	Tipperary, N. R. -	On bail.
186	19 Feb. „	Limerick - -	19 June „	27 June „	County Limerick -	For America.
187	19 Feb. „	Longford - -	9 June „	13 June „	Longford County -	On bail.
188	10 Mar. „	Dungannon -	25 July „	14 Sept. „	Tyrone County -	For America.
189	6 Feb. „	Waterford -	28 Jan. 1867	8 Feb. 1867	Waterford City -	On bail.
190	3 April „	County Cork -	19 May 1866	26 May 1866	County Cork -	On bail.
191	15 Mar. „	Ballinasloe -	7 May „	11 May „	Galway County -	On bail.
192	22 May „	Listowel - -	30 June „	3 July „	Kerry - - -	On own recognizance.
193	13 Feb. „	Dublin - -	2 Oct. „	11 Oct. „	Tipperary, S. R. -	For America.
194	2 Mar. „	Cork - -	23 May „	13 June „	Cork City - -	For England.
195	19 Feb. „	Dublin - -	26 July „	3 Aug. „	Mountjoy - -	For America.
196	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	7 Sept. „	12 Sept. „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
197	20 Feb. „	Limerick - -	17 Aug. „	24 Aug. „	County Limerick -	On bail.
198	8 Mar. „	Broadford -	31 Aug. „	8 Sept. „	Clare County -	On bail.
199	19 Feb. „	Dublin - -	1 Sept. „	4 Sept. „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
200	27 Feb. „	Passage West -	14 April „	16 April „	County Cork -	On bail.
201	7 Dec. „	- - -	29 Dec. „	7 Jan. 1867.	—	
202	15 Mar. „	Dunmanway -	31 May „	6 June 1866	County Cork -	On bail.
203	19 Mar. „	Roscarberry -	14 April „	19 April „	County Cork -	For America.
204	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	8 Sept. „	12 Sept. „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
205	27 Dec. „	Dublin - -	2 Feb. 1867	9 Feb. 1867	Mountjoy - -	To leave Ireland.
206	10 Mar. „	Carrick-on-Suir	18 Oct. 1866	15 Nov. 1866	Tipperary, S. R. -	On bail.
207	3 April „	Dublin - -	29 May „	2 June „	Kilmainham - -	On own recognizance.
208	3 April „	Dublin - -	29 May „	2 June „	Kilmainham - -	On own recognizance.
209	2 Mar. „	Affadown - -	23 April „	2 May „	County Cork -	On bail.
210	8 Dec. „	Templemore -	25 Jan. 1867	31 Jan. 1867	Nenagh - -	On bail.
211	18 Dec. „	Dublin - -	- - -	- - -	Mountjoy - -	Tried 6th February 1867, and acquitted.
212	18 Dec. „	Dublin - -	- - -	- - -	Mountjoy - -	Tried 6th February 1867, and acquitted.
213	10 Mar. „	Newcastle -	13 June 1866	15 June 1866	County Limerick -	On bail.
214	10 Mar. „	Newcastle -	8 May „	10 May „	County Limerick -	On bail.
215	10 Mar. „	Newcastle -	13 June „	15 June „	County Limerick -	On bail.
216	12 Mar. „	Carlow - -	4 Sept. „	11 Sept. „	Carlow - -	On bail.
217	23 Feb. „	Dublin - -	- - -	- - -	Richmond - -	Sentenced to 15 years penal servitude, February 1867.
218	10 Dec. „	Baltinglass -	16 Feb. 1867	25 Feb. 1867	County Wicklow -	On bail.
219	27 Feb. „	Ballincollig -	25 July 1866	3 Oct. 1866	County Cork -	On bail.
220	19 Feb. „	Dublin - -	10 Sept. „	14 Sept. „	Mountjoy - -	For Glasgow.
221	28 Feb. „	Knockmore -	8 Aug. „	15 Aug. „	Mayo County -	On bail.
222	1 Dec. „	Westport - -	16 Feb. 1867	22 Feb. 1867	Mayo County -	On bail.
223	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	25 July 1866	3 Aug. 1866	Kilmainham -	For America.
224	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	11 Sept. „	14 Sept. „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
225	20 Feb. „	Tulla - -	26 May „	1 June „	County Clare -	On bail.
226	22 Feb. „	Dublin - -	6 Oct. „	13 Oct. „	Belfast - -	On bail.
227	2 Mar. „	Cork - -	23 April „	5 May „	County Cork -	On bail.
228	7 Mar. „	Kilkenny - -	7 April „	7 May „	Kilkenny City -	Abroad.
229	1 Mar. „	Bagnalstown -	12 Sept. „	22 Sept. „	Carlow - -	On bail.
230	19 Mar. „	Ballincollig -	7 May „	17 May „	County Cork -	For America.
231	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	19 May „	29 May „	Kilmainham -	For America.
232	19 Feb. „	Charleville -	4 April „	14 April „	County Cork -	For America.
233	1 Mar. „	Dublin - -	13 June „	25 June „	Mountjoy - -	For America.
234	28 Feb. „	Callan - -	30 June „	3 Aug. „	Kilkenny County -	On bail.
235	20 Feb. „	Bagnalstown -	16 Aug. „	22 Aug. „	Carlow - -	On bail.
236	9 April „	Tullamore -	26 April „	27 April „	King's County -	On bail.
237	12 Mar. „	Tipperary - -	26 Jan. 1867	18 Feb. 1867	Tipperary, S. R. -	On bail.
238	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	9 June 1866	20 June 1866	Mountjoy - -	For England.
239	23 Feb. „	Cloyne - -	5 June „	14 June „	County Cork -	On bail.
240	8 Dec. „	Ballina - -	1 Feb. 1867	7 Feb. 1867	County Mayo -	On bail.
241	26 May „	Dublin - -	6 July 1866	11 July 1866	Richmond - -	Unconditional.
242	16 Mar. „	Ballinasloe -	23 April „	30 April „	County Galway -	On bail.
243	31 Mar. „	Cappawhite -	28 June „	6 July „	Tipperary, N. R. -	On bail.
244	11 Dec. „	Dublin - -	21 Dec. „	22 Dec. „	Mountjoy.	
245	9 Mar. „	Dublin - -	9 Nov. „	21 Nov. „	Richmond - -	On bail.
246	7 Mar. „	Castlerea - -	30 June „	31 July „	Roscommon - -	For America.
247	6 Mar. „	Waterford -	24 April „	28 April „	Waterford County	On bail.
248	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	22 Mar. „	5 April „	Kilmainham - -	On bail.
249	20 Feb. „	Dublin - -	31 July „	3 Aug. „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
250	12 Mar. „	Carrick-on-Suir	1 Sept. „	8 Sept. „	Tipperary, S. R. -	On bail.
251	19 Feb. „	Dublin - -	8 Sept. „	14 Sept. „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
252	25 Mar. „	Mitchelstown -	23 May „	1 June „	County Cork -	On bail.
253	26 Feb. „	Borrisoleigh -	3 May „	9 May „	Tipperary, N. R. -	On bail.

NUMBER of Persons in Custody in *Ireland* under the Habeas Corpus Suspension Act, Released from Imprisonment, &c.—*cont^d.*

Number.	Date of Arrest.	Place of Arrest.	Date of Order for Discharge.	Date of Actual Discharge.	Gaol or Place of Confinement in which Confined.	OBSERVATIONS.
254	25 Mar. 1866	Mitchelstown -	23 May 1866	1 June 1866	County Cork -	On bail.
255	30 Mar. „	Cork - -	14 April „	17 April „	Cork - - -	On bail.
256	21 Feb. „	Athlone - -	27 April „	4 May „	Roscommon - -	On bail.
257	9 Feb. „	Fermoy - -	27 Nov. „	28 Nov. „	County Cork -	On bail.
258	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	14 Aug. „	24 Aug. „	Kilmainham -	For America.
259	12 Dec. „	Castlecomer -	25 Jan. 1867	30 Jan. 1867	County Kilkenny.	
260	11 Mar. „	Kinnetty - -	26 May 1866	31 May 1866	King's County -	On bail.
261	20 Mar. „	Dublin - -	10 Sept. „	1 Oct. „	Richmond - -	For England.
262	20 Mar. „	Dublin - -	26 Sept. „	1 Oct. „	Richmond - -	For England.
263	2 Oct. 1865	Tralee - -	17 May „	15 May „	Kerry - - -	For America.
264	20 Feb. 1866	Dublin - -	30 June „	20 July „	Richmond - -	For England.
265	7 June „	Dublin - -	5 Nov. „	9 Nov. „	Richmond - -	On bail.
266	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	9 June „	13 June „	Kilmainham -	For England.
267	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	4 Sept. „	6 Sept. „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
268	20 Feb. „	Dublin - -	7 June „	16 June „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
269	26 Mar. „	Bansha - -	10 Sept. „	20 Sept. „	Tipperary, S.R. -	On bail.
270	12 Oct. 1865	Bansha - -	10 Sept. „	20 Sept. „	Tipperary, S.R.	
271	5 April 1866	Kilfeacle - -	5 June „	13 June „	Richmond - -	For America.
272	27 Feb. „	Bansha - -	5 Nov. „	16 Nov. „	Tipperary, S.R. -	On bail.
273	15 June „	Boyle - -	23 Oct. „	6 Nov. „	Roscommon -	On bail.
274	19 Feb. „	Waterford - -	12 April „	16 April „	Waterford - -	On bail.
275	5 April „	Queenstown -	8 Aug. „	14 Aug. „	County Cork -	On bail.
276	25 Feb. „	Cloyne - -	28 April „	14 June „	County Cork -	For America.
277	29 Mar. „	Roscommon -	6 June „	9 June „	Roscommon - -	For America.
278	27 Feb. „	Waterford -	19 May „	20 May „	Waterford City.	
279	9 Mar. „	Athlone - -	27 April „	2 May „	Westmeath County	On bail.
280	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	30 June „	5 July „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
281	6 Mar. „	Ramilton - -	20 July „	29 July „	Donegal County -	On bail.
282	20 Feb. „	Tulla - -	3 May „	8 May „	Clare County -	On bail.
283	27 Feb. „	Aughrim - -	1 Sept. „	11 Sept. „	Roscommon County	On bail.
284	16 Mar. „	Dublin - -	5 May „	5 May „	Richmond - -	Handed over to Military Authorities.
285	26 Feb. „	Ballina - -	27 July „	16 Aug. „	Mayo County -	On bail.
286	8 Dec. „	Ballina - -	8 Feb. 1867	14 Feb. 1867	Mayo County -	On bail.
287	5 Mar. „	Castlebar - -	25 April 1866	28 April 1866	Mayo County -	On bail.
288	1 April „	Roscommon -	18 April „	20 April „	Kilmainham - -	On bail.
289	19 Feb. „	Dublin - -	7 Sept. „	27 Sept „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
290	31 May „	Dublin - -	26 Jan. 1867	8 Feb. 1867	Richmond - -	On bail.
291	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	3 July 1866	11 July 1866	Mountjoy - -	For England.
292	19 Feb. „	Dublin - -	15 June „	26 June „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
293	23 Dec. „	Dublin - -	11 Jan. 1867	11 Jan. 1867	Kilmainham - -	To give information.
294	19 Feb. „	Dublin - -	19 May 1866	30 June 1866	Mountjoy - -	On bail.
295	15 Mar. „	Killeagh - -	16 May „	22 May „	County Cork -	On bail.
296	12 Mar. „	Ballincollig -	11 May „	12 May „	County Cork.	
297	1 Jan. „	Macroom - -	7 May „	17 May „	County Cork -	For America.
298	19 Feb. „	Thurles - -	14 July „	24 July „	Tipperary, N.R. -	For America.
299	19 Feb. „	Borrisoleigh -	15 Aug. „	5 Sept. „	Tipperary, N.R. -	For America.
300	29 Mar. „	Ballyshannon -	30 June „	20 Sept. „	Donegal County -	On bail.
301	11 Dec. „	Dublin - -	8 Feb. „	21 Feb. „	Mountjoy.	
302	26 Feb. „	Thomastown -	29 March „	6 April „	Kilkenny County -	On bail.
303	8 April „	Callan - -	26 July „	30 July „	Kilkenny County -	On bail.
304	2 Mar. „	Dublin - -	16 Mar. „	17 Mar. „	Kilmainham -	For America.
305	20 Mar. „	Corneyhaugh -	27 April „	8 May „	Down County -	On bail.
306	19 Feb. „	Dublin - -	11 July „	18 July „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
307	28 Feb. „	Galway - -	26 April „	30 April „	Galway - -	On bail.
308	7 April „	Carrick-on-Suir -	6 June „	11 June „	Tipperary, S.R. -	On bail.
309	1 Mar. „	Ballinasloe -	23 May „	26 May „	County Galway -	On bail.
310	10 Mar. „	Belleck - -	4 June „	7 June „	County Fermanagh	On bail.
311	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	9 May „	11 May „	Mountjoy - -	For America.
312	7 Mar. „	Belfast - -	9 May „	11 May „	Belfast - -	On bail.
313	19 Feb. „	Dublin - -	19 May „	22 May „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
314	23 Feb. „	Dublin - -	24 Aug. „	6 Nov. „	Richmond - -	For America.
315	4 Dec. „	Dublin - -	26 Dec. „	26 Dec. „	Mountjoy - -	On bail.
316	22 Mar. „	Armagh - -	15 June „	18 June „	Armagh - -	On bail.
317	24 Feb. „	Belfast - -	17 Sept. „	21 Sept. „	Belfast - -	On bail.
318	24 Feb. „	Newcastle -	27 April „	30 April „	Limerick - -	On bail.
319	14 Mar. „	Gurteanulla -	12 April „	5 May „	County Cork -	To leave the country.
320	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	13 July „	21 July „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
321	19 Feb. „	Trim - -	19 May „	29 May „	Meath County -	To go to America.
322	1 Mar. „	Grange - -	17 May „	19 May „	Sligo County.	
323	20 Feb. „	Dublin - -	25 Sept. „	24 Nov. „	Mountjoy - -	His friends to take care of him.
324	24 Feb. „	Belfast - -	22 June „	23 July „	Belfast - -	For America.

NUMBER of Persons in Custody in *Ireland* under the Habeas Corpus Suspension Act, Released from Imprisonment, &c.—*cont^d.*

Number.	Date of Arrest.	Place of Arrest.	Date of Order for Discharge.	Date of Actual Discharge.	Gaol or Place of Confinement in which Confined.	OBSERVATIONS.
325	20 Feb. 1866	Limerick - -	8 Aug. 1866	21 Aug. 1866	County Limerick -	On bail.
326	26 Mar. „	Dublin - -	- -	9 June „	Richmond - -	Handed over to Military Authorities.
327	9 Mar. „	Dublin - -	8 Sept. 1866	25 Sept. „	Richmond - -	For America.
328	11 Dec. „	Dublin - -	14 Jan. 1867	18 Jan. 1867	Mountjoy - -	On bail.
329	16 Mar. „	Dublin - -	25 Aug. 1866	12 Oct. 1866	Richmond - -	For England.
330	28 Feb. „	Galway - -	14 April „	17 April „	Galway - -	On bail.
331	19 Feb. „	Mullinavat -	10 Sept. „	30 Oct. „	Kilkenny County -	On bail.
332	17 Feb. „	Kingstown, County Dublin.	18 Oct. „	20 Oct. „	Kilmainham - -	On bail.
333	4 Dec. „	Kingstown, County Dublin.	1 Feb. 1867	5 Feb. 1867	Mountjoy.	
334	17 Feb. „	Kingstown, County Dublin.	5 June 1866	7 June 1866	Kilmainham -	On bail.
335	17 Feb. „	Kingstown, County Dublin	28 April „	30 April „	Kilmainham -	On bail.
336	21 Feb. „	Limerick - -	14 Aug. „	17 Aug. „	County Limerick -	Unconditional.
337	17 Feb. „	Kingstown, County Dublin.	28 April „	30 April „	Kilmainham - -	On bail.
338	4 Dec. „	Kingstown, County Dublin.	1 Feb. 1867	4 Feb. 1867	Mountjoy - -	On bail.
339	13 Nov. 1865	Tuam - -	30 April 1866	3 July 1866	County Galway -	On bail.
340	19 Mar. 1866	Ballincollig -	11 May „	14 May „	County Cork -	On bail.
341	5 Mar. „	Cork - -	23 May „	30 May „	Cork - - -	On bail.
342	9 Mar. „	Clonakilty -	3 May „	19 June „	Cork - -	For America.
343	20 Feb. „	Limerick - -	19 June „	27 July „	County Limerick -	For America.
344	17 Feb. „	Tulla - -	Died 23 March 1866, in Belfast Gaol.			
345	24 Feb. „	Dublin - -	31 May 1866	16 June 1866	Richmond - -	For England.
346	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	14 May „	19 May „	Kilmainham -	To leave Ireland.
347	7 Mar. „	Kilkenny - -	1 June „	3 July „	Kilkenny - -	On bail.
348	3 April „	Dublin - -	23 Aug. „	24 Aug. „	Richmond - -	On bail.
349	9 Oct. 1865	Tuam - -	27 April „	2 May „	County Galway -	On bail.
350	17 Feb. 1866	Dublin - -	25 July „	8 Sept. „	Kilmainham - -	For America.
351	11 Mar. „	Frankford - -	14 April „	16 April „	King's County -	On bail.
352	1 April „	Cork - -	26 April „	28 April „	Cork - - -	On bail.
353	10 Mar. „	Passage West -	3 May „	10 May „	County Cork -	On bail.
354	24 Feb. „	Cork - -	7 May „	9 May „	Cork - - -	To leave the country.
355	21 Feb. „	Ballincollig -	23 Aug. „	28 Aug. „	County Limerick -	On bail.
356	24 Feb. „	Bangor - -	28 Aug. „	17 Sept. „	Mayo - - -	For England.
357	28 Feb. „	Castlebar - -	16 May „	19 May „	Mayo - - -	On bail.
358	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	10 Sept. „	18 Sept. „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
359	14 April „	Dublin - -	2 Aug. „	3 Aug. „	Richmond - -	On bail.
360	14 April „	Castlebar - -	21 April „	5 May „	Mayo - - -	On bail.
361	2 Mar. „	County Cork -	23 April „	5 May „	County Cork -	On bail.
362	22 Feb. „	Tramore - -	11 June „	13 June „	Waterford County	On own recognisance.
363	27 Feb. „	Ballaghadereen -	16 July „	27 July „	Sligo - - -	On bail.
364	18 Dec. „	Ballaghadereen -	28 Jan. 1867	7 Feb. 1867	Sligo - - -	On bail.
365	19 Feb. „	Waterford -	19 May 1866	23 May 1866	County Waterford	To leave the country.
366	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	19 June „	21 June „	Kilmainham -	For England.
367	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	9 June „	12 June „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
368	24 May „	Dublin - -	26 July „	7 Aug. „	Richmond - -	For America.
369	12 May „	Dublin - -	13 Aug. „	28 Aug. „	Richmond - -	For America.
370	17 Mar. „	Clonakilty -	2 Nov. „	10 Nov. „	County Cork -	On bail.
371	16 Mar. „	Dublin - -	24 Oct. „	1 Nov. „	Richmond - -	For England.
372	28 Feb. „	Fermoy - -	19 May „	12 July „	County Cork -	For America.
373	9 Mar. „	Dublin - -	5 Oct. „	8 Oct. „	Richmond - -	On bail.
374	19 Feb. „	Dublin - -	13 Aug. „	20 Aug. „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
375	20 Mar. „	Dublin - -	20 Oct. „	24 Oct. „	Richmond - -	For England.
376	20 Feb. „	Dublin - -	25 July „	31 July „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
377	8 Mar. „	Cookstown -	11 May „	14 May „	Tyrone County -	On bail.
378	7 Mar. „	Kilkenny - -	8 Aug. „	24 Aug. „	Kilkenny - -	On bail.
379	6 Dec. „	Dublin - -	6 Feb. 1867	8 Feb. 1867	Mountjoy - -	On bail.
380	20 Mar. „	Dublin - -	24 Oct. 1866	30 Oct. 1866	Richmond - -	For England.
381	6 Dec. „	Dublin - -	17 Jan. 1867	19 Jan. 1867	Mountjoy - -	On bail.
382	2 Mar. „	County Cork -	23 April 1866	29 April 1866	County Cork -	On bail.
383	10 Oct. 1865	Carlow - -	26 July „	31 July „	Carlow - -	On bail.
384	28 Feb. 1866	Roscrea - -	28 April „	1 May „	Tipperary, N.R.	
385	7 Mar. „	Cork - -	26 April „	30 April „	Cork - - -	On bail.
386	15 Mar. „	Ballymote -	30 Mar. „	31 Mar. „	Roscommon -	Unconditionally.
387	27 Feb. „	Waterford -	31 Mar. „	5 April „	Waterford - -	On bail.
388	19 Feb. „	Longford - -	7 July „	30 July „	Longford - -	On bail.
389	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	4 May „	17 May „	Kilmainham -	For Liverpool.
390	19 Sept. 1865	Tralee - -	12 April „	19 April „	Kerry - - -	On bail.

NUMBER of Persons in Custody in *Ireland* under the Habeas Corpus Suspension Act, Released from Imprisonment, &c.—*cont^d.*

Number.	Date of Arrest.	Place of Arrest.	Date of Order for Discharge.	Date of Actual Discharge.	Gaol or Place of Confinement in which Confined.	OBSERVATIONS.
391	26 Feb. 1866	Sligo - -	30 Mar. 1866	2 April 1866	Sligo - - -	On bail.
392	7 May ,,	Dublin - -	12 June ,,	25 June ,,	Mountjoy - -	On bail.
393	8 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	5 Nov. ,,	16 Nov. ,,	Kilmainham -	On bail.
394	28 Mar. ,,	Bantry - -	10 Sept. ,,	13 Sept. ,,	County Cork -	For America.
395	17 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	29 Mar. ,,	31 Mar. ,,	Mountjoy - -	To leave the country.
396	19 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	21 July ,,	27 July ,,	Mountjoy - -	For England.
397	21 Feb. ,,	Athlone - -	11 Aug. ,,	2 Oct. ,,	Roscommon - -	On bail.
398	17 Dec. ,,	Dublin - -	21 Dec. ,,	22 Dec. ,,	Mountjoy - -	Unconditional.
399	14 April ,,	Dublin - -	24 Nov. ,,	28 Nov. ,,	Richmond - -	On bail.
400	27 Feb. ,,	Waterford - -	19 May ,,	21 May ,,	Waterford City -	On bail.
401	14 April ,,	Dublin - -	8 Sept. ,,	12 Sept. ,,	Richmond - -	On bail.
402	14 April ,,	Dublin - -	11 Jan. 1867	15 Jan. 1867	Richmond - -	On bail.
403	1 Mar. ,,	Carrick-on-bail -	15 May 1866	18 May 1866	Tipperary, S. R. -	On bail.
404	14 Mar. ,,	Clonakilty -	4 May ,,	10 May ,,	County Cork -	On bail.
405	10 Feb. ,,	Ballinarobe -	2 June ,,	2 June ,,	Mayo - - -	On bail.
406	15 Mar. ,,	Knockeraville -	12 April ,,	20 April ,,	Westmeath -	On bail.
407	9 May ,,	Dublin - -	18 Aug. ,,	22 Aug. ,,	Richmond - -	On bail.
408	20 Feb. ,,	Bagnalstown -	18 April ,,	20 April ,,	Carlow - -	To leave Ireland.
409	17 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	4 July ,,	14 July ,,	Kilmainham - -	For America.
410	17 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	27 April ,,	30 April ,,	Kilmainham -	On bail.
411	9 Mar. ,,	Dublin - -	17 May ,,	18 May ,,	Richmond - -	For England.
412	9 Mar. ,,	Waterford - -	24 April ,,	28 April ,,	Waterford - -	On bail.
413	17 Feb ,,	Dublin - -	10 Sept. ,,	22 Nov. ,,	Kilmainham -	For America.
414	26 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	13 July ,,	25 July ,,	Richmond - -	For America.
415	2 Mar. ,,	County Wicklow	5 April ,,	9 April ,,	Wicklow - -	On bail.
416	19 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	17 Aug. ,,	21 Aug. ,,	Mountjoy - -	For America.
417	7 Mar. ,,	Killeedy - -	4 Sept. ,,	11 Sept. ,,	Limerick County -	On bail.
418	1 April ,,	Ballincollig -	19 May ,,	20 May ,,	County Cork -	To leave the country.
419	2 Mar. ,,	Castleisland -	12 April ,,	19 April ,,	Kerry County -	On bail, and to leave the country.
420	7 Mar. ,,	Queenstown -	23 May ,,	28 May ,,	County Cork -	On bail.
421	11 Dec. ,,	Dublin - -	24 Dec. ,,	24 Dec. ,,	Mountjoy - -	Unconditional.
422	22 Feb. ,,	Killeagh - -	18 April ,,	26 April ,,	County Cork -	For America.
423	26 Feb. ,,	Hamilton - -	22 Aug. ,,	24 Aug. ,,	Armagh - -	On own recognizance.
424	16 Mar. ,,	Dublin - -	15 Sept. ,,	29 Sept. ,,	Richmond - -	For London.
425	2 Mar. ,,	Skibbereen -	23 April ,,	5 May ,,	County Cork -	Arrested twice.
426	1 Mar. ,,	County Cork -	3 July ,,	18 July ,,	County Cork -	For America.
427	19 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	11 Sept. ,,	14 Sept. ,,	Mountjoy - -	For Liverpool.
428	20 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	18 June ,,	21 June ,,	Mountjoy - -	For England.
429	17 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	17 July ,,	15 Sept. ,,	Kilmainham -	For America.
430	20 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	7 Sept. ,,	12 Sept. ,,	Mountjoy - -	For London.
431	20 Feb. ,,	Tulla - -	29 Mar. ,,	19 April ,,	County Clare -	On bail.
432	26 Feb. ,,	Bagnalstown -	4 Sept. ,,	11 Sept. ,,	County Carlow -	On bail.
433	26 Feb. ,,	Sligo - -	14 April ,,	17 April ,,	Sligo - - -	On bail.
434	17 July ,,	Bantry - -	28 Aug. ,,	3 Oct. ,,	County Cork -	For America.
435	15 Mar. ,,	Youghal - -	16 May ,,	22 May ,,	County Cork -	On bail.
436	26 Mar. ,,	Aughnacloy -	19 April ,,	21 April ,,	Tyrone County -	For America.
437	2 Mar. ,,	Callan - -	22 June ,,	20 July ,,	Kilkenny County -	On bail.
438	17 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	30 July ,,	28 Aug. ,,	Kilmainham - -	For England.
439	24 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	3 July ,,	11 July ,,	Richmond - -	For Liverpool.
440	4 Dec. ,,	Kingstown, County Dublin.	27 Dec. ,,	29 Dec. ,,	Mountjoy - -	On bail.
441	28 Feb. ,,	Templemore -	2 June ,,	13 June ,,	Tipperary, N. R. -	On bail.
442	17 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	3 May ,,	26 April ,,	Kilmainham - -	For America.
443	10 Mar. ,,	Carrick-on-Suir	14 April ,,	20 July ,,	Tipperary, S. R. -	For America.
444	12 Mar. ,,	Loughrea - -	1 May ,,	3 May ,,	Galway County -	On bail.
445	7 May ,,	Dublin - -	31 Aug. ,,	6 Sept. ,,	Richmond - -	On bail.
446	31 Mar. ,,	Aghafad - -	23 May ,,	28 May ,,	Tyrone County -	On bail.
447	19 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	18 June ,,	9 July ,,	Mountjoy - -	For America.
448	6 Mar. ,,	Waterford -	12 April ,,	17 April ,,	Waterford - -	On bail.
449	13 Feb. ,,	Carrick-on-Suir	12 Sept. ,,	20 Sept. ,,	Tipperary, S. R. -	On bail.
450	6 Mar. ,,	Waterford -	7 Sept. ,,	17 Sept. ,,	Waterford - -	On bail.
451	19 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	6 April ,,	19 April ,,	Mountjoy - -	On bail.
452	17 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	25 April ,,	2 May ,,	Kilmainham - -	For London.
453	26 Mar. ,,	Moate - -	1 April ,,	3 April ,,	County Westmeath	On bail.
454	13 Feb. ,,	Mullinahone -	- -	- -	Tipperary, S. R. -	Died of cholera, 23rd December 1866.
455	19 Feb. ,,	Dublin - -	3 July 1866	16 July 1866	Mountjoy - -	For Liverpool.
456	14 Mar. ,,	County Cork -	25 April ,,	26 April ,,	County Cork -	For America.
457	22 Feb. ,,	Killeagh - -	8 May ,,	11 May ,,	County Cork -	On bail.
458	27 Feb. ,,	Kilrush - -	15 June ,,	18 June ,,	County Clare -	On bail.
459	14 Sept. 1865	Castlebar - -	23 May ,,	5 June ,,	Mayo County -	On bail.
460	8 Mar. 1866	Cookstown -	7 May ,,	12 May ,,	Tyrone County -	On bail.

NUMBER of Persons in Custody in *Ireland* under the Habeas Corpus Suspension Act, Released from Imprisonment, &c.—*cont^d.*

Number.	Date of Arrest.	Place of Arrest.	Date of Order for Discharge.	Date of Actual Discharge.	Gaol or Place of Confinement in which Confined.	OBSERVATIONS.
461	17 Feb. 1866	Dublin - -	25 May 1866	30 May 1866	Mountjoy - -	On bail.
462	2 March „	Nenagh - -	12 April „	1 May „	Tipperary, N. R. -	On bail, and to leave the country.
463	26 Feb. „	Sligo - -	9 April „	13 April „	Sligo - - -	On bail.
464	16 March „	Ballinasloe -	12 April „	16 April „	County Galway -	On bail.
465	15 March „	Knockeraville -	5 April „	7 April „	Westmeath County	On bail.
466	12 Jan. „	Dublin - -	7 Sept. „	9 Oct. „	Kilmainham - -	For America.
467	10 March „	Frilbury - -	6 June „	11 June „	Tipperary, S. R. -	On bail.
468	19 Feb. „	Dublin - -	3 July „	11 July „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
469	30 March „	Mitchelstown -	23 May „	1 June „	Tipperary, S. R. -	On bail.
470	24 Feb. „	Cork - -	30 March „	1 April „	Cork City - -	To leave the country.
471	15 March „	Hightown - -	12 April „	14 April „	Westmeath County	On bail.
472	20 Feb. „	Dublin - -	30 July „	30 Aug. „	Mountjoy - -	On bail.
473	7 Dec. „	Clonmel - -	4 March „	27 March „	Tipperary, S. R. -	On bail.
474	10 March „	Mullinahone -	3 May „	8 May „	Tipperary, S. R. -	On bail.
475	16 March „	Dublin - -	1 Sept. „	6 Sept. „	Richmond - -	On bail.
476	16 March „	Dublin - -	5 Nov. „	9 Nov. „	Richmond - -	On bail.
477	16 March „	Dublin - -	14 Aug. „	18 Aug. „	Richmond - -	On bail.
478	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	5 June „	8 June „	Kilmainham - -	For England.
479	9 Feb. „	Belleck - -	6 Oct. „	25 Oct. „	County Fermanagh	On bail.
480	7 April „	County Kildare	3 Sept. „	15 Sept. „	Kildare County -	For England.
481	9 April „	Tullamore - -	27 April „	30 April „	King's County -	On bail.
482	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	2 July „	15 Sept. „	Kilmainham - -	For America.
483	20 Feb. „	Limerick - -	4 July „	24 July „	Limerick County -	On bail.
484	25 Feb. „	Bagnalstown -	10 Sept. „	11 Sept. „	Carlow County -	For America.
485	19 Feb. „	Monaghan -	27 July „	3 Aug. „	Monaghan County	For America.
486	28 March „	Stokestown -	1 Sept. „	11 Sept. „	Roscommon County	On bail.
487	16 March „	Castlebar - -	28 April „	17 May „	Mayo County -	On bail.
488	21 March „	Dublin - -	31 Aug. „	7 Sept. „	Richmond - -	For Liverpool.
489	3 April „	Croom - -	3 May „	5 May „	County Limerick -	On bail.
490	23 Feb. „	Woodfield -	13 March „	14 March „	Queen's County.	
491	7 Dec. „	Passage, West -	28 Jan. 1867	2 Feb. 1867	County Cork -	On bail.
492	10 Dec. „	Dublin - -	26 Jan. „	4 Feb. „	Mountjoy - -	On bail.
493	3 April „	Ballincollig -	19 May 1866	26 May 1866	County Cork -	On bail.
494	22 Feb. „	Ballyeightera -	12 April „	15 May „	County Cork -	On bail, and to leave the country.
495	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	11 Oct. „	24 Dec. „	Kilmainham - -	For America.
496	1 March „	Cahir - -	21 June „	6 July „	Tipperary, S. R. -	On bail.
497	24 Feb. „	Middliton -	18 Jan. 1867	24 Jan. 1867	County Cork -	On bail.
498	10 Dec. „	Dublin - -	19 Jan. „	26 Jan. „	Mountjoy - -	On bail.
499	11 Dec. „	Limerick - -	15 Jan. „	18 Jan. „	Limerick.	
500	1 Dec. „	Athlone - -	24 Jan. „	5 Feb. „	Roscommon - -	On bail.
501	2 March „	Skibbereen -	12 April 1866	2 May 1866	County Cork -	On bail, and for America.
502	31 March „	Wesport - -	7 May „	14 May „	Mayo County -	On bail.
503	8 Dec. „		26 Jan. 1867	6 Feb. 1867		
504	21 March „	Dublin - -	25 June 1866	20 July 1866	Richmond - -	For Liverpool.
505	16 March „	Castlebar - -	26 April „	15 May „	Mayo County -	On bail.
506	19 Feb. „	Dublin - -	4 July „	10 Aug. „	Mountjoy - -	For America.
507	19 Feb. „	Dublin - -	8 May „	11 May „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
508	26 Feb. „	Belfast - -	14 April „	27 April „	Belfast - -	On bail.
509	9 Oct. 1865	Galway - -	4 May „	16 May „	County Galway -	On bail.
510	16 May 1866	Newbridge -	25 Oct. „	30 Oct. „	Kildare County -	On bail.
511	28 Feb. „	Belfast - -	7 Sept. „	27 Sept. „	Belfast - -	On bail.
512	16 May „	Drogheda - -	7 June „	14 June „	Drogheda - -	On bail.
513	2 April „	Dublin - -	17 July „	25 July „	Richmond - -	For England.
514	1 March „	Killarney - -	21 April „	23 April „	Kerry - - -	On bail.
515	14 July „	Bantry - -	28 Aug. „	15 Sept. „	County Cork -	For America.
516	9 March „	Clonakilty -	28 Aug. „	17 Sept. „	County Cork -	On bail.
517	28 Feb. „	Fermoy - -	1 June „	19 June „	County Cork -	For America.
518	21 March „	Dublin - -	5 Sept. „	11 Sept. „	Richmond - -	For England.
519	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	22 June „	2 Aug. „	Kilmainham - -	For Liverpool.
520	19 March „	Ballincollig -	16 May „	19 May „	County Cork -	On bail.
521	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	7 Sept. „	29 Oct. „	Kilmainham -	For America.
522	5 March „	Castlebar - -	11 June „	16 June „	Mayo County -	On bail.
523	16 March „	Castlebar - -	18 April „	28 April „	Mayo County -	On bail.
524	2 March „	Dublin - -	14 March „	15 March „	Richmond.	
525	28 Feb. „	Portrush - -	9 April „	16 April „	Belfast - -	On bail.
526	7 Dec. „	Loughill - -	28 Dec. „	29 Dec. „	Mountjoy - -	On bail.
527	21 Feb. „	Port Steward -	22 Sept. „	6 Oct. „	Londonderry -	For America.
528	8 March „	Cookstown -	7 May „	14 May „	Tyrone County.	
529	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	24 April „	4 May „	Kilmainham - -	On bail.
530	26 Feb. „	Boyle - -	4 July „	24 July „	Roscommon - -	For America.
531	26 Feb „	Boyle - -	28 July „	30 Aug. „	Roscommon - -	For America.

NUMBER of Persons in Custody in *Ireland* under the Habeas Corpus Suspension Act, Released from Imprisonment, &c.—*contd.*

Number.	Date of Arrest.	Place of Arrest.	Date of Order for Discharge.	Date of Actual Discharge.	Gaol or Place of Confinement in which Confined.	OBSERVATIONS.
532	20 Feb. 1866	Dublin - -	31 Aug. 1866	21 Sept. 1866	Mountjoy - -	On bail.
533	6 Mar. „	Castlebar - -	15 June „	21 June „	Mayo County -	On bail.
534	26 Feb. „	Ballingarry -	30 Aug. „	18 Sept. „	County Limerick -	On bail.
535	27 Nov. 1865	Clifden - -	3 May „	25 May „	County Galway -	On bail.
536	17 Feb. 1866	Dublin - -	25 Aug. „	14 Sept. „	Kilmainham -	On bail.
537	1 Mar. „	Dublin - -	11 Sept. „	17 Sept. „	Richmond - -	On bail.
538	7 Mar. „	Belfast - -	2 April „	21 April „	Belfast - -	On bail.
539	27 Feb. „	Dublin - -	22 Aug. „	3 Sept. „	Richmond - -	On bail.
540	7 Feb. „	Dublin - -	22 June „	24 Aug. „	Kilmainham -	For America.
541	16 Mar. „	Castlebar - -	28 April „	5 May „	Mayo County -	On bail.
542	24 Feb. „	Antrim County	4 Sept. „	7 Nov. „	Belfast - -	On bail.
543	26 Mar. „	Belfast - -	22 June „	26 June „	Belfast - -	On bail.
544	26 Mar. „	Belfast - -	22 June „	26 June „	Belfast - -	On bail.
545	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	20 July „	3 Aug. „	Kilmainham -	For America.
546	16 Mar. „	Dumkeeran -	19 May „	20 May „	Leitrim County -	For Scotland.
547	10 Mar. „	Delvin - -	20 July „	23 July „	Westmeath County	On bail.
548	19 Feb. „	Sligo - -	5 March „	6 Mar. „	Sligo - - -	On bail.
549	8 July „	Corofin - -	19 Oct. „	25 Oct. „	County Clare -	On bail.
550	4 April „	Ballycastle -	4 June „	8 June „	Belfast - -	On bail.
551	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	3 July „	16 July „	Mountjoy - -	For Liverpool.
552	5 Feb. „	Dublin - -	17 Jan. 1867	23 Jan. 1867	Kilmainham -	On bail.
553	16 Mar. „	Newtown Ards -	18 July 1866	23 July 1866	Down County -	On bail.
554	19 Feb. „	Sligo - -	9 April „	19 May „	County Sligo -	To leave Ireland.
555	16 Mar. „	Gort - -	8 May „	8 May „	Galway County -	On bail.
556	19 Feb. „	Dublin - -	26 July „	31 July „	Mountjoy - -	For Liverpool.
557	7 Dec. „	Loughlin - -	28 Jan. 1867	7 Feb. 1867	Mountjoy - -	On bail.
558	13 April „	Macroom - -	4 July 1866	12 July 1866	County Cork -	For America.
559	5 Mar. „	Castlebar - -	12 April „	14 May „	Mayo County -	On bail.
560	16 Mar. „	Dublin - -	9 June „	9 June „	Richmond - -	Handed over to military authorities.
561	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	21 April „	1 May „	Kilmainham -	For England.
562	27 Feb. „	Leixlip - -	20 Oct. „	17 Oct. „	County Kildare -	On bail.
563	15 April „	Ashford - -	15 Sept. „	26 Sept. „	Wicklow County -	On bail.
564	2 Mar. „	Knockeere -	23 April „	29 April „	County Cork -	On bail.
565	7 Feb. „	Dublin , - -	21 July „	25 July „	Kilmainham - -	For America.
566	25 Mar. „	Macroom - -	8 Jan. 1867	20 Jan. 1867	County Cork -	On bail.
567	25 Mar. „	Macroom - -	5 Nov. 1866	8 Dec. 1866	County Cork -	For America.
568	26 June „	Passage West -	25 Sept. „	29 Sept. „	County Cork -	On bail.
569	4 June „	Dunmanway -	3 July „	11 July „	County Cork -	On bail.
570	1 Mar. „	Arklow - -	18 July „	23 July „	County Wicklow -	On bail.
571	2 Mar. „	Nenagh - -	25 Jan. 1867	31 Jan. 1867	Tipperary, N. R. -	On bail.
572	1 Mar. „	Clonmel - -	28 Aug. 1866	7 Sept. 1866	Tipperary, S. R. -	On bail.
573	7 Dec. „	Clonmel - -	6 Feb. 1867	18 Feb. 1867	Mountjoy - -	On bail.
574	2 Feb. „	Dublin - -	12 Sept. 1866	25 Sept. 1866	Kilmainham - -	On bail.
575	7 Mar. „	Cahir - -	31 Mar. „	10 April „	Tipperary, S. R. -	On bail.
576	26 Mar. „	Dublin - -	10 Jan. 1867	10 Jan. 1867	Richmond - -	Handed to military authorities.
577	8 July „	Kells - -	22 Aug. 1866	23 Aug. 1866	County Clare -	On bail.
578	16 Mar. „	Dublin - -	14 July „	24 July „	Richmond - -	For Liverpool.
579	10 Mar. „	Cork - -	24 April „	27 April „	Cork.	
580	25 Mar. „	Mitchelstown -	23 May „	1 June „	County Cork -	On bail.
581	4 May „	Cork - -	16 Oct. „	23 Oct. „	Cork - - -	On bail.
582	26 Feb. „	Ballyporeen -	11 June „	16 June „	Tipperary, S. R. -	On bail.
583	12 Mar. „	Cullen - -	27 June „	7 July „	Tipperary, S. R. -	On bail.
584	11 Dec. „	Limerick - -	15 Jan. 1867	18 Jan. 1867	County Limerick -	On bail.
585	10 Mar. „	Mullinahone -	18 April 1866	20 April 1866	Tipperary, S. R. -	On bail.
586	20 Feb. „	Dublin - -	9 April „	10 April „	Mountjoy - -	Handed over to 5th Dragoon Guards.
587	5 Oct. 1865	Dublin - -	16 Aug. „	26 Aug. „	Richmond - -	For America.
588	9 Mar. 1866	Skibbereen -	23 April „	18 Oct. „	County Cork -	For America.
589	23 Feb. „	Abbeyfeale -	25 June „	17 July „	Limerick County -	For America.
590	19 Feb. „	Dublin - -	13 Sept. „	17 Sept. „	Mountjoy - -	For Liverpool.
591	26 Feb. „	Dublin - -	14 Sept. „	19 Sept. „	Kilmainham -	For Liverpool.
592	12 Dec. „	Dublin - -	6 Feb. 1867	12 Feb. 1867	Mountjoy - -	For America.
593	25 Feb. „	Kinsale - -	6 July 1866	1 Aug. 1866	County Cork -	For America.
594	26 Feb. „	Bohola - -	15 June „	27 June „	County Mayo -	On bail.
595	26 Feb. „	Galway - -	13 April „	3 May „	Galway - -	On bail.
596	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	5 June „	19 June „	Mountjoy - -	For Liverpool.
597	1 Mar. „	Carrick-on-Suir -	19 Sept. „	8 Jan. 1867	Tipperary, S. R. -	For America.
598	27 Feb. „	Kilrush - -	25 April „	27 April 1866	County Clare -	On bail.
599	14 Mar. „	Dublin - -	1 Sept. „	25 Sept. „	Richmond - -	For America.
600	A 8 Nov. 1865	Dublin - -	15 Aug. „	22 Aug. „	Richmond - -	For America.
601	B 9 Mar. 1866	Cork - -	9 July „	16 July „	County Cork -	On bail.

NUMBER of Persons in Custody in *Ireland* under the Habeas Corpus Suspension Act, Released from Imprisonment, &c.—*contd.*

Number.	Date of Arrest.	Place of Arrest.	Date of Order for Discharge.	Date of Actual Discharge.	Gaol or Place of Confinement in which Confined.	OBSERVATIONS.
602	27 Mar. 1866	Dublin - -	7 Oct. 1866	25 Oct. 1866	Kilmainham -	For America.
603	28 Feb. „	Galway - -	14 April „	17 April „	Galway - -	On bail.
604	21 Feb. „	Roscommon -	22 June „	2 July „	Roscommon - -	On bail.
605	19 Feb. „	Dublin - -	10 Aug. „	25 Sept. „	Mountjoy - -	For America.
606	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	14 July „	20 July „	Kilmainham - -	For Liverpool.
607	7 Feb. „	Belfast - -	27 Sept. „	1 Oct. „	Belfast - -	On bail.
608	17 Feb. „	Ballaghadereen -	11 June „	19 June „	Mayo County -	On bail.
609	12 Mar. „	Dromara - -	13 April „	6 April „	Sligo County -	On bail.
610	26 Feb. „	Ballina - -	25 July „	1 Aug. „	Mayo County -	On bail.
611	26 Feb. „	Carrick-on-Suir -	11 Jan. 1867	22 Feb. 1867	Tipperary, S. R. -	On bail.
612	24 Feb. „	Cork - -	4 April 1866	24 May 1866	Cork - - -	For England.
613	24 Feb. „	Cork - -	4 April „	6 April „	Cork - - -	On bail.
614	12 Dec. „	Dublin - -	11 Jan. 1867	4 Feb. 1867	Mountjoy - -	On bail.
615	12 Jan. „	Dublin - -	8 Sept. 1866	18 Oct. 1866	Kilmainham -	For America.
616	28 Feb. „	Portrush - -	14 May „	17 May „	Belfast - -	On bail.
617	23 Feb. „	Dublin - -	27 Sept. „	14 Oct. „	Mountjoy - -	For London.
618	29 Mar. „	Cork - -	22 Aug. „	25 Aug. „	Cork - - -	On bail.
619	1 Mar. „	Tipperary, S. R.	3 April „	29 Aug. „	Tipperary, S. R. -	To leave the Country.
620	3 Mar. „	Liscarroll - -	9 June „	15 June „	County Cork -	On bail.
621	17 Mar. „	Clonakilty -	4 May „	26 May „	County Cork -	On bail.
622	3 April „	Croom - -	14 April „	18 April „	Limerick County -	On bail.
623	2 Mar. „	Cork - -	4 April „	16 April „	County Cork -	On bail.
624	9 Mar. „	Queenstown -	26 April „	5 May „	County Cork -	For America.
625	24 Feb. „	Mayo - -	18 May „	18 May „	Mayo County.	
626	21 Feb. „	Athlone - -	27 April „	7 May „	Roscommon -	On bail.
627	24 Feb. „	Londonderry -	24 Jan. 1867	2 Feb. 1867	Belfast - -	On bail.
628	29 Feb. „	Dublin - -	5 Oct. 1866	26 Sept. „	Mountjoy - -	For London.
629	12 Jan. 1867	Dublin - -	18 Oct. „	22 Oct. „	Kilmainham -	On bail.
630	1 Mar. 1866	Fermoy - -	15 May „	16 May „	Cork - - -	For America.
631	19 Feb. „	Fermoy - -	18 Sept. „	2 Oct. „	County Cork -	On bail.
632	26 Feb. „	Kildare - -	31 Mar. „	5 April „	Kildare County -	On own recognizance.
633	18 Dec. „	Dublin - -	24 Dec. „	24 Dec. „	Mountjoy - -	Unconditionally.
634	24 Feb. „	Belfast - -	26 Sept. „	2 Oct. „	Belfast - -	On bail.
635	19 Feb. „	Dublin - -	31 Aug. „	1 Sept „	Mountjoy - -	For Liverpool.
636	12 Mar. „	Tipperary - -	2 Feb. 1867	9 Feb. 1867	Tipperary, S. R. -	On bail.
637	11 Dec. „	Dublin - -	31 Jan. „	6 Feb. „	Mountjoy.	
638	9 Mar. „	Passage West -	12 April 1866	15 April 1866	County Cork -	On bail.
639	9 Feb. „	Dublin - -	25 April „	18 May „	Kilmainham -	On bail.
640	23 Nov. „	Mallow - -	26 Jan. 1867	12 Feb. 1867	Mountjoy - -	For America.
641	9 Mar. „	Queenstown -	31 Mar. 1866	4 April 1866	County Cork -	On bail.
642	20 Feb. „	Dublin - -	13 Oct. „	17 Oct. „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
643	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	4 April „	12 April „	Kilmainham - -	On bail.
644	5 Mar. „	Galway - -	30 April „	5 May „	Galway County -	On bail.
645	11 Dec. „	Limerick - -	2 Jan. 1867	8 Jan. 1867	Limerick - -	On own recognizance.
646	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	27 June 1866	24 July 1866	Kilmainham -	For America.
647	18 Mar. „	Clonmel - -	3 Sept. „	25 Oct. „	Tipperary, S. R. -	For America.
648	4 Dec. „	Dublin - -	— Feb. 1867	— Feb. 1867	Mountjoy - -	Sentenced to 15 years penal servitude, February 1867, Commission.
649	20 Feb. „	Limerick - -	28 June 1866	7 July 1866	Limerick County -	On bail.
650	9 Mar. „	Cork - -	10 May „	16 May „	County Cork -	On bail.
651	1 Mar. „	Clonmel - -	11 June „	14 June „	Tipperary, S. R. -	On bail.
652	3 Mar. „	Limerick -	6 July „	16 July „	Limerick County -	On bail.
653	26 Feb. „	Dublin - -	13 Oct. „	18 Oct. „	Kilmainham - -	On bail.
654	— Sept. 1865	Dublin - -	11 April „	25 April „	Richmond - -	On bail.
655	17 Feb. 1866	Dublin - -	9 June „	20 June „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
656	31 Mar. „	County Sligo -	18 May „	22 May „	County Sligo -	On bail.
657	21 Feb. „	County Cork -	29 May „	9 June „	County Cork -	On bail.
658	20 Feb. „	Dublin - -	30 June „	5 July „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
659	9 Mar. „	Antrim County -	14 April „	21 April „	Belfast - -	On bail.
660	12 Mar. „	Enniscorthy -	9 Aug. „	26 Sept. „	Wexford - -	For England.
661	20 Feb. „	Dublin - -	29 June „	5 July „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
662	19 Feb. „	Dublin - -	14 Sept. „	19 Sept. „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
663	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	4 Aug. „	16 Aug. „	Kilmainham -	For England.
664	9 Oct. „	Tuam - -	30 April „	5 May „	Galway County -	On bail.
665	19 Feb. „	Monaghan -	22 Sept. „	14 Nov. „	Monaghan - -	For America.
666	8 Dec. „	Tinalmich -	8 Feb. 1867	27 Feb. 1867	County Carlow -	On bail.
667	23 Mar. „	Cloyne - -	30 June 1866	27 July 1866	County Cork -	On bail.
668	2 Mar. „	County Cork -	23 April „	29 April „	County Cork -	On bail.
669	2 Mar. „	County Cork -	23 April „	29 April „	County Cork -	On bail.
670	4 Dec. „	Dublin - -	26 Jan. 1867	25 Jan. 1867	Mountjoy - -	On bail.
671	1 Mar. „	Ballincollig -	16 April 1866	19 April 1866	Cork - - -	On bail.
672	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	31 Mar. „	3 April „	Kilmainham -	For England.

NUMBER of Persons in Custody in *Ireland* under the Habeas Corpus Suspension Act, Released from Imprisonment, &c.—*cont*

Number.	Date of Arrest.	Place of Arrest.	Date of Order for Discharge.	Date of Actual Discharge.	Gaol or Place of Confinement in which Confined.	OBSERVATIONS.
673	16 Mar. 1866	Castlebar - -	19 April 1866	9 May 1866	Mayo County -	On bail.
674	17 Feb. „	Kingstown -	12 April „	18 April „	Kilmainham -	On bail.
675	28 April „	Borrisoleigh -	22 May „	12 June „	Tipperary, N. R. -	For Australia.
676	14 Mar. „	Castlebar - -	19 April „	9 May „	Mayo County -	On bail.
677	17 Mar. „	Nenagh - -	19 April „	23 April „	Tipperary, N. R. -	On bail.
678	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	2 Nov. „	10 Nov. „	Kilmainham -	On bail.
679	9 Mar. „	Mullingar -	12 April „	24 April „	County Westmeath	On bail.
680	29 Mar. „	Dunkeeran -	21 April „	28 April „	County Leitrim -	On bail.
681	31 Mar. „	Ballyhane -	28 June „	6 July „	Tipperary, N. R. -	On bail.
682	17 Mar. „	Nenagh - -	14 April „	17 April „	Tipperary, N. R. -	Unconditional.
683	9 Mar. „	Dublin - -	27 July „	14 Aug. „	Richmond - -	For England.
684	11 May „	Limerick - -	23 May „	29 May „	County Limerick -	For America.
685	4 Mar. „	Thurles - -	9 April „	12 April „	Tipperary, N. R. -	On bail.
686	10 Mar. „	Mullinahone -	28 Aug. „	3 Sept. „	Tipperary, S. R. -	On bail.
687	11 Mar. „	Tuam - -	14 April „	20 April „	Galway - -	On bail.
688	17 Mar. „	Nenagh - -	25 April „	29 April „	Tipperary, N. R. -	On bail.
689	21 Feb. „	Athlone - -	27 April „	7 May „	Roscommon -	On bail.
690	1 Mar. „	Clonmel - -	18 Aug. „	21 Aug. „	Tipperary, S. R. -	On bail.
691	2 Mar. „	Cappawhite -	31 May „	5 June „	Tipperary, S. R. -	On bail.
692	10 Dec. „	Dublin - -	11 Feb. 1867	22 Feb. 1867	Kilmainham -	For England.
693	26 Mar. „	Clogher - -	11 May 1866	14 May 1866	County Tyrone -	On bail.
694	9 July „	Corofin - -	15 Aug. „	20 Aug. „	County Clare -	On bail.
695	2 Oct. 1865	Kanturk - -	17 May „	19 May „	Kerry County -	For America.
696	7 Mar. 1866	County Cork -	23 May „	28 May „	County Cork -	On bail.
697	3 July „	Tralee - -	8 Aug. „	11 Aug. „	County Kerry -	On bail.
698	1 Mar. „	Cashel - -	23 May „	26 May „	Tipperary, S. R. -	On bail.
699	27 Feb. „	Rathkeale -	13 Aug. „	22 Aug. „	County Limerick -	On bail.
700	2 Mar. „	Cork - -	23 April „	29 April „	County Cork -	On bail.
701	20 Feb. „	Limerick - -	20 April „	25 April „	County Limerick -	On bail.
702	19 Feb. „	Dublin - -	13 Sept. „	10 Nov. „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
703	27 Feb. „	Ballina - -	27 July „	4 Aug. „	County Mayo -	On bail.
704	8 Dec. „	Ballina - -	25 Jan. 1867	31 Jan. 1867	Mayo County -	On bail.
705	27 Feb. „	Leixlip - -	3 Sept. 1866	10 Sept. 1866	Kildare County -	On bail.
706	9 Mar. „	Mullingar -	14 April „	17 April „	County Westmeath	On bail.
707	18 May „	Dublin - -	10 Oct. „	12 Oct. „	Richmond - -	On bail.
708	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	25 June „	29 June „	Kilmainham -	For Liverpool.
709	1 Mar. „	Carrick-on-Suir	23 Aug. „	25 Aug. „	Tipperary, S. R. -	On bail.
710	9 Mar. „	Dublin - -	30 Mar. „	3 April „	Richmond - -	On bail.
711	9 Mar. „	Dublin - -	27 Sept. „	9 Oct. „	Richmond - -	For America.
712	12 Jan. 1867	Dublin - -	26 Jan. 1867	6 Feb. 1867	Kilmainham -	For America.
713	9 Mar. 1866	Dublin - -	19 Mar. 1866	20 April 1866	Richmond - -	On bail.
714	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	4 May „	2 Nov. „	Kilmainham -	For America.
715	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	3 May „	5 May „	Kilmainham -	For America.
716	2 Feb. „	Dublin - -	26 Sept. „	9 Oct. „	Mountjoy - -	For Great Britain.
717	24 Feb. „	Cork - -	17 May „	24 May „	Cork - - -	For England.
718	20 Feb. „	Dublin - -	17 May „	20 May „	Mountjoy - -	For England.
719	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	31 May „	2 June „	Kilmainham -	For America.
720	1 Jan. „	Macroom - -	28 July „	10 Aug. „	County Cork -	For America.
721	18 Dec. „	Dublin - -	- -	- -	Mountjoy - -	Sentenced to 10 years penal servitude, February 1867 Commission.
722	9 Mar. „	Dublin - -	5 June 1866	30 July 1866	Richmond - -	On bail.
723	22 Feb. „	Dublin - -	- -	- -	Richmond - -	Sentenced to 10 years penal servitude, February 1867 Commission.
724	3 Mar. „	Limerick - -	28 April 1866	14 May 1866	Limerick County -	On own recognizance.
725	11 Dec. „	Dublin - -	8 Feb. 1867	13 Feb. 1867	Mountjoy - -	On bail.
726	7 Dec. „	Cork - -	3 Jan. „	7 Jan. „	Cork - - -	On bail.
727	10 Dec. „	Dublin - -	- -	- -	Mountjoy - -	Sentenced to 10 years penal servitude, February 1867 Commission.
728	7 May „	Dublin - -	4 July 1866	13 July 1866	Richmond - -	On bail.
729	13 Mar. „	Ballincolig -	11 May „	16 May „	Cork - - -	On bail.
730	17 Feb. „	Dublin - -	14 April „	16 April „	Kilmainham -	To leave Ireland.
731	9 Mar. „	Skibbereen -	27 April „	31 May „	County Cork -	For America.
732	14 Mar. „	Kildare - -	18 July „	23 July „	County Kildare -	On bail.
733	21 Feb. „	Charleville -	9 June „	15 June „	County Cork -	On bail.
734	6 April „	Carrick-on-Suir	27 Oct. „	5 Nov. „	Waterford - -	On bail.
735	9 Jan. 1867	Cork - -	26 Jan. 1867	28 Jan. 1867	County Cork -	For America.
736	14 June 1866	Macroom - -	2 Feb. „	9 Feb. „	County Cork -	On bail.
737	8 Mar. „	Kingstown -	4 April 1866	25 Aug. 1866	Kilmainham -	On bail.
738	20 Feb. „	Dublin - -	Handed over to Military Authorities, Mountjoy, 10 April.			
739	20 Feb. „	Dublin - -	27 April 1866	2 May 1866	Mountjoy - -	On bail.

NUMBER of Persons in Custody in *Ireland* under the Habeas Corpus Suspension Act, Released from Imprisonment, &c.—*cont*^{d}.

Number.	Date of Arrest.	Place of Arrest.	Date of Order for Discharge.	Date of Actual Discharge.	Gaol or Place of Confinement in which Confined.	OBSERVATIONS.
740	3 April 1866	Croom - -	14 April 1866	18 April 1866	Limerick County -	On bail.
741	2 Mar. „	Dundalk - -	14 April „	20 April „	County Louth -	On bail.
742	18 Mar. „	Castlecomer -	22 May „	24 May „	Kilkenny County -	On bail.
743	31 Mar. „	Bansha - -	30 July „	2 Aug. „	Tipperary, S. R. -	On bail.
744	10 Mar. „	Castletown -	20 July „	23 July „	County Westmeath	On bail.
745	14 Mar. „	Dublin - -	16 May „	1 June „	Richmond - -	For England.
746	19 Feb. „	Dublin - -	16 May „	15 Sept. „	Mountjoy - -	For Liverpool.
747	13 April „	Belfast - -	30 Oct. „	22 Nov. „	Belfast - -	On bail.
748	20 Mar. „	Dublin - -	17 July „	23 July „	Richmond - -	For England.
749	18 Dec. „	Dublin - -	20 Feb. 1867	25 Feb. 1867	Mountjoy - -	On bail.
750	31 Mar. „	County Cork -	3 Sept. 1866	19 Sept. 1866	County Cork -	For Liverpool.
751	7 Mar. „	Tyrone County	26 April „	6 May „	County Tyrone -	On bail.
752	1 Mar. „	Carrick-on-Suir	27 July „	8 Aug. „	Tipperary, S. R. -	For America.
753	20 Feb. „	Limerick - -	2 April „	4 May „	Limerick County -	On bail.
754	9 Mar. „	Dublin - -	21 Oct. „	25 Oct. „	Richmond - -	On bail.
755	1 Mar. „	Castlecomer -	14 June „	22 June „	County Kilkenny -	On bail.
756	24 Feb. „	Kilmallock -	18 Aug. „	29 Aug. „	County Limerick -	For America.
757	24 Mar. „	Newtownards -	21 July „	26 July „	County Down -	On bail.
758	18 June „	Kilfinane -	18 Aug. „	22 Aug. „	County Limerick -	On bail.
759	5 Mar. „	Castlebar -	12 April „	4 May „	County Mayo -	On bail.
760	11 Dec. „	Dublin - -	- -	- -	Mountjoy - -	Sentenced to seven years penal servitude, February 1867 Commission.
761	20 Feb. „	Tramore - -	12 April 1866	3 May 1866	County Waterford	On bail.
762	3 Dec. „	Dublin - -	3 Jan. 1867	28 Jan. 1867	Mountjoy - -	For Italy.
763	17 Mar. „	County Kilkenny	14 April 1866	18 April 1866	County Kilkenny -	On bail.
764	7 Aug. „	Bantry - -	13 Oct. „	29 Oct. „	County Cork -	For America.
765	27 Feb. „	Kilfinane - -	25 May „	4 June „	Limerick County -	On bail.
766	14 April „	Dublin - -	28 Aug. „	17 Sept. „	Richmond - -	For Liverpool.
767	26 Feb. „	Sligo - -	27 April „	30 April „	Sligo - - -	On bail.
768	16 Mar. „	Dublin - -	23 Aug. „	15 Sept. „	Richmond - -	For England.
769	29 Mar. „	Drimclogher -	6 July „	11 July „	Limerick County -	Unconditional.
770	19 Feb. „	Kilkenny - -	12 Mar. „	16 Mar. „	Kilkenny.	
771	19 Feb. „	Dublin - -	24 Aug. „	14 Sept. „	Mountjoy - -	For Glasgow.
772	9 Mar. „	Glanmire - -	31 May „	2 June „	County Cork.	
773	7 Dec. „	Glanmire - -	23 Feb. 1867	27 Feb. 1867	County Cork -	For America.
774	26 Feb. „	Clogheen - -	15 Aug. 1866	17 Aug. 1866	Tipperary, S. R. -	On bail.
775	12 Mar. „	Tramore - -	19 July „	20 July „	Waterford - -	For Archangel.
776	8 Mar. „	Dunmanway -	7 May „	11 May „	County Cork -	On bail.
777	20 June „	Dublin - -	3 July „	9 July „	Richmond - -	For Liverpool.

TOTAL NUMBER - - - - - - - - - - 777

In some cases where the discharge of prisoners was ordered on condition of their procuring bail, or leaving Ireland for America or elsewhere, a considerable interval elapsed between the date of the order for discharge and of the actual discharge of the prisoner. This is to be accounted for, in some instances, by the prisoner having for a time refused to accept his discharge on the conditions specified; and in many by the difficulty experienced in finding respectable and solvent sureties, or in procuring the funds required to enable the prisoner to leave the country.

RETURN of the Number of all PERSONS ARRESTED in *Ireland* under the HABEAS CORPUS SUSPENSION ACT from the 1st day of February 1866 to the 1st day of March 1867, giving the Names of all such Persons who were Re-arrested under said Act, and of the Places where they were respectively Re-arrested.

NUMBER of PERSONS Arrested as above.

Nine hundred and sixty-one - - - - - - - - 961

NAMES of PERSONS so Re-arrested, and Places where they were Re-arrested.

NAMES.	PLACES.	NAMES.	PLACES.
Bible, James Joseph - -	Portlaw, County Waterford.	Irwin, James - - -	Clonakilty, County Cork.
Brougham, Thomas Doherty	Bansha, County Tipperary.	Kelly William - - -	Dublin.
Byrne, Hugh Joseph - -	Dublin.	Kennedy, Martin - -	Athlone.
Condon, Patrick Joseph -	Cork.	Killeen, John - - -	Cong, County Mayo.
Fahy, Richard - - -	Cappawhite, County Tipperary.	Leyhane, James - - -	Cullamon, County Cork.
Farrell, Stephen - - -	Waterford.	Murray, James - - -	Westport, County Mayo.
Fogarty, John - - -	Fethard, County Tipperary.	M'Carthy, Jeremiah - -	Clonakilty, County Cork.
		M'Inerney, Daniel - -	Ballincollig, County Cork.
Gannon, Thomas - - -	Ballaghadereen, County Mayo.	M'Inerney, Michael - -	Galway.
Gaughan, John - - -	Ballina, County Mayo.	Norris, Thomas - - -	Clonmel.
Hetherington, James - -	Mullinarat, County Kilkenny.	O'Connor, Henry, otherwise William.	Dublin.
Hickey, John J. - - -	Kingstown, County Dublin.	O'Connor, Patrick - -	Galway.
Hyland, James - - -	Ballaghadereen, County Mayo.	Smith, James - - -	Dublin.
		Turner, James - - -	Dublin.

TOTAL - - - - - 26

Dublin Castle,
7 May 1867.

Thos. A. Larcom.

HABEAS CORPUS SUSPENSION (IRELAND) ACT.

RETURNS of the Numbers of all Persons in Custody in *Ireland* under the Habeas Corpus Suspension Act, who were Released from Imprisonment between 1st February and 1st March 1867; and, of the Number of all Persons Arrested in *Ireland* under the Habeas Corpus Suspension Act from 1st February 1866 to 1st March 1867; &c.

(*Mr. Osborne.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
17 *May* 1867.

304.

Under 2 *oz*

ABSTRACT

OF

TABLES of Criminal Offenders for the Year 1866, reported by Her Majesty's Advocate for *Scotland*, in Terms of the Statute 1 Gul. 4, c. 37; with Alterations and Additions, ordered and required by one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, in virtue of the Powers therein contained.

(Presented pursuant to Act of Parliament.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
29 *April* 1867.

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Comparing the CLASSIFICATION of OFFENCES in the CRIMINAL TABLES now in Use to be presented to Parliament for *England*, with the CLASSIFICATION of OFFENCES in the Annexed Tables for *Scotland*.

CLASSIFICATION OF OFFENCES IN ENGLISH TABLES.	CLASSIFICATION OF OFFENCES IN ANNEXED TABLES FOR SCOTLAND.
No. 1.—Offences against the Person.	*No. 1.—Offences against the Person.*
1. Murder; *see* 77.	77. Murder; *corresponding with* 1.
2. Shooting at, stabbing, administering poison, &c. with intent to murder, maim, &c.; *see* 78.	78. Shooting at, stabbing, administering poison, &c. with intent to murder, maim, &c. (under statute); *corresponding with* 2.
3. Manslaughter; *see* 79.	79. Culpable homicide; *corresponding with* 3.
4. Attempt to procure the miscarriage of women quick with child; *see* 80.	80. Procuring, and attempts to procure, the miscarriage of women quick with child; *corresponding with* 4.
5. Ditto of women not quick with child; *see* 81.	81. Ditto of women not quick with child; *corresponding with* 5.
6. Concealing the births of infants; *see* 82.	82. Concealment of pregnancy; *corresponding with* 6.
7. Sodomy; *see* 83.	83. Sodomy and bestiality; *corresponding with* 7.
8. ——— Assaults, with intent to commit, and other unnatural misdemeanors; *see* 84.	84. ——— Assaults, with intent to commit, and other unnatural minor offences; *corresponding with* 8.
9. Rape, and carnally abusing girls under the age of 10 years; *see* 85.	85. Rape; *including* 9 *and* 11.
10. Assaults, with intent to ravish and carnally abuse; *see* 86.	86. Assaults, with intent to ravish; *corresponding with* 10.
11. Carnally abusing girls between the age of 10 and 12 years; *see* 85.	87. Abduction; *corresponding with* 12.
12. Abduction; *see* 87.	88. Bigamy; *corresponding with* 13.
13. Bigamy; *see* 88.	89. Child stealing; *corresponding with* 14.
14. Child stealing; *see* 89.	90. Assaults; *corresponding with* 15.
15. Assaults; *see* 90.	91. ——— on peace officers in the execution of their duty; *corresponding with* 16.
16. ——— on peace officers in the execution of their duty; *see* 91.	
No. 2.—Offences against Property, committed with Violence.	*No. 2.—Offences against Property, committed with Violence.*
17. Sacrilege; *see* 92.	92. Sacrilege; *corresponding with* 17.
18. Burglary; *see* 93, 95, and 96.	93. Theft by housebreaking; *including* 19, 20, and 21; *and partly along with* 95 *and* 96, *including* 18.
19. Housebreaking; *see* 93.	94. ——— by opening lockfast places; *additional, but partly included in* 33.
20. Breaking within the curtilage of dwelling-houses, and stealing; *see* 93.	95. Housebreaking, with intent to steal; *partly along with* 93 *and* 96, *including* 18.
21. ——— into shops, warehouses, and counting-houses, and stealing; *see* 93.	96. Violent invasion of houses, with intent to commit other high crimes than theft; *partly along with* 93 *and* 95, *including* 18.
22. Misdemeanors, with intent to commit the above offences; *see* 97.	97. Minor crimes, with intent to commit the above offences; *corresponding with* 22.
23. Robbery; *see* 98.	98. Robbery; *corresponding with* 23.
24. Assaults, with intent to rob, and demanding property with menaces; *see* 99.	99. Assaults, with intent to rob, and demanding property with menaces; *corresponding with* 24.
25. Stealing in dwelling-houses, persons therein being put in fear; *see* 100.	100. Stouthrief (open, lawless, masterful depredation); *occasionally including* 25.
26. Sending menacing letters to extort money; *see* 101.	101. Sending menacing letters to extort money; *corresponding with* 26.
No. 3.—Offences against Property, committed without Violence.	*No. 3.—Offences against Property, committed without Violence.*
27. Cattle stealing; *see* 102.	102. Cattle stealing; *corresponding with* 27.
28. Horse stealing; *see* 103.	103. Horse stealing; *corresponding with* 28.
29. Sheep stealing; *see* 104.	104. Sheep stealing; *corresponding with* 29.
30. Larceny, to the value of £.5 in dwelling-houses; *see* 105.	105. Thefts, simple, or not falling under any of the previous or subsequent denominations; *including* 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, *and* 36.
31. Larceny, from the person; *see* 105.	106. Stealing goods in process of manufacture; *corresponding with* 35.
32. Larceny, by servants; *see* 105.	107. Minor crimes, with intent to steal; *corresponding with* 37.
33. Larceny, simple; *see* 105.	108. Embezzlement; *corresponding with* 38.
34. Stealing from vessels in port, on a river, &c.; *see* 105.	109. Stealing, &c. letters, &c. from Post Office by servants; *including* 39.
35. Stealing goods in process of manufacture; *see* 106.	110. Reset of theft; *corresponding with* 40.
36. Stealing fixtures, trees, and shrubs growing, &c.; *see* 105.	111. Frauds and attempts to defraud; *corresponding with* 41.
37. Misdemeanors, with intent to steal; *see* 107.	
38. Embezzlement; *see* 108.	
39. Stealing letters from the Post Office by servants; *see* 109.	
40. Receiving stolen goods; *see* 110.	
41. Frauds, and attempts to defraud; *see* 111.	
No. 4.—Malicious Offences against Property.	*No. 4.—Malicious Offences against Property.*
42. Arson (capital); *see* 112.	112. Fire-raising (capital unless restricted); *corresponding with* 42.
43. Setting fire to crops, plantations, heath, &c.; *see* 113.	113. Setting fire to heaths, furze, and other subjects where not capital; *analogous to* 43.
44. Attempts to commit arson, set fire to crops, &c.; *see* 114.	114. Attempts to commit arson, set fire to heaths, &c.; *corresponding with* 44.
45. Riot, and feloniously demolishing buildings, machinery, &c.; *see* 115.	115. Rioters feloniously demolishing buildings, machinery, &c.; *corresponding with* 45.
46. Destroying silk, woollen, linen, or cotton goods in process of manufacture; *see* 116.	116. Destroying silk, woollen, linen, or cotton goods, in process of manufacture; *corresponding with* 46.
47. Destroying threshing machines; *see* 117.	117. Destroying threshing-machines; *corresponding with* 47.
48. Destroying hop-binds, trees, and shrubs growing, &c.; *see* 118.	118. Destroying trees and shrubs growing, &c.; *corresponding with* 48.
49. Killing and maiming cattle; *see* 119.	119. Killing and maiming cattle; *corresponding with* 49.
50. Sending letters threatening to burn houses, &c.; *see* 120.	120. Sending letters threatening to burn houses, &c.; *corresponding with* 50.
51. Other malicious offences; *see* 121.	121. Other malicious offences; *corresponding with* 51.
No. 5.—Forgery and Offences against the Currency.	*No. 5.—Forgery and Offences against the Currency.*
52. Forging and uttering forged wills and powers of attorney for the transfer of stock or receipt of dividends; *see* 122.	122. Forging and uttering forged wills and powers of attorney for the transfer of stock or receipt of dividends; *corresponding with* 52.
53. ——— forged Bank of England notes; *see* 123.	123. ——— forged Bank of England notes; *corresponding with* 53.
54. ——— other forged instruments; *see* 124.	124. ——— other forged instruments; *corresponding with* 54.
55. Having in possession, &c. forged Bank of England notes; *see* 125.	125. Having in possession, &c. forged Bank of England notes; *corresponding with* 55.
56. Counterfeiting the current gold and silver coin; *see* 126.	126. Counterfeiting the current gold and silver coin; *corresponding with* 56.
57. Having in possession, &c. implements for coining; *see* 127.	127. Having in possession, &c. implements for coining; *corresponding with* 57.
58. Buying and putting off counterfeit gold and silver coin; *see* 128.	128. Buying and putting off counterfeit gold and silver coin; *corresponding with* 58.
59. Uttering and having in possession ditto; *see* 129.	129. Uttering and having in possession ditto; *corresponding with* 59.
60. Counterfeiting, buying, putting off, and uttering counterfeit copper coin; *see* 130.	130. Counterfeiting, buying, putting off, and uttering counterfeit copper coin; *corresponding with* 60.
No. 6.—Other Offences not included in the above Classes.	*No. 6.—Other Offences not included in the above Classes.*
61. Assembling armed, and to aid smugglers; *see* 131.	131. Assembling armed, and to aid smugglers; *corresponding with* 61.
62. Assaulting and obstructing officers employed to prevent smuggling; *see* 132.	132. Assaulting and obstructing officers employed to prevent smuggling; *corresponding with* 62.
63. Deer stealing, and feloniously resisting deerkeepers; *see* 132.	133. Deer-stealing, and feloniously resisting deerkeepers; *corresponding with* 63.
64. Being out armed, &c. to take game by night, taking game by night, and assaulting gamekeepers; *see* 134.	134. Being out armed, &c. to take game by night, taking game by night, and assaulting gamekeepers; *corresponding with* 64.
65. Taking and destroying fish in enclosed water; *see* 135.	135. Taking and destroying fish in enclosed water; *corresponding with* 65.
66. Being at large under sentence of transportation; *see* 136.	136. Being at large under sentence of transportation; *corresponding with* 66.
67. Prison-breaking, harbouring, and aiding the escape of felons; *see* 137.	137. Prison-breaking, harbouring, and aiding the escape of felons; *corresponding* with 67.
68. Perjury, and subornation of perjury; *see* 138.	138. Perjury and subornation of perjury; *corresponding with* 68.
69. Administering unlawful oaths; *see* 139.	139. Administering unlawful oaths; *corresponding with* 69.
70. Conspiracy to raise the rate of wages; *see* 140.	140. Conspiracy to raise the rate of wages; *corresponding with* 70.
71. Riot, breach of the peace, and pound-breach; *see* 141.	141. Riot, breach of the peace, and breach of poindings; *corresponding with* 71.
72. Rescue, and refusing to aid peace officers; *see* 142.	142. Deforcement, and refusing to aid peace-officers; *corresponding with* 72.
73. Keeping disorderly houses; *see* 143.	143. Keeping disorderly houses; *corresponding with* 73.
74. Indecently exposing the person; *see* 144.	144. Indecently exposing the person; *corresponding with* 74.
75. Felonies, not included in the above denominations; *see* 146.	145. Hamesucken (the felonious seeking and invasion of a person in his dwelling-place); *additional.*
76. Misdemeanors, ditto; *see* 147.	146. High crimes not included in the above denominations; *analogous to* 75.
	147. Minor offences - - - ditto - - - ditto; *analogous to* 76.

ABSTRACT OF TABLES.

The number of persons charged with offences in Scotland in 1866 (3,003) exhibits a decrease as compared with 1865 (3,117) of 114, or 3·79 per cent. The following counties show an increase, viz.:—

COUNTIES.	1865.	1866.	Increase.	COUNTIES.	1865.	1866.	Increase.
Aberdeen - -	70	76	6	Kinross - - -	1	4	3
Argyle - - -	102	115	13	Perth - - -	49	74	25
Bute - - -	65	75	10	Ross and Cromarty	47	72	25
Caithness - -	31	40	9	Roxburgh - -	106	124	18
Dumbarton - -	69	81	12	Wigtown - -	60	62	2
Inverness - -	129	136	7		729	859	130

Total Increase in these Counties of—130, or 17·18 per cent.

The following Table exhibits the Total Number of Criminal Offenders in Scotland for the Years 1865 and 1866, distinguishing Males from Females, the Number brought to Trial, the Number Convicted under the aggravation of previous Convictions, and the Number sentenced to Death.

Period.	Committed for Trial or Bailed.			Tried.	Total Convicted, Outlawed, or found Insane.	Convicted under Aggravation of previous Convictions.	Sentenced to Death.	Executed.
	Males.	Females.	Total.					
1865 -	2,270	847	3,117	2,567	2,360	739	3	1
1866 -	2,202	801	3,003	2,557	2,309	720	2	2

The proportion of convictions to committals in 1865 was 32·07 per cent.; in 1866 it was 30 per cent. The proportion of acquittals to committals in 1865 was 8·06 per cent.; in 1866 it was 9·65 per cent.

The subjoined Table exhibits the Classes of Offences, and the Number of Offenders in each Class :—

OFFENCES.	1865.	1866.
Offences against the person - - - - - - - -	889	884
Offences against property committed with violence - - -	333	336
Offences against property committed without violence - -	1,553	1,443
Malicious offences against property - - - - -	58	62
Forgery and offences against currency - - - - -	74	50
Other offences not included in the above classes - - -	210	228

In this Table it will be seen that offences against the person have decreased ·551 per cent.; offences against property committed without violence, 7·08 per cent.; forgery and offences against currency, 32·43 per cent.; but malicious offences against property have increased 6·89 per cent.; offences against property, committed with violence, ·90 per cent; and other offences not included in the above, 8·57 per cent.

The following Table shows the Number of Male and Female Offenders of all Ages who could neither Read nor Write, who could Read and Write imperfectly, who could Read and Write well, as also those who had received a Superior Education :—

Period.	Could neither Read nor Write.		Could Read and Write imperfectly.		Could Read and Write well.		Had a Superior Education.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
1865 - -	471	273	1,233	477	468	85	85	9
1866 - -	462	230	1,253	484	404	84	74	1

The number of those committed in 1865 who could neither read nor write was 744; in 1866, 692; there is thus a decrease of 52, or 6·94 per cent. The number of those committed in 1865 who could read and write imperfectly, was 1,710; in 1866, 1,737; there is thus an increase of 27, or 1·57 per cent. The number of those committed in 1865 who could read and write well, was 553; in 1866, 448; there is thus a decrease of 65, or 11·75 per cent.; and of those committed in 1865 who had a superior education the number was 94; and in 1866, 75, showing a decrease of 19, or 20·21 per cent.

The results of the proceedings in the Commitments made this year are—

Discharged without trial -	By Lord Advocate and his Deputes - -		360	
	From other causes - - - - - -		74	
	Discharged without Trial - -		- -	434
Acquitted - - - - - -	Not guilty - - - - - -		61	
	Not proven - - - - - -		199	
	Acquitted on Trial - - -		- -	260
Insane - - - - - - -	Found Insane on Arraignment - - -		- -	1
Found Guilty - - - -	Sentenced to Death - - - - -		2	
	,, Penal Servitude - - -		184	
	,, Imprisonment - - -		1,849	
	,, Detained in Reformatory -		36	
	,, Whipping, Fine, and discharged on sureties - - - -		189	
	,, No Sentence - - - -		32	
	Found Guilty - - - -		- -	2,292
	Outlawed - - - - -		- -	16
	Total Committed - - -		- -	3,003

The Sentences passed in 1866 are given in greater detail in the following Tables, and are compared with those in the nine preceding years :—

	1857.	1858.	1859.	1860.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865	1866.
Death - - - - - - - - -	3	–	–	4	4	2	1	2	3	2
Transportation :										
For Life - - - - - - -	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Above Fifteen Years - - - -	8	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Fifteen and Fourteen Years - -	18	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Penal Servitude :										
For Life - - - - - - -	1	4	1	1	4	2	2	1	2	–
Above Fifteen Years - - - -	2	13	2	2	3	–	2	3	1	2
Fifteen Years and above Ten - -	4	10	9	10	8	3	6	6	6	6
Ten Years and above Six - - -	24	59	59	63	57	56	48	78	134	153
Six Years and above Four - - -	50	53	37	28	40	45	54	49	36	23
Four Years - - - - - -	132	123	83	92	97	72	76	45	–	–
Three Years - - - - - -	17	27	22	21	19	46	29	15	–	–
Imprisonment :										
Above Three Years - - - - -	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Under Three Years and above Two -	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
,, Two Years and above One -	132	111	132	70	118	104	140	106	111	149
,, One Year and above Six Months	326	259	318	294	301	286	306	295	308	324
Six Months and above Three - -	1,877	440	423	415	401	427	431	373	378	327
Three Months and above One - -	–	672	570	519	513	588	514	517	517	532
One Month and under - - -	–	704	661	637	666	778	553	658	570	516
Detained in Reformatory School - -	–	6	5	48	54	51	25	29	19	37
Whipped, fined, and discharged on sureties - - - - - - -	287	348	217	187	102	206	219	172	216	189

The Offenders committed for Trial in 1866 were tried or discharged by the following Courts :—

High Court of Justiciary - - - - - - - - - - -	57
Circuit Court - - - - - - - - - - - -	327
Sheriff :—	
With a Jury - - - - - - - - - - -	1,059
Without a Jury - - - - - - - - - - -	1,088
Burgh Magistrates - - - - - - - - - - -	26
	2,557

TABLE, showing the Total Number of Persons Committed for Trial or Bailed, and the Result of the Proceedings.

	OFFENCES.	TOTAL NUMBER OF OFFENDERS.	CONVICTED.																		Outlawed.	Insane; to be detained.		Acquitted on Trial.		Discharged without Trial.		TOTAL Acquitted or Discharged.	EXECUTION of CAPITAL SENTENCES, or COMMUTATION or PARDON.				
			DEATH.	PENAL SERVITUDE.							IMPRISONMENT, with, in some Cases, Whipping, Fine, &c.							Whipping, Fine, and Discharge on Sureties.	No Sentence.	TOTAL.		Found Insane on Arraignment.	Found Insane on Trial.	Not Guilty.	Not Proven.	By Lord Advocate and his Deputes.	From other Causes.		Execution.	COMMUTATION.			Free Pardon.
				Life.	Above 15 Years.	15 Years and above 10 Years.	10 Years and above 6 Years.	6 Years and above 4 Years.	4 Years.	3 Years.	3 Years and above 2 Years.	2 Years and above 1 Year.	1 Year and above 6 Months.	6 Months and above 3 Months.	3 Months and above 1 Month.	1 Month and under.	Detained in Reformatory Schools.													Penal Servitude, Life, and above 8 Years.	Penal Servitude, 8 Years and under.	Imprisonment.	
No. 1. Offences against the Person.	Murder	12	2	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	–	–	–	–	2	6	1	9	2	–	–	–	–
	Shooting at, Stabbing, Administering Poison, &c. with intent to murder, maim, &c. (under statute)	13	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	5	1	1	–	–	2	–	10	–	–	–	1	–	1	1	3	–	–	–	–	–
	Culpable Homicide	32	–	–	–	2	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	6	3	–	–	–	13	–	–	–	5	4	10	–	19	–	–	–	–	–
	Procuring, and attempts to procure, the Miscarriage of Women quick with Child	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Ditto of Women not quick with Child	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Concealment of Pregnancy	17	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	9	2	1	–	–	–	–	12	–	–	–	1	1	3	–	5	–	–	–	–	–
	Sodomy and Bestiality	4	–	–	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	2	–	–	–	–	–
	Sodomy, assaults with intent to commit, and other unnatural minor offences	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	2	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	–
	Rape	23	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	4	–	–	–	7	–	12	–	19	–	–	–	–	–
	Assaults, with intent to Ravish	39	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	–	–	6	10	9	2	1	–	–	–	30	–	–	–	1	4	3	1	9	–	–	–	–	–
	Abduction	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Bigamy	20	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	8	8	1	1	–	–	–	–	19	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
	Child Stealing	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
	Assaults	688	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	9	35	50	156	193	–	116	5	566	1	–	–	17	41	35	28	121	–	–	–	–	–
	Assaults on Peace Officers in the Execution of their Duty	30	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	1	10	10	–	–	2	25	–	–	–	1	3	1	–	5	–	–	–	–	–
	Total of No. 1	884	2	–	1	2	5	6	–	–	1	23	72	65	177	207	–	118	7	686	2	–	–	33	58	74	31	196	2	–	–	–	–
No. 2. Offences against Property, committed with Violence.	Sacrilege	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Theft by Housebreaking	222	–	–	–	2	23	–	–	–	–	20	36	39	20	15	10	5	3	174	1	–	–	4	22	16	5	47	–	–	–	–	–
	Theft by opening Lockfast Places	32	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	1	4	7	9	1	3	–	1	28	–	–	–	–	2	2	–	4	–	–	–	–	–
	Housebreaking with intent to Steal	24	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	2	15	3	1	–	–	23	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
	Violent Invasion of Houses, with intent to commit other high crimes than Theft	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	–	–	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Minor crimes, with intent to commit the above offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Robbery	42	–	–	–	–	15	7	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	24	–	–	–	1	10	5	2	18	–	–	–	–	–
	Assaults, with intent to Rob, and demanding Property with Menaces	12	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	1	3	–	1	–	–	7	–	–	–	1	3	1	–	5	–	–	–	–	–
	Stouthrief	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Sending menacing Letters to extort Money	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Total of No. 2	336	–	–	–	2	40	9	–	–	–	21	44	50	47	22	15	5	4	260	1	–	–	6	37	25	7	75	–	–	–	–	–
No. 3. Offences against Property, committed without Violence.	Cattle Stealing	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Horse Stealing	7	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	1	2	1	–	–	–	–	–	5	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	2	–	–	–	–	–
	Sheep Stealing	23	–	–	–	–	3	1	–	–	–	4	3	2	2	–	–	–	–	15	–	–	–	–	1	7	–	8	–	–	–	–	–
	Thefts, simple, or not falling under any of the previous or subsequent denominations	1,267	–	–	–	1	95	2	–	–	–	82	169	158	249	196	21	15	16	1,004	5	–	–	7	78	147	26	258	–	–	–	–	–
	Stealing Goods in Process of Manufacture	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Minor crimes, with intent to Steal	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	–	–	–	–	3	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
	Embezzlement	33	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	6	7	5	4	–	–	–	23	2	–	–	–	1	6	1	8	–	–	–	–	–
	Stealing, &c. Letters, &c. from the Post Office by Servants	1	–	–	–	–	–	6	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Reset of Theft	52	–	–	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	2	7	7	2	7	–	–	3	30	2	–	–	5	2	11	2	20	–	–	–	–	–
	Frauds, and attempts to Defraud	56	–	–	–	–	3	1	–	–	–	4	8	9	11	7	–	–	–	43	2	–	–	–	2	7	2	11	–	–	–	–	–
	Total of No. 3	1,443	–	–	–	1	104	10	–	–	–	94	195	184	272	214	21	15	19	1,124	11	–	–	13	84	180	31	308	–	–	–	–	–

No. 4. Malicious Offences against Property.																																						
Fire-raising (capital unless restricted)	9	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	–	–	2	3	2	–	7	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Setting Fire to Heaths, Furze, and other subjects, where not capital	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Attempts to commit Arson, set Fire to Heaths, &c.	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Rioters feloniously demolishing Buildings, Machinery, &c.	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Destroying Silk, Woollen, Linen, or Cotton Goods, in Process of Manufacture	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Destroying Threshing Machines	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Destroying Trees and Shrubs growing, &c.	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Killing and Maiming Cattle	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Sending Letters threatening to burn Houses, &c.	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other Malicious Offences	52	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	3	13	–	20	–	37	–	–	–	1	11	1	2	15	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total of No. 4	62	–	–	1	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	2	3	13	–	20	–	40	–	–	–	3	14	3	2	22	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
No. 5. Forgery and Offences against the Currency.																																					
Forging and uttering Forged Wills and Powers of Attorney for the Transfer of Stock or Receipt of Dividends	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Forging and uttering Forged Bank of England Notes	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Forging and uttering other Forged Instruments	26	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	3	–	5	3	3	–	–	–	16	–	–	–	1	2	7	–	10	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Having in Possession, &c. Forged Bank of England Notes	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Counterfeiting the current Gold and Silver Coin	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Having in Possession, &c. Implements for Coining	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Buying, and putting off counterfeit Gold and Silver Coin	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Uttering and having in Possession ditto	24	–	–	–	–	3	–	–	–	–	1	5	3	4	1	–	–	–	17	–	–	–	–	–	7	–	7	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Counterfeiting, buying, putting off, and uttering counterfeit Copper Coin	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total of No. 5	50	–	–	–	–	4	1	–	–	–	4	5	8	7	4	–	–	–	33	–	–	–	1	2	14	–	17	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
No. 6. Other Offences not included in the above Classes.																																					
Assembling armed, and to aid Smugglers	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Assaulting and obstructing Officers employed to prevent Smuggling	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Deer Stealing, and feloniously resisting Deerkeepers	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Being out armed, &c. to take Game by Night, taking Game by Night, and assaulting Gamekeepers	16	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	1	–	4	–	–	–	7	–	–	–	–	4	5	–	9	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Taking and Destroying Fish in enclosed Water	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Being at large under Sentence of Transportation	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Prison-breaking, harbouring and aiding the Escape of Felons	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Perjury and Subornation of Perjury	14	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	4	2	1	–	–	–	11	–	–	–	–	1	2	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Administering unlawful Oaths	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Conspiracy to raise the rate of Wages	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Riot, Breach of the Peace, and Breach of Poindings	89	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	5	3	45	–	26	–	79	–	–	1	–	3	3	3	9	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Deforcement and refusing to aid Peace Officers	24	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	3	–	3	–	9	–	–	–	2	–	13	–	15	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Keeping Disorderly Houses	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Indecently Exposing the Person	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	–	–	2	1	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Hamesucken	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
High Crimes, not included in the above Denominations	18	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	4	1	–	–	–	8	–	–	–	4	2	4	–	10	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Minor Offences, ditto	63	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	5	4	6	7	7	–	2	2	33	1	–	–	2	3	24	–	29	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total of No. 6	228	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	7	8	18	19	63	–	31	2	149	2	–	1	8	13	52	3	76	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
GRAND TOTAL	3,003	2	–	2	6	153	27	–	–	1	149	324	327	525	523	36	189	32	2,292	16	–	1	64	208	348	74	694	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

Note.—Where a person has been convicted of more than one offence at the same Trial, the entries in the above Table are filled up under the highest denomination only. Where not convicted, and more than one offence has been charged under the same proceedings, the entries are filled up according to the same rule.

TABLE, showing the AGE, SEX, and DEGREE of INSTRUCTION of the Total Number of PERSONS COMMITTED for TRIAL or BAILED.

	OFFENCES.	Total Number of Offenders.		Aged 12 Years and under.		Aged 16 Years and above 12.		Aged 21 Years and above 16.		Aged 30 Years and above 21.		Aged 40 Years and above 30.		Aged 50 Years and above 40.		Aged 60 Years and above 50.		Aged above 60 Years.		Age could not be ascertained.		Neither Read nor Write.		Read, or Read and Write imperfectly.		Read and Write well.		Superior Education.		Instruction could not be ascertained.	
		Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
No. 1. Offences against the Person.	Murder	7	5	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	4	3	1	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	3	5	1	–	1	–	–	–
	Shooting at, Stabbing, Administering Poison, &c., with intent to Murder, Maim, &c. (under Statute)	11	2	–	–	1	–	1	1	4	–	2	–	–	1	1	–	1	–	1	–	2	–	4	1	3	1	1	–	1	–
	Culpable Homicide	30	2	1	–	–	–	6	1	8	–	9	1	5	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	8	2	15	–	5	–	1	–	1	–
	Procuring, and attempts to procure, the Miscarriage of Women quick with Child	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
	Ditto of Women not quick with Child	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Concealment of Pregnancy	–	17	–	–	–	–	–	5	–	7	–	5	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	17	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Sodomy and Bestiality	4	–	–	–	–	–	3	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Sodomy assaults, with intent to commit, and other unnatural minor offences	4	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
	Rape	23	–	–	–	–	–	5	–	13	–	3	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	2	–	17	–	4	–	–	–	–	–
	Assaults, with intent to Ravish	39	–	–	–	4	–	6	–	14	–	6	–	4	–	3	–	2	–	–	–	9	–	24	–	5	–	1	–	–	–
	Abduction	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Bigamy	17	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	6	3	6	–	5	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	13	2	2	1	–	–	–	–
	Child Stealing	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Assaults	603	85	1	–	15	–	112	10	233	28	133	29	73	13	31	4	5	1	–	–	147	38	342	40	89	5	22	1	3	1
	Assaults on Peace Officers in the Execution of their Duty	30	–	–	–	–	–	6	–	14	–	5	–	4	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	10	–	17	–	1	–	1	–
	Total of No. 1	769	115	2	–	21	–	139	17	297	43	169	36	92	14	39	4	8	1	2	–	176	41	432	65	128	7	27	1	6	1
No. 2. Offences against Property, committed with Violence.	Sacrilege	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Theft, by Housebreaking	188	34	8	–	48	4	47	10	43	10	23	6	14	4	5	–	–	–	–	–	34	10	124	20	28	4	2	–	–	–
	Theft, by opening Lockfast Places	24	8	3	–	4	2	7	2	7	3	2	1	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	13	7	8	–	2	–	–	–
	Housebreaking, with intent to Steal	20	4	4	–	2	–	6	–	5	2	1	–	1	1	–	1	1	–	–	–	6	2	10	2	4	–	–	–	–	–
	Violent Invasion of Houses, with intent to commit other high Crimes than Theft	2	1	–	–	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	1	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Minor Crimes, with intent to commit the above offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Robbery	27	15	–	–	1	–	13	10	10	5	2	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	8	15	7	9	–	–	–	–	–
	Assaults, with intent to Rob, and demanding Property with Menaces	9	3	–	–	–	1	4	–	4	1	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	3	6	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
	Stouthrief	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Sending menacing Letters to extort Money	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Total of No. 2	271	65	15	–	55	7	79	22	70	21	29	8	16	5	6	1	1	1	–	–	46	25	171	36	50	4	4	–	–	–
No. 3. Offences against Property, committed without Violence.	Cattle Stealing	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Horse Stealing	7	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	3	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	6	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
	Sheep Stealing	9	4	–	–	1	–	5	1	9	–	3	1	–	2	–	–	1	–	–	–	6	3	12	1	1	–	–	–	–	–
	Thefts, simple, or not falling under any of the previous or subsequent denominations	739	528	17	5	111	24	165	85	211	182	116	131	77	66	27	23	14	13	–	–	160	140	444	330	128	57	6	–	1	1
	Stealing Goods in process of manufacture	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Minor Crimes, with intent to Steal	4	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Embezzlement	31	2	–	–	–	–	7	1	12	1	6	–	4	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	9	2	16	–	6	–	–	–
	Stealing, &c., Letters, &c., from the Post Office, by Servants	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Reset of Theft	31	21	–	–	–	1	4	6	10	7	10	3	5	2	1	2	1	–	–	–	3	2	11	12	16	7	1	–	–	–
	Frauds, and attempts to Defraud	45	11	–	–	2	1	4	–	14	3	16	4	6	1	1	2	2	–	–	–	8	2	18	5	15	4	4	–	–	–
	Total of No. 3	877	566	17	5	114	26	188	93	262	193	152	139	93	71	31	27	19	13	–	–	177	147	505	350	177	68	17	–	1	1

No. 4. Malicious Offences against Property.	Fire-raising (capital unless restricted)	8	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	–	2	1	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	1	3	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Setting Fire to Heaths, Furze, and other subjects, where not capital	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Attempts to commit Arson, set Fire to Heaths, &c.	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Rioters feloniously demolishing Buildings, Machinery, &c.	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Destroying Silk, Woollen, Linen, or Cotton Goods in process of Manufacture	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Destroying Threshing Machines	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Destroying Trees and Shrubs growing, &c.	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Killing and Maiming Cattle	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Sending Letters threatening to burn Houses, &c.	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Other Malicious Offences	51	1	6	–	12	–	15	–	13	1	1	–	2	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	12	1	24	–	11	–	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Total of No. 4	59	3	6	–	12	–	15	–	16	2	3	1	5	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	15	2	27	–	13	1	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
No. 5. Forgery and Offences against the Currency.	Forging and uttering Forged Wills and Powers of Attorney for the Transfer of Stock or Receipt of Dividends	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Forging and uttering Forged Bank of England Notes	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Forging and uttering other Forged Instruments	23	3	–	–	2	–	1	1	7	2	7	–	6	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	13	3	2	–	6	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Having in Possession, &c., Forged Bank of England Notes	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Counterfeiting the Current Gold and Silver Coin	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Having in Possession, &c., Implements for Coining	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Buying and putting off Counterfeit Gold and Silver Coin	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Uttering and having in Possession, ditto	15	9	–	–	–	–	2	4	4	3	3	1	3	1	2	–	1	–	–	–	6	4	6	5	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Counterfeiting, buying, putting off, and uttering Counterfeit Copper Coin	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Total of No. 5	38	12	–	–	2	–	3	5	11	5	10	1	9	1	2	–	1	–	–	–	8	4	19	8	5	–	6	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
No. 6. Other Offences not included in the above Classes.	Assembling armed, and to aid Smugglers	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Assaulting and obstructing Officers employed to prevent Smuggling	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Deer Stealing, and Feloniously resisting Deerkeepers	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Being out armed, &c., to take Game by Night, taking Game by Night, and assaulting Gamekeepers	16	–	–	–	1	–	3	–	4	–	4	–	2	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	13	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Taking and Destroying Fish in enclosed Water	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Being at large under Sentence of Transportation	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Prison-breaking, harbouring and aiding the Escape of Felons	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Perjury, and Subornation of Perjury	10	4	–	–	–	–	–	1	5	2	2	1	2	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	2	1	5	3	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Administering unlawful Oaths	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Conspiracy to raise the Rate of Wages	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Riot, Breach of the Peace, and Breach of Poindings	73	16	–	–	1	–	24	–	17	4	20	5	4	6	5	2	1	–	–	–	21	6	32	9	11	2	8	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Deforcement, and refusing to aid Peace Officers	20	4	–	–	–	–	5	–	5	3	4	1	4	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	5	1	14	3	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Keeping Disorderly Houses	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Indecently Exposing the Person	4	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	2	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Hamesucken	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	High Crimes, not included in the above denominations	15	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	5	2	4	–	4	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	8	3	4	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Minor Offences, ditto	50	13	–	–	–	–	13	3	13	4	17	5	4	–	2	1	1	–	–	–	10	2	26	9	8	2	5	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Total of No. 6	188	40	–	–	2	–	46	4	50	15	51	12	21	6	15	3	2	–	1	–	41	10	100	27	30	4	14	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	GRAND TOTAL	2,202	801	40	5	206	33	470	141	706	279	414	197	236	97	95	35	31	15	3	–	463	229	1,254	486	403	84	72	1	8	2	–	–	–	–	–	–

TABLE, showing the Total Number of PERSONS TRIED in each COURT, the Total Number of the CONVICTS previously CONVICTED of Similar Offences, and the Total Number CONVICTED of other Offences at the same Trial, distinguishing the Sex in these and other Particulars.

	OFFENCES.	Total Number of Persons Tried.			COURT BY WHICH TRIED.																		Convicted, Outlawed, or Insane.			Convicted under the Aggravation of Previous Convictions.			Convicted of other Offences at the same Trial.			Other Offences of which Convicted at same Trial.
					High Court of Justiciary.			Circuit Court of Justiciary.			Sheriff.						Burgh Magistrates.			Justices or other Court.											
											With a Jury.			Without a Jury.																	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
No. 1. Offences against the Person.	Murder	3	2	5	1	–	1	2	2	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	1	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Shooting at, Stabbing, administering Poison, &c., with intent to Murder, Maim, &c. (under Statute)	10	1	11	–	–	–	3	1	4	6	–	6	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	10	–	10	–	–	–	1	–	1	–
	Culpable Homicide	21	1	22	2	1	3	9	–	9	10	–	10	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	13	–	13	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Procuring, and attempts to procure the Miscarriage of Women quick with Child	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Ditto of Women not quick with Child	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Concealment of Pregnancy	–	14	14	–	–	–	–	5	5	–	9	9	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	12	12	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Sodomy and Bestiality	3	–	3	–	–	–	3	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Sodomy, assaults with intent to commit, and other unnatural minor offences	4	–	4	–	–	–	1	–	1	3	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Rape	11	–	11	1	–	1	10	–	10	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	–	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Assaults, with intent to Ravish	35	–	35	2	–	2	10	–	10	22	–	22	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	31	–	31	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Abduction	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Bigamy	17	2	19	–	–	–	10	2	12	7	–	7	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	17	2	19	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Child Stealing	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Assaults	545	80	625	4	–	4	10	1	11	149	31	180	379	46	425	3	2	5	–	–	–	493	73	566	105	15	120	26	5	31	5
	Assaults on Peace Officers in the Execution of their Duty	29	–	29	–	–	–	–	–	–	9	–	9	20	–	20	–	–	–	–	–	–	25	–	25	2	–	2	–	–	–	–
	Total of No. 1	678	100	778	10	1	11	58	11	69	206	40	246	401	46	447	3	2	5	–	–	–	599	88	687	107	15	122	27	5	32	5
No. 2. Offences against Property, committed with Violence.	Sacrilege	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Theft by Housebreaking	158	29	187	5	–	5	34	4	38	113	23	136	6	2	8	–	–	–	–	–	–	149	25	174	36	9	45	–	–	–	–
	Theft by opening Lockfast Places	22	8	30	–	–	–	2	1	3	11	6	17	9	1	10	–	–	–	–	–	–	21	7	28	3	1	4	–	–	–	–
	Housebreaking, with intent to Steal	20	3	23	–	–	–	1	–	1	9	–	9	10	3	13	–	–	–	–	–	–	20	3	23	1	–	1	–	–	–	–
	Violent Invasion of Houses, with intent to commit other high Crimes than Theft	2	1	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	1	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	1	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Minor Crimes, with intent to commit the above offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Robbery	22	13	35	2	–	2	19	13	32	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	17	7	24	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Assaults with intent to Rob, and demanding Property with Menaces	8	3	11	2	–	2	–	–	–	6	2	8	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	3	7	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Stouthrief	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	–
	Sending menacing Letters to extort Money	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Total of No. 2	233	57	290	9	–	9	57	18	75	140	31	171	27	8	35	–	–	–	–	–	–	214	46	260	40	10	50	1	–	1	–
No. 3. Offences against Property, committed without Violence.	Cattle Stealing	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Horse Stealing	5	–	5	–	–	–	1	–	1	4	–	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	5	–	5	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Sheep Stealing	13	3	16	1	–	1	6	–	6	5	2	7	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	12	3	15	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Thefts, simple, or not falling under any of the previous or subsequent denominations	638	453	1,091	13	14	27	70	61	131	244	218	462	296	157	453	5	3	8	–	–	–	577	427	1,004	268	264	532	3	2	5	–
	Stealing Goods in Process of Manufacture	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Minor Crimes, with intent to Steal	4	–	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	–	4	–	–	–	3	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Embezzlement	22	2	24	1	–	1	2	–	2	15	–	15	4	2	6	–	–	–	–	–	–	24	1	25	–	–	–	–	–	2	–
	Stealing, &c. Letters, &c. from the Post Office by Servants	1	–	1	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Reset of Theft	23	14	37	–	–	–	6	2	8	14	10	24	3	2	5	–	–	–	–	–	–	21	11	32	1	–	1	–	–	–	–
	Frauds, and attempts to Defraud	36	9	45	–	–	–	6	2	8	18	5	23	9	2	11	3	–	3	–	–	–	35	9	44	8	1	9	1	–	1	–
	Total of No. 3	742	481	1,223	16	14	30	91	65	156	300	235	535	312	163	475	12	3	15	–	–	–	678	451	1,129	277	265	542	4	2	6	–

No. 4. Malicious Offences against Property.	Fire-raising (capital unless restricted)	6	1	7	1	1	2	4	—	4	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Setting Fire to Heaths, Furze, and other subjects, where not capital	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Attempts to commit Arson, set Fire to Heaths, &c.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Rioters feloniously demolishing Buildings, Machinery, &c.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Destroying Silk, Woollen, Linen, or Cotton Goods, in Process of Manufacture	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Destroying Threshing Machines	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Destroying Trees and Shrubs growing, &c.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Killing and maiming Cattle	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Sending Letters threatening to burn Houses, &c.	—	1	1	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Other Malicious Offences	48	1	49	—	—	—	—	—	—	29	1	30	17	—	17	2	—	2	—	35	1	36	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	—
	Total of No. 4	54	3	57	1	2	3	4	—	4	30	1	31	17	—	17	2	—	2	—	37	2	39	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	—
No. 5. Forgery and Offences against the Currency.	Forging and uttering Forged Wills and Powers of Attorney for the Transfer of Stock or Receipt of Dividends	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Forging and uttering Forged Bank of England Notes	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Forging and uttering other Forged Instruments	18	1	19	2	—	2	3	—	3	11	1	12	2	—	2	—	—	—	—	15	1	16	—	—	—	2	—	2	—	—	—
	Having in Possession, &c. Forged Bank of England Notes	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Counterfeiting the current Gold and Silver Coin	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Having in Possession, &c. Implements for Coining	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Buying and putting off Counterfeit Gold and Silver Coin	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Uttering and having in Possession ditto	11	6	17	—	—	—	3	3	6	7	3	10	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	11	6	17	1	1	2	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Counterfeiting, buying, putting off, and uttering Counterfeit Copper Coin	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Total of No. 5	29	7	36	2	—	2	6	3	9	18	4	22	3	—	3	—	—	—	—	26	7	33	1	1	2	2	—	2	—	—	—
No. 6. Other Offences not included in the above Classes.	Assembling armed, and to aid Smugglers	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Assaulting and obstructing Officers employed to prevent Smuggling	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Deer Stealing and feloniously resisting Deerkeepers	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Being out armed, &c. to take Game by Night, taking Game by Night, and assaulting Gamekeepers	11	—	11	—	—	—	5	—	5	—	—	—	6	—	6	—	—	—	—	7	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Taking and destroying Fish in enclosed Water	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Being at large under Sentence of Transportation	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Prison-breaking, harbouring, and aiding the Escape of Felons	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Perjury and Subornation of Perjury	8	4	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	4	11	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	8	3	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Administering unlawful Oaths	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Conspiracy to raise the rate of Wages	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Riot, Breach of the Peace, and Breach of Poindings	69	14	83	—	—	—	5	—	5	—	—	—	59	13	72	5	1	6	—	65	14	79	1	3	4	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Deforcement, and refusing to aid Peace Officers	7	4	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	3	8	2	1	3	—	—	—	—	5	4	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Keeping Disorderly Houses	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	3	—	—	—	—	3	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Indecently exposing the Person	3	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	3	—	—	—	—	3	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Harnessucken	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	High Crimes, not included in the above denominations	12	2	14	2	—	2	2	—	2	8	1	9	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	7	1	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Minor Offences, ditto	31	6	37	—	—	—	2	—	2	20	4	24	7	2	9	2	—	2	—	26	6	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Total of No. 6	141	30	171	2	—	2	14	—	14	40	12	52	79	16	95	7	1	8	—	121	28	149	1	3	4	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Grand Total	1,877	678	2,555	40	17	57	280	97	327	784	323	1,057	889	238	1,072	24	6	30	—	—	1,073	622	2,295	426	294	720	35	7	42	—	—

TABLE showing, in each COUNTY collectively, the Total Number of PERSONS COMMITTED for TRIAL or BAILED, and the Result of the Proceedings.

COUNTIES.	TOTAL NUMBER OF OFFENDERS.	CONVICTED.																		Outlawed.	Insane; to be Detained.		Acquitted on Trial.		Discharged without Trial.		TOTAL Acquitted or Discharged.	EXECUTION of CAPITAL SENTENCES, or COMMUTATION or PARDON.				
		DEATH.	PENAL SERVITUDE.						IMPRISONMENT, with, in some Cases, Whipping, Fine, &c.							Whipping, Fine, and Discharge on Sureties.	No Sentence.	TOTAL.		Found Insane on Arraignment.	Found Insane on Trial.	Not Guilty.	Not Proven.	By Lord Advocate and his Deputes.	From other Causes.		Execution.	COMMUTATION.			Free Pardon.
			Life.	Above 15 Years.	15 Years and above 10 Years.	10 Years and above 6 Years.	6 Years and above 4 Years.	4 Years.	3 Years.	3 Years and above 2 Years.	2 Years and above 1 Year.	1 Year and above 6 Months.	6 Months and above 3 Months.	3 Months and above 1 Month.	1 Month and under.	Detained in Reformatory Schools.													Penal Servitude, Life and above 8 Years.	Penal Servitude, 8 Years and under.	Imprisonment.	
Aberdeen	76	–	–	–	–	9	–	–	–	–	7	16	12	5	2	1	7	–	59	1	–	–	2	5	8	1	17	–	–	–	–	–
Argyll	115	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	7	17	74	1	–	2	101	–	–	–	1	3	7	3	14	–	–	–	–	–
Ayr	93	–	–	–	1	3	–	–	–	–	3	14	15	23	15	–	–	74	–	–	–	1	5	12	1	19	–	–	–	–	–
Banff	21	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	2	9	5	–	–	18	1	–	–	–	–	2	–	3	–	–	–	–	–
Berwick	48	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	1	7	4	–	13	27	–	–	–	3	7	11	–	21	–	–	–	–	–
Bute	75	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	8	9	34	3	–	56	–	–	–	4	–	11	4	19	–	–	–	–	–
Caithness	40	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	5	1	10	9	1	–	27	–	–	–	–	2	8	3	13	–	–	–	–	–
Clackmannan	16	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	7	2	–	–	10	–	–	–	–	–	6	–	6	–	–	–	–	–
Dumbarton	81	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	10	3	14	26	–	1	56	–	–	–	–	13	–	12	25	–	–	–	–	–
Dumfries	26	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	4	4	3	5	–	–	–	17	–	–	–	–	4	5	–	9	–	–	–	–	–
Edinburgh	381	–	–	–	–	20	3	–	–	–	35	72	43	54	21	12	13	280	1	–	–	2	16	82	–	101	–	–	–	–	–
Elgin and Moray	49	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	4	5	4	4	10	–	8	37	–	–	–	1	4	5	2	12	–	–	–	–	–
Fife	117	–	–	–	–	3	1	–	–	–	4	5	14	37	31	1	–	96	–	1	–	1	9	4	6	21	–	–	–	–	–
Forfar	196	1	–	–	1	14	2	–	–	1	17	18	22	30	34	13	8	163	2	–	–	8	11	11	1	33	1	–	–	–	–
Haddington	18	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	2	9	–	–	16	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	–
Inverness	136	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	3	4	10	24	2	69	115	–	–	–	3	5	11	2	21	–	–	–	–	–
Kincardine	22	–	–	–	–	3	–	–	–	–	2	2	2	5	1	–	–	15	1	–	–	1	–	3	2	7	–	–	–	–	–
Kinross	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	–	–	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
Kirkcudbright	11	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	1	5	1	–	–	10	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–
Lanark	747	–	–	1	1	75	11	–	–	–	50	119	96	135	61	–	–	562	8	–	–	9	61	92	15	185	–	–	–	–	–
Linlithgow	108	–	–	–	1	2	–	–	–	–	–	5	6	22	60	1	–	97	–	–	–	1	4	5	1	11	–	–	–	–	–
Nairn	10	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	5	1	–	1	8	–	–	–	1	–	–	1	2	–	–	–	–	–
Orkney and Zetland	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	1	–	–	1	2	–	–	–	–	–
Peebles	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	1	–	–	–	3	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
Perth	74	1	–	–	–	7	1	–	–	–	–	5	13	16	4	–	2	–	–	–	–	4	9	12	–	25	1	–	–	–	–
Renfrew	183	–	–	1	1	12	2	–	–	–	11	21	37	32	9	1	8	138	–	–	–	7	10	23	5	45	–	–	–	–	–
Ross and Cromarty	72	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	9	9	17	–	4	40	–	–	–	2	6	18	6	32	–	–	–	–	–
Roxburgh	124	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	3	3	9	18	–	54	90	–	–	–	1	21	9	3	34	–	–	–	–	–
Selkirk	8	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	5	–	–	1	6	1	–	–	–	–	1	–	2	–	–	–	–	–
Stirling	68	–	–	–	1	3	1	–	–	–	3	5	11	22	7	–	–	53	–	–	–	6	–	9	–	15	–	–	–	–	–
Sutherland	16	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	2	4	5	–	–	12	–	–	–	–	–	4	–	4	–	–	–	–	–
Wigton	62	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	3	16	32	–	1	54	–	–	–	–	3	–	5	8	–	–	–	–	–
TOTAL	3,003	2	–	2	6	153	23	–	–	1	149	324	327	532	516	36	189	32	3,292	16	1	–	61	199	360	74	711	2	–	–	–	–

COUNTIES.	Total Number of Offenders.		Aged 12 Years and under.		Aged 16 Years and above 12.		Aged 21 Years and above 16.		Aged 30 Years and above 21.		Aged 40 Years and above 30.		Aged 50 Years and above 40.		Aged 60 Years and above 50.		Aged above 60 Years.		Age could not be ascertained.		Neither Read nor Write.		Read, or Read and Write imperfectly.		Read and Write well.		Superior Education.		Instruction could not be ascertained.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
Aberdeen	57	19	–	–	2	–	7	5	21	3	15	5	6	4	5	2	1	–	–	–	3	–	39	17	15	2	–	–	–	–
Argyll	93	22	1	–	4	1	14	1	40	7	16	5	13	4	4	3	1	1	–	–	19	6	34	10	37	6	3	–	–	–
Ayr	75	18	–	–	5	1	5	2	24	6	23	7	11	–	3	1	1	1	3	–	9	6	49	12	13	–	3	–	1	–
Banff	17	4	–	–	3	2	7	–	2	1	3	–	1	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1	15	3	1	–	–	–	–	–
Berwick	43	5	1	–	3	–	3	2	18	–	11	3	6	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	35	5	8	–	–	–	–	–
Bute	67	8	1	–	3	2	9	–	21	3	19	3	9	–	5	–	–	–	–	–	4	1	36	7	–	–	27	–	–	–
Caithness	28	12	1	–	5	–	3	5	7	4	7	–	3	1	2	2	–	–	–	–	7	4	18	8	3	–	–	–	–	–
Clackmannan	11	5	–	–	1	1	–	2	3	1	3	1	3	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	4	–	–	8	1	–	–	–	–
Dumbarton	60	21	1	–	4	3	15	7	21	9	12	2	2	1	4	–	–	–	–	–	12	6	31	15	17	–	–	–	–	–
Dumfries	24	2	–	–	–	–	2	1	8	–	6	–	7	–	1	–	–	1	–	–	5	–	7	1	12	1	–	–	–	–
Edinburgh	268	113	10	2	49	6	53	17	64	40	45	33	31	10	10	3	6	2	–	–	113	58	141	52	14	3	–	–	–	–
Elgin and Moray	37	12	–	–	4	–	19	3	3	2	6	4	2	1	2	2	1	–	–	–	2	3	19	7	12	2	4	–	–	–
Fife	89	28	2	–	5	–	22	–	24	7	17	11	13	8	3	2	3	–	–	–	13	3	61	21	15	4	–	–	–	–
Forfar	139	57	3	–	22	4	27	7	42	17	24	19	15	8	5	1	1	1	–	–	29	19	102	38	6	–	2	–	–	–
Haddington	17	1	–	–	–	–	1	1	10	–	1	–	4	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	3	–	10	1	–	–	4	–	–	–
Inverness	125	11	3	–	13	–	32	1	40	3	18	3	13	1	4	2	2	1	–	–	57	7	57	4	9	–	2	–	–	–
Kincardine	17	5	–	–	–	–	1	–	8	3	3	2	2	–	1	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	10	4	7	1	–	–	–	–
Kinross	2	2	–	–	–	1	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	1	–	1	–	–	–	–
Kirkcudbright	10	1	–	–	–	–	3	–	4	1	–	–	1	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	8	1	–	–	–	–	–	–
Lanark	472	275	9	–	43	8	134	60	156	112	81	58	37	26	9	7	3	4	–	–	69	58	233	162	154	55	10	–	6	–
Linlithgow	91	17	–	1	–	–	18	–	38	4	17	2	12	9	3	–	3	1	–	–	23	5	59	12	6	–	3	–	–	–
Nairn	6	4	1	–	–	–	1	–	2	3	2	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	6	4	–	–	–	–	–	–
Orkney and Zetland	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–
Peebles	3	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	3	–	–	–	–	–
Perth	57	17	–	–	5	–	10	1	21	5	9	5	6	5	1	–	5	1	–	–	6	–	44	17	6	–	1	–	–	–
Renfrew	121	62	–	–	9	2	22	7	43	24	27	17	13	8	6	2	1	2	–	–	26	17	73	41	9	3	13	1	–	–
Ross and Cromarty	59	13	1	1	6	1	20	1	17	6	12	3	2	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	17	7	37	5	5	1	–	–	–	–
Roxburgh	99	25	4	1	14	–	23	9	29	5	13	4	7	4	6	2	3	–	–	–	27	17	44	4	26	3	2	–	–	1
Selkirk	6	2	–	–	–	–	–	1	4	1	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	5	2	1	–	–	–	–	–
Stirling	52	16	–	–	–	–	10	3	18	4	13	4	4	3	6	2	1	–	–	–	6	4	43	11	3	1	–	–	–	–
Sutherland	14	2	–	–	1	–	1	–	7	–	1	1	4	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	1	11	1	1	–	–	–	–	–
Wigton	42	20	2	–	5	1	7	3	11	8	9	4	5	2	3	1	–	1	–	–	4	3	24	16	12	–	–	–	2	1
TOTAL	2,202	801	40	5	206	33	471	141	707	280	413	196	235	98	88	33	37	17	3	–	462	230	1,253	484	404	84	74	1	9	2

TABLE showing, in each COUNTY collectively, the Total Number of PERSONS COMMITTED for TRIAL or BAILED for each Description of Offences.

	OFFENCES.	Aberdeen.	Argyll.	Ayr.	Banff.	Berwick.	Bute.	Caithness.	Clackmannan.	Dumbarton.	Dumfries.	Edinburgh.	Elgin and Moray.	Fife.	Forfar.	Haddington.	Inverness.	Kincardine.	Kinross.	Kirkcudbright.	Lanark.	Linlithgow.	Nairn.	Orkney and Zetland.	Peebles.	Perth.	Renfrew.	Ross and Cromarty.	Roxburgh.	Selkirk.	Stirling.	Sutherland.	Wigton.
No. 1. Offences against the Person.	Murder	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	1	–	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	2	2	1	–	–	–	–	–
	Shooting at, Stabbing, Administering Poison, &c., with intent to Murder, Maim, &c. (under Statute)	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	9	–	1	–	–	–	–
	Culpable Homicide	1	–	5	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	4	–	–	5	–	–	–	–	–	7	2	–	–	–	–	4	1	–	–	1	–	–
	Procuring, and attempts to procure, the Miscarriage of Women quick with Child	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Ditto of Women not quick with Child	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Concealment of Pregnancy	5	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	1	1	2	1	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Sodomy and Bestiality	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Sodomy, assaults with intent to commit, and other unnatural minor offences	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
	Rape	–	–	1	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	1	–	–	–	6	–	–	–	–	1	1	1	–	–	8	1	–
	Assaults, with intent to Ravish	4	1	6	–	1	–	–	–	1	2	5	1	3	1	–	1	–	–	–	5	2	1	–	–	–	3	–	–	–	1	1	–
	Abduction	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	–	–	3	–	1
	Bigamy	–	–	1	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	7	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Child Stealing	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Assaults	10	59	20	4	16	44	13	5	38	6	66	9	41	39	6	68	1	–	4	89	31	2	1	1	10	32	14	28	1	14	6	13
	Assaults on Peace Officers in the Execution of their Duty	–	6	–	–	3	1	–	1	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	13	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	1
	Total of No. 1	20	66	37	6	22	43	14	7	44	9	75	11	50	49	6	70	3	–	4	134	37	3	2	2	17	54	18	29	1	27	9	15
No. 2. Offences against Property, committed with Violence.	Sacrilege	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Theft by Housebreaking	11	2	8	1	–	3	2	–	–	1	45	4	5	32	2	1	1	1	1	65	1	1	–	–	4	14	2	5	–	7	–	3
	Theft by opening Lockfast Places	–	3	–	2	–	2	–	–	1	3	3	–	4	2	–	–	1	–	–	6	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	2	–	1	–	1
	Housebreaking, with intent to Steal	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	3	3	–	2	2	–	–	1	–	–	13	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	–
	Violent Invasion of Houses, with intent to commit other high Crimes than Theft	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	–	–	–	–	–
	Minor Crimes, with intent to commit the above offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Robbery	1	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	33	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Assaults, with intent to Rob, and demanding Property with Menaces	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	4	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	3	–	–	–	–
	Stouthrief	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Sending menacing Letters to extort Money	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Total of No. 2	12	5	8	3	1	5	3	–	1	4	55	4	11	40	4	1	3	1	1	121	1	1	–	–	5	18	5	10	–	9	–	4
No. 3. Offences against Property, committed without Violence.	Cattle Stealing	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Horse Stealing	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	2	1	–	–	–	–	1	–
	Sheep Stealing	–	2	–	–	3	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	1	–	6	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	2	1	4	–	–	–	–	–
	Thefts, simple, or not falling under any of the previous or subsequent denominations	30	21	37	3	16	14	14	7	24	7	108	25	37	94	3	32	14	1	5	389	46	6	–	2	39	79	22	37	6	27	5	27
	Stealing Goods in Process of Manufacture	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Minor Crimes, with intent to Steal	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Embezzlement	4	1	1	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	6	1	1	3	–	1	–	–	1	10	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	1
	Stealing, &c. Letters, &c. from the Post Office by Servants	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Reset of Theft	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	2	4	2	1	–	–	–	–	1	–	32	–	–	–	–	2	1	1	1	–	1	–	1
	Frauds, and Attempts to Defraud	–	2	–	3	1	–	8	–	1	–	3	1	4	2	1	–	–	1	–	22	–	–	–	–	–	4	1	–	–	–	–	2
	Total of No. 3	34	27	39	6	20	15	22	7	26	10	214	29	43	101	5	39	14	3	6	459	47	6	–	2	45	86	29	38	6	28	6	31

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TABLE showing, in each COUNTY collectively, the Total Number of PERSONS TRIED in each COURT, the Total Number of the CONVICTS previously CONVICTED of SIMILAR OFFENCES, and the Total Number CONVICTED of other OFFENCES at the same Trial, distinguishing the Sex in these and other Particulars.

COUNTIES.	Total Number of Persons Tried.			COURT BY WHICH TRIED.																		Convicted, Outlawed, or Insane.			Convicted under the Aggravation of Previous Convictions.			Convicted of other Offences at the same Trial.			Other Offences of which Convicted at same Trial.
				High Court of Justiciary.			Circuit Court of Justiciary.			Sheriff.						Burgh Magistrates.			Justices or other Court.												
										With a Jury.			Without a Jury.																		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
Aberdeen	51	16	67	–	–	–	13	5	18	26	11	37	12	–	12	–	–	–	–	–	–	44	16	60	17	9	26	–	–	–	–
Argyll	86	19	105	–	–	–	–	–	–	15	6	21	71	13	84	–	–	–	–	–	–	82	19	101	16	5	21	6	3	9	–
Ayr	64	16	80	–	–	–	7	1	8	42	10	52	15	5	20	–	–	–	–	–	–	58	16	74	10	12	22	1	–	1	1
Banff	14	4	18	–	–	–	3	–	3	4	4	8	7	–	7	–	–	–	–	–	–	13	3	16	1	1	2	–	–	–	–
Berwick	34	3	37	–	–	–	1	–	1	10	1	11	23	2	25	–	–	–	–	–	–	25	2	27	1	2	3	1	–	1	–
Bute	53	7	60	–	–	–	–	–	–	7	3	10	44	4	48	2	–	2	–	–	–	49	7	56	15	2	17	5	–	5	–
Caithness	19	10	29	–	–	–	–	–	–	5	4	9	14	6	20	–	–	–	–	–	–	18	9	27	–	2	2	–	–	–	–
Clackmannan	9	1	10	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	–	4	5	1	6	–	–	–	–	–	–	9	1	10	1	1	2	2	–	2	–
Dumbarton	50	19	69	–	–	–	3	2	5	10	5	15	37	12	49	–	–	–	–	–	–	43	12	55	10	3	13	–	–	–	–
Dumfries	18	2	20	–	–	–	4	–	4	13	2	15	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	15	2	17	3	2	5	1	–	1	–
Edinburgh	211	87	298	29	14	43	–	–	–	116	52	168	66	21	87	–	–	–	–	–	–	197	84	281	86	49	135	–	–	–	–
Elgin and Moray	31	11	42	–	–	–	4	2	6	9	4	13	18	5	23	–	–	–	–	–	–	27	10	37	9	4	13	1	–	1	–
Fife	81	25	106	–	1	1	5	2	7	27	9	36	46	13	59	3	–	3	–	–	–	72	24	96	14	3	17	6	2	8	–
Forfar	130	54	184	3	–	3	27	14	41	56	26	82	44	14	58	–	–	–	–	–	–	118	47	165	46	37	83	8	–	8	8
Haddington	17	1	18	3	–	3	–	–	–	4	–	4	5	1	6	5	–	5	–	–	–	15	1	16	2	1	3	–	–	–	–
Inverness	113	10	123	1	–	1	3	–	3	8	1	9	101	9	110	–	–	–	–	–	–	106	9	115	1	1	2	1	–	1	65
Kincardine	12	5	17	–	–	–	3	1	4	7	3	10	2	1	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	11	5	16	5	3	8	–	–	–	–
Kinross	2	1	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	2	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	1	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Kirkcudbright	9	1	10	–	–	–	–	–	–	8	1	9	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	9	1	10	2	1	3	–	–	–	–
Lanark	405	227	632	–	–	–	104	56	160	189	114	303	112	57	169	–	–	–	–	–	–	362	208	570	145	140	285	–	–	–	–
Linlithgow	86	16	102	1	2	3	–	–	–	15	1	16	70	13	83	–	–	–	–	–	–	82	15	97	7	6	13	–	–	–	–
Nairn	5	4	9	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	4	4	8	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	4	8	1	–	1	–	–	–	–
Orkney and Zetland	1	1	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Peebles	3	1	4	–	–	–	–	1	1	3	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	1	3	2	–	2	–	–	–	–
Perth	48	14	62	–	–	–	11	2	13	28	9	37	9	3	12	–	–	–	–	–	–	39	10	49	19	5	24	–	–	–	–
Renfrew	101	54	155	–	–	–	27	9	36	47	30	77	27	15	42	–	–	–	–	–	–	87	51	138	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Ross and Cromarty	38	10	48	–	–	–	1	–	1	14	4	18	23	6	29	–	–	–	–	–	–	29	10	39	4	1	5	1	–	1	–
Roxburgh	89	23	112	–	–	–	–	–	–	32	11	43	57	12	69	–	–	–	–	–	–	68	17	85	3	1	4	1	–	1	–
Selkirk	5	2	7	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	5	2	7	–	–	–	–	–	–	5	2	7	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Stirling	44	15	59	1	–	1	12	2	14	19	7	26	12	6	18	–	–	–	–	–	–	38	15	53	–	–	–	–	1	1	–
Sutherland	10	2	12	–	–	–	–	–	–	6	1	7	4	1	5	–	–	–	–	–	–	10	2	12	1	–	1	–	–	–	–
Wigton	38	19	57	2	–	2	1	–	1	7	6	13	18	7	25	10	6	16	–	–	–	35	19	54	5	3	8	2	1	3	–
TOTAL	1,877	680	2,557	40	17	57	230	97	327	732	327	1,059	855	233	1,038	20	6	26	–	–	–	1,675	623	2,298	426	294	720	36	7	43	74

COMPARATIVE TABLE, showing the SEX of PERSONS COMMITTED for TRIAL or BAILED in each of the last Ten Years, the Total in each of the Two Quinquennial Periods, and the Number in each County respectively.

COUNTIES.	1866.		1865.		1864.		1863.		1862.		TOTAL of Five Years, 1862–66.		1861.		1860.		1859.		1858.		1857.		TOTAL of Five Years, 1857–61.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
Aberdeen	57	19	48	22	50	26	86	19	79	36	320	122	56	14	61	31	61	38	48	21	53	41	279	145
Argyll	93	22	81	21	87	23	77	24	85	22	423	112	108	29	97	30	118	34	117	27	128	38	568	158
Ayr	75	18	68	41	65	40	71	30	61	35	340	164	64	25	71	32	69	23	97	23	75	27	376	130
Banff	17	4	13	8	9	5	22	6	26	5	87	28	11	8	22	12	14	2	19	3	15	4	81	29
Berwick	43	5	45	7	43	12	36	11	35	15	202	50	26	12	45	9	74	24	56	16	45	15	246	76
Bute	67	8	54	11	59	4	25	14	36	9	241	46	29	2	13	8	17	6	9	–	15	5	83	21
Caithness	28	12	24	7	42	13	44	16	42	6	180	54	28	4	23	3	18	8	30	3	38	5	137	23
Clackmannan	11	5	20	9	27	6	14	3	14	6	86	29	6	4	12	6	12	1	11	4	11	6	52	21
Dumbarton	60	21	57	12	106	25	40	15	37	16	300	89	58	19	51	8	42	25	86	21	81	21	318	94
Dumfries	24	2	27	4	25	5	32	5	68	25	176	41	37	21	45	20	55	27	85	28	89	28	311	124
Edinburgh	268	113	271	138	262	144	261	151	287	164	1,349	710	287	129	255	168	302	164	342	202	429	199	1,615	862
Elgin and Moray	37	12	49	11	35	18	53	8	72	4	246	53	33	8	37	8	70	10	58	5	55	10	253	41
Fife	89	28	135	20	102	28	134	29	120	29	580	134	89	25	72	20	90	17	124	28	127	51	502	141
Forfar	139	57	149	55	167	55	184	53	162	59	801	279	171	67	165	82	156	81	172	78	168	92	832	400
Haddington	17	1	18	3	32	6	17	1	28	6	112	17	21	6	22	11	39	9	43	9	48	10	173	45
Inverness	125	11	106	23	82	26	108	38	156	38	577	136	101	10	118	26	164	30	173	30	123	29	679	125
Kincardine	17	5	23	5	12	3	13	5	24	4	89	22	17	1	12	3	20	1	20	2	23	3	92	10
Kinross	2	2	1	–	5	1	3	–	5	1	16	4	5	1	6	2	6	–	5	2	13	–	35	5
Kirkcudbright	10	1	16	1	6	5	23	5	9	4	64	16	13	2	20	4	20	8	39	6	24	8	116	28
Lanark	472	275	498	249	465	269	514	260	505	256	2,454	1,309	457	290	453	259	411	258	432	245	440	243	2,193	1,295
Linlithgow	91	17	117	18	74	24	68	17	63	28	413	104	62	24	64	19	64	34	56	24	63	25	309	126
Nairn	6	4	13	2	7	2	14	3	6	1	46	12	3	4	9	2	5	–	6	6	14	1	37	13
Orkney and Zetland	1	1	19	13	45	8	68	14	52	15	185	51	43	20	44	10	46	16	49	22	28	6	210	74
Peebles	3	1	6	1	9	–	19	3	20	7	57	12	19	3	12	1	6	1	11	2	12	4	60	11
Perth	57	17	42	7	59	14	80	20	66	22	304	80	59	21	68	23	58	23	74	27	57	22	316	116
Renfrew	121	62	109	92	98	56	151	76	209	99	688	385	164	106	154	107	157	124	199	114	254	97	928	548
Ross and Cromarty	59	13	35	12	32	19	60	15	40	8	226	67	30	8	51	12	43	9	73	13	51	6	248	48
Roxburgh	99	25	92	14	112	14	127	19	153	19	583	91	132	31	121	13	87	20	108	32	99	23	547	119
Selkirk	6	2	16	–	24	3	10	2	9	–	65	7	11	1	5	1	6	–	1	1	1	–	24	3
Stirling	52	16	55	21	70	25	74	27	75	27	326	116	57	39	72	25	93	40	85	34	80	40	387	178
Sutherland	14	2	21	2	9	1	9	–	7	1	60	6	7	7	4	1	3	1	8	2	12	1	34	12
Wigton	42	20	42	18	82	30	44	34	76	36	286	138	52	32	102	25	76	36	82	34	72	37	384	164
TOTAL	2,202	801	2,270	847	2,302	910	2,481	923	2,627	1,003	11,882	4,484	2,256	973	2,306	981	2,402	1,070	2,718	1,064	2,743	1,097	12,425	5,185

COMPARATIVE TABLE, showing the Number of PERSONS COMMITTED for TRIAL or BAILED in each of the last Ten Years, the Total in each of the Two Quinquennial Periods, and the OFFENCES with which the Persons stood Charged.

	OFFENCES.	1866.	1865.	1864.	1863.	1862.	TOTAL of Five Years, 1862–66.	1861.	1860.	1859.	1858.	1857.	TOTAL of Five Years, 1857–61.
No. 1. Offences against the Person.	Murder	12	16	31	24	23	106	22	26	23	22	28	121
	Shooting at, Stabbing, Administering Poison, &c., with intent to murder, maim, &c. (under Statute)	13	12	8	16	22	71	13	8	15	13	9	58
	Culpable Homicide	32	36	39	37	30	174	23	36	26	37	31	153
	Procuring, and attempts to procure, the Miscarriage of Women quick with Child	1	–	–	–	1	2	3	2	2	–	4	11
	Ditto of Women not quick with Child	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	1
	Concealment of Pregnancy	17	20	18	12	17	84	14	16	14	27	15	86
	Sodomy and Bestiality	4	4	4	5	3	20	1	7	2	4	4	18
	Sodomy, Assaults with intent to commit, and other unnatural minor offences	4	10	8	8	10	40	11	9	7	12	3	42
	Rape	23	11	13	19	22	88	9	16	14	24	14	77
	Assaults, with intent to Ravish	39	36	36	37	30	178	42	24	27	31	33	157
	Abduction	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	1
	Bigamy	20	14	13	13	8	68	12	12	9	17	17	67
	Child Stealing	1	–	–	2	–	3	2	1	1	–	–	4
	Assaults	688	702	765	627	736	3,518	593	678	1,001	752	958	3,982
	Assaults on Peace Officers in the Execution of their Duty	30	28	19	22	17	116	15	25	29	17	24	110
	Total of No. 1	884	889	954	822	919	4,468	761	860	1,171	956	1,140	4,888
No. 2. Offences against Property, committed with Violence.	Sacrilege	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Theft by Housebreaking	222	252	278	350	372	1,474	300	232	295	196	286	1,309
	Theft by opening Lockfast Places	32	33	45	43	50	203	47	35	54	38	47	221
	Housebreaking, with intent to Steal	24	15	18	32	28	117	12	16	18	14	15	75
	Violent Invasion of Houses, with intent to commit other high crimes than Theft	3	–	1	–	1	5	5	1	–	–	–	6
	Minor crimes, with intent to commit the above offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	2
	Robbery	42	26	47	60	39	214	37	59	69	58	49	272
	Assaults, with intent to Rob, and demanding Property with Menaces	12	7	12	6	4	41	11	–	3	6	8	28
	Stouthrief	1	–	–	–	–	1	2	–	–	–	2	4
	Sending menacing Letters to extort Money	–	–	–	4	1	5	1	–	–	–	1	2
	Total of No. 2	336	333	401	495	495	2,060	415	343	440	313	408	1,919
No. 3. Offences against Property, committed without Violence.	Cattle Stealing	–	8	4	2	–	14	5	2	4	11	2	24
	Horse Stealing	7	4	3	6	2	22	8	3	10	12	5	38
	Sheep Stealing	23	15	17	16	19	90	14	15	9	15	11	64
	Theft, simple, or not falling under any of the previous or subsequent denominations	1,267	1,366	1,351	1,500	1,599	7,083	1,474	1,485	1,505	1,572	1,740	7,776
	Stealing Goods in Process of Manufacture	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	1	–	2
	Minor Crimes, with intent to Steal	4	–	–	–	1	5	2	1	–	–	–	3
	Embezzlement	33	33	30	30	38	164	33	43	28	35	39	178
	Stealing, &c. Letters, &c. from the Post Office by Servants	1	1	–	3	2	7	5	–	5	1	1	12
	Reset of Theft	52	63	40	78	90	323	89	89	74	48	52	352
	Frauds, and attempts to Defraud	56	63	80	82	90	371	88	94	99	88	93	462
	Total of No. 3	1,443	1,553	1,525	1,717	1,841	8,079	1,719	1,732	1,734	1,783	1,943	8,911

No. 4. Malicious Offences against Property.	Fire-raising (capital unless restricted)	9	11	6	10	8	44	8	7	10	7	5	37
	Setting Fire to Heaths, Furze, and other subjects, where not capital	–	5	1	2	1	9	2	1	–	1	–	4
	Attempts to commit Arson, set Fire to Heaths, &c.	–	–	1	–	–	1	–	–	–	2	–	2
	Rioters feloniously demolishing Buildings, Machinery, &c.	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	5	5
	Destroying Silk, Woollen, Linen, or Cotton Goods, in Process of Manufacture	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Destroying Threshing Machines	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Destroying Trees and Shrubs growing, &c.	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Killing and maiming Cattle	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1
	Sending Letters threatening to burn Houses, &c.	1	3	–	–	–	4	1	1	–	–	–	2
	Other Malicious Offences	52	39	28	41	56	216	36	34	83	37	42	232
	Total of No. 4	62	58	36	53	66	275	47	43	93	47	53	283
No. 5. Forgery and Offences against the Currency.	Forging and uttering Forged Wills and Powers of Attorney for the Transfer of Stock or Receipt of Dividends	–	–	2	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Forging and uttering Forged Bank of England Notes	–	–	–	4	–	4	–	–	–	–	2	2
	Forging and uttering other Forged Instruments	26	43	24	47	41	181	30	46	37	34	30	177
	Having in Possession, &c. Forged Bank of England Notes	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Counterfeiting the current Gold and Silver Coin	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	5	–	5
	Having in Possession, &c. Implements for Coining	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1
	Buying, and putting off Counterfeit Gold and Silver Coin	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Uttering and having in Possession ditto	24	31	36	30	32	153	41	35	54	40	57	227
	Counterfeiting, buying, putting off, and uttering Counterfeit Copper Coin	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Total of No. 5	50	74	62	82	73	341	71	81	91	80	89	412
No. 6. Other Offences not included in the above Classes.	Assembling armed, and to aid Smugglers	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Assaulting and obstructing Officers employed to prevent Smuggling	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Deer Stealing, and feloniously resisting Deerkeepers	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	–	–	–	–	3
	Being out armed, &c. to take Game by Night, taking Game by Night, and assaulting Gamekeepers	16	11	14	21	23	85	9	45	24	28	13	119
	Taking and destroying Fish in enclosed Water	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Being at large under Sentence of Transportation	–	–	–	1	1	2	1	–	–	–	–	1
	Prison-breaking, harbouring and aiding the Escape of Felons	–	–	2	3	–	5	1	3	1	1	–	6
	Perjury and Subornation of Perjury	14	6	9	14	16	59	15	14	12	14	16	71
	Administering unlawful Oaths	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Conspiracy to raise the rate of Wages	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	–	4
	Riot, Breach of the Peace, and Breach of Poindings	89	129	139	107	107	571	97	86	104	128	94	509
	Deforcement and refusing to aid Peace Officers	24	5	2	5	5	41	6	5	14	–	5	30
	Keeping Disorderly Houses	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Indecently exposing the Person	4	1	2	3	4	14	6	5	6	8	4	29
	Hamesucken	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	High Crimes, not included in the above Denominations	18	27	25	37	28	135	27	19	21	44	15	126
	Minor Offences, ditto	63	31	41	44	52	231	51	51	71	66	60	299
	Total of No. 6	228	210	234	235	236	1,143	216	228	253	293	207	1,197
	GRAND TOTAL	3,003	3,117	3,212	3,404	3,630	16,366	3,229	3,287	3,782	3,472	3,840	17,610

COMPARATIVE TABLE, showing the Number of PERSONS COMMITTED for TRIAL or BAILED in each of the last Ten Years, the Total in each of the Two Quinquennial Periods, and the Number in each County separately.

COUNTIES.	1866.	1865.	1864.	1863.	1862.	TOTAL of Five Years, 1862–66.	1861.	1860.	1859.	1858.	1857.	TOTAL of Five Years, 1857–61.
Aberdeen	76	70	76	105	115	442	70	92	99	69	94	424
Argyll	115	102	110	101	107	535	137	127	152	144	166	726
Ayr	93	109	105	101	96	504	89	103	92	120	102	506
Banff	21	21	14	28	31	115	19	34	16	22	19	110
Berwick	48	52	55	47	50	252	38	54	98	72	60	322
Bute	75	65	63	39	45	287	21	21	23	9	20	94
Caithness	40	31	55	60	48	234	32	26	26	33	43	160
Clackmannan	16	29	33	17	20	115	10	18	13	15	17	73
Dumbarton	81	69	131	55	53	389	77	59	67	107	102	412
Dumfries	26	31	30	37	93	217	58	65	82	113	117	435
Edinburgh	381	409	406	412	451	2,059	416	423	466	544	628	2,477
Elgin and Moray	49	60	53	61	76	299	41	45	80	63	65	294
Fife	117	155	130	163	149	714	114	92	107	152	178	643
Forfar	196	204	222	237	221	1,080	238	247	237	250	260	1,232
Haddington	18	21	38	18	34	129	27	33	48	52	58	218
Inverness	136	129	108	146	194	713	111	144	194	203	152	804
Kincardine	22	28	15	18	28	111	18	15	21	22	26	102
Kinross	4	1	6	3	6	20	6	8	6	7	13	40
Kirkcudbright	11	17	11	28	13	80	15	24	28	45	32	144
Lanark	747	747	734	774	761	3,763	747	712	669	677	683	3,488
Linlithgow	108	135	98	85	91	517	86	83	98	80	88	435
Nairn	10	15	9	17	7	58	7	11	5	12	15	50
Orkney and Zetland	2	32	53	82	67	236	63	54	62	71	34	284
Peebles	4	7	9	22	27	69	22	13	7	13	16	71
Perth	74	49	73	100	88	384	80	91	81	101	79	432
Renfrew	183	201	154	227	308	1,073	270	261	281	313	351	1,476
Ross and Cromarty	72	47	51	75	48	293	38	63	52	86	57	296
Roxburgh	124	106	126	146	172	674	163	134	107	140	122	666
Selkirk	8	16	27	12	9	72	12	6	6	2	1	27
Stirling	68	76	95	101	102	442	96	97	133	119	120	565
Sutherland	16	23	10	9	8	66	14	5	4	10	13	46
Wigton	62	60	112	78	112	424	84	127	112	116	109	548
TOTAL	3,003	3,117	3,212	3,404	3,630	16,366	3,229	3,287	3,472	3,782	3,840	17,610

ABSTRACT

OF

TABLES of CRIMINAL OFFENDERS for the Year 1866, reported by Her Majesty's Advocate for *Scotland*, in Terms of the Statute 1 *Gul.* 4, c. 37; with Alterations and Additions, ordered and required by one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, in virtue of the Powers therein contained.

(Presented pursuant to Act of Parliament.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
29 *April* 1867.

238.

Under 3 *oz.*

CONSTABULARY (CORNWALL).

Return to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 22 February 1867;—*for*,

"RETURN, in the Form annexed, of the Cost of the Cornwall Station Houses and Strong Rooms."

Cornwall County Constabulary Station Houses and Strong Rooms.

NAME.	Cost of				Accommodation for			
	Site.	Solicitor's Charges, Stamps, and Parchment.	Buildings, Architect, and Clerk of Works.	Rent (if any).	Number of Men.	Number of Horses.	Number of Carts.	Number of Strong Rooms.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.					
Blue Anchor -	- -	17 4 3	663 1 6	2 *s.* 6 *d.* a year -	4	2	2	2
Bodmin - -	670 14 3	44 15 9	3,665 1 –*	- - -	16	6	8	3
Callington - -	150 – –	43 5 –	1,411 4 –	- - -	6	–	–	2
Camborne - -	- -	57 15 11	102 10 –	90 *l.* a year -	10	2	2	4
Falmouth - -	1,200 – –	31 15 10	361 17 10	- - -	10	–	–	3
Hayle - - -	- -	8 4 6	25 – –	- - -	–	–	–	No station as yet.
Menheniot - -	40 – –	35 17 9	749 15 8½	- - -	4	–	–	2
Padstow - -	271 1 4	25 16 8	371 1 6	2 *l.* a year during one life.	4	–	–	2
Pool - - -	75 – –	26 11 9	735 3 –	8 *s.* a year -	5	–	–	2
St. Austle - -	175 – –	19 18 11	1,152 14 11	- - -	5	–	–	3
St. Cleer - -	30 – –	35 17 9	749 15 8½	- - -	4	–	–	2
St. Columb - -	120 – –	32 4 3	1,116 1 11	- - -	6	–	–	2
St. Germans -	- -	21 8 1	1,260 10 –	5 *l.* a year -	7	2	2	2
Stratton - -	70 – –	21 11 11	1,010 17 1	- - -	5	–	–	2
Torpoint - -	- -	38 12 8	763 2 4	1 *l.* 15 *s.* a year -	4	2	2	2
Tregony - -	95 – –	15 13 10	- -	- - -	–	–	–	No station as yet.
Tywardreath -	- -	25 5 5	490 16 –	10 *l.* a year -	2	–	–	2
Wadebridge - -	- -	41 4 5	1,159 2 6	2 *l.* 2 *s.* a year -	5	–	–	2

* In this Station are the Chief Constable's Offices, Committee-room, Store-room, Deputy Chief Constable's residence, Superintendent of District's residence, accommodation for 14 constables, stables, coach-house, &c.

M. R. Gilberts,
Lieutenant Colonel and C. C. of Cornwall.

CONSTABULARY (CORNWALL).

RETURN of the Cost of the Cornwall Station Houses and Strong Rooms.

(*Mr. Wyld.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
10 *April* 1867.

CONSTABULARY (CORNWALL).

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 7 May 1867;—*for*,

"RETURN of CONSTABLES, HORSES, and CARTS of the CONSTABULARY FORCE in *Cornwall* at Lady-day 1867:—

CONSTABLES.					HORSES.		CARTS.	
Constable's Number.	Name.	Rank and Class.	Married or Single.	Place of Abode.	Number.	Where kept.	Number.	Where kept."

(*Mr. Wyld.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
14 *May* 1867.

RETURN of Constables, Horses, and Carts of the Constabulary Force in *Cornwall* at Lady-day 1867.

Constable's Number.	NAME.	Rank and Class.	Married or Single.	Place of Abode.
	Walter Raleigh Gilbert	Chief Constable	Married	Bodmin.
	John George Vincent	Deputy Chief Constable.	ditto	ditto.
	Alfred Stephens	Superintendent, First Class.	ditto	St. German's.
	Henry Miller	ditto	ditto	Camborne.
	Henry James Complin	ditto	ditto	Truro.
	James Brazier	Superintendent, Second Class.	ditto	Helston.
	George Barnes	ditto	ditto	Bodmin.
	Arthur Thomas Grant	ditto	ditto	St. Stephen's.
	Joseph Ward	Inspector	ditto	Chyandower.
	William Fleet	ditto	ditto	Stratton.
	John Berry Wood	ditto	ditto	Liskeard.
	Edward Marshall	ditto	ditto	St. Austell.
	Thomas Sherston	ditto	ditto	Falmouth.
	Elijah Middle	ditto	ditto	Camelford.
	Henry James James	ditto	ditto	Tywardreath.
	George Pappin	ditto	ditto	St. Columb.
	Joseph Harris	ditto	Widower	Callington.
	William Hotten Grieve	ditto	Single	Wadebridge.
	George Pidduck	Serjeant Major	Married	Bodmin.
	Joseph Opie	Serjeant	ditto	Torpoint.
	Francis Dreadon	ditto	ditto	Camborne.
	Joseph Bowden	ditto	ditto	St. Agnes.
	Frederick West	ditto	ditto	Helston.
	John Newcombe	ditto	Single	Lostwithiel.
	Edmund Currah	ditto	Married	Redruth.
	Joseph Voss	ditto	ditto	Egloskerry.
	Elijah Rosevear	ditto	ditto	Pelynt.
	John Sambells	ditto	ditto	St. Just.
	Nicholas Trenerry	ditto	ditto	Northill.
	Richard Brooks	ditto	ditto	St. Austell.
	James Penberthy	ditto	ditto	Week, St. Mary.
	John Francis Ellis	ditto	ditto	Tregony.
	William Currah	ditto	ditto	Gunnis Lake.
	George Martin	ditto	ditto	St. Kew.
	Joseph Soady	ditto	ditto	Padstow.
	William Davey Williams	ditto	ditto	Lanner.
1	William Francis Harris	Second Class	ditto	Bodmin.
2	John Batten	ditto	Single	St. Ewe.
3	Richard Benny	ditto	ditto	Bodmin.
4	Martin Burton	ditto	Married	St. German's.
5	Henry Kingdon	ditto	ditto	Alternun.
6	John Hacker	ditto	ditto	St. Stephen's.
7	John Hosking	ditto	Single	Redruth.
8	James Benoy	First Class	Married	Delabole.
9	Matthias Hugo	Second Class	ditto	Mellion.
10	George Allen	ditto	ditto	Mawgan.
11	Lewis Jewell	ditto	ditto	Portreath.
12	Edmund Julian	ditto	ditto	Trelights.
13	John Coombe	First Class	ditto	Bodmin.
14	Richard Corey	ditto	ditto	Bude.
15	Robert Ebbett	Second Class	Single	Bodmin.
16	Nicholas Doidge	ditto	ditto	Gunnis Lake.
17	William Voisey	ditto	Married	Paul.
18	John Minear	ditto	ditto	St. Cleer.
19	John Worth	ditto	Single	Bodmin.
20	Richard Bone	First Class	Married	Landrake.
21	John Armstrong	Second Class	Single	St. Stephen's.
22	John Tonkyn	ditto	Married	Tregony.
23	William Henry Blatchford	ditto	Single	Redruth.
24	Henry Mitchell	First Class	Married	Gambridge.
25	John Quarm	ditto	ditto	St. Mawes.
26	Richard Richards	Second Class	Single	Padstow.
27	Elias Hockaday	ditto	ditto	St. Columb.
28	Jonas Abrams	ditto	ditto	St. John's.
29	Peter Spry	ditto	Married	St. Wenn.
30	Charles Hill	ditto	ditto	Tywardreath.
31	William Heller	First Class	ditto	Blisland.
32	Thomas Bolitho	Second Class	Single	Calstock.

RETURN of Constables, Horses, and Carts of the Constabulary Force in *Cornwall* at Lady-day 1867—*continued*.

Constable's Number.	NAME.	Rank and Class.	Married or Single.	Place of Abode.
33	Pascoe Deacon	Second Class	Single	St. Just.
34	Jonathan Chapman	- ditto	Married	Camborne.
35	Richard Trezise	- ditto	Single	St. Just.
36	Samuel Doidge	First Class	Married	Mevagissey.
37	John Brown	Second Class	ditto	Carharrack.
38	William Palmer	- ditto	Single	Liskeard.
39	Henry Con Moyle	- ditto	Married	Pool.
40	William Pomeroy	First Class	ditto	Calstock.
41	James Thomas Byers	- ditto	ditto	Four Lanes.
42	Richard Barber	Second Class	ditto	Mullion.
43	Abraham Whiting	First Class	ditto	Boscastle.
44	Thomas Rickard	Second Class	ditto	Trewen.
45	William Joseph Harris	- ditto	Single	St. Austell.
46	Samuel Bowden	- ditto	Married	Falmouth.
47	Robert Bickle	- ditto	ditto	Camelford.
48	Charles Gigg	First Class	ditto	Phillack.
49	Richard Nicholls	- ditto	ditto	Newquay.
50	Simon Warne	Second Class	Single	Ruan Minor.
51	John Harris	First Class	Married	Pool.
52	William Rundle	- ditto	ditto	St. Blazey.
53	James Drewett	Second Class	ditto	St. Day.
54	Samuel Mercer	- ditto	Single	Cawsand.
55	John Thomas	- ditto	Married	Southpetherwin.
56	William Hitchens	First Class	ditto	Flushing.
57	George Guy	- ditto	ditto	Constantine.
58	Aaron Dingle	Second Class	ditto	Sennen.
59	James Williams	First Class	ditto	Praize.
60	Richard Oliver	Second Class	Single	Heamoor.
61	Samuel Chamings	First Class	Married	St. Cleer.
62	William Retallick	Second Class	Single	Hayle.
63	James Merrifield	First Class	Married	Newlyn.
64	Samuel Pengilley	- ditto	ditto	Marazion.
65	William Pearce	- ditto	ditto	Newlyn.
66	William Worth	Second Class	ditto	Stokeclimsland.
67	James Varcoe	- ditto	ditto	Probus.
68	George Colenso	First Class	ditto	Glynn.
69	Robert Nicholls	Second Class	ditto	Lerrin.
70	Thomas Cruse	- ditto	Single	Devoran.
71	John Lyle	- ditto	Married	Camborne.
72	John Doidge	First Class	ditto	Lanivet.
73	Bennett Tallack	Second Class	Single	Camborne.
74	James Pooley Carlyon	- ditto	Married	Bojewyan.
75	James King	First Class	ditto	Kilkhampton.
76	James Rickard	Second Class	Single	Camborne.
77	Thomas Butler	- ditto	Married	Torpoint.
78	Samuel Truscott	- ditto	ditto	Warbstow.
79	Thomas Wenmouth	First Class	Single	Falmouth.
80	James Rickard	- ditto	Married	Michell.
81	William Bate	Second Class	Single	St. Stephen's.
82	Thomas Hall	- ditto	Married	Wall.
83	Richard Lobb	- ditto	Single	Bodmin.
84	William McLean	- ditto	ditto	Bodmin.
85	James Goodman	- ditto	Married	Blue Anchor.
86	John Kite	First Class	ditto	St. Columb.
87	Sampson Sandercock	Second Class	ditto	Menheniot.
88	William Beare	- ditto	Single	Bodmin.
89	Joseph Pascoe	First Class	Married	Lelant.
90	Thomas Rice	Second Class	ditto	Roche.
91	Richard Bant	- ditto	Single	Falmouth.
92	James Rowse	- ditto	Married	Fowey.
93	Joseph White	- ditto	Single	Boyton.
94	Edward Guy	First Class	Married	Chacewater.
95	Thomas Allen	Second Class	ditto	Jacobstow.
96	James Philp	First Class	ditto	Biscovey.
97	Charles Bellew	Second Class	Single	Truro.
98	George Soloman	- ditto	Married	Antony.
99	William Smale	First Class	ditto	Bodmin.
100	Thomas Tilley	Second Class	ditto	Stratton.
101	Francis Cornelius	- ditto	ditto	Blackwater.
102	John Hitchens	- ditto	ditto	Breage.
103	John Thomas	First Class	ditto	Truro.
104	Samuel Harris	Second Class	Single	Zelah.
105	Henry Thomas	- ditto	ditto	Tintagel.
106	Jabez Darley	- ditto	ditto	St. Keverne.

RETURN of Constables, Horses, and Carts of the Constabulary Force in *Cornwall* at Lady-day 1867—*continued.*

Constable's Number.	NAME.	Rank and Class.	Married or Single.	Place of Abode.
107	Richard Ham	First Class	Married	West Looe.
108	John Puckey	Second Class	ditto	Veryan.
109	Joseph Bassett	ditto	Single	St. Issey.
110	Thomas Gunnroe	ditto	Married	Porkerris.
111	Henry Richards	ditto	Single	St. German's.
112	James Rowe	ditto	Married	Callington.
113	Thomas Ackland	First Class	ditto	Cawsand.
114	Thomas Sambells	ditto	ditto	Relubbus.
115	George Pope	Second Class	Single	Charlestown.
116	John Gilbert	ditto	ditto	Bodmin.
117	Richard Brown	ditto	ditto	Padstow.
118	William Williams	First Class	Married	Bolingey.
119	Henry Mutton	Second Class	ditto	St. Austell.
120	Samuel Warren	ditto	ditto	St. Minver.
121	Thomas Carter	ditto	Single	Bodmin.
122	William Baker	ditto	Married	Nancledra.
123	William Williams	ditto	ditto	Trespin.
124	John Treleaven	ditto	Single	St. Just.
125	John Pinch	ditto	ditto	Bodmin.
126	John Leigh	ditto	Married	Burraton.
127	William Henry Harry	ditto	Single	Redruth.
128	Richard Pappin	First Class	Married	Lawhitton.
129	James Truran	Second Class	ditto	Luxulyan.
130	Charles Colenso	ditto	ditto	Wadebridge.
131	William Brock	First Class	ditto	Menheniot.
132	John Lukes	Second Class	Single	Linkinhorne.
133	William Blewett	ditto	ditto	Bodmin.
134	John Lewarne	First Class	Married	ditto.
135	Thomas Dyer	Second Class	Single	ditto.
136	John Guy	First Class	Married	Saltash.
137	John H. Buddle	Second Class	ditto	St. Columb.
138	John Bishop Cole	First Class	ditto	Lewanick.
139	William Beckerlegg	ditto	ditto	Polruan.
140	William John Barker	Second Class	Single	Perranwell.
141	Stephen Hawke	First Class	Married	Grampound.
142	Joshua Arthur	Second Class	ditto	St. Buryan.
143	John Westlake	First Class	Single	Bodmin Land.
144	James Paddock	ditto	Married	Crowlas.
145	John Willcocks	Second Class	Single	Helston.
146	James Berryman	ditto	ditto	Gerrans.
147	Richard Williams	ditto	ditto	Ponsnooth.
148	Abraham Opie	ditto	Married	Bodmin.
149	Thomas Bray	ditto	Single	Bugle.
150	John Cocking	ditto	ditto	Whitstone.
151	George Timmins	ditto	Married	Stithians.
152	John George	ditto	ditto	Mawnan.
153	James Ede	ditto	Single	Truro.
154	Thomas Blatchford	ditto	ditto	Falmouth.
155	Richard Dawe	First Class	Married	St. Mabyn.
156	Richard Landry	Second Class	ditto	Lanteglos.
157	William Henry Meagor	ditto	Single	St. Columb.

HORSES.		CARTS.	
Number.	Where kept.	Number.	Where kept.
3	Bodmin	2	Bodmin.
1	Helston	1	Helston.
2	St. Stephen's	1	St. Stephen's.
2	St. German's	1	St. German's.
1	Camborne	1	Camborne.
2	Truro	2	Truro.

Cornwall Constabulary,
25 March 1867.

W. R. Gilbert, Lieut. Colonel,
and C. C. of Cornwall.

CONSTABULARY (CORNWALL).

RETURN of Constables, Horses, and Carts of the Constabulary Force in *Cornwall* at Lady-day 1867.

(*Mr. Wyld.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
14 *May* 1867.

Under 1 *oz.*

773

CONSTABULARY (DEVON AND SOMERSET).

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 1 March 1867;—*for*,

"RETURN, in the Form annexed, for each of the Counties of *Devon* and *Somerset*, of the COST of the several STATION HOUSES and STRONG ROOMS:—

Name.	Cost of				Accommodation for			
	Site.	Solicitor's Charges in full.	Buildings, Architect, and Clerk of Works.	Rent (if any.)	Number of Men.	Number of Horses.	Number of Carts.	Number of Strong Rooms.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.				

(*Mr. Kendall.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
10 *April* 1867.

COUNTY OF DEVON.

RETURN of the Cost of the several Station Houses and Strong Rooms, together with the Accommodation in each for Men, Horses, and Carts.

NAME.	Cost of				Accommodation for			
	Site.	Solicitor's Charges in Full.	Buildings, Architect, and Clerk of Works.	Rent (if any).	Number of Men.	Number of Horses.	Number of Carts.	Number of Strong Rooms.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.				
Head Quarters	- -	- -	- -	40 - -	1	-	-	-
Axminster*	235 - -	7 4 1	485 14 -	- -	3	-	-	2
Ashburton	130 - -	6 7 2	546 1 -	- -	2	-	-	2
Bampton	305 - -	10 17 8	121 1 -	- -	2	-	-	2
Barnstaple	- -	2 5 8	103 11 9	- -	1	-	-	3
Brixham	- -	5 12 7	8 8 -	37 10 -	3	-	-	2
Braunton	- -	6 15 -	- -	12 - -	2	-	-	2
Bucks Cross	- -	3 - -	- -	10 - -	1	-	-	2
Bideford†	- -	- -	- -	† 8 - -	-	-	-	-
Chulmleigh	55 - -	19 1 9	450 14 6	- -	2	-	-	2
Cullompton*	650 - -	20 - 4	111 14 8	- -	2	-	-	3
Crediton*	160 - -	10 8 11	510 4 8	- -	4	-	-	2
Honiton*	175 - -	14 11 8	679 14 -	- -	3	2	1	3
Holsworthy*	162 - -	5 5 6	498 15 4	- -	2	-	-	2
Hatherleigh*	50 - -	8 1 -	437 - 4	- -	2	-	-	2
Ilfracombe	300 - -	10 12 10	167 12 -	- -	2	-	-	2
Jump	- given -	9 2 2	635 5 -	- -	2	-	-	2
Kingsbridge	- -	4 14 -	- -	25 - -	1	-	-	2
Lifton*	- -	2 14 4	- -	35 - -	2	-	-	2
Moretonhampstead	150 - -	8 - 6	185 1 -	- -	2	-	-	2
North Tawton	50 - -	8 5 4	462 8 6	- -	2	-	-	2
Newton Abbott	- -	- -	- -	26 - -	1	-	-	2
Ottery St. Mary	357 - -	31 5 11	232 11 6	- -	3	-	-	3
Parracombe	20 - -	17 1 10	339 16 -	- -	2	-	-	2
Plympton St. Mary	160 - -	- -	476 11 -	- -	2	-	-	2
Princetown	3 10 -	8 14 8	330 1 -	- -	1	-	-	2
Stonehouse*	15 - -	10 10 -	2,014 8 6	- -	6	-	-	10
Southmolton	42 - -	10 16 11	363 2 -	- -	1	-	-	2
Sidmouth	160 - -	15 7 8	312 10 6	- -	2	-	-	3
St. Thomas	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	-	-	-	2
Teignmouth	525 - -	13 5 8	- -	- -	4	-	-	3
Torquay	- -	- -	- -	25 - -	-	-	-	4
Tavistock	- -	3 - -	- -	50 - -	5	-	-	5
Torrington†	- -	- -	- -	† 4 - -	-	-	-	-
Witheridge	50 - -	6 5 2	432 1 -	- -	1	-	-	2
Woodbury*	40 - -	9 15 8	595 6 8	- -	2	-	-	2
Yealmpton*	- given -	6 16 6	307 7 4	- -	1	-	-	2
TOTAL	3,794 10 -	296 - 6	10,807 1 3	277 10 -	72	2	1	87

* In these cases a large room for holding Petty Sessions, with retiring rooms, &c., for the Justices, has been constructed in connection with the Station House, for the cost of which one-third has been deducted in the column under the head of "Building, &c.," and has been defrayed out of the county rate proper, and not out of the police rate.

† This sum is paid to the borough authorities for the use of their cells as required.

Geralddy Hamilton, Chief Constable of Devon.

COUNTY OF SOMERSET.

RETURN showing the Cost of the several Station Houses and Strong Rooms, together with the Accommodation in each for Men, Horses, and Carts.

No.	Stations Alphabetically Arranged.	Cost of				Accomodation for			
		Site.	Solicitor's Charges in full.	Buildings, Architect, and Clerk of the Works.	Rent (if any).	Number of Men.	Number of Horses.	Number of Carts.	Number of Strong Rooms.
		£. s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.				
1	Axbridge	100 – –	13 10 7	1,641 6 1	– – –	4	2	1	3
2	Crewkerne	500 – –	– – –	400 – –	– – –	3	–	–	3
3	Dulverton	210 – –	11 12 –	472 1 –	– – –	2	–	–	2
4	Dunster	113 13 –	41 16 5	1,792 3 10	– – –	4	2	1	3
5	Frome	75 – –	49 4 2	2,027 13 2	– – –	9	1	1	4
6	Glastonbury (Head Quarters)	2,000 – –	– – –	1,925 11 1	– – –	13	2	2	–
7	Ilminster	1,020 – –	31 3 10	308 1 3	– – –	5	2	1	3
8	Keynsham	75 – –	28 9 1	1,532 10 11	– – –	2	–	–	2
9	Long Ashton	– – –	69 12 8	1,938 15 11	– – –	4	2	1	3
10	Shepton Mallett	100 – –	35 1 –	1,660 18 9	– – –	4	–	–	3
11	Somerton	500 – –	15 9 10	666 12 6	– – –	3	2	1	3
12	Taunton	250 – –	35 19 3	1,380 17 11	– – –	11	2	1	3
13	Temple Cloud	60 – –	46 – 1	1,932 15 –	– – –	4	2	1	4
14	Wellington	44 – –	21 10 7	509 8 –	– – –	2	–	–	2
15	Weston Bath	100 8 6	– – –	2,157 8 9	– – –	4	2	1	4
16	Williton	101 13 4	66 16 2	1,399 3 –	– – –	4	2	1	3
17	Wincanton	100 – –	30 13 6	1,360 9 9	– – –	3	2	1	3
18	Wiveliscombe	80 – –	28 6 8	661 13 –	– – –	2	2	1	2
19	Yeovil	– – –	– – –	109 1 6	30 – –	2	2	1	3
	Totals	5,429 14 10	525 5 10	23,876 11 5	30 – –	85	27	15	53

John Goold, Chief Constable.

CONSTABULARY (DEVON AND SOMERSET).

RETURN for each of the Counties of *Devon* and *Somerset*, of the Cost of the several Station Houses and Strong Rooms.

(*Mr. Kendall.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
10 *April* 1867.

222.

Under 1 *oz.*

METROPOLITAN POLICE.

1866.

ACCOUNTS

SHOWING THE

SUMS RECEIVED AND EXPENDED

FOR THE PURPOSES OF THE

METROPOLITAN POLICE, POLICE SUPERANNUATION FUND,

PUBLIC CARRIAGES, AND POLICE COURTS,

In the Year ended the 31st December 1866.

(PRESENTED PURSUANT TO ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
26 *March* 1867.

1.—AN ACCOUNT of the RECEIPT and EXPENDITURE for the Service

			£. s. d.
To Balance on the 1st January 1866			104,644 18 3
	Amount received from Parishes. £. s. d.	Amount received from Her Majesty's Treasury. £. s. d.	
To Receipts on Rate Warrants issued during the Year 1866, the particulars of which are detailed according to the provisions of the 20th section of the Act 10 Geo. 4, c. 44, in Appendix (A.), pages	383,133 16 5	117,519 6 1	500,653 2 6
To Receipts out of the Vote of Parliament, per Act 2 & 3 Vict. c. 47, and 17 & 18 Vict. c. 94; viz.:			
1st.—To defray the increased Charge of the Metropolitan Police, arising from the addition of the duties of the Horse Patrol and Thames Police	- - -	20,000 - -	
2d.—To defray the Charge of Superannuation Allowances to Officers and Constables, late of the Bow-street Foot Patrol and Thames Police	- - -	2,000 - -	22,000 - -
To Amounts issued out of the Vote of Parliament for the Salaries of the Commissioners, and two Assistant Commissioners of Police, under the authority of the Acts 17 & 18 Vict. c. 94, and 19 Vict. c. 2, s. 3	- - -	3,100 - -	3,100 - -
To Amount issued out of the Vote of Parliament for the Salary of the Receiver, under the Acts 2 & 3 Vict. c. 71, s. 9, and 17 & 18 Vict. c. 94	- - -	1,000 - -	1,000 - -
To Amounts issued out of the Vote of Parliament to defray the Charge of Superannuation Allowances to Clerks, &c. under the authority of the 2 & 3 Vict. c. 47, and 17 & 18 Vict. c. 94	- - -	2,013 15 -	2,013 15 -
Total Sum received from the Parishes and the Treasury respectively, in the Year 1866 - - £.	383,109 9 5	145,633 1 1	
Receipts carried forward - - - £.			633,411 15 9

of the METROPOLITAN POLICE, in the Year ended 31st December 1866.

By Expenditure, under the following Heads:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
I.—OFFICE EXPENSES:			
By Salaries and Allowances, Commissioner's Office:			
One Commissioner, at £. 1,500 per annum	1,500 – –		
An Allowance to ditto for House-rent	305 – –		
An Allowance to ditto for keep of a Horse, at £. 63 per annum	63 – –		
Two Assistant Commissioners, at £. 800 per annum each	1,600 – –		
Six Clerks, at Salaries varying from £. 90 to £. 490 per annum; remainder of their Salaries, amounting to £. 175, charged to Public Carriage Department (*vide* p. 9)	1,109 8 4		
Seventeen Police Officers employed as Assistant Clerks, pay and allowances varying from £. 54. 12. to £. 175 per annum	1,532 18 –		
		6,110 6 4	
– Salaries and Allowances, Receiver's Office:			
One Receiver, at £. 1,000 per annum	1,000 – –		
An Allowance to ditto, for keep of a Horse, at £. 63 per annum	63 – –		
Six Clerks, at Salaries varying from £. 90 to £. 550 per annum; the remainder of the Salaries (£. 60) charged to Public Carriage Account (*vide* p. 9); and one Assistant Clerk at £. 170 per annum, including £. 65 received as Collector, under the head of Dangerous Structures	1,685 4 6		
One Surveyor, at £. 350 per annum; the remainder of his Salary (£. 200) charged under the head of Dangerous Structures (*vide* p. 7), and one Assistant ditto, at £. 170. 10. per annum	520 4 6		
One Clerk of the Works, at £. 225 per annum	225 – –		
One Storekeeper, at £. 150 per annum	150 – –		
One Assistant ditto, at £. 91 per annum	91 – –		
Two Tailors, and one Assistant Tailor, at £. 1. 10. per week each	325 1 –		
		4,059 10 –	
– Pay of Office-keeper	135 5 10		
An Allowance for Six Charwomen and One Man	218 6 11		
		348 12 9	
– Office Rent, Taxes, Repairs, &c.:			
Rent of Nos. 4 and 5, Whitehall-place, and Great Scotland-Yard	740 15 6		
Rates and Taxes of ditto	128 16 7		
Furniture and Repairs	237 18 –		
		1,107 10 1	
– Fuel and Light:			
Coals	68 8 –		
Oil and Gas	76 3 8		
		144 11 8	
– Books, Printing, and Stationery		3,076 4 2	
– Stamps		15 – –	
– Postage		318 4 5	
– Travelling Expenses, Cab-hire, &c.		176 4 8	
– Newspapers and Advertisements		175 12 10	
– Washing Towels, sweeping Chimneys, cleaning Offices, and other small Contingencies		210 5 11	
			15,742 2 10
II.—LAW CHARGES:			
By Payments for Criminal Prosecutions, drawing Leases, &c.			238 18 10
Payments carried forward			£. 15,981 1 8

1.—An Account of the Receipt and Expenditure for the Service of the - - - - -

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Receipts brought forward - -	- - -	633,411 15 9
To Amounts received for Special Services of the Police:	£. s. d.	
At Osborne House, Isle of Wight - - - - -	206 16 3	
– Board of Trade, Geological Museum - - -	272 9 3	
– Ditto - - - Museum of Science and Art - -	2,551 12 1	
– Ditto - - - Office for the Registry of Merchant Seamen - - - - - -	104 14 5	
– Ditto - - - National Portrait Gallery, South Kensington - - - - -	168 2 4	
– British Museum - - - - - - - - -	1,218 17 8	
– Commissioners of Works, Houses of Parliament -	1,394 19 11	
– Ditto - - - Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew -	34 7 10	
– Ditto - - - Royal Pleasure Gardens, Kew -	175 15 5	
– Ditto - - - Lord Chancellor's Entrance (House of Lords) - - - - - -	137 17 6	
– Ditto - - - Chelsea College - - - -	212 18 11	
– Ditto - - - Chelsea Bridge - - - -	206 16 3	
– Ditto - - - Hampton Court Palace - -	426 8 3	
– Ditto - - - Kennington Park - - -	206 16 3	
– Ditto - - - Westminster Bridge - - -	209 16 3	
– Ditto - - - Bushy Park - - - -	32 4 –	
– Custom House - - - - - - - - -	760 – –	
– Greenwich Hospital - - - - - - -	331 3 9	
– Ditto - Park - - - - - - - -	21 13 4	
– Gresham House - - - - - - - -	10 7 –	
– Great Seal Office - - - - - - - -	252 7 6	
– India Office - - - - - - - - -	137 17 6	
– Ditto - Museum - - - - - - - -	293 12 7	
– Ditto - Store - - - - - - - -	419 12 6	
– Ditto - Hospital - - - - - - - -	49 1 6	
– Inland Revenue - - - - - - - -	1,372 8 6	
– Ditto - - - Checking Duty on Metropolitan Stage Carriages - - -	507 6 7	
– National Gallery, Trafalgar-square - - - -	522 17 5	
– Ditto - - - South Kensington - - -	148 16 –	
– National Portrait Gallery - - - - - -	23 1 8	
– Patent Museum - - - - - - - -	71 10 9	
Receipts carried forward - - - £.	12,482 9 2	- - - 633,411 15 9

METROPOLITAN POLICE, in the Year ended the 31st December 1866—*continued.*

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Payments brought forward - - -	- - -	15,981 1 8
III.—PAY, CLOTHING, AND EQUIPMENT OF THE POLICE FORCE:		
By Salaries of Superintendents of Police:	£. s. d.	
One Superintendent, at £. 325 per annum - - -	325 - -	
21 Superintendents, at £. 250 per annum each -	4,994 7 11	5,319 7 11
- Pay of Inspectors, Sergeants, and Constables [*see* Numbers and Rates of Pay in Appendix (B.) page 17] - - - - - - - - - - -		392,548 14 11
- Extra Duty Pay - - - - - - - - - - -		928 6 10
- Clothing of all kinds - - - - - - - - - -		28,716 2 1
- Truncheons, Rattles, Swords, Belts, &c. - - - - - - -		233 2 -
		427,745 13 9
IV.—MEDICAL AND FUNERAL EXPENSES:		
By Salaries of Superintending Surgeon (£. 500), and 82 District Surgeons, varying from £. 2 to £. 84 per annum - - - - - - - -		2,304 11 2
- Medical Attendance, Medicines, &c., for Destitute Prisoners, and for Poor Persons in cases of Accident in Public Thoroughfares - - - -		1,580 - 4
- Funeral Expenses of 54 Constables - - - - - - - -		285 16 10
		4,170 8 4
V.—HORSES, VANS, &c.:		
By Purchase of (64) Horses - - - - - - - - - -		1,935 - -
- Forage (253 Horses, including 32 for Van Service) - - - - - - - -		6,838 18 2
- Saddlery, Farriery, and Stable Contingencies (£. 87. 4. 8. received for Stable Dung, deducted) - - - - - - - - - - - -		1,364 19 9
- Purchase and Repairs of Vans - - - - - - - - -		412 19 6
		10,551 17 5
VI.—POLICE STATIONS AND SECTION HOUSES:		
By Erection and Purchase of Premises - - - - - - - - -		18,332 6 1
- Rent of Stations and Section Houses (Lodging Money received in aid of this Service, charged per contra) - - - - - - - - - - - -		7,845 2 9
- Rates and Taxes - - - - - - - - - - - -		3,258 12 1
- Furniture and Fixtures purchased - - - - - - - - -		2,379 7 6
- Repairs and Alterations of Premises - - - - - - - - -		3,720 2 5
- Cleaning Stations - - - - - - - - - - -		2,787 10 8
- Turners' Wares, Soap and Candles, sweeping Chimneys, Travelling Expenses, &c. of the Surveyors in visiting Stations, and other incidental Charges -		1,661 10 3
		39,984 11 9
VII.—FUEL AND LIGHT:		
By Coals supplied to Constables, and for Police Stations - - - -		6,462 12 11
- Gas (£. 2,932. -. 11.) and Gas Fittings (£. 500. 6. 11.) - - - -		3,432 7 10
- Oil, and Cleaning, Trimming, and Repairing Police Lanterns - - -		4,671 16 5
		14,566 16 2
VIII.—MISCELLANEOUS:		
By Refreshments supplied to Destitute Prisoners, searching Female Prisoners, washing Towels, posting Police Notices, and other Contingencies, paid by Superintendents of Police - - - - - - - - - -		651 19 6
- Extraordinary Expenses, incurred in the Pursuit of, Apprehension, and Conveyance of Prisoners - - - - - - - - - - -		3,882 19 4
- Expenses and Allowances on special occasions, and on Duties out of the District (£. 1,638. 9. 7. received in aid of this Service, charged per contra) - -		5,611 16 9
- Building and Repairs of Boat - - - - - - - - - -		213 7 1
		10,360 2 8
Payments carried forward - - - £.		523,360 11 9

1.—An Account of the Receipt and Expenditure for the Service of the - - - -

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Receipts brought forward - - -	12,482 9 2	- - -	633,411 15 9
To Amounts received for Special Services of the Police—*cont*^{d}.			
At Post Office - - - - - - - - -	349 7 –		
– Record Office - - - - - - - -	409 11 10		
– Poor Law Board - - - - - - - -	412 10 –		
– Stationery Office - - - - - - - -	212 16 3		
– Westminster County Court - - - - -	68 18 9		
– Whitechapel - ditto - - - - - -	68 18 9		
– War Office - - - - - - - - -	10 2 8		
– Treasury: Houses of Parliament - - - -	428 10 –		
		14,443 4 5	
From Public Companies and Private Individuals - - - - -		6,204 4 5	
– Theatres - - - - - - - - - - - - -		257 17 2	
– Reimbursement of Expenses incurred by the Police on special occasions - - - - - - - - - - - -		1,761 – 1	
To Amounts received for the Conveyance of Prisoners:	£. s. d.		
In the Greenwich and Woolwich Van - - - -	126 11 6		
– Hammersmith Van - - - - - - -	34 12 –		
– Surrey Van - - - - - - - -	500 – –		
– Wandsworth Van - - - - - - -	3 18 6		
		665 2 –	
To Stoppages from the Pay of the Police Force for Lodging - - - -		6,271 13 5	
– Assessments on Police Constables for the Repair of Clothing - - -		4 9 4	
– Proceeds of the Sale of Cast Horses - - - - - - - - -		19 – –	
– Miscellaneous Receipts - - - - - - - - - - -		287 4 –	
– Admiralty: Services of the Police in Her Majesty's Yards - - - -		40,743 12 11	
– War Office: Services of the Police at Her Majesty's Military Stations - -		11,000 – –	
– Amounts received from the Owners of Dangerous Structures - - - -		477 9 3	
			82,134 17 –
		£.	715,546 12 9

- - - METROPOLITAN POLICE, in the Year ended the 31st December 1866—*continued.*

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Payments brought forward - - -	- - -	523,360 11 9
IX.—RETIRED ALLOWANCES, &c.:		
By Retired Allowances to Officers and Constables, late of the Bow-street Patrol, Horse Patrol, and Thames Police (46 on the List on the 31st Dec. 1866)	1,989 17 8	
– Pensions and Allowances to Widows and Children of Police Constables who have died from Injuries received in the Execution of their Duty, per Act 24 & 25 Vict. c. 124, s. 6 - - - - - - - - - - -	221 19 9	
– Retired Allowances to Persons formerly in the Commissioner's and Receiver's Offices - - - - - - - - - - - -	2,191 12 10	
– Contributions to make good the Deficiency of the Police Superannuation Fund, per Act 20 & 21 Vict. c. 64, s. 15 - - - - - - -	42,157 15 7	
		46,561 5 10
X.—HER MAJESTY'S YARDS:		
By Salaries of Superintendents of Police (one Superintending Superintendent at £. 600 per annum, four at £. 200 per annum each, and one at £. 150, the remainder of their Salaries charged to Military Stations) - - -	1,337 7 11	
– Pay of Inspectors, Sergeants, and Constables - - - - - -	32,721 11 10	
– Clothing to Inspectors, Sergeants, and Constables - - - - -	2,327 5 5	
– Medical and Funeral Expenses - - - - - - - -	31 5 3	
– Expenses under "Contagious Diseases Act" - - - - - -	151 5 4	
– Fuel and Light - - - - - - - - - - - -	217 10 4	
– Contingent Expenses - - - - - - - - - - -	801 7 5	
– Extraordinary Expenses - - - - - - - - - - -	258 14 8	
– Conveyance of Prisoners - - - - - - - - - - -	661 12 8	
– Contributions towards the Police Superannuation Fund - - - -	732 5 1	
– Miscellaneous Charges, including General Superintendence - - -	233 8 4	
– Pensions and Allowances to Widows and Children - - - - -	5 17 –	
– Rewards - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	67 6 9	
		39,546 18 –
XI.—MILITARY STATIONS:		
By Salaries of Superintendents of Police, in addition to the Salaries received by them under the head of Her Majesty's Yards - - - - - -	195 – –	
– Pay of Inspectors, Sergeants, and Constables - - - - - -	9,607 – 3	
– Clothing of all kinds to Inspectors, Sergeants, and Constables - - -	719 4 7	
– Medical Attendance - - - - - - - - - - - -	23 17 6	
– Fuel and Light - - - - - - - - - - - -	128 – 9	
– Contingent Expenses - - - - - - - - - - -	84 19 2	
– Extraordinary Expenses - - - - - - - - - - -	22 2 11	
– Contributions towards the Police Superannuation Fund - - - -	241 7 1	
– Miscellaneous Charges, including General Superintendence - - -	74 7 11	
– Expenses under "Contagious Diseases Act" - - - - - -	70 – 11	
		11,166 1 1
XII.—DANGEROUS STRUCTURES:		
By Salaries of one Surveyor at £. 200 per annum, in addition to the Salary of £. 350 received by him under the head of Receiver's Office (*vide* p. 3), and one Assistant Surveyor at £. 325 per annum - - - - - - -	511 11 2	
– One Collector at £. 65 per annum, in addition to the Salary received by him under the head of Receiver's Office (*vide* p. 3) - - - - - -	65 – –	
– One Inspector at £. 140. 11. 5. and one Sergeant at £. 90. 7. 7. per annum - - - - - - - - - - - -	230 19 –	
– Hoarding and Shoring - - - - - - - - - - -	241 1 6	
– Travelling Expenses - - - - - - - - - - -	135 17 1	
		1,184 8 9
XIII.—REPAYMENTS:		
By Excess of Police Rate paid by the Parish of St. Margaret and St. John, Westminster, on account of the Westminster Improvements, and paid over to Her Majesty's Commissioners of Works, pursuant to Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 31, s. 39 - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - -	877 4 –
TOTAL Sum paid for the METROPOLITAN POLICE in the Year 1866 -	- - £.	622,696 19 5
By Balances remaining on the 31st December 1866, viz.:—		
On the Receiver's Supply Account at the Bank of England - -	89,985 16 10	
On the Receiver's Drawing Account at the Branch Bank of England	896 3 7	
On Office Cash - - - - - - - - - - - -	81 5 6	
Imprests to be accounted for - - - - - - - - -	1,886 17 5	
		92,850 3 4
	£.	715,546 12 9

2.—AN ACCOUNT of the RECEIPTS and PAYMENTS on account of the POLICE in the Year ended

RECEIPTS.	—	AMOUNT.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
To Stoppages from the Salaries and Pay of the Police in the Year 1866, viz.:		
Deductions on account of the Police Superannuation Fund	8,199 16 5	
Stoppages during Sickness	3,629 – 4	
Fines on Police Constables for Misconduct	338 7 4	
		12,167 4 1
To Fines imposed by Magistrates on Drunken Persons, and for Assaults on Police Constables, levied at Police Courts, &c., and paid over to the Receiver, in the Year 1866	– – –	3,054 12 –
To the Proceeds of the Sale of Old Police Clothing	– – –	1,199 3 1
To Contributions from the General Fund of the Metropolitan Police, to cover the deficiency of the Police Superannuation Fund, to the 31st December 1866, per Act 20 & 21 Vict. c. 64, s. 15	– – –	42,157 15 7
To Contributions from the Admiralty and War Departments in aid of the above Fund	– – –	731 9 1
To Contributions from Public Departments, Public Companies, and Private Individuals, to meet the charges of Superannuations and Gratuities of Men specially employed, viz.:		
Public Departments	1,463 5 9	
Public Companies and Private Individuals	801 17 9	
Theatres	58 16 2	
		2,323 19 8
	£.	61,634 3 6

3.—AN ACCOUNT of the RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURE for the Service of the

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
To Balance on the 1st January 1866	– – –	412 10 5
To Amount received from Her Majesty's Inland Revenue, under the authority of the Act 6 & 7 Vict. c. 86, s. 6; and 16 & 17 Vict. c. 32, s. 19	– – –	12,100 – –
To Stoppages from the Pay of Public Carriage Attendants in the Year 1866; viz.		
Stoppages during Sickness	114 13 –	
Fines for Misconduct	26 11 10	
		141 4 10
To Miscellaneous Receipts	– – –	161 14 10
To Amount received from the Commissioners of Police of the Metropolis on account of Licenses issued, &c.	– – –	3,786 16 –
To Unclaimed Rewards	– – –	32 11 3
	£.	16,634 17 4

SUPERANNUATION FUND (Established by the 22nd Section of the Act 2 & 3 Vict. c. 47), the 31st December 1866.

PAYMENTS.	£. s. d.	AMOUNT. £. s. d.
By Superannuation Allowances and Gratuities paid to Discharged Police Constables, under the provisions of the Act 2 & 3 Vict. c. 4, viz.:—		
Superannuations (1,840) on the List on the 31st December 1866 - -	60,656 18 10	
Gratuities to 38 Constables - - - - - - - - - -	977 4 8	
		61,634 3 6
	£.	61,634 3 6

PUBLIC CARRIAGES of the Metropolis, in the Year ended the 31st December 1866.

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
By Salaries of Superintending Officer, and Veterinary Surgeon:		
One Superintending Officer, at £. 400 per annum - - - - - -	400 - -	
One Veterinary Surgeon, at £. 150 per annum - - - - - -	150 - -	
Proportionate Expense of Clerks in Commissioner's and Receiver's Offices - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	210 4 -	
		760 4 -
By Rent of Office, Furniture, Repairs, &c. - - - - - - - - -	- - -	234 12 9
– Pay of Inspectors, and Public Carriage Attendants - - - - - -	- - -	9,276 19 6
– Clothing of Attendants - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - -	395 5 10
– Salaries of Medical Officers - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - -	47 2 9
– Erection and Repairs of Water Posts at Hackney Carriage Standings, and Water Rates - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - -	791 8 -
– Lanterns - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - -	144 9 1
– Miscellaneous Expenses, including Superintendent's and Office-keeper's Contingencies - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - -	384 16 1
– Her Majesty's Inland Revenue for the Exchequer, in full of the sums charged per contra - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - -	4,122 5 11
– Balance remaining on the 31st December 1866 - - - - - -	- - -	477 13 5
	£.	16,634 17 4

4.—AN ACCOUNT of the RECEIPT and EXPENDITURE for the Service of the

	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
To Balance in the hands of the Receiver on the 1st January 1866				3,509	1	4
To Amount issued out of the Consolidated Fund in the year 1866, under the authority of the Act 2 & 3 Vict. c. 71, s. 11	27,900	–	–			
To Amount issued out of the Vote of Parliament for the year 1866–67	20,093	–	–			
				47,993	–	–
To Fees, Penalties, and Forfeitures levied at the undermentioned Police Courts, &c., and paid over by the Magistrates' Clerks to the Receiver, in the year 1866, in pursuance of the Act 2 & 3 Vict. c. 71, s. 46, viz. :—						
Bow-street	1,003	9	–			
Clerkenwell	1,737	6	–			
Great Marlborough-street	1,448	1	7			
Greenwich and Woolwich	1,297	19	5			
Hammersmith and Wandsworth	1,335	1	11			
Lambeth	1,137	1	4			
Marylebone	1,504	2	–			
Southwark	963	14	5			
Thames	1,656	4	2			
Westminster	742	15	–			
Worship-street	1,321	15	–			
To ditto, paid over to the Receiver by the Clerks of other Justices, viz. :—						
Beacontree	452	1	–			
Brentford	181	17	8			
Bromley	61	1	–			
Cheshunt	39	16	6			
Chipping Barnet	30	16	9			
Edgware	20	5	–			
Enfield	91	6	3			
Hampstead	4	11	–			
Highgate	22	14	–			
Kingston	11	16	4			
Kingston Borough	47	11	6			
Spelthorne	39	–	6			
Uxbridge	35	17	–	15,186	4	4
			£.	66,688	5	8

POLICE COURTS of the METROPOLIS, in the Year ended the 31st December 1866.

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
By Salaries of Magistrates, Clerks, &c.:		
1 Chief Magistrate, at £. 1,500 per annum	1,500 – –	
22 Magistrates, at £. 1,200 per annum each	26,400 – –	
23 Clerks, at Salaries varying from £. 75 to £. 500 per annum	6,949 2 2	
		34,849 2 2
51 Ushers, Gaolers, Messengers, &c.		4,293 8 6
By Erection and Purchase of Premises		500 – –
– Rent of Premises occupied as Police Courts		2,012 6 7
– Rates and Taxes		359 3 10
– Furniture and Fixtures		186 12 –
– Repairs of Premises		550 12 6
– Fuel and Light:	£. s. d.	
Coal	235 16 1	
Oil and Gas (£. 292. 15 *s.* 7 *d.*) and Gas Fittings (£. 8. 13 *s.*)	292 15 7	
		537 4 8
– Postage		27 3 7
– Travelling Expenses		227 19 –
– Newspapers		46 16 3
– Turners' Wares, Cleaning Police Courts, Sweeping Chimneys, and other small Contingencies		883 1 5
– Pensions and Retired Allowances to Magistrates, Clerks, &c. (on the List on the 31st December 1866)		5,061 19 9
– Fees, Fines, and Forfeitures levied at the several Police Courts (paid over to the Exchequer, in full of the Sum charged per contra)		15,186 4 4
TOTAL SUM paid by the Receiver, for the "POLICE COURTS," in the Year 1866	£.	64,721 14 7
By Balance remaining on the Account of the Receiver at the Bank of England on the 31st December 1866		1,966 11 1
	£.	66,688 5 8

Appendix (A.)

AN ACCOUNT specifying the TOTAL SUM charged upon and received from every PARISH, TOWNSHIP, PRECINCT, and PLACE, for the Purposes of the METROPOLITAN POLICE, for the Year 1866, as required by the Act 10 Geo. 4, c. 44, s. 29.

HALF-YEARLY WARRANTS issued 1st January and the 1st July 1866.

COUNTY.	Letter of Division.	PARISHES, &c.	Rental upon which Computed.	TOTAL of the Rental for the Year, at 8 *d.* in the Pound.	Charged upon the Parishes, at 6 *d.* in the Pound.	Received from the Parishes.	Balances due by Parishes on 31 Dec. 1866.
			£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Middlesex	X	Acton	25,270 10 –	842 7 –	631 15 3	631 15 3	—
Surrey	Y	Addington	3,950 – –	131 13 4	98 15 –	98 15 –	—
Herts	S	Aldenham	8,773 10 –	292 9 –	219 6 9	219 6 9	—
Ditto	S	Ditto, Hamlet of Theobald Street	3,192 – –	106 8 –	79 16 –	79 16 –	—
Middlesex	K	All Saints, Poplar	217,154 10 –	7,238 9 8	5,428 17 3	5,428 17 3	—
Ditto	T	Ashford	3,904 – –	130 2 8	97 12 –	97 12 –	—
Surrey	W	Banstead	6,356 – –	211 17 4	158 18 –	158 18 –	—
Essex	K	Barking, Town Ward					
Ditto	K	Ditto, Chadwell ditto	54,485 10 –	1,816 3 8	1,362 2 9	1,362 2 9	—
Ditto	K	Ditto, Great Ilford ditto					
Ditto	K	Ditto, Ripple ditto					
Surrey	V	Barnes	18,408 – –	613 12 –	460 4 –	460 4 –	—
Herts	Y	Barnet, East	7,918 – –	263 18 8	197 19 –	197 19 –	—
Surrey	V	Battersea	131,887 – –	4,396 4 8	3,297 3 6	3,297 3 6	—
Kent	P	Beckenham	22,776 – –	759 4 –	569 8 –	569 8 –	—
Surrey	W	Beddington	7,854 10 –	261 16 4	196 7 3	196 7 3	—
Middlesex	T	Bedfont, East	6,536 – –	217 17 4	163 8 –	163 8 –	—
Kent	R	Bexley	23,072 10 –	769 1 8	576 16 3	576 16 3	—
Ditto	P	Bromley	43,977 – –	1,465 18 –	1,099 8 6	1,099 8 6	—
Middlesex	K	Bromley, St. Leonards	94,798 10 –	3,159 19 –	2,369 19 3	2,369 19 3	—
Herts	S	Bushey	11,686 – –	389 10 8	292 3 –	292 3 –	—
Surrey	P	Carshalton	14,420 10 –	480 13 8	360 10 3	360 10 3	—
Kent	W	Charlton	44,271 – –	1,475 14 –	1,106 15 6	1,106 15 6	—
Middlesex	G	Charterhouse	1,948 – –	64 18 8	48 14 –	48 14 –	—
Surrey	W	Cheam	6,478 – –	215 18 8	161 19 –	161 19 –	—
Herts	Y	Cheshunt	31,369 10 –	1,045 13 –	784 4 9	784 4 9	—
Surrey	V	Chessington	1,513 – –	50 8 8	37 16 6	37 16 6	—
Essex	N	Chigwell	18,279 10 –	609 6 4	456 19 9	456 19 9	—
Ditto	N	Chingford	6,599 10 –	219 19 8	164 19 9	164 19 9	—
Herts	S	Chipping Barnet	8,707 10 –	290 5 –	217 13 9	217 13 9	—
Kent	R	Chiselhurst	12,918 10 –	430 12 4	322 19 3	322 19 3	—
Middlesex	T	Chiswick	25,955 – –	865 3 4	648 17 6	648 17 6	—
Ditto	L	Christchurch	63,500 – –	2,116 13 4	1,587 10 –	1,181 5 –	406 5 –
Ditto	H	Christchurch, Spitalfields	50,413 – –	1,680 8 8	1,260 6 6	1,260 6 6	—
Surrey	W	Clapham	123,154 10 –	4,105 3 –	3,078 17 3	3,078 17 3	—
Ditto	W	Coulsdon	17,913 – –	597 2 –	447 16 6	447 16 6	—
Middlesex	X	Cowley	2,151 – –	71 14 –	53 15 6	53 15 6	—
Ditto	T	Cranford	2,841 – –	94 14 –	71 – 6	71 – 6	—
Kent	R	Crayford	17,423 – –	580 15 4	435 11 6	435 11 6	—
Surrey	W	Croydon	193,031 10 –	6,434 7 8	4,825 15 9	4,825 15 9	—
Ditto	V	Cuddington	2,826 – –	94 4 –	70 13 –	70 13 –	—
Essex	K	Dagenham	16,065 10 –	535 10 4	401 12 9	401 12 9	—
Kent	P	Down	2,774 – –	92 9 4	69 7 –	69 7 –	—
		Carried forward £.	1,356,552 – –	45,218 8 –	33,913 16 –	33,507 11 –	406 5 –

Appendix (A.)—*continued.*

COUNTY.	Letter of Division.	PARISHES, &c.	Rental upon which Computed.	TOTAL of the Rental for the Year, at 8 *d.* in the Pound.	Charged upon the Parishes, at 6 *d.* in the Pound.	Received from the Parishes.	Balances due by Parishes on 31 Dec. 1866.
			£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
		Brought forward - - -	1,356,552 - -	45,218 8 -	33,913 16 -	33,507 11 -	406 5 -
Middlesex -	T	Drayton, West - - - - -	4,666 10 -	155 11 -	116 13 3	116 13 3	—
Ditto -	X	Ealing - - - - - -	61,900 10 -	2,063 7 -	1,547 10 3	1,547 10 3	—
Ditto -	S	Edgware - - - - -	5,270 - -	175 13 4	131 15 -	131 15 -	—
Ditto -	Y	Edmonton - - - - -	59,198 - -	1,973 5 4	1,479 19 -	1,479 19 -	—
Herts - -	S	Elstree - - - - - -	3,282 - -	109 8 -	82 1 -	82 1 -	—
Kent - -	R	Eltham - - - - - -	19,892 10 -	663 1 8	497 6 3	497 6 3	—
Middlesex -	Y	Enfield - - - - - -	59,107 - -	1,970 4 8	1,477 13 6	1,477 13 6	—
Surrey -	V	Epsom - - - - - -	23,723 - -	790 15 4	593 1 6	593 1 6	—
Kent - -	R	Erith - - - - - -	35,853 10 -	1,195 2 4	896 6 9	896 6 9	—
Surrey -	V	Ewell, inclusive of Kingswood Liberty	9,971 - -	332 7 4	249 5 6	249 5 6	—
Ditto -	W	Farley - - - - - -	738 10 -	24 12 4	18 9 3	18 9 3	—
Kent - -	P	Farnborough - - - - -	3,011 - -	100 7 4	75 5 6	75 5 6	—
Middlesex -	T	Feltham - - - - - -	7,220 10 -	240 13 8	180 10 3	180 10 3	—
Ditto -	S	Finchley - - - - - -	23,974 10 -	799 3 -	599 7 3	599 7 3	—
Kent - -	R	Foot's Cray - - - - -	2,723 10 -	90 15 8	68 1 9	68 1 9	—
Middlesex -	S	Fryern-Barnet - - - - -	8,464 10 -	282 3 -	211 12 3	211 12 3	—
Ditto -	T	Fulham - - - - - -	69,869 10 -	2,328 19 8	1,746 14 9	1,746 14 9	—
Ditto -	G	Furnival's Inn (the part within Middlesex) - - - - -	3,164 - -	105 9 4	79 2 -	79 2 -	—
Ditto -	G	Glasshouse Yard, Liberty of -	5,513 - -	183 15 4	137 16 6	137 16 6	—
Ditto -	E	Gray's Inn - - - - -	12,654 - -	421 16 -	316 7 -	316 7 -	—
Ditto -	X	Greenford - - - - -	5,752 10 -	191 15 -	143 16 3	143 16 3	—
Kent - -	R	Greenwich - - - - -	129,953 10 -	4,331 15 8	3,248 16 9	3,212 16 9	36 - -
Middlesex -	S	Hadley Monken - - - -	5,621 - -	187 7 4	140 10 6	140 10 6	—
Surrey -	V	Ham-with-Hatch, Hamlet of -	7,750 - -	258 6 8	193 15 -	193 15 -	—
Essex - -	K	Ham, East - - - - -	13,129 10 -	437 13 -	328 4 9	328 4 9	—
Ditto -	K	Ham, West, Church-street Ward -	151,657 - -	5,055 4 8	3,791 8 6	3,791 8 6	—
Ditto -	K	- Ditto - Plaistow - ditto -					
Ditto -	K	- Ditto - Stratford - ditto -					
Middlesex -	T	Hammersmith - - - -	109,083 - -	3,636 2 -	2,727 1 6	2,727 1 6	—
Ditto -	T	Hampton Town and Court - -	17,858 - -	595 5 4	446 9 -	446 9 -	—
Ditto -	T	Hampton Wick, Hamlet of - -	9,448 - -	314 18 8	236 4 -	236 4 -	—
Ditto -	X	Hanwell - - - - -	11,476 10 -	382 11 -	286 18 3	286 18 3	—
Ditto -	T	Hanworth - - - - - -	3,598 - -	119 18 8	89 19 -	89 19 -	—
Ditto -	X	Harefield - - - - -	7,972 - -	265 14 8	199 6 -	199 6 -	—
Ditto -	T	Harlington - - - - -	6,956 - -	231 17 4	173 18 -	173 18 -	—
Ditto -	T	Harmondsworth - - - -	7,682 10 -	256 1 8	192 1 3	192 1 3	—
Ditto -	X	Harrow - - - - - -	54,435 - -	1,814 10 -	1,360 17 6	1,360 17 6	—
Ditto -	X	Hayes - - - - - -	13,236 10 -	441 4 4	330 18 3	330 18 3	—
Kent - -	P	Hayes - - - - - -	3,719 - -	123 19 4	92 19 6	92 19 6	—
Middlesex -	S	Hendon - - - - - -	37,471 10 -	1,249 1 -	936 15 9	936 15 9	—
Ditto -	T	Heston - - - - - -	32,616 - -	1,087 4 -	815 8 -	815 8 -	—
Ditto -	X	Hillingdon - - - - -	32,164 10 -	1,072 3 -	804 2 3	804 2 3	—
Surrey -	V	Hook, Hamlet of - - -	1,163 10 -	38 15 8	29 1 9	29 1 9	—
Middlesex -	Y	Hornsey - - - - - -	71,755 - -	2,391 16 8	1,793 17 6	1,793 17 6	—
Ditto -	X	Ickinham - - - - - -	2,623 - -	87 8 8	65 11 6	65 11 6	—
Ditto -	T	Isleworth - - - - - -	43,041 10 -	1,434 14 4	1,076 - 9	1,076 - 9	—
Ditto -	T	Kensington - - - - -	541,825 10 -	18,060 17 -	13,545 12 9	13,545 12 9	—
Kent - -	P	Keston - - - - - -	3,369 - -	112 6 -	84 4 6	84 4 6	—
Surrey -	V	Kew - - - - - -	5,185 - -	172 16 8	129 12 6	129 12 6	—
		Carried forward - - - £.	3,107,291 10 -	103,576 7 8	77,682 5 9	77,240 - 9	442 5 -

Appendix (A.)—*continued.*

COUNTY.	Letter of Division.	PARISHES, &c.	Rental upon which Computed.	TOTAL of the Rental for the Year, at 8 *d.* in the Pound.	Charged upon the Parishes, at 6 *d.* in the Pound.	Received from the Parishes.	Balances due by Parishes on 31 Dec. 1866.
			£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
		Brought forward - - -	3,107,291 10 –	103,576 7 8	77,682 5 9	77,240 – 9	442 5 –
Kent - -	R	Kidbrooke, Liberty of - -	12,798 – –	426 12 –	319 19 –	319 19 –	—
Middlesex -	S	Kingsbury - - - -	5,322 10 –	177 8 4	133 1 3	133 1 3	—
Surrey -	V	Kingston-upon-Thames - -	92,760 – –	3,092 – –	2,319 – –	2,319 – –	—
Middlesex -	T	Laleham - - - - -	3,350 – –	111 13 4	83 15 –	83 15 –	—
Kent - -	R	Lee - - - - - -	54,125 – –	1,804 3 4	1,353 2 6	1,353 2 6	—
Ditto -	R	Lewisham - - - - -	176,940 – –	5,898 – –	4,423 10 –	4,423 10 –	—
Middlesex -	F	Lincoln's Inn - - - -	17,244 – –	574 16 –	431 2 –	431 2 –	—
Essex - -	K	Little Ilford - - - -	4,146 – –	138 4 –	103 13 –	103 13 –	—
Middlesex -	T	Littleton - - - - -	1,982 – –	66 1 4	49 11 –	49 11 –	—
Surrey -	V	Long Ditton - - - -	9,214 10 –	307 3 –	230 7 3	230 7 3	—
Essex - -	N	Loughton - - - - -	9,427 – –	314 4 8	235 13 6	235 13 6	—
Ditto -	N	Low Leyton - - - -	23,442 – –	781 8 –	586 1 –	586 1 –	—
Surrey -	V	Maldon - - - - -	2,169 10 –	72 6 4	54 4 9	54 4 9	—
Ditto -	V	Merton - - - - -	10,775 10 –	359 3 8	269 7 9	269 7 9	—
Middlesex -	H	Mile-End New Town, Hamlet of -	15,660 – –	522 – –	391 10 –	391 10 –	—
Ditto -	K	Mile-End Old Town, Hamlet of -	194,877 – –	6,495 18 –	4,871 18 6	4,871 18 6	—
Ditto -	S	Mimms, South - - - -	18,174 – –	605 16 –	454 7 –	454 7 –	—
Surrey -	W	Mitcham - - - - -	21,745 – –	724 16 8	543 12 6	543 12 6	—
Ditto -	V	Mordon - - - - -	4,600 – –	153 6 8	115 – –	115 – –	—
Ditto -	V	Mortlake - - - - -	21,436 10 –	714 11 –	535 18 3	535 18 3	—
Kent - -	R	Mottingham, Hamlet of - -	3,088 – –	102 18 8	77 4 –	77 4 –	—
Surrey -	V	Moulsey, East - - - -	7,774 10 –	259 3 –	194 7 3	194 7 3	—
Ditto -	V	Moulsey, West - - - -	2,935 10 –	97 17 –	73 7 9	73 7 9	—
Middlesex -	T	New Brentford, Township of -	10,221 – –	340 14 –	255 10 6	255 10 6	—
Herts - -	Y	Northaw - - - - -	4,008 – –	133 12 –	100 4 –	100 4 –	—
Kent - -	R	Northcray - - - -	3,949 – –	131 12 8	98 14 6	98 14 6	—
Middlesex -	X	Northolt - - - - -	4,432 – –	147 14 8	110 16 –	110 16 –	—
Ditto -	H	Norton Folgate, Liberty of - -	8,987 – –	299 11 4	224 13 6	224 13 6	—
Ditto -	H	Norwood, Precinct of - - -	20,983 – –	699 8 8	524 11 6	524 11 6	—
Ditto -	H	Old Artillery Ground - - -	4,750 – –	158 6 8	118 15 –	118 15 –	—
Ditto -	H	Old Tower - - - -	3,368 – –	112 5 4	84 4 –	84 4 –	—
Kent - -	R	Orpington - - - - -	7,452 10 –	248 8 4	186 6 3	186 6 3	—
Middlesex -	X	Paddington - - - - -	786,273 – –	26,209 2 –	19,656 16 6	19,656 16 6	—
Surrey -	P	Penge - - - - -	71,391 – –	2,379 14 –	1,784 15 6	1,784 15 6	—
Middlesex -	X	Perivale - - - - -	1,421 – –	47 7 4	35 10 6	17 15 3	17 15 3
Surrey -	V	Petersham - - - -	5,500 – –	183 6 8	137 10 –	137 10 –	—
Middlesex -	X	Pinner, Hamlet of - - -	14,634 10 –	487 16 4	365 17 3	365 17 3	—
Kent - -	R	Plumstead - - - -	53,298 10 –	1,776 12 4	1,332 9 3	1,332 9 3	—
Surrey -	V	Putney, including Roehampton -	50,015 – –	1,667 3 4	1,250 7 6	1,250 7 6	—
Middlesex -	K	Ratcliffe, Hamlet of - - -	62,162 – –	2,072 1 4	1,554 1 –	1,165 10 9	388 10 3
Surrey -	V	Richmond - - - - -	71,739 – –	2,391 6 –	1,793 9 6	1,793 9 6	—
Herts - -	S	Ridge - - - - -	4,854 – –	161 16 –	121 7 –	121 7 –	—
Middlesex -	R	Rolls Liberty - - - -	19,774 – –	659 2 8	494 7 –	494 7 –	—
Surrey -	X	Rotherhithe - - - -	86,539 – –	2,884 12 8	2,163 9 6	2,163 9 6	—
		Carried forward - - - £.	5,117,029 10 –	170,567 13 –	127,925 14 9	127,077 4 3	848 10 6

Appendix (A.)—*continued.*

COUNTY.	Letter of Division.	PARISHES, &c.	Rental upon which Computed.	TOTAL of the Rental for the Year, at 8 *d.* in the Pound.	Charged upon the Parishes, at 6 *d.* in the Pound.	Received from the Parishes.	Balances due by Parishes on 31 Dec. 1866.
			£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
		Brought forward - - -	5,117,029 10 –	170,567 13 –	127,925 14 9	127,077 4 3	848 10 6
Middlesex -	T	Ruislip - - - - - -	12,563 – –	418 15 4	314 1 6	314 1 6	—
Ditto -	G	St. Andrew, Holborn, and St. George-the-Martyr - - -	141,282 – –	4,709 8 –	3,532 1 –	3,532 1 –	—
Ditto -	K	St. Ann, Limehouse - - -	93,380 – –	3,112 13 4	2,334 10 –	2,334 10 –	—
Ditto -	C	St. Ann, Westminster - -	96,235 – –	3,207 16 8	2,405 17 6	2,405 17 6	—
Ditto -	H	St. Catherine, Tower Division -	17,273 – –	575 15 4	431 16 6	431 16 6	—
Ditto -	F	St. Clements Danes, Westminster, and that within the Duchy Liberty - - - - -	97,478 10 –	3,249 5 8	2,436 19 3	2,436 19 3	—
Ditto -	H	St. George-in-the-East - -	193,724 – –	6,457 9 4	4,843 2 –	4,843 2 –	—
Ditto -	C	St. George, Hanover-square -	1,081,026 – –	36,034 4 –	27,025 13 –	27,025 13 –	—
Surrey -	M	St. George, Southwark - -	146,208 – –	4,873 12 –	3,655 4 –	3,655 4 –	—
Ditto -	P	St. Giles, Camberwell - -	290,504 10 –	9,683 9 8	7,262 12 3	7,262 12 3	—
Middlesex -	E	St. Giles-in-the-Fields, and St. George, Bloomsbury - -	277,412 – –	9,247 1 4	6,935 6 –	6,935 6 –	—
Ditto -	G	St. James, Clerkenwell, including the District of St. John - -	244,799 – –	8,159 19 4	6,119 19 6	3,531 13 4	2,588 6 2
Ditto -	C	St. James, Westminster - -	462,034 – –	15,401 2 8	11,550 17 –	11,550 17 –	—
Ditto -	N	St. John, Hackney - - -	354,291 – –	11,809 14 –	8,857 5 6	8,857 5 6	—
Ditto -	S	St. John, Hampstead - - -	153,944 10 –	5,131 9 8	3,848 12 3	3,848 12 3	—
Surrey -	M	St. John, Southwark - - -	49,015 10 –	1,633 17 –	1,225 7 9	1,225 7 9	—
Middlesex -	K	St. John, Wapping - - -	43,083 – –	1,436 2 –	1,077 1 6	1,077 1 6	—
Ditto -	G	St. Leonard, Shoreditch - -	387,749 – –	12,924 19 4	9,693 14 6	4,838 17 9	4,854 16 9
Ditto -	T	St. Luke, Chelsea - - -	302,015 – –	10,067 3 4	7,550 7 6	7,550 7 6	—
Ditto -	G	St. Luke, Finsbury - - -	186,681 – –	6,222 14 –	4,667 – 6	4,667 – 6	—
Ditto -	B	St. Margaret and St. John, Westminster - - - -	349,101 10 –	11,636 14 4	8,727 10 9	8,727 10 9	—
Ditto -	F	St. Martin-in-the-Fields - -	275,778 10 –	9,192 12 4	6,894 9 3	6,894 9 3	—
Ditto -	N	St. Mary, Islington - - -	813,407 10 –	27,113 11 8	20,335 3 9	20,335 3 9	—
Surrey -	L	St. Mary, Lambeth - - -	701,719 10 –	23,390 13 –	17,542 19 9	17,542 19 9	—
Middlesex -	D	St. Marylebone - - -	1,055,654 – –	35,188 9 4	26,391 7 –	19,181 3 6	7,210 3 6
Ditto -	F	St. Mary-le-Strand, and that part within the Duchy Liberty -	17,957 – –	598 11 4	448 18 6	448 18 6	—
Surrey -	M	St. Mary Magdalene, Bermondsey	193,703 – –	6,456 15 4	4,842 11 6	4,842 11 6	—
Ditto -	P	St. Mary, Newington - - -	243,508 – –	8,116 18 8	6,087 14 –	6,087 14 –	—
Kent - -	R	St. Mary's Cray - - -	8,500 – –	283 6 8	212 10 –	212 10 –	—
Middlesex -	N	St. Mary, Stoke Newington -	48,716 – –	1,623 17 4	1,217 18 –	1,217 18 –	—
Ditto -	K	St. Mary, Stratford, Bow - -	54,424 10 –	1,814 3 –	1,360 12 3	1,360 12 3	—
Ditto -	H	St. Mary, Whitechapel - -	124,674 – –	4,155 16 –	3,116 17 –	3,116 17 –	—
Ditto -	H	St. Matthew, Bethnal Green -	197,287 – –	6,576 4 8	4,932 3 6	4,932 3 6	—
Kent - -	R	St. Nicholas, Deptford - -	16,077 – –	535 18 –	401 18 6	401 18 6	—
Surrey - -	M	St. Olave, Southwark - -	65,450 – –	2,181 13 4	1,636 5 –	1,220 6 3	415 18 9
Middlesex -	Y	St. Pancras - - - - -	955,060 – –	31,835 6 8	23,876 10 –	23,876 10 –	—
Ditto -	F	St. Paul, Covent Garden - -	50,112 10 –	1,670 8 4	1,252 16 3	1,252 16 3	—
Kent - -	R	St. Paul, Deptford, including the Hamlet of Hatcham - -	133,928 10 –	4,464 5 8	3,348 4 3	2,491 15 10	856 8 5
Middlesex -	K	St. Paul, Shadwell - - -	42,726 – –	1,424 4 –	1,068 3 –	1,068 3 –	—
Kent - -	R	St. Paul's Cray - - - -	3,675 – –	122 10 –	91 17 6	91 17 6	—
Middlesex -	B	St. Peter's, Westminster, Close of the Collegiate Church of -	1,458 – –	48 12 –	36 9 –	36 9 –	—
Surrey -	M	St. Saviour's, and Clink Liberty -	108,784 10 –	3,626 3 –	2,719 12 3	2,719 12 3	—
Middlesex -	G	St. Sepulchre, Finsbury - -	17,487 – –	582 18 –	437 3 6	437 3 6	—
Surrey -	M	St. Thomas, Southwark - -	8,157 – –	271 18 –	203 18 6	203 18 6	—
Middlesex -	G	Saffron Hill, Hatton Garden, and Ely Rents, Liberty of - -	33,751 – –	1,125 – 8	843 15 6	843 15 6	—
		Carried forward - - - £.	15,268,824 10 –	508,960 16 4	381,720 12 3	364,946 8 2	16,774 4 1

Appendix (A.)—*continued.*

COUNTY.	Letter of Division.	PARISHES, &c.	Rental upon which Computed.	TOTAL of the Rental for the Year, at 8 *d.* in the Pound.	Charged upon the Parishes, at 6 *d.* in the Pound.	Received from the Parishes.	Balances due by Parishes on 31 Dec. 1866.
			£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
		Brought forward - - -	15,268,824 10 0	508,960 16 4	381,720 12 3	364,946 8 2	16,774 4 1
Surrey -	W	Sanderstead - - - -	4,958 - -	165 5 4	123 19 -	123 19 -	—
Middlesex -	F	Savoy, Precinct of - - -	9,111 - -	303 14 -	227 15 6	227 15 6	—
Herts - -	S	Shenley - - - - -	7,431 - -	247 14 -	185 15 6	185 15 6	—
Middlesex -	T	Shepperton - - - -	6,729 10 -	224 6 4	168 4 9	168 4 9	—
Ditto -	H	Smithfield, East - - -	44,439 - -	1,481 6 -	1,110 19 6	1,110 19 6	—
Ditto -	T	Staines - - - - -	13,345 - -	444 16 8	333 12 6	333 12 6	—
Ditto -	S	Stanmore, Great - - -	7,724 10 -	257 9 8	193 2 3	193 2 3	—
Ditto -	S	Stanmore, Little - - -	5,032 10 -	167 15 -	125 16 3	125 16 3	—
Ditto -	T	Stanwell - - - - -	10,236 - -	341 4 -	255 18 -	255 18 -	—
Ditto -	F	Staple's Inn - - - -	2,250 - -	75 - -	56 5 -	56 5 -	—
Surrey -	W	Streatham - - - -	66,548 10 -	2,218 5 8	1,663 14 3	1,663 14 3	—
Middlesex -	T	Sunbury - - - - -	11,060 10 -	368 13 8	276 10 3	276 10 3	—
Surrey -	W	Sutton - - - - -	14,161 10 -	472 1 -	354 - 9	354 - 9	—
Middlesex -	T	Teddington - - - -	10,073 10 -	335 15 8	251 16 9	251 16 9	—
Surrey -	V	Thames Ditton, comprising the Hamlet of Cleygate, the Hamlet of Ember, and the Hamlet of Weston - - - -	12,796 10 -	426 11 -	319 18 3	319 18 3	—
Ditto -	W	Tooting - - - - -	10,175 - -	339 3 4	254 7 6	254 7 6	—
Middlesex -	Y	Tottenham - - - -	76,033 10 -	2,534 9 -	1,900 16 9	1,900 16 9	—
Herts -	S	Totteridge - - - -	4,161 - -	138 14 -	104 - 6	104 - 6	—
Middlesex -	H	Trinity, Minories - - -	6,667 - -	222 4 8	166 13 6	166 13 6	—
Ditto -	T	Twickenham - - - -	45,802 10 -	1,526 15 -	1,145 1 3	1,145 1 3	—
Surrey -	X	Twyford Abbey, Liberty of - -	1,064 - -	35 9 4	26 12 -	26 12 -	—
Middlesex -	X	Uxbridge, Township of, and Chapter	13,204 - -	440 2 8	330 2 -	330 2 -	—
Ditto -	W	Wallington, Hamlet of - -	4,860 10 -	162 - 4	121 10 3	121 10 3	—
Essex - -	N	Waltham Abbey and Town, including the Hamlets of Sewardstone, and of Upshire - -	23,242 - -	774 14 8	581 1 -	581 1 -	—
Ditto -	N	Walthamstow - - - -	36,457 - -	1,215 4 8	911 8 6	911 8 6	—
Surrey -	V	Wandsworth - - -	66,889 - -	2,229 12 8	1,672 4 6	1,672 4 6	—
Essex - -	N	Wanstead - - - - -	15,031 10 -	501 1 -	375 15 9	375 15 9	—
Surrey -	W	Warlingham - - - -	2,402 10 -	80 1 8	60 1 3	60 1 3	—
Kent - -	R	Wickham, East - - - -	3,468 10 -	115 12 4	86 14 3	86 14 3	—
Ditto -	P	Wickham, West - - - -	4,880 - -	162 13 4	122 - -	122 - -	—
Middlesex -	X	Willesden - - - - -	50,796 - -	1,693 4 -	1,269 18 -	1,269 18 -	—
Surrey -	V	Wimbledon - - - -	33,423 - -	1,114 2 -	835 11 6	835 11 6	—
Essex - -	N	Woodford - - - - -	17,734 10 -	591 3 -	443 7 3	443 7 3	—
Surrey -	Y	Woodmansterne - - - -	2,262 - -	75 8 -	56 11 -	56 11 -	—
Kent - -	R	Woolwich - - - -	83,046 - -	2,768 4 -	2,076 3 -	2,076 3 -	—
		TOTALS, as per "Abstract," at p. 17 - - £.	15,996,321 - -	533,210 14 -	399,908 - 6	383,133 16 5	16,774 4 1

Appendix (A.)—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of the WARRANTS for the Police Rates, issued in the Year 1866.

Date of the Commissioner's Half-yearly Warrants.	Rental upon which Computed.	TOTALS of the Police Rates, at 4 *d.* in the £.1 for the Half-year.	Charged upon the		Received from the		Balances due by	
			Parishes, at 3*d.* in the £.1 for the Half-year.	Treasury, at 1*d.* in the £.1 for the Half-year.	Parishes.	Treasury.	Parishes.	Treasury.
	£. s.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
1st January 1866 and 1st July "	15,996,321 –	262,922 6 8 270,288 7 4	197,191 15 – 202,716 5 6	65,730 11 8 67,572 1 10	197,191 15 – 185,942 1 5	65,730 11 8 51,788 14 5	— 16,774 4 1	— 15,783 7 5
TOTALS - £.	15,996,321 –	533,210 14 –	399,908 – 6	133,302 13 6	383,133 16 5	117,519 6 1	16,774 4 1	15,783 7 5

Maurice Drummond,
Receiver for the Metropolitan Police District.

Appendix (B.)

A STATEMENT of the TOTAL NUMBER OF PERSONS belonging to the METROPOLITAN POLICE FORCE on the 1st January 1867, in which the Number of Persons in each Rank of such Force, and the Salaries, Pay, and Allowances enjoyed by each Class, are distinguished, as required by the Act 2 & 3 Vict. c. 47, s. 9.

CLASS OR RANK.	Number of Persons.	Salaries or Pay per Annum.	ALLOWANCES.
		£. s. d.	
Superintendents	1	325 – –	
	21	250 – –	
	4	200 – –	
	1	150 – –	
Inspectors	4	199 19 8	Clothing.
	1	175 1 4	
	5	168 2 8	
	4	149 18 8	
	179	118 6 –	
	9	100 2 –	
	19	81 18 –	
Serjeants	8	109 4 –	Clothing: Coals 40 lbs. weekly to each married man all the year; and 40 lbs. weekly to each single man during eight months, and 20 lbs. weekly during the remainder of the year.
	1	100 2 –	
	16	81 18 –	
	9	77 7 –	
	1	76 14 –	
	131	72 16 –	
	652	67 12 –	
Constables	5	78 – –	
	24	72 16 –	
	3	70 4 –	
	1	67 12 –	
	36	63 14 –	
	944	59 16 –	
	2,932	57 4 –	
	1,595	54 12 –	
	118	52 – –	
	824	49 8 –	
TOTAL	7,548		

Richard Mayne,
Commissioner of Police of the Metropolis.

METROPOLITAN POLICE.

1866.

ACCOUNTS

SHOWING THE

SUMS RECEIVED AND EXPENDED

FOR THE PURPOSES OF THE

METROPOLITAN POLICE,
POLICE SUPERANNUATION FUND,
PUBLIC CARRIAGES,

AND

POLICE COURTS,

In the Year ended the 31st December 1866.

(*Presented pursuant to Act of Parliament.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
26 *March* 1867.

154.

Under 2 oz.

METROPOLITAN POLICE.

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 13 February 1867;—*for*,

"RETURNS of the Total Number of the METROPOLITAN POLICE FORCE employed in each DIVISION, in each Year from 1855: specifying the Average Number on Day and on Night Duty:"

Of the Number of MEN RESIGNED and DISMISSED from each DIVISION in each Year since 1855:"

"And, of the Number of MEN of the FORCE charged at the POLICE COURTS with OFFENCES, specifying the Offence charged, the Dates, and the Decisions thereon, since 1855 to the Close of 1866 (in continuation of Parliamentary Paper, No. 322, of Session 1856)."

(*Captain Grosvenor.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*
27 *March* 1867.

METROPOLITAN POLICE. - - - - -

RETURN of the Total Number of the METROPOLITAN POLICE FORCE employed in each DIVISION

POLICE DIVISION.	1856.			1857.			1858.			1859.			1860.		
	Total Number.	Average Number on Day Duty.	Average Number on Night Duty.	Total Number.	Average Number on Day Duty.	Average Number on Night Duty.	Total Number.	Average Number on Day Duty.	Average Number on Night Duty.	Total Number.	Average Number on Day Duty.	Average Number on Night Duty.	Total Number.	Average Number on Day Duty.	Average Number on Night Duty.
A or Whitehall - - -	366	244	122	362	242	120	361	241	120	342	228	114	344	228	116
B or Westminster - -	324	108	216	353	118	235	368	123	245	386	129	257	402	134	268
C or St. James's - - -	266	89	177	270	90	180	273	91	182	277	92	185	277	92	185
D or Marylebone - -	370	124	246	426	142	284	425	142	283	428	143	285	427	142	285
E or Holborn - - -	175	59	116	187	63	124	183	61	122	184	61	123	184	61	123
F or Covent Garden - -	165	55	110	167	56	111	175	59	116	176	59	117	189	63	126
G or Finsbury - - -	319	107	212	346	116	230	342	114	228	335	112	223	337	112	225
H or Whitechapel - -	235	79	156	235	79	156	236	79	157	228	76	152	228	76	152
K or Stepney - - -	484	195	289	491	164	327	498	166	332	503	168	335	500	167	333
L or Lambeth - - -	208	70	138	210	70	140	208	70	138	205	69	136	204	68	136
M or Southwark - - -	350	116	234	380	127	253	380	127	253	372	124	248	367	123	244
N or Islington - - -	512	171	341	581	194	387	582	194	388	577	192	385	571	191	380
P or Camberwell - -	408	136	272	438	146	292	438	146	292	442	147	295	444	147	297
R or Greenwich - - -	454	152	302	472	158	314	470	157	313	483	161	322	490	164	326
S or Hampstead - - -	409	137	272	475	159	316	476	159	317	481	160	321	483	161	322
T or Kensington - - -	292	97	195	318	106	212	318	106	212	321	107	214	314	105	209
V or Wandsworth - -	374	125	249	430	144	286	426	142	284	422	142	280	423	142	281
W or Clapham - - -															
X or Paddington - - -	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Y or Highgate - - -															
Thames - - - - -	103	51	52	105	52	53	117	58	59	117	58	59	112	56	56
1st or Woolwich Dockyard -	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
2nd or Portsmouth ,, -													163	113	50
3rd or Devonport ,, -	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	‡	152	111	41
4th or Chatham - ,, -													113	73	40
5th or Pembroke ,, -													34	25	9
TOTAL - - -	5,814	2,115	3,699	6,246	2,226	4,020	6,276	2,235	4,041	6,279	2,228	4,051	6,758	2,554	4,204

* The X Division, formed during the International Exhibition, did not exist on the 31st December 1862. The strength of each division is taken on th last day of each year.

† These Divisions were formed in 1865.

Metropolitan Police Office, 4, Whitehall Place,
5 March 1867.

- - - - - - METROPOLITAN POLICE.

in each Year from 1855, specifying the Average Number on Day and on Night Duty.

1861.			1862.			1863.			1864.			1865.			1866.		
Total Number.	Average Number on Day Duty.	Average Number on Night Duty.	Total Number.	Average Number on Day Duty.	Average Number on Night Duty.	Total Number.	Average Number on Day Duty.	Average Number on Night Duty.	Total Number.	Average Number on Day Duty.	Average Number on Night Duty.	Total Number.	Average Number on Day Duty.	Average Number on Night Duty.	Total Number.	Average Number on Day Duty.	Average Number on Night Duty.
350	233	117	362	242	120	364	244	120	366	244	122	374	249	125	375	250	125
411	137	274	428	143	285	438	146	292	435	145	290	441	147	294	438	146	292
277	92	185	284	95	189	284	95	189	289	97	192	295	99	196	295	99	196
429	143	286	453	151	302	466	156	310	470	158	312	324	108	216	318	106	212
186	62	124	190	64	126	197	66	131	196	66	130	198	66	132	195	65	130
186	62	124	190	64	126	186	62	124	189	63	126	189	63	126	186	62	124
336	112	224	348	116	232	351	117	234	346	116	230	346	116	230	343	115	228
232	78	154	236	79	157	238	80	158	231	77	154	232	78	154	217	73	144
508	170	338	517	173	344	587	196	391	608	203	405	581	194	387	577	193	384
204	68	136	208	70	138	207	70	137	211	71	140	210	70	140	208	68	140
371	124	247	389	130	259	392	131	261	399	133	266	350	117	233	338	113	225
771	191	380	597	199	398	603	201	402	625	209	416	495	165	330	493	165	328
454	152	302	483	161	322	488	163	325	495	165	330	338	113	225	414	138	276
305	102	203	323	108	215	332	111	221	341	114	227	339	113	226	329	110	219
485	162	323	509	170	339	577	193	384	595	199	396	434	145	289	432	144	288
319	107	212	350	117	233	359	120	239	359	120	239	363	121	242	362	120	242
426	142	284	439	147	292	449	150	299	454	152	302	257	86	171	254	85	169
												306	102	204	300	100	200
-	-	-	*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	†	321	107	214	317	106	211
												346	116	230	344	115	229
112	56	56	113	56	57	114	57	57	114	57	57	127	63	64	127	63	64
344	140	64	207	149	58	205	150	55	195	140	55	190	135	55	190	130	60
299	117	52	183	123	60	185	125	60	180	126	54	181	127	54	181	127	54
256	105	41	154	109	45	155	110	45	164	116	48	164	116	48	169	121	48
201	81	30	116	86	30	118	88	30	116	87	29	116	87	29	114	86	28
63	24	9	33	24	9	32	24	8	32	24	8	32	24	8	32	24	8
6,825	2,660	4,165	7,112	2,776	4,336	7,327	2,855	4,472	7,410	2,882	4,528	7,549	2,927	4,622	7,548	2,924	4,624

‡ Dockyard divisions formed 1860.

(signed) *Thomas Kittle*,
Superintendent.

Richard Mayne,
The Commissioner of Police of the Metropolis.

METROPOLITAN POLICE.

RETURN of the Number of MEN RESIGNED and DISMISSED from each DIVISION in each Year since 1855.

POLICE DIVISION.	1856.		1857.		1858.		1859.		1860.		1861.		1862.		1863.		1864.		1865.		1866.	
	Dismissed.	Resigned.	Dismissed.	Resigned.	Dismissed.	Resigned.	Dismissed.	Resigned.	Dismissed.	Resigned.	Dismissed.	Resigned.	Dismissed.	Resigned.	Dismissed.	Resigned.	Dismissed.	Resigned.	Dismissed.	Resigned.	Dismissed.	Resigned.
A or Whitehall -	4	36	7	52	5	22	2	40	4	43	5	25	4	32	5	42	4	41	7	35	3	3
B or Westminster -	21	37	17	57	19	22	14	54	6	24	8	41	17	36	6	39	10	33	6	33	12	3
C or St. James's -	12	34	14	17	22	30	16	30	19	28	14	37	8	27	10	30	12	42	10	20	7	4
D or Marylebone -	14	38	23	81	37	49	27	81	26	86	27	57	27	82	14	56	12	62	10	30	8	4
E or Holborn -	11	21	11	21	10	22	8	27	6	24	12	22	12	26	4	18	12	23	9	22	10	3
F or Covent Garden	8	23	8	21	7	26	6	30	6	16	13	21	13	28	8	34	6	18	7	21	7	2
G or Finsbury -	17	43	13	46	18	52	16	50	7	38	10	27	18	32	10	47	10	35	8	28	16	4
H or Whitechapel -	6	20	8	17	11	16	7	31	6	22	15	23	8	32	10	25	11	27	13	25	22	3
K or Stepney -	13	44	19	61	21	55	16	56	16	29	14	39	23	42	22	50	21	43	13	39	35	4
L or Lambeth -	4	27	1	36	12	19	7	30	7	18	4	9	12	17	7	34	4	32	5	23	3	2
M or Southwark -	21	43	17	39	24	58	19	34	8	45	15	27	11	54	15	51	22	40	18	29	6	4
N or Islington -	22	69	25	84	38	65	24	76	27	77	23	40	23	72	16	67	25	53	35	58	19	4
P or Camberwell -	10	57	16	44	12	31	5	43	1	24	6	39	19	47	13	50	12	52	17	41	8	3
R or Greenwich -	11	35	11	38	9	28	5	34	3	24	5	24	11	26	13	36	12	44	9	11	7	4
S or Hampstead -	16	60	29	56	24	58	15	64	20	57	31	50	18	39	17	73	25	60	25	62	23	5
T or Kensington -	7	52	16	53	11	43	10	42	5	38	10	16	16	42	16	28	11	29	7	16	6	1
V or Wandsworth -	11	53	19	40	18	48	14	67	14	71	11	46	20	44	13	44	10	33	17	22	8	3
W or Clapham -	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	1	3	3
X or Paddington -	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	8	6	–	–	–	–	9	13	17	3
													[International Exhibition.]									
Y or Highgate -	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	5	26	2
Thames - - -	1	11	3	6	1	10	2	11	1	10	2	3	2	9	1	7	4	10	4	9	4	1
Woolwich Dockyard	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	4	3	8	1	14	–	22	–	13	1	1
Portsmouth „ -	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	7	2	5	2	10	–	3	1	2	1	
Devonport „ -	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	12	1	4	–	5	–	5	–	5	1	
Chatham „ -	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	4	3	1	1	11	1	6	1	6	2	
Pembroke „ -	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	1	3	–	2	–	2	–	
TOTAL - -	209	703	257	769	299	654	213	800	182	674	231	574	279	712	205	774	224	715	235	571	255	7

The Dockyard Divisions were formed 1st October 1860.

The X or International Exhibition Division was formed temporarily when the building opened, and ceased upon its close.

The W, X, and Y Divisions were formed 30th October 1865.

SUMMARY of the Number of MEN DISMISSED and RESIGNED from the Year 1855 to end of Year 1866.

YEAR.	Dismissed.	Resigned.
1856 - - - - - - - -	209	703
1857 - - - - - - - -	257	769
1858 - - - - - - - -	299	654
1859 - - - - - - - -	213	800
1860 - - - - - - - -	182	674
1861 - - - - - - - -	231	574
1862 - - - - - - - -	279	712
1863 - - - - - - - -	205	774
1864 - - - - - - - -	224	715
1865 - - - - - - - -	255	571
1866 - - - - - - - -	255	732
TOTAL - - -	2,609	7,678

Metropolitan Police Office,
5 March 1867.

(signed) *Thomas Kittle*, Superintendent.

Richard Mayne,
The Commissioner of Police of the Metropolis.

METROPOLITAN POLICE.

RETURN of the Number of MEN of the FORCE Charged at the POLICE COURTS with OFFENCES, Specifying the Offence Charged, the Dates, and the Decisions thereon since 1855, to the close of 1866.

DATE.	Number Charged.	Offence with which Charged.	Decision of Magistrates.	Remarks by Magistrates.
1856:				
18 January	1	Making use of abusive language calculated to incite a breach of the peace.	Discharged	No grounds for charge.
21 „	1	Assault	Discharged	Evidence could not be relied on.
9 February	2	Excess of duty in improperly taking a person into custody.	Discharged	These officers have acted most properly, and in due execution of duty.
9 „	1	Violation of duty in not detaining a man who was charged with receiving.	Discharged	Not guilty of any violation of duty.
23 „	1*	Neglect of duty	1 month.	
27 „	1*	Neglect of duty	Fined 5*l.*, or 14 days.	
6 March	1	Rape	Discharged.	
22 „	1	Violation of duty	Discharged.	
9 April	1	Assault	Discharged.	
12 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
21 „	2	Assault	Discharged.	
23 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
3 May	1	Assault	Discharged.	
5 „	2	Neglect of duty, and assault	Discharged.	
8 „	1	Violation of duty	Discharged	No grounds for charge.
9 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
1 July	1	Assault	Fined 3*l.*, or 1 month.	
12 „	1	Improperly taking a person into custody.	Discharged.	
15 „	2	Larceny in a dwelling	Committed for trial, and sentenced to 18 months each.	
17 „	1	Assault	Discharged	Without hearing defence.
15 „	1	Making use of insulting language towards a female.	Discharged.	
27 „	1	Simple larceny	1 month.	
8 August	1	Neglect of duty in refusing to take a person into custody.	Discharged	The constable appears to have acted right.
14 „	1*	Unlawfully withdrawing himself from his duties.	Fined 50*s.*, or 14 days.	
21 „	1	Excess of duty, and assault	Fined 30*s.*, or 1 month.	
1 September	1	Excess of duty	Discharged.	
1 „	2	Assault	Discharged.	
1 „	1	Assault	Fined 20*s.*, or 1 month.	
1 „	1	Drunk and disorderly	10*s.*, or 14 days.	
10 „	1	Neglect of duty in refusing to take a person into custody.	Discharged	I think the constable was right.
12 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
16 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
21 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
22 „	2*	Neglect of duty	Discharged.	
23 „	1	Excess of duty	Discharged.	
29 „	1	Excess of duty	Discharged.	
10 October	2	Assault	Discharged.	
21 „	1	Neglect of duty	Discharged	The charge is so serious, and so far established as to disqualify the officer from executing his duty in this locality.

* Those marked with an asterisk were proceeded against by direction of the Commissioners of Police.

RETURN of the Number of Men of the Force charged at the Police Courts with Offences, &c.—*continued.*

DATE.	Number Charged.	Offence with which Charged.	Decision of Magistrates.	Remarks by Magistrates.
1856:				
1 November	1	Excess of duty	Fined 40*s.*, or 14 days.	
5 „	1	Excess of duty	Discharged.	
25 „	1	Indecent assault	Discharged.	
29 December	1	Neglect of duty	Discharged.	
1857:				
22 January	1	Assault	Discharged.	
4 February	1*	Unlawfully withdrawing himself from his duties.	Fined 20*s.*, or 21 days.	
2 March	1	Assault	Discharged.	
6 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
6 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
8 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
17 „	1	Neglect of duty in not taking a person into custody for unlawful possession.	Discharged	Plaintiff drunk; no grounds for charge.
7 April	1	Assault	Discharged.	
7 „	1	Assault	Committed for trial, and acquitted.	
8 „	1	Assault	Discharged	Constable not to blame.
15 „	1	Perjury	Discharged.	
20 „	1	Burglary	Committed for trial, and sentenced to 2 years' imprisonment.	
1 May	2	Unlawfully taking a female into custody.	Discharged	The complainant's principal witness established the case against her.
9 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
20 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
7 June	1	Assault	Discharged.	
12 „	1	Assault	Discharged	No proof of assault.
13 „	1	Assault	Discharged	No grounds for charge.
15 „	1*	Drunk when on duty, and absenting himself from his division.	Fined 20*s.*, or 14 days.	
17 „	1	Indecent assault	Committed for trial, and sentenced to 8 months.	
30 „	1	Assault	Discharged	The charge was perfectly frivolous.
30 „	1	Assault	Discharged	No reliance could be placed on evidence of prosecutrix or her witnesses.
10 July	1	Excess of duty	Discharged	I think the officer did no more than his duty.
11 „	1	Assault	Discharged	Evidence contradictory.
11 „	1*	Drunk, absent from his beat, and assaulting his serjeant.	1 month.	
22 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
25 „	2	Neglect of duty	Discharged.	
25 „	2	Assault	Committed for trial; one convicted and sentenced to 2 years, the other acquitted.	
7 August	1	Assault	Discharged.	
21 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
3 September	1	Assault	Discharged.	
4 „	1	On suspicion of being concerned with others in stealing from a dwelling-house.	Discharged.	
17 „	1	Indecent assault	Discharged.	
3 October	1*	Drunk when on duty, and assaulting his serjeant and two constables.	2 months.	
8 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
17 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	

RETURN of the Number of Men of the Force charged at the Police Courts with Offences, &c.—*continued.*

DATE.	Number Charged.	Offence with which Charged.	Decision of Magistrates.	Remarks by Magistrates.
1857:				
4 November -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
28 „ - -	1	On suspicion of stealing two fowls.	Discharged.	
1 December -	1	Neglect of duty - - -	Discharged - - -	The constable appears to have acted very properly.
23 „ - -	1	Violation of duty in improperly taking two females into custody.	1 month.	
29 „ - -	1*	Absconding from his division, taking with him his uniform.	14 days.	
1858:				
19 January -	1	Violation of duty - - -	Discharged - - -	A monstrous charge against the constable, who acted most judiciously.
22 „ - -	1*	Absenting himself from his duty.	Fined 20 *s.*, or 14 days.	
8 February -	1	Neglect of duty - - -	Discharged.	
8 March - -	1*	Neglect of duty - - -	Fined 20 *s.*, or 14 days.	
25 „ - -	1	Assault - - - - -	Discharged.	
7 April - -	1*	Neglect of duty - - -	Fined 40 *s.*, or 14 days.	
8 „ - -	1	Assault - - - - -	Fined 20 *s.*	
20 „ - -	1*	Drunk and assaulting two police constables.	1 month and 20 *s.*, or 20 days.	
13 May - -	1	Receiving money as a bribe -	Discharged.	
20 „ - -	1	Larceny from the person -	Committed for trial; bill ignored.	
21 „ - -	1	Simple larceny - - -	Committed for trial, and acquitted.	
2 June - -	2	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
5 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
7 „ - -	1	Violation of duty - - -	Discharged.	
9 „ - -	1*	Neglect of duty - - -	Fined 40 *s.*, or 1 month.	
14 „ - -	1	Assault - - - - -	Discharged.	
14 „ - -	1	Perjury - - - -	Discharged.	
8 July - -	1	Perjury - - - -	Discharged - - -	Not the slightest grounds for the charge.
10 „ - -	1*	Neglect of duty - - -	Fined 20 *s.*, or 10 days.	
17 „ - -	1	Violation of duty - - -	Discharged - - -	I do not believe a syllable of the girl's statement.
23 „ - -	1	Neglect of duty - - -	Discharged.	
31 „ - -	1	Stealing flowers - - -	Fined 5 *s.*, or 14 days.	
4 August - -	1*	Neglect of duty - - -	Fined 40 *s.*, or 14 days.	
5 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
16 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
16 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Fined 20 *s.*, and costs -	Fine paid by magistrate.
18 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
19 „ - -	1	Violation of duty - - -	Discharged.	
19 „ - -	1	Neglect of duty and assault -	Discharged.	
28 „ - -	1*	Absenting himself from duty without leave.	Fined 20 *s.*, or 14 days.	
2 September -	1	Incivility as a police constable	Discharged - - -	Magistrate declined to hear evidence: charge not within meaning of Act.
3 „ - -	2	Improperly taking a person into custody for fraud.	Discharged - - -	No jurisdiction.
4 „ - -	1	Disorderly - - - -	Discharged.	
9 „ - -	1*	Attempting to commit an unnatural offence.	Committed for trial, and acquitted.	
22 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Fined 40 *s.*, or 21 days	
22 „ - -	1	Drunk, and assaulting complainant.	Fined 40 *s.*, or 21 days.	
23 „ - -	1	Violation of duty - - -	Discharged.	
27 „ - -	1	Perjury - - - -	Discharged.	
28 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Fined 40 *s.*, or 21 days.	
28 „ - -	1	Abusive language - - -	Discharged.	
28 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	

RETURN of the Number of Men of the Force charged at the Police Courts with Offences, &c.—*continued.*

DATE.	Number Charged.	Offence with which Charged.	Decision of Magistrates.	Remarks by Magistrates.
1858:				
5 October -	1*	Fraud - - - - -	Committed for trial, and acquitted.	
6 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Committed for trial, and acquitted.	
15 „ -	1	Simple larceny - - -	Discharged - - -	No grounds for charge.
17 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
18 „ -	1	Violation of duty - - -	Discharged.	
24 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
1 November -	1	Neglect of duty - - -	Discharged - - -	Prosecutor satisfied that constable was right.
12 „ -	1	Neglect of duty - - -	Discharged.	
1859:				
4 January -	1*	Withdrawing himself from his duties.	To forfeit all pay.	
18 „ -	1	Violation of duty - - -	Discharged - - -	The constable acted very properly.
21 „ -	1*	Simple larceny - - -	Committed for trial, and acquitted.	
22 „ -	2	Assault and wilful damage -	Discharged.	
28 „ -	1*	Withdrawing himself from his duties unlawfully.	Fined 5 *l.*, or 1 month.	
31 „ -	1*	Simple larceny - - -	Committed for trial, and sentenced to 6 months.	
15 February -	1	Making use of insulting language calculated to provoke a breach of the peace.	Discharged.	
20 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
3 March - -	1*	Withdrawing himself from his duties unlawfully.	Fined all pay due.	
3 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
	2	Excess of duty - - -	Discharged.	
11 April - -	1	Indecent assault - - -	Discharged.	
12 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Committed for trial, and sentenced to 12 months' imprisonment.	
15 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Withdrawn.	
15 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
6 May - -	1	Drunk, and assaulting complainant.	Fined 40 *s.*, or 1 month.	
7 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged - - -	No grounds for complaint.
14 „ - -	1	Burglary - - - -	Committed for trial, and sentenced to 10 years' penal servitude.	
17 June - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
24 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
25 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Fined 5 *l.*	
29 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged - - -	Not the slightest grounds for charge.
7 July - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged - - -	Most frivolous.
8 „ - -	1	Violation of duty - - -	Discharged.	
14 „ - -	1	Neglect of duty - - -	Discharged - - -	Constable would not be justified in interfering.
16 „ - -	1*	Neglect of duty - - -	Fined 40 *s.*, or 1 month.	
17 „ - -	1	Larceny from the person -	Committed for trial, and sentenced to 12 months.	
30 „ - -	1*	Assaulting a police serjeant -	1 month, and bailed.	
9 August - -	1	Indecent assault - - -	Committed for trial, and sentenced to 1 month.	
10 „ - -	1	Indecent assault - - -	1 month.	
19 „ - -	1*	Causing the death of a constable.	Discharged.	
25 „ - -	1	Excess of duty - - -	Discharged.	

RETURN of the Number of Men of the Force charged at the Police Courts with Offences, &c.—*continued.*

DATE.	Number Charged.	Offence with which Charged.	Decision of Magistrates.	Remarks by Magistrates.
1859:				
1 September	1	Abusive language	Fined 40 *s.*, or one month.	
1 „	2	Assault	Discharged.	
1 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
12 „	1*	Withdrawing himself from his duties unlawfully.	Fined 4 *l.*, or one month.	
22 „	2	Neglect of duty	Discharged.	
23 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
12 October	1	Indecent language	Discharged.	
15 „	1*	Unlawful possession	Discharged.	
15 „	1*	Violation of duty	One month.	
24 „	1*	Unlawfully withdrawing himself from his duties.	Fined 10 *s.*, or seven days.	
27 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
24 „	1*	Unlawfully withdrawing himself from his duties.	Fined 4 *l.*, or one month.	
1 November	1	Simple larceny	Six months.	
8 „	1	Indecent assault	Committed for trial and acquitted.	
10 „	1	Drunk, and assaulting a female	Three months.	
17 „	1*	Neglect of duty	Fined 40 *s.*, or 14 days.	
19 „	1*	Violation of duty	Fined 10 *s.*	
24 „	1*	Absenting himself from duty and division without leave.	Fined 40 *s.*, or one month.	
22 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
„	1	Assault	Discharged.	
27 „	1	Assault	Fined 5 *l.*, or one month.	
16 December	1*	Violation of duty	Fined 40 *s.*	
23 „	1	Assault	Discharged	The evidence preponderates in favour of the constable, who had a most difficult duty to perform.
23 „	1*	Violation of duty (drunk on his beat).	One month.	
27 „	1*	Drunk and incapable of performing his duty.	Fined 20 *s.*, or one month.	
1860:				
14 January	1	Violation of duty	Discharged.	
27 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
8 February	1*	Drunk and absent from duty, also assault.	Fined 40 *s.*, or 14 days for each offence.	
20 „	1*	Unlawfully withdrawing himself from his duties.	Fined 20 *s.*, or 14 days.	
18 „	1	Excess of duty and assault	Discharged	No foundation for charge.
27 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
18 April	1	Assault	Discharged.	
19 „	2*	Unlawfully withdrawing themselves from their duties.	Fined 40 *s.* each, or 21 days.	
19 „	1*	Unlawfully withdrawing himself from his duties.	Fined 5 *l.*, or one month.	
25 „	1	Neglect of duty and assaulting his serjeant.	One month.	
3 May	1	Indecent language	No jurisdiction.	
5 „	1	Excess of duty	Discharged.	
30 „	2	Excess of duty	Discharged.	
7 June	1	Assault	Discharged.	
18 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
14 July	1	Indecent assault on a child	Discharged	Evidence of child not admissible.
6 August	1	Drunk on duty and assaulting his serjeant.	One month.	
„	1	Violation of duty	Withdrawn.	
1 September	1	Assault	Discharged.	
22 „	1*	Simple larceny	Three months.	

RETURN of the Number of Men of the Force charged at the Police Courts with Offences, &c.—*continued.*

DATE.	Number Charged.	Offence with which Charged.	Decision of Magistrates.	Remarks by Magistrates.
1860:				
8 October -	1*	Violation of duty - - -	Fined 3 *l.*	
9 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
30 „ -	1	Excess of duty - - -	Discharged.	
	1	Assault - - - -	Committed for trial, and acquitted.	
6 November -	1	Violation of duty - - -	Discharged.	
15 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
12 December -	1*	Neglecting to deliver up uniform on being dismissed.	14 days.	
17 „ -	1*	Unlawfully withdrawing himself from his duties.	Fined 20 *s.*, or 14 days.	
17 „ -	1	Neglect of duty - - -	Discharged.	
18 „ -	1*	Unlawfully withdrawing himself from his duties.	Fined 40 *s.*, or 14 days.	
1861:				
January -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
16 „ -	1	Poaching - - - -	Discharged.	
19 February -	1*	Obscene language and assaulting a brother constable.	Fined 40 *s.*, or one month.	
27 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
5 March -	1	Perjury - - - -	Discharged.	
22 „ -	1*	Unlawfully withdrawing himself from his duties.	Fined 3 *l.*, or 21 days.	
27 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
2 April - -	1	Assault - - - -	Committed for trial, and sentenced to six months.	
4 „ - -	1*	Drunk when for duty, and damaging his uniform.	Fined 5 *l.*, or one month.	
11 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
15 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
18 „ - -	1*	Withdrawing himself from his duties unlawfully.	Fined 5 *s.*	
22 „ - -	1*	Unlawfully purchasing uniform clothing.	Discharged.	
23 „ - -	1	Violation of duty in receiving money from omnibus conductors.	Discharged - - -	The only witness not knowing the nature of an oath.
	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
14 June - -	1*	General neglect of duty - -	Fined 20 *s.*, or 14 days.	
14 „ - -	1*	Unlawfully withdrawing himself from his duties.	Fined 40 *s.*, or three weeks.	
21 „ - -	1*	Absent from duty, and returning drunk.	Fined 20 *s.*, or 14 days.	
	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
9 July - -	1	Assault - - - -	Fined 20 *s.*, or 14 days.	
9 „ - -	1	Indecent assault - - -	Discharged.	
8 August - -	1*	Unlawfully retaining his uniform.	One month.	
31 „ - -	1	Simple larceny - - -	Discharged.	
9 October -	1	Assault - - - -	Fined 20 *s.*	
11 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Fined 40 *s.*, or one month.	
12 „ -	1	Perjury - - - -	Discharged.	
1 November -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
16 „ -	1*	Unlawfully withdrawing himself from his duties.	Fined 20 *s.*, or seven days.	
December -	1	Assault - - - -	Fined 40 *s.*, or one month.	
1862:				
17 January -	1	Assault - - - -	Two months.	
17 „ -	1	Violation of duty - - -	Discharged.	
25 „ -	1*	Unlawfully withdrawing himself from his duties.	Fine one week's pay.	
22 „ -	1	Drunk and disorderly - -	Discharged.	

RETURN of the Number of Men of the Force charged at the Police Courts with Offences, &c.—*continued.*

DATE.	Number Charged.	Offence with which Charged.	Decision of Magistrates.	Remarks by Magistrates.
1862:				
17 February -	1*	Unlawful possession of Government property.	Discharged.	
20 „ -	1	Larceny from the person -	Discharged. - - -	No grounds for charge.
21 „ -	1	Larceny from the person -	Discharged.	
8 March -	1	Violation of duty - - -	Discharged.	
10 „ -	1*	Neglect and violation of duty -	14 days.	
14 „ -	1	Larceny from the person -	Committed for trial, and sentenced to 12 months.	
4 April -	2*	Unlawfully withdrawing themselves from their duties.	Fined 5 *l.* each, or one month.	
16 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
19 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Committed for trial, and sentenced to 18 months.	
21 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
28 „ -	1*	Drunk, and assulting his inspector.	14 days.	
20 May -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
27 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
30 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
31 „ -	1	Neglect of duty - - -	Discharged.	
13 June -	1	Violation of duty - - -	Dismissed; complainant paying 40 *s.* expenses.	A most unfair charge.
16 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
30 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Charge withdrawn - -	I consider the constable unfit to remain in the police.
21 „ -	1*	Unlawfully withdrawing himself from his duties.	Fined 20 *s.*, or 14 days.	
23 „ -	1	Improperly taking into custody and assaulting complainant.	Fined 10 *l.*	
	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
20 July -	1	Assault - - - -	Fined 40 *s.*	
23 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Two months.	
5 August -	1	Assault - - - -	Committed for trial, and acquitted.	
8 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
12 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
30 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
20 September -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
20 „ -	1	Cruelty - - - -	Discharged.	
24 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
1 October -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
14 „ -	1*	Unlawfully withdrawing himself from his duties.	Fined 20 *s.*, or seven days.	
10 November -	1*	Violation of duty - - -	Fined 20 *s.*, or 14 days.	
December -	1	Wilfully killing a goose -	Fined 10 *s.* and costs.	
10 „ -	1	Violation of duty - - -	Discharged.	
1863:				
2 January -	1	Assault - - - -	Fined 10 *s.*	
30 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged - - -	The constable only did his duty.
21 February -	1*	Violation of duty and assaulting his serjeant.	One month.	
8 April - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
13 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
16 „ - -	1	Abusive language - - -	Discharged.	
25 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
5 May - -	1*	Unlawfully withdrawing himself from his duties.	Fined 7 *s.* 6 *d.*	
15 „ - -	1	Simple larceny.	Committed for trial, and acquitted.	

RETURN of the Number of Men of the Force charged at the Police Courts with Offences, &c.—*continued.*

DATE.	Number Charged.	Offence with which Charged.	Decision of Magistrates.	Remarks by Magistrates.
1863:				
16 May - -	3*	Obtaining money &c. from the landlord of a public house under pretence of procuring a license.	One month each.	
„ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged - - -	Complainant tried for assaulting police.
	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
22 May - -	2	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
8 June - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
29 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
6 July - -	1*	Violation of duty, and assaulting his inspector.	Fined 20 *s.*, or 20 days.	
17 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
29 „ - -	1	Neglect of duty - - -	Discharged.	
3 August -	1	Using threatening language -	Bailed for three months.	
4 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Absconded - - -	Did not appear.
8 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
14 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
26 „ - -	2	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
16 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
20 „ - -	3	Violation of duty and assault -	One fined 40 *s.*; two committed for trial, at their own request; convicted, and sentenced to 18 months each.	
October -	1	Assaulting and soliciting money from the person charging.	Committed for trial, and acquitted.	No proof of the constable having solicited a bribe.
3 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
5 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
6 „ - -	1*	Drunk, and assaulting his serjeant.	Fined 40 *s.*, or 21 days.	
10 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged . . -	Complainant to pay to costs.
	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged - - -	No grounds for complaint.
29 October -	1*	Absent from duty, and found drunk.	Fined 10 *s.*	
1 November -	1	Simple larceny - - -	Discharged.	
1 „ - -	1*	Unlawfully withdrawing himself from his duties.	Fined 50 *s.* and costs, or one month.	
10 „ -	1*	Unlawfully withdrawing himself from his duties.	Fined 50 *s.*, or one month.	
December -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged - - -	Complainant to pay 14 *s.*, constable's expenses, or be imprisoned.
8 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
28 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
1864:				
14 January -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
30 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
10 February .	2	Violation of duty in taking complainant into custody.	Discharged.	
14 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
16 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
14 March - -	1	Violation of duty - - -	Discharged.	
15 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
17 „ - -		Perjury - - - -	Discharged.	
19 „ - -	1*	Unlawfully withdrawing himself from his duties.	Fined 40 *s.*, or 21 days.	
29 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	

RETURN of the Number of Men of the Force charged at the Police Courts with Offences, &c.—*continued.*

DATE.	Number Charged.	Offence with which Charged.	Decision of Magistrates.	Remarks by Magistrates.
1864:				
8 April	1	Excess of duty	Discharged.	
16 „	1	Abusive language	Discharged.	
6 May	1*	Unlawfully withdrawing himself from his duties.	Fined 20 *s.*, or 14 days.	
9 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
12 „	1	Abusive language	Fined 20 *s.*, or 10 days.	
13 „	1*	Absconding from his division	Fined 10 *s.*, or 14 days.	
14 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
16 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
23 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
30 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
16 June	1	Assault	Discharged.	
18 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
18 „	1	Excess of duty	Discharged.	
28 „	1	Neglecting to pay a cab fare	Discharged.	
5 July	1	Assault	Discharged.	
5 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
13 „	1	Assault	Fined 40 *s.*, or one month.	
24 „	1	Abusive language	Discharged.	
10 August	1	Assault	Discharged.	
6 „	1	Perjury	Discharged.	
	1	Assault	Discharged.	
22 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
23 „	1	Assault	Committed for trial, and acquitted.	
29 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
9 September	1	Assault	Discharged	No complainant; recommended that constable be removed to another district.
16 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
28 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
19 October	1	Assault	Fined 40 *s.* and costs.	
29 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
5 November	1	Assault	Discharged.	
28 „	1	Extorting money from a prisoner.	One month.	
11 December	1	Assault	Discharged.	
22 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
29 „	1	Assault	Committed for trial, and sentenced to two months.	
31 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
31 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
1865:				
3 January	1	Improperly taking complainant into custody.	Fined 20 *s.*	
	1	Assault	Discharged.	
22 „	1	Simple larceny	Discharged	I beg to recommend that indictments for perjury be taken out against complainant and witnesses.
10 February	1	Assault	Discharged.	
21 March	1*	Assaulting a police constable	Fined 5 *l.*, or one month.	
27 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
8 April	3	Violation of duty	Discharged.	
12 „	3	Violation of duty	Discharged	Complainant ordered to pay 42 *s.* costs.
17 „	1	Assault	Fined 2 *l.*, or 20 days.	
25 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
	1	Assault	Discharged.	
26 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	

RETURN of the Number of Men of the Force charged at the Police Courts with Offences, &c.—*continued.*

DATE.	Number Charged.	Offence with which Charged.	Decision of Magistrates.	Remarks by Magistrates.
1865:				
16 May	1	Assault	Discharged.	
20 „	1*	Violation of duty	Fined 20*s.*, or one month.	
24 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
27 „	1	Assault	Fined 40*s.*, or one month.	
3 June	1	Assault	Discharged.	
3 „	1*	Violation of duty	Fined 20*s.*, or seven days.	
22 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
27 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
29 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
18 July	1	Assault	Discharged.	
18 „	1	Assault	Fined 5*s.*	
30 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
1 August	1	Assault	Discharged.	
7 „	2	Assault	Discharged.	
8 „	1	Assault	Committed for trial, and acquitted.	
9 „	2	Assault	Discharged.	
16 „	1*	Withdrawing himself from his duties without giving the required notice, and unlawfully disposing of his uniform.	Fourteen days.	
22 „	1	Using abusive language	Discharged.	
15 September	1	Assault	Discharged.	
20 „	1	Assault	Discharged	Complainant to pay costs.
23 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
29 „	1	Indecent assault	Committed for trial, and sentenced to six months' imprisonment.	
27 „	1	Using abusive language	Discharged, with costs.	
30 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
30 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
6 October	1	Using abusive language	Fined 20*s.* and costs.	
12 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
16 „	1	Assault	Discharged	No prosecutor.
14 „	2	Larceny from the person	Discharged.	
26 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
4 November	2	Assault	Discharged.	
17 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
28 December	1	Assault	Committed for trial; bill ignored.	
1866:				
19 January	1	Assault	Fined 40*s.* and costs.	
24 „	1	Trespass in pursuit of game	Discharged.	
2 February	1	Assault	Discharged.	
9 „	2	Assault	Discharged.	
10 „	1	Violation of duty	Discharged	Evidence in favour of constable.
16 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
16 „	1*	Withdrawing himself from his duties unlawfully.	Fined 4*l.*, or one month.	
16 „	1*	Unlawfully withdrawing himself from his duties, and neglecting to deliver up his uniform.	Fined 5*l.*, or one month.	
3 March	1	Using abusive language	Fined 10*s.*	
10 „	1	Assault	Discharged	No grounds for complaint; complainant bailed to keep the peace.
10 „	1*	Unlawfully withdrawing himself from his duties.	Fined 20*s.*, or 14 days.	
19 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	
	1	Assault	Not heard	Summons should not have been granted.
10 April	2	Assault	Discharged.	
18 „	1	Assault	Fined 20*s.*, or 14 days.	
2 „	1	Assault	Discharged.	

RETURN of the Number of Men of the Force charged at the Police Courts with Offences, &c.—*continued.*

DATE.	Number Charged.	Offence with which Charged.	Decision of Magistrates.	Remarks by Magistrates.
1866:				
April - -	2	Assault - - - -	Committed for trial, and sentenced, one to six months, and fined 20 *l.*, the other to four months' hard labour.	
23 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
3 May - -	1	Violation of duty - -	Discharged.	
15 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
8 „ - -	1*	Unlawfully withdrawing himself from his duties.	Fined 40 *s.*, or 21 days.	
22 „ - -	2	Assault - - - -	Discharged - - -	Statement of complainant not believed.
22 „ - -	1	Larceny from a dwelling-house	Committed for trial, and sentenced to two years.	
6 June - -	2	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
9 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
14 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Constable absconded.	
15 „ - -	1*	Unlawfully withdrawing himself from his duties.	Fined arrears of pay.	
23 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
26 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Two months.	
28 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
28 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Absconded; warrant granted.	
20 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Absconded, and apprehended on a warrant; committed for trial, and bailed to appear if called on.	
2 July - -	3	Assault - - - -	One discharged, one absconded, and one four months.	
3 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
4 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
11 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
12 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
14 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
15 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
24 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
2 August - -	1*	Unlawfully withdrawing himself from his duties.	Fined 40 *s.*, or one month.	
4 „ - -	1*	Unlawfully withdrawing himself from his duties.	Fined 3 *l.*, or one month.	
4 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged - - -	Own bail to appear if required.
4 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
8 „ - -	1*	Unlawfully withdrawing himself from his duties.	Fined 40 *s.*, or one month.	
27 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
6 September -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
7 „ - -	2	Perjury - - - -	Committed for trial; one acquitted and one convicted (case still pending in Court of Queen's Bench).	
12 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Fined 20 *s.*	
13 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
15 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
3 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
17 „ - -	1*	Drunk on duty and assaulting two constables.	Fined 20*s.*, or ten days.	
25 „ - -	1*	Drunk on duty and assault -	Fined 40*s.*, or 21 days.	
	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
9 October -	1	Unlawfully withdrawing himself from his duties.	Fined 20 *s.*	
12 „ - -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	

RETURN of the Number of Men of the Force charged at the Police Courts with Offences, &c.—*continued.*

DATE.	Number Charged.	Offence with which Charged.	Decision of Magistrates.	Remarks by Magistrates.
1866:				
23 October -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
25 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
23 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
26 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
29 „ -	2	Assault - - - -	Committed for trial, and each sentenced to three months' hard labour.	
3 November -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
5 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
10 „ -	1*	Unlawfully withdrawing himself from his duties.	Fined 20 *s.*, or 14 days.	
28 „ -	1	Simple larceny - - -	Discharged - - -	Not the slightest evidence to justify even suspicion.
29 „ -	1	Indecently exposing himself -	Two months.	
10 December -	1*	Unlawfully withdrawing himself from his duties.	Fined 50 *s.* and costs, or one month.	
11 „ -	1	Using abusive language - -	Discharged - - -	This charge is a disgrace to complainant.
13 „ -	1	Assault - - - -	Discharged.	
22 „ -	1	Excess of duty - - -	Discharged.	

SUMMARY.

YEAR.	Number Charged with Offences.	Number Convicted.	Number Discharged.	REMARKS.
1856 - - - - -	49	11	38	
1857 - - - - -	44	9	35	
1858 - - - - -	51	14	37	
1859 - - - - -	61	27	34	
1860 - - - - -	32	12	20	
1861 - - - - -	29	14	15	
1862 - - - - -	40	15	25	
1863 - - - - -	47	15	32	
1864 - - - - -	49	8	41	
1865 - - - - -	53	10	43	
1866 - - - - -	80	28*	52	
TOTAL - - -	† 535	163	‡ 372	

* Thirteen of these were proceeded against by direction of the Commissioner of Police.

† Of this number, 100 (in Return marked thus *) were proceeded against by direction of the Commissioner of Police.

‡ Of this number, four absconded and did not appear before the Magistrate.

Metropolitan Police Office,
5 March 1867.

(signed) *Thos. Kittle,* Superintendent.

Richard Mayne,
The Commissioner of Police of the Metropolis.

METROPOLITAN POLICE.

RETURNS of the Total Number of the Metropolitan Police Force employed in each Division, in each Year from 1855, specifying the Average Number on Day and on Night Duty; of the Number of Men Resigned and Dismissed from each Division in each Year since 1855; and, of the Number of Men of the Force charged at the Police Courts with Offences since 1855 to the close of 1866; &c.

(*Captain Grosvenor.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
27 *March* 1867.

POLICE (METROPOLIS).

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 23 May 1867;—*for*,

"RETURNS of STRENGTH of each DIVISION of the METROPOLITAN POLICE FORCE on the 1st day of January 1846, 1856, and 1866:"

"And, of any Additions made to the Force during the above-mentioned Periods; specifying the Date thereof, and the Amount of Additions made."

(*Mr. Grove.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*, 25 *June* 1867.

METROPOLITAN POLICE.

RETURN of the STRENGTH of each DIVISION of the METROPOLITAN POLICE on the 1st day of January 1846, 1856, and 1866; together with the Additions made to the Force during the above-mentioned Periods.

DIVISIONS.	1846.	1856.	1866.	REMARKS.
A or Whitehall - -	189	326	361	
B or Westminster - -	228	322	440	
C or St. James's - -	201	266	291	
D or Marylebone - -	244	367	321	
E or Holborn - - -	177	171	194	
F or Covent Garden -	164	164	185	
G or Finsbury - -	255	312	346	
H or Whitechapel - -	218	234	228	
K or Stepney - - -	417	480	576	
L or Lambeth - -	196	210	208	
M or Southwark - -	283	345	349	
N or Islington - -	458	505	494	
P or Camberwell - -	333	405	357	
R or Greenwich - -	351	512	338	
S or Hampstead - -	368	410	427	
T or Kensington - -	241	288	360	
V or Wandsworth - -	329	364	255	
W or Clapham - -	–	–	302	Divisions formed 30th October 1865.
X or Paddington - -	–	–	320	
Y or Highgate - -	–	–	344	
Thames - - - -	97	102	121	
Woolwich - - -	–	–	188	Division formed 22d April 1860.
Portsmouth - - -	–	–	177	Ditto - 1st October 1860.
Devonport - - -	–	–	164	Ditto - 22nd „ „
Chatham - - -	–	–	115	Ditto - 3rd December 1860.
Pembroke - - -	–	–	32	Ditto - 17th „ „
TOTAL - - -	4,749	5,783	7,493	

SUMMARY.

Strength of Police on 1st January 1846, 4,749
Additions from 1846 to 1855 inclusive, 1,034

Strength of Police on 1st January 1856, 5,783
Additions from 1856 to 1865 inclusive, 1,710

Strength of Police on 1st January 1866, 7,493

An augmentation of three superintendents and six men only, made on the formation of W, X, and Y Divisions; the numbers, generally, were taken from the strength of other divisions, which were reduced accordingly.

Additions made to the Force.

From 1846 to 1856.

Year.	Month	Cause.	Numbers.
1846 - -	11 May -	At the Tower of London" - - - - -	14
1847 - -	30 March -	For increase of new streets - - - - -	100
1848 - -	24 July -	„ general increase to force - - - -	170
1848 - -	8 August -	Ditto - - ditto - - - - -	30
1848 - -	24 August -	„ "A Reserves" to six Divisions (A, B, C, D, G, and M) -- - - - - -	336
1848 - -	24 „ -	„ Increase of serjeants - - - - -	64
1848 - -	24 „ -	„ Mounted duty - - - - - -	21
1853 - -	16 June -	In common lodging houses department - -	18
		In place of those on detached sick leave, or on the request, and at the cost of departments and private individuals * - - - - - - -	281
		Total - - -	1,034

From 1856 to 1866.

Year.	Month.	Cause.	Numbers.
1857 - -	30 March -	For general increase to force - - - -	379
1858 - -	12 July -	„ Thames Police - - - - - -	14
1859 - -	17 January	„ General increase to force - - - -	44
1860 - -	10 October	„ Portsmouth Dockyard - - - - -	177
1860 - -	22 „ -	„ Devonport Dockyard - - - - -	164
1860 - -	3 Dec. -	„ Chatham Dockyard - - - - -	115
1860 - -	18 „ -	„ Pembroke Dockyard - - - - -	32
1862 - -	8 March -	„ General increase to force - - - -	100
1862 - -	13 „ -	„ Ditto - ditto - - - - -	55
1863 - -	2 January	„ General increase, and "A Reserves" to K and S Divisions - - - - - -	233
1864 - -	11 „ -	„ General increase to force - - - -	53
1865 - -	17 July -	„ Ditto - ditto - - - - -	112
1865 - -	2 October	„ Thames Police - - - - - -	14
1866 - -	18 January	„ "A Reserve" to P Division - - - -	56
		In place of those on detached sick leave, or on the request, and at the cost of departments and private individuals * - - - - - - -	162
		Total - - -	1,710

* These numbers are continually changing—almost daily.

Thomas Kittle,
Superintendent.

Metropolitan Police Office,
19 June 1867.

Richard Mayne.

POLICE (METROPOLIS).

RETURN of the Strength of each Division of the Metropolitan Police Force on 1st January 1846, 1856, and 1866, together with the Additions made to the Force during the above-mentioned Periods.

(*Mr. Grove.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
25 *June* 1867.

Under 1 *oz.*

POLICE (ST. MARYLEBONE.)

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 4 July 1867;—*for*,

"RETURN of the Number of Police on Duty during the Day, and during the Night (in separate Columns), in the Parish of *Saint Marylebone*, from the 1st day of January 1866 to the 31st day of December 1866, inclusive."

METROPOLITAN POLICE.

The Parish of Saint Marylebone, from its great extent, forms part of the three divisions of police called D, or Marylebone; E, or Holborn; and S, or Hampstead.

The numbers of police attached to each of those divisions are—

	Superintendents.	Inspectors.	Serjeants.	Constables.
D, or Marylebone - - -	1	5	24	232
Reserve attached to this Division for duties in it and other Divisions - - - - -	- -	1	5	50
Total Strength of D Division -	1	6	29	282
E, or Holborn - - - -	1	4	21	167
S, or Hampstead - - - -	1	8	41	323
Reserve attached to this Division for duties in it and other Divisions - - - - -	- -	1	5	50
Total Strength of S Division -	1	9	46	373
General Total - - -	3	19	96	822

The ordinary proportion of the numbers of police of each division on day and night duty respectively is—

One-third day;
Two-thirds night;

this proportion would give, in the above-mentioned divisions, exclusive of the reserves—

Day duty - - - - - - - 276
Night duty - - - - - - - 552

But this proportion is constantly varying by additions from the reserves attached to these and seven other divisions.

On special occasions the numbers on day and night duty, or both, are largely increased by police drawn from other divisions.

The police divisions are formed into sub-divisions, sections, and beats. None of these are formed according to parish boundaries, but they necessarily run into different parishes; therefore, the numbers on duty within any particular parish could not be given.

The number of police actually on duty at any particular place would give a very imperfect and erroneous notion of the protection of that place by the police.

The advantages of a combined system of police are to be estimated by the efficiency of the police at all places from which persons may come to perpetrate crime at any other place. Detections are made frequently by keeping under observation those who intend to commit crime, or finding them afterwards in their haunts, where they are known by the police of that place.

25 July 1867. (signed) *Richd. Mayne.*

POLICE (ST. MARYLEBONE).

RETURN of the Number of Police on Duty during the Day, and during the Night, in the Parish of *St. Marylebone*, from the 1st January 1866 to the 31st December 1866, inclusive.

(*Mr. Harvey Lewis.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
7 *August* 1867.

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 1st April 1867;—*for*,

RETURN "of the Number of MEN who, since the 1st day of January 1860, have been SUPERANNUATED from the IRISH CONSTABULARY, after the following Service: Number after 20 Years' Service; Number after 21 Years' Service; Number after 22 Years' Service; Number after 23 Years' Service; Number after 24 Years' Service; Number after 25 Years' Service; Number after 26 Years' Service; Number after 27 Years' Service; Number after 28 Years' Service; Number after 29 Years' Service; Number after 30 Years' Service; Number after 31 Years' Service; Number after 32 Years' Service; Number after 33 Years' Service; Number after 34 Years' Service; Number after 35 Years' Service; and, more than 35 Years' Service."

After a Service of	20	Years	33
„ „	21	„	44
„ „	22	„	55
„ „	23	„	49
„ „	24	„	50
„ „	25	„	73
„ „	26	„	60
„ „	27	„	70
„ „	28	„	101
„ „	29	„	85
„ „	30	„	108
„ „	31	„	86
„ „	32	„	37
„ „	33	„	40
„ „	34	„	20
„ „	35	„	13
„ „	upwards of 35	Years	44

Constabulary Office, Dublin Castle,
17 April 1867.

J. Stewart Wood,
Inspector General.

CONSTABULARY (IRELAND).

RETURN of the Number of MEN who, since the 1st January 1860, have been SUPERANNUATED from the IRISH CONSTABULARY after Certain Periods of Service.

(*Colonel Greville-Nugent.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
3 *May* 1867.

421

CONSTABULARY (IRELAND).

A STATEMENT of the Amount of Constabulary Force employed in each County, County of a City, and County of a Town, in *Ireland*, on the 1st day of January 1867.

(*Presented pursuant to Act* 6 *Will.* 4, *c.* 13, *s.* 57.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
5 *July* 1867.

STATEMENT of the Amount of CONSTABULARY FORCE employed in each County, County of a City, and County of a Town, in *Ireland*, on the 1st day of January 1867.

No. 1.—EFFECTIVE STRENGTH of the FORCE in Counties, Cities, and Towns, on the 1st January 1867.

COUNTIES, &c.	Town Inspector of Belfast.	County Inspectors.		Sub-Inspectors.			Head Constables.			Constables.		Acting Constables.	Sub-Constables.										Vacancies in the Rank of Sub-Constable.	Horses.
													Of 20 years' Service, and upwards.		Of 12 years' Service, and under 20.		Of 6 years' Service, and under 12.		Of 6 months' Service, and under 6 years.		Under 6 months' Service.			
		1st.	2nd.	1st.	2nd.	3rd.	Major.	1st.	2nd.	Mounted.	Dismounted.	Dismounted.	Mounted.	Dismounted.	Mounted.	Dismounted.	Mounted.	Dismounted.	Mounted.	Dismounted.	Mounted.	Dismounted.		
Antrim	–	1	–	1	2	4	–	1	7	4	39	8	–	11	1	32	2	35	1	100	–	–	40	8
Armagh	–	–	1	2	1	2	–	–	7	3	29	10	–	15	1	24	3	38	–	45	–	–	7	7
Carlow	–	1	–	2	1	1	–	2	3	1	23	6	1	10	3	18	1	22	–	32	–	–	23	6
Cavan	–	1	–	3	3	2	–	1	8	4	43	9	1	22	3	46	2	55	–	70	–	–	35	10
Clare	–	1	–	3	1	6	–	3	9	4	61	13	1	23	6	58	1	57	–	140	–	6	28	12
*Cork, E.	–	1	–	8	2	2	–	1	13	6	81	17	–	20	3	53	4	42	1	211	–	16	5	14
Cork, W.	–	1	–	1	3	4	–	2	8	3	53	12	1	11	3	39	1	38	2	106	–	14	11	10
Donegal	–	1	–	3	4	3	–	1	13	2	87	16	–	13	5	89	1	113	4	193	–	–	52	12
Down	–	1	–	2	1	4	–	1	7	4	42	10	–	6	1	32	4	47	–	99	–	–	15	9
Dublin	–	1	–	4	1	–	–	–	6	2	39	7	–	14	2	30	2	41	1	75	–	–	23	7
Fermanagh	–	–	1	2	1	2	–	2	4	2	29	6	–	4	2	36	1	28	2	53	–	–	18	7
Galway, E.	–	1	–	1	1	5	–	1	8	–	50	14	–	21	3	57	4	54	2	86	–	–	38	9
Galway, W.	–	–	1	2	3	4	–	4	8	1	48	11	1	21	7	78	1	47	1	81	–	–	41	11
Kerry	–	1	–	5	1	1	–	1	7	2	43	8	–	22	4	42	2	37	1	67	–	10	26	9
†Kildare	–	1	–	–	3	2	–	1	6	3	41	15	–	22	1	40	2	40	1	66	–	–	31	7
Kilkenny	–	1	–	2	3	3	–	1	8	3	57	12	–	28	3	67	2	75	2	78	–	–	28	10
King's	–	–	1	2	3	1	–	1	7	5	59	11	–	14	1	45	1	65	1	76	–	–	36	8
Leitrim	–	1	–	2	1	3	–	–	8	4	47	10	–	31	2	55	2	62	–	74	–	–	42	8
Limerick	–	1	–	3	3	3	–	1	11	3	86	9	–	33	2	67	5	60	1	224	–	22	29	11
Londonderry	–	–	1	2	1	2	–	3	3	1	26	9	–	10	1	20	5	27	–	30	–	2	14	7
Longford	–	1	–	–	1	4	–	2	4	1	35	10	–	16	2	43	3	27	1	41	–	–	24	7
Louth	–	–	1	2	2	–	–	1	6	3	31	7	–	15	3	40	–	35	–	25	–	–	29	6

Mayo	–	–	1	2	7	2	–	4	9	2	64	13	–	26	5	87	2	78	4	87	–	–	29	13
Meath	–	1	–	3	1	4	–	3	7	3	57	9	–	13	5	58	2	45	–	125	–	–	58	10
Monaghan	–	–	1	2	1	1	–	1	5	3	29	6	–	6	2	33	1	36	–	50	–	–	29	6
Queen's	–	1	–	3	3	2	–	1	9	2	39	9	–	19	4	44	4	49	–	50	–	–	34	10
Roscommon	–	1	–	2	2	3	–	1	8	2	61	8	–	41	5	104	2	53	–	98	–	1	30	9
Sligo	–	1	–	1	3	3	–	–	9	3	39	10	–	16	4	40	1	42	1	46	–	–	29	9
Tipperary, N.	–	1	–	3	5	1	–	2	9	3	92	11	–	20	3	74	4	110	1	204	–	10	32	11
Tipperary, S.	–	1	–	5	3	2	–	2	9	2	83	12	–	33	5	83	2	121	3	159	–	18	18	12
Tyrone	–	1	–	2	3	2	–	1	8	2	40	8	–	10	4	34	3	53	–	72	–	–	21	9
Waterford	–	1	–	–	4	2	–	1	7	3	40	11	1	11	1	41	3	36	–	76	–	–	26	8
‡Westmeath	–	1	–	3	3	1	–	1	8	1	51	11	1	19	2	37	4	51	1	79	–	–	41	9
Wexford	–	1	–	2	3	3	–	1	8	2	46	10	–	26	3	59	3	45	2	46	–	–	28	10
Wicklow	–	1	–	2	2	2	–	2	4	1	38	9	–	17	4	37	2	51	–	38	–	–	22	8
CITIES AND TOWNS:																										
Carrickfergus	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	6	–	–	–	1
Cork	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	2	1	–	23	6	–	4	–	11	3	22	–	33	–	–	14	4
Drogheda	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	–	4	2	–	2	–	11	–	7	1	13	–	–	–	1
Galway	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	8	3	–	1	–	12	–	20	–	20	–	–	–	1
Kilkenny	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	1	1	–	6	1	–	2	–	9	1	13	–	18	–	–	–	1
Limerick	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	2	1	10	4	–	1	–	9	–	25	–	29	–	–	1	1
Waterford	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	2	–	10	3	–	1	1	25	1	13	–	10	–	–	6	2
TOTALS	–	27	8	86	84	86	–	55	267	93	1,790	377	7	650	107	1,819	87	1,916	34	3,231	–	99	1,013	330
Belfast Town Force	1	–	–	–	2	2	–	–	10	1	50	21	–	2	–	35	4	113	5	214	–	–	5	10
Reserve Force	–	–	–	3	2	1	1	1	7	9	44	43	–	1	–	11	7	38	31	62	–	–	300	40
Depôt	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	3	7	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	17	–	494	–	–
TOTALS	1	27	8	90	89	89	1	59	291	103	1,886	441	7	653	107	1,865	98	2,068	70	3,524	–	593	1,318	380

* 1 Constable and 4 Sub-Constables at Spike Island included.
† 1 First Class Head Constable, 5 Constables, 5 Acting Constables, and 32 Sub-Constables at Curragh Camp included.
‡ 10 Sub-Constables at Special Stations included.

No. 1.—Effective Strength of the Force in Counties, Cities, and Towns—*continued.*

RECAPITULATION.

	£. s.	Staff and Force in Counties, &c.	Belfast Town Force.	Reserve Force at Depôt.	Total.
Inspector General		1	-	-	1
Deputy Inspector General		1	-	-	1
Assistant Inspectors General		2	-	1	3
Receiver		1	-	-	1
Surgeon		-	-	1	1
Veterinary Surgeon		-	-	1	1
Storekeeper		-	-	1	1
Town Inspector of Belfast, at	450 – per ann.	-	1	-	1
County Inspectors, 1st class, on good service pay	350 – „	5	-	-	5
Ditto - 1st class	300 – „	22	-	-	22
Ditto - 2nd class	270 – „	8	-	-	8
Sub-Inspectors, 1st class, on good service pay	230 – „	6	-	-	6
Ditto - 1st class	200 – „	81	-	3	84
Ditto - 2nd class, on good service pay	162 – „	19	1	1	21
Ditto - 2nd class	150 – „	66	1	1	68
Ditto - 3rd class, on good service pay	137 – „	2	-	-	2
Ditto - 3rd class	125 – „	84	2	1	87
Head Constable Major	80 4 „	-	-	1	1
Ditto extra 1st class	80 4 „	11	-	1	12
Ditto - 1st class	70 4 „	47	-	-	47
Ditto - extra 2nd class	71 2 „	12	-	-	12
Ditto - 2nd class	61 2 „	262	10	7	279
Constables, extra rate	53 8 „	12	-	3	15
Ditto mounted	52 – „	93	1	8	102
Ditto dismounted	49 8 „	1,780	50	42	1,872
Acting Constables, dismounted	44 4 „	377	21	43	441
Sub-Constables, of 20 years' service, and upwards	42 18 „	657	2	1	660
Ditto - of 12 years' service, and under 20	41 12 „	1,926	35	11	1,972
Ditto - of 6 years' service, and under 12	39 – „	2,004	117	45	2,166
Ditto - of 6 months' service, and under 6 years	36 8 „	3,282	219	93	3,594
Under 6 months' service	31 4 „	593	-	-	593
Total		* 11,354	† 460	‡ 265	12,079
Horses		330	10	40	380

* This number includes 400 men appointed to aid in the suppression of illicit distillation, 235 mounted Sub-Constables, and 511 recruits at depôt towards filling 1,318 (the total number of) vacancies in the force.
† This number includes 9 mounted Sub-Constables.
‡ This number includes 38 mounted Sub-Constables.

Constabulary Office, Dublin Castle,
27 May 1867.

G. E. Hillier,
Assistant Inspector General of Constabulary.

No. 2.—STATEMENT of the Total Expenditure of the Constabulary Force of *Ireland*, in each County, County of a City, and County of a Town, Paid in the Year ended 31 December 1866.

COUNTIES, &c.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE for Each. £.	s.	d.	COUNTIES, &c.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE for Each. £.	s.	d.
Antrim, County	13,256	18	4	Limerick, County	26,856	13	2
Armagh „	12,349	14	6	Ditto, City	4,058	2	9
Carlow „	7,928	13	1	Londonderry, County	8,552	12	3
Carrickfergus, Town	445	7	9	Longford „	10,878	15	6
Cavan, County	15,288	–	6	Louth „	10,143	17	5
Clare „	21,479	14	5	Mayo „	23,203	18	7
Cork, East Riding	43,214	7	1	Meath „	17,645	19	11
Ditto, West „				Monaghan „	10,038	2	5
Ditto, City	6,855	17	9	Queen's „	13,625	16	2
Donegal, County	28,958	4	6	Roscommon „	22,608	9	5
Down „	14,065	9	8	Sligo „	12,676	7	11
Drogheda, Town	1,999	13	2	Tipperary, North Riding	56,202	14	8
Dublin, County	12,136	10	7	Ditto, South „			
Fermanagh „	9,848	10	10	Tyrone, County	13,371	5	7
Galway, East Riding	36,012	2	5	Waterford „	13,039	14	11
Ditto, West „				Ditto, City	4,694	13	–
Ditto, Town	3,266	16	4	Westmeath, County	14,642	19	1
Kerry County	14,604	6	3	Wexford „	14,983	16	3
Kildare „	13,367	12	6	Wicklow „	12,633	14	11
Kilkenny „	19,651	10	7	Depôt	26,598	11	7
Ditto, City	3,086	10	7	Reserve	15,838	3	6
King's County	16,771	–	7	Belfast Town	23,557	15	7
Leitrim „	17,172	11	8				
				£.	667,611	17	8

ADDENDA.

ACCOUNT of other Expenses Paid within the Year ended 31 December 1866.

	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Amount of Charges on Counties, Cities, and Towns, brought forward from above				667,611	17	8
Amount of Salaries, Allowances, and Expenses of 1 Inspector General, 1 Deputy, 3 Assistant Inspectors General, and 1 Receiver				4,483	12	–
Amount of Inspector General's Office Account, including Salaries of Clerks, &c., and Contingencies				6,540	9	5
General Contingencies, *alias* Miscellaneous				322	8	11
Total paid for Gratuities, Pensions, &c., on Superannuation Fund	86,557	9	2			
Deduct Stoppages on Account of Superannuation Fund	5,285	9	–			
				81,272	–	2
Amount Paid to War Department within the Year 1866, for Stores issued to the Constabulary of Ireland				106,795	–	6
Total £.				867,025	8	8

Paymaster General's Office, Dublin Castle, 29 June 1867.

Edward Smith, Receiver.

No 3.—SUMMARY of the TOTAL AMOUNT of FORCE employed on the 1st day of January 1867, and of the TOTAL EXPENDITURE for the said CONSTABULARY FORCE for the whole of *Ireland*, for the Year ended 31st December 1866, showing the Proportion of such Total Expenditure borne by the PUBLIC, and the Amount borne by Counties, Cities, and Towns.

No.	RANK.	Total Expense.	Proportion borne by the Public.	Amount borne by Counties, Cities, and Towns.
		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
1	Inspector General			
1	Deputy Inspector General			
3	Assistant Inspectors General			
1	Receiver			
1	Surgeon			
1	Veterinary Surgeon			
1	Storekeeper			
27	County Inspectors, 1st rate			
8	Ditto 2nd rate			
1	Town Inspector			
6	Sub-Inspectors, Extra rate			
84	Ditto 1st rate			
89	Ditto 2nd rate			
89	Ditto 3rd rate			
1	Head Constable, Major	867,025 8 8	842,479 3 6	24,546 5 2
59	Ditto 1st Class			
291	Ditto 2nd Class			
1,989	Constables			
441	Ditto, acting			
660	Sub-Constables, 20 years' standing and upwards			
1,972	Ditto 12 years', and under 20			
2,166	Ditto 6 years', and under 12			
3,594	Ditto 6 months', and under 6 years'			
593	Ditto under 6 months' service			
380	Horses			
72	Magistrates			

Paymaster General's Office, Dublin Castle, 29 June 1867.

Edward Smith, Receiver.

STATEMENT of SALARIES, EXTRA PAY, and ALLOWANCES of the CONSTABULARY FORCE of *Ireland*.

(*Extracted from the Constabulary Financial Code.*)

Note.—The Numbers of the Paragraphs refer to the Sections of the Code.

Inspector General:

Salary	1,500 *l.* per annum.
Extra Pay	1 *l.* for each night necessarily absent from home.
Inspection Allowance	1 *s.* 6 *d.* per mile.
Travelling Allowance	The actual expense by public conveyance, so far as such is available, and mileage for the rest of the journey.

382. When proceeding on a distant inspection, the fare by public conveyance is to be charged (so far as such is available) to the locality to be inspected, and mileage thenceforward. The same rule in returning.

Allowance granted by Treasury in lieu of forage allowance - 100 *l.* per annum.

Deputy Inspector General:

Salary	1,000 *l.* per annum.
Extra Pay	Same as Inspector General.
Inspection Allowance	
Travelling Allowance	

Assistant

Assistant Inspector General:

Salary	Senior, 600 *l.*; junior, 500 *l.* per annum.
Extra Pay, per night necessarily absent from home	10 *s.*, except when allowed only the actual expense of public conveyance, as stated in sect. 382, in which case it is 15 *s.*
Inspection Allowance	1 *s.* per mile outside a radius of 20 miles, subject to the same rule as to distant Inspections, as in sect. 382.
Travelling Allowance	The actual expense by public conveyance, so far as such is available; mileage for the rest of the journey. But no mileage or travelling allowance granted, unless he proceed beyond a radius of 20 miles.
Forage Allowance	For two private Horses at 2 *s.* per diem each.

Commandant of the Depôt:

Salary Extra Pay Travelling Allowance Forage Allowance	Same in all respects as Assistant Inspector General.

Receiver:

Salary	600 *l.* to 800 *l.* per annum.

Surgeon:

Salary	300 *l.* per annum.
Extra Pay	10 *s.* per night necessarily absent from home.
Travelling Allowance	Fare by public conveyance, or where there is none, 1 *s.* per mile.
Forage Allowance	For one private Horse at 2 *s.* per diem.

Town Inspector of Belfast: £. 450 per annum.

First County Inspector:

Salary	300 *l.* per annum.
Do. if on Good Service Pay	350 *l.* ditto.
Lodging Allowance, when not accommodated with public quarters	20 *l.* 16 *s.* per annum.
Fuel and Light, when so accommodated, and not in receipt of Lodging Money	2 *s.* 9 *d.* per week.
Forage Allowance	For two private Horses at 2 *s.* per diem each. For each public Horse at 1 *s.* 8 *d.* per diem.
Stationery do.	8 *l.* per annum.
Office, Fuel, and Light do.	18 *l.* 5 *s.* do.
Extra Pay	10 *s.* per night necessarily absent on any duty from home.
Inspection Allowance	9 *d.* per mile, outside a radius of 10 miles. If any Station is not visited, a deduction must be made for the distance to and from such Station, reckoning from the nearest Station inspected.
Travelling Allowance	When ordered to proceed (beyond 10 miles) on special duty (whether within or without the county), or to Assizes, Sessions, &c., the actual expense by public conveyance, so far as such is available, and mileage for the rest of the journey. But in no case will he be allowed mileage within a radius of 10 miles.

383. When permanently removed from one Station to another (if not at his own request, or on promotion, or for misconduct), the actual expense will be allowed, not exceeding the amount of mileage between the two Stations, and 30 days' extra pay taken together.

Second County Inspector:

Salary	270 *l.* per annum.
Do. if on Good Service Pay	320 *l.* ditto.

All other allowances same in all respects as First County Inspector.

Barrackmaster, and Storekeeper of the Depôt:

Salary as Paymaster - 200 *l.* per annum.

Extra Allowance as Barrackmaster and Storekeeper - - - } 5 *s.* per diem.

Allowance for Lodging, Fuel, and Light, when not accommodated at the Depôt - - - } 2 *s.* 3 *d.* per diem.

Extra Pay - - - 8 *s.* per night necessarily absent from home on any duty.

Travelling Allowance - Fare by public conveyance; or, where there is none, 9 *d.* per mile.

Adjutant, Depôt:

Allowance, in addition to his Salary and Allowances as Sub-Inspector } 4 *s.* per diem.

Allowance for Lodging, Fuel, and Light, when not accommodated at Depôt - - - } 2 *s.* 3 *d.* per diem.

First Sub-Inspector:

Salary - - - - 200 *l.* per annum.

Do. if on Good Service Pay 230 *l.* ditto.

Lodging Allowance, when not accommodated with quarters at the public expense - - - } 18 *l.* 5 *s.* per annum.

Fuel and Light, when accommodated, and not in receipt of Lodging Money - - - } Same as County Inspector.

Forage Allowance - - { For one private Horse at 2 *s.* per diem. For each public Horse at 1 *s.* 8 *d.* do.

Stationery ditto - - 2 *l.* per annum.

Extra Pay - - - { 8 *s.* per night necessarily absent from home on any duty. 4 *s.* for 10 consecutive hours absent on duty, as explained in sect. 400.

Travelling Allowance - When ordered to proceed on special duty, or to Assizes, Sessions, &c., the actual expense by public conveyance, so far as such is available, and 6 *d.* per mile for the rest of the journey, without deduction. But in no case will he be granted mileage or travelling allowance, unless he proceed out of his district, and beyond a radius of 10 miles.

384. When permanently removed from one Station to another, the rule laid down in sect. 383 is to be observed.

385. When removed temporarily to do duty in other districts, Sub-Inspectors will not be allowed extra pay for more than 30 days.

Allowance for payment of Pensioners, 3 *d.* per man per quarter.

Second Sub-Inspector:

Salary - - - - 150 *l.* per annum.

Do. if on Good Service Pay 162 *l.* ditto.

Long Service Pay - - Granted by the 2nd sec. of 29 & 30 Vict. c .103, "to the Sub-Inspectors of the secondclass transferred from the Revenue Police to the Constabulary, or any other Sub-Inspectors of the second class, at any time in receipt of Thirty-six pounds per annum, Long Service Pay, who shall be paid at the rate of their present salaries, with their present Long Service Pay, until promoted to the rank of Sub-Inspector of the first-class, when they shall be paid at the same rate as the other Sub-Inspectors of that class are authorised to be paid."

Lodging Allowance, if not accommodated with quarters at the public expense - - - } 15 *l.* 12 *s.* per annum.

All other allowances same in all respects as First Sub-Inspector.

Third

Third Sub-Inspector:

Salary - - - - 125 *l.* per annum.

Do. if on Good Service Pay 137 *l.* ditto.

All other allowances same in all respects as Second Sub-Inspector, except Long Service Pay.

Veterinary Surgeon:

Salary - - - - 100 *l.* per annum.

Extra Pay - - - 10 *s.* per night necessarily absent from home on duty.

Travelling Allowance - The actual expense of public conveyance; when travelling to and from fairs to which a public conveyance is not available, 1 *s.* per mile.

Farriery Allowance - 1 *d.* per diem for each Horse at Depôt, out of which he is to defray the expense of shoeing and medicine.

Head Constable:

Salary:

Major - - -	80 *l.* 4 *s.*	per annum.
Extra First Class -	80 *l.* 4 *s.*	„
First Class - -	70 *l.* 4 *s.*	„
Extra Second Class	71 *l.* 2 *s.*	„
Second Class -	61 *l.* 2 *s.*	„

Allowance for repair of Arms and Accoutrements - - - 3 *s.* „

Allowance for Straw - 2 *d.* per month.

Extra Pay - - -
- 2 *s.* per night necessarily absent from Station, when attending Assizes, Quarter Sessions, or Elections.
- 1 *s.* 6 *d.* per night necessarily absent from Station on any other duty, except patrols, or in the execution of warrants.
- 9 *d.* for 10 consecutive hours' absence on duty, as explained in sect. 400.

Marching Money - - When the distance exceeds 12 miles (and as explained in sect. 396), 1 *s.* 6 *d.* for every 12 miles; 9 miles over 12, 24, 36, &c., to be counted as an additional 12.

Allowance for alteration of Clothing - -
- 2 *s.* 6 *d.* for each tunic.
- 9 *d.* for each pair of trousers.

Constable:

Salary, per annum -

Extra rate -	53 *l.* 8 *s.*
Cavalry -	Are paid, by the 10th sect. of 29 & 30 Vict. c. 103, 1 *s.* per week in addition to the pay of an infantry constable, with an allowance of 9 *s.* 4 *d.* per annum for repairs of horse appointments and saddlery.
Infantry -	49 *l.* 8 *s.*

Allowance for repair of Arms and Accoutrements - - - - 3 *s.* per annum.

Allowance for Straw - 2 *d.* per month.

Extra Pay - - -
- 1 *s.* 6 *d.* per night necessarily absent from Station, when attending Assizes, Quarter Sessions, or Elections.
- 6 *d.* per night necessarily absent from Station on any other duty, except patrols, or in the execution of warrants.
- 6 *d.* for 10 consecutive hours' absence on duty, as explained in sect. 400.

Marching Money - - When the distance exceeds 12 miles (and as explained in sect. 396), 1 *s.* for every 12 miles; 9 miles over 12, 24, 36, &c., to be counted as an additional 12.

Allowance for alteration of Clothing - - -
- 2 *s.* for each tunic.
- 9 *d.* for each pair of trousers.

Acting Constable:

Salary - - - - 44 *l.* 4 *s.* per annum.

All other allowances same in all respects as Constable.

Sub-Constables:

Salary, per annum - - Cavalry are paid, by the 10th sect. of 29 & 30 Vict. c. 103, 1 *s.* per week in addition to the pay of an Infantry Sub-constable, with an allowance of 9 *s.* 4 *d.* per annum for repairs of horse appointments and saddlery.

All other allowances same in all respects as Constable.

		£.	s.	d.
Sub-Constables - -	Of 20 years' service and upwards - - -	48	18	–
	Of 12 years' service and under 20 - - -	41	12	–
	Of 6 years' service and under 12 - -	39	–	–
	Of 6 months' service and under 6 years -	36	8	–
	Under 6 months' service - - - -	31	4	–

Head and other Constables stationed at Belfast are granted 1 *s.* per week in addition to their pay, with a view to meet the extra expense for lodging and living, to which the men serving in that town are exposed, as compared with the remainder of the force, 29 & 30 Vict. c. 103, sect. 10.

388. Gratuities and pensions will be calculated in accordance with the provisions of 29 & 30 Vict. c. 103.

On Duty in Plain Clothes.

391. Rates of extra pay to Head and other Constables for each night necessarily absent from home on special duty in plain clothes, subject to the Inspector General's approval of the account, which is to be submitted on the prescribed form:

	Head Constable.	Constable, or Sub-Constable.
In the Country - -	3 *s.* – *d.* per night	- - 2 *s.* – *d.* per night.
In Dublin - -	4 *s.* – *d.* „	- - 2 *s.* 6 *d.* „
In England - -	5 *s.* – *d.* „	- - 3 *s.* 6 *d.* „

392. But when Head or other Constables, absent from their Station in plain clothes, find it necessary to remain at a place for more than a week, they are not allowed to charge, beyond that period, more than one-half of the sums above stated.

393. *On Disposable Duty:*

In Ireland.

To a Head Constable (town or country) - -	4 *s.*	6 *d.*	per night.
„ Constable - „ „ - - -	3 *s.*	– *d.*	„
„ Acting or Sub-Constable „ - - -	2 *s.*	6 *d.*	„

Out of Ireland.

To a Head Constable - - - - - - -	5 *s.*	– *d.*	„
„ all other Constables - - - - - -	3 *s.*	6 *d.*	„

General Rules.

No greater sum will be allowed, or is to be charged, for car, coach, packet, boat, or railway fares than that actually incurred; nor will any expense whatever for information, &c., be allowed.

The fare by coach is to be for an outside place; by steamboat, for the second cabin; by railways in Ireland, for the third class; by railways in England, for the second class.

394. *Special Rates of Allowance at Depôt:*

Drill.—An allowance of 5 *l.* per annum each is granted to six Drill Instructors at the Depôt, one of whom is to be the Rough-riding Constable, which allowance is only to be drawn during the actual performance of the duties, and is to be forfeited when absent on leave or on the sick report. The Commandant is therefore to certify on the account, that the individuals for whom the allowance is charged have duly performed the duties for the period stated. Drill Constables may or may not, as the Inspector General may direct, be placed on the extra rate of 40 *l.* per annum.

Assistant Drills.—Sub-Constables so employed for a period of twelve months to the satisfaction of the Adjutant and Commandant, will be promoted to the temporary rank of Acting Constable; but should they cease to discharge the duties in question, they revert to their proper rank.

Rough

Rough Riders.—Constable, *see* Drills.

Sub-Constable, 32*l.* 7*s.* per annum, during the actual performance of the duties, certified by the Commandant as above.

Repairs of Saddlery.—One shilling per month for each saddle in use at the Depôt.

395. *Allowances to Officers acting in the absence of others:*

I.—To an Officer acting in the absence of the Commandant of the Depôt, after the first 30 days, five shillings per diem: such allowance to be paid by the Commandant, if absent on leave; but if incapable from sickness of performing the functions of his office, or if absent on duty, the amount to be charged under the proper head, on the authority of the Inspector General, in the public accounts.

II.—To an Officer acting in the absence of a County Inspector or of the Paymaster of the Depôt, after the first 30 days, four shillings per diem; to be paid or charged as in the preceding case. If, however, the Officer acting for a County Inspector draws the allowance for an office and for stationery, he is only entitled to the difference between these allowances and 4*s.*: viz., two shillings and sevenpence per diem. County Inspector's Clerk and official books to be sent at his expense to the station of the Officer so acting, if absent for his own convenience; if absent on duty, or from sickness, the expense to be charged to the public.

III.—When a Head Constable has the charge of a district in the absence of the Sub-Inspector, or during a vacancy, he will be permitted the use of the public horse attached to the district; and such horse is to be attended, as usual, by the mounted orderly in whose care it is. The Head Constable is not entitled to the Officer's forage allowance, but he is to receive the stationery allowance of a Sub-Inspector whilst in charge of a district.

Marching Money.

396. *When granted.*—This allowance will be granted in the following cases, only, when the distance shall exceed 12 miles, viz.:

1st. When on a march from one county to another.

2ndly. When transferred from one Station to another, whether within their own counties or otherwise, except as in section 397.

3rdly. When proceeding to and returning from Assizes, Quarter Sessions, and Elections.

4thly. When proceeding to and returning from the County Inspector's office, for examination for promotion.

397. *When not granted.*—When men are conveyed at the public expense, they will not be entitled to marching allowance; nor when they are removed at their own request, or on promotion, or for misconduct. There may, however, be special cases in which men are promoted and transferred for the good of the service; in such cases special authority for granting marching allowance may be given.

398. When the men receive marching allowance, as above, they are not to receive extra pay for the period on march; they can only receive the one or the other for the same day.

399. *Authority for Marching Money.*—It is unnecessary to submit for the Inspector General's approval, claims for marching money to which men may be duly entitled, in such cases as recruits joining or proceeding from the Depôt (who may be paid under the authority of the Commandant), or men proceeding from one county to another (who may be paid such allowance under the authority of the County Inspector); but in other cases, and especially where claims for extra pay or travelling allowance are involved, the authority of the Inspector General is indispensable to the charge.

400. *Ten Hours' Absence from Home.*—When Sub-Inspectors are employed at fairs, races, in the protection of sheriffs or of coroners, in the escort of prisoners, or on any other duty of a like nature (except on inspection, patrol, warrant, dispatch, or Petty Sessions duty), which shall necessarily detain them from their Stations for a period of not less than 10 consecutive hours, they shall be allowed one-half the amount of extra pay that they are entitled to when absent the whole night. Head Constables employed under similar circumstances, and with the like exceptions, will be entitled to 9*d.*, and other constables to 6*d.*; provided that, in the event of any member of the force being employed on duty during 10 hours of any day, and through the night of that day, extra pay for the night only shall be allowed. Should the privilege granted by this section be in the least degree abused, it will be withdrawn.

423. *County Store.*—The allowance for an Assistant Storekeeper in each county is 10*l.* per annum, including rent and other expenses of the store.

424. When the store is kept in a constabulary barrack (whether held rent-free or not), the sum of 50*s.* is to be re-credited to the public, and the remaining sum of 7*l.* 10*s.* per annum to be paid to the Assistant Storekeeper.

Stationery Allowance.—Sixpence per month to the Head or other Constable in charge of each Station.

Medical Allowance.—One shilling per month for each Officer, Head and other Constable.

Compensation for Clothing.—When not supplied, 2 *s.* 7 *d.* per month per man.

Lodging Allowance.—When there is no barrack accommodation, not exceeding 6 *s.* per month per man.

J. Stewart Wood,
Inspector General.

RETURN of Existing Stipendiary Magistrates on 1st January 1867, showing their Rates of Salaries and Allowances.

Number of Magistrates.	Salary per Annum.	Lodging Allowance per Annum.	Forage Allowance.	Stationery Allowance.	Postage.	Allowance for a Clerk.	Allowance in lieu of a Mounted Orderly.	Extra Pay.	Travelling Allowance.
	£. *s.* *d.*	£. *s.* *d.*							
20	500 – –	- -	4 *s.* per diem.	£. 8 per annum.	Actual expense.	£. 36 per annum.	2 *s.* 4 *d.* per diem.	*Vide* Circular of 8th June 1857.	*Vide* Circular of 8th June 1857.
1	400 – –	100 – –							
31	400 – –	- -							
20	300 – –	- -							

Paymaster General's Office,
Dublin Castle, 29 June 1867.

Edward Smith,
Receiver of Constabulary.

CONSTABULARY (IRELAND).

STATEMENT of the Amount of CONSTABULARY FORCE employed in each County, County of a City, and County of a Town, in *Ireland*, on the 1st day of January 1867.

(*Pursuant to Act* 6 *Will.* 4, *c.* 13, s. 57.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
5 *July* 1867.

422.

Under 2 *oz.*

CONSTABULARY (IRELAND).

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 8 August 1867;—*for*,

NOMINAL LIST "of OFFICERS, HEAD and other CONSTABLES in *Ireland*, actually under FIRE in the Defence of their BARRACKS, or in Collisions outside thereof, on the occasion of the late FENIAN OUTBREAK, with the approved Distribution of the Sum of £.2,000 Voted as a Reward by Parliament:"

"And, COPY of CORRESPONDENCE between the Irish Government, the Inspector General of Constabulary, and the Treasury, on the Subject of the above-mentioned Reward."

NOMINAL LIST of OFFICERS, HEAD and other CONSTABLES, actually under FIRE in the Defence of their BARRACKS, or in Collisions outside thereof, on the occasion of the late FENIAN OUTBREAK, with the approved Distribution of the Sum of £.2,000 Voted as a Reward by Parliament.

Note.—Officers, Head or or other Constables in charge, are inserted in *italics*.

COUNTY, &c.	LOCALITY.	RANK.	NAME.	Reg. No.	Sum awarded. £.	s.	d.
Drogheda	Potato Market	Sub-Inspector in charge	*Gardiner, Robert*	- -	104	-	-
Dublin	Tallaght	ditto	*Burke, D. F.*	- -	104	-	-
Limerick	Kilmallock	ditto	*Milling, Oliver*	- -	104	-	-
Ditto	ditto	Head Constable in charge	*Adams, Richard*	*5,042*	70	-	-
Drogheda	Potato Market	Head Constable	Coghlan, Jeremiah	2,747	50	-	-
Dublin	Tallaght	ditto	Kennedy, John	1,548	50	-	-
Cork, E. R.	Castlemartyr	Constable in charge	*O'Connell, James*	*11,800*	34	-	-
Dublin	Glencullen	ditto	*O'Brien, John*	*10,920*	34	-	-
Limerick	Ardagh	ditto	*Forsythe, George*	*10,814*	34	-	-
Tipperary, S.	Emly	ditto	*Derivan, Patrick*	*11,508*	34	-	-
Ditto	Gurtavoher	ditto	*Scurry, Martin*	*10,458*	34	-	-
Drogheda	Potato Market	Constable	Coen, Andrew	5,712	20	-	-
Ditto	ditto	ditto	Collum, Thomas	8,953	20	-	-
Dublin	Tallaght	ditto	Shannon, John	2,519	20	-	-
Ditto	ditto	ditto	Hall, George	22,666	20	-	-
Ditto	ditto	ditto	Pinkerton, James	17,088	20	-	-
Limerick	Kilmallock	ditto	Purcell, Tobias	18,435	20	-	-
Ditto	ditto	ditto	Lilly, Robert	7,724	20	-	-
Ditto	ditto	ditto	Gormly, James	8,129	20	-	-
Ditto	ditto	ditto	Callaghan, Myles	11,460	20	-	-
Cork, E. R.	Middleton	Acting Constable in charge	*Greany, Patrick*	*16,836*	22	-	-
Drogheda	Potato Market	Acting Constable	Walsh, John	9,226	18	-	-
Limerick	Kilmallock	ditto	Duffiey, Michael	5,768	18	-	-
Cork, E. R.	Castlemartyr	Sub-Constable	Foy, Michael	5,461	15	-	-
Ditto	ditto	ditto	Corry, Patrick	15,357	15	-	-
Ditto	ditto	ditto	Thompson, John	28,464	15	-	-
Ditto	ditto	ditto	Browne, Michael	29,383	15	-	-
Ditto	ditto	ditto	Delaney, Nicholas	30,125	15	-	-
Drogheda	Potato Market	ditto	Carroll, Stewart	30,864	15	-	-
Ditto	ditto	ditto	Cassidy, James	27,140	15	-	-
Ditto	ditto	ditto	Denigan, John	28,907	15	-	-
Ditto	ditto	ditto	Fearon, John	11,527	15	-	-
Ditto	ditto	ditto	Foley, John, jun.	27,062	15	-	-
Ditto	ditto	ditto	Gannon, John	16,699	15	-	-
Ditto	ditto	ditto	Gavin, James	29,223	15	-	-
Ditto	ditto	ditto	Hogan, Patrick	23,021	15	-	-
Ditto	ditto	ditto	Kenny, Patrick	29,090	15	-	-
Ditto	ditto	ditto	Kiely, John	16,459	15	-	-
Ditto	ditto	ditto	M'Caig, William	30,251	15	-	-
Ditto	ditto	ditto	Miskill, Thomas	8,407	15	-	-
Ditto	ditto	ditto	Mitchell, Joseph	5,039	15	-	-
Ditto	ditto	ditto	Murphy, Anthony	23,337	15	-	-
Ditto	ditto	ditto	Murphy, John	29,214	15	-	-

County, &c.	Locality.	Rank.	Name.	Reg. No.	Sum awarded. £.	s.	d.
Drogheda - -	Potato Market -	Sub-Constable - -	Murray, Thomas -	17,570	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	O'Hara, Thomas -	15,614	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Price, William - -	24,749	15	–	–
Cork, E. R. - -	Middleton - -	- ditto - - - -	O'Donnell, Michael -	29,554	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	O'Brien, John - -	32,129	15	–	–
Dublin - - -	Tallaght - -	- ditto - - - -	Kenny, James - -	27,800	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	M'Cormick, Martin -	26,981	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Nickel, Samuel - -	17,810	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Kelly, Michael H. -	22,413	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Hare, George - -	21,319	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Graham, Charles -	29,042	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	M'Glinchy, Michael -	29,489	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Murray, Jeremiah -	30,984	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Kelly, Denis - -	28,753	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Kavanagh, Patrick -	23,970	15	–	–
Ditto - -	Glencullen - -	- ditto - - - -	O'Neill, James - -	5,131	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Shortall, Richard -	17,729	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Coffey, John - -	32,226	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Farrar, John - -	30,466	15	–	–
Ditto - -	Palmerstown -	- ditto - - - -	Blair, John - -	31,741	15	–	–
Kerry - - -	Nimmo's Bridge -	- ditto - - - -	Duggan, William -	18,699	15	–	–
Limerick - -	Kilmallock - -	- ditto - - - -	Coughlin, Stephen -	31,863	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Say, Daniel - -	21,678	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Thorpe, Thomas - -	30,765	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Moynihan, Humphrey -	11,440	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Moynihan, Patrick -	23,308	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	M'Namara, Michael -	20,670	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Riordan, Daniel - -	29,385	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Stack, Robert - -	25,082	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Bushell, James - -	4,516	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Carbey, Terence - -	31,879	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Daulton, Michael -	29,321	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Davis, John - -	31,898	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Eakins, George - -	8,723	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Green, Joseph - -	20,256	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	M'Sharry, Bernard -	30,349	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Verden, James - -	25,327	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Healy, Thomas - -	28,006	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Masters, Michael -	31,165	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Dwyer, James - -	29,230	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Reilly, James - -	30,780	15	–	–
Ditto - -	Ardagh - -	- ditto - - - -	Curren, Patrick -	31,616	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Duff, Patrick - -	4,081	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Highland, Michael -	30,690	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	M'Carthy, John - -	18,337	15	–	–
Tipperary, S. -	Emly - - -	- ditto - - - -	Crahan, Nicholas -	31,088	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Duffield, William -	27,270	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	Hoey, David - -	29,798	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	M'Cormick, James -	28,485	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	M'Kenzie, William -	25,502	15	–	–
Ditto - -	Gurtavoher - -	- ditto - - - -	Greally, George - -	16,868	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	M'Carthy, James -	30,057	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	M'Kennedy, John -	10,035	15	–	–
Ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - - - -	M'Collum, John - -	31,926	15	–	–
				£.	2,000	–	–

(signed) *J. Stewart Wood*, Colonel,
Inspector General of Constabulary.

The officers and men have received the sums inserted opposite their names.

26 July 1867. (signed) *J. Stewart Wood*, I. G.

CORRESPONDENCE.

The Chief Secretary for *Ireland* to the Inspector General of Constabulary.

Sir, Dublin Castle, 14 March 1867.

THE Lord Lieutenant being anxious at the earliest moment to mark the high sense which the Government entertain of the gallantry and fidelity displayed by many members of the Constabulary during the past week, I am directed by his Excellency to say that he wishes you to consider the mode in which you would recommend that the rewards should be bestowed on those who have particularly distinguished themselves. His Excellency is anxious that they should be of a substantial nature, and given in a manner which you may consider most gratifying to the feelings of the members of the force.

It will be understood that a reward will only be given to those who have defended their barracks against open attack, or were engaged in actual conflict with persons in arms against the Queen's authority.

I am, &c.

The Inspector General of Constabulary. (signed) *Naas.*

The Inspector General of Constabulary to the Chief Secretary for *Ireland.*

Constabulary Office, Dublin,

My Lord, 15 March 1867.

I HAVE to acknowledge the receipt of your Lordship's letter of yesterday, expressing the desire of his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant to mark the sense entertained by the Government of the gallantry and fidelity of many members of the Irish Constabulary during the past week, and desiring my opinion as to the best mode in which the proposed reward should be bestowed.

It is exceedingly gratifying to me to have received such a letter, the terms of which render it necessary for me to enlarge upon the merits of the force, and, the more so as they have been so universally appreciated by the public at large. I will therefore come at once to the point in question, and I hope I may not be considered extravagant in suggesting that the services of the Irish Constabulary be acknowledged in the Houses of Parliament by a vote of the sum of 2,000*l.*, to be placed in my hands, for the purpose of rewarding those men who have particularly signalised themselves by gallantry; and that Her Majesty be moved to recognise the services of officers and men by Her graciously directing a letter to be written conveying Her thanks, and commanding that the designation of the Force should hereafter be "The Royal," or "The Queen's" Constabulary of Ireland, persuaded as I am that this honour would be most highly appreciated by officers and men.

I have, &c.

(signed) *J. Stewart Wood*, Colonel,

To the Right Hon. Lord Naas, M.P. Inspector General.

Chief Secretary.

The Chief Secretary for *Ireland* to the Secretary of the Treasury.

Sir, Irish Office, 20 March 1867.

I AM directed by the Lord Lieutenant to transmit to you, for the information of the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, a copy of a letter which, by his Excellency's desire, I have addressed to the Inspector General of Constabulary, together with that officer's reply.

His Excellency is most anxious to be enabled to take the earliest opportunity of marking, in a substantial manner, the high sense which he entertains of the loyalty, fidelity, and courage which have been so signally displayed during the past week by many members of the Irish Constabulary.

The well-known and often tried qualities of this splendid force have never been exhibited in brighter colours than during the last few days.

Eleven thousand men placed by small detachments in 1,600 stations, have for years discharged with success many and varied duties of an important character. Their general conduct has been excellent; the highest state of discipline has been invariably maintained, and while many efforts have been made to corrupt their fidelity, they have never wavered in their allegiance, and not even a suspicion of disloyalty has attached itself to any appreciable number of the body.

The sudden appearance of small bodies of armed men connected with the Fenian conspiracy in various parts of the country on the nights of the 5th and 6th instant, tested severely the courage and faithfulness of the force. The Constabulary stations appear to have been specially marked as the first objects of attack; and in fact the offensive operations of the insurgents were almost wholly directed against them. I will briefly describe the most prominent of these occurrences.

1. *Tallaght* (*County Dublin*).—After dark on the 5th March, Sub-inspector Burke, of Rathfarnham, was dispatched to Tallaght with a small party, for the purpose of strengthening the station there, where a gathering was apprehended; when within about 40 yards of the barrack he came up with a party of Fenians, with a cart of ammunition, which he seized, turning out the men in the barrack to secure it. The men at the cart were seized, others fled; the ammunition was carried into the barrack. Immediately a large body of Fenians came up the Clondalkin-road; Mr. Burke called on them to disperse, threatening to fire on them if they did not. They did for the moment retire somewhat, firing some shots as they went. They crossed the fields to the right, and then came up the Dublin-road in close array. Mr. Burke again called on them to disperse, when the word was given, and a volley of about 20 shots was fired at Mr. Burke's party, at a distance of about 40 paces, happily without effect. The Constabulary then, consisting of 12 men, fired a volley at the Fenians. Two of the Fenians were subsequently found wounded on the road (one mortally); the rest threw down their arms and ran away. Mr. Burke and his party picked up 11 long Enfield rifles, with bayonets, bearing the Tower mark; also a great quantity of ammunition, which was strewed on the road. Many arrests were made that night by Mr. Burke and party. In the morning there were upwards of 50 prisoners in the Tullaght barrack, all of whom were taken up by his party; many of the prisoners with ammunition about them. In the course of the day these were removed, under a military escort, to Dublin.

2. *Kilmallock* (*County Limerick*).—On the morning of the 6th March a telegram was received by the Inspector General, that the "Kilmallock party was being attacked, and firing going on." A further official report stated that at 6 o'clock on that morning an armed party of Fenians surrounded the barrack front and rear, and endeavoured to set fire to the front door, smearing it with a combustible liquid. They were interrupted in this process by the police inside, 14 in number, under Head-constable Adams, who fired upon their assailants. The latter then began to fire into every door and window of the barrack. "Captain Dunne" was in command of the insurgents, dressed in a full suit of green uniform, a plume of feathers in his cap. About 8 a.m. Sub-inspector Milling arrived with a party of 10 men from Kilfinane, the assault on the barrack being then at its height, the building being completely surrounded by the insurgents. Mr. Milling brought up his little party on the flank, and attacked them, by which they were disconcerted, and moved somewhat away from the barrack, keeping up their fire on all sides, though at a greater distance. The firing went on until 10 a.m., when the insurgents (leaving two men dead) left the town, taking the fields in small parties, throwing

throwing away guns, pikes, pistols, swords, &c. In the barrack-yard was found a tar-barrel, with straw (doubtless intended to fire the barrack), and a tin vessel, believed to contain the composition called Greek fire. The police had many narrow escapes, but, providentially, none were hurt.

3. *Emly* (*County Tipperary*).—About half-past 12, midnight, 5-6 March, the small party here (consisting of a constable and five men) were attacked by a large party of Fenians, who demanded the arms of the police, threatening to burn the barrack if refused. The police did refuse. The insurgents then fired through the windows; the fire was returned by the police, who defended their barrack until their assailants retired.

4. *Ardagh* (*County Limerick*).—At midnight, 5-6 March, this barrack was attacked by a large number of Fenians, who surrounded the house, and demanded the immediate surrender of the police; one party commenced a fusilade through the windows, another party forced the kitchen door, and effected an entrance. The party of police consisted of a constable and four sub-constables; they defended their barrack, and beat off their assailants; the man who attempted to ascend the stairs through the breach was wounded, but carried off by the insurgents, who retreated, leaving behind them eight pikes with long handles, and other offensive weapons; a large heap of straw was also found in the barrack-yard, doubtless intended for firing the barrack. The barrack windows were perfectly riddled.

5. *Castlemartyr* (*County Cork*).—At two in the morning of the 6th instant, a large body of Fenians attacked this barrack, and attempted to force an entrance; they fired several shots through the windows without effect; when endeavouring to effect an entrance, the constable and his party (consisting of seven men in the whole) several times fired upon them, and one of the assailants was shot dead on the spot; he was a returned emigrant; on his person was found a revolver, haversack, &c.; others are believed to have been wounded, but the insurgents, finding the Constabulary prepared, retreated, taking with them all but the dead man. Previously to the attack, they had set fire to a rick of a straw in the vicinity of the barrack, in order to draw the police out, but the ruse did not succeed. The police, accompanied by a party of military, at a later hour, set out in the direction the rebels were supposed to have taken, but the only trace found was a quantity of rifle ball cartridges, which appeared to have been lost or thrown away. There had been three parties of Fenians acting simultaneously in different directions in the neighbourhood of Castlemartyr and Knockadoon, one of which had disarmed the coast-guard party.

6. *Middleton* (*County Cork*).—At 11 p.m. on the 5th instant, a police patrol of four men had just proceeded from the barrack, when a party of 40 or 50 Fenians, many of them armed, encountered the patrol, calling upon them, in the name of the "Irish Republic," to surrender; without further warning, a number of shots were fired upon the patrol, one of whom, Sub-constable Patrick Sheedy, was almost instantly killed, and another wounded; the rest escaped, in the darkness, to the barrack, but the party inside, unaware who was knocking, delayed to open the door, and they had to find shelter as best they could; the rifle of the wounded sub-constable was taken from him, and the rifle and accoutrements of the deceased policeman were also taken; the barrack was not attacked.

7. *Palmerstown* (*County Dublin*).—At about 11 p.m. on 5th March a number of men (believed to be 40 or 50) knocked at the door of this barrack, with a story about a stray cow; only a single policeman was there, the rest of the party being on duty at Clondalkin, where mischief was anticipated; they pretended to be the bearers of a letter from a neighbouring gentleman, and on the sub-constable's opening the door partially, and putting out his hand for the letter, one of the party fired into the house; the ball did not take effect, but lodged in the wall opposite; they then demanded the surrender of the arms, in which, however, there was but a single stand; the sub-constable succeeded in getting the door closed; it being guarded by a chain, the assailants smashed the windows, above and below, but did not effect an entrance, but went away elsewhere, firing shots as they left.

8. *Gurtavoher* (*County Tipperary*).—At 11 p.m., on the 5th instant, a large party of armed Fenians attacked this barrack, and called on the men to surrender; the constable refused, and hearing some threats he fired on his assailants, and it is believed several were wounded; the firing on both sides was continued for an hour; the door was pierced by bullets and the windows broken; the party, including the constable, numbered five men; the assailants being baffled, went away, leaving three pikes behind them outside the barrack.

9. *Drogheda.*—On the night of the 5th instant, information was received that armed men were gathering in this town, and over a thousand (it was computed) were quickly assembled in the Potato Market-square; Sub-inspector Gardiner, and the available constabulary of the town went out to disperse them, some of them fired on the police, who returned the fire without hesitation and with some effect, the result of which was that the insurgents were thrown into disorder, and began to retire; after several shots had been fired by the police, the insurgents, with the exception of some wounded and other prisoners, were no were to be seen; upwards of 20 prisoners were taken, and many wounded must have been taken away by their friends; the police also captured some rifles and other weapons, a large quantity of ammunition, and a case full of bottles of "Greek fire." Having lodged the prisoners in gaol, the police returned to the scene, and found the street strewed with ball cartridge; one of the wounded prisoners is since dead.

10. *Ballynockin* (*County Cork*).—At 10 p.m., the 6th March, this barrack was attacked by insurgents; the Constabulary defended it for two hours, when, the lower part being set fire, the police had to descend from the windows of the upper story, when they were severally disarmed by their assailants; during the defence of the barrack two of the rebels were shot by the police; the latter escaped to Mallow.

Several instances of marked gallantry on the part of individual policemen, dispatched on some special duty, have already been reported, and others, it cannot be doubted, will come to light; the conduct of Acting Constable Duggan, in Kerry, of Sub-constable Keer, in Queen's County, and Sub-constable Connor, in Limerick, may be specially referred to under this head.

The importance of the service rendered by the Constabulary on the nights of the 5th and 6th March will be seen and doubtless appreciated from the foregoing statement: for had a decided success attended any of these various attacks, it is impossible to say how far this rebellious movement might have spread; the signal failure of the attempt at a general insurrection which was made on this occasion may therefore be mainly attributed to the success which attended in almost every instance the gallant defence made by the Constabulary of their several stations, and which resulted in the dispersion of the insurgents. A great national service was thereby rendered, one which in his Excellency's opinion is worthy of public recognition.

I am therefore directed by his Excellency to state that it his earnest desire that a vote of 2,000 *l.*, as suggested by the Inspector General, should be placed upon the Estimates, and specially submitted to the consideration of the House of Commons.

The distribution of this sum will be undertaken by the Inspector General in concert with the Irish Government, and will be awarded to the men in that proportion which the Inspector General may think best fitted for each particular case. His Excellency feels certain that such a recognition of services as would be made by a special Vote of Parliament, would be the most gratifying mode in which a public testimony could be awarded to the members of the force.

I have, &c.
(signed) *Naas.*

The Secretary of the Treasury,
&c. &c. &c.

Mr. *G. A. Hamilton* to the Chief Secretary for *Ireland.*

My Lord, Treasury Chambers, 30 March 1867.

With reference to your Lorship's letter of the 20th instant, I am commanded by the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, to state that they entirely agree with his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, in the sentiments he expresses with regard to the conduct of the Constabularly Force of Ireland, generally during the late Fenian disturbances, and the loyalty, fidelity, and courage which have been so signally displayed recently in particular instances by many members of that force.

I am to add that my Lords will readily direct that a Vote of 2,000 *l.* shall be submitted specially to the House of Commons, if granted, to be distributed by the Inspector General in recognition of particular services.

I have, &c.
(signed) *Geo. A. Hamilton.*

The Chief Secretary for Ireland, &c. &c.
Irish Office.

CONSTABULARY (IRELAND).

NOMINAL LIST of OFFICERS, HEAD and other CONSTABLES in *Ireland*, actually under FIRE in the Defence of their BARRACKS, or in Collisions outside thereof, on the occasion of the late FENIAN OUTBREAK, with the approved Distribution of the Sum of £.2,000 voted as a Reward by Parliament; and, COPY of CORRESPONDENCE between the Irish Government, the Inspector General of Constabulary, and the Treasury, on the subject of the above-mentioned Rewards.

(*Lord Naas.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
10 *August* 1867.

525.

Under 1 *oz.*

ABSTRACT ACCOUNT of all MONEYS RECEIVED and EXPENDED on Account of the DUBLIN METROPOLITAN POLICE ESTABLISHMENT and POLICE COURTS in the Year ended 31 December 1866.

INCOME.

	Detailed Items. £. s. d.	Local Income. £. s. d.	Total. £. s. d.
To Balance on 1st January 1866	- - -	- - -	4,161 6 -
„ Treasury Issue, per Paymaster General	- - -	- - -	53,000 - -
„ Fines and Penalties	- - -	3,000 - -	
„ Fees from Police Courts	- - -	978 19 6	
„ Police Tax, per Collector General of Rates	- - -	24,928 2 3	
„ Carriage Revenue:			
Duty	5,351 11 -		
Fees	145 4 -	5,707 5 -	
Fees from Conductors and Drivers	210 10 -		
„ Pawnbrokers' License Duty	- - -	5,446 3 10	
„ Publicans' Certificate Fees	- - -	501 10 -	
„ Incidental Income (Ordinary)	- - -	3,898 18 6	
„ Pay of Police employed on Cattle Plague duty	- - -	834 7 3	
Local Income	- - -		45,295 6 4
To Imprests, Repaid from Cattle Plague Fund	- - -	- - -	2,843 8 5
	Total - - - £.		105,300 - 9

EXPENDITURE.

	Courts. £. s. d.	Establishment. £. s. d.	Total. £. s. d.
By Rents	200 8 1	862 16 3	1,063 4 4
„ Taxes	35 8 1	181 15 3	217 3 4
„ Building, Repairs, Furniture, Bedding, &c.	79 16 4¾	2,599 - 11¼	2,678 17 4
„ Salaries	7,124 7 -	1,975 19 10	9,100 6 10
„ Pay of the Force:			
Superintendents	- - -	1,431 10 10	48,331 5 1
Inspectors	- - -	2,886 4 8	
Serjeants and Constables	- - -	44,013 9 7	
„ Extra Pay	- - -	1,107 17 1	1,107 17 1
„ Rewards	- - -	1,322 18 7	1,322 18 7
„ Wages of Housekeepers	104 - -	52 - -	156 - -
„ Allowances to Superintendents, &c.	- -	904 7 7	904 7 7
„ Clothing and Equipments	- -	3,636 10 6	3,636 10 6
„ Fuel and Light	51 3 7	1,518 2 3	1,569 5 10
„ Horses, Forage, &c.	- -	792 1 6	792 1 6
„ Newspapers and Advertisements	11 17 -	70 15 -	82 12 -
„ Gratuities to Constables discharged "unfit"	- -	582 11 4	582 11 4
„ Law Expenses	- -	132 6 6	132 6 6
„ Income Tax from Salaries, Pay and Pensions	139 15 5	159 6 -	299 1 5
„ Pensions	1,778 11 5	17,379 - -	19,157 11 5
„ Incidents:			
Superintendents	- -	732 3 3	2,029 12 1
General	- -	440 8 3	
Miscellaneous	- -	857 - 7	
£.	9,525 6 11¾	83,638 5 9¼	93,163 12 9
By Imprests for Cattle Plague Expenses	- - -	- - -	2,843 8 5
„ Balance on 31st December 1866	- - -	- - -	9,292 19 7
	Total - - -	£.	105,300 - 9

Metropolitan Police Office,
Dublin Castle, 25 February 1867.

James Hanlon,
Accountant.

Submitted,
John L. O'Ferrall,
Commissioner of Police.

DUBLIN METROPOLITAN POLICE.

ABSTRACT ACCOUNT of all Moneys Received and Expended on Account of the Dublin Metropolitan Police Force and Police Courts, in the Year ended 31 December 1866.

(*Presented pursuant to Act of Parliament.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
4 *June* 1867.

POLICE (WATERFORD).

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 11 March 1867;—*for*,

COPY "of CORRESPONDENCE between Sir *Henry Winston Barron* and the Inspector General of Constabulary in *Ireland*, concerning the REMOVAL of the POLICE from *Ballymacant* Barrack to *Ring*, in the County of *Waterford*."

COPY of CORRESPONDENCE between Sir *Henry Winston Barron*, Bart., M.P., and the Inspector General of Constabulary, *Ireland*, regarding the REMOVAL of the CONSTABULARY from *Ballymacant* to *Ring*.

— No. 1. —

Sir *H. W. Barron*, Bart., M.P., to the Inspector General of Constabulary.

38, Wellington Square, Hastings,
13 November 1866.

Sir,

IN reference to the report about the Ballymacant Barracks, County Waterford, I beg to observe that they are not old by any means. I built them myself in the most substantial manner with thick stone walls. They have been approved of by two county inspectors. They are not dilapidated. A considerable sum of money has been expended on them within a few years; I have not seen them so as to examine them closely since last August, when I visited them; and the men inhabiting them made no complaint to me, though I entered the barracks and spoke to them. They possibly may want a few slates or whitewash. As to moving the men to Ring, I strongly object to it on public grounds. Ring is in an angle or peninsula nearly surrounded by the sea; it leads nowhere; it is no thoroughfare, it is in fact a "*cul de sac*." Ballymacant Barrack is near the high road from Youghal to Dungarvan, and on the high road to the sea from the very thickly inhabited district of Slievegerine; in fact, it is near the cross roads most frequented in that county. It is about half a mile from the Catholic chapel, and about the same distance from the ruin of the old church where the churchyard of the district is situated.

Until the police were established at Ballymacant, the district was the most lawless in the whole county. The site was approved of by two county inspectors, and improvements made in the barrack at their suggestions.

I remain, &c.
(signed) *H. Winston Barron.*

— No. 2. —

Sir *H. W. Barron*, Bart., M.P., to Major *Esmonde*, Deputy Inspector General.

2, Halkin-street, London, S.W.
29 December 1866.

Dear Esmonde,

I THIS day had a letter from Mr. Henry A. Fitzgerald, the nearest magistrate to Ring, where it is proposed to remove the police to, from Ballymacant. He states that the county inspector of constabulary was the first person who brought the matter before the notice of the magistrates at quarter sessions at Dungarvan. I also learn that only one magistrate resident near the locality voted for the removal, and that magistrate has police stationed within a few

hundred yards of his house. I understand from my agent, that the county inspector now rests his objection to Ballymacant Barrack, solely on the locality. He declines having new barracks built on a new site on the main road to Youghal and Dungarvan and nearer to Ring. He insists on Ring, which is without exception the worst position in the county. It is in an angle nearly surrounded by the sea; it leads to no place; it is no thoroughfare, and quite a small hamlet or village. By moving the police there, a very large district will be left totally unprovided by (*sic*) police, I believe the longest district in the county that is thickly inhabited. I hope that this double injustice will not be sanctioned.

(signed) *H. Winston Barron.*

— No. 3. —

Shuldham P. Crawford, Esq., Assistant Inspector General to Sir *H. W. Barron*, Bart., M.P.

Constabulary Office, Dublin Castle,
Sir, 17 January 1867.

In reply to your letter of the 29th ultimo, addressed to Major Esmonde, I beg to inform you that the papers relative to the Ballymacant Barracks are with the county inspector, and nothing can be decided until they are returned.

(signed) *S. P. Crawford.*

— No. 4. —

Shuldham P. Crawford, Esq., Assistant Inspector General, to Sir *H. W. Barron*, Bart., M.P.

Constabulary Office, Dublin Castle,
Sir, 1 February 1867.

Adverting to my letter of the 17th ultimo, I have now to inform you that the local magistrates at Dungarvan being unanimously of opinion that the interests of the public service demand the removal of the constabulary from Ballymacant to Ring, and the county inspector being also of the same opinion, the Inspector General has approved of the change being carried out.

(signed) *S. P. Crawford.*

— No. 5. —

Sir *H. W. Barron*, Bart., M.P., to the Inspector General of Constabulary.

Sir, London, 4 February 1867.

Yours of the 1st February is come to hand. In answer, I beg to state that in the first communication on the barracks at Ballymacant, the allegations were that the barrack was old and damp; in answer, I wrote that the barrack was built by me substantially of stone, lime, and mortar, with thick walls, and was not damp. At most, it wanted whitewashing, and perhaps a few slates. No answer was given to my statements; but now a new ground is taken, namely, the wish of the magistrates. To this my answer was that Ring, on public grounds, was objectionable, being in a corner, a *cul de sac* leading nowhere, and nearly surrounded by the sea, besides being a small hamlet where the police would be quite useless. No answer has been given to these facts. I now beg to ask that no step may be taken to make any change until you have time to examine into the facts of the case, through a person totally unconnected with the county in any way. I now offer again to build a new barrack nearer to Ring, or to make any improvements in the present barrack that may be pointed out as necessary. I again repeat that only one magistrate connected with this part of the county voted for its removal. I go further, and assert that the great majority of the magistrates who voted for its removal never saw the barrack or Ring, where it is proposed to move the police to.

(signed) *H. Winston Barron.*

— No. 6. —

Shuldham P. Crawford, Esq. Assistant Inspector General, to Sir *H. W. Barron*, Bart., M.P.

Constabulary Office, Dublin Castle,
Sir, 20 February 1867.

I HAVE to acquaint you that your letter of the 4th instant having been brought before the magistrates at Dungarvan, they adhere to the former decision that the constabulary at Ballymacant should be removed to Ring, they being familiar with the districts in question; in which opinion the county and sub-inspector fully concur. Under such circumstances the Inspector General regrets he is unable to cancel the arrangement already made.

(signed) *S. P. Crawford.*

— No. 7. —

Sir *H. W. Barron*, Bart., M.P., to the Inspector General of Constabulary.

Sir, House of Commons, 1 March 1867.

I REGRET that you should consider it your duty to refuse my very reasonable proposition respecting the removal of the Ballymacant constabulary to Ring, as contained in my last letter, namely, to defer that removal until some person totally unconnected with the county of Waterford, and, therefore, divested of any local influence, could have an opportunity of judging on the spot of how very injurious the removal must be to the public service, and how particularly objectionable Ring is on account of its position. I am ready to prove on oath all I have stated by credible witnesses. You have, no doubt, been imposed on by misstatements; none of my various objections have been answered or even alluded to in your letter, which, to say the least, is very extraordinary. I have, therefore, no alternative except to move in the House of Commons for the production of the whole correspondence, and then to bring the subject before the House subsequently by notice.

(signed) *H. Winston Barron.*

— No. 8. —

Shuldham P. Crawford, Esq., to Sir *H. W. Barron*, Bart., M.P.

Constabulary Office, Dublin Castle,
Sir, 2 March 1867.

ADVERTING to your letter of the 1st instant, I have to inform you that the Inspector General regrets much that his communication of the 20th ultimo has proved so unsatisfactory.

(signed) *S. P. Crawford.*

POLICE (WATERFORD).

COPY of CORRESPONDENCE between Sir *Henry Winston Barron* and the Inspector General of Constabulary in *Ireland*, concerning the REMOVAL of the POLICE from *Ballymacant* Barrack to *Ring*, in the County of *Waterford*.

(*Sir Henry Winston Barron.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
28 *March* 1867.

Under 1 *oz.*

GAOLS.

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 25 June 1867;—*for*,

"RETURN as to the following BOROUGH and COUNTY GAOLS, showing,—1st. The Total Number of PRISONERS in each on the 1st day of June 1867, and the Number belonging to each RELIGIOUS DENOMINATION; 2nd. Whether there has been any Appointment or Approval of any Ministers of Religion other than those of the Established Church for visiting the Prisoners either by virtue of 'The Prison Ministers Act, 1865,' or 'Prisons Act, 1865;' and, 3rd. Whether any alteration has been made since April 1866, and, if so, what alteration in the Rules, Regulations, and Restrictions in force in each of these Prisons relating to the Duties, Visits, and Communications of the Chaplain of the Established Church, the Roman Catholic Priest, and Ministers of other Religious Denominations, with the Prisoners, viz.: Chester, County and City; Knutsford House of Correction; Cumberland County; Durham County; Kent County; Maidstone; Lancaster County; Stafford County; Kirkdale Borough; Preston House of Correction; New Bailey, Salford; Liverpool Borough; Manchester City; Middlesex—Newgate, Coldbath Fields, Clerkenwell, Westminster, and Holloway; Usk Borough; Northallerton; Northumberland County; Morpeth; Newcastle-upon-Tyne; Winchester; Horsemonger Lane; House of Correction, Wandsworth; Lewes; Warwick County; Birmingham Borough; Wakefield Borough; Kingston-on-Hull Borough; Leeds; Swansea; Glamorgan County; Edinburgh; Perth; Paisley; and Glasgow."

(*The O'Conor Don.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
2 *August* 1867.

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RETURN as to the following BOROUGH and COUNTY GAOLS, showing,—1st. The Total Number of PRISONERS in each on the 1st day of June 1867, and the Number belonging to each RELIGIOUS DENOMINATION; 2nd. Whether there has been any Appointment or Approval of any Ministers of Religion other than those of the Established Church for visiting the Prisoners either by virtue of "The Prison Ministers Act, 1865," or "Prisons Act, 1865;" and, 3rd. Whether any alteration has been made since April 1866, and, if so, what alteration in the Rules, Regulations, and Restrictions in force in each of these Prisons relating to the Duties, Visits, and Communications of the Chaplain of the Established Church, the Roman Catholic Priest, and Ministers of other Religious Denominations, with the Prisoners.

COUNTY GAOL, CHESTER CASTLE.

1st.—Total Number of Prisoners in Custody on the 1st day of June 1867, and the Number belonging to each Religious Denomination:

Total Number in Custody	96
Established Church	52
Roman Catholics	36
Wesleyans	3
Primitive Methodists	3
Independent Methodist	1
Baptist	1

2nd.—No appointment has been made. A Roman Catholic priest has for years been allowed free access to the prisoners of that denomination in the manner now sanctioned by "The Prisons Act, 1865." Prisoners of other denominations are allowed to see a minister of their own persuasion upon application.

3rd.—No alteration has been made since April 1866.

8 July 1867. *Peter Ewart*, Chairman, Visiting Justice.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION, KNUTSFORD.

1st.—Total Number of Prisoners in Gaol on the 1st June 1867, and the Number belonging to each Religious Denomination:

Total Number in Custody	249
Church of England	173
Roman Catholics	49
Methodists	18
Presbyterians	4
Independents	4
Calvinist	1

2nd.—A Roman Catholic priest has been appointed under "The Prison Ministers Act, 1865."

3rd.—No alteration has been made in the rules, regulations, and restrictions in force in this prison relating to the duties, visits, and communications of the chaplain of the Established Church, the Roman Catholic priest, and ministers of other religious denominations, with the prisoners.

8 July 1867. *Geo. Gallop*, Governor.

COUNTY GAOL, CARLISLE.

1st.—Total Number of Prisoners in Custody here, on the 1st of June last, was - 103

No daily average is kept of the different religious denominations; the average number of those differing from the Church of England is about one-third.

2nd.—No appointments have been made under "The Prison Ministers Act, 1865," or "Prisons Act, 1865," as any minister is allowed to visit prisoners on application of such prisoners.

8 July 1867. *T. H. Redin*, Governor.

COUNTY GAOL, DURHAM.

1st.—On the 1st day of June 1867 there were 408 prisoners in this gaol; 314 of whom were members of the Established Church, and 94 members of the Church of Rome.

2nd.—The Rev. Canon Platt is approved, under "The Prison Ministers Act, 1863," for visiting the prisoners of the Church of Rome.

3rd.—There is not any restriction on the Roman Catholic priest, as to his visits and duties to the members of his church, other than what the chaplain of the Established Church is under.

10 July 1867. *William Green*, Governor.

KENT COUNTY PRISON, MAIDSTONE.

1st.—Total Number of Prisoners in Custody on the 1st day of June 1867, and the Number belonging to each Religious Denomination:

Total Number of Prisoners	497
Church of England	445
Roman Catholics	46
Wesleyans	4
Jews	2

2nd.—Ministers of the Roman Catholic, Wesleyan, and Presbyterian religious persuasions have been approved by the visiting justices to visit the prisoners, under "The Prison Ministers Act, 1865."

3rd.—There have been no alterations in the rules, regulations, and restrictions in force in this prison relating to the duties, visits, and communications of the chaplain of the Established Church, the Roman Catholic priest, and ministers of other religious denominations, with the prisoners, since April 1866.

8 July 1867. *C. W. Bannister*, Governor.

LANCASTER CASTLE COUNTY GAOL.

1st.—Total Number of Prisoners in the above Gaol on the 1st June 1867, and the Number belonging to each Religious Denomination:

Total Number of Prisoners	115
Church of England	63
Roman Catholics	47
Methodist	1
Baptists	3
Independent	1

2nd.—No appointment or approval has been made by virtue of "The Prison Ministers Act, 1865," or "Prisons Act, 1865."

3rd.—No alteration has been made since April 1866.

22 July 1867. *J. G. Harrison*, *Henry Gregson*, } Visiting Justices.

COUNTY PRISON, STAFFORD.

1st.—Total Number of Prisoners in Custody on the 1st June 1867, and the Number belonging to each Religious Denomination:

Total Number in Custody	708
Church of England	483
Roman Catholics	81
Protestant Dissenters	144

2nd.—A Roman Catholic chaplain has been appointed under "The Prison Ministers Act, 1865."

3rd.—No alteration has been made since April 1866.

W. Fulford, Governor.

BOROUGH GAOL, KIRKDALE.

1st.—Total Number of Prisoners in Gaol on the 1st day of June 1867, and the Number belonging to each Religious Denomination:

Total Number of Prisoners	374
Established Church	241
Roman Catholics	121
Dissenters	12

2nd.—A Roman Catholic minister was appointed in July 1864, under "The Prison Ministers Act, 1863."

3rd.—No alteration in the duties, &c. of the minister of the Established Church or the Roman Catholic priest.

July 1867. *E. G. H. H. Gibbs*, Governor.

COUNTY GAOL, PRESTON.

1st.—Total Number of Prisoners in the above Gaol on the 1st June 1867, and the Number belonging to each Religious Denomination:

Total Number of Prisoners	303
Church of England	197
Roman Catholics	91
Methodists	9
Jew	1
Independents	3
Baptists	2

2nd.—By virtue of "The Prison Ministers Act, 1863," a Roman Catholic minister was appointed in June 1864 to visit prisoners of that denomination.

3rd.—No alteration has been made since April 1866 in the rules, regulations, or restrictions in force relating to the duties, visits, and communications of the chaplain of the Established Church, the Roman Catholic priest, or ministers of other religious denominations.

8 July 1867. *James King*, Governor.

NEW BAILEY PRISON, SALFORD.

1st.—Total Number of Prisoners in the Gaol on the 1st day of June 1867, and the Number belonging to each Religious Denomination:

Total Number of Prisoners	574
Church of England	318
Dissenters	76
Roman Catholics	180

2nd.—There has not been any appointment or approval of any ministers of religion, other than those of the Established Church, for visiting the prisoners, either by virtue of "The Prison Ministers Act, 1865," or "Prisons Act, 1865."

3rd.—No alteration has been made since April 1866 in the rules, regulations, and restrictions in force in the above prison, relating to the duties, visits, and communications of the chaplain of the Established Church, the Roman Catholic priest, and ministers of other religious denominations, with the prisoners.

8 July 1867. *J. H. Mitchell*, Governor.

LIVERPOOL BOROUGH PRISON.

1st.—The total number of prisoners in custody in this prison on the 1st June last was 988: viz, 586 male criminals, 397 female criminals, and 5 male debtors; of which 477 were Protestants, viz., 331 males and 146 females; 511 were Roman Catholics, viz., 260 males and 251 females.

2nd.—In addition to the chaplain of the prison, a Roman Catholic priest was appointed about three years since under the Prison Ministers Act; since which appointment a full service has been performed every Sunday morning by each minister, and an afternoon service for the Protestants; also morning prayers for each have been read in the chapel on every week day.

3rd.—The only alteration that has been made since April 1866 in the rules, &c., adds an afternoon service on Sundays for the Roman Catholics, and restricting the male adult prisoners from attending daily prayers whilst in the A. or lowest class. The visits and communications with the prisoners by the chaplain and prison minister remain the same, both being in daily attendance in the prison.

No minister of any other religious denomination attends the prison, unless specially asked for by any prisoner professing to be other than a Protestant or Roman Catholic, when such minister is allowed to visit by our permission.

9 July 1867. *Jas. R. Veitch*, Governor,
For the Visiting Justices.

MANCHESTER CITY GAOL.

1st.—Total Number of Prisoners in the above Gaol, under their Religious Denominations, on the 1st June 1867.

Total Number of Prisoners	559
Church of England and other denominations	341
Roman Catholics	218

2nd.—A Roman Catholic minister has been appointed.

3rd.—No alteration has been made since April 1866 in the rules, regulations, and restrictions in force in the above gaol, relating to the duties, visits, and communications of the chaplain of the Established Church, the Roman Catholic priest, and ministers of other religious denominations, with the prisoners.

8 July 1867. *C. H. J. Lane*, Governor.

GAOL OF NEWGATE.

1st.—Total Number of Prisoners on the 1st day of June 1867, and the Number belonging to each Religious Denomination:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Number of Prisoners	103	13	116
Church of England	76	7	83
Protestant Dissenters	7	1	8
Jew	1	-	1
Roman Catholics	19	5	24
TOTAL £.	103	13	116

2nd.—There has been no appointment. A priest attends, when convenient to himself, to see prisoners of the Roman Catholic persuasion.

3rd.—No alteration has been made since April 1866 in the rules, regulations, and restrictions in force relating to the duties, visits, and communications of the chaplain of the Established Church, the Roman Catholic priest, and ministers of other religious denominations, with the prisoner.

E. J. Jonas, Governor.

16 July 1867.

Thomas Q. Finnis, *W. F. Allen*, } Visiting Justices.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION, COLDBATH FIELDS.

1st.—Total Number of Prisoners on the 1st June 1867, and the Number belonging to each Religious Denomination:

Total Number of Prisoners - - - - - - - - - - 1,504

The number of each religious denomination cannot be given for a past day, except in cases of Roman Catholics, which was, on that day, 300.

2nd.—A Roman Catholic priest has been approved of for visiting prisoners of that religion under "The Prisons Act, 1865."

3rd.—No alteration in duties of chaplain of the Established Church since April 1866. Since the month of April 1866, the visiting Roman Catholic Minister has been allowed to assemble a number of prisoners of that persuasion, not exceeding 25 at one time on any week day, for religious instruction, &c., instead of being limited to the number of 10; and recently a Roman Catholic Divine Service on each Sunday morning has been permitted, the preparations for which are now in course of completion.

27 July 1867. *Thos. H. Colvill*, Governor.

HOUSE OF DETENTION, CLERKENWELL.

1st.—Total Number of Prisoners on the 1st day of June 1867, and the Number belonging to each Religious Denomination:

Total Number of Prisoners - - - - - - - - - - 231

Church of England	184
Dissenters	2
Presbyterians	2
Roman Catholics	41
Jews	2

2nd.—A Roman Catholic minister has been approved of by the visiting justices to visit prisoners of his persuasion.

3rd.—No alteration has been made in the rules, regulations, and restrictions relating to the duties, visits, and communications of the chaplain or the Roman Catholic priest since April 1866, with the exception that the time during which the Roman Catholic priest is permitted to make his visits has been extended by two hours daily, viz., from two hours to four hours.

31 July 1867. *John S. Skaife*, Clerk to the Visiting Justices.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION, WESTMINSTER.

1st.—Total Number of Prisoners in the above Prison on the 1st day of June 1867, and the Number belonging to each Religious Denomination:

Total Number of Prisoners	665
Protestants	500
Roman Catholics	162
Wesleyan	1
Presbyterian	1
Jew	1

2nd.—There has not been any appointment of any minister of religion, other than that of the Established Church, for visiting the prisoners, either by virtue of "The Prison Ministers Act, 1863," or "The Prison Act, 1865."

A minister of the Roman Catholic religion has been approved for visiting the prisoners of that persuasion by virtue of "The Prison Act, 1865."

3rd.—No alteration has been made since April 1866 in the rules, regulations, and restrictions in force in the prison relating to the visits, duties, and communications of the chaplain of the Established Church and the Roman Catholic priest, with the prisoners, except that a room has been provided for the Roman Catholic priest in performance of his duty, instead of the cell previously used by him. No ministers of other religious denominations have been appointed or approved.

20 July 1867. *Francis B. Morley*, Chairman, Visiting Justices.

CITY OF LONDON PRISON, AT HOLLOWAY.

1st.—Total Number of Prisoners on the 1st day of June 1867, with their respective Religious Denominations:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Number of Prisoners	270	33	303
Established Church	141	15	156
Roman Catholics	44	9	53
Jews	5	-	5
Dissenters	80	9	89
TOTAL	270	33	303

2nd.—There has not been any appointment or approval of any minister of religious persuasions, differing from that of the Established Church, for visiting the prisoners, either by virtue of "The Prison Ministers Act, 1865," or "Prison Act, 1865."

Any prisoner whose religious persuasion differs from that of the Established Church may, at his or her own request, be visited by a minister of their own persuasion at any reasonable time. Jews and Catholics being the only prisoners who make the request.

3rd.—No alterations have been made since April 1866.

John Weatherhead, Governor.
Jas. Abbiss, Visiting Magistrate.

MONMOUTH COUNTY GAOL, USK.

1st.—Total Number of Prisoners in the above Gaol on the 1st day of June 1867, and the Number belonging to each Religious Denomination:

Total Number of Prisoners	108
Church of England	63
Roman Catholics	26
Independents	4
Baptists	8
Wesleyans	7

MONMOUTH COUNTY GAOL, USK—*continued.*

2nd.—By virtue of "The Prison Ministers Act, 1863," the visiting justices ordered, on the 8th of January 1864, that the Roman Catholic priest and ministers of other religious denominations may visit prisoners of their respective creeds four days a week, between the hours of 10.30 a.m. and 12.30 p m.

3rd.—No alteration has been made in the rules, &c. since April 1866.

8 July 1867. *W. H. Bosworth*, Governor.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION, NORTHALLERTON.

1st.—Total Number of Prisoners in the above Prison on the 1st day of June 1867, and the Number belonging to each Religious Denomination :

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Number of Prisoners	131	24	155
Established Church	101	21	122
Roman Catholics	22	2	24
Wesleyan Methodists	2	1	3
Baptist	1	-	1
Presbyterians	3	-	3
Primitive Methodists	2	-	2
TOTAL	131	24	155

2nd.—A Roman Catholic chaplain appointed, under the Prison Ministers Act, at the Epiphany Sessions 1865.

3rd.—No alteration has been made since April 1866.

8 July 1867. *Geo. Gardner*, Governor.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY PRISONS, MORPETH.

1st.—Total Number of Prisoners on the 1st day of June 1867, and the Number belonging to each Religious Denomination :

Total Number of Prisoners	80
Church of England	58
Roman Catholics	14
Presbyterians	6
Methodist	1
Greek Church	1

2nd.—The Rev. G. A. Lowe, Roman Catholic priest, has the approval of the justices of the county for visiting the prisoners of that persuasion under the provisions of "The Prison Ministers Act, 1863," and "The Prison Act, 1865."

3rd.—The following alterations have been made since April 1866 :—

18th March 1867.—"That the governor, in terms of 26 & 27 Vict. c. 79 (The Prison Ministers Act), weekly give to the Roman Catholic clergyman a list of the prisoners in his custody belonging to the Roman Catholic persuasion ; and in case of the Roman Catholic clergyman not calling any week at the prison, that the list be forwarded by post to the clergyman."

17th June 1867.—"Arrangements have been made with the Rev. G. A. Lowe, Morpeth Catholic priest, for his attendance at the gaol every Thursday morning; and a convenient room has been set apart, with which Mr. Lowe is perfectly satisfied, for the purpose of enabling him to administer the services of his church in a suitable and satisfactory manner."

10 July 1867. *A. J. Baker Creswell*,
Chairman of the Visiting Justices.

NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE PRISON.

1st.—Total Number of Prisoners in Custody on the 1st day of June 1867, and the Number belonging to each Religious Denomination:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Number of Prisoners	164	40	204
Church of England	102	18	120
Roman Catholics	46	18	64
Presbyterians	9	4	13
Methodists	4	-	4
None	3	-	3
TOTAL	164	40	204

2nd.—A Roman Catholic priest has been appointed under "The Prison Ministers Act, 1865," and is allowed to visit Roman Catholic prisoners without a special application from the prisoner being required. No other minister has been approved, except on the special application to visit a particular prisoner.

3rd.—No alteration has been made in the rules regulating the chaplain of the Established Church in his communications with prisoners.

Thos. Robins, Governor.

23 July 1867.

HANTS COUNTY PRISON, WINCHESTER.

1st.—Total Number of Prisoners in the above Prison on the 1st June 1867, and the Number belonging to each Religious Denomination:

Total Number of Prisoners	248
Church of England	206
Roman Catholics	23
Wesleyan Methodists	6
Presbyterians	5
Independents	3
Baptists	2
Unitarians	2
None	1

2nd.—A Roman Catholic priest is permitted, with the approval of the Court of Quarter Sessions, to visit the prisoners, by virtue of "The Prison Ministers Act, 1863."

3rd.—No alteration has been made since April 1866.

Carnarvon, Chairman of Visiting Justices.

COUNTY GAOL OF SURREY, HORSEMONGER-LANE.

1st.—Total Number of Prisoners in Custody on the 1st day of June 1867, and the Number belonging to each Religious Denomination:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Number of Prisoners	128	37	165
Established Church	82	29	111
Baptist	1	-	1
Wesleyans	2	-	2
Roman Catholics	21	7	28
Jew	1	-	1
Prisoners for debt (religion not ascertained)	21	1	22
TOTAL	128	37	165

2nd.—

County Gaol of Surrey, Horsemonger-Lane—*continued.*

2nd.—There has been no appointment or approval of any ministers of religion, other than of the Established Church, for visiting the prisoners, either by virtue of "Prison Ministers Act, 1863," or "Prisons Act, 1865."

3rd.—No alteration has been made since April 1866.

9 July 1867. *John Keene*, Governor.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION, WANDSWORTH.

1st.—Total Number of Prisoners in Custody on the 1st day of June 1867, and the Number belonging to each Religious Denomination:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Number of Prisoners	650	118	768
Established Church	570	91	661
Roman Catholics	71	19	90
Wesleyans	2	3	5
Baptists	4	5	9
Jews	2	-	2
Independent	1	-	1
Total	650	118	768

2nd.—A Roman Catholic priest has been approved of by virtue of "The Prison Ministers Act, 1865," and he receives the remuneration of 60 *l.* a year for visiting Roman Catholic prisoners. A Rabbi has also been approved of, and ministers of other denominations from time to time, as prisoners have requested to be visited by them, which has very seldom been the case. Neither the Rabbi nor the other ministers have received any remuneration.

3rd.—No alteration has been made since April 1866 in the rules, regulations, and restrictions in force in this prison relating to the duties, visits, and communications of the chaplain of the Established Church, the Roman Catholic priest, and ministers of other religious denominations, with the prisoners.

July 1867. *Richard Onslow*, Governor.

SUSSEX COUNTY GAOL, LEWES.

1st.—Total Number of Prisoners in this Gaol on the 1st June 1867, distinguishing the Number belonging to each Religious Denomination:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Number of Prisoners	158	51	209
Church of England	127	39	166
Roman Catholics	12	5	17
Baptists	4	2	6
Presbyterians	4	-	4
Wesleyans	4	3	7
Independents	3	-	3
Calvinist	1	-	1
Jew	1	-	1
Debtors (not ascertained)	2	-	2
Primitive Methodist	-	1	1
Countess of Huntingdon	-	1	1
Total	158	51	209

2nd.—A Roman Catholic Priest attends the Roman Catholic prisoners, by approval of the visiting justices. There has been no application made either by prisoners or ministers of any other denomination.

3rd.—No alteration has been made since April 1866, except that, upon application from the Roman Catholic priest, a room has been appropriated for the assembling of Roman Catholic prisoners together for religious instruction.

9 July 1867. *A. P. W. Helby*, Governor.

COUNTY PRISON, WARWICK.

1st.—Total Number of Criminal Prisoners in Custody on 1st June 1867, and the Number belonging to each Religious Denomination:

Total Number of Prisoners	199
Established Church	154
Roman Catholics	24
Wesleyans	7
Methodists	4
Baptists	6
Independents	3
Presbyterian	1

2nd.—A Roman Catholic priest has been approved of to visit the prisoners.

3rd.—Rules for the chaplain of the prison are annexed hereto. "The Prison Ministers Act, 1863," and "The Prison Act, 1865," are complied with, and the rules for regulating the practice with regard to the Roman Catholic priest are annexed. No minister of any other religious denomination is approved or appointed.

Prison Ministers Bill, 1863, *and Prison Act*, 1865.—*Rules for Practice.*

"The reception warder to ask every prisoner on admission what religion he professes, and enter his reply in a book for that purpose.

"Every prisoner on being brought to the chief warder to be "celled off" to be asked his religious belief; and in case of Roman Catholics his name to be entered on the list kept for the priest, who is to be allowed to see any such prisoners unless such prisoner expressly objects to see him.

"No Roman Catholic to be visited by the chaplain of the prison unless at his own request (except as hereinafter provided).

"No prisoner not of the Established Church to go to chapel unless at his own request.

"The list of Roman Catholic prisoners, with the cells they occupy, to be open to the inspection of the chaplain, so that he may see what cells he is not entitled to visit; this, however, will not interfere with the duty of the chaplain seeing each prisoner on admission and discharge."

20 July 1867. *Leigh*, Visiting Justice.

BOROUGH PRISON, BIRMINGHAM.

1st.—Total Number of Prisoners in this Prison on the 1st day of June 1867, and the Number belonging to each Religious Denomination:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Number of Prisoners	310	62	372
Church of England	216	53	269
Roman Catholics	51	8	59
Wesleyan Methodists	13	1	14
Baptists	18	-	18
Independents	4	-	4
Presbyterians	5	-	5
Unitarian	1	-	1
Church of the Saviour	1	-	1
Quaker	1	-	1
TOTAL	310	62	372

2nd.—A Roman Catholic minister has been appointed by virtue of "The Prison Ministers Act, 1863."

3rd.—Alterations which have been made since April 1866:—

Chaplain of the Established Church.—Is not allowed to visit the Roman Catholic prisoners.

The Roman Catholic Priest.—Visits the Roman Catholic prisoners, and performs Divine Service in the chapel once a week, on Sundays.

Ministers of other Denominations.—No alteration since April 1866.

D. Meadows, Governor.

WEST RIDING HOUSE OF CORRECTION, AT WAKEFIELD.

1st.—Total Number of Prisoners in the above Prison on the 1st day of June 1867, also the Number of such Prisoners belonging to each Religious Denomination:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Number of Prisoners	782	159	941
Church of England	568	75	643
Roman Catholics	147	48	195
Methodists	44	28	72
Independents	3	3	6
Baptists	3	1	4
Presbyterians	2	2	4
Calvinists	2	-	2
Unitarian	1	-	1
Lutheran	1	-	1
Plymouth Brethren	1	-	1
No religion	10	2	12
TOTAL	782	159	941

2nd.—There has not been any appointment of any ministers of religion, other than those of the Established Church, for visiting the prisoners, either by virtue of "The Prison Ministers Act, 1863," or "Prisons Act, 1865."

3rd.—*Chaplain of Established Church.*—No alteration.

Roman Catholic Priest.—The following new Rule has been substituted for No. 87 of the Prison Rules:—

New Rule.—"He shall have liberty to perform Divine Service once on every week-day, subject to, and in accordance with, the regulations of the governor, and the discipline of the prison."

Old Rule (No. 87).—"Service on any other festival days may be granted on special application to the governor."

Ministers of other Religious Denominations.—No alteration.

Thos. H. Holdsworth, Visiting Justice.

BOROUGH GAOL, KINGSTON-UPON-HULL.

1st.—Total Number of Prisoners in the above Gaol on the 1st day of June 1867, and the Number belonging to each Religious Denomination:

Total Number of Prisoners	146
Church of England	90
Roman Catholics	25
Dissenters	31

2nd.—In answer to the second inquiry, there has been no "appointment or approval" in Hull Prison.

3rd.—No alteration has been made in Hull Prison since April 1866 in respect to matters referred to in this question.

Jas. H. Gresham,
Clerk to the Visiting Justices.

8 July 1867.

W. Neill, Governor.

LEEDS BOROUGH GAOL.

1st.—Number of Prisoners in the above Gaol on the 1st day of June 1867, and the Number belonging to each Religious Denomination:

Total Number of Prisoners	373
Church of England	235
Roman Catholics	116
Methodists	10
Baptist	1
Presbyterians	2
No religion	9

2nd.—There has been no appointment or approval of any ministers of religion other than the chaplain, who is a clergyman of the Established Church, for visiting the prisoners, either by virtue of "The Prison Ministers Act, 1863," or "The Prison Act, 1865."

3rd.—The duties of the chaplain of the prison are, that he shall perform Divine Service every morning, and twice on Sundays, and that he shall daily visit all prisoners, unless they desire to be visited by a minister of their own denomination.

Any prisoner applying to be visited by a minister of his own denomination is allowed to be so visited regularly without a renewal of his application.

22 July 1867. *C. A. Keene*, Governor.

COUNTY PRISON, SWANSEA.

1st.—Total Number of Prisoners in the above Prison on the 1st day of June 1867, and the Number belonging to each Religious Denomination:

Total Number of Prisoners	155
Church of England	61
Protestant Dissenters	61
Roman Catholics	32
Jew	1

2nd —On the 12th July 1866 the visiting justices appointed the Reverend Father Lewis to visit the Roman Catholic prisoners under the following restrictions:

1. That the Roman Catholic clergyman to be hereafter permitted to visit the prisoners of that faith shall be admitted into their cells on one day in each week (to be named by him before he enters on his duties) between the hours of 10 and 12 a.m., or 2 and 4 p.m.
2. That he shall be admitted into each cell by a turnkey, to visit those prisoners only who are previously entered as Roman Catholics, and who make no express objection to his visit.
3. That such minister be strictly enjoined to bring in no written communications to any prisoner, and to carry none from them out of the gaol.
4. That the Reverend Father Lewis be the Roman Catholic minister to be permitted to visit the prison, under the above restrictions and regulations.

3rd.—From the above date Roman Catholic prisoners have been placed under the immediate control of a priest of their persuasion, instead of being ministered to by the prison chaplain, as heretofore.

16 July 1867. *William Cox*, Governor.

GLAMORGAN COUNTY GAOL, AT CARDIFF.

1st.—Total Number of Prisoners in Custody on the 1st day of June 1867, and the Number belonging to each Religious Denomination:

Total Number of Prisoners	154
Established Church	70
Roman Catholics	49
Wesleyans	3
Baptists	13
Methodists	5
Presbyterian	1
Independents	8
Lutherans	5

2nd.—No additional appointments or approval of any minister of religion by virtue of the Prison Ministers Act or Prison Act of 1865.

3rd.—No alteration has been made since April 1866.

9 July 1867. *J. B. Woods*, Keeper.

PRISON OF EDINBURGH.

1st.—Total Number of Prisoners in Custody on the 1st day of June 1867, and the Number belonging to each Religious Denomination :

Total Number of Prisoners	304
Established Church of Scotland	74
Church of England	17
Free Church of Scotland	45
United Presbyterian Church	9
Baptist Church	1
Methodist Church	2
Lutheran Church	2
Roman Catholic Church	52
No religious denomination	102

2nd.—There has been no appointment or approval of any ministers of religion, other than those of the Established Church, for visiting the prisoners by virtue of "Prison Ministers Act, 1865;" "Prisons Act, 1865," does not extend to Scotland.

3rd.—No alteration has been made since April 1866.

9 July 1867. *Wm. Clarke*, for Governor.

COUNTY PRISON, PERTH.

1st.—Total Number of Prisoners in the above Prison on the 1st day of June 1867, and the Number belonging to each Religious Denomination :

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Number of Prisoners	28	14	42
Established Church of Scotland	14	5	19
Free Church of Scotland	3	2	5
United Presbyterian Church	2	1	3
Church of England	3	2	5
Roman Catholics	5	-	5
Connected with no religious body	1	4	5
TOTAL	28	14	42

2nd.—There has been no appointment or approval of the kind mentioned under the second head of said resolution.

3rd.—No alteration has been made since April 1866.

Wm. Hutchison, Governor.

PRISON OF PAISLEY.

1st.—Number of Prisoners in Confinement on the 1st day of June 1867, with the Religious Denomination to which such Prisoners belong :

Total Number of Prisoners	114
No religion	3
Established Church	40
Free Church	14
United Presbyterian	4
Baptist	1
Episcopalian	6
Catholic	46

2nd. There has not been any appointment or approval of any ministers of religion other than those of the Established Church for visiting the prisoners, either by virtue of "Prison Ministers Act, 1863," or "Prisons Act, 1865."

3rd. No alterations have been made since April 1866.

11 July 1867. *Robert Bird*, Governor.

PRISON OF GLASGOW.

1st.—Total Number of Criminal Prisoners in Confinement on the 1st day of June 1867, and the Religious Denominations to which they belonged:

Total Number of Prisoners	520
Church of Scotland	176
Church of England	69
Protestant Dissenters	78
Roman Catholics	197

2nd.—There has been no other appointment or approval made of any minister of religion, other than those of the Established Church, for visiting the prison under any of the Acts, "Prison Ministers Act, 1863," or "Prisons Act, 1865," only due effect is given to Rule XCVIII. of prison rules on this head, viz., "That any prisoner who is not a member of the Established Church may be visited by a minister of the church to which he belongs, in order to receive from such minister the instruction and counsel which he would otherwise receive from the prison chaplain."

Farther, that there is placarded in each cell in large print, the following notice, viz., "The attention of prisoners is specially directed to Rule XXXV. on board of rules, as to visits of ministers, other than those of the Established Church, which is to the following or similar effect:"

"That any prisoner who is not a member of the Established Church is at liberty to call for a visit of a clergyman of his or her religious persuasion."

3rd. None since April 1866.

The rules in existence are as follows, viz.:

"The chaplain shall exert himself to the best of his power for the spiritual and moral improvement of the prisoners, and in preparing them for restoration to society; and shall, in all matters relating to the prison, give information and assistance to the governor, surgeon, and matron, and co-operate zealously with them for the welfare of the prison, and for its efficient and harmonious management. He shall perform Divine Service once at least on every Sunday to every class of prisoners. He or his assistant, if there be an assistant chaplain, shall see every male prisoner in private at least once each week; but he shall judge by the effect of the moral and religious instruction given by the matron, or other authorised female instructor, how frequently it is necessary for him to see the female prisoners separately."

"In all cases of male prisoners committed for considerable periods, or under serious charges, he shall be careful to see them in private soon after their admission, and, if convicted, a short time before their liberation also.

"He shall daily see the sick, viz., prisoners who may be seriously or dangerously ill, or suffering under any complaint having a tendency to become serious or dangerous. He shall frequently visit every room and cell occupied by prisoners, and attend at all reasonable times any prisoner who may require his spiritual advice and assistance."

"He shall pay especial attention to juvenile offenders, and he shall daily visit prisoners in close confinement for prison offences."

No restriction in force relating to the chaplain of the Established Church, and the only restriction relating to Roman Catholic priests, or ministers of other religious denominations is, that such clergymen are only allowed to visit any prisoner they may desire to see, or any prisoner or prisoners expressing a wish to see any such clergymen.

11 July 1867. *John Stirling*, Governor.

GAOLS.

RETURN of the Total Number of Prisoners in certain Borough and County Gaols on the 1st June 1867, and the Number belonging to each Religious Denomination, with other Particulars.

(*The O'Conor Don.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
2 *August* 1867.

506.

Under 2 *oz.*

PRISONS.

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 26 February 1867;—*for*,

"RETURNS of the Number and Names of the COUNTIES which have Complied with the Act 28 & 29 Vict. c. 126, intituled 'An Act to consolidate and amend the Law of Prisons:'"

"And, stating whether in any Case, and, if so, in what, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State has Certified to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury that Default has been made in complying with the Requisitions of the Act, and consequently that no Contribution has been Paid out of Monies provided by Parliament towards the Expenses of Maintaining any Prisoners in such Prisons."

Whitehall,
11 May 1867.

BELMORE.

(*Mr. Neville-Grenville.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
14 *May* 1867.

RETURN of COUNTY and BOROUGH PRISONS, the Authorities of which have submitted RULES and REGULATIONS for the APPROVAL of the SECRETARY of STATE under the Provisions of the ACT 28 & 29 Vict. c. 126.

ENGLAND:	
BEDFORDSHIRE:	
Bedford County Prison -	Hard labour rules and dietary approved. Plans for enlargement under consideration.
BERKSHIRE:	
Reading County Prison -	Dietary approved.
Abingdon County Prison -	- - ditto.
BUCKS:	
Aylesbury County Prison -	Rules approved.
CAMBRIDGE:	
Cambridge County Prison -	Plans of alterations approved.
Cambridge Borough Prison -	- - ditto.
Ely—Isle of Ely Prison -	Hard labour rules and dietary approved.
Wisbech Prison - - -	- - ditto.
CHESHIRE:	
Chester County Prison -	Dietaries approved. Rules under consideration.
Knutsford Prison - - -	- - ditto.
Chester City Prison - -	Hard labour rules approved.
CORNWALL:	
Bodmin County Prison -	Rules approved.
CUMBERLAND:	
Carlisle County Prison -	Rules approved.
DERBYSHIRE:	
Derby County Prison - -	Rules approved.
DEVONSHIRE:	
Exeter County Prison - -	Rules under consideration.
Plymouth Borough Prison -	- - ditto.
Barnstaple Prison - -	- - ditto.
Devonport Prison - -	Rules approved.
Tiverton Prison - - -	- - ditto.
DORSET:	
Dorchester County Prison -	Rules approved.
DURHAM:	
Durham County Prison -	Rules under consideration.
ESSEX:	
Springfield County Prison -	Rules approved.
Ilford Prison - - -	Plans under consideration.
Colchester Borough Prison -	Dietary approved.
GLOUCESTERSHIRE:	
Gloucester County Prison -	Rules approved.
Bristol City Prison - -	- - ditto.

ENGLAND—*continued.*	
HEREFORDSHIRE:	
Hereford County Prison -	Rules approved.
Hereford City Prison - -	- - ditto.
HERTFORDSHIRE:	
Hertford County Prison -	Rules approved.
HUNTINGDONSHIRE:	
Huntingdon County Prison -	Rules under consideration.
KENT:	
Maidstone County Prison -	Rules approved.
Canterbury Prison - -	- - ditto.
Canterbury City Prison -	- - ditto.
Dover Borough Prison - -	Alterations in progress.
Folkestone Borough Prison -	- - ditto.
Sandwich Borough Prison -	Hard labour rules approved.
LANCASHIRE:	
Kirkdale County Prison -	Rules approved.
Lancaster County Prison -	- - ditto.
Preston County Prison -	- - ditto.
Salford County Prison - -	- - ditto.
Liverpool Borough Prison -	- - ditto.
LEICESTERSHIRE:	
Leicester County Prison -	Rules approved.
Leicester Borough Prison -	- - ditto.
LINCOLNSHIRE:	
Falkingham Prison - -	Rules under consideration.
Kirton Prison - - -	Rules approved.
Lincoln County Prison - -	- - ditto.
Spalding Prison - - -	- - ditto.
Spilsby Prison - - -	- - ditto.
Lincoln City Prison - -	- - ditto.
Grantham Borough Prison -	Plans of alterations under consideration.
MIDDLESEX:	
Clerkenwell County Prison -	Rules approved.
Westminster Prison - -	- - ditto.
Clerkenwell House of Detention	- - ditto.
Newgate Prison - - -	- - ditto.
Holloway City Prison - -	- - ditto.
Whitecross - street Debtors' Prison.	- - ditto.
MONMOUTH:	
Monmouth County Prison -	Rules approved.
NORFOLK:	
Norwich County Prison -	Rules approved.
Norwich City Prison - -	- - ditto.
Swaffham County Prison -	- - ditto.
Wymondham County Prison -	- - ditto.

ENGLAND—*continued.*	
NORTHAMPTONSHIRE:	
Northampton County Prison	Rules approved.
Northampton Borough Prison	- - ditto.
NORTHUMBERLAND:	
Morpeth County Prison	Rules approved.
Berwick-on-Tweed Borough Prison.	Dietary approved.
Newcastle-on-Tyne Borough Prison.	Rules approved.
NOTTS:	
Nottingham County Prison	Rules approved.
Southwell County Prison	- - ditto.
Nottingham Town Prison	- - ditto.
OXFORDSHIRE:	
Oxford County Prison	Rules approved.
RUTLAND:	
Oakham County Prison	Rules approved.
SALOP:	
Shrewsbury County Prison	Hard labour rules and dietary approved.
SOMERSET:	
Taunton County Prison	Rules approved.
Shepton Mallet County Prison	- - ditto.
Bath City Prison	- - ditto.
SOUTHAMPTON:	
Southampton Borough Prison	Rules approved.
STAFFORDSHIRE:	
Stafford County Prison	Rules approved.
SUFFOLK:	
Bury St. Edmunds County Prison.	Hard labour rules and dietary approved.
Ipswich County Prison	Dietary approved.
SURREY:	
Horsemonger-lane County Prison.	Rules approved.
Wandsworth County Prison	- - ditto.
SUSSEX:	
Lewes County Prison	Rules approved.
Petworth County Prison	- - ditto.

ENGLAND—*continued.*	
WARWICKSHIRE:	
Warwick County Prison	Rules approved.
Birmingham Borough Prison	- - ditto.
WILTS:	
Salisbury County Prison	Hard labour definitions and dietary approved.
Devizes Prison	- - ditto.
WORCESTERSHIRE:	
Worcester County Prison	Rules approved.
Worcester City Prison	- - ditto.
YORKSHIRE:	
Beverley County Prison	Rules approved.
Wakefield County Prison	- - ditto.
Northallerton Prison	Dietary approved. Rules approved.
York Castle	Rules approved.
Hull Borough Prison	Rules under consideration.
Ripon Borough Prison	Plans of alterations under consideration.
Scarborough Borough Prison	Rules approved.
WALES:	
CARDIGAN:	
Cardigan County Prison	Plans of alterations under consideration.
DENBIGH:	
Ruthin County Prison	Plans approved.
FLINTSHIRE:	
Flint County Prison	Rules approved.
GLAMORGANSHIRE:	
Cardiff County Prison	Rules under consideration.
Swansea County Prison	- - ditto.
MERIONETHSHIRE:	
Dolgelly County Prison	Plans for enlargement under consideration.
MONTGOMERYSHIRE:	
Montgomery County Prison	Hard labour rules and dietary approved.
PEMBROKESHIRE:	
Haverfordwest County Prison	Plans for enlargement approved.

N.B.—No reports have yet been received by the Secretary of State from the Inspectors of Prisons, showing that default has been made in any prison in complying with the requisitions of the Prisons Act, 1865; and no such default has, therefore, been certified to the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury.

PRISONS.

RETURN of the Number and Names of the Counties which have Complied with the Act 28 & 29 Vict. c. 126, intituled "An Act to consolidate and amend the Law of Prisons;" &c.

(*Mr. Neville-Grenville.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
14 *May* 1867.

Under 1 *oz.*

REFORMATORY AND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 7 March 1867 ;—*for*,

"RETURN, in the annexed Form, of all CHILDREN Committed in the Year 1866 to any REFORMATORY or INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL not 'conducted in accordance with the Religious Persuasion to which the Youthful Offender appeared to the Committing Authority to belong :'—

Committing Authority.	Name of Child in full.	Age of Child.	Religious Persuasion of Child, as ascertained by Committing Authority, and certified in Order of Detention.	Name of School.	Religious Persuasion in accordance with which School is conducted.	Special Reasons which rendered it impossible to send Child to a School conducted in accordance with its ascertained Religious Persuasion.

(Mr. O'Reilly.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
9 *April* 1867.

RETURN of all CHILDREN Committed in the Year 1866 to any REFORMATORY or INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL, not "conducted in accordance with the Religious Persuasion to which the Youthful Offender appeared to the Committing Authority to belong."

REFORMATORIES.

REFORMATORIES.	Committing Authority.	Name of Child in full.	Age of Child.	Religious Persuasion of Child, as ascertained by Committing Authority, and Certified in Order of Detention.	Name of School.	Religious Persuasion in accordance with which School is conducted.	Special Reasons which rendered it impossible to send Child to a School conducted in accordance with its ascertained Religious Persuasion.	REMARKS.
Bedford Reformatory School, Northey.	Chief Justice Earle - -	Lewis Langley - -	10	Not stated -	Bedford Reformatory School, Northey.	Church of England	Not known.	
	W. B. Higgins, Esq., and Rev. F. C. G. Passey.	George Gibson - -	11	- ditto - -				
	W. Navice and C. Houghton, Esqrs.	Benjamin Leggett -	10	- ditto - -				
	Rev. E. L. Bennett and R. Everard, Esq.	George Henry Boyers	10	- ditto - -				
	J. Osborne and W. Jardine, Esqrs.	Alfred Taylor - -	12	- ditto - -				
	Hon. Sir T. F. Fremantle, Bart.	John Eastapp - -	14	- ditto - -				
	R. T. Gilpin, M.D., and C. L. Grimshaw, Esqrs.	George Burgess -	13	- ditto - -				
	J. Hewet, Esq., and Rev. G. Phillimore.	William Brooks -	10	- ditto - -				
	R. Stockdale and J. Harwood, Esqrs.	James Smith - -	14	- ditto - -				
	Baron Martin - - -	Robert Venner - -	11	- ditto - -				
	G. Hale and W. Lownds, Esqrs.	Frederick Shrimpton	14	- ditto - -				
	Rev. J. Wilson and Major More.	William Davison -	10	- ditto - -				
Bradwall Reformatory School, near Sandbach, Chester.	- - - - -	- - None - -	–	- - -	Bradwell Reformatory School.	Church of England	None.	
Cumberland Reformatory	J. B. Greenwood, Esq. -	Abraham Newman -	13	Church of England.	Cumberland Reformatory.	Church of England	None.	
	J. B. Greenwood, Esq. -	George Albert Parkes	15	- ditto - -				
	William Lamb, Esq. -	Edward Ralph - -	13	- ditto - -				
	Henry E. Hoole, Esq. -	Edward Buck - -	9	- ditto - -				
	William E. Lacock, Esq. -	William Wilkin -	11	- ditto - -				
	John Hand, Esq. - -	Thomas Lowe - -	12	- ditto - -				
	George Armitage, Esq. -	Charles Hirst - -	9	- ditto - -				
	Joseph Farrar, Esq. - -	Charles Norfolk -	13	- ditto - -				

Devon and Exeter Reformatory Farm School.	Petty Sessions, Torquay	John Heath	12	None	Devon and Exeter Reformatory Farm School.	Church of England		-- Seven boys were committed to this Reformatory School during the year 1866, and in no case has the religious persuasion of the child, or his parents, been mentioned on the commitment, or in any other way by the committing authorities.
	Guildhall, Exeter	W. Warren	9	- ditto				
	Quarter Sessions, Devon	Stephen Perry	15	- ditto				
	Petty Sessions, Castle, Exeter	Frederick Harris	14	- ditto				
	General Sessions, Castle, Exeter.	John Penny	13	- ditto				
	Petty Sessions, Dartmouth	Charles Howe	12	- ditto				
	General Sessions, Castle, Exeter.	Matt. Upham	14	- ditto				
Devon and Exeter Reformatory for Girls.	- - - - -	- - None.						
Milborne Reformatory Boys' School, Dorset.	- - - - -	- - - -	-	- - -	- - - -	Church of England	- - -	-- All the boys detained in the Milborne St. Andrew Reformatory School belong to the Protestant persuasion.
Durham and Northumberland Girls' Reformatory School.	Magistrates of Newcastle	Mary Smith	13	Roman Catholic	Durham and Northumberland Girls' Reformatory School.	Scripture doctrine, without peculiar views of any denomination.	None - - -	-- Mary Smith was removed 17 May 1866, to reformatory at Sheffield. The remainder of the girls committed in 1866, were stated to be of the Church of England, except one Methodist. Members of various Protestant societies are on the Committee; the girls attend the Church of England and Presbyterian Chapel.
Essex Reformatory, Harlow.	- - - - -	- - None - -	-	- - -	Essex Reformatory, Harlow.	Church of England.		
Glamorganshire Reformatory School, Hawdref Genol, near Neath.	Magistrates at Merthyr Police Court.	Patrick Mahoney	11	Roman Catholic	Hawdref Genol, in the county of Glamorgan.	Provision is made for the Catholic boys to attend their own church, and be instructed by a priest. The others go to the parish church (Church of England).	We learned that there was not sufficient room, and there is no Roman Catholic School in Wales.	
Hardwicke Reformatory School, near Gloucester.	No boys have been sent to the Hardwicke Reformatory School, who have not been believed by the committing authority to belong to the Church of England, and no instance has occurred of parents objecting to their children attending the Parish Church.							
Kingswood Reformatory, Bristol.	- - - - -	- - None - -	-	- - -	- - None.			
Red Lodge Reformatory School, Bristol.	The Red Lodge Reformatory School is conducted on the general principles of Protestant Christianity, without adherence to any special denomination. The inmates attend the nearest Protestant place of worship, irrespective of creed. All the girls admitted last year were Protestants, consequently the Red Lodge Reformatory School is conducted in accordance with the religious persuasion of all the youthful offenders committed to it during the year 1866.							
Arnos Court Reformatory School, Bristol.	There is not any child in this Reformatory School that is not a Roman Catholic, professing and practising her religion.							
Hampshire Reformatory, Eling.	- - - - -	- No Return.						

RETURN of all Children Committed in the Year 1866 to any Reformatory or Industrial School, &c.—*continued.*

REFORMATORIES.	Committing Authority.	Name of Child in full.	Age of Child.	Religious Persuasion of Child, as ascertained by Committing Authority, and Certified in Order of Detention.	Name of School.	Religious Persuasion in accordance with which School is conducted.	Special Reasons which rendered it impossible to send Child to a School conducted in accordance with its ascertained Religious Persuasion.	REMARKS.
Herts Reformatory School	Mayor of Hertford and others.	James Flannigan	15	Roman Catholic	Herts Reformatory School.	Church of England	The Herts Reformatory Committee only consented to receive James Flannigan until a Roman Catholic institution could be found willing to receive him. Application has been made to several schools, but hitherto without success. No application has been made by the parent for his removal, according to the Act.	
Liverpool "Akbar" Hulk Reformatory.	No child committed to the Reformatory Ship "Akbar" during the year 1866 has been certified by the Committing Authority to be other than of the Protestant persuasion, the institution being conducted in accordance therewith.							
Liverpool Farm School	- - - - - - - -	None.						
Liverpool Juvenile Reformatory Association.	No child committed to the Liverpool Girls' Reformatory during the year 1866 has been certified by the Committing Authority to be other than of the Protestant persuasion, the school being conducted in accordance therewith.							
Toxteth Park Girls' Reformatory, Liverpool.	Magistrates	Ellen Green	15	Church of England	Toxteth Park Girls' Reformatory School.	Church of England.		
		Elizabeth Ann Jones	13½	- ditto -				
		Jessie Bowshill	15	- ditto -				
		Mary Ann Wright	15	- ditto -				
		Martha Hughes	13	- ditto -				
		Mary Ann Wilson	15	- ditto -				
		Emma Lanning	13	- ditto -				
		Anne Stuart	14	- ditto -				
		Annie Dixon	14	- ditto -				
		Lilley Binns	15	Independent	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - Attended church as often as she did chapel when at home.
North Lancashire Reformatory, Bleasdale, near Garstang.	Preston Quarter Sessions	Robert Ashby	13	Methodist	North Lancashire Reformatory.	Church of England	No Methodist Reformatory	- - Ascertained from the boys themselves, the statement as to religion from the Committing Authority being merely whether Protestant or Roman Catholic. 21 boys admitted in 1866.
	B. J. St. B. Joule and J. Morley, Esqrs.	George Armstrong	13	- ditto -				
	Sheffield Sessions	William Taylor	13	- ditto -				
	Chorley Petty Sessions	William Harvey	15	- ditto -				
	Manchester Police Court	John Morrow	10	- ditto -				
Manchester and Salford Reformatory, Blackley.	- - - - - - -	- - - - - -	-	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - None but Protestants have been received. The institution is purely undenominational, as will be learnt on reading the following rules of management:— "All the boys shall be taken to public worship at least once every Sunday, unless arrangements shall be made for holding service in the school-room of the institution. "The religious instruction given in the institution shall be of a simple and practical character, and shall be in accordance with those truths which are generally acknowledged by the great majority of Protestant Christians."

Mount St. Bernard's Catholic Boys' Reformatory School, Coalville, Leicester.	- - - - - -	- - - - -	-	- - - -	Mount St. Bernard's Reformatory.	Roman Catholic -	- - -	- - No boys under detention in this Reformatory who are not Roman Catholics.
Brook Green Catholic Reformatory, Middlesex.	- - - - - -	- - None -	-	- - -	Brook Green Roman Catholic Reformatory.	Roman Catholic -	- - -	--No other children have been received into the above Reformatory but such as profess the Roman Catholic religion.
"Home in the East" Reformatory School.	- - - - - -	- - None.						
Hampstead Reformatory School for Girls.	- - - - - -	- - None.						
Monmouthshire Reformatory.	- - - - - -	- - None.						
Buxton Reformatory School, Marsham.	Chairman of Quarter Sessions.	William Clark - -	15	Protestant -	Buxton Reformatory.	Parish Church.		
	Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace.	Sydney Blade - -	14	- ditto - -				
	Ditto - - -	William Lovick -	13	- ditto - -				
	Chairman of Quarter Sessions.	James Hayward -	15	- ditto - -				
	Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace.	Jno. Alborough -	12	- ditto - -				
	Ditto - - -	Charles Cook - -	12	- ditto - -				
	Ditto - - -	William Prentice -	15	- ditto - -				
	Ditto - - -	Jno. Bennett - -	12	- ditto - -				
	Ditto - - -	Frederick Osborn -	15	- ditto - -				
	Ditto - - -	Mark Moore - -	10	- ditto - -				
	Ditto - - -	Philip Morgan - -	13	- ditto - -				
Northamptonshire Reformatory.	Magistrates at Stony Stratford Petty Sessions.	William Edwards -	9	Not ascertained; not certified in order of detention.	Tiffield Reformatory School.	Church of England.		
	The Recorder, Bolton Court	Thomas Savage -	11	- ditto - -				
	The Magistrates at Scarborough Petty Sessions.	Mark Cook - -	14	- ditto - -				
	The Magistrates, Northampton Borough Petty Sessions.	Edward Pettitt - -	9	- ditto - -				
	The Magistrates, Oundle Petty Sessions.	Aaron Smith - -	12	- ditto - -				
	The Magistrates, Ilford Petty Sessions.	George Felton - -	12	- ditto - -				
	The Judge, Manchester Assizes.	John Holmes - -	10	- ditto - -				
	The Recorder, Bolton Quarter Sessions.	James Johnson - -	13	- ditto - -				
	Stipendiary Magistrates, Salford New Bailey.	James Patterson -	10	- ditto - -				
	The Magistrates, Leicester Borough Petty Sessions.	William Wells - -	10	- ditto - -				
	Stipendiary Magistrates, Salford Borough.	Charles Thompson -	14	- ditto - -				
	Ditto - - -	Thomas Eastham -	13	- ditto - -				
	Ditto - - -	John Thomas Leach -	12	- ditto - -				

RETURN of all Children Committed in the Year 1866 to any Reformatory or Industrial School, &c.—*continued.*

REFORMATORIES.	Committing Authority.	Name of Child in full.	Age of Child.	Religious Persuasion of Child, as ascertained by Committing Authority, and Certified in Order of Detention.	Name of School.	Religious Persuasion in accordance with which School is conducted.	Special Reasons which rendered it impossible to send a Child to a School conducted in accordance with its ascertained Religious Persuasion.	REMARKS.
North Eastern Reformatory, Netherton.	Boys are admitted without reference to their religious persuasion. It is precluded by rule 9, which is sent herewith,* from applying the funds towards the maintenance of any minister of any religious denomination; but we have a Protestant chaplain attached to the institution who is paid by a salary specially raised for the purpose. He attends exclusively to the Protestant boys, and they go to the parish church at Stannington on Sundays. The Roman Catholic boys attend the Catholic chapel at Morpeth on Sundays, and the Rev. Mr. Lowe, their priest, visits them regularly at the reformatory. No application has ever been made by the minister or by the parents of any other denomination to have separate religious services. * Rule 9.—No portion of the ordinary funds of the institution shall be applied towards the maintenance of any minister of any religious denomination, but the salary of the clergyman attached to the institution shall be provided out of a special fund raised for that purpose.							
Suffolk Reformatory -	Twenty boys were admitted during the year 1866. All Protestant. No Catholic boys in the school.							
Ipswich Girls' Industrial Home Reformatory.	Not one has been committed or received, but have been Protestant children of Protestant parents.							
Philanthropic Society's Farm School, Red Hill, Surrey.	- - - - -	- - None - -	–	- - - -	Philanthropic Society's Farm School.	Church of England.		
Boys' Home Reformatory, Wandsworth, Surrey.	- - - - -	- - - - -	–	- - - -	Boys' Home Reformatory, Wandsworth, Surrey.	Protestant - -	- - -	- - No Catholic boys were admitted in the year 1866.
Surrey Reformatory School for Girls, 6, Upper Belmont-place, Wandsworth-road.	- - - - -	- - None.						
Sattley Reformatory, near Birmingham.	- - - - -	- - - -	–	- - - -	Sattley Reformatory	Church of England	- - -	- - No child whose religious persuasion was certified to be other than that of the Church of England has been admitted during the year 1866.
Allesley Farm Reformatory School, at Tile Hill, near Coventry.	- - - - -	- - None - -	–	- - - -	Allesley Farm Reformatory School (for girls).	Church of England.		
Birmingham Girls' Reformatory.	- - - - -	- - None - -	–	- - - -	Birmingham Girls' Reformatory, The Coppice, Cape Hill.	Church of England	- - -	- - No notice by committing authorities that any child sent to the school during the year 1866 belonged to any other religious persuasion than that with which the school is conducted, viz., Established Church of England.

Warwickshire Reformatory Institution, Weston, Leamington.	Aston Petty Sessions	W. H. Bladon	15	Dissenter	Warwickshire Reformatory Institution, Weston, Leamington.	Church of England	None given	- - The Committee of this Reformatory do not now admit Roman Catholics; and no Dissenters have ever objected to have their boys sent here.
	Birmingham Quarter Sessions.	Louis Hands	13	Wesleyan	ditto	ditto	ditto.	
	Birmingham Police Court	David Stevens	12	Primitive Methodist.	ditto	ditto	ditto.	
Wilts Reformatory School	Robert Stokes, Mayor of Salisbury.	Albert Stainer	12	Attended the Wesleyan School.	Wilts Reformatory School.	Church of England		- - The boy reports that he always attended the Church as his place of worship, although he went to the Wesleyan school.
Limpley Stoke Reformatory School for Girls, near Bath.	All the children sentenced to this school in the year 1866 are Protestants.							
Stoke Farm Reformatory School, near Worcester.	- - - - -	- - None.						
Woodbury Hill Reformatory for the County and City of Worcester.	No child was committed to the Woodbury Hill Reformatory School in 1866 whose religious persuasion was different from that with which the above school is conducted.							
Calder Farm Reformatory, near Mirfield, Yorkshire.	- - - - -	- - - - -	-	- - - -	Calder Farm Reformatory School, Mirfield, Yorkshire.	Established Church of England.		
Castle Howard Reformatory, Welburn.	The Castle Howard Reformatory is conducted as a Protestant Reformatory, under a chaplain superintendent, who is a clergyman of the Church of England. No child has been admitted during 1866 who has not been declared a Protestant.							
Leeds Reformatory School, Adel.	- - - - -	- - - - -	-	- - - -	- - - -	Church of England	- - -	- - No boy committed to this Reformatory School in the year 1866 was named in the order of detention as belonging to a different religious persuasion to that in accordance with which the Reformatory is conducted, viz., Protestant.
Reformatory School, Market Weighton, Yorkshire (East Riding).	All the boys in this Reformatory School are Roman Catholics.							
Yorkshire Catholic Girls' Reformatory School, near Sheffield.	- - - - -	- - None.						
Girls' Reformatory, Doncaster, Yorkshire (West Riding).	All children committed to this school are of the Protestant persuasion.							

RETURN of all Children Committed in the Year 1866, to any Reformatory or Industrial School, &c.—*continued.*

REFORMATORIES.	Committing Authority.	Name of Child in full.	Age of Child.	Religious Persuasion of Child as ascertained by Committing Authority, and Certified in Order of Detention.	Name of School.	Religious Persuasion in accordance with which School is conducted.	Special Reasons which rendered it impossible to send Child to a School conducted in accordance with its ascertained Religious Persuasion.	REMARKS.
"Cornwall" Thames Reformatory School Ship, off Purfleet.	Quarter Sessions, Surrey	John Sampson	14	Protestant	"Cornwall" School Ship.	Protestant.		
	Mr. Yardley, Police Court, Marlborough-street.	Charles Collins	15	ditto				
	Mr. Trail, Police Court, Greenwich.	John Cunningham	13	ditto				
	Mr. Tyrwhitt, Police Court, Marlborough-street.	William Morris	14	ditto				
	Quarter Sessions, Devon	John Hoare	15	ditto				
	Mr. Woolrych, Police Court, Southwark.	Charles Brown	13	ditto				
	Petty Sessions, Bedford	Frederic Eccles	12	ditto				
	Mr. Vaughan, Police Court, Bow-street.	Edward Rook	14	ditto				
	Petty Sessions, Durslow, Herts.	James Gregory	15	ditto				
	Ditto	John Lincoln	14	ditto				
	Mr. Norton, Police Court, Lambeth.	James Hay	12	ditto				
	Ditto	William Walsh	14	ditto				
	Mr. Woolrych, Police Court, Southwark.	James Fuller	12	ditto				
	Mr. Elliott, Police Court, Lambeth.	John Marshall	12	ditto				
	Ditto	Charles Kerr	13	ditto				
	Mr. Burcham, Police Court, Southwark.	William Francis	12	ditto				
	Mr. Elliott, Police Court, Lambeth.	William Baskitt	13	ditto				
	Assistant Judge, Middlesex Sessions.	Jeremiah Gilson	15	ditto				
	Mr. Knox, Police Court, Marlborough-street.	William Allen	15	ditto				
	Mr. Ellison, Police Court, Worship-street.	Thomas Moore	15	ditto				
	Petty Sessions, New Malton, Yorkshire.	George Crowe	14	ditto				
	Mr. Woolrych, Police Court, Southwark.	Thomas Barlow	13	ditto				
	Mr. Partridge, Police Court, Southwark.	John Denford	13	ditto				

Mr. Ellison, Police Court, Worship-street.	Charles Howard -		- ditto - -	"Cornwall" School Ship.	Protestant.	
Mr. Woolrych, Police Court, Southwark.	Charles Briden - -	14	- ditto - -			
Mr. Elliott, Police Court, Lambeth.	George Smith - -	15	- ditto - -			
Ditto - - - - -	Dennis Mahoney -	14	- ditto - -			
Assistant Judge, Middlesex Sessions.	John M'Goslin - -	15	- ditto - -			
Ditto - - - -	Thomas Oliver - -	15	- ditto - -			
Mr. Maude, Police Court, Southwark.	James Priestley - -	12	- ditto - -			
Mr. Elliott, Police Court, Lambeth.	George Norman - -	13	- ditto - -			
Mr. Knox, Police Court, Marlborough-street.	Peter Brush - -	15	- ditto - -			
Mr. Elliott, Police Court, Lambeth.	Alfred Breedon - -	13	- ditto - -			
Mr. Woolrych, Police Court, Southwark.	George Westwood -	15	- ditto - -			
Ditto - - - -	John Wall - -	13	- ditto - -			
Assistant Judge, Middlesex Sessions.	James Kitchener -	15	- ditto - -			
Quarter Sessions, Surrey -	John Snooks - -	15	- ditto - -			
Mr. Elliott, Police Court, Lambeth.	Thomas Kilbey - -	15	- ditto - -			
Mr. Yardley, Police Court, Marylebone.	Charles Henry - -	14	- ditto - -			
Mr. Selfe, Police Court, Westminster.	William Bishop - -	15	- ditto - -			
Mr. Norton, Police Court, Lambeth.	James Pearce - -	14	- ditto - -			
Mr. Woolrych, Police Court, Southwark.	Edward Munday -	12	- ditto - -			
Mr. Elliott, Police Court, Lambeth.	David Graham - -	14	- ditto - -			
Mr. D'Eyncourt, Police Court, Clerkenwell.	Alexander Maynard -	14	- ditto - -			
Mr. Elliott, Police Court, Lambeth.	Thomas Podd - -	15	- ditto - -			
Mr. Maude, Police Court, Southwark.	James Price - -	15	- ditto - -			
Mr. Elliott, Police Court, Lambeth.	William Newton -	12	- ditto - -			
Mr. Woolrych, Police Court, Southwark.	Henry Rowland - -	15	- ditto - -			
Quarter Sessions, Louth -	George Bedford - -	13	- ditto - -			
Assistant Judge, Middlesex Sessions.	John Murphy - -	15	- ditto - -			
Mr. Tyrwhitt, Police Court, Marlborough-street.	William Mitchell -	15	- ditto - -			

RETURN of all Children Committed in the Year 1866 to any Reformatory or Industrial School, &c.—*continued*.

REFORMATORIES.	Committing Authority.	Name of Child in full.	Age of Child.	Religious Persuasion of Child, as ascertained by Committing Authority, and Certified in Order of Detention.	Name of School.	Religious Persuasion in accordance with which School is conducted.	Special Reasons which rendered it impossible to send Child to a School conducted in accordance with its ascertained Religious Persuasion.	REMARKS.
"Cornwall," Thames Reformatory School Ship, off Purfleet.	Mr. Elliott, Police Court, Lambeth.	James Bolton	12	Protestant				
	Mr. Woolrych, Police Court, Southwark.	Matthew Lush	14	ditto				
	Assistant Judge, Middlesex Sessions.	George Goodwin	15	ditto				
	Sir R. Carden, Mansion House.	George Ward	15	ditto				
	Mr. Ellison, Police Court, Worship-street.	Thomas Fry	14	ditto				
	Mr. Woolrych, Police Court, Southwark.	Alfred Simmons	12	ditto				
	Mr. Ellison, Police Court, Worship-street.	William Perkins	14	ditto				
	Petty Sessions, Croydon	Martin Ganning	15	ditto				
	Assistant Judge, Middlesex Sessions.	Henry Holland	15	ditto				
	Ditto	Robert Waggett	15	ditto	"Cornwall," School Ship.	Protestant.		
	Recorder of London	Henry Saunders	14	ditto				
	Mr. Norton, Police Court, Lambeth.	John Williams	12	ditto				
	Mr. Knox, Police Court, Marlborough-street.	Thomas Graham	14	ditto				
	Assistant Judge, Middlesex Sessions.	Henry Whitcombe	15	ditto				
	Assizes, Lewes	Charles Faulkner	14	ditto				
	Ditto	Reuben Goddard	13	ditto				
	Mr. Norton, Police Court, Lambeth.	William Baker	15	ditto				
	Quarter Sessions, Surrey	John Stannage	13	ditto				
	Mr. Norton, Police Court, Lambeth.	Thomas Bailey	13	ditto				
	Mr. Mansfield, Police Court, Marylebone.	Henry Oliver	14	ditto				
	Ditto	Edwin Coxon	14	ditto				
	Ditto	William Crawford	14	ditto				

Mr. Norton, Police Court, Lambeth.	Peter Donovan - -	14	Protestant -				
Ditto - - - -	Alfred Heath - -	13	- ditto - -				
Assistant Judge, Middlesex Sessions.	William Harvey -	14	- ditto - -				
Quarter Sessions, Surrey -	Henry Champion -	14	- ditto - -				
Ditto - - - -	Charles Robinson -	14	- ditto - -				
Assistant Judge, Middlesex Sessions.	John Williams - -	15	- ditto - -				
Quarter Sessions, Surrey -	John Maxey - -	14	- ditto - -				
Mr. Barker, Police Court, Clerkenwell.	Edward Williams -	14	- ditto - -				
Assistant Judge, Middlesex Sessions.	Robert Lake - -	14	- ditto - -				
Ditto - - - -	John Spring - -	15	- ditto - -				
Ditto - - - -	John Hack - -	15	- ditto - -				
Mr. Woolrych, Police Court, Southwark.	Byron Moody - -	12	- ditto - -				
Quarter Sessions, Surrey -	George Buckley - -	15	- ditto - -	"Cornwall," School Ship.	Protestant.		
Mr. Elliott, Police Court, Lambeth.	Henry Puplitt - -	13	- ditto - -				
Ditto - - - -	James Rattie - -	15	- ditto - -				
Assistant Judge, Middlesex Sessions.	William Smith - -	15	- ditto - -				
Mr. Elliott, Police Court, Lambeth.	William Skinner -	14	- ditto - -				
Petty Sessions, Kingston -	Charles Lamport -	13	- ditto - -				
Recorder of London - -	Alfred Audly - -	15	- ditto - -				
Ditto - - - -	Robert Scott - -	15	- ditto - -				
Mr. Knox, Police Court, Marlborough-street.	Henry Sangster - -	15	- ditto - -				
Mr. Tyrwhitt, Police Court, Marlborough-street.	Joseph Thompson -	15	- ditto - -				
Ditto - - - -	Thomas Moore - -	13	- ditto - -				
Mr. Knox, Police Court, Marlborough-street.	John Evans - -	15	- ditto - -				
Mr. Cooke, Police Court, Clerkenwell.	Edward Harris - -	15	- ditto - -				
Petty Sessions, Epsom -	Henry Stringer - -	12	- ditto - -				
"Clarence" Catholic Reformatory Ship, Liverpool.	- - - - - -	- - None - -	-	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - All children on board the "Clarence" are Catholics.

RETURN of all Children Committed in the Year 1866 to any Reformatory or Industrial School, &c.—*continued.*

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.	Committing Authority.	Name of Child in full.	Age of Child.	Religious Persuasion of Child, as ascertained by Committing Authority, and Certified in Order of Detention.	Name of School.	Religious Persuasion in accordance with which School is conducted.	Special Reasons which rendered it impossible to send Child to a School conducted in accordance with its ascertained Religious Persuasion.	REMARKS.
School of Discipline, Queen's-road West, Chelsea.	Five youthful offenders (girls) were committed to this school during the year 1866, all of whom appeared to the Committing Authorities to belong to the religious persuasion under which the school is conducted.							
Industrial Home for Girls, 125, Sloane-street.	The Sloane-street Home being conducted on Protestant principles, no child has ever been sent there by any Magistrate without the religious persuasion of that child, as a Protestant, being duly certified in the Order of Detention.							
Industrial School, 3, Franklin's-row, Chelsea.	- - - - - - - -	- - None.						
Boys' Home in Regent's Park-road.	Magistrate, Marlborough-street Police Court.	Francis White - -	9	Church of England.	The Boys' Home Industrial School, Regent's Park-road.	Church of England.		
	Magistrate, Worship-street Police Court.	William Frost - -	10	- ditto - -				
	Ditto - - - - -	William Hawkins -	11	- ditto - -				
	Ditto - - - - -	George King - -	14	- ditto - -				
	Magistrate, Lambeth Police Court.	James Slade - -	11	- ditto - -				
	Ditto - - - - -	George Evans - -	10	- ditto - -				
	Ditto - - - - -	John Pacey - -	10	- ditto - -				
	Magistrate, Bow-street Police Court.	Frederic Lancaster -	12	- ditto - -				
	Ditto - - - - -	Edward Charles Palmer	12	- ditto - -				
	Ditto - - - - -	Benjamin Hogan -	11	- ditto - -				
	Magistrate, Marlborough-street Police Court.	John Shepherd - -	7	- ditto - -				
	Ditto - - - - -	Charles Dixon - -	7	- ditto - -				
	Magistrate, Westminster Police Court.	Frederic Hale - -	13	- ditto - -				
	Magistrate, Marylebone Police Court.	Harry Williams - -	10	- ditto - -				
East London Refuge and Certified Industrial School, 4, Mansell-street, Whitechapel.	C. O. Dayman, Esq., Wandsworth.	John M'Herness -	13	Protestant -				
	G. Elliott, Esq., Lambeth -	William Cozens - -	10	- ditto - -				
	C. E. Ellison, Esq., Worship-street.	Charles Dewar - -	11	- ditto - -				
	J. T. Ingham, Esq., Wandsworth.	Thomas Goodman -	10	- ditto - -				
	H. S. Selfe, Esq., Westminster.	Charles M'Lean - -	12	- ditto - -				
	Hon. C. J. Norton, Lambeth	Robert Southall - -	10	- ditto - -				
	C. O. Dayman, Esq., Hammersmith.	Eli Dewson - -	12	- ditto - -				
	Hon. C. J. Norton, Lambeth	John Faulkner - -	12	- ditto - -				
	J. T. Ingham, Esq., Wandsworth.	Arthur Glover - -	12	- ditto - -				
	J. S. Mansfield, Esq., Marylebone.	John Bates - -	10	- ditto - -				

	Ditto	Henry Adney	13	ditto	East London Refuge	Protestant		All the children in this school are Protestants, and attend the Church of England (Whitechapel Church) twice every Sunday; the Bible is read, and prayers twice every day; and on Sunday afternoons a school is held.
	C. E. Ellison, Esq., Worship-street.	Frederick Geo. Bodley	8	ditto				
	T. B. Burcham, Esq., Southwark.	Alfred Davis	12	ditto				
	J. T. Ingham, Esq., Wandsworth.	George Harvey	13	ditto				
	G. Elliott, Esq., Lambeth	Alfred Murray	12	ditto				
	Ditto	Richard Swadling	12	ditto				
	Ditto	Lennard Brown	12	ditto				
	J. T. Ingham, Esq., Wandsworth.	Thomas Perry	13	ditto				
	Ditto	Albert Long	12	ditto				
	C. E. Ellison, Esq., Worship-street.	Charles Warwick	8	ditto				
	Ditto	William Goss	10	ditto				
	W. Maxwell, Esq., Richmond	James Howard	10	ditto				
	C. E. Ellison, Esq., Worship-street.	James Crompton	9	ditto				
	The Lord Mayor, Mansion House.	James Maflin	14	ditto				
	G. Cooper and J. Hogarth, Esqrs., Brentford.	James Holland	11	ditto				
Cripples' Home and Refuge	J. S. Brandreth, Petworth	Eliza Budd	12	Protestant	Cripples' Home and Refuge.	Protestant.		
	H. H. Knox, Esq.	Margaret Webb	13	ditto				
	Ditto	Mary Ann Eveland	13	ditto				
	Sir Thomas Henry	Maria Clark	13	ditto				
	James Vaughan, Esq.	Mary Ann Baker	13	ditto				
	Mr. Glossop	Caroline Wells	12	ditto				
Lisson-street Training Refuge and Certified Industrial School.			–		Training Refuge and Certified Industrial School, 1, Lisson-street, Marylebone.	Church of England		Ten children were committed to this school during the year 1866, the warrants specifying they were all Protestants.
Chester Certified Ragged Industrial School.	The school is open to receive Protestant children. All children sent have been sent as "Protestants."							
Albert Industrial Schools, Birkenhead.	Septimus Ledward and John Bolton Case, Esqrs.	Francis Arthur O'Neill	9	Roman Catholic	Albert Memorial	*See* Note (*a*).		
	C. J. Preston, Esq. (Stipendiary).	Catherine Nowland	12	ditto				
Macclesfield Industrial Schools.		None.						
Stockport Certified Industrial School.	James Longson and W. R. Barr, Esqrs.	John Magowan	11	Roman Catholic	Stockport Certified Ragged and Industrial School.	Protestant	No Roman Catholic school (ragged or industrial) in the town or neighbourhood.	Formerly sent to the school by his parents; since committed to a Roman Catholic reformatory.
Devon and Exeter Boys' Industrial School.	Magistrates of Bridport, Dorset.	Elijah Brinson	14	Independent	Devon and Exeter Boys' Industrial School.	Church of England.		
	Ditto	Dan Collins	8	ditto				
	Magistrates of Plymouth	William Henry Nicholas Clark.	–	Baptist				

(*a*) *Note.*—Clause 3 of the trust deed provides that "the said schools shall be for the benefit of all religious denominations alike, and no child shall be disqualified for admission by reason of his or her religion, or the religion of his or her parents or relations. The children shall be instructed for such ordinary branches of secular learning as the trustees shall think fit. No child shall be compelled to take part in any religious service, to learn any Catechism, or to receive any religious instruction which shall be objected to by the clergyman, priest, or minister of his or her religious denomination; but proper provision shall be made for enabling the children of the several denominations to receive separate religious instruction in their respective faiths, and for this purpose the trustees shall, if required in writing by the clergyman, priest, or minister of the denomination to which any child shall belong, cause one hour in each day, or, at their discretion, such time or times, in each week, as shall in the aggregate be equal to one hour in each day, to be set apart for the purpose of such special religious instruction; they shall also allow any child, in case of sickness, to be visited by the clergyman, priest or minister of his or her denomination."

The above-named children were removed to a Roman Catholic school; the boy on the application of his father, and the girl on the application of her mother.

RETURN of all Children Committed in the Year 1866 to any Reformatory or Industrial School, &c.—*continued.*

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.	Committing Authority.	Name of Child in full.	Age of Child.	Religious Persuasion of Child, as ascertained by Committing Authority, and Certified in Order of Detention.	Name of School.	Religious Persuasion in accordance with which School is conducted.	Special Reasons which rendered it impossible to send Child to a School conducted in accordance with its ascertained Religious Persuasion.	REMARKS.
Sunderland Industrial (Certified) School.	S. Alcock and G. Hudson, Esqrs.	Edward M'Dermot	12	Romanist	Sunderland Industrial (Certified) School.	Protestant	There being no industrial (certified) school, conducted in accordance with the Romish persuasion, in the county of Durham.	
	E. Gourley and J. Lindsay, Esqrs.	Frank Flynn	10	ditto				
	Ditto	Patrick Flynn	11	ditto				
	E. Gourley, Esq.	Harry Stewart	10	ditto				
	N. Horn and Geo. Hudson, Esqrs.	Thomas Muldowney	10	ditto				
	Ditto	Peter Muldowney	9	ditto				
	Ditto	James Johnstone	12	ditto				
	Ditto	Henry Connor	10	ditto				
	E. Gourley and S. Alcock, Esqrs.	William Kavanagh	10	ditto				
	Ditto	John Bamborough	13	ditto				
	W. Dixon, Esq.	William Gagan	10	ditto				
	S. Alcock, Esq.	Dan. Holland	11	ditto				
	J. Lindsay, Esq.	Thomas M'Carthy	11	ditto				
	Geo. Hudson, Esq.	William Charlton	10	ditto				
	R. Elwin, Esq.	Thomas Jones	13	ditto				
	J. J. Kayall, Esq.	John Conroy	12	-				
St. Nicholas's Industrial School, Walthamstow.	The managers of St. Nicholas's school have never received any but Catholic boys into their Catholic school. All the commitments of the Magistrates were, in respect to Catholic boys, sent to a Catholic school.							
Church Farm Industrial School, East Barnet, Herts.	-	None	-	-	Church Farm.			
Park Row Certified Industrial School, Bristol.	The managing committee are almost all Dissenters (all Protestants). The boys attend "the nearest suitable place of worship," which in this case happens to be the parish church (St. Michael's). Of the boys committed in 1866, 10 were stated on the warrant to belong to the Church of England; 2 were said to be Wesleyans; 5 had no particulars stated as to their religious persuasion.							
Bristol Certified Industrial School.	No children were received into the Bristol Certified Industrial School for Girls during 1866.							
Blifton Certified Industrial School, Bristol.	None but Protestant children were committed to this school in the year 1866.							
Bolton Certified Industrial School.	Borough Magistrates	Thomas Reynolds	12	Roman Catholic	Bolton Certified Industrial.	Not any particular creed, but Protestant	No such school within 20 miles, and preference of parents that the child should be nearer home.	
		Patrick Regan	13¼	ditto				
		William Hayes	12	ditto				
		Thomas Hogan	13	ditto				
		Francis Dognall	12	ditto				
Liverpool Industrial Ragged Schools (Certified), Everton-terrace.	During the year 1866, 39 boys and 16 girls, in all 55 children, all Protestants, and so stated in the Magistrates' warrant, have been admitted into these schools. No children of any other denomination have been admitted.							
St. Elizabeth's Institution, Liverpool.	None have been committed to St. Elizabeth's Industrial School excepting such children as were ascertained to be Catholics before they were sent. St. Elizabeth's is known to be a Catholic school.							
St. George's Boys' Industrial School, Liverpool.	-	None	-	-	St. George's Boys' Industrial School, West Derby-road.	Roman Catholic	-	All the boys committed to this institution during the year 1866 professed the Roman Catholic religion.

St. George's Girls' Industrial School, Liverpool.	All the committed children in this institution, which is Roman Catholic, have been committed in accordance with the religion which it was ascertained they professed.						
Manchester Certified Industrial Schools, Ardwick Green.	Received from 1st January to 31st December 1866, 38 boys and 10 girls, all of whom were Protestants.						
Kirkdale Industrial School (St. Mary's).	- - - - -	- - - -	-	- - -	St. Mary's, Kirkdale, Industrial School.	Church of England, but the Catechism not taught if objected to.	- - - - Our seven children are all Protestants (Church of England.) Rule 2.—No child compelled to learn the Church Catechism, or attend the Church, whose parent, parents, guardians, or friends object.
St. Margaret's Home Industrial School, East End House, Finchley (Catholic).	- - - - -	- - - -	-	-	St. Margaret's Home	Catholic - - -	- - - - All the children received into this Industrial School during the year 1866 were exclusively of the Catholic persuasion.
Newcastle-upon-Tyne Industrial School.	R. Dodds and H. Parker, Esqrs.	James Docherty - -	11	Church of Rome	Newcastle-upon-Tyne Certified Industrial School.	Church of England.	
	Ditto - - - -	Patrick Brett - -	11	- ditto - -			
	Ditto - - - -	Martin Brett - -	7	- ditto - -			
	C. F. Hamond and Thos. Wilson, Esqrs.	Edward Bradley -	10	- ditto - -			
	R. Plummer and C. F. Hamond, Esqrs.	Math. Mellon - -	10	- ditto - -			
	A. Nichol and J. Pollard, Esqrs.	Mary Carling - -	10	- ditto - -			
	W. Hunter and J. Liddell, Esqrs.	Edward Quinn - -	11	- ditto - -			
Somerset Industrial Home for Boys, Bath.	- - - - -	- - None - -	-	- - -	Somerset Industrial Home for Boys, Bath.		
Penn-street School, Birmingham.	- - - - -	- - - -	-	- - -	Penn-street School, Birmingham.	Church of England -	- - - - No children to which this inquiry applies.
Birmingham Industrial School for Girls, Winson Green.	No child has been in the year 1866, or in any previous year, committed to this school, of a religious persuasion different from that on which the school is conducted.						
Coventry Industrial School and Home.	- - - - -	- - None - -	-	- - -	Coventry Industrial School and Home.	Church of England.	
Vale-street Ragged and Certified Industrial School.	- - - - -	- - None - -	-	- - -	Vale-street Ragged and Certified Industrial School.	- - - -	- - - - No child committed in 1866. Industrial School not open then.
Bradford Certified Industrial School.	Edward Coupland and John Thomas, Esqrs.	Stephen Gibson - -	11	Protestant -	Bradford Certified Industrial School.	Church of England.	
	Thomas Ball and F. B. Gill, Esqrs.	John Searcey - -	12	- ditto - -			
	John Brown and Joshua Beverley, Esqrs.	Charles Brown - -	11	- ditto - -			
	J. V. Godwin and Charles Semon, Esqrs.	John Moore - -	14	- ditto - -			

RETURN of all Children Committed in the Year 1866 to any Reformatory or Industrial School, &c.—*continued.*

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.	Committing Authority.	Name of Child in full.	Age of Child.	Religious Persuasion of Child, as ascertained by Committing Authority, and Certified in Order of Detention.	Name of School.	Religious Persuasion in accordance with which School is conducted.	Special Reasons which rendered it impossible to send Child to a School conducted in accordance with its ascertained Religious Persuasion.	REMARKS.
Bradford Certified Industrial School—*continued.*	Thos. Ball and William Page, Esqrs.	John Jackson	13	Protestant				
	Joseph Farrar and Richard Fawcett, Esqrs.	Samuel Bottomley	9	ditto				
	John Light and Henry Brown, Esqrs.	Thomas Yates	10	ditto				
	Richard Fawcett and John Gurney, Esqrs.	Walter Peel	11	ditto				
	William Rand and Robert Kell, Esqrs.	Robert Boyde	8	ditto				
	Richard Fawcett and Joseph Farrar, Esqrs.	Harry Wooller	12	ditto				
	William Caster and Joshua Beverley, Esqrs.	William Turpin	11	ditto				
	John Light and J. V. Godwin, Esqrs.	Joseph Buckley	12	ditto				
	Henry Brown and J. V. Godwin, Esqrs.	Margaret Gordon	10	ditto				
	J. V. Godwin and Henry Brown, Esqrs.	George Sykes	13	ditto	Bradford Certified Industrial School.	Church of England.		
	John Paradise and G. Chapman, Esqrs.	Albert Tebbutt	8	ditto				
	J. V. Godwin and John Light, Esqrs.	William Thomas	9	ditto				
	Joseph Farrar and G. G. Lettley, Esqrs.	George Logan	10	ditto				
	William Brayshaw and John Gurney, Esqrs.	Thomas Taylor	12	ditto				
	Charles Sampson and John Anelington, Esqrs.	George Adams	9	ditto				
	William Brayshaw and Charles Semon, Esqrs.	Thomas Johnson	14	ditto				
	R. H. Hubbert and Joshua Beverley, Esqrs.	Charlotte Howard	11	ditto				
	Joseph Farrar and Richard Fawcett, Esqrs.	Ann Watson	13	ditto				
	Joseph Farrar and Richard Fawcett, Esqrs.	Sarah Green	13	ditto				
	W. A. Patterson and Henry Enfield, Esqrs.	Charlotte Sills	13	ditto				
Hull Certified Ragged and Industrial Schools.	All the children committed to the Hull Ragged and Industrial Schools are of the Protestant religion.							

Leeds Ragged and Industrial School.	T. W. George and T. Tennant.	Mary Taylor	13	Protestant	Leeds Ragged and Industrial School.	Protestant	There is no Roman Catholic School in Leeds, or neighbourhood, for the reception of their children.	
	Ditto	John W. Taylor	11	ditto				
	Leeds Magistrates	George Eccles	14	ditto				
	Ditto	Brooke Oldfield	10	ditto				
	Ditto	Arthur Wilson	11	ditto				
	Ditto	Edward Heeby	8	ditto				
	Ditto	Frederick Rayner	9	ditto				
	Ditto	Frederick Widdup	13	ditto				
	Ditto	William Abbott	10	ditto				
	Ditto	James Massay	11	Catholic				
	Ditto	James Eastburn	7	Protestant				
	Ditto	Elizabeth Eastburn	9	ditto				
	Ditto	Charles Farrell	9	ditto				
	Ditto	William Burtenshaw	8	ditto				
	Ditto	Anne Stead	12	ditto				
	Ditto	William Robinson	12	ditto				
	Ditto	Christopher Cheevers	11	Catholic				
	Ditto	George Henry Shakrah	9	Protestant				
	Ditto	Walter Gardener	9	ditto				
	Ditto	Joseph Rhodes	13	ditto				
	Ditto	John Maguire	14	Catholic				
	Ditto	James Manakin	12	Protestant				
	Ditto	Sarah Ann Pickard	12	ditto				
	Ditto	John Otter	7	ditto				
	Ditto	Thomas Eras	13	Catholic				
	Ditto	Frederick Cheevers	10	ditto				
	Ditto	Squire Hague	11	ditto				
	Ditto	Martin Hunt	10	ditto				
	Ditto	Robert Everitt	13	Protestant				
	Ditto	Robert Mellon	10	ditto				
	Ditto	William Lyden	10	Catholic				
	Ditto	Matilda Jane Steward	12	Protestant				
	Ditto	Edward Sutcliff	12	ditto				
	Ditto	Michael Gleeson	11	Catholic				
	Ditto	Joseph Clark	12	Protestant				
	Ditto	George Beckett	10	ditto				
York Ragged and Industrial School.	Geo. Watson, Mayor, and W. F. Bobbin, Esq., Middlesborough.	James Lake	10	Roman Catholic	Certified Industrial School, York.	English Church	None	The Roman Catholic children are instructed by a Roman Catholic priest twice in the week, and attend the Roman Catholic Church twice on Sabbath.
	James Meek, Mayor, and Geo. Wilson, Esq., York.	Mary Mack	9	ditto				
	Ditto	Thomas Mack	5	ditto				
"Havannah" (Ship) Certified Industrial School, Cardiff.	No children whose religious persuasion differs from that in accordance with which this school is conducted, were committed during the year 1866.							

REFORMATORY AND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.

RETURN of all CHILDREN Committed in the Year 1866 to any REFORMATORY or INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL not "conducted in accordance with the Religious Persuasion to which the Youthful Offender appeared to the Committing Authority to belong," &c.

(*Mr. O'Reilly.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
9 *April* 1867.

217.

Under 2 oz.

SUPPLEMENTARY RETURN.

RETURN to an Address of the Honburable The House of Commons, dated 7 March 1867;—*for*,

"RETURN, in the annexed Form, of all CHILDREN Committed in the Year 1866 to any REFORMATORY or INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL not 'conducted in accordance with the Religious Persuasion to which the Youthful Offender appeared to the Committing Authority to belong:'—

Committing Authority.	Name of Child in full.	Age of Child.	Religious Persuasion of Child, as ascertained by Committing Authority, and certified in Order of Detention.	Name of School.	Religious Persuasion in accordance with which School is conducted.	Special Reasons which rendered it impossible to send Child to a School conducted in accordance with its ascertained Religious Persuasion.

(So far as relates to the NORTH EASTERN REFORMATORY SCHOOL, *Netherton*, near *Morpeth*.)

(*Mr. O'Reilly.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
9 *April* 1867.

NORTH EASTERN REFORMATORY SCHOOL, NETHERTON, NEAR MORPETH.

RETURN relative to CHILDREN Committed in the Year 1866 to the above REFORMATORY SCHOOL.

COMMITTING AUTHORITY.	Name of Child in Full.	Age of Child.	Religious Persuasion of Child, as ascertained by Committing Authority, and Certified in Order of Detention.	Religious Persuasion, as ascertained by Managers after Admission to the School.	Name of School.	Religious Persuasion in accordance with which School is conducted.	Special Reasons which rendered it impossible to send Child to a School conducted in accordance with its ascertained Religious Persuasion.
		Years.					
Stockton-on-Tees Borough Magistrates.	John Thomas Oliver	14	Not stated	Wesleyan Methodist	North Eastern Reformatory School	The Church of England children and Dissenters attend the parish church, and are under the care of a Chaplain of the Church of England, and taught the Church Catechism; Roman Catholics attend Roman Catholic chapel, are visited by a Roman Catholic clergyman, and taught, when required by him, their own Catechism, and go occasionally to confession, but are not permitted to be instructed by any other clergyman.	No reasons stated in Order of Detention.
South Shields Borough Magistrates	Robert Hindmarch	13	ditto	Primitive Methodist			
Alnwick Petty Sessional Court	Robert Smith	15	ditto	Church of England			
Castle Eden - - ditto	Thomas Spence	13	ditto	ditto			
Darlington - - ditto	Alfred Gibson	14	ditto	ditto			
Newcastle-on-Tyne Borough Magistrates.	Alexander Adamson	13	ditto	ditto			
Newcastle-on-Tyne Borough Magistrates.	John Black	13	ditto	ditto			
Lanchester Petty Sessional Court	Robert Pattison	10	ditto	Presbyterian			
Ditto - - ditto	William Crawford	10	ditto	Church of England			
Ditto - - ditto	William Williamson	9	ditto	ditto			
Hartlepool (West) ditto	James Outhwaite	9	ditto	ditto			
Ditto - - ditto	George Burns	9	ditto	ditto			
Sunderland Borough Magistrates	Robert Graham	10	ditto	ditto			
Ditto - - ditto	George Bland	13	ditto	Methodist			
South Shields - ditto	James Bone	12	ditto	Wesleyan Methodist			
Ditto - - ditto	John Walker	11	ditto	Church of England			
Newcastle-on-Tyne ditto	Hugh M'Cartney	14	ditto	Church of Rome			
South Shields - ditto	Thomas O'Brien	10	ditto	Wesleyan Methodist			
Sunderland - - ditto	Matthew Farrell	12	ditto	Church of Rome			
Hartlepool (West) Petty Sessional Court.	William Davis	9	ditto	Church of England			

Chester-le-Street -	ditto - -	Thomas Graffing -	13	- ditto - -	Church of Rome - -	North Eastern Reformatory School	The Church of England children and Dissenters attend the parish church, and are under the care of a chaplain of the Church of England, and taught the Church Catechism; Roman Catholics attend Roman Catholic chapel, are visited by a Roman Catholic clergyman, and taught, when required by him, their own Catechism, and go occasionally to confession, but are not permitted to be instructed by any other clergyman.	No reasons stated in Order of Detention.
Ditto -	ditto - -	John Owen - -	12	- ditto - -	- - ditto - -			
Sunderland Borough Magistrates -		James Johnson - -	14	- ditto - -	- - ditto - -			
South Shields -	ditto - -	Robert Skelton - -	13	- ditto - -	United Presbyterian -			
Sunderland -	ditto - -	Harry Stewart - -	11	- ditto - -	Church of England -			
Stockton-on-Tees	ditto - -	Robert Watson - -	11	- ditto - -	Wesleyan Methodist -			
Newcastle-on-Tyne	ditto - -	Martin Cosgrove - -	14	- ditto - -	Church of Rome -			
Tynemouth -	ditto - -	Francis Laszeky - -	13	- ditto - -	Church of England -			
Newcastle-on-Tyne	ditto - -	David Riley - -	14	- ditto - -	Church of Rome -			
Ditto -	ditto - -	Edward Fearney -	15	- ditto - -	Church of England -			
Ditto -	ditto - -	John Delap - -	15	- ditto - -	Independent - -			
Ditto -	ditto - -	William Harrison -	14	- ditto - -	Baptist - - -			
Ditto -	ditto - -	Ralph Benson - -	15	Church of England	- - - - -			
Lanchester Petty Sessional Court -		Henry Grieves - -	14	Not stated - -	Church of England -			
Newcastle-on-Tyne Borough Magistrates.		Thomas Tweedy - -	13	- ditto - -	- - ditto - -			
Sunderland Borough Magistrates -		Lindsay Moor - -	12	- ditto - -	- - ditto - -			
Newcastle-on-Tyne	ditto - -	Henry Downey - -	15	Church of England	- - - - -			
Ditto -	ditto - -	John Grieveson - -	15	Church of Rome * -	- - - - -			
Ditto -	ditto - -	Thomas Docherty -	12	Church of England	- - - - -			
Ditto -	ditto - -	James Gladstone -	15	- ditto - -	- - - - -			
Ditto -	ditto - -	John Marshall - -	14	- ditto - -	- - - - -			
Ditto -	ditto - -	Joshua Robson - -	15	- ditto - -	- - - - -			
Ditto -	ditto - -	William Smeetham -	15	- ditto - -	- - - - -			
Ditto -	ditto - -	William Stewart - -	15	- ditto - -	- - - - -			
South Shields -	ditto - -	John Henry Skelton -	11	Protestant - -	- - - - -			

* John Grieveson, stated in Order of Detention to belong to Church of Rome; father dead, was a Wesleyan Methodist; mother alive, attends Church of England; boy has attended four Protestant schools, was never at a Roman Catholic school; used to attend Church with mother, but has been once or twice with a companion in a Roman Catholic chapel.

Newcastle-upon-Tyne,
4 June 1867.

D. D. Main,
Secretary.

REFORMATORY AND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.

SUPPLEMENTARY RETURN.

RETURN of all CHILDREN Committed in the Year 1866 to any REFORMATORY or INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL not "conducted in accordance with the Religious Persuasion to which the Youthful Offender appeared to the Committing Authority to belong," &c.

(So far as relates to the NORTH EASTERN REFORMATORY SCHOOL, *Netherton.*)

(*Mr. O'Reilly.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
9 *April* 1867.

217—I.

Under 1 *oz.*

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 28 February 1867;—*for*,

"RETURNS for each of the Years 1862, 1863, 1864, 1865, and 1866, of the FEES Received by the REGISTRARS of *Middlesex*, the EXPENSES of the OFFICE, and the NET AMOUNT Paid to each of the THREE REGISTRARS:"

"Of the Names of the REGISTRARS, and the Number of Days in which each of them attended at the Registry, if their Duties have ever been performed in Person during those Years:"

"And, COPY of the INSTRUMENT Appointing the REGISTRARS, or One of them, and the Amount and Conditions of any Bond given by them."

RETURN made by the REGISTRARS of DEEDS, &c., in the County of *Middlesex*, as to Amount of FEES Received, OFFICE EXPENSES, and AMOUNT Received by each of the THREE REGISTRARS (and the QUEEN'S REMEMBRANCER, under 22 & 23 Vict. c. 21, s. 7), for the Years 1862, 1863, 1864, 1865, and 1866 respectively.

YEARS.	Gross Amount Received.	Office Expenses, Salaries, and Pensions, &c.	Net Amount Received by each of the Three Registrars.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
1862 - -	8,893 17 2	2,348 - 6	1,629 8 3
1863 - -	10,194 4 6	2,280 10 6	1,976 3 11
1864 - -	10,689 11 -	2,529 13 3	2,062 8 -
1865 - -	11,653 17 6	2,841 6 8	2,203 2 8½
1866 - -	12,564 4 -	3,089 15 3	2,368 12 2

Each of the Registrars and the Queen's Remembrancer, out of the sum stated in the last column to have been received by them respectively, have in the year 1865 paid 150*l.*, and in the year 1866, 200*l.*, towards meeting the expense of 2,000*l.* recently incurred in the acquisition, improvement, and fitting-up of their present offices, the whole expense not being yet paid off.

THE Names of the Registrars are:—

George Le Blanc, Esq.
The Right Honourable the Lord Truro; and
Frederick Villiers Meynell, Esq.

THE Registrars do not attend personally, the business of the office being conducted by their Deputy; but during the illness of the late Deputy in 1865, and until his successor was appointed, Mr. Le Blanc attended for about five weeks to carry on the business of the office.

A copy of Mr. Le Blanc's appointment accompanies this Return, all of such appointments being similar.

Each Registrar has entered into recognizances with Government in the sum of 2,000*l.*

T. R. Williamson,
Chief Clerk and Deputy Registrar.

Middlesex Registry Office,
9 April 1867.

APPOINTMENT of Mr. *George Le Blanc.*

To all to whom these presents shall come, the Right Honourable Thomas Lord Denman, Lord Chief Justice of the Court of Queen's Bench, and the Right Honourable Sir Nicolas Conyngham Tindal, Knight, Lord Chief Justice of the Court of Common Pleas at Westminster, severally send greeting. Whereas by an Act of Parliament passed in the first year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled, "An Act to abolish certain Offices in the Courts of Common Law, and to make Provision for a more effective and uniform establishment of Officers in those Courts," the office of Secondary or Master of the Court of Queen's Bench was abolished, but it was enacted that such officer might nevertheless continue to hold and enjoy the office of one of the Registers or Masters of the office for the enrolment of deeds, wills, and other conveyances in the county of Middlesex, and to execute all the powers and duties appertaining thereto, in the same manner, to all intents and purposes, as if the said Act of Parliament had not been passed; and that if the person who then held the office of one of such Registers or Masters as aforesaid, should resign the office of Register or Master, it should be lawful for the Lords Chief Justices of the Courts of Queen's Bench and Common Pleas for the time being, until otherwise directed by Parliament, to nominate and appoint some fit and proper person, being such Master as in the said Act mentioned, or a barrister, or an attorney in actual practice of not less than five years' standing, to fill the said office of Register or Master in the place or stead of the person so resigning such office. And whereas Thomas Le Blanc, Esquire, hath duly resigned the said office of one of the said Registers or Masters which he held as a Secondary or Master of the Court of King's Bench; now, therefore, be it known that pursuant to, and by force and virtue and in exercise and execution of the power and authority to him for this purpose given by the said Act of Parliament, the said Thomas Lord Denman doth nominate and appoint, and (for the purpose of removing all doubts as to the validity of such appointment, and so far as it may be necessary under the said Statute that he should concur in these presents), the said Sir Nicolas Conyngham Tindal doth nominate and appoint, ratify and confirm, George Le Blanc, of Lincoln's Inn, in the said county of Middlesex, barrister-at-law, to be one of the Registers or Masters for the enrolment of deeds and wills and other conveyances in the county of Middlesex, in the place and stead of the said Thomas Le Blanc; the said George Le Blanc being a fit and proper person to fill such office, and being also a barrister in actual practice of five years' standing. In witness whereof, the said Thomas Lord Denman and Sir Nicolas Conyngham Tindal have hereunto set their respective hands and seals, this twenty-seventh day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three.

Denman. (L. S.) *N. C. Tindal.* (L. S.)

REGISTRARS' FEES (MIDDLESEX).

RETURNS for each of the Years 1862, 1863, 1864, 1865, and 1866, of the FEES Received by the REGISTRARS of *Middlesex*, the EXPENSES of the OFFICE, and the NET AMOUNT paid to each of the THREE REGISTRARS; of the Names of the Registrars, and the Number of Days in which each of them attended at the Registry; &c.

(*Mr. Childers.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
10 *April* 1867.

Under 1 *oz.*